

Journal of the Senate

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 2024

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Devotional Exercises

A moment of silence was observed in lieu of devotions.

Message from the House No. 75

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered a bill originating in the Senate of the following title:

S. 159. An act relating to the County and Regional Governance Study Committee.

And has passed the same in concurrence.

The House has considered a bill originating in the Senate of the following title:

S. 253. An act relating to building energy codes.

And has passed the same in concurrence with proposal of amendment in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has concurred in the adoption of a proposed amendment to the Vermont Constitution entitled:

Prop 4. Declaration of rights; government for the people; equality of rights.

The House has considered Senate proposals of amendment to the following House bills:

H. 614. An act relating to land improvement fraud and timber trespass.

H. 644. An act relating to access to records by individuals who were in foster care.

H. 661. An act relating to child abuse and neglect investigation and substantiation standards and procedures.

H. 707. An act relating to revising the delivery and governance of the Vermont workforce system.

H. 745. An act relating to the Vermont Parentage Act.

H. 794. An act relating to services provided by the Vermont Veterans' Home.

H. 847. An act relating to peer support provider and recovery support specialist certification.

H. 871. An act relating to the development of an updated State aid to school construction program.

And has severally concurred therein.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill:

H. 687. An act relating to community resilience and biodiversity protection through land use.

And has concurred therein with further amendment in the passage of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to Senate bill of the following title:

S. 30. An act relating to creating a Sister State Program.

And has concurred therein.

**House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In with Proposal of
Amendment**

S. 192.

House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to forensic facility admissions criteria and processes.

Was taken up.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Purpose * * *

Sec. 1. PURPOSE

It is the purpose of this act to:

(1) enable the Commissioner of Mental Health to seek treatment for individuals at a secure residential recovery facility, regardless of a previous order of hospitalization, and at a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth; and

(2) update the civil commitment procedures for individuals with intellectual disabilities.

* * * Involuntary Commitment of Individuals with Mental Illness * * *

Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 4822 is amended to read:

§ 4822. FINDINGS AND ORDER; PERSONS WITH A MENTAL ILLNESS

(a) If the court finds that the person is a person in need of treatment or a patient in need of further treatment as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 7101, the court shall issue an order of commitment directed to the Commissioner of Mental Health that shall admit the person to the care and custody of the Department of Mental Health for an indeterminate a period of 90 days. In any case involving personal injury or threat of personal injury, the committing court may issue an order requiring a court hearing before a person committed under this section may be discharged from custody.

* * *

(c)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, at least 10 days prior to the proposed discharge of any person committed under this section, the Commissioner of Mental Health shall give notice of the discharge to the committing court and State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution originated. In all cases requiring a hearing prior to discharge of a person found incompetent to stand trial under section 4817 of this title, the hearing shall be conducted by the committing court issuing the order under that section. In all other cases, when the committing court orders a hearing under subsection (a) of this section or when, in the discretion of the Commissioner of Mental Health, a hearing should be held prior to the discharge, the hearing shall be held in the Family Division of the Superior Court to determine if the committed person is no longer a person in need of treatment or a patient in need of further treatment as set forth in subsection (a) of this section. Notice of the hearing shall be given to the Commissioner, the State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution originated, the committed person, and the person's attorney. Prior to the hearing, the State's Attorney may enter an appearance in the proceedings and may request examination of the patient by an independent psychiatrist, who may testify at the hearing.

(2)(A) This subdivision (2) shall apply when a person is committed to the care and custody of the Commissioner of Mental Health under this section after having been found:

(i) not guilty by reason of insanity; or

(ii) incompetent to stand trial, provided that the person's criminal case has not been dismissed.

(B)(i) When a person has been committed under this section, the Commissioner shall provide notice to the State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution originated or to the Office of the Attorney General if that office prosecuted the case:

(I) at least 10 days prior to discharging the person from:

(aa) the care and custody of the Commissioner; or

(bb) a hospital or a secure residential recovery facility to the community on an order of nonhospitalization pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 7618;

(II) at least 10 days prior to the expiration of a commitment order issued under this section if the Commissioner does not seek continued treatment; or

(III) any time that the person elopes from the custody of the Commissioner.

(ii) When the State's Attorney or Attorney General receives notice under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (B), the Office shall provide notice of the action to any victim of the offense for which the person has been charged who has not opted out of receiving notice. A victim receiving notice pursuant to this subdivision (ii) has the right to submit a victim impact statement to the Family Division of the Superior Court in writing or through the State's Attorney or Attorney General's office.

(iii) As used in this subdivision (B), "victim" has the same meaning as in section 5301 of this title.

* * *

Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 7101 is amended to read:

§ 7101. DEFINITIONS

As used in this part of this title, the following words, unless the context otherwise requires, shall have the following meanings:

* * *

(31) "Department" means the Department of Mental Health.

(32) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth" means a non-hospital inpatient facility that serves individuals between 12 and 21 years of age with complex mental health conditions under the direction of a physician.

(33) “Secure residential recovery facility” means a residential facility, licensed as a therapeutic community residence as defined in 33 V.S.A. § 7102(11), for an individual in need of treatment within a secure setting for an extended period of time. “Secure,” when describing a secure residential recovery facility, means that the residents can be physically prevented from leaving the facility by means of locking devices or other mechanical or physical mechanisms.

Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 7253 is amended to read:

§ 7253. CLINICAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

The Commissioner of Mental Health, in consultation with health care providers as defined in section 9432 of this title, including designated hospitals, designated agencies, individuals with mental conditions or psychiatric disabilities, and other stakeholders, shall design and implement a clinical resource management system that ensures the highest quality of care and facilitates long-term, sustained recovery for individuals in the custody of the Commissioner.

(1) For the purpose of coordinating the movement of individuals across the continuum of care to the most appropriate services, the clinical resource management system shall:

* * *

(J) Ensure that individuals under the custody of the Commissioner being served in a designated hospital, an intensive residential recovery facilities facility, a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, and the a secure residential recovery facility shall have access to a mental health patient representative. The patient representative shall advocate for persons receiving services and shall also foster communication between persons receiving services and health care providers. The Department of Mental Health shall contract with an independent, peer-run organization to staff the full-time equivalent of a representative of persons receiving services.

* * *

Sec. 5. 18 V.S.A. § 7255 is amended to read:

§ 7255. SYSTEM OF CARE

The Commissioner of Mental Health shall coordinate a geographically diverse system and continuum of mental health care throughout the State that shall include at least the following:

- (1) comprehensive and coordinated community services, including prevention, to serve children, families, and adults at all stages of mental condition or psychiatric disability;
- (2) peer services, which may include:
 - (A) a warm line;
 - (B) peer-provided transportation services;
 - (C) peer-supported crisis services; and
 - (D) peer-supported hospital diversion services;
- (3) alternative treatment options for individuals seeking to avoid or reduce reliance on medications;
- (4) recovery-oriented housing programs;
- (5) intensive residential recovery facilities;
- (6) appropriate and adequate psychiatric inpatient capacity for voluntary patients;
- (7) appropriate and adequate psychiatric inpatient capacity for involuntary inpatient treatment services, including persons receiving treatment through court order from a civil or criminal court; and
- (8) a secure residential recovery facility; and
- (9) a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth.

Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. § 7256 is amended to read:

§ 7256. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), the Department of Mental Health shall report annually on or before January 15 to the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare and the House Committee on Human Services Health Care regarding the extent to which individuals with a mental health condition or psychiatric disability receive care in the most integrated and least restrictive setting available. The Department shall consider measures from a variety of sources, including the Joint Commission, the National Quality Forum, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the National Institute of Mental Health, and the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. The report shall address:

- (1) use of services across the continuum of mental health services;
- (2) adequacy of the capacity at each level of care across the continuum of mental health services;

- (3) individual experience of care and satisfaction;
- (4) individual recovery in terms of clinical, social, and legal results;
- (5) performance of the State's mental health system of care as compared to nationally recognized standards of excellence;
- (6) ways in which patient autonomy and self-determination are maximized within the context of involuntary treatment and medication;
- (7) the number of petitions for involuntary medication filed by the State pursuant to section 7624 of this title and the outcome in each case;
- (8) barriers to discharge from mental health inpatient and secure residential levels of care, including recommendations on how to address those barriers;
- (9) performance measures that demonstrate results and other data on individuals for whom petitions for involuntary medication are filed; and
- (8)(10) progress on alternative treatment options across the system of care for individuals seeking to avoid or reduce reliance on medications, including supported withdrawal from medications.

Sec. 7. 18 V.S.A. § 7257 is amended to read:

§ 7257. REPORTABLE ADVERSE EVENTS

- (a) An acute inpatient hospital, an intensive residential recovery facility, a designated agency, a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, or a secure residential recovery facility shall report to the Department of Mental Health instances of death or serious bodily injury to individuals with a mental condition or psychiatric disability in the custody or temporary custody of the Commissioner.

* * *

Sec. 7a. 18 V.S.A. § 7259 is amended to read:

§ 7259. MENTAL HEALTH CARE OMBUDSMAN

* * *

- (d) The Department of Mental Health shall provide any reportable adverse events reported pursuant to section 7257 of this title and a copy of the certificate of need for all emergency involuntary procedures performed on a person in the custody or temporary custody of the Commissioner to the Office of the Mental Health Care Ombudsman on a monthly basis.

Sec. 8. 18 V.S.A. § 7260 is added to read:

§ 7260. PSYCHIATRIC RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR YOUTH

(a) A person or governmental entity shall not establish, maintain, or operate a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth without first obtaining a license from the Department of Health in accordance with this section.

(b) Upon receipt of the application for a license, the Department of Health shall issue a license if it determines that the applicant and the proposed psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth meet the following minimum standards:

(1) The applicant shall be a nonprofit entity that demonstrates the capacity to operate a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth in accordance with rules adopted by the Department of Health and in a manner that ensures person-centered care and resident dignity.

(2) The applicant shall maintain certification from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under 42 C.F.R. §§ 441.151–182.

(3) The applicant shall maintain accreditation by the Joint Commission or other accrediting organization with comparable standards recognized by the Commissioner of Mental Health.

(4) The applicant shall fully comply with standards for health, safety, and sanitation as required by State law, including standards set forth by the State Fire Marshal and the Department of Health, and municipal ordinance.

(5) Residents admitted to a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth shall be under the care of physician licensed pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 23 or 33.

(6) The psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, including the buildings and grounds, shall be subject to inspection by the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living, its designees, and other authorized entities at all times.

(7) The applicant shall have a clear process for responding to resident complaints, including:

(A) the designation of patient representative pursuant to section 7352 of this title;

(B) a method by which each patient shall be made aware of the compliant procedure;

(C) an appeals mechanism within a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth;

(D) a published time frame for processing and resolving complaints and appeals within a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth; and

(E) periodic reporting to the Department of Health of the nature of complaints filed and action taken.

(c) A license is not transferable or assignable and shall be issued only for the premises named in the application.

(d) Once licensed, a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth shall be among the placement options for individuals committed to the custody of the Commissioner under an order of nonhospitalization.

(e) The Department of Health shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to carry out the purposes of this section. Rules pertaining to emergency involuntary procedures shall:

(1) be identical to those rules adopted by the Department of Mental Health governing the use of emergency involuntary procedures in psychiatric inpatient units;

(2) require that a certificate of need for all emergency involuntary procedures performed at the psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth be submitted to the Department and the Mental Health Care Ombudsman in the same manner and time frame as required for hospitals; and

(3) require that data regarding the use of emergency involuntary procedures be submitted in accordance with the requirements of the Department.

(f) The Department of Health, after notice and opportunity for a hearing to the applicant or licensee, is authorized to deny, suspend, or revoke a license in any case in which it finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the requirements established under this section. The notice shall be served by registered mail or by personal service setting forth the reasons for the proposed action and fixing a date not less than 60 days from the date of the mailing or service, at which the applicant or licensee shall be given an opportunity for a hearing. After the hearing, or upon default of the applicant or licensee, the Department of Health shall file its findings of fact and conclusions of law. A copy of the findings and decision shall be sent by registered mail or served personally upon the applicant or licensee. The procedure governing hearings authorized by the section shall be in accordance with the usual and customary rules for hearing.

Sec. 9. 18 V.S.A. § 7503 is amended to read:

§ 7503. APPLICATION FOR VOLUNTARY ADMISSION

(a) Any person 14 years of age or over may apply for voluntary admission to a designated hospital or psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth for examination and treatment.

(b) Before the person may be admitted as a voluntary patient, the person shall give consent in writing on a form adopted by the Department. The consent shall include a representation that:

(1) the person understands that treatment will involve inpatient status or residence at a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth;

(2) the person desires to be admitted to the a hospital or a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, respectively;

(3) the person consents to admission voluntarily, without any coercion or duress; and

(4) the person understands that inpatient treatment or residence at a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth may be on a locked unit, and a requested discharge may be deferred if the treating physician determines that the person is a person in need of treatment pursuant to section 7101 of this title.

(c) If the person is under 14 years of age, he or she the person may be admitted as a voluntary patient if he or she the person consents to admission, as provided in subsection (b) of this section, and if a parent or guardian makes written application.

Sec. 9a. 18 V.S.A. § 7509 is amended to read:

§ 7509. TREATMENT; RIGHT OF ACCESS

(a) Upon admission to the a hospital, secure residential recovery facility, or psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth pursuant to section 7503, 7508, 7617, or 7624 of this title, the person shall be treated with dignity and respect and shall be given such medical and psychiatric treatment as is indicated.

* * *

(c) The person shall be requested to furnish the names of persons he or she that the person may want notified of his or her the person's hospitalization or residence and kept informed of his or her the person's status. The head of the hospital shall see that such persons are notified of the status of the patient

person, how he or she the person may be contacted and visited, and how they may obtain information concerning him or her the person.

Sec. 9b. 18 V.S.A. § 7511 is amended to read:

§ 7511. TRANSPORTATION

(a) The Commissioner shall ensure that all reasonable and appropriate measures consistent with public safety are made to transport or escort a person subject to this chapter to and from any inpatient setting hospital, secure residential recovery facility, or psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth under the jurisdiction of the Commissioner in any manner that:

- (1) prevents physical and psychological trauma;
- (2) respects the privacy of the individual; and
- (3) represents the least restrictive means necessary for the safety of the patient.

* * *

Sec. 10. 18 V.S.A. § 7612 is amended to read:

§ 7612. APPLICATION FOR INVOLUNTARY TREATMENT

(a) An interested party may, by filing a written application, commence proceedings for the involuntary treatment of an individual by judicial process.

* * *

(d) The application shall contain:

- (1) The name and address of the applicant.

(2) A statement of the current and relevant facts upon which the allegation of mental illness and need for treatment is based. The application shall be signed by the applicant under penalty of perjury.

(e) The application shall be accompanied by:

(1) a certificate of a licensed physician, which shall be executed under penalty of perjury stating that the physician has examined the proposed patient within five days after the date the petition is filed and is of the opinion that the proposed patient is a person in need of treatment, including the current and relevant facts and circumstances upon which the physician's opinion is based; or

(2) a written statement by the applicant that the proposed patient refused to submit to an examination by a licensed physician.

(f) Before an examining physician completes the certificate of examination, he or she the examining physician shall consider available alternative forms of care and treatment that might be adequate to provide for the person's needs without requiring hospitalization. The examining physician shall document on the certificate the specific alternative forms of care and treatment that he or she the examining physician considered and why those alternatives were deemed inappropriate, including information on the availability of any appropriate alternatives.

(g) If the Commissioner seeks to have the patient receive treatment in a secure residential recovery facility or a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, the application for an order authorizing treatment shall expressly state that such treatment is being sought. The application shall contain, in addition to the statements required by subsections (d) and (e) of this section, a statement setting forth the reasons for the Commissioner's determination that clinically appropriate treatment for the patient's condition can be provided safely only in a secure residential recovery facility or a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, respectively.

Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 7618 is amended to read:

§ 7618. ORDER; NONHOSPITALIZATION

(a) If the court finds that a treatment program other than hospitalization is adequate to meet the person's treatment needs, the court shall order the person to receive whatever treatment other than hospitalization is appropriate for a period of 90 days. If the treatment plan proposed by the Commissioner is for a secure residential recovery facility or a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, the court may at any time, on its own motion or on a motion of an interested party, review the need for treatment at the secure residential recovery facility or the psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, respectively.

(b) If at any time during the specified period it comes to the attention of the court either that the patient is not complying with the order or that the alternative treatment has not been adequate to meet the patient's treatment needs, the court may, after proper hearing:

- (1) consider other alternatives, modify its original order, and direct the patient to undergo another program of alternative treatment for the remainder of the 90-day period; or
- (2) enter a new order directing that the patient be hospitalized for the remainder of the 90-day period.

Sec. 12. 18 V.S.A. § 7620 is amended to read:

§ 7620. APPLICATION FOR CONTINUED TREATMENT

* * *

(d) If the Commissioner seeks to have the patient receive the further treatment in a secure residential recovery facility or a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, the application for an order authorizing continuing treatment shall expressly state that such treatment is being sought. The application shall contain, in addition to the statements required by subsection (b) of this section, a statement setting forth the reasons for the Commissioner's determination that clinically appropriate treatment for the patient's condition can be provided safely only in a secure residential recovery facility or a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, respectively.

(e) As used in this chapter:

(1) "Secure," when describing a residential facility, means that the residents can be physically prevented from leaving the facility by means of locking devices or other mechanical or physical mechanisms.

(2) "Secure residential recovery facility" means a residential facility, licensed as a therapeutic community residence as defined in 33 V.S.A. § 7102(11), for an individual who no longer requires acute inpatient care but who does remain in need of treatment within a secure setting for an extended period of time. A secure residential recovery facility shall not be used for any purpose other than the purposes permitted by this section.

Sec. 13. 18 V.S.A. § 7621 is amended to read:

§ 7621. HEARING ON APPLICATION FOR CONTINUED TREATMENT; ORDERS

* * *

(c) If the court finds that the patient is a patient in need of further treatment but does not require hospitalization, it shall order nonhospitalization for up to one year. If the treatment plan proposed by the Commissioner for a patient in need of further treatment includes admission to a secure residential recovery facility or a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, the court may at any time, on its own motion or on motion of an interested party, review the need for treatment at the secure residential recovery facility or the psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, respectively.

* * *

Sec. 14. 18 V.S.A. § 7624 is amended to read:

§ 7624. APPLICATION FOR INVOLUNTARY MEDICATION

(a) The Commissioner may commence an action for the involuntary medication of a person who is refusing to accept psychiatric medication and meets any one of the following six conditions:

(1) has been placed in the Commissioner's care and custody pursuant to section 7619 of this title or subsection 7621(b) of this title;

(2) has previously received treatment under an order of hospitalization and is currently under an order of nonhospitalization, ~~including a person on an order of nonhospitalization who resides in a secure residential recovery facility;~~

(3) has been committed to the custody of the Commissioner on an order of nonhospitalization and has been placed at a secure residential recovery facility;

(4) has been committed to the custody of the Commissioner of Corrections as a convicted felon and is being held in a correctional facility that is a designated facility pursuant to section 7628 of this title and for whom the Departments of Corrections and of Mental Health have determined jointly that involuntary medication would be appropriate pursuant to 28 V.S.A. § 907(4)(H);

(4)(5) has an application for involuntary treatment pending for which the court has granted a motion to expedite pursuant to subdivision 7615(a)(2)(A)(i) of this title;

(5)(6)(A) has an application for involuntary treatment pending;

(B) waives the right to a hearing on the application for involuntary treatment until a later date; and

(C) agrees to proceed with an involuntary medication hearing without a ruling on whether ~~he or she~~ the person is a person in need of treatment; or

(6)(7) has had an application for involuntary treatment pending pursuant to subdivision 7615(a)(1) of this title for more than 26 days without a hearing having occurred and the treating psychiatrist certifies, based on specific behaviors and facts set forth in the certification, that in ~~his or her~~ the psychiatrist's professional judgment there is good cause to believe that:

(A) additional time will not result in the person establishing a therapeutic relationship with providers or regaining competence; and

(B) serious deterioration of the person's mental condition is occurring.

(b)(1) Except as provided in subdivisions (2), ~~(3)(4)~~, and ~~(4)(5)~~ of this subsection, an application for involuntary medication shall be filed in the Family Division of the Superior Court in the county in which the person is receiving treatment.

(2) If the application for involuntary medication is filed pursuant to subdivision ~~(a)(4)~~ ~~(a)(5)~~ of this section:

(A) the application shall be filed in the county in which the application for involuntary treatment is pending; and

(B) the court shall consolidate the application for involuntary treatment with the application for involuntary medication and rule on the application for involuntary treatment before ruling on the application for involuntary medication.

(3) If the application for involuntary medication is filed pursuant to subdivision ~~(a)(5)(6)~~ or ~~(a)(6)(7)~~ of this section, the application shall be filed in the county in which the application for involuntary treatment is pending.

(4) Within 72 hours of the filing of an application for involuntary medication pursuant to subdivision ~~(a)(6)(7)~~ of this section, the court shall determine, based solely upon a review of the psychiatrist's certification and any other filings, whether the requirements of that subdivision have been established. If the court determines that the requirements of subdivision ~~(a)(6)(7)~~ of this section have been established, the court shall consolidate the application for involuntary treatment with the application for involuntary medication and hear both applications within 10 days after the date that the application for involuntary medication is filed. The court shall rule on the application for involuntary treatment before ruling on the application for involuntary medication. Subsection 7615(b) of this title shall apply to applications consolidated pursuant to this subdivision.

* * *

Sec. 15. 18 V.S.A. § 7628 is amended to read:

§ 7628. PROTOCOL

The Department of Mental Health shall develop and adopt by rule a strict protocol to ensure the health, safety, dignity, and respect of patients subject to administration of involuntary psychiatric medications in any designated hospital or secure residential recovery facility. This protocol shall be followed by all designated hospitals and secure residential recovery facilities administering involuntary psychiatric medications.

Sec. 15a. 18 V.S.A. § 7701 is amended to read:

§ 7701. NOTICE OF RIGHTS

~~The head of a A hospital, secure residential recovery facility, and psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth shall provide reasonable means and arrangements, including the posting of excerpts from relevant statutes, for informing patients of their right to discharge and other rights and for assisting them in making and presenting requests for discharge or for application to have the patient's status changed from involuntary to voluntary.~~

Sec. 16. 18 V.S.A. § 7703 is amended to read:

§ 7703. TREATMENT

* * *

(b) The Department shall establish minimum standards for adequate treatment as provided in this section, including requirements that, when possible, psychiatric unit staff be used as the primary source to implement emergency involuntary procedures such as seclusion and restraint. The Department shall oversee and collect information and report on data regarding the use of emergency involuntary procedures for patients admitted to a psychiatric unit, ~~a secure residential recovery facility, or a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth,~~ regardless of whether the patient is under the care and custody of the Commissioner.

* * * Policies Applicable to the Secure Residential Recovery Facility * * *

Sec. 17. RULEMAKING; SECURE RESIDENTIAL RECOVERY
FACILITY

On or before August 1, 2024, the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living, in consultation with the Commissioner of Mental Health, shall file permanent proposed rule amendments with the Secretary of State pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 836(a)(2) to the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living, Licensing and Operating Regulations for Therapeutic Community Residences (CVR 13-110-12) for the purpose of amending the secure residential recovery facility section of the rule. Prior to the permanent rules taking effect, the Department shall adopt similar emergency rules that shall be deemed to have met the standard for emergency rulemaking in 3 V.S.A. § 844. Both the permanent and emergency rules shall:

(1) authorize the use of emergency involuntary procedures at a secure residential recovery facility in a manner identical to that required in rules adopted by the Department of Mental Health governing the use of emergency involuntary procedures in psychiatric inpatient units;

(2) require that a certificate of need for all emergency involuntary procedures performed at a secure residential recovery facility be submitted to the Department and the Mental Health Care Ombudsman in the same manner and time frame as required for hospitals; and

(3) authorize the administration of involuntary medication at a secure residential recovery facility in a manner identical to that required in rules adopted by the Department of Mental Health governing the use of the administration of involuntary medication in psychiatric inpatient units.

Sec. 17a. JUDICIAL REVIEW; RESIDENTS OF SECURE RESIDENTIAL RECOVERY FACILITY

Between July 1, 2024 and July 1, 2025, an individual who has been committed to the custody of the Commissioner at the secure residential recovery facility continuously since June 30, 2024 or earlier may apply to the Family Division of the Superior Court for a review as to whether the secure residential recovery facility continues to be the most appropriate and least restrictive setting necessary to serve the individual.

Sec. 18. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 3(c) is amended to read:

(c) The amount appropriated in subdivision (a)(1) of this section shall be used to construct a 16-bed Secure Residential Recovery Facility on Parcel ID# 200-5-003-001 as designated on the Town of Essex's Tax Parcel Maps for transitional support for individuals who are being discharged from inpatient psychiatric care. Through interior fit-up, versus building redesign, the 16-bed facility shall include two eight-bed wings designed with the capability to allow for separation of one wing from the main section of the facility, if necessary. Both wings shall be served by common clinical and activity spaces. Neither wing shall include a locked seclusion area, and the facility shall not use emergency involuntary procedures. Outdoor space shall be adequate for exercise and other activities but not less than 10,000 square feet.

Sec. 19. CERTIFICATE OF NEED

Notwithstanding the requirements of 18 V.S.A. chapter 221, subchapter 5, or any prior certificates of need issued pursuant to that subchapter, the secure residential recovery facility shall be authorized to:

- (1) use emergency involuntary procedures; and
- (2) accept patients under an initial commitment order.

Sec. 20. REPEAL; INVOLUNTARY MEDICATION REPORT

1998 Acts and Resolves No. 114, Sec. 5 (report) is repealed on July 1, 2024.

* * * Persons in Need of Custody, Care, and Habilitation or Continued
Custody, Care, and Habilitation * * *

Sec. 21. 13 V.S.A. § 4814 is amended to read:

§ 4814. ORDER FOR EXAMINATION OF COMPETENCY

* * *

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an examination ordered pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may be conducted by a doctoral-level psychologist trained in forensic psychology and licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 55. ~~This subsection shall be repealed on July 1, 2024.~~

* * *

Sec. 22. 13 V.S.A. § 4816 is amended to read:

§ 4816. SCOPE OF EXAMINATION; REPORT; EVIDENCE

* * *

(b) A competency evaluation for an individual thought to have a developmental disability shall include be a current evaluation by a doctoral-level psychologist trained in forensic psychology and skilled in assessing individuals with developmental disabilities.

* * *

Sec. 23. 13 V.S.A. § 4817 is amended to read:

§ 4817. COMPETENCY TO STAND TRIAL; DETERMINATION

* * *

(c) If a person indicted, complained, or informed against for an alleged criminal offense, an attorney or guardian acting in the person's behalf, or the State, at any time before final judgment, raises before the court before which such person is tried or is to be tried, the issue of whether such person is incompetent to stand trial, or if the court has reason to believe that such person may not be competent to stand trial, a hearing shall be held before such court at which evidence shall be received and a finding made regarding the person's competency to stand trial. However, in cases where the court has reason to believe that such person may be incompetent to stand trial due to a mental disease or mental defect, such hearing shall not be held until an examination has been made and a report submitted by an examining psychiatrist or psychologist in accordance with sections 4814–4816 of this title.

* * *

Sec. 24. 13 V.S.A. § 4820 is amended to read:

§ 4820. HEARING REGARDING COMMITMENT

(a)(1) When a person charged on information, complaint, or indictment with a criminal offense:

(1) [Repealed.]

(2)(A) is found upon hearing pursuant to section 4817 of this title to be incompetent to stand trial due to a mental disease or mental defect;

(3)(B) is not indicted upon hearing by grand jury by reason of insanity at the time of the alleged offense, duly certified to the court; or

(4)(C) upon trial by court or jury is acquitted by reason of insanity at the time of the alleged offense;.

(2) the The court before which such person is tried or is to be tried for such offense, shall hold a hearing for the purpose of determining whether such person should be committed to the custody of the Commissioner of Mental Health or Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living, as appropriate. Such person may be confined in jail or some other suitable place by order of the court pending hearing for a period not exceeding 21 days.

(b) When a person is found to be incompetent to stand trial, has not been indicted by reason of insanity for the alleged offense, or has been acquitted by reason of insanity at the time of the alleged offense, the person shall be entitled to have counsel appointed from Vermont Legal Aid to represent the person. The Department of Mental Health and, if applicable, the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living shall be entitled to appear and call witnesses at the proceeding.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a commitment order issued pursuant to this chapter shall not modify or vacate orders concerning conditions of release or bail issued pursuant to chapter 229 of this title, and the commitment order shall remain in place unless expressly modified, provided that inpatient treatment shall be permitted if a person who is held without bail is found to be in need of inpatient treatment under this chapter.

Sec. 25. 13 V.S.A. § 4823 is amended to read:

§ 4823. FINDINGS AND ORDER; PERSONS WITH AN INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY

(a) If the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that such person is a person in need of custody, care, and habilitation as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 8839, the court shall issue an order of commitment for up to one year directed to the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living

for placement in a designated program in the least restrictive environment consistent with the person's need for custody, care, and habilitation of such person for an indefinite or limited period in a designated program.

(b) Such order of commitment shall have the same force and effect as an order issued under 18 V.S.A. § 8843 chapter 206, subchapter 3 and persons committed under such an order shall have the same status, and the same rights, including the right to receive care and habilitation, to be examined and discharged, and to apply for and obtain judicial review of their cases, as persons ordered committed under 18 V.S.A. § 8843 chapter 206, subchapter 3.

(c) Section 4822 of this title shall apply to persons proposed for discharge under this section; however, judicial proceedings shall be conducted in the Criminal Division of the Superior Court in which the person then resides, unless the person resides out of State in which case the proceedings shall be conducted in the original committing court. [Repealed.]

Sec. 26. 18 V.S.A. chapter 206, subchapter 3 is amended to read:

Subchapter 3. Judicial Proceeding; Persons with an Intellectual Disability
Who Present a Danger of Harm to Others

§ 8839. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) "Danger of harm to others" means the person has inflicted or attempted to inflict serious bodily injury to another or has committed an act that would constitute a sexual assault or lewd or lascivious conduct with a child. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living.

(2) "Designated program" means a program designated by the Commissioner as adequate to provide in an individual manner appropriate custody, care, and habilitation to persons with intellectual disabilities receiving services under this subchapter.

(3)(A) "Person in need of continued custody, care, and habilitation" means a person:

- (i) who was previously found to be a person in need of custody, care, and habilitation;
- (ii) who poses a danger of harm to others; and
- (iii) for whom appropriate custody, care, and habilitation can be provided by the Commissioner in a designated program.

(B) As used in this subdivision (3), a danger of harm to others shall be shown by establishing that, in the time since the last order of commitment was issued, the person:

(i) has inflicted or attempted to inflict serious bodily injury to another or has committed an act that would constitute sexual conduct with a child as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2821 or lewd and lascivious conduct with a child as provided in 13 V.S.A. § 2602 of this title; or

(ii) has exhibited behavior demonstrating that, absent treatment or programming provided by the Commissioner, there is a substantial likelihood that the person would inflict or attempt to inflict physical or sexual harm to another.

(4) "Person in need of custody, care, and habilitation" means a person:

(A) a person with an intellectual disability, which means significantly subaverage intellectual functioning existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior that were manifest before 18 years of age;

(B) who presents a danger of harm to others has inflicted or attempted to inflict serious bodily injury to another or who has committed an act that would constitute sexual conduct with a child as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2821 or lewd and lascivious conduct with a child as provided in 13 V.S.A. § 2602; and

(C) for whom appropriate custody, care, and habilitation can be provided by the Commissioner in a designated program.

(5) "Victim" has the same meaning as in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(4).

§ 8840. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

Proceedings brought under this subchapter for commitment to the Commissioner for custody, care, and habilitation shall be commenced by petition in the Family Division of the Superior Court for the unit in which the respondent resides. [Repealed.]

§ 8841. PETITION; PROCEDURES

The filing of the petition and procedures for initiating a hearing shall be as provided in sections 8822-8826 of this title. [Repealed.]

§ 8842. HEARING

Hearings under this subchapter for commitment shall be conducted in accordance with section 8827 of this title. [Repealed.]

§ 8843. FINDINGS AND ORDER

(a) In all cases, the court shall make specific findings of fact and state its conclusions of law.

(b) If the court finds that the respondent is not a person in need of custody, care, and habilitation, it shall dismiss the petition.

(c) If the court finds that the respondent is a person in need of custody, care, and habilitation, it shall order the respondent committed to the custody of the Commissioner for placement in a designated program in the least restrictive environment consistent with the respondent's need for custody, care, and habilitation for an indefinite or a limited period. [Repealed.]

§ 8844. LEGAL COMPETENCE

No determination that a person is in need of custody, care, and habilitation or in need of continued custody, care, and habilitation and no order authorizing commitment shall lead to a presumption of legal incompetence.

§ 8845. JUDICIAL REVIEW PETITION AND ORDER FOR CONTINUED CUSTODY, CARE, AND HABILITATION

(a) A person committed under this subchapter may be discharged from custody by a Superior judge after judicial review as provided herein or by administrative order of the Commissioner.

(b) Procedures for judicial review of persons committed under this subchapter shall be as provided in section 8834 of this title, except that proceedings shall be brought in the Criminal Division of the Superior Court in the unit in which the person resides or, if the person resides out of state, in the unit that issued the original commitment order.

(c) A person committed under this subchapter shall be entitled to a judicial review annually. If no such review is requested by the person, it shall be initiated by the Commissioner. However, such person may initiate a judicial review under this subsection after 90 days after initial commitment but before the end of the first year of the commitment.

(d) If at the completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the court finds at the time of the hearing that the person is still in need of custody, care, and habilitation, commitment shall continue for an indefinite or limited period. If the court finds at the time of the hearing that the person is no longer in need of custody, care, and habilitation, it shall discharge the person from the custody of the Commissioner. An order of discharge may be conditional or absolute and may have immediate or delayed effect.

(1) If, prior to the expiration of any previous commitment order issued in accordance with 13 V.S.A. § 4823 or this subchapter, the Commissioner believes that the person is a person in need of continued custody, care, and

habilitation, the Commissioner shall seek continued custody, care, and habilitation in the Family Division of the Superior Court. The Commissioner shall, by filing a written petition, commence proceedings for the continued custody, care, and habilitation of a person. The petition shall state the current and relevant facts upon which the person's alleged need for continued custody, care, and habilitation is predicated.

(2) Any commitment order for custody, care, and habilitation or continued custody, care, and habilitation issued in accordance with 13 V.S.A. § 4823 or this subchapter shall remain in force pending the court's decision on the petition.

(b) Upon receipt of the petition for the continued custody, care, and habilitation, the court shall hold a hearing within 14 days after the date of filing. The hearing may be continued for good cause shown.

(c) If the court finds by clear and convincing evidence at the time of the hearing that the person is a person in need of continued custody, care, and habilitation, it shall issue an order of commitment for up to one year in a designated program in the least restrictive environment consistent with the person's need for continued custody, care, and habilitation. If the court finds at the time of the hearing that the person is no longer in need of continued custody, care, and habilitation, it shall discharge the person from the custody of the Commissioner in accordance with section 8847 of this subchapter. In determining whether a person is a person in need of continued custody, care, and habilitation, the court shall consider the degree to which the person has previously engaged in or complied with the treatment and programming provided by the Commissioner.

§ 8846. RIGHT TO INITIATE REVIEW

A person may initiate a judicial review in the Family Division of the Superior Court or an administrative review under this subchapter at any time after 90 days following a current order of commitment or continued commitment and not earlier than six months after the filing of a previous application under this section. If the court or Commissioner finds that the person is not a person in need of custody, care, and habilitation or continued custody, care, and habilitation, the person shall be discharged from the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to section 8847 of this subchapter.

§ 8847. DISCHARGE FROM COMMITMENT

(a) A person committed under 13 V.S.A. § 4823 or this subchapter may be discharged as follows:

(1) by a Family Division Superior Court judge after review of an order of custody, care, and habilitation or an order of continued custody, care, and

habilitation if the court finds that a person is not a person in need of custody, care, and habilitation or continued custody, care, and habilitation, respectively; or

(2) by administrative order of the Commissioner regarding an order of custody, care, and habilitation or an order of continued custody, care, and habilitation if the Commissioner determines that a person is no longer a person in need of custody, care, and habilitation or continued custody, care, and habilitation, respectively.

(b) A judicial or administrative order of discharge may be conditional or absolute.

(c)(1) When a person is under an order of commitment pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4823 or continued commitment pursuant to this subchapter, the Commissioner shall provide notice to the State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution originated or to the Office of the Attorney General if that Office prosecuted the case:

(A) at least 10 days prior to discharging a person from commitment or continued commitment;

(B) at least 10 days prior to the expiration of a commitment or continued commitment order if the Commissioner does not seek an order of continued custody, care, and habilitation; or

(C) any time that the person elopes from custody of the Commissioner and cannot be located, and there is reason to believe the person may be lost or poses a risk of harm to others.

(2) When the State's Attorney or Attorney General receives notice under subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Office shall provide notice of the action to any victim of the offense for which the person has been charged who has not opted out of receiving notice. A victim receiving notice pursuant to this subdivision has the right to submit a victim impact statement to the Family Division of the Superior Court in writing or through the State's Attorney's or Attorney General's Office.

(d) Whenever a person is subject to a judicial or administrative discharge from commitment, the Criminal Division of the Superior Court shall retain jurisdiction over the person's underlying charge and any orders holding the person without bail or concerning bail, and conditions of release shall remain in place. Those orders shall be placed on hold while a person is in the custody, care, and habilitation or continued custody, care, and habilitation of the Commissioner. When a person is discharged from the Commissioner's custody, care, and habilitation to a correctional facility, the custody of the Commissioner shall cease when the person enters the correctional facility.

§ 8846 8848. RIGHT TO COUNSEL

Persons subject to commitment or judicial review under, continued commitment, or self-initiated review pursuant to section 8846 of this subchapter shall have a right to counsel as provided in section 7111 of this title.

* * * Proposal for Enhanced Services * * *

Sec. 27. INDIVIDUALS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITIES;
ENHANCED SERVICES

On or before December 1, 2024, the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living, in consultation with Disability Rights Vermont, Vermont Legal Aid, Developmental Services State Program Standing Committee, and Vermont Care Partners, may submit an alternative proposal to the forensic facility to the House Committee on Human Services and to the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare for enhanced community-based services for those individuals committed to the Commissioner who require custody, care, and habilitation in a secure setting for brief periods of time. A proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection shall address required resources, including funding and staffing, and be eligible for funding through the Global Commitment Home- and Community-Based Services Waiver.

* * * Fiscal Estimate of Competency Restoration Program * * *

Sec. 28. REPORT; COMPETENCY RESTORATION PROGRAM; FISCAL ESTIMATE

On or before November 1, 2024, the Agency of Human Services shall submit a report to the House Committees on Appropriations, on Health Care, and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare that provides a fiscal estimate for the implementation of a competency restoration program operated or under contract with the Department of Mental Health. The estimate shall include:

- (1) whether and how to serve individuals with an intellectual disability in a competency restoration program;
- (2) varying options dependent upon which underlying charges are eligible for court-ordered competency restoration; and
- (3) costs associated with establishing a residential program where court-ordered competency restoration programming may be performed on an individual who is neither in the custody of the Commissioner of Mental Health pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4822 nor in the custody of the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4823.

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 29. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act relating to civil commitment procedures at a secure residential recovery facility and a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth and civil commitment procedures for individuals with an intellectual disability"

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, Senators Lyons, Gulick, Hardy, Weeks and Williams moved that the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with proposals of amendment as follows:

First: By striking out Sec. 1, purpose, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 1 to read as follows:

Sec. 1. PURPOSE

It is the purpose of this act to:

(1) enable the Commissioner of Mental Health to seek treatment for individuals at a secure residential recovery facility, regardless of a previous order of hospitalization, and at a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth, without precluding the future development of a forensic facility;

(2) update the civil commitment procedures for individuals with intellectual disabilities; and

(3) authorize the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living to propose alternative options for a secure community-based residence or residences to treat individuals who have been charged with a crime and found incompetent to stand trial or adjudicated not guilty by reason of insanity, who are in the Commissioner's custody, and who require a more secure level of care than is currently available, without precluding the future development of a forensic facility.

Second: By striking out Sec. 27, individuals with intellectual disabilities; enhanced services, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 27 to read as follows:

Sec. 27. INDIVIDUALS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITIES; SECURE, COMMUNITY-BASED RESIDENCES

(a) The Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living shall propose alternative options, including building and staffing cost estimates, for a secure community-based residence or residences to treat individuals who

have been charged with a crime and found incompetent to stand trial or adjudicated not guilty by reason of insanity, who are in the Commissioner's custody, and who require a more secure level of care than is currently available. The Commissioner shall ensure that a secure community-based residence proposed under this section would provide appropriate custody, care, and habilitation in a designated program that provides appropriate staffing and services levels in the least restrictive setting. The alternative options shall be developed in consultation with interested parties, including Disability Rights Vermont, Vermont Legal Aid, Developmental Services State Program Standing Committee, Vermont Care Partners, and Green Mountain Self Advocates with final placement determinations made by the Commissioner. The alternative options may be eligible for funding through the Global Commitment Home-and Community-Based Services Waiver. Prior to seeking funding for constructing, purchasing, or contracting for a secure community-based residence for individuals in the Commissioner's custody, the Department shall propose to the House Committees on Human Services and on Judiciary and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Judiciary any necessary statutory modifications to uphold due process requirements.

(b) As used in this section:

- (1) "Designated program" has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 8839.
- (2) "Secure" means that residents may be physically prevented from leaving the residence by means of locking devices or other mechanical or physical mechanisms.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposals of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Proposal of Amendment; Third Reading Ordered

H. 878.

Senator Sears, for the Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House bill entitled:

An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures.

Reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 4 V.S.A. § 41 is added to read:

§ 41. COURT SECURITY OFFICERS

(a) Authorization. The Court Administrator shall define the scope of duties for Judiciary-employed Court Security Officers. The Court Administrator shall have direct authority over Judiciary-employed Court Security Officers and may authorize them to perform judicial security officer functions necessary for the performance of their duties.

(b) Training. The Court Administrator shall develop a training program pursuant to appropriate training standards to perform judicial security officer functions. The Court Administrator shall establish a use of force policy based on State standards.

(c) Training; equipment. At the direction of the Court Administrator and with the approval of the Court Security and Safety Program Manager, Judiciary-employed Court Security Officers shall be provided with training and equipment necessary for the performance of their duties. Equipment provided pursuant to this subsection shall remain the property of the Judiciary.

(d) Coordination of Judiciary security. Judiciary-employed Court Security Officers shall provide security at court properties and at other court-related functions for the Vermont Judiciary at the direction of the Court Administrator.

(e) Construction. This section shall not be construed to limit the Court Administrator's authority to hire additional court security personnel, including private security guards and County Sheriffs.

Sec. 2. 4 V.S.A. § 355 is amended to read:

§ 355. DISQUALIFICATION OR DISABILITY OF JUDGE

When a Probate judge is incapacitated for the duties of office by absence, removal from the district, resignation, sickness, death, or otherwise or if the judge or the judge's spouse or child is heir or legatee under a will filed in the judge's district, or if the judge is executor or administrator of the estate of a deceased person in his or her the judge's district, or is interested as a creditor or otherwise in a question to be decided by the court, he or she the judge shall not act as judge. The judge's duties shall be performed by a Superior judge assigned by the presiding judge of the unit.

Sec. 3. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION

* * *

(b) The Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:

* * *

(4) Violations of 7 V.S.A. § 1005(a) 1005, relating to possession of tobacco products by a person under 21 years of age.

* * *

Sec. 4. 12 V.S.A. § 1913(b) is amended to read:

(b) ~~Authentication, admissibility, and presumptions.~~

(1) A digital record electronically registered in a blockchain shall be self-authenticating pursuant to Vermont Rule of Evidence 902, if it is accompanied by a written declaration of a qualified person, made under oath, stating the qualification of the person to make the certification and:

- (A) the date and time the record entered the blockchain;
- (B) the date and time the record was received from the blockchain;
- (C) that the record was maintained in the blockchain as a regular conducted activity; and
- (D) that the record was made by the regularly conducted activity as a regular practice.

* * *

Sec. 5. 12 V.S.A. § 3087 is amended to read:

§ 3087. RECOGNIZANCE FOR TRUSTEE'S COSTS

~~The plaintiff in a trustee process shall give security for costs to the trustee by way of recognizance by some person other than the plaintiff. The security shall be in the sum of \$50.00 for a summons returnable to a Superior Court. If trustee process issues without a minute of the recognizance, with the name of the surety and the sum in which he or she is bound, signed by the clerk thereon, the trustee shall be discharged. [Repealed.]~~

Sec. 6. 13 V.S.A. § 3281 is amended to read:

§ 3281. SEXUAL ASSAULT SURVIVORS' RIGHTS

(a) Short title. This section may be cited as the “Bill of Rights for Sexual Assault Survivors.”

(b) Definition. As used in this section, “sexual assault survivor” means a person who is a victim of an alleged sexual offense.

(c) Survivors’ rights. When a sexual assault survivor makes a verbal or written report to a law enforcement officer, emergency department, sexual assault nurse examiner, or victim’s advocate of an alleged sexual offense, the recipient of the report shall provide written notification to the survivor that ~~he or she~~ the survivor has the following rights:

(1) The right to receive a medical forensic examination and any related toxicology testing at no cost to the survivor in accordance with 32 V.S.A. § 1407, irrespective of whether the survivor reports to or cooperates with law enforcement. If the survivor opts to have a medical forensic examination, ~~he or she~~ the survivor shall have the following additional rights:

(A) the right to have the medical forensic examination kit or its probative contents delivered to a forensics laboratory within 72 hours of collection;

(B) the right to have the sexual assault evidence collection kit or its probative contents preserved without charge for the duration of the maximum applicable statute of limitations;

(C) the right to be informed in writing of all policies governing the collection, storage, preservation, and disposal of a sexual assault evidence collection kit;

(D) the right to be informed of a DNA profile match on a kit reported to law enforcement or on a confidential kit, on a toxicology report, or on a medical record documenting a medical forensic examination, if the disclosure would not impede or compromise an ongoing investigation; ~~and~~

(E) the right to be informed of the status and location of the sexual assault evidence collection kit; and

(F) upon written request from the survivor, the right to:

(i) receive written notification from the appropriate official with custody not later than 60 days before the date of the kit's intended destruction or disposal; and

(ii) be granted further preservation of the kit or its probative contents.

(2) The right to consult with a sexual assault advocate.

(3) The right to information concerning the availability of protective orders and policies related to the enforcement of protective orders.

(4) The right to information about the availability of, and eligibility for, victim compensation and restitution.

(5) The right to information about confidentiality.

(d) Notification protocols. The Vermont Network Against Domestic and Sexual Violence and the Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program, in consultation with other parties referred to in this section, shall develop

protocols and written materials to assist all responsible entities in providing notification to victims.

Sec. 7. 13 V.S.A. § 3401 is amended to read:

§ 3401. DEFINITION AND PUNISHMENT OF TREASON

A person owing allegiance to this State, who levies war or conspires to levy war against the same, or adheres to the enemies thereof, giving them aid and comfort, within the State or elsewhere, shall be guilty of treason against this State and shall suffer the punishment of death be imprisoned for not less than 25 years with a maximum term of life and, in addition, may be fined not more than \$50,000.00.

Sec. 8. REPEALS

The following sections are repealed: 13 V.S.A. § 7101 (sentence and warrant); 13 V.S.A. § 7102 (pardon); 13 V.S.A. § 7103 (place of execution); 13 V.S.A. § 7104 (manner of confinement); 13 V.S.A. § 7105 (persons present at execution); 13 V.S.A. § 7106 (manner of execution); and 13 V.S.A. § 7107 (returns of Commissioner).

Sec. 9. 13 V.S.A. § 4056 is amended to read:

§ 4056. SERVICE

(a) A petition, ex parte temporary order, or final order issued under this subchapter shall be served in accordance with the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure and may be served by any law enforcement officer. A court that issues an order under this chapter during court hours shall promptly transmit the order electronically or by other means to a law enforcement agency for service; and shall deliver a copy to the holding station.

(b) A respondent who attends a hearing held under section 4053, 4054, or 4055 of this title at which a temporary or final order under this subchapter is issued and who receives notice from the court on the record that the order has been issued shall be deemed to have been served. A respondent notified by the court on the record shall be required to adhere immediately to the provisions of the order. However, even when the court has previously notified the respondent of the order, the court shall transmit the order for additional service by a law enforcement agency. The clerk shall mail a copy of the order to the respondent at the respondent's last known address.

* * *

Sec. 10. 13 V.S.A. § 4814 is amended to read:

§ 4814. ORDER FOR EXAMINATION OF COMPETENCY

* * *

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an examination ordered pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may be conducted by a doctoral-level psychologist trained in forensic psychology and licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 55. ~~This subsection shall be repealed on July 1, 2024.~~

* * *

Sec. 11. 13 V.S.A. § 4816 is amended to read:

§ 4816. SCOPE OF EXAMINATION; REPORT; EVIDENCE

* * *

(e) The relevant portion of a psychiatrist's report or of a report conducted pursuant to subsection 4814(d) of this title by a doctoral-level psychologist trained in forensic psychology shall be admitted into evidence as an exhibit on the issue of the person's mental competency to stand trial and the opinion shall be conclusive on the issue if agreed to by the parties and if found by the court to be relevant and probative on the issue.

(f) Introduction of a report under subsection ~~(d)(e)~~ of this section shall not preclude either party or the court from calling the psychiatrist or psychologist who wrote the report as a witness or from calling witnesses or introducing other relevant evidence. Any witness called by either party on the issue of the defendant's competency shall be at the State's expense, or, if called by the court, at the court's expense.

Sec. 12. 13 V.S.A. § 7282 is amended to read:

§ 7282. SURCHARGE

(a) In addition to any penalty or fine imposed by the court for a criminal offense or any civil penalty imposed by the Judicial Bureau for a traffic violation, including any violation of a fish and wildlife statute or regulation, violation of a motor vehicle statute, or violation of any local ordinance relating to the operation of a motor vehicle, except violations relating to seat belts and child restraints and ordinances relating to parking violations, the clerk of the court or Judicial Bureau shall levy an additional surcharge of:

* * *

(8)(A) For any offense or violation committed after June 30, 2006, but before July 1, 2008, \$26.00, of which \$18.75 shall be deposited in the Victims Compensation Special Fund.

(B) For any offense or violation committed after June 30, 2008, but before July 1, 2009, \$36.00, of which \$28.75 shall be deposited in the Victims' Victims Compensation Special Fund.

(C) For any offense or violation committed after June 30, 2009, but before July 1, 2013, \$41.00, of which ~~\$27.50~~ ~~\$23.75~~ shall be deposited in the Victims Compensation Special Fund created by section 5359 of this title, and of which ~~\$13.50~~ ~~\$10.00~~ shall be deposited in the Domestic and Sexual Violence Special Fund created by section 5360 of this title.

(D) For any offense or violation committed after June 30, 2013, but before July 1, 2023, \$47.00, of which ~~\$33.50~~ ~~\$29.75~~ shall be deposited in the Victims Compensation Special Fund created by section 5359 of this title, and of which ~~\$13.50~~ ~~\$10.00~~ shall be deposited in the Domestic and Sexual Violence Special Fund created by section 5360 of this title.

(E) For any offense or violation committed after June 30, 2023, \$47.00, of which \$33.50 shall be deposited in the Victims Compensation Special Fund created by section 5359 of this title, and of which \$13.50 shall be deposited in the Domestic and Sexual Violence Special Fund created by section 5360 of this title.

* * *

(c) SIU surcharge. In addition to any penalty or fine imposed by the court ~~or Judicial Bureau~~ for a criminal offense committed after July 1, 2009, the clerk of the court ~~or Judicial Bureau~~ shall levy an additional surcharge of \$100.00 to be deposited in the General Fund, in support of the Specialized Investigative Unit Grants Board created in 24 V.S.A. § 1940(c), and used to pay for the costs of Specialized Investigative Units.

Sec. 13. 13 V.S.A. § 7554c(e)(3) is amended to read:

(3) All records of information obtained during risk assessment or needs screening shall be stored in a manner making them accessible only to the Director of Pretrial Services and pretrial service coordinators for a period of three years, after which the records shall be maintained as required by sections ~~117 and 218 of this title~~ ~~3 V.S.A. §§ 117 and 218~~ and any other State law. The Director of Pretrial Services shall be responsible for the destruction of records when ordered by the court.

Sec. 14. 14 V.S.A. § 4020 is amended to read:

§ 4020. LIABILITY FOR REFUSAL TO ACCEPT ACKNOWLEDGED STATUTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY

(a) As used in this section, "statutory form power of attorney" means a power of attorney substantially in the form provided in section 4051 or 4052

of this title or that meets the requirements for a military power of attorney pursuant to 10 U.S.C. § 1044b, as amended.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e)(b) of this section:

(1) a person shall either accept an acknowledged statutory form power of attorney or request a certification, a translation, or an opinion of counsel under subsection 4019(d) of this title not later than seven business days after presentation of the power of attorney for acceptance;

(2) if a person requests a certification, a translation, or an opinion of counsel under subsection 4019(d) of this title, the person shall accept the statutory form power of attorney not later than five business days after receipt of the certification, translation, or opinion of counsel; and

(3) a person may not require an additional or different form of power of attorney for authority granted in the statutory form power of attorney presented.

(e)(b) A person is not required to accept an acknowledged statutory form power of attorney if:

(1) the person is not otherwise required to engage in a transaction with the principal in the same circumstances;

(2) engaging in a transaction with the agent or the principal in the same circumstances would be inconsistent with federal or state law;

(3) the person has actual knowledge of the termination of the agent's authority or of the power of attorney before exercise of the power;

(4) a request for a certification, a translation, or an opinion of counsel under subsection 4019(d) of this title is refused;

(5) the person in good faith believes that the power is not valid or that the agent does not have the authority to perform the act requested, whether or not a certification, a translation, or an opinion of counsel under subsection 4019(d) of this title has been requested or provided; or

(6) the person makes, or has actual knowledge that another person has made, a report to the Adult Protective Services program or other appropriate entity within the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living or to a law enforcement agency stating a good faith belief that the principal may be subject to physical or financial abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment by the agent or a person acting for or with the agent.

(d)(c) A person who refuses in violation of this section to accept an acknowledged statutory form power of attorney is subject to:

- (1) a court order mandating acceptance of the power of attorney; and
- (2) liability for reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in any action or proceeding that confirms the validity of the power of attorney or mandates acceptance of the power of attorney.

Sec. 15. 14 V.S.A. § 4047 is amended to read:

§ 4047. GIFTS

* * *

(b) An agent may make a gift of the principal's property only as the agent determines is consistent with the principal's objectives if actually known by the agent or, if unknown, as the agent determines is consistent with the principal's best interests based on all relevant factors, including:

- (1) evidence of the principal's intent;
- (2) the principal's personal history of making or joining in the making of lifetime gifts;
- (3) the principal's estate plan;
- (4) the principal's foreseeable obligations and maintenance needs and the impact of the proposed gift on the principal's housing options, access to care and services, and general welfare;
- (5) the income, gift, estate, or inheritance tax consequences of the transaction; and
- (6) whether the proposed gift creates a foreseeable risk that the principal will be deprived of sufficient assets to cover the principal's needs during any period of Medicaid ineligibility that would result from the proposed gift.

(c) An agent may make a gift of the principal's property only as the agent determines is consistent with the principal's objectives if actually known by the agent and, if unknown, as the agent determines is consistent with the principal's best interests based on all relevant factors, including:

- (1) the value and nature of the principal's property;
- (2) the principal's foreseeable obligations and need for maintenance;
- (3) minimization of taxes, including income, estate, inheritance, generation-skipping transfer, and gift taxes;
- (4) eligibility for a benefit, a program, or assistance under a statute or regulation; and
- (5) the principal's personal history of making or joining in making gifts.
[Repealed.]

Sec. 16. 14 V.S.A. § 4051 is amended to read:

§ 4051. STATUTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY

A document substantially in the following form may be used to create a statutory form power of attorney that has the meaning and effect prescribed by this chapter.

VERMONT STATUTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This power of attorney authorizes another person (your agent) to make decisions concerning your property for you (the principal). Your agent will be able to make decisions and act with respect to your property (including your money) whether or not you are able to act for yourself. The meaning of authority over subjects listed on this form is explained in the Vermont Uniform Power of Attorney Act, 14 V.S.A. chapter 127.

This power of attorney does not authorize the agent to make health-care decisions for you.

You should select someone you trust to serve as your agent. Unless you specify otherwise, generally the agent's authority will continue until you die or revoke the power of attorney or the agent resigns or is unable to act for you. Your agent is entitled to reasonable compensation unless you state otherwise in the Special Instructions.

This form does not revoke powers of attorney previously executed by you unless you initial the introductory paragraph under DESIGNATION OF AGENT that all previous powers of attorney are revoked.

This form provides for designation of one agent. If you wish to name more than one agent, you may name a coagent in the Special Instructions. Coagents are not required to act together unless you include that requirement in the Special Instructions.

If your agent is unable or unwilling to act for you, your power of attorney will end unless you have named a successor agent. You may also name a second successor agent.

This power of attorney becomes effective immediately unless you state otherwise in the Special Instructions.

If you have questions about the power of attorney or the authority you are granting to your agent, you should seek legal advice before signing this form.

DESIGNATION OF AGENT

I _____ (Name of Principal) () revoke all previous powers of attorney and name the following person as my agent:

Name of Agent: _____

Agent's Address: _____

Agent's Telephone Number: _____

DESIGNATION OF SUCCESSOR AGENT(S) (OPTIONAL)

If my agent is unable or unwilling to act for me, I name as my successor agent:

Name of Successor Agent: _____

Successor Agent's Address: _____

Successor Agent's Telephone Number: _____

If my agent is unable or unwilling to act for me, I name as my second successor agent:

Name of Second Successor Agent: _____

Second Successor Agent's Address: _____

Second Successor Agent's Telephone Number: _____

GRANT OF GENERAL AUTHORITY

I grant my agent and any successor agent general authority to act for me with respect to the following subjects as defined in the Vermont Uniform Power of Attorney Act, 14 V.S.A. chapter 127, together with the incidental powers enumerated in section 4033 of that chapter.

(INITIAL STRIKE THROUGH each subject you DO NOT want to include in the agent's general authority. If you wish to grant general authority over all of the subjects, you may initial "All Preceding Subjects" instead of initialing each subject.)

Real Property

Tangible Personal Property

Stocks and Bonds

Commodities and Options

Banks and Other Financial Institutions

Operation of Entity or Business

- (+) Insurance and Annuities
- (+) Estates, Trusts, and Other Beneficial Interests
- (+) Claims and Litigation
- (+) Personal and Family Maintenance
- (+) Benefits from Governmental Programs or Civil or Military Service
- (+) Retirement Plans
- (+) Taxes
- (+) ~~All Preceding Subjects~~

GRANT OF SPECIFIC AUTHORITY (OPTIONAL)

My agent MAY NOT do any of the following specific acts for me UNLESS I have INITIALED the specific authority listed below:

(CAUTION: Granting any of the following will give your agent the authority to take actions that could significantly reduce your property or change how your property is distributed at your death. INITIAL ONLY the specific authority you WANT to give your agent.)

() An agent who is not an ancestor, spouse, or descendant may exercise authority under this power of attorney to create in the agent or in an individual to whom the agent owes a legal obligation of support an interest in my property whether by gift, rights of survivorship, beneficiary designation, disclaimer, or otherwise

() Create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter vivos, family, living, irrevocable, or revocable trust

() Consent to the modification or termination of a noncharitable irrevocable trust under 14A V.S.A. § 411

() Make a gift, subject to the limitations of 14 V.S.A. § 4047 (gifts) and any special instructions in this power of attorney

() Consent to the modification or termination of a noncharitable irrevocable trust under 14A V.S.A. § 411

() Create, amend, or change a beneficiary designation

() Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a joint and survivor annuity, including a survivor benefit under a retirement plan

() Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate

() Authorize another person to exercise the authority granted under this power of attorney

- () Disclaim or refuse an interest in property, including a power of appointment
 - () Exercise authority with respect to elective share under 14 V.S.A. § 319
 - () Exercise waiver rights under 14 V.S.A. § 323
 - () Exercise authority over the content and catalogue of electronic communications and digital assets under 14 V.S.A. chapter 125 (Vermont Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act)
 - () Exercise authority with respect to intellectual property, including, without limitation, copyrights, contracts for payment of royalties, and trademarks
 - () Convey, or revoke or revise a grantee designation, by enhanced life estate deed pursuant to 27 V.S.A. chapter 6 of Title 27 or under common law.

LIMITATION ON AGENT'S AUTHORITY

An agent who is not my ancestor, spouse, or descendant MAY NOT use my property to benefit the agent or a person to whom the agent owes an obligation of support unless I have included that authority in the Special Instructions.

WHEN POWER OF ATTORNEY EFFECTIVE

This power of attorney becomes effective when executed unless the principal has initialed one of the following:

- () This power of attorney is effective only upon my later incapacity. OR

() This power of attorney is effective only upon my later incapacity or unavailability. OR

() I direct that this power of attorney shall become effective when one or more of the following occurs:

EFFECTIVE DATE

This power of attorney is effective immediately unless I have indicated or stated otherwise in the section above entitled When Power of Attorney Effective or in the section below entitled Special Instructions.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS (OPTIONAL)

You may give special instructions on the following lines:

EFFECTIVE DATE

This power of attorney is effective immediately unless I have stated otherwise in the Special Instructions.

NOMINATION OF GUARDIAN (OPTIONAL)

If it becomes necessary for a court to appoint a guardian of my estate or a guardian of my person, I nominate the following person(s) for appointment:

Name of Nominee for [conservator or guardian] of my estate:

Nominee's Address:

Nominee's Telephone Number:

Name of Nominee for guardian of my person:

Nominee's Address:

Nominee's Telephone Number:

RELIANCE ON THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY

Any person, including my agent, may rely upon the validity of this power of attorney or a copy of it unless that person knows it has terminated or is invalid. Unless expressly stated otherwise, this power of attorney is durable and shall remain valid if I become incapacitated or unavailable.

SIGNATURE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Your Name Printed: _____

Your Address: _____

Your Telephone Number: _____

State of: _____

County of: _____

This document was acknowledged before me on: _____ (Date)

by _____ . (Name of Principal)

(Seal, if any): _____

Signature of Notary: _____

My commission expires: _____

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR AGENT**Agent's Duties**

When you accept the authority granted under this power of attorney, a special legal relationship is created between you and the principal. This relationship imposes upon you legal duties that continue until you resign or the power of attorney is terminated or revoked. You must:

- (1) do what you know the principal reasonably expects you to do with the principal's property or, if you do not know the principal's expectations, act in the principal's best interests;
- (2) act in good faith;
- (3) do nothing beyond the authority granted in this power of attorney; and
- (4) disclose your identity as an agent whenever you act for the principal by writing or printing the name of the principal and signing your own name as "agent" in the following manner: (Principal's Name) by (Your Signature) as Agent.

Unless the Special Instructions in this power of attorney state otherwise, you must also:

- (1) act loyally for the principal's benefit;
- (2) avoid conflicts that would impair your ability to act in the principal's best interest;
- (3) act with care, competence, and diligence;

- (4) keep a record of all receipts, disbursements, and transactions made on behalf of the principal;
- (5) cooperate with any person that has authority to make health-care decisions for the principal to do what you know the principal reasonably expects or, if you do not know the principal's expectations, to act in the principal's best interests; and
- (6) attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan if you know the plan and preserving the plan is consistent with the principal's best interests.

Termination of Agent's Authority

You must stop acting on behalf of the principal if you learn of any event that terminates this power of attorney or your authority under this power of attorney. Events that terminate a power of attorney or your authority to act under a power of attorney include:

- (1) death of the principal;
- (2) the principal's revocation of the power of attorney or your authority;
- (3) the occurrence of a termination event stated in the power of attorney;
- (4) the purpose of the power of attorney is fully accomplished; or
- (5) if you are married to the principal, a legal action is filed with a court to end your marriage, or for your legal separation, unless the Special Instructions in this power of attorney state that such an action will not terminate your authority.

Liability of Agent

The meaning of the authority granted to you is defined in the Vermont Uniform Power of Attorney Act, 14 V.S.A. chapter 127. If you violate the Vermont Uniform Power of Attorney Act, or act outside the authority granted, you may be liable for any damages caused by your violation. In addition to civil liability, failure to comply with your duties and authority granted under this document could subject you to criminal prosecution.

If there is anything about this document or your duties that you do not understand, you should seek legal advice.

Sec. 17. 14 V.S.A. § 4052 is amended to read:

§ 4052. STATUTORY SHORT FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

- (a) A document substantially in the following form may be used to create a statutory form power of attorney for a real estate transaction that has the

meaning and effect prescribed by this chapter. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a principal from using this form to grant other powers to an agent with respect to real property consistent with section 4034 of this title.

VERMONT STATUTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This power of attorney authorizes another person (your agent) to take actions for you (the principal) in connection with a real estate transaction (sale, purchase, mortgage, or gift, or other authorized real estate transaction). Your agent will be able to make decisions and act with respect to a specific parcel of land whether or not you are able to act for yourself. The meaning of authority over subjects listed on this form is explained in the Vermont Uniform Power of Attorney Act, 14 V.S.A. chapter 127.

DESIGNATION OF AGENT

I/we _____ and _____
(Name(s) of Principal) appoint the following person as my (our) agent:

Name of Agent: _____

Name of Alternate Successor Agent: _____

Address of Property that is the subject of this power of attorney

(Street): _____, (Municipality)
_____, Vermont.

Transaction for which the power of attorney is given:

Sale

Purchase or Acquisition

Mortgage

Finance and/or Mortgage

Gift

Other _____

GRANT OF AUTHORITY

I/we grant my (our) agent and any alternate successor agent authority named in this power of attorney to act for me/us with respect to a real estate transaction involving the property with the address stated above, including, but not limited to, the powers described in 14 V.S.A. § 4034(2), (3), and (4) as provided in the Vermont Uniform Power of Attorney Act, 14 V.S.A. chapter 127, together with the incidental powers enumerated in section 4033 of that chapter.

POWER TO DELEGATE

[] If this box is checked, each agent appointed in this power of attorney may delegate the authority to act to another person. Any delegation shall be in writing and executed in the same manner as this power of attorney.

TERM

This power of attorney commences when fully executed and continues until the real estate transaction for which it was given is complete.

SELF HEALING DEALING

[] If this box is checked, the agent named in this power of attorney may convey the subject real estate with or without consideration to the agent, individually, in trust, or to one or more persons with the agent.

CHOICE OF LAW

This power of attorney and the effect hereof shall be determined by the application of Vermont law and the Vermont Uniform Power of Attorney Act.

SIGNATURE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Your Name Printed

Your Address

Your Telephone Number

State of _____

County of _____

This document was acknowledged before me on _____ (Date)
by _____

(Name of Principal)

(Seal, if any)

Signature of Notary _____

My Commission expires: _____

(b) A power of attorney in the form above confers on the agent the powers provided in subdivisions 4034(2), (3), and (4) of this chapter.

Sec. 18. 27 V.S.A. § 305 is amended to read:

§ 305. CONVEYANCES EFFECTED THROUGH POWER OF ATTORNEY

(a) A deed or other conveyance of lands or of an estate or interest therein, made by virtue of a power of attorney, shall not be of any effect or admissible in evidence unless the power of attorney is signed, ~~witnessed by one or more witnesses~~, acknowledged, and recorded in the office where the deed is required to be recorded.

* * *

Sec. 19. 27 V.S.A. § 657 is amended to read:

§ 657. EXECUTION BY GUARDIAN; USE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

(a) With the approval of the Probate Division, a guardian may convey the real property of a person under guardianship by an ELE deed.

(b) An ELE deed may be executed by an agent under a power of attorney if the power of attorney complies with the requirements of 14 V.S.A. chapter 123 following, including any applicable gifting and self-dealing provisions:

(1) 14 V.S.A. chapter 123, if the ELE deed was executed before July 1, 2023; or

(2) 14 V.S.A. chapter 127, if the ELE deed was executed on or after July 1, 2023.

Sec. 20. 15 V.S.A. § 558 is amended to read:

§ 558. ~~WOMAN SPOUSE~~ ALLOWED TO TAKE MAIDEN PRIOR NAME

Upon granting a divorce ~~to a woman~~, unless good cause is shown to the contrary, the court ~~may~~ shall allow her a spouse to resume her maiden the spouse's prior name or the name of a former ~~husband~~ spouse.

Sec. 21. 15 V.S.A. § 788 is amended to read:

§ 788. PARENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

(a) Any parent subject to a child support or parental rights and responsibilities order shall notify in writing the court ~~which~~ that issued the most recent order and the Office of Child Support of ~~his or her~~ the parent's current mailing address and current residence address and of any change in either address within seven business days ~~of~~ after the change, until all obligations to pay support or support arrearages, or to provide for parental rights and responsibilities are satisfied. For good cause, the court may keep information provided under this subsection confidential.

(b) When a wage withholding order is in effect, either parent shall notify in writing the registry of the name and address of a new employer within seven days ~~of~~ after commencing new employment. If the Registry has received

information that a parent has changed employment, it shall notify the other parent of the fact of the change but shall not disclose the identity or the location of the employer. On request of a parent, the Registry shall provide information on the other parent's wages.

(c)(1) In all cases in which a temporary or final order for relief from abuse has been entered, information provided under this section shall be kept confidential by the court. The court, for good cause shown, may release such information.

(2) For purposes of this subsection, good cause shall be deemed established when:

(A) a party to the relief from the abuse order consents to the release of the party's own information, in which case the court may release that party's information; or

(B) the temporary or final order for relief from abuse is no longer in effect.

Sec. 22. 23 V.S.A. § 203 is amended to read:

§ 203. COUNTERFEITING, FRAUD, AND MISUSE; PENALTY

(a) A person shall not:

* * *

(2) display or cause or permit to be displayed, or have in his or her the person's possession, any fictitious or fraudulently altered operator's license, learner's permit, nondriver identification card, inspection sticker, registration certificate, or in-transit registration permit, or display for any fraudulent purpose an expired or counterfeit insurance identification card or similar document;

* * *

(b)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, a violation of subsection (a) of this section shall be a traffic violation for which there shall be a penalty of not more than \$1,000.00. If a person is found to have committed the violation, the person's privilege to operate motor vehicles shall be suspended for 60 days.

(2)(A) If a person may be charged with a violation of subdivision (a)(2) of this section or with a violation of 7 V.S.A. § 656, the person shall be charged with a violation of 7 V.S.A. § 656 and not with a violation of this section.

(B) If a person may be charged with a violation of subdivision (a)(2) of this section or with a violation of 7 V.S.A. § 1005, the person shall be charged with a violation of 7 V.S.A. § 1005 and not with a violation of this section.

Sec. 23. 27 V.S.A. § 349 is amended to read:

§ 349. CONVEYANCE TO GRANTOR AND OTHERS

(a)(1) Without an intervening conveyance, a person may convey interests in real estate directly:

(1)(A) to himself or herself themselves in a different legal capacity; or

(2)(B) to his or her the person's spouse; or

(3)(C) to himself or herself themselves and one or more other persons, including his or her the person's spouse.

(2) A person shall not convey an interest in a tenancy by the entirety or in homestead property to any person except his or her the person's spouse, unless the spouse joins in the conveyance.

(b) A conveyance made pursuant to this section shall be effective to convey such title as would be conveyed by the deed if the grantor were not also a grantee.

Sec. 24. 27 V.S.A. § 378 is amended to read:

§ 378. EFFECT OF RECORDING UNACKNOWLEDGED DEED

A person interested in a deed or lease not acknowledged may cause the deed or lease to be recorded without acknowledgment before or during the application to the court or the proceedings before any of the authorities named in sections 371–376 371–375 of this title; and, when so recorded in the proper office, it shall be as effectual as though the same had been duly acknowledged and recorded for 60 days thereafter. If such proceedings for proving the execution of the deed are pending at the expiration of such 60 days, the effect of such record shall continue until the expiration of six business days after the termination of the proceedings.

Sec. 25. 27 V.S.A. § 1302 is amended to read:

§ 1302. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

* * *

(7) “Common expenses” include:

(A) all sums lawfully assessed against the apartment or site owners by the association of owners;

(B) expenses of administration, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the common areas and facilities;

(C) expenses agreed upon as common expenses by the association of owners; and

(D) expenses declared common expenses by this chapter, or by the declaration or the bylaws.

* * *

Sec. 26. 27 V.S.A. § 1470(a) is amended to read:

(a) ~~In~~ As used in this section, “Death Master File” means the U.S. Social Security Administration Death Master File or other database or service that is at least as comprehensive as the U.S. Social Security Administration Death Master File for determining that an individual reportedly has died.

Sec. 27. 27 V.S.A. § 1531(b) is amended to read:

(b) Before selling property under subsection (a) of this section, the Administrator shall give notice to the public of:

- (1) the date of the sale; and
- (2) a reasonable description of the property.

Sec. 28. 27 V.S.A. § 1533(b) is amended to read:

(b) Replacement of the security or calculation of market value under subsection (a) of this section must take into account a stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend, or similar corporate action.

Sec. 29. 27 V.S.A. § 1552(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Administrator shall decide a claim under this section not later than 90 days after it is presented. If the Administrator determines that the other state is entitled under subsection (a) of this section to custody of the property, the Administrator shall allow the claim and pay or deliver the property to the other state.

Sec. 30. 27 V.S.A. § 1595(a) is amended to read:

(a) If a holder enters into a contract or other arrangement for the purpose of evading an obligation under this chapter or otherwise willfully fails to perform a duty imposed on the holder under this chapter, the Administrator may require the holder to pay the Administrator, in addition to interest as provided in subsection 1594(a) of this title, a civil penalty of \$1,000.00 for each day the

obligation is evaded or the duty is not performed, up to a cumulative maximum amount of \$25,000.00, plus 25 percent of the amount or value of property that should have been but was not reported, paid, or delivered as a result of the evasion or failure to perform.

Sec. 31. REPEAL

27 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 4 (congregational churches) is repealed.

Sec. 32. CONSTRUCTION OF ACT; PROPERTY INTERESTS NOT
AFFECTED

Sec. 31 of this act repeals 27 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 4 for the purpose of removing the statutory duties and procedures governing the transfer of property by congregational churches. This act shall not be construed to affect a religious corporation's rights or property interest in congregational church property. This act shall not supersede any act of the General Assembly that vested specific rights or interests in, or established specific procedures for the transfer of property by, a chartered religious corporation.

Sec. 33. 28 V.S.A. § 126 is amended to read:

§ 126. COORDINATED JUSTICE REFORM ADVISORY COUNCIL

* * *

(c) Powers and duties. The Coordinated Justice Reform Advisory Council shall:

* * *

(5) on or before September 1, 2023 and annually thereafter, recommend to the Commissioner of Corrections the a new appropriate allocation of not more than \$900,000.00 from the Justice Reinvestment II line item of the Department of Corrections' budget for the upcoming next fiscal year to support community-based programs and services, related data collection and analysis capacity, and other initiatives in accordance with subsection (a) of this section.

* * *

(e) Reports. On or before November 15, 2023 and annually thereafter, the Coordinated Justice Reform Advisory Council shall submit recommendations pursuant to subdivisions (c)(4) and (c)(5) of this section to the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee; the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Judiciary; and the House Committees on Appropriations, on Corrections and Institutions, and on Judiciary. Any recommendations submitted pursuant to subdivision (c)(4) shall be in the form of proposed legislation. The Council shall include in its reports the efforts it has made to consult with the organizations listed in subdivision (c)(3) of this section.

* * *

Sec. 34. 28 V.S.A. § 102 is amended to read:

**§ 102. COMMISSIONER OF CORRECTIONS; APPOINTMENT;
POWERS; RESPONSIBILITIES**

* * *

(c) The Commissioner is charged with the following responsibilities:

* * *

(23) To include the Coordinated Justice Reform Advisory Council's appropriation recommendations made pursuant to subdivision 126(c)(5) of this title in the Department's annual proposed budget for the next subsequent fiscal year for the purposes of developing the State budget required to be submitted to the General Assembly in accordance with 32 V.S.A. § 306.

Sec. 35. 29 V.S.A. § 561 is added to read:

§ 561. RELEASE OF OIL AND GAS LEASES

(a) After the expiration, cancellation, surrender, or relinquishment of an oil and gas lease, upon written request of the lessor, the lessee shall file a release or discharge of the lease in the land records of the town or towns where the lands described in the lease are located. The filing shall be in recordable form and shall include any fees.

(b) If any lessee, or the lessee's personal representative, successor, or assign, fails or refuses to record a release for a period of 30 days after being so requested, the lessee shall be liable for all damages occasioned thereby, including costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

(c) A lessor's request for release or discharge shall be in writing and delivered to the lessee by personal service or registered mail at the lessee's last known address.

Sec. 36. 29 V.S.A. § 563 is added to read:

**§ 563. ABANDONMENT OF OIL AND GAS INTERESTS;
PRESERVATION**

(a) An abandoned interest in oil and gas shall revert to and merge with the surface estate from which it was severed.

(b) An interest in oil and gas is deemed abandoned at any time that:

(1) it has been unused for a continuous period of 10 years after July 1, 1973; and

(2) no statement of interest under subsection (e) of this section has been filed at any time within the preceding five years.

(c) The provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall not apply to any interest in oil or gas that has been retained by the owner who originally severed the mineral estate from the surface estate, notwithstanding that other interests in the land, including ownership of the surface, may have been sold, leased, mortgaged, or otherwise transferred.

(d) This section applies to all interests in oil and gas. It also applies to interests in other minerals if created inclusively in the same instrument that expressly creates an oil and gas interest. It does not apply to mineral interests that do not expressly include an oil and gas interest or were intended to be separate from an oil and gas interest.

(e) An interest in oil and gas is deemed used at any time in which:

(1) there is actual production of oil or gas, including production from lands covered by a lease to which an oil and gas interest is subject, or from lands pooled or unitized with such lands;

(2) oil and gas operations are conducted under the terms of the instrument creating the oil and gas interest;

(3) payment is made of rental or royalties for the purpose of delaying the use or continuing the use of the oil and gas interest;

(4) payment of taxes is made on the oil and gas interest; or

(5) there exists a currently valid permit under 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 or a currently valid drilling permit under this chapter for development of the oil and gas interest.

(f) The owner of an interest in oil or gas may file a statement of interest in the land records of any municipality in which the land affected is located. The statement shall include a description of the land affected, the nature of the interest claimed, the book and page of recording of the original grant of the interest, and the name and address of the person claiming the interest.

(g) The owner of the surface estate from which an oil and gas interest was severed may give notice of abandonment under this subsection. Notice shall contain the name of the record owner of the interest; a description of the land and the nature of the interest; the book and page of filing of the interest, if it is filed; the name and address of the person giving notice; and a statement that the interest is presumed abandoned. The notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the town or towns where the land affected is located. If the address of the owner of the oil and gas interest is shown on

record, a copy of the notice shall be mailed to that address by certified or registered mail within 10 days after the date of publication.

(h) A copy of the notice under subsection (g) of this section, and an affidavit, may be filed in the land records of the municipality in which the land is located. The affidavit shall state that the oil or gas interest has been abandoned under the criteria set forth in subsection (b) of this section, and that notice of abandonment has been given under the criteria set forth in subsection (g). After the notice and affidavit have been filed, unless a court finds to the contrary, the oil and gas interest shall be presumed abandoned, and the interest of the surface owner shall be presumed for all purposes free of encumbrance from that interest.

Sec. 37. 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 165, Secs. 8–10 are amended to read:

Sec. 8. [Deleted.]

Sec. 9. [Deleted.]

Sec. 10. [Deleted.]

Sec. 38. 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 165, Sec. 11(d) is amended to read:

(d) Sees. 8–10 (repeal of authority to use gun suppressors while hunting) shall take effect on July 1, 2024. [Deleted.]

Sec. 39. REPEAL OF DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS PILOT PROJECT

Sec. 2 of 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 14 (Department of Corrections pilot project requiring report to court prior to sentencing a defendant to a term of probation for a felony) is repealed.

Sec. 40. 20 V.S.A. § 4626 is added to read:

§ 4626. DRONES; OPERATION OVER PRIVATE PROPERTY WITHOUT CONSENT OF OWNER; CIVIL PENALTY

(a) A person shall not fly a drone for hobby or recreational purposes at an altitude of less than 100 feet above privately owned real property unless the person has obtained prior written consent from the property owner.

(b) A person shall not, without the prior written consent of the property owner or occupant, use a drone to record an image of privately owned real property or of the owner or occupant of the property with the intent to conduct surveillance on the person or the property in violation of the person's reasonable expectation of privacy. For purposes of this subsection, a person is presumed to have a reasonable expectation of privacy on the person's privately owned real property if the person is not observable by another person located

at ground level in a place where the other person has a legal right to be, regardless of whether the person is observable from the air using a drone.

(c) A person engaged in the business of selling drones shall provide written notice to each purchaser of a drone required to be registered by the U.S. Department of Transportation about the requirements under subsections (a) and (b) of this section for flying a drone above privately owned real property without the property owner's prior written consent.

(d) A person who violates this section shall be assessed a civil penalty of not more than:

(1) \$50.00 for a first violation; or

(2) \$250.00 for a second or subsequent violation.

(e) As used in this section:

(1) "Property owner" means a person who owns, leases, licenses, or otherwise controls ownership or use of land, or an employee or agent of that person.

(2) "Surveillance" means:

(A) with respect to an owner or occupant of privately owned real property, the observation of the person with sufficient visual clarity to be able to obtain information about the person's identity, habits, conduct, movements, or whereabouts; or

(B) with respect to privately owned real property, the observation of the property's physical improvements with sufficient visual clarity to be able to determine unique identifying features about the property or information about its owners or occupants.

(f) This section shall not apply to the use of drones by:

(1) distribution or transmission utilities or their contractors for purposes of ensuring system reliability and resiliency; or

(2) a law enforcement officer for legitimate law enforcement purposes.

Sec. 41. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION

* * *

(b) The Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:

* * *

(33) Violations of 20 V.S.A. § 4626, relating to flying, and providing information about flying, a drone above privately owned real property without the owner's consent.

* * *

Sec. 42. 32 V.S.A. § 9605 is amended to read:

§ 9605. PAYMENT OF TAX

(a) The tax imposed by this chapter shall be paid to the Commissioner within 30 days after transfer of title to property subject to the tax or, in the case of a transfer or acquisition of a controlling interest in a person with title to property for which a deed is not given, within 30 days after transfer or acquisition.

(b) If an agreement, instrument, memorandum, or other writing evidencing a transfer of title to property is taxed as a deed at the time of its recording, the later recording of the deed to the property shall not be subject to the transfer tax.

(c)(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in the case of a transfer of interest in property through a validly executed enhanced life estate deed recorded pursuant to 27 V.S.A. chapter 6, payment shall be due by the transferee within 30 days after transfer of title to the transferee pursuant to the deed. A completed property transfer return, noting the amount of tax due to the Department, shall be recorded along with the deed.

(2) No tax shall be due under this chapter on an enhanced life estate interest that is revoked or revised pursuant to 27 V.S.A. chapter 6, provided that, in the case of a revision, the revised enhanced life estate interest transfer shall be subject to tax under this chapter.

(3) When it appears from the land records that a property is subject to tax on an enhanced life estate interest under this chapter, a person having or claiming an interest in the property, or a person representing a person having or claiming an interest in the property may submit a notarized request to the Department for a statement that a property transfer tax on an enhanced life estate deed transfer has been paid. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department shall respond to the request with a written statement that the tax has or has not been paid. If recorded in the land records, the department's response shall constitute evidence that the tax was paid.

Sec. 43. 32 V.S.A. § 9617 is amended to read:

§ 9617. NOTICES; APPEALS

Unless otherwise provided by this title:

* * *

(8)(A) At any time within three years after the date a property is transferred, a taxpayer may petition the Commissioner in writing for the refund of all or any part of the amount of tax paid. The Commissioner shall thereafter grant a hearing subject to the provisions of 3 V.S.A chapter 25 upon the matter and notify the taxpayer in writing of the Commissioner's determination concerning the refund request. The Commissioner's determination may be appealed as provided in subdivision (5) of this section. This shall be a taxpayer's exclusive remedy with respect to the refund of taxes under this chapter, ~~except as provided under subdivision (B) of this subsection.~~

(B) If the transfer taxed by this chapter was an enhanced life estate interest and that interest is revoked or revised pursuant to 27 V.S.A. chapter 6, the person who paid the tax may petition for a refund, provided that the petition is made within eight years after the date of payment of the tax and within one year after the date of revocation or revision. No petition for a refund shall be granted for the revocation or revision of an interest that occurred eight years or more after the date of payment of the tax. In the case of a revision, the revised enhanced life estate interest transfer shall be subject to tax under this chapter.

Sec. 44. 27 V.S.A. § 654 is amended to read:

**§ 654. EXECUTION AND RECORDING OF AN ENHANCED LIFE
ESTATE DEED**

(a) Subject to the rights expressly reserved in the deed, a validly executed and recorded ELE deed does not:

- (1) affect the ownership rights of the grantor or the grantor's creditors;
- (2) transfer or convey any present right, title, or interest in the property or create any present legal or equitable interest in the grantee; or
- (3) subject the grantor's property to process from the grantee's creditors.

(b) The grantor may convey the property described in an ELE deed, or any portion thereof, without the need for joinder by, consent from, agreement of, or notice to the grantee.

(c) If not previously conveyed during the lifetime of the grantor, upon the death of the grantor, subject to encumbrances of record, the interest stated in an ELE deed vests in the grantee or, for a deceased grantee, the interest passes pursuant to section 658 of this title.

(d) An executed and recorded ELE deed shall be subject to the property transfer tax under according to the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 231 § 9605(c).

Sec. 45. 13 V.S.A. § 2606 is amended to read:

§ 2606. DISCLOSURE OF SEXUALLY EXPLICIT IMAGES WITHOUT CONSENT

(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Disclose” includes transfer, publish, distribute, exhibit, or reproduce.

(2) “Harm” means physical injury, financial injury, or serious emotional distress.

(3) “Nude” means any one or more of the following uncovered parts of the human body:

- (A) genitals;
- (B) pubic area;
- (C) anus; or
- (D) post-pubescent female nipple.

(4) “Sexual conduct” shall have the same meaning as in section 2821 of this title.

(5) “Visual image” includes a photograph, film, videotape, recording, or digital reproduction, including an image created or altered by digitization.

(6) “Digitization” means the process of altering an image in a realistic manner utilizing an image or images of a person, including images other than the person depicted, or computer-generated images.

(b)(1) A person violates this section if he or she the person knowingly discloses a visual image of an identifiable person who is nude or who is engaged in sexual conduct, without his or her the person’s consent, with the intent to harm, harass, intimidate, threaten, or coerce the person depicted, and the disclosure would cause a reasonable person to suffer harm. A person may be identifiable from the image itself or information offered in connection with the image. Consent to recording or production of the visual image does not, by itself, constitute consent for disclosure of the image. A person who violates this subdivision (1) shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.

(2) A person who violates subdivision (1) of this subsection with the intent of disclosing the image for financial profit shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$10,000.00, or both.

(c) A person who maintains an Internet internet website, online service, online application, or mobile application that contains a visual image of an identifiable person who is nude or who is engaged in sexual conduct shall not solicit or accept a fee or other consideration to remove, delete, correct, modify, or refrain from posting or disclosing the visual image if requested by the depicted person.

(d) This section shall not apply to:

(1) Images involving voluntary nudity or sexual conduct in public or commercial settings or in a place where a person does not have a reasonable expectation of privacy.

(2) Disclosures made in the public interest, including the reporting of unlawful conduct, or lawful and common practices of law enforcement, criminal reporting, corrections, legal proceedings, or medical treatment.

(3) Disclosures of materials that constitute a matter of public concern.

(4) Interactive computer services, as defined in 47 U.S.C. § 230(f)(2), or information services or telecommunications services, as defined in 47 U.S.C. § 153, for content solely provided by another person. This subdivision shall not preclude other remedies available at law.

(e)(1) A plaintiff shall have a private cause of action against a defendant who knowingly discloses, without the plaintiff's consent, an identifiable visual image of the plaintiff while ~~he or she~~ the plaintiff is nude or engaged in sexual conduct and the disclosure causes the plaintiff harm.

(2) In addition to any other relief available at law, the court may order equitable relief, including a temporary restraining order, a preliminary injunction, or a permanent injunction ordering the defendant to cease display or disclosure of the image. The court may grant injunctive relief maintaining the confidentiality of a plaintiff using a pseudonym.

Sec. 46. 15A V.S.A. § 3-504 is amended to read:

§ 3-504. GROUNDS FOR TERMINATING RELATIONSHIP OF PARENT AND CHILD

(a) If a respondent answers or appears at the hearing and asserts parental rights, the court shall proceed with the hearing expeditiously. If the court finds, upon clear and convincing evidence, that any one of the following grounds exists and that termination is in the best interests of the minor, the

court shall order the termination of any parental relationship of the respondent to the minor:

* * *

(2) In the case of a minor over six months of age at the time the petition is filed, the respondent did not exercise parental responsibility for a period of at least six months immediately preceding the filing of the petition. In making a determination under this subdivision, the court shall consider all relevant factors, which may include the respondent's failure to:

(A) ~~make reasonable and consistent payments, in accordance with his or her financial means, for the support of the minor, although legally obligated to do so; [Repealed.]~~

(B) regularly communicate or visit with the minor; or

(C) during any time the minor was not in the physical custody of the other parent, manifest an ability and willingness to assume legal and physical custody of the minor.

* * *

Sec. 47. 13 V.S.A. § 3835 is added to read:

§ 3835. SURVEILLANCE DEVICES; PLACEMENT ON PRIVATE PROPERTY WITHOUT CONSENT OF OWNER; CIVIL PENALTY

(a) A person shall not place a camera or other surveillance device on any privately owned real property with the intent to conduct surveillance on the person or the property unless the person has obtained prior written consent from the property owner.

(b) A person who violates this section shall be assessed a civil penalty of not more than:

(1) \$50.00 for a first violation; or

(2) \$250.00 for a second or subsequent violation.

(c) This section shall not apply to the use of a camera or other surveillance device by a law enforcement officer for legitimate law enforcement purposes.

(d) As used in this section:

(1) “Property owner” means a person who owns, leases, licenses, or otherwise controls ownership or use of land, or an employee or agent of that person.

(2) “Surveillance” means:

(A) with respect to an owner or occupant of privately owned real property, the observation of the person with sufficient visual clarity to be able to obtain information about the person's identity, habits, conduct, movements, or whereabouts; or

(B) with respect to privately owned real property, the observation of the property's physical improvements with sufficient visual clarity to be able to determine unique identifying features about the property or information about its owners or occupants.

(3) "Surveillance device" means a device hidden or obscured from plain view that permits the observation of privately owned real property or the activities of a person on the property in a manner that invades a person's reasonable expectation of privacy.

Sec. 48. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION

* * *

(b) The Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:

* * *

(34) Violations of 13 V.S.A. § 3835, relating to placing a camera or other surveillance device on privately owned real property without the owner's consent.

* * *

Sec. 49. INDIVIDUALS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITIES;
SECURE, COMMUNITY-BASED RESIDENCES

(a) In fiscal year 2025, the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living may construct, develop, purchase, or contract for one or more secure, community-based residences for the treatment of individuals in the Commissioner's custody. The Commissioner shall ensure that a secure, community-based residence authorized under this section provides appropriate custody, care, and habilitation in a designated program, including the provision of psychiatric, psychological, nursing, and other medical care, as needed by the resident.

(b) Notwithstanding 18 V.S.A. chapter 221, subchapter 5, the establishment of one or more secure, community-based residences pursuant to this section shall not require a certificate of need.

(c) As used in this section:

(1) "Designated program" has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 8839.

(2) "Secure" means that residents may be physically prevented from leaving the residence by means of locking devices or other mechanical or physical mechanisms.

Sec. 50. REPORT; COMPETENCY RESTORATION PROGRAM; FISCAL ESTIMATE

On or before November 1, 2024, the Agency of Human Services shall submit a report to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Health Care and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare that provides a fiscal estimate for the implementation of a competency restoration program operated or under contract with the Department of Mental Health. The estimate shall include:

(1) whether and how to serve individuals with an intellectual disability in a competency restoration program;

(2) varying options dependent upon which underlying charges are eligible for court-ordered competency restoration; and

(3) costs associated with establishing a residential program where court-ordered competency restoration programming may be performed on an individual who is neither in the custody of the Commissioner of Mental Health pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4822 nor in the custody of the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4823.

Sec. 51. 23 V.S.A. § 941 is amended to read:

§ 941. INSURANCE AGAINST UNINSURED, UNDERINSURED, OR UNKNOWN MOTORIST

* * *

(f) For the purpose of this subchapter, a motor vehicle is underinsured to the extent that:

(1) the liability insurance limits applicable at the time of the crash are less than the limits of the uninsured motorist coverage applicable to the insured damages that a person insured pursuant to this section is legally entitled to recover because of injury or death; or

(2) the available liability insurance has been reduced by payments to others injured in the crash to an amount less than the limits of the uninsured motorist coverage applicable to the insured damages that a person insured pursuant to this section is legally entitled to recover because of injury or death.

* * *

(h) Payments made to an injured party under the liability insurance policy of the person legally responsible for the damage or personal injury shall not be deducted from the underinsured motorist coverage otherwise available to the injured party.

Sec. 52. 8 V.S.A. § 4203(4) is amended to read:

(4) Payment of any judicial judgment or claim by the insured for any of the company's liability under the policy shall not bar the insured from any action or right of action against the company. In case of payment of loss or expense under the policy, the company shall be subrogated to all rights of the insured against any party, as respects such loss or expense, to the amount of such payment, and the insured shall execute all papers required and shall cooperate with the company to secure to the company such rights. However, the right of subrogation against any third party shall not exist or be claimed in favor of the insurer who has paid or reimbursed, to or for the benefit of the insured, medical costs payable pursuant to medical payments coverage.

Sec. 53. APPLICABILITY

Secs. 51 and 52 of this act apply to all automobile insurance policies offered, issued, or renewed on or after January 1, 2025.

Sec. 54. 18 V.S.A. § 4248 is amended to read:

§ 4248. RECORDS

(a) ~~Law enforcement departments and agencies, and other State departments and agencies that have custody of any property subject to forfeiture under this subchapter, or that dispose of such property, shall keep and maintain full and complete records including the following:~~

(1) ~~from whom the property was received;~~

(2) ~~description of the property, including the exact kinds, quantities, and forms of the property;~~

(3) ~~value of the property;~~

(4) ~~if the property is deposited in an interest bearing account, the location of the account and the amount of interest;~~

(5) ~~under what authority the property was held or received or disposed;~~

(6) ~~to whom the property was delivered;~~

(7) ~~the date and manner of destruction or disposition of the property~~
Annually, on or before December 15, the Department of Public Safety shall report all criminal and civil seizures and forfeitures made by law enforcement

agencies under federal and State law to the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary.

(b) Those records shall be submitted to the State Treasurer and shall be open to inspection by all federal and State departments and agencies charged with enforcement of federal and State drug control laws. Persons making final disposition or destruction of the property under court order shall report, under oath, to the court the exact circumstances of that disposition or destruction and a copy of that report shall be sent to the State Treasurer. Law enforcement agencies that seize property subject to forfeiture under this subchapter and applicable federal drug laws shall maintain complete records for the agency's own use and annually submit a report, on or before November 15, to the Department of Public Safety containing information about each seizure, including the following:

- (1) the name of the law enforcement agency, State task force, or joint state-federal task force that seized the property;
- (2) a description of the property, including the exact kinds, quantities, and forms of the seized property;
- (3) the date and estimated value of the seized property;
- (4) under what suspected crime or authority the property was seized;
- (5) whether the person from whom the property was seized waived ownership as part of an agreement with a prosecutor or law enforcement agency;
- (6) the name of the State or federal office, department, or agency responsible for prosecuting any associated criminal case and the criminal charge filed against the person from whom the property was seized or other property owner;
- (7) the criminal docket number and court in which the criminal case was filed;
- (8) the name of the State or federal office, department, or agency responsible for prosecuting the property's forfeiture;
- (9) the civil, administrative, or criminal forfeiture docket number and the court in which the forfeiture case was filed;
- (10) whether the property owner defaulted in the civil, administrative, or criminal forfeiture case;
- (11) the date and disposition of the property, including whether it was returned to the owner, innocent owner or creditor; partially returned to the

owner, innocent owner or creditor; sold, destroyed, or retained by a law enforcement agency; or is pending disposition; and

(12) the date and value of the forfeiture proceeds remitted to the law enforcement agency.

(c) The Department of Public Safety shall establish a searchable public website in which the data is machine-readable. The Department may adopt rules and establish policies and procedures concerning additional requirements, including forms, instructions, deadlines, fees, penalties, audits, null reports, and a website necessary to implement this section.

(d) A law enforcement agency may postpone the reporting of a particular seizure if the property was seized from a confidential informant under the agency's confidential informant policy. Such postponement may continue for as long as the confidential informant cooperates with the law enforcement agency, after which time the agency shall report the seizure as required by this section.

(e) The Department of Public Safety may recoup its costs in publishing the report required pursuant to subsection (a) of this section by charging a fee to the law enforcement agency filing the report required by subsection (b) of this section other than an agency that files a null report. The law enforcement agency may use forfeiture proceeds to pay the costs of compiling and reporting pursuant to this section and to pay any fees imposed by the Department of Public Safety.

Sec. 55. APPLICABILITY

Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 54 of this act shall apply retroactively to any seizures occurring on and after January 1, 2024.

Sec. 56. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 12 (13 V.S.A. § 7282) shall take effect on passage and shall apply retroactively to July 1, 2023.

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.

Senator Cummings, for the Committee on Finance, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary with the following amendments thereto:

By striking out Secs. 42, 43, and 44 in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof new Secs. 42, 43, and 44 to read as follows:

Sec. 42. [Deleted.]

Sec. 43. 32 V.S.A. § 9617 is amended to read:

§ 9617. NOTICES; APPEALS

Unless otherwise provided by this title:

* * *

(8)(A) At any time within three years after the date a property is transferred, a taxpayer may petition the Commissioner in writing for the refund of all or any part of the amount of tax paid. The Commissioner shall thereafter grant a hearing subject to the provisions of 3 V.S.A chapter 25 upon the matter and notify the taxpayer in writing of the Commissioner's determination concerning the refund request. The Commissioner's determination may be appealed as provided in subdivision (5) of this section. This shall be a taxpayer's exclusive remedy with respect to the refund of taxes under this chapter, except as provided under subdivision (B) of this subsection subdivision (8).

(B) If the transfer taxed by this chapter was an enhanced life estate interest and that interest is revoked or revised pursuant to 27 V.S.A. chapter 6, the person who paid the tax may petition for a refund, ~~provided that the petition is made within eight years after the date of payment of the tax and within one year at any time~~ after the date of revocation or revision. ~~No petition for a refund shall be granted for the revocation or revision of an interest that occurred eight years or more after the date of payment of the tax.~~ In the case of a revision, the revised enhanced life estate interest transfer shall be subject to tax under this chapter.

Sec. 44. [Deleted.]

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43 and the recommendation of proposal of amendment of the Committee on Judiciary was amended as recommended by the Committee on Finance.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary, as amended?, Senator Sears moved to amend the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Judiciary in Sec. 47, 13 V.S.A. § 3835, in subsection (a), after the words "conduct surveillance on", by striking out the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word a

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary, as amended?, Senator Sears moved to amend the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Judiciary in Sec. 11, 13 V.S.A. § 4816, by striking out subsection (f) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (f) to read as follows:

(f) Introduction of a report under subsection (d)(e) of this section shall not preclude either party or the court from calling the psychiatrist or psychologist who wrote the report as a witness or from calling witnesses or introducing other relevant evidence. Any witness called by either party on the issue of the defendant's competency shall be at the State's expense, or, if called by the court, at the court's expense. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or rule, if called as a witness, the psychiatrist or psychologist who wrote the report shall be permitted to provide testimony remotely.

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary, as amended?, Senators Vyhovsky, Sears and Hashim moved to amend the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Judiciary by adding two new sections to be Secs. 56 and 57 to read as follows:

Sec. 56. 18 V.S.A. § 4201 is amended to read:

§ 4201. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(40) "Crack cocaine" means the free-base form of cocaine. [Repealed.]

* * *

Sec. 57. 18 V.S.A. § 4231 is amended to read:

§ 4231. COCAINE

* * *

(c) Trafficking.

(1) Trafficking. A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing cocaine in an amount consisting of 150 grams or more of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances containing cocaine with the intent to sell or dispense the cocaine shall be imprisoned not more than 30 years or fined not more than \$1,000,000.00, or both. There shall be a permissive inference that a person who possesses cocaine in an amount consisting of 150 grams or

more of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances containing cocaine intends to sell or dispense the cocaine. The amount of possessed cocaine under this subdivision to sustain a charge of conspiracy under 13 V.S.A. § 1404 shall be ~~no~~ not less than 400 grams in the aggregate.

(2) A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing crack cocaine in an amount consisting of 60 grams or more of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances containing crack cocaine with the intent to sell or dispense the crack cocaine shall be imprisoned not more than 30 years or fined not more than \$1,000,000.00, or both. There shall be a permissive inference that a person who possesses crack cocaine in an amount consisting of 60 grams or more of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances containing crack cocaine intends to sell or dispense the crack cocaine. [Repealed.]

and by renumbering the remaining section to be numerically correct.

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary, as amended?, Senator Vyhovsky moved to amend the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Judiciary by striking out Secs. 54 and 55 in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof new Secs. 54 and 55 to read as follows:

Sec. 54. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY PROPOSAL; ASSET FORFEITURE REPORTING

On or before December 15, 2024, the Department of Public Safety shall report to the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary proposed options for compiling and submitting periodic reports to the Legislature containing data about criminal and civil seizures and forfeitures made by law enforcement agencies in Vermont under federal and State law. The proposed options shall:

- (1) further the goal of increasing transparency with respect to asset seizures and forfeitures;
- (2) describe how the data could be formatted in an understandable and consumable manner; and
- (3) include options for providing data about:
 - (A) how often asset seizure and forfeitures occur in Vermont;
 - (B) the types of offenses that result in asset seizure and forfeitures;
 - (C) the disposition of cases in which an asset seizure or forfeiture occurred; and

(D) how the seized or forfeited property was allocated and used.

Sec. 55. [Deleted.]

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the pending question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary, as amended?, was agreed to and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Message from the House No. 76

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered a bill originating in the Senate of the following title:

S. 206. An act relating to designating Juneteenth as a legal holiday.

And has passed the same in concurrence.

Proposal of Amendment; Bill Passed in Concurrence with Proposal of Amendment

H. 612.

House bill entitled:

An act relating to miscellaneous cannabis amendments.

Was taken up.

Thereupon, pending third reading of the bill, Senator Harrison moved to amend the Senate proposal of amendment by striking Secs. 15a–21 in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof new Secs. 15a–19 to read as follows:

Sec. 15a. CANNABIS BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT FUND; CANNABIS SOCIAL EQUITY WORKING GROUP

The Cannabis Control Board shall work in consultation with the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board, the Vermont Land Access and Opportunity Board, the Vermont Racial Justice Alliance, the Office of Racial Equity, and the Agency of Commerce and Community Development for purpose of making recommendations to the General Assembly regarding a percentage of cannabis excise tax monies that should be appropriated to the Cannabis Business Development Fund for uses as provided pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 987.

The Cannabis Control Board shall incorporate the recommendations into the Cannabis Social Equity Programs report required pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 989.

Sec. 16. 7 V.S.A. § 869 is amended to read:

§ 869. CULTIVATION OF CANNABIS; ENVIRONMENTAL AND LAND USE STANDARDS; REGULATION OF CULTIVATION

(a) A cannabis establishment shall not be regulated as “farming” under the Required Agricultural Practices, 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, or other State law, and cannabis produced from cultivation shall not be considered an agricultural product, farm crop, or agricultural crop for the purposes of 32 V.S.A. chapter 124, 32 V.S.A. § 9741, or other relevant State law.

* * *

(f) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a cultivator licensed under this chapter who initiates cultivation of cannabis outdoors on a parcel of land shall:

(1) be regulated in the same manner as “farming” and not as “development” on the tract of land where cultivation occurs for the purposes of permitting under 10 V.S.A. chapter 151;

(2) not be regulated by a municipal bylaw adopted under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117 in the same manner that Required Agricultural Practices are not regulated by a municipal bylaw under 24 V.S.A. § 4413(d)(1)(A), except that there shall be the following minimum setback distance between the cannabis plant canopy and a property boundary or edge of a highway:

(i) if the cultivation occurs in a cannabis cultivation district adopted by a municipality pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 4414a, the setback shall be not larger than 25 feet as established by the municipality;

(ii) if the cultivation occurs outside of a cannabis cultivation district adopted by a municipality pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 4414a or no cannabis cultivation district has been adopted by the municipality, the setback shall be not larger than 50 feet as established by the municipality; and

(iii) if a municipality does not have zoning, the setback shall be 10 feet;

(3) be eligible to enroll in the Use Value Appraisal Program under 32 V.S.A. chapter 124 for the cultivation of cannabis;

(4) be exempt under 32 V.S.A. § 9741(3), (25), and (50) from the tax on retail sales imposed under 32 V.S.A. § 9771; and

(5) be entitled to the rebuttable presumption that cultivation does not constitute a nuisance under 12 V.S.A. chapter 195 in the same manner as

“agricultural activities” are entitled to the rebuttable presumption, provided that, notwithstanding 12 V.S.A. § 5753(a)(1)(A), the cultivation is complying with subsections (b) and (d) of this section.

Sec. 17. 24 V.S.A. § 4414a is added to read:

§ 4414a. CANNABIS CULTIVATION DISTRICT

A municipality, after consultation with the municipal cannabis control commission, if one exists, may adopt a bylaw identifying cannabis cultivation districts where the outdoor cultivation of cannabis is preferred within the municipality. Cultivation of cannabis within a cannabis cultivation district shall be presumed not to result in an undue effect on the character of the area affected. The adoption of a cannabis cultivation district shall not have the effect of prohibiting cultivation of outdoor cannabis in the municipality.

**Sec. 18. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD REPORT; SITING OF
OUTDOOR CANNABIS CULTIVATION**

(a) On or before December 15, 2024, the Cannabis Control Board shall submit to the Senate Committees on Government Operations and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and the House Committees on Government Operations and Military Affairs and on Commerce and Economic Development a report regarding the siting and licensing of outdoor cannabis cultivation. The report shall:

(1) summarize the current impact of outdoor cultivation on local municipalities;

(2) summarize the impact of establishing various siting requirements to existing licensed outdoor cultivators;

(3) address whether and how to authorize municipalities to establish local cultivation districts;

(4) address whether and how outdoor cultivation of cannabis should be entitled to the rebuttable presumption that cultivation does not constitute a nuisance under 12 V.S.A. chapter 195; and

(5) recommend whether local cannabis control commissions established pursuant to 7 V.S.A. chapter 33 should be granted additional authority to regulate outdoor cannabis cultivators.

(b) The Cannabis Control Board shall consult with the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, the Cannabis Equity Coalition, the Vermont Medical Society, the Cannabis Retailers Association of Vermont, and other interested stakeholders in developing the report required under subsection (a) of this section.

(c) As part of the report required under subsection (a) of this section, the Cannabis Control Board shall address the impact of modifying the law governing cannabis advertising.

Sec. 19. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that:

- (1) Sec. 6, 7 V.S.A. § 910, shall take effect on July 1, 2025; and
- (2) Sec. 16 (setbacks for cannabis cultivation) shall take effect on January 1, 2025.

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the bill was read a third time and passed in concurrence with proposal of amendment.

Message from the House No. 77

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill of the following title:

H. 780. An act relating to judicial nominations and appointments.

And has concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Bill Passed in Concurrence with Proposal of Amendment; Rules Suspended; Bill Messaged

H. 875.

House bill entitled:

An act relating to the State Ethics Commission and the State Code of Ethics.

Was taken up.

Thereupon, the bill was read a third time and passed in concurrence with proposal of amendment, on a roll call, Yeas 18, Nays 10.

Senator Baruth having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Baruth, Chittenden, Clarkson, Cummings, Gulick, Hardy, Harrison, Hashim, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, McCormack, Perchlik, Ram Hinsdale, Vyhovsky, Watson, White, Wrenner.

Those Senators who voted in the negative were: Brock, Campion, Collamore, Ingalls, Norris, Sears, Starr, Weeks, Westman, Williams.

The Senator absent and not voting was: Bray.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and the bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith.

Rules Suspended; Bill Messaged

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the following bills were ordered messaged to the House forthwith:

S. 192, H. 612.

Senate Concurrent Resolution Adopted on the Part of the Senate

Upon request of Senator Baruth, Senate concurrent resolution of the following title was read and adopted on the part of the Senate:

By Senators Clarkson, Brock, Baruth, Bray, Campion, Chittenden, Collamore, Cummings, Gulick, Hardy, Harrison, Hashim, Ingalls, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, Norris, Perchlik, Ram Hinsdale, Sears, Starr, Vyhovsky, Watson, Weeks, Westman, White, Williams and Wrenner,

S.C.R. 16. Senate concurrent resolution honoring Senator Richard McCormack for his dedicated legislative service in the Vermont Senate.

Whereas, Dick McCormack has represented the Windsor Senate District for much of the past 35 years, and he is proud of being a passionate environmentalist, strong defender of public education, adherent to constitutional norms, and a legislator always ready to fight a worthy battle even if he is the only warrior for the cause, and

Whereas, a graduate of Hofstra University, he also studied secondary education at Castleton State College, and, later, earned a master's degree in environmental policy from Vermont Law School, and

Whereas, Dick McCormack's personal pursuits extend from folk music to post-secondary education to public service, and he has engaged in these avocations with passion and good humor, and

Whereas, as a folk-singing performing and recording artist, Dick McCormack often invokes a Vermont theme in his songs, and, in the 1990s, he hosted *Dick McCormack's Veranda*, a series of programs on Vermont Public Radio, and

Whereas, in his role as a post-secondary instructor, Dick McCormack enjoyed the academic interchange with his students at Vermont Technical College, and

Whereas, Dick McCormack's strong interest in the Act 250 environmental law's success motivated him to serve on the Act 250 District 3 Environmental Commission, including as the panel's chair; and, simultaneously, he served as a justice of the peace in the Town of Bethel, and

Whereas, in 1989, then-Governor Madeleine Kunin recognized Dick McCormack's strong record of public service and appointed him to a Windsor District vacancy in the Vermont Senate, and

Whereas, he has approached this important representational role (from 1989 to 2003 and from 2007 to the present) with a profound seriousness of purpose, and his Democratic colleagues elected him as their caucus leader, and the Senate Committee on Committees named Richard McCormack Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy Chair, and

Whereas, many organizations have honored Richard McCormack's numerous legislative achievements and advocacy efforts, and 2024 will be his final year serving in the Vermont Senate, *now therefore be it*

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:

That the General Assembly honors Senator Richard McCormack for his dedicated legislative service in the Vermont Senate, *and be it further*

Resolved: That the Secretary of State be directed to send a copy of this resolution to Senator Richard McCormack.

Thereupon, the pending question, Shall the concurrent resolution be adopted on the part of the Senate was agreed to on a roll call, Yeas 29, Nays 0.

Senator Baruth having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Baruth, Bray, Brock, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Collamore, Cummings, Gulick, Hardy, Harrison, Hashim, Ingalls, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, McCormack, Norris, Perchlik, Ram Hinsdale, Sears, Starr, Vyhovsky, Watson, Weeks, Westman, White, Williams, Wrenner.

Those Senators who voted in the negative were: None.

*Senator Vyhovsky explained her vote as follows:

“Thank you, Senator, for your service to Vermont and for your mentorship to me as I started my Senate journey.”

Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and Adopted on the Part of the Senate; Rules Suspended; Action Messaged

S. 309.

Senator Perchlik, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to miscellaneous changes to laws related to the Department of Motor Vehicles, motor vehicles, and vessels

Respectfully reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the House recede from its proposals of amendment and the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Transporters * * *

Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. § 4 is amended to read:

§ 4. DEFINITIONS

* * *

(8)(A)(i) “Dealer” means a person, partnership, corporation, or other entity engaged in the business of selling or exchanging new or used motor vehicles, snowmobiles, motorboats, or all-terrain vehicles. A dealer may, as part of or incidental to such business, repair such vehicles or motorboats, sell parts and accessories, or lease or rent such vehicles or motorboats. “Dealer” shall does not include a finance or auction dealer or a transporter.

(ii)(I) For a dealer in new or used cars or motor trucks, “engaged in the business” means having sold or exchanged at least 12 cars or motor trucks, or a combination thereof, in the immediately preceding year, or 24 in the two immediately preceding years.

(II) For a dealer in snowmobiles, motorboats, or all-terrain vehicles, "engaged in the business" means having sold or exchanged at least one snowmobile, motorboat, or all-terrain vehicle, respectively, in the immediately preceding year or two in the two immediately preceding years.

(III) For a dealer in trailers, semi-trailers, or trailer coaches, "engaged in the business" means having sold or exchanged at least one trailer, semi-trailer, or trailer coach in the immediately preceding year or a combination of two such vehicles in the two immediately preceding years. However, the sale or exchange of a trailer with a gross vehicle weight rating of 3,500 pounds or less shall be excluded under this subdivision (III).

(IV) For a dealer in motorcycles or motor-driven cycles, "engaged in the business" means having sold or exchanged at least one motorcycle or motor-driven cycle in the immediately preceding year or a combination of two such vehicles in the two immediately preceding years.

* * *

(42)(A) "Transporter" means:

(i) a person engaged in the business of delivering vehicles of a type required to be registered from a manufacturing, assembling, or distributing plant to dealers or sales agents of a manufacturer;

(ii) a person regularly engaged in the business of towing trailer coaches, owned by them or temporarily in their custody, on their own wheels over public highways, or towing office trailers owned by them or temporarily in their custody, on their own wheels over public highways;

(iii) a person regularly engaged and properly licensed for the short-term rental of "storage trailers" owned by them and who move these storage trailers on their own wheels over public highways;

(iv) a person regularly engaged in the business of moving modular homes over public highways;

(v) dealers, owners of motor vehicle auction sites, and automobile repair shop owners when engaged in the transportation of motor vehicles to and from their place of business for repair purposes; or

(vi) the following, provided that the transportation and delivery of motor vehicles is a common and usual incident to their business:

(I) persons towing overwidth trailers owned by them in connection with their business;

(II) persons whose business is the repossession of motor vehicles; and

(III) persons whose business involves moving vehicles from the place of business of a registered dealer to another registered dealer, or between a motor vehicle auction site and a registered dealer or another motor vehicle auction site, leased vehicles to the lessor at the expiration of the lease, or vehicles purchased at the place of auction of an auction dealer to the purchaser; and

(IV) persons who sell or exchange new or used motor vehicles but who are not engaged in business as that phrase is defined in subdivision (8)(A)(ii) of this section.

* * *

Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 491 is amended to read:

§ 491. TRANSPORTER APPLICATION; ELIGIBILITY; USE OF TRANSPORTER PLATES

(a) A transporter may apply for and the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, in ~~his or her~~ the Commissioner's discretion, may issue a certificate of registration and a general distinguishing number plate. Before a person may be registered as a transporter, ~~he or she~~ the person shall present proof self-certify the following on a form provided by the Commissioner:

(1) of compliance with section 800 of this title; and

(2) that ~~he or she~~ the person either owns or leases a permanent place of business located in this State where business will be conducted during regularly established business hours and the required records stored and maintained.

(b) When ~~he or she~~ a transporter displays thereon ~~his or her~~ the transporter's registration plate, a the transporter or his or her the transporter's employee or contractor may transport a motor vehicle owned by the transporter, repossessed, or temporarily in the transporter's custody, and it shall be considered ~~to be~~ properly registered under this title. Transporter's A transporter's registration plates shall not be used for any other purposes and shall not be used by the holder of such number plates for personal purposes.

* * * Definition of All-Surface Vehicle * * *

Sec. 3. 23 V.S.A. § 4(80) is amended to read:

(80) An "all-surface vehicle" or "ASV" means any non-highway recreational vehicle, except a snowmobile, when used for cross-country travel on trails or on any one of the following or combination of the following: land, water, snow, ice, marsh, swampland, and natural terrain. An all-surface vehicle shall be designed for use both on land and in water, with or without

tracks, shall be capable of flotation and shall be equipped with a skid-steering system, a sealed body, a fully contained cooling system, and six or up to eight tires designed to be inflated with an operating pressure not exceeding 10 pounds per square inch as recommended by the manufacturer. An all-surface vehicle shall have a net weight of 1,500 pounds or less, shall have a width of 75 inches or less, shall be equipped with an engine of not more than 50 horsepower, and shall have a maximum speed of not more than 25 miles per hour. An ASV when operated in water shall be considered to be a motorboat and shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 29, subchapter 2 of this title. An ASV operated anywhere except in water shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 31 of this title.

* * * Record Keeping * * *

Sec. 4. 23 V.S.A. § 117 is added to read:

§ 117. RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS; CERTIFICATES OF TITLE

(a) Original records. Original certificate of title records, including surrendered certificates of title and requests for salvage title, as issued pursuant to chapters 21 and 36 of this title, shall be maintained as an electronic image or electronic copy or other form of image, which allows for the tracing of anything for which the Department of Motor Vehicles issues a certificate of title, for a period of five years.

(b) Electronic format. Records of title shall be maintained in a format, determined by the Commissioner, that allows for the tracing of anything for which the Department of Motor Vehicles issues a certificate of title.

Sec. 5. 23 V.S.A. § 2017(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Commissioner shall maintain a record of all certificates of title issued and of all exempt vehicle titles issued under a distinctive title number assigned to the vehicle; under the identification number of the vehicle; alphabetically, under the name of the owner; and, in the discretion of the Commissioner, by any other method the Commissioner determines. The original records may be maintained on microfilm or electronic imaging pursuant to section 117 of this title.

Sec. 6. 23 V.S.A. § 2027(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Commissioner shall file and retain for five years every surrendered certificate of title so as to permit the tracing of title of the corresponding vehicles pursuant to section 117 of this title.

Sec. 7. 23 V.S.A. § 2092 is amended to read:

§ 2092. ISSUANCE OF SALVAGE TITLE

The Commissioner shall file and maintain in the manner provided in section ~~2017~~ 117 of this title each application received and when satisfied as to its genuineness and regularity and that the applicant is entitled to the issuance of a salvage certificate of title, shall issue a salvage certificate of title to the vehicle.

Sec. 8. 23 V.S.A. § 3810(b)(1) is amended to read:

(b)(1) The Commissioner shall maintain ~~at his or her central office~~ a record of all certificates of title issued by ~~him or her~~:

(A) ~~under a distinctive title number assigned to the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle;~~

(B) ~~under the identification number of the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle;~~

(C) ~~alphabetically, under the name of the owner; and, in the discretion of the Commissioner, by any other method he or she determines~~ the Commissioner pursuant to section 117 of this title.

Sec. 9. 23 V.S.A. § 3820(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Commissioner shall file and retain every surrendered certificate of title ~~for five years. The file shall be maintained so as to permit the tracing of title of the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle designated pursuant to~~ section 117 of this title.

* * * Registration; Residents * * *

Sec. 10. 23 V.S.A. § 301 is amended to read:

§ 301. PERSONS REQUIRED TO REGISTER

(a) As used in this section:

(1) ~~“Resident” means an individual living in the State who intends to make the State the individual’s place of domicile either permanently or for an indefinite number of years.~~

(2) ~~“Temporary resident” means an individual living in the State for a particular purpose involving a defined period, including students, migrant workers employed in seasonal occupations, and individuals employed under a contract with a fixed term, provided that the motor vehicle will be used in the State on a regular basis.~~

(b) Residents, except as provided in chapter 35 of this title, shall annually register motor vehicles owned or leased for a period of more than 30 days and operated by them, unless currently registered in Vermont.

(c) Temporary residents and foreign partnerships, firms, associations, and corporations having a place of business in this State may annually register motor vehicles owned or leased for a period of more than 30 days and operated by them or an employee.

(d) Notwithstanding this section, a resident who has moved into the State from another jurisdiction shall register ~~his or her~~ the resident's motor vehicle within 60 days of after moving into the State. A person

(e) An individual shall not operate a motor vehicle nor draw a trailer or semi-trailer on any highway unless such vehicle is registered as provided in this chapter. Vehicle owners who have apportioned power units registered in this State under the International Registration Plan are exempt from the requirement to register their trailers in this State.

Sec. 11. 23 V.S.A. § 303(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Commissioner or ~~his or her~~ the Commissioner's duly authorized agent shall register a motor vehicle, trailer, or semi-trailer ~~when that is required or permitted to be registered in Vermont upon application therefor~~, on a form prescribed by the Commissioner that is filed with the Commissioner, showing such motor vehicle to be properly equipped and in good mechanical condition, ~~is filed with him or her, and~~ accompanied by the required registration fee and evidence of the applicant's ownership of the vehicle in such form as the Commissioner may reasonably require. Except for State or municipal vehicles, registrants and titled owners shall be identical.

* * * Weight Limitations on Low-Number Plates * * *

Sec. 12. 23 V.S.A. § 304(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Commissioner shall issue registration numbers 101 through 9999, which shall be known as reserved registration numbers, for pleasure cars, ~~motor trucks that are registered at the pleasure car rate for less than 26,001 pounds,~~ and motorcycles in the following manner:

* * *

(4) A person holding a reserved registration number on a pleasure car, a truck ~~that is registered at the pleasure car rate for less than 26,001 pounds,~~ or a motorcycle may be issued the same reserved registration number for the other authorized vehicle types, provided that the person receives ~~no~~ not more than one such plate or set of plates for each authorized vehicle type.

* * * License Plates; Registration; Prorated Refunds * * *

Sec. 13. 23 V.S.A. § 327 is amended to read:

§ 327. REFUND WHEN PLATES NOT USED

Subject to the conditions set forth in subdivisions ~~(1), (2), and (3)~~ ~~(1)-(4)~~ of this section, the Commissioner may cancel the registration of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or motorboat when the owner returns to the Commissioner either the number plates, if any, or the registration certificate. Upon cancellation of the registration, the Commissioner shall notify the Commissioner of Finance and Management, who shall issue a refund as follows:

(1) For registrations ~~cancelled~~ canceled prior to the beginning of the registration period, the refund is the full amount of the fee paid, less a charge of \$5.00.

(2) For registrations ~~cancelled~~ canceled within 30 days ~~of~~ after the date of issue, the refund is the full amount of the fee paid, less a charge of \$5.00. The owner of a motor vehicle must prove to the Commissioner's satisfaction that the number plates have not been used or attached to a motor vehicle.

(3) For registrations ~~cancelled~~ canceled prior to the beginning of the second year of a two-year registration period, the refund is one-half of the full amount of the two-year fee paid, less a charge of \$5.00.

(4) For registrations canceled prior to conclusion of a five-year registration period, the refund is as follows:

(A) four-fifths of the full amount of the five-year fee paid less a charge of \$5.00 if canceled prior to the beginning of the second year;

(B) three-fifths of the full amount of the five-year fee paid less a charge of \$5.00 if canceled prior to the beginning of the third year;

(C) two-fifths of the full amount of the five-year fee paid less a charge of \$5.00 if canceled prior to the beginning of the fourth year; and

(D) one-fifth of the full amount of the five-year fee paid less a charge of \$5.00 if canceled prior to the beginning of the fifth year.

* * * Tinted Windows * * *

Sec. 14. 23 V.S.A. § 1125 is amended to read:

§ 1125. OBSTRUCTING WINDSHIELDS, AND WINDOWS

(a) Prohibition. Except as otherwise provided in this section, ~~a person~~ an individual shall not operate a motor vehicle on which material or items have been painted or adhered on or over, or hung in back of, any transparent part of a motor vehicle windshield, vent windows, or side windows located

immediately to the left and right of the operator. The prohibition of this section on hanging items shall apply only to shading or tinting material or when a hanging item materially obstructs the driver's view.

(b) General exemptions. Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a person an individual may operate a motor vehicle with material or items painted or adhered on or over, or hung in back of, the windshield, vent windows, or side windows:

(1) in a space not over four inches high and 12 inches long in the lower right-hand corner of the windshield;

(2) in such space as the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may specify for location of any sticker required by governmental regulation;

(3) in a space not over two inches high and two and one-half inches long in the upper left-hand corner of the windshield;

(4) if the operator is a person an individual employed by the federal, State, or local government or a volunteer emergency responder operating an authorized emergency vehicle, who places any necessary equipment in back of the windshield of the vehicle, provided the equipment does not interfere with the operator's control of the driving mechanism of the vehicle;

(5) on a motor vehicle that is for sale by a licensed automobile dealer prior to the sale of the vehicle, in a space not over three inches high and six inches long in the upper left-hand corner of the windshield, and in a space not over four inches high and 18 inches long in the upper right-hand corner of the windshield; or

(6) if the object is a rearview mirror, or is an electronic toll-collection transponder located either between the roof line and the rearview mirror post or behind the rearview mirror; or

(7) if the object is shading or tinting material and the visible light transmission of that shading or tinting material is not less than the level of visible light transmission required under 49 C.F.R. § 571.205, as amended.

(c) Medical exemption. The Commissioner may grant an exemption to the prohibition of this section upon application from a person an individual required for medical reasons to be shielded from the rays of the sun and who attaches to the application a document signed by a licensed physician or optometrist certifying that shielding from the rays of the sun is a medical necessity. The physician or optometrist certification shall be renewed every four years. However, when a licensed physician or optometrist has previously certified to the Commissioner that an applicant's condition is both permanent and stable, the exemption may be renewed by the applicant without submission

of a form signed by a licensed physician or optometrist. Additionally, the window shading or tinting permitted under this subsection shall be limited to the vent windows or side windows located immediately to the left and right of the operator. The exemption provided in this subsection shall terminate upon the transfer of the approved vehicle and at that time the applicable window tinting shall be removed by the seller. Furthermore, if the material described in this subsection tears or bubbles or is otherwise worn to prohibit clear vision, it shall be removed or replaced.

(d) Rear side window obstructions. The rear side windows and the back window may be obstructed only if the motor vehicle is equipped on each side with a securely attached mirror, which that provides the operator with a clear view of the roadway in the rear and on both sides of the motor vehicle.

(e) Removal. Any shading or tinting material that is painted or adhered on or over, or hung in back of, the windshield, vent windows, or side windows in accordance with subdivision (b)(7) or subsection (c) of this section shall be removed if it tears, bubbles, or is otherwise worn to prohibit clear vision.

(f) Definition. As used in this section, “visible light transmission” means the amount of visible light that can pass through shading, tinting, or glazing material applied to or within the transparent portion of a window or windshield of a motor vehicle.

Sec. 15. LEGISLATIVE INTENT; TINTED WINDOWS

It is the intent of the General Assembly that a motor vehicle with shading or tinting material that is not allowed under 23 V.S.A. § 1125, as amended by Sec. 14 of this act, poses a danger to the individual operating the motor vehicle, any passengers in the motor vehicle, and other highway users and that such a motor vehicle shall fail the annual safety inspection required under 23 V.S.A. § 1222.

Sec. 16. RULEMAKING; PERIODIC INSPECTION MANUAL; TINTED WINDOWS; OUTREACH

(a) The Department of Motor Vehicles shall, unless extended by the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules, adopt amendments to Department of Motor Vehicles, Inspection of Motor Vehicles (CVR 14-050-022) consistent with the legislative intent in Sec. 15 of this act to be effective not later than the effective date of Sec. 14 of this act. The amendments shall include what level of visible light transmission is required for windshields and the windows to the immediate right and left of the driver under 49 C.F.R. § 571.205 as of the effective date of the amendments.

(b) The Department of Motor Vehicles, in consultation with the Department of Public Safety, shall implement a public outreach campaign on

window tinting to provide information on the prohibitions and exceptions under 23 V.S.A. § 1125, as amended by Sec. 14 of this act, and the requirements of the Inspection of Motor Vehicles (CVR 14-050-022), with amendments adopted under the Administrative Procedure Act consistent with subsection (a) of this section, including what level of visible light transmission is currently required for windshields and the windows to the immediate right and left of the driver under 49 C.F.R. § 571.205. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall start to disseminate information as required under this subsection (b) not later than two months prior to the effective date of Sec. 14 of this act and shall disseminate information on window tinting through e-mail, bulletins, software updates, and the Department of Motor Vehicles' website.

* * * Rusted Brake Rotors; Safety Inspection * * *

Sec. 17. RUSTED BRAKE ROTORS; LEGISLATIVE INTENT;
BULLETIN; CONTACT INFORMATION FOR FAILURES

(a) Legislative intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly that:

(1) the Department of Motor Vehicles provide information on the existing definition of “rust” in Department of Motor Vehicles, Inspection of Motor Vehicles (CVR 14-050-022) (Periodic Inspection Manual), which is “a condition of any swelling, delamination, or pitting,” to all inspection mechanics certified by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles so there is consistency amongst inspection stations in how the Periodic Inspection Manual is interpreted and applied.

(2) that the presence of rust on brake rotors, by itself, does not constitute a failure for the purpose of the annual safety inspection required under 23 V.S.A. § 1222 and that the presence of rust that is temporary, also known as surface rust, which sometimes results from the vehicle being parked for a period of time, not be sufficient for a motor vehicle to fail inspection because such rust does not cause diminished braking performance that prevents a motor vehicle from adequately stopping.

(b) Bulletin. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall issue a clarifying administrative bulletin to all inspection mechanics certified by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles that:

(1) details the rejection criteria for rotors and drums in the Periodic Inspection Manual;

(2) explains the difference between surface rust and rust that is considerable for purposes of determining if the rejection criteria are met, which requires that the existing rust be “a condition of any swelling, delamination, or pitting”; and

(3) provides information that an inspection mechanic shall provide to the owner of a vehicle that fails inspection because of rusting on rotors and drums.

(c) Contact information. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall include how to contact the Department of Motor Vehicles with questions about the annual safety inspection and the Periodic Inspection Manual on all notices of failure issued by inspection mechanics certified by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles.

* * * Emergency Warning Lamps and Sirens * * *

Sec. 18. 23 V.S.A. § 1251 is amended to read:

§ 1251. SIRENS AND COLORED SIGNAL EMERGENCY WARNING LAMPS; OUT-OF-STATE EMERGENCY AND RESCUE VEHICLES

(a) Prohibition. A motor vehicle shall not be operated upon a highway of this State equipped with any of the following:

(1) a siren or signal lamp colored other than amber unless either a permit authorizing this equipment the siren, issued by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, is carried in the vehicle or a permit is not required pursuant to section 1252 of this subchapter;

(2) an emergency warning lamp unless either a permit authorizing the emergency warning lamp, issued by the Commissioner, is carried in the vehicle or a permit is not required pursuant to section 1252 of this subchapter;

(3) a blue light of any kind unless either a permit authorizing the blue light, issued by the Commissioner, is carried in the vehicle or a permit is not required pursuant to section 1252 of this subchapter; or

(4) a lamp or lamps that are not emergency warning lamps and provide a flashing light in a color other than amber, except that this prohibition shall not apply to a motorcycle headlamp modulation system that meets the criteria specified in Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 108, codified at 49 C.F.R. § 571.108.

(b) Permit transfer. A permit may be transferred following the same procedure and subject to the same time limits as set forth in section 321 of this title. The Commissioner may adopt additional rules as may be required to govern the acquisition of permits and the use pertaining to sirens and colored signal emergency warning lamps.

(b)(c) Exception for vehicles from another state. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, when responding to emergencies,

law enforcement vehicles, ambulances, fire vehicles, or vehicles owned or leased by, or provided to, volunteer firefighters or rescue squad members that are registered or licensed by another state or province may use sirens and signal emergency warning lamps in Vermont, and a permit shall not be required for such use, as long as provided the vehicle is properly permitted or otherwise permitted to use the sirens and emergency warning lamps without permit in its home state or province.

Sec. 19. 23 V.S.A. § 1252 is amended to read:

§ 1252. LAW ENFORCEMENT AND EMERGENCY SERVICES VEHICLES; ISSUANCE OF PERMITS FOR SIRENS OR COLORED EMERGENCY WARNING LAMPS, OR BOTH; USE OF AMBER LAMPS

(a) Law enforcement vehicles.

(1) When satisfied as to the condition and use of the vehicle, the Commissioner shall issue and may revoke, for cause, permits for sirens and colored signal lamps in the following manner Law enforcement vehicles owned and operated by the government. The following are authorized for use, without permit, on all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by the federal government, a municipality, a county, the State, or the Vermont Criminal Justice Council:

(1)(A) Sirens, blue signal emergency warning lamps, or blue and white signal emergency warning lamps, or a combination thereof, may be authorized for all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a law enforcement agency, a certified law enforcement officer, or the Vermont Criminal Justice Council.

(B) A red signal emergency warning lamp or an a red and amber signal emergency warning lamp, or a combination thereof, may be authorized for all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a law enforcement agency, a certified law enforcement officer, or the Vermont Criminal Justice Council, provided that the Commissioner shall require the emergency warning lamp or lamps be is mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.

(C)(2) Law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a certified law enforcement officer.

(A) When satisfied as to the condition and use of the vehicle, the Commissioner shall issue and may revoke, for cause, permits for sirens and emergency warning lamps in the following manner:

(i) sirens, blue emergency warning lamps, or blue and white emergency warning lamps, or a combination thereof; and

(ii) a red emergency warning lamp or a red and amber emergency warning lamp, provided that the emergency warning lamp is mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.

(B) No motor vehicle, other than one owned by the applicant, shall be issued a permit until the Commissioner has recorded the information regarding both the owner of the vehicle and the applicant for the permit.

(3) Law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a certified constable.

(A) If the applicant is a The following are authorized for use, without permit, on all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a Vermont Criminal Justice Council certified constable, the application shall be accompanied by a certification by the town clerk that the applicant is the duly elected or appointed constable and attesting that the town for a municipality that has not voted to limit the constable's authority to engage in enforcement activities under 24 V.S.A. § 1936a: a red emergency warning lamp or a red and amber emergency warning lamp, provided that the emergency warning lamp is mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.

(B) A constable for a municipality that has voted to limit the constable's authority to engage in enforcement activities under 24 V.S.A. § 1936a shall not operate, in the course of the constable's elected duties, a motor vehicle with a siren or an emergency warning lamp.

(2)(b) Emergency services vehicles.

(1) Emergency services vehicles owned and operated by the government. The following are authorized for use, without permit, on all emergency services vehicles owned or leased by the federal government, a municipality, or the State:

(A) sirens and red emergency warning lamps or red and white emergency warning lamps; and

(B) a blue emergency warning lamp or a blue and amber emergency warning lamp provided that the emergency warning lamp is mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.

(2) Emergency services vehicles not owned and operated by the government.

(A) When satisfied as to the condition and use of the vehicle, the Commissioner shall issue and may revoke, for cause, permits for sirens and emergency warning lamps in the following manner:

(i) Sirens and red emergency warning lamps or red and white signal emergency warning lamps may be authorized for all ambulances and other emergency medical service (EMS) vehicles, vehicles owned or leased by a fire department, vehicles used solely in rescue operations, or vehicles owned or leased by, or provided to, volunteer firefighters and voluntary rescue squad members, including a vehicle owned by a volunteer's employer when the volunteer has the written authorization of the employer to use the vehicle for emergency fire or rescue activities.

(B)(ii) A blue signal emergency warning lamp or ~~an a~~ blue and amber signal emergency warning lamp, or a combination thereof, may be authorized for all EMS vehicles or vehicles owned or leased by a fire department, provided that the Commissioner shall require the emergency warning lamp ~~or lamps~~ be mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.

(3) [Repealed.]

(4)(B) No motor vehicle, other than one owned by the applicant, shall be issued a permit until the Commissioner has recorded the information regarding both the owner of the vehicle and the applicant for the permit.

(5)(C) Upon application to the Commissioner, the Commissioner may issue a single permit for all the vehicles owned or leased by the applicant.

(6)(c) Sirens and Restored vehicles. A combination of one or more of red ~~or signal lamps~~, red and white signal lamps ~~or sirens and~~, blue signal lamps, or blue and white signal lamps may be authorized for restored emergency or enforcement vehicles used for exhibition purposes. Sirens and lamps authorized under this subdivision subsection may only be activated during an exhibition, such as a car show or parade.

(b)(d) Amber signal lamps. Amber signal lamps shall be used on road maintenance vehicles, service vehicles, and wreckers and shall be used on all registered snow removal equipment when in use removing snow on public highways, and the amber lamps shall be mounted so as to be visible from all sides of the motor vehicle.

Sec. 20. 23 V.S.A. § 1254 is added to read:

§ 1254. EMERGENCY WARNING LAMP; DEFINITION

As used in sections 1251–1255 of this subchapter, “emergency warning lamp”:

(1) means a lamp or lamps that provide a flashing light to identify an authorized vehicle on an emergency mission that may be a rotating beacon or pairs of alternately or simultaneously flashing lamps; and

(2) does not include a lamp or lamps that provide an exclusively amber flashing light.

Sec. 21. 23 V.S.A. § 1255(b) is amended to read:

(b) All persons with motor vehicles equipped as provided in subdivisions subsections 1252(a)(1) and (2)(b) of this title subchapter shall use the sirens or colored signal emergency warning lamps, or both, only in the direct performance of their official duties. When any person individual other than a law enforcement officer is operating a motor vehicle equipped as provided in subdivision subsection 1252(a)(1) of this title subchapter, the colored signal emergency warning lamps shall be either removed, covered, or hooded. When any person individual other than an authorized emergency medical service vehicle operator, firefighter, or authorized operator of vehicles used in rescue operations is operating a motor vehicle equipped as provided in subdivision subsection 1252(a)(2)(b) of this title subchapter, the colored signal emergency warning lamps shall be either removed, covered, or hooded unless the operator holds a senior operator license.

Sec. 22. 23 V.S.A. § 4(1) is amended to read:

(1) “Authorized emergency vehicle” means a vehicle of a fire department, police law enforcement vehicle, public and private ambulance, and a vehicle to which a permit has been issued pursuant to subdivision 1252(a)(1) or (2) equipped as provided in subsections 1252(a) and (b) of this title.

Sec. 23. 23 V.S.A. § 1050a(b) is amended to read:

(b) The driver of a vehicle shall yield the right of way to any authorized vehicle obviously and actually engaged in work upon a highway when the vehicle displays flashing lights meeting the requirements of subsection 1252(b)(d) of this title.

* * * Child Restraint Systems * * *

Sec. 24. 23 V.S.A. § 1258 is amended to read:

**§ 1258. CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS; PERSONS INDIVIDUALS
UNDER AGE 18 YEARS OF AGE**

(a) No person individual shall operate a motor vehicle, other than a type I school bus, in this State upon a public highway unless every occupant under age 18 years of age is properly restrained in a federally approved child passenger restraining restraint system as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 571.213, as may be amended, or a federally approved safety belt, as follows:

(1) all children a child under the two years of age of one and all children weighing less than 20 pounds, regardless of age, shall be restrained in a rear-facing position, properly secured in a federally approved child passenger restraining rear-facing child restraint system with a harness, which shall not be installed in front of an active air bag as those terms are defined in 49 C.F.R. § 571.213, as may be amended;

(2) a child weighing more than 20 pounds, and who is one year of age or older and under the age of eight five years, of age who is not properly secured in a federally approved rear-facing child restraint system in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be restrained in a child passenger restraining system properly secured in a forward-facing federally approved child restraint system with a harness until the child reaches the weight or height limit of the child restraint system as set by the manufacturer; and

(3) a child under eight years of age who is not properly secured in a federally approved child restraint system in accordance with subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection shall be properly secured in a booster seat, as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 571.213, as may be amended;

(4) a child eight through 17 under 18 years of age who is not properly secured in a federally approved child restraint system in accordance with subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection shall be restrained in a safety belt system or a child passenger restraining system;

(5) a child under 13 years of age shall always, if practical, ride in a rear seat of a motor vehicle; and

(6) no child shall be secured in a rear-facing child restraint system in the front seat of a motor vehicle that is equipped with an active passenger-side airbag unless the airbag is deactivated.

(b) A person An individual shall not be adjudicated in violation of this section if:

(1) the motor vehicle is regularly used to transport passengers for hire, except a motor vehicle owned or operated by a child care facility;

(2) the motor vehicle was manufactured without safety belts; or

(3) the person individual has been ordered by an enforcement officer, a firefighter, or an authorized civil authority to evacuate persons individuals from a stricken area.

(c) The civil penalty for violation of this section shall be as follows:

(1) \$25.00 for a first violation;

- (2) \$50.00 for a second violation; and
- (3) \$100.00 for third and subsequent violations.

Sec. 25. CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS; PUBLIC OUTREACH CAMPAIGN

(a) The Department of Health, in consultation with the State Highway Safety Office, shall implement a public outreach campaign on car seat safety that builds upon the current Be Seat Smart program; utilizes materials on child safety prepared by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Marketing; is consistent with the recommendations from the American Academy of Pediatrics in the Child Passenger Safety Policy Statement published in 2018; and educates Vermonters on 23 V.S.A. § 1258, as amended by Sec. 24 of this act.

(b) The public outreach campaign shall disseminate information on car seat safety through e-mail; a dedicated web page on car seat safety that is linked through the websites for the Agency of Transportation and the Department of Health; social media platforms; community posting websites; radio; television; and informational materials that can be printed and shall be made available to all pediatricians, obstetricians, and midwives licensed in the State and all Car Seat Inspection Stations in the State.

* * * Exempt Vehicle Title * * *

Sec. 26. 23 V.S.A. § 2001(15) is amended to read:

(15) “Title or certificate of title” means a written instrument or document that certifies ownership of a vehicle and is issued by the Commissioner or equivalent official of another jurisdiction. These terms do not include an exempt vehicle title ~~authorized to be issued under subdivision 2013(a)(2) of this chapter.~~

Sec. 27. 23 V.S.A. § 2002(a)(1) is amended to read:

(1) for any certificate of title, including a salvage certificate of title, ~~or an exempt vehicle title~~, \$42.00;

Sec. 28. 23 V.S.A. § 2012 is amended to read:

§ 2012. EXEMPTED VEHICLES

No certificate of title need be obtained for:

* * *

(10) a vehicle that is more than 15 years old on January 1, 2024 ~~that has been registered in Vermont and has not had a change in ownership since January 1, 2024.~~

Sec. 29. 23 V.S.A. § 2016 is amended to read:

§ 2016. COMMISSIONER TO CHECK IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The Commissioner, upon receiving application for a first certificate of title ~~or exempt vehicle title~~, shall check the identification number of the vehicle shown in the application against the records of vehicles required to be maintained by section 2017 of this title and against the record of stolen and converted vehicles required to be maintained by section 2084 of this title.

Sec. 30. 23 V.S.A. § 2021 is amended to read:

§ 2021. REFUSAL OF CERTIFICATE

The Commissioner shall refuse issuance of a certificate of title ~~or an exempt vehicle title~~ if any required fee is not paid or if he or she the Commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe that:

* * *

* * * Vessels * * *

* * * Fire Extinguishers * * *

Sec. 31. 23 V.S.A. § 3306 is amended to read:

§ 3306. LIGHTS AND EQUIPMENT

* * *

(c) Every motorboat, except a motorboat that is less than 26 feet in length, that has an outboard motor and an open construction, and is not carrying passengers for hire shall carry on board, fully charged and in good condition, U.S. Coast Guard approved hand portable fire extinguishers U.S. Coast Guard-approved hand portable fire extinguishers that are unexpired, fully charged, and in both good and serviceable condition shall be carried on board every motorboat as follows:

(1) motorboats with no fixed fire extinguisher system in the machinery space and that are:

(A) less than 26 feet in length, not fewer than one extinguisher;

(B) 26 feet or longer, but less than 40 feet, not fewer than two extinguishers; and

(C) 40 feet or longer, not fewer than three extinguishers.; and

(2) motorboats with a fixed fire extinguisher system in the machinery space and that are:

(A) less than 26 feet in length, no extinguishers required;

(B) 26 feet or longer but less than 40 feet, not fewer than one extinguisher; and

(B)(C) 40 feet or longer, not fewer than two extinguishers.

(d) Notwithstanding subsection (c) of this section, motorboats less than 26 feet in length, propelled by outboard motors, and not carrying passengers for hire need not carry portable fire extinguishers if the construction of the boats will not permit the entrapment of explosive or flammable gases or vapors.

(e)(1) The extinguishers referred to by this section are class B-I or 5-B extinguishers, but one class B-II or 20-B extinguisher may be substituted for two class B-I or 5-B extinguishers, in compliance with 46 C.F.R. Subpart 25.30, as amended.

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, motorboats with a model year between 1953 and 2017 with previously approved fire extinguishers that are not in compliance with the types identified in subdivision (1) of this subsection need not be replaced until such time as they are no longer in good and serviceable condition.

(e)(f) Every marine toilet on board any vessel operated on the waters of the State shall also incorporate or be equipped with a holding tank. Any holding tank or marine toilet designed so as to provide for an optional means of discharge to the waters on which the vessel is operating shall have the discharge openings sealed shut and any discharge lines, pipes, or hoses shall be disconnected and stored while the vessel is in the waters of this State.

(f)(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the discharge of adequately treated wastes from any vessel operating under the provisions of a valid discharge permit issued by the Department of Environmental Conservation.

(g)(h) Motorboats operated on waters that the U.S. Coast Guard has determined to be navigable waters of the United States and therefore subject to the jurisdiction of the United States must have lights and other safety equipment as required by U.S. Coast Guard rules and regulations.

* * * Vermont Numbering Provisions * * *

Sec. 32. 23 V.S.A. § 3307(a) is amended to read:

(a) A motorboat is not required to have a Vermont number under this chapter if it is:

(1) already covered by a number in effect that has been awarded to it under federal law or a federally approved numbering system of another state if the boat has not been within the State for more than 90 60 days;

(2) a motorboat from a country other than the United States if the boat has not been within the State for more than 90 60 days;

* * *

* * * Commercial Driver's Licenses and Permits;* * *

* * * Prohibition on Masking or Diversion * * *

Sec. 33. 23 V.S.A. § 4122 is amended to read:

§ 4122. DEFERRING IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE; PROHIBITION ON MASKING OR DIVERSION

(a) No judge or court, State's Attorney, or law enforcement officer may utilize the provisions of 13 V.S.A. § 7041 or any other program to defer imposition of sentence or judgment if the defendant holds a commercial driver's license or was operating a commercial motor vehicle when the violation occurred and is charged with violating any State or local traffic law other than a parking violation.

(b) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 384.226, no court, State's Attorney, or law enforcement officer may mask or allow an individual to enter into a diversion program that would prevent a commercial learner's permit holder's or commercial driver's license holder's conviction for any violation, in any type of motor vehicle, of a state or local traffic control law other than parking, vehicle weight, or vehicle defect violations from appearing on the Commercial Driver's License Information System (CDLIS) driver record.

* * * Airbags * * *

Sec. 34. 13 V.S.A. § 2026 is amended to read:

§ 2026. INSTALLATION OF OBJECT IN LIEU OF AIR BAG

(a) No person shall knowingly:

(1) manufacture, import, distribute, offer for sale, sell, lease, transfer, install, or reinstall, or knowingly cause to be installed, or cause to be reinstalled: a counterfeit automobile supplemental restraint system component, a nonfunctional airbag, or

(1) an object in lieu of a vehicle air bag that was designed in accordance with the federal safety regulation an automobile supplement restraint system component, when the object does not comply with the requirements of 49 C.F.R. § 571.208, as amended, for the make, model, and year of a vehicle; or

(2) an inoperable vehicle air bag, knowing the air bag is inoperable install or reinstall as an automobile supplemental restraint system component

anything that causes the diagnostic system for a motor vehicle to fail to warn the motor vehicle operator that an airbag is not installed or fail to warn the motor vehicle operator that a counterfeit automobile supplemental restraint system component or nonfunctional airbag is installed in the motor vehicle.

(b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section shall be imprisoned for not more than three years or fined not more than \$10,000.00, or both.

(c) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section, and serious bodily injury, as defined in section 1021 of this title, or death results, shall be imprisoned for not more than 15 years or fined not more than \$10,000.00, or both.

(d) As used in this section:

(1) “Airbag” means an inflatable restraint device for occupants of motor vehicles that is part of an automobile supplemental restraint system.

(2) “Automobile supplemental restraint system” means a passive inflatable crash protection system that a vehicle manufacturer designs to protect automobile occupants in the event of a collision in conjunction with a seat belt assembly, as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 571.209, and that consists of one or more airbags and all components required to ensure that each airbag:

(A) operates as designed in a crash; and

(B) meets federal motor vehicle safety standards for the specific make, model, and year of manufacture of the vehicle in which the airbag is installed.

(3) “Counterfeit automobile supplemental restraint system component” means a replacement component, including an airbag, for an automobile supplemental restraint system that without the authorization of a manufacturer, or a person that supplies parts to the manufacturer, displays a trademark that is identical or substantially similar to the manufacturer’s or supplier’s genuine trademark.

(4) “Install” and “reinstall” require the completion of installation work related to the automobile supplemental restraint system of a motor vehicle and either:

(A) for the motor vehicle to be returned to the owner or operator; or

(B) for the transfer of title for the motor vehicle.

(5) “Nonfunctional airbag” means a replacement airbag that:

(A) was previously deployed or damaged;

(B) has a fault that the diagnostic system for a motor vehicle detects once the airbag is installed;

(C) may not be sold or leased under 49 U.S.C. § 30120(j); or

(D) includes a counterfeit automobile supplemental restraint system component or other part or object that is installed for the purpose of misleading a motor vehicle owner or operator into believing that a functional airbag is installed.

(6) “Nonfunctional airbag” does not include an unrepaired deployed airbag or an airbag that is installed in a motor vehicle:

(A) that is a totaled motor vehicle, as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 2001(14); or

(B) for which the owner was issued a salvaged certificate of title pursuant to 23 V.S.A. § 2091 or a similar title from another state.

* * * Licensed Dealers; Used Vehicle Sales; Disclosures * * *

Sec. 35. 23 V.S.A. § 466 is amended to read:

§ 466. RECORDS; DISCLOSURES; CUSTODIAN

(a) On a form prescribed or approved by the Commissioner, every licensed dealer shall maintain and retain for six years a record containing the following information, which shall be open to inspection by any law enforcement officer or motor vehicle inspector or other agent of the Commissioner during reasonable business hours:

(1) Every vehicle or motorboat that is bought, sold, or exchanged by the licensee or received or accepted by the licensee for sale or exchange.

(2) Every vehicle or motorboat that is bought or otherwise acquired and dismantled by the licensee.

(3) The name and address of the person from whom such vehicle or motorboat was purchased or acquired, the date thereof, the name and address of the person to whom any such vehicle or motorboat was sold or otherwise disposed of and the date thereof, and a sufficient description of every such vehicle or motorboat by name and identifying numbers thereon to identify the same.

(4) [Repealed.]

(b)(1) On a form prescribed or approved by the Commissioner, a licensed dealer shall provide written disclosure to each buyer of a used motor vehicle regarding the following:

(A) the month in which the vehicle was last inspected pursuant to section 1222 of this title;

(B) the month in which the inspection shall expire;

(C) whether the most recent inspection was by the dealer currently selling the motor vehicle;

(D) a statement that the condition of the motor vehicle may be different than the condition at the last inspection, unless inspected by the dealer selling the vehicle for the current transaction;

(E) a statement regarding the right of a potential buyer to have the vehicle inspected by an independent qualified mechanic of their choice and at their own expense; and

(F) a clear and conspicuous statement, if applicable, that the vehicle is being transferred without an inspection sticker, with an expired inspection sticker, or with an inspection sticker from another state.

(2) The licensed dealer shall maintain and retain record of the disclosure statement, signed by both the dealer and the buyer, for two years after transfer of ownership. The record shall be open to inspection by any law enforcement officer or motor vehicle inspector or other agent of the Commissioner during reasonable business hours.

(c) Every licensed dealer shall designate a custodian of documents who shall have primary responsibility for administration of documents required to be maintained under this title. In the absence of the designated custodian, the dealer shall have an ongoing duty to make such records available for inspection by any law enforcement officer or motor vehicle inspector or other agent of the Commissioner during reasonable business hours.

* * * DMV Credentials and Number Plates; Veteran Designations * * *

Sec. 36. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly for the State to properly honor veterans, which includes Vermonters who have served in the active military, naval, air, or space service, and who have been discharged or released from active service under conditions other than dishonorable, where active military, naval, air, or space service includes:

(1) active duty;

(2) any period of active duty for training during which the individual concerned was disabled or died from a disease or injury incurred or aggravated in line of duty; and

(3) any period of inactive duty training during which the individual concerned was disabled or died from an injury incurred or aggravated in line of duty or from an acute myocardial infarction, a cardiac arrest, or a cerebrovascular accident occurring during such training.

(b) It is also the intent of the General Assembly that the Department of Motor Vehicles and the Vermont Office of Veterans' Affairs:

(1) jointly determine which specialty plates should be offered to veterans so as to ensure specific recognition for those who have received a military award or decoration and those who have served in combat; and

(2) allow for a means for a veteran to request that a new specialty plate be designed and offered to veterans when an existing specialty plate does not provide for specific recognition of the veteran.

Sec. 37. 23 V.S.A. § 7(b) is amended to read:

(b) In addition to any other requirement of law or rule, before an enhanced license may be issued to a person an individual, the person individual shall present for inspection and copying satisfactory documentary evidence to determine identity and U.S. citizenship. An application shall be accompanied by: a photo identity document, documentation showing the person's individual's date and place of birth, proof of the person's individual's Social Security number, and documentation showing the person's individual's principal residence address. New and renewal application forms shall include a space for the applicant to request that a "veteran" designation be placed on the enhanced license. If a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(2) and including an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(24), requests a veteran designation and provides a Department of Defense Form 214 or other proof of veteran status specified by the Commissioner, and the Office of Veterans Veterans' Affairs confirms his or her the individual's status as an honorably discharged veteran or; a veteran discharged under honorable conditions; or an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, the identification card shall include the term "veteran" on its face. To be issued, an enhanced license must meet the same requirements as those for the issuance of a U.S. passport. Before an application may be processed, the documents and information shall be verified as determined by the Commissioner. Any additional personal identity information not currently required by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security shall need the approval of either the General Assembly or the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules prior to the implementation of the requirements.

Sec. 38. 23 V.S.A. § 115 is amended to read:

§ 115. NONDRIVER IDENTIFICATION CARDS

(a) Any Vermont resident may make application to the Commissioner and be issued an identification card that is attested by the Commissioner as to true name, correct age, residential address unless the listing of another address is requested by the applicant or is otherwise authorized by law, and any other identifying data as the Commissioner may require that shall include, in the case of minor applicants, the written consent of the applicant's parent, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis. Every application for an identification card shall be signed by the applicant and shall contain such evidence of age and identity as the Commissioner may require, consistent with subsection (l) of this section. New and renewal application forms shall include a space for the applicant to request that a "veteran" designation be placed on the applicant's identification card. If a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(2) and including an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(24), requests a veteran designation and provides a Department of Defense Form 214 or other proof of veteran status specified by the Commissioner, and the Office of Veterans Affairs confirms the veteran's status as an honorably discharged veteran ~~or;~~ a veteran discharged under honorable conditions; or an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, the identification card shall include the term "veteran" on its face. The Commissioner shall require payment of a fee of \$29.00 at the time application for an identification card is made, except that an initial nondriver identification card shall be issued at no charge to an individual who surrenders the individual's license in connection with a suspension or revocation under subsection 636(b) of this title due to a physical or mental condition.

* * *

Sec. 39. 23 V.S.A. § 304 is amended to read:

§ 304. REGISTRATION CERTIFICATES; NUMBER PLATES; VANITY AND OTHER SPECIAL PLATES

* * *

(j) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall, upon proper application, issue special plates to Vermont veterans, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(2) and including an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(24), and to members of the U.S. Armed Forces, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(10), for use on vehicles registered at the pleasure car rate, on vehicles registered at the motorcycle rate, and on trucks registered for less than 26,001 pounds and excluding vehicles registered under

the International Registration Plan. The type and style of the plate plates shall be determined by the Commissioner, ~~except that an American flag, or a veteran or military related emblem selected by the Commissioner and the Vermont Office of Veterans' Affairs shall appear on one side of the plate. At a minimum, emblems shall be available to recognize recipients of the Purple Heart, Pearl Harbor survivors, former prisoners of war, and disabled veterans.~~ An applicant shall apply on a form prescribed by the Commissioner, and the applicant's eligibility as a member of one of the groups recognized will be certified by the Office of Veterans' Affairs. The plates shall be reissued only to the original holder of the plates or the surviving spouse. The Commissioner may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection. Except for new or renewed registrations, applications for the issuance of plates under this subsection shall be processed in the order received by the Department subject to normal workflow considerations. The costs associated with developing new emblems shall be borne by the Department of Motor Vehicles.

* * *

Sec. 40. 23 V.S.A. § 610(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Commissioner shall assign a distinguishing number to each licensee and shall furnish the licensee with a license certificate that shows the number and the licensee's full name, date of birth, and residential address, except that at the request of the licensee, the licensee's mailing address may be listed, or an alternative address may be listed if otherwise authorized by law. The certificate also shall include a brief physical description and a space for the signature of the licensee. The license shall be void until signed by the licensee. If a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(2) and including an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(24), requests a veteran designation and provides proof of veteran status as specified in subdivision 603(a)(3) of this title, and the Office of Veterans Veterans' Affairs confirms his or her the individual's status as an honorably discharged veteran or; a veteran discharged under honorable conditions; or an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, the license certificate shall include the term "veteran" on its face.

Sec. 41. 23 V.S.A. § 4111 is amended to read:

§ 4111. COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE

(a) Contents of license. A commercial driver's license shall be marked "commercial driver's license" or "CDL" and shall be, to the maximum extent practicable, tamper proof and shall include the following information:

* * *

(12) A veteran designation if a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(2) and including an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(24), requests the designation and provides proof of veteran status as specified in subdivision 4110(a)(5) of this title, and if the Office of Veterans Affairs confirms his or her the individual's status as an honorably discharged veteran or; a veteran discharged under honorable conditions; or an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service.

* * *

* * * Conservation Motor Vehicle License Plates; Motorcycles * * *

Sec. 42. 23 V.S.A. § 304b is amended to read:

§ 304b. CONSERVATION MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION PLATES

(a) The Commissioner shall, upon application, issue conservation registration plates for use only on vehicles registered at the pleasure car rate, on motorcycles, on trucks registered for less than 26,001 pounds, and on vehicles registered to State agencies under section 376 of this title, but excluding vehicles registered under the International Registration Plan. Plates so acquired shall be mounted on the front and rear of the vehicle, except that a motorcycle plate shall be mounted only on the rear of the motorcycle. The Commissioners of Motor Vehicles and of Fish and Wildlife shall determine the graphic design of the special plates in a manner that serves to enhance the public awareness of the State's interest in restoring and protecting its wildlife and major watershed areas. The Commissioners of Motor Vehicles and of Fish and Wildlife may alter the graphic design of these special plates, provided that plates in use at the time of a design alteration shall remain valid subject to the operator's payment of the annual registration fee. Applicants shall apply on forms prescribed by the Commissioner and shall pay an initial fee of \$32.00 in addition to the annual fee for registration. In following years, in addition to the annual registration fee, the holder of a conservation plate shall pay a renewal fee of \$32.00. The Commissioner may adopt rules under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to implement the provisions of this subsection.

* * *

* * * Use of Roadway by Pedestrians, Bicycle Operators, and Vulnerable Users * * *

Sec. 43. 23 V.S.A. § 4(67) is amended to read:

(67) "Pedestrian" means any person individual afoot or operating a wheelchair or other personal mobility device, whether motorized or not, and shall also include any person 16 years of age or older operating including an

electric personal assistive mobility device. The age restriction of this subdivision shall not apply to a person who has an ambulatory disability as defined in section 304a of this title.

Sec. 44. 23 V.S.A. § 1033 is amended to read:

§ 1033. PASSING MOTOR VEHICLES AND VULNERABLE USERS

* * *

(b) Approaching or passing vulnerable users. The operator of individual operating a motor vehicle approaching or passing a vulnerable user as defined in subdivision 4(81) of this title shall exercise due care, which includes reducing speed and increasing clearance to a recommended distance of at least four feet, to pass the vulnerable user safely, and shall cross the center of the highway only as provided in section 1035 of this title. A person An individual who violates this subsection shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$200.00.

(c) Approaching or passing certain stationary vehicles. The operator of individual operating a motor vehicle approaching or passing a stationary sanitation, maintenance, utility, or delivery vehicle with flashing lights shall exercise due care, which includes reducing speed and increasing clearance to a recommended distance of at least four feet, to pass the vehicle safely, and shall cross the center of the highway only as provided in section 1035 of this title. A person An individual who violates this subsection shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$200.00.

Sec. 45. 23 V.S.A. § 1055 is amended to read:

§ 1055. PEDESTRIANS ON ROADWAYS

(a) ~~Where public sidewalks are provided, no person may walk along or upon an adjacent roadway.~~ [Repealed.]

(b) ~~Where public sidewalks are not provided, any~~ Any pedestrian walking along and upon a highway shall, when practicable, walk only on the left side of the roadway or its shoulder facing the direction of possible oncoming traffic.

Sec. 46. AGENCY OF TRANSPORTATION; DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; IDAHO STOP STUDY; REPORT

The Agency of Transportation, in collaboration with the Department of Public Safety and in consultation with bicycle safety organizations and other relevant stakeholders, shall study the potential effects of implementing a statewide policy that grants an individual operating a bicycle rights and responsibilities at traffic-control devices and traffic-control signals that differ

from those applicable to operators of motor vehicles. The study shall include consideration of the potential effects of allowing individuals operating bicycles to treat stop signs as yield signs and red lights at traffic signals as stop signs, also known as an “Idaho Stop,” and of allowing individuals operating bicycles to cross intersections during a pedestrian phase at pedestrian-control devices and pedestrian-control signals. On or before December 15, 2024, the Agency shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation with its findings and recommendations.

Sec. 47. AGENCY OF TRANSPORTATION; ACTIVE
TRANSPORTATION POLICY REPORT

(a) The Agency of Transportation shall prepare an Active Transportation Policy Report that provides a comprehensive review of Vermont statutes, including those in Titles 19 and 23, relating to the rights and responsibilities of vulnerable road users, in order to inform best practices and policy outcomes. The Agency shall develop the Report in consultation with relevant stakeholders identified by the Agency, which shall include bicycle safety organizations.

(b) On or before January 15, 2025, the Agency shall submit the written Active Transportation Policy Report, which shall include a summary of the Agency’s review efforts and any recommendations for revisions to Vermont statutes, to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation.

* * * License Plates for Plug-In Electric Vehicles * * *

Sec. 48. LICENSE PLATES FOR PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES;
FINDINGS

The General Assembly finds that:

(1) Plug-in electric vehicles (PEVs), which include plug-in hybrid electric vehicles and battery electric vehicles, provide new and unique challenges for first responders and firefighters when responding to the scene of a crash that may involve a PEV.

(2) PEVs are powered by high-voltage batteries, which means that if a PEV is involved in a crash resulting in a fire or in the need for extrication or rescue, or a combination of these, then fire and rescue personnel must invoke special operations to suppress the fire or initiate the extrication or rescue operation.

(3) Other states and countries have begun noting whether or not a motor vehicle is a PEV with a designation on the vehicle’s license plate.

(4) First responders and firefighters in Vermont will be in a better position to safely respond to a fire, extrication, or rescue involving a motor

vehicle crash if they know whether one or more vehicles involved are a PEV, which can be done, in most instances, with a license plate designation.

Sec. 49. 23 V.S.A. § 304 is amended to read:

§ 304. REGISTRATION CERTIFICATES; NUMBER PLATES; VANITY AND OTHER SPECIAL PLATES

* * *

(k) Not later than July 1, 2026, the Commissioner shall begin issuing number and vanity plates for plug-in electric vehicles, as defined in subdivision 4(85) of this title, indicating that the vehicle is a plug-in electric vehicle. Not later than July 1, 2028, all plug-in electric vehicles registered in this State shall display plates indicating that the vehicle is a plug-in electric vehicle.

Sec. 50. LICENSE PLATES FOR PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES; IMPLEMENTATION PROVISIONS; REPORT

(a) In accordance with 23 V.S.A. § 304(k), not later than July 1, 2026, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall begin issuing number and vanity plates for plug-in electric vehicles (PEV) indicating that the vehicle is a PEV.

(b)(1) Upon the purchase of a PEV, the purchaser shall not transfer a non-PEV plate to the newly purchased PEV unless the plate is a vanity or special number plate.

(2) For the purchaser of a PEV whose previous plate was not a vanity or special number plate, the Commissioner shall issue a new PEV plate, which the purchaser shall install upon receipt.

(3) For the purchaser of a PEV whose previous plate was a vanity or special number plate and who wishes to retain that plate for the newly purchased PEV, the purchaser may transfer and display the existing plate until the Commissioner issues the purchaser a new vanity or special number plate indicating that the vehicle is a PEV, except as set forth in subsection (d) of this section. The purchaser shall install the new PEV plate upon receipt.

(c) An individual who owns a PEV on the effective date of this act may continue to display the individual's existing plate until the individual receives a new PEV plate from the Department of Motor Vehicles. The owner shall install the new PEV plate upon receipt.

(d) The Commissioner is authorized to reject existing plates for transfer or renewal due to space limitations on the new PEV plates.

(e) On or before March 15, 2025, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall provide testimony to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation

regarding the status of its efforts to implement license plates for PEVs as set forth in this section and in 23 V.S.A. § 304(k).

* * * Distracted Driving Diversion Program * * *

Sec. 51. DISTRACTED DRIVING DIVERSION PROGRAM
RECOMMENDATIONS; REPORT

(a) The Community Justice Unit of the Office of the Attorney General, in consultation with the Court Diversion programs, the Vermont Judiciary, the Department of Motor Vehicles, and representatives of Vermont law enforcement agencies, shall evaluate the feasibility of and design options for establishing a distracted driving diversion program as an alternative to civil penalties and points for individuals who violate Vermont's distracted driving laws, including 23 V.S.A. §§ 1095a, 1095b, and 1099. The issues for the Community Justice Unit to consider shall include:

- (1) whether conducting a distracted driving diversion program is feasible;
- (2) if so, how such a distracted driving diversion program should be structured and administered;
- (3) the age groups to which the program should be made available;
- (4) performance outcome measures that indicate whether the program is reducing the participants' likelihood of future distracted driving;
- (5) whether fees should be imposed for participation in the program and, if so, what those fees should be;
- (6) the additional resources, if any, that would be needed to implement and administer the program; and
- (7) whether diversion or other alternatives should be made available to address other driving-related violations, especially youth violations.

(b) On or before December 15, 2024, the Community Justice Unit shall submit its findings and recommendations regarding a distracted driving diversion program to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation and on Judiciary.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 52. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, this section and Sec. 28 (certificate of title exemptions; 23 V.S.A. § 2012) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2024.

(b) Secs. 14 and 15 (tinted windows; 23 V.S.A. § 1125) shall take effect on July 1, 2026.

(c) Sec. 35 (records; disclosures; custodian; 23 V.S.A. § 466) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

(d) Secs. 36–41 (DMV credentials and number plates; veteran credentials) shall take effect on passage.

(e) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

ANDREW J. PERCHLIK

THOMAS I. CHITTENDEN

RUSSELL H. INGALLS

Committee on the part of the Senate

SARA E COFFEY

CHARLES "BUTCH" H. SHAW

LEONORA DODGE

Committee on the part of the House

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the action taken was ordered messaged to the House forthwith.

Adjourned

On motion of Senator Baruth the Senate adjourned until 1:00 P.M.

Called to Order

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Pages Honored

In appreciation of their many services to the members of the General Assembly, the President recognized the following-named pages who are completing their services today and presented them with letters of appreciation.

Addison Blanchard of Reading

Adelynne Cimonetti of Shrewsbury

Aliyah Iey-Leake of Shaftsbury

Juliet Lyon-Horne of South Hero

Colin McIntyre of Marshfield

Madeline Piecuch of East Thetford

Teigan Reimer-Tatistcheff of East Montpelier

**House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In
S. 114.**

House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to the establishment of the Psychedelic Therapy Advisory Working Group.

Was taken up.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

**Sec. 1. PSYCHEDELIC THERAPY ADVISORY WORKING GROUP;
STUDY**

(a) Creation. There is created the Psychedelic Therapy Advisory Working Group for the purpose of reviewing existing research on the cost-benefit profile of the use of psychedelics to improve mental health and to make findings and recommendations regarding the advisability of the establishment of a State program to permit health care providers to administer psychedelics in a therapeutic setting and the impact on public health of allowing individuals to legally access psychedelics under State law.

(b) Membership. The Working Group shall be composed of the following members:

(1) the Dean of the Larner College of Medicine at the University of Vermont or designee;

(2) the President of the Vermont Psychological Association or designee;

(3) the President of the Vermont Psychiatric Association or designee;

(4) the Executive Director of the Vermont Board of Medical Practice or designee;

(5) the Director of the Vermont Office of Professional Regulation or designee;

(6) the Executive Director of the Vermont Medical Society or designee;

(7) the Vermont Commissioner of Health or designee;

(8) the Vermont Commissioner of Mental Health or designee; and

(9) an expert in psychedelic treatment of mental conditions who is affiliated with a Vermont hospital currently providing ketamine therapy appointed by the Vermont Commissioner of Mental Health.

(c) Powers and duties.

(1) The Working Group shall:

(A) review the latest research and evidence of the public health benefits and risks of clinical psychedelic assisted treatments; and

(B) examine the laws and programs of other states that have authorized the use of psychedelics by health care providers in a therapeutic setting and necessary components and resources if Vermont were to pursue such a program.

(2) The Working Group shall seek testimony from Johns Hopkins' Center for Psychedelic and Consciousness Research, in addition to any other entities with an expertise in psychedelics.

(d) Assistance. The Working Group shall have the assistance of the Vermont Department of Mental Health, in collaboration with the Vermont Psychological Association, for purposes of scheduling and staffing meetings and developing and submitting the report required by subsection (e) of this section.

(e) Report. On or before November 15, 2024, the Working Group shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary, the House Committee on Health Care, the House Committee on Human Services, and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.

(f) Meetings.

(1) The Vermont Department of Mental Health shall call the first meeting of the Working Group to occur on or before July 15, 2024.

(2) The Working Group shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.

(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(4) The Working Group shall cease to exist on January 1, 2025.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In

S. 183.

House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to reenvisioning the Agency of Human Services.

Was taken up.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

(a) Since its establishment in 1970, Vermont's Agency of Human Services has grown significantly in both size and scope. In its current form, the Agency is composed of six departments: the Department for Children and Families; the Department of Corrections; the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living; the Department of Health; the Department of Mental Health; and the Department of Vermont Health Access, along with several divisions and many offices, boards, and councils. The Agency's budget comprises more than half of the overall State budget, and the programs and benefits administered by the Agency and its departments have an impact on the lives of all Vermonters.

(b) The purpose of this act is to create a meaningful process through which the Agency, its departments, and the individuals and organizations with whom they engage most can collaborate to identify opportunities to build on past successes and to make improvements for the future.

Sec. 2. REENVISIONING THE AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES;
REPORT

(a) The Secretary of Human Services, in collaboration with the commissioner of each department within the Agency of Human Services and in consultation with relevant commissions, councils, and advocacy organizations; community partners; individuals and families impacted by the Agency and its departments; State employees; and other interested stakeholders, shall consider options for reenvisioning the Agency of Human Services, such as restructuring the existing Agency of Human Services or dividing the existing Agency of Human Services into two or more separate agencies.

(b) The Secretary of Human Services and the other stakeholders identified in subsection (a) of this section shall evaluate the current structure of the Agency of Human Services, identify potential options for reenvisioning the Agency and engage in a cost-benefit analysis of each option, and develop one or more recommendations for implementation.

(c) The Agency shall solicit open, candid feedback from the stakeholders identified in subsection (a) of this section to inform the evaluation, identification of options, and development of recommendations. To the extent feasible, the Agency shall engage existing boards, committees, and other

channels to collect input from individuals and families who are directly impacted by the work of the Agency and its departments.

(d) On or before February 1, 2025, the Secretary shall present to the House Committees on Government Operations and Military Affairs, on Health Care, and on Human Services and the Senate Committees on Government Operations and on Health and Welfare an update on the status of the stakeholder process and development of recommendations as set forth in this section.

(e) On or before November 1, 2025, the Secretary shall provide the recommendations developed by the Secretary and stakeholders to the House Committees on Government Operations and Military Affairs, on Health Care, and on Human Services and the Senate Committees on Government Operations and on Health and Welfare, including the following:

(1) the rationale for selecting the recommended option or options;

(2) the likely impact of the recommendations on the departments within the Agency and on the Vermonters served by those departments, including Vermonters who are members of historically marginalized communities;

(3) how the recommendations would center the needs of and lead to better outcomes for the individuals and families served by the Agency and its departments and make the Agency more accountable to the Vermonters whom it serves;

(4) how the recommendations could improve collaboration, integration, and alignment of the services currently provided by the Agency and its departments and how they could enhance coordination and communication among the departments and with community partners;

(5) how the recommendations could address the workforce and personnel capacity challenges that the Agency and its departments encounter;

(6) how the recommendations could address the facility challenges that the Agency and its departments encounter;

(7) how the recommendations could strengthen the use of technology to improve access to programs and services, increase accountability, enhance coordination, and expand data collection and analysis;

(8) a transition and implementation plan for the recommendations that is designed to minimize confusion and disruption for individuals and families served by the Agency and its departments, as well as for Agency and departmental staff;

(9) a proposed organizational chart for any recommended reconfigurations; and

(10) the estimated costs or savings associated with the recommendations.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

**House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment;
Question Divided; Concurred In with Proposals of Amendment**

S. 195.

House proposal of amendment to Senate proposal of amendment to House bill entitled:

An act relating to how a defendant's criminal record is considered in imposing conditions of release.

Was taken up.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 7551 is amended to read:

**§ 7551. IMPOSITION OF BAIL, SECURED APPEARANCE BONDS, AND
APPEARANCE BONDS**

(a) Bonds; generally. A bond given by a person charged with a criminal offense or by a witness in a criminal prosecution under section 6605 of this title, conditioned for the appearance of the person or witness before the court in cases where the offense is punishable by fine or imprisonment, and in appealed cases, shall be taken to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court where the prosecution is pending and shall remain binding upon parties until discharged by the court or until sentencing. The person or witness shall appear at all required court proceedings.

(b) Limitation on imposition of bail, secured appearance bonds, and appearance bonds.

(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, no bail, secured appearance bond, or appearance bond may be imposed:

(A) at the initial appearance of a person charged with a misdemeanor if the person was cited for the offense in accordance with Rule 3 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure; or

(B) at the initial appearance or upon the temporary release pursuant to Rule 5(b) of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure of a person charged with a violation of a misdemeanor offense that is eligible for expungement pursuant to subdivision 7601(4)(A) of this title.

(2) In the event the court finds that imposing bail is necessary to mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution for a person charged with a violation of a misdemeanor offense that is eligible for expungement pursuant to subdivision 7601(4)(A) of this title, the court may impose bail in a maximum amount of \$200.00. The \$200.00 limit shall not apply to a person who the court determines has engaged in flight from prosecution in accordance with subdivision 7576(9) or subdivision 7554(a)(1) of this title.

(3) This subsection shall not be construed to restrict the court's ability to impose conditions on such persons to reasonably mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution or to reasonably protect the public in accordance with section 7554 of this title.

Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 7554 is amended to read:

§ 7554. RELEASE PRIOR TO TRIAL

(a) Release; conditions of release. Any person charged with an offense, other than a person held without bail under section 7553 or 7553a of this title, shall at his or her the person's appearance before a judicial officer be ordered released pending trial in accordance with this section.

(1) The defendant shall be ordered released on personal recognizance or upon the execution of an unsecured appearance bond in an amount specified by the judicial officer unless the judicial officer determines that such a release will not reasonably mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution as required. In determining whether the defendant presents a risk of flight from prosecution, the judicial officer shall consider, in addition to any other factors, the seriousness of the offense charged; the number of offenses with which the person is charged; whether, at the time of the current offense or arrest, the defendant was released on conditions or personal recognizance, on probation, furlough, parole, or other release pending trial, sentencing, appeal, or completion of a sentence for an offense under federal or state law; and whether, in connection with a criminal prosecution, the defendant is compliant with court orders or has failed to appear at a court hearing. If the judicial officer determines that the defendant presents a risk of flight from prosecution, the officer shall, either in lieu of or in addition to the methods of release in this

section, impose the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following conditions that will reasonably mitigate the risk of flight of the defendant as required:

(A) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise ~~him or her~~ the defendant if the defendant is charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301.

(B) Place restrictions on the travel or association of the defendant during the period of release.

(C) Require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or drug treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into consideration the defendant's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of treatment resources.

(D) Upon consideration of the defendant's financial means, require the execution of a secured appearance bond in a specified amount and the deposit with the clerk of the court, in cash or other security as directed, of a sum not to exceed 10 percent of the amount of the bond, such deposit to be returned upon the appearance of the defendant as required.

(E) Upon consideration of the defendant's financial means, require the execution of a surety bond with sufficient solvent sureties, or the deposit of cash in lieu thereof.

(F) Impose any other condition found reasonably necessary to mitigate the risk of flight as required, including a condition requiring that the defendant return to custody after specified hours.

(G) [Repealed.]

(H) Place the defendant in the pretrial supervision program pursuant to section 7555 of this title, provided that the defendant meets the criteria identified in subdivision 7551(c)(1) of this title.

(I) Place the defendant in the home detention program pursuant to section 7554b of this title.

(2) If the judicial officer determines that conditions of release imposed to mitigate the risk of flight will not reasonably protect the public, the judicial officer may impose, in addition, the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following conditions that will reasonably ensure protection of the public:

(A) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise ~~him or her~~ the defendant if the defendant is

charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301.

(B) Place restrictions on the travel, association, or place of abode of the defendant during the period of release.

(C) Require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or drug treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into consideration the defendant's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of treatment resources.

(D) Impose any other condition found reasonably necessary to protect the public, except that a physically restrictive condition may only be imposed in extraordinary circumstances.

(E) Suspend the officer's duties in whole or in part if the defendant is a State, county, or municipal officer charged with violating section 2537 of this title and the court finds that it is necessary to protect the public.

(F) [Repealed.]

(G) Place the defendant in the pretrial supervision program pursuant to section 7555 of this title, provided that the defendant meets the criteria identified in subdivision 7551(c)(1) of this title.

(H) Place the defendant in the home detention program pursuant to section 7554b of this title.

(3) A judicial officer may order that a defendant not harass or contact or cause to be harassed or contacted a victim or potential witness. This order shall take effect immediately, regardless of whether the defendant is incarcerated or released.

(b) Judicial considerations in imposing conditions of release. In determining which conditions of release to impose:

(1) In subdivision (a)(1) of this section, the judicial officer, on the basis of available information, shall take into account the nature and circumstances of the offense charged; the weight of the evidence against the accused; the accused's employment; financial resources, including the accused's ability to post bail; the accused's character and mental condition; the accused's length of residence in the community; and the accused's record of appearance at court proceedings or of flight to avoid prosecution or failure to appear at court proceedings.

(2) In subdivision (a)(2) of this section, the judicial officer, on the basis of available information, shall take into account the nature and circumstances of the offense charged; the weight of the evidence against the accused; the

accused's family ties, employment, character and mental condition, length of residence in the community, record of convictions, and record of appearance at court proceedings or of flight to avoid prosecution or failure to appear at court proceedings; whether, at the time of the current offense or arrest, the defendant was released on conditions or personal recognizance, on probation, furlough, parole, or other release pending trial, sentencing, appeal, or completion of a sentence for an offense under federal or state law; and whether, in connection with a criminal prosecution, the defendant is compliant with court orders or has failed to appear at a court hearing. Recent history of actual violence or threats of violence may be considered by the judicial officer as bearing on the character and mental condition of the accused.

(c) Order. A judicial officer authorizing the release of a person under this section shall issue an appropriate order containing a statement of the conditions imposed, if any; shall inform such person of the penalties applicable to violations of the conditions of release; and shall advise him or her the person that a warrant for his or her the person's arrest will may be issued immediately upon any such violation.

(d) Review of conditions.

(1) A person for whom conditions of release are imposed and who is detained as a result of his or her the person's inability to meet the conditions of release or who is ordered released on a condition that he or she the person return to custody after specified hours, or the State, following a material change in circumstances, shall, within 48 hours following application, be entitled to have the conditions reviewed by a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged. A party applying for review shall be given the opportunity for a hearing. Unless the conditions of release are amended as requested, the judge shall set forth in writing or orally on the record a reasonable basis for continuing the conditions imposed. In the event that a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged is not available, any Superior judge may review such conditions.

(2) A person for whom conditions of release are imposed shall, within five working days following application, be entitled to have the conditions reviewed by a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged. A person applying for review shall be given the opportunity for a hearing. Unless the conditions of release are amended as requested, the judge shall set forth in writing or orally on the record a reasonable basis for continuing the conditions imposed. In the event that a judge in the court having original jurisdiction over the offense charged is not available, any Superior judge may review such conditions.

(e) Amendment of order. A judicial officer ordering the release of a person on any condition specified in this section may at any time amend the order to impose additional or different conditions of release, provided that the provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall apply.

(f) Definition. The term "judicial officer" as used in this section and section 7556 of this title ~~shall mean means~~ a clerk of a Superior Court or a Superior Court judge.

(g) Admissibility of evidence. Information stated in, or offered in connection with, any order entered pursuant to this section need not conform to the rules pertaining to the admissibility of evidence in a court of law.

(h) Forfeiture. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent the disposition of any case or class of cases by forfeiture of collateral security if such disposition is authorized by the court.

(i) Forms. The Court Administrator shall establish forms for appearance bonds, secured appearance bonds, surety bonds, and for use in the posting of bail. Each form shall include the following information:

(1) The bond or bail may be forfeited in the event that the defendant or witness fails to appear at any required court proceeding.

(2) The surety or person posting bond or bail has the right to be released from the obligations under the bond or bail agreement upon written application to the judicial officer and detention of the defendant or witness.

(3) The bond will continue through sentencing in the event that bail is continued after final adjudication.

(j) Juveniles. Any juvenile between 14 and 16 years of age who is charged with a listed crime as defined in subdivision 5301(7) of this title shall appear before a judicial officer and be ordered released pending trial in accordance with this section within 24 hours following the juvenile's arrest.

Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 7554b is amended to read:

§ 7554b. HOME DETENTION PROGRAM

(a) Intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Home Detention Program be designed to provide an alternative to incarceration and reduce the number of detainees at Vermont correctional facilities by accommodating defendants who would otherwise be incarcerated or pose a significant risk to public safety.

(b) Definition. As used in this section, "home detention" means a program of confinement and supervision that restricts a defendant to a preapproved residence continuously, except for authorized absences, and is enforced by

appropriate means of surveillance and electronic monitoring by the Department of Corrections, including the use of passive electronic monitoring. The court may authorize scheduled absences such as for work, school, or treatment. Any changes in the schedule shall be solely at the discretion of the Department of Corrections. A defendant who is on home detention shall remain in the custody of the Commissioner of Corrections with conditions set by the court.

(b)(c) Procedure Defendants with the inability to pay bail.

(1) Procedure. At the request of the court, the Department of Corrections, the prosecutor, or the defendant, the status of a defendant who is detained pretrial in a correctional facility for inability to pay bail after bail has been set by the court may be reviewed by the court to determine whether the defendant is appropriate for home detention. The review shall be scheduled upon the court's receipt of a report from the Department determining that the proposed residence is suitable for the use of electronic monitoring. A defendant held without bail pursuant to section 7553 or 7553a of this title shall not be eligible for release to the Home Detention Program on or after June 1, 2018. At arraignment or after a hearing, the court may order that the defendant be released to the Home Detention Program, provided that the court finds placing the defendant on home detention will reasonably assure his or her appearance in court when required mitigate the defendant's risk of flight and the proposed residence is appropriate for home detention. In making such a determination, the court shall consider:

(1)(A) the nature of the offense with which the defendant is charged;

(2)(B) the defendant's prior convictions, history of violence, medical and mental health needs, history of supervision, and risk of flight; and

(3)(C) any risk or undue burden to other persons who reside at the proposed residence or risk to third parties or to public safety that may result from such placement.

(e)(2) Failure to comply. The Department of Corrections may revoke a defendant's home detention status for an unauthorized absence or failure to comply with any other condition of the Program and shall return the defendant to a correctional facility.

(d) Defendants who violate conditions of release.

(1) Procedure. At the request of the court, the prosecutor, or the defendant, the status of a defendant who has allegedly violated conditions of release may be reviewed by the court to determine whether the defendant is appropriate for home detention. The review shall be scheduled upon the court's receipt of a report from the Department determining that the proposed

residence is suitable for the use of electronic monitoring. A defendant held without bail pursuant to section 7553 or 7553a of this title shall not be eligible for release to the Home Detention Program on or after June 1, 2024. At arraignment or after a hearing, the court may order that the defendant be released to the Home Detention Program upon the court's finding that the defendant poses a significant risk to public safety, placing the defendant on home detention will reasonably mitigate such risk, and the proposed residence is appropriate for home detention. In making such a determination, the court shall consider the factors listed in subdivisions (c)(1)(A)–(C) of this section.

(2) Failure to comply. The Department of Corrections may report a defendant's unauthorized absence or failure to comply with any other condition of the Program to the prosecutor and the defendant, provided that a defendant's failure to comply with any condition of the Program for a reason other than fault on the part of the defendant shall not be reportable. To address a reported violation, the prosecutor may request:

- (A) a review of conditions pursuant to section 7554 of this title;
- (B) a prosecution for contempt pursuant to section 7559 of this title; or
- (C) a bail revocation hearing pursuant to section 7575 of this title.

(e) Credit for time served. A defendant shall receive credit for a sentence of imprisonment for time served in the Home Detention Program.

(f) Program support. The Department may support the monitoring operations of the Program through grants of financial assistance to, or contracts for services with, any public entity that meets the Department's requirements.

(g) Policies and procedures. The Department of Corrections shall establish written policies and procedures for the Home Detention Program to be used by the Department, any contractors or grantees that the Department engages with to assist with the monitoring operations of the Program, and to assist the courts in understanding the Program.

Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 7555 is added to read:

§ 7555. PRETRIAL SUPERVISION PROGRAM

(a) Purpose. The purpose of the Pretrial Supervision Program is to assist eligible people through the use of evidence-based strategies to improve pretrial compliance with conditions of release, to coordinate and support the provision of pretrial services when appropriate, to ensure attendance at court appearances, and to decrease the potential to recidivate while awaiting trial.

(b) Definition. As used in this section, “absconded” has the same meaning as “absconding” as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 722(1)(B)–(C).

(c) Pretrial supervision.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, beginning on January 1, 2025, the Pretrial Supervision Program shall, if ordered by the court pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, monitor defendants who have been charged with violating a condition of release pursuant to section 7559 of this title or have not fewer than five pending dockets and pose a risk of nonappearance at court hearings, a risk of flight, or a risk of endangering the public.

(2) The Department shall assign a pretrial supervision officer to monitor defendants in a designated region of Vermont and help coordinate any pretrial services needed by the defendant. The Department shall determine the appropriate level of supervision using evidence-based screenings of those defendants eligible to be placed in the Program. The Department's supervision levels may include use of:

- (A) the Department's telephone monitoring system;
- (B) telephonic meetings with a pretrial supervision officer;
- (C) in-person meetings with a pretrial supervision officer;
- (D) electronic monitoring; or
- (E) any other means of contact deemed appropriate.

(3) When placing a defendant into the Program pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the court shall issue an order that sets the defendant's level of supervision based on the recommendations submitted by the Department of Corrections.

(d) Procedure.

(1) At arraignment or at a subsequent hearing, the prosecutor or the defendant may move, or on the court's own motion, that the defendant be reviewed by the court to determine whether the defendant is appropriate for pretrial supervision. The review shall be scheduled upon the court's receipt of a report from the Department of Corrections containing recommendations pertaining to the defendant's supervision level.

(2) A defendant is eligible for pretrial supervision if the person has:

- (A) violated conditions of release pursuant to section 7559 of this title; or
- (B) not fewer than five pending court dockets.

(3) After a hearing and review of the Department of Corrections' report containing the defendant's supervision level recommendations, the court may order that the defendant be released to the Pretrial Supervision Program, provided that the court finds placing the defendant under pretrial supervision will reasonably ensure the person's appearance in court when required, will reasonably mitigate the risk of flight, or reasonably ensure protection of the public. In making such a determination, the court shall consider the following:

- (A) the nature of the violation of conditions of release pursuant to section 7559 of this title;
- (B) the nature and circumstances of the underlying offense or offenses with which the defendant is charged;
- (C) the defendant's prior convictions, history of violence, medical and mental health needs, history of supervision, and risk of flight;
- (D) any risk or undue burden to third parties or risk to public safety that may result from the placement; or
- (E) any other factors that the court deems appropriate.

(e) Compliance and review.

(1) Pretrial supervision officers shall notify the prosecutor and use reasonable efforts to notify the defendant of any violations of court-imposed Program conditions committed by the defendant.

(2) Pretrial supervision officers may notify the prosecutor and use reasonable efforts to notify the defendant of any violations of Department-imposed administrative conditions committed by the defendant.

(3) Upon the motion of the prosecutor or the defendant, or on the court's own motion, a defendant's compliance with pretrial supervision conditions may be reviewed by the court.

(4) Upon submission of the pretrial supervision officer's sworn affidavit by the prosecutor, the court may issue a warrant for the arrest of a defendant who fails to report to the pretrial supervision officer, commits multiple violations of supervision requirements, or has absconded.

(f) Policies and procedures.

(1) On or before November 1, 2024, the Department of Corrections shall establish written policies and procedures for the Pretrial Supervision Program to be used by the Department and any contractors or grantees that the Department engages with to assist in the monitoring operations of the Program and to assist the courts in understanding the Program.

(2) The Department shall develop policies and procedures concerning supervision levels, evidence-based criteria for each supervision level, and the means of contact that is appropriate for each supervision level.

(g) Contingent on funding. The Pretrial Supervision Program established in this section shall operate only to the extent funds are appropriated for its operation. If the Program is not operating in a particular county, the courts shall not order pretrial supervision as a condition of release in accordance with section 7554 of this title.

(h) Program support. The Department may support the operation of the Program through grants of financial assistance to, or contracts for services with, any public entity that meets the Department's requirements.

Sec. 5. 13 V.S.A. § 7559 is amended to read:

§ 7559. RELEASE; DESIGNATION; SANCTIONS VIOLATIONS OF CONDITIONS OF RELEASE; FAILURE TO APPEAR; WARRANTLESS ARREST

(a) The officer in charge of a facility under the control of the department of corrections, county jail or a local lockup shall discharge any person held by him or her upon receipt of an order for release issued by a judicial officer pursuant to section 7554 of this title, accompanied by the full amount of any bond or cash bail fixed by the judicial officer. The officer in charge, or a person designated by the Court Administrator, shall issue a receipt for such bond or cash bail, and shall account for and turn over such bond or cash bail to the court having jurisdiction. The State's Attorney may commence a prosecution for criminal contempt under Rule 42 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure against a person who violates a condition of release imposed under section 7554 of this title. The maximum penalty that may be imposed under this section shall be a fine of \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for six months, or both.

(b) The Court Administrator shall designate persons to set bail for any person under arrest prior to arraignment when the offense charged provides for a penalty of less than two years imprisonment or a fine of less than \$1,000.00 or both. Such persons designated by the Court Administrator shall be considered judicial officers for the purposes of sections 7554 and 7556 of this title. Upon commencement of a prosecution for criminal contempt, including when considering an afterhours request to set temporary conditions or impose bail for criminal contempt, or upon the initial appearance of the person to answer such offense, in accordance with section 7553, 7553a, 7554, or 7575 of this title, a judicial officer may continue or modify existing conditions of release or terminate release of the person.

(c) Any person who is designated by the Court Administrator under subsection (b) of this section, may refuse the designation by so notifying the Court Administrator in writing within seven days of the designation. A person who has been released pursuant to section 7554 of this title with or without bail on condition that the person appear at a specified time and place in connection with a prosecution for an offense and who without just cause fails to appear shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$5,000.00, or both.

(d) A person who has been released pursuant to section 7554 of this title with or without bail on condition that he or she appear at a specified time and place in connection with a prosecution for an offense and who without just cause fails to appear shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$5,000.00, or both. Notwithstanding Rule 3 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure, a law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe the person without just cause has failed to appear at a specified time and place in connection with a prosecution for an offense or has violated a condition of release relating to a restriction on travel or a condition of release that the person not directly contact, harass, or cause to be harassed a victim or potential witness.

(e) The State's Attorney may commence a prosecution for criminal contempt under Rule 42 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure against a person who violates a condition of release imposed under section 7554 of this title. The maximum penalty that may be imposed under this subsection shall be a fine of \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for six months, or both. Upon commencement of a prosecution for criminal contempt, the court shall review, in accordance with section 7554 of this title, and may continue or modify conditions of release or terminate release of the person. [Repealed.]

(f) Notwithstanding Rule 3 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure, a law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe the person without just cause has failed to appear at a specified time and place in connection with a prosecution for an offense or has violated a condition of release relating to a restriction on travel or a condition of release that he or she not directly contact, harass, or cause to be harassed a victim or potential witness. [Repealed.]

Sec. 6. 13 V.S.A. § 7559a is added to read:

§ 7559a. RELEASE; DESIGNATION

(a) The officer in charge of a facility under the control of the department of corrections shall discharge any person held by the officer upon receipt of an order for release issued by a judicial officer pursuant to section 7554 of this

title, accompanied by the full amount of any bond or cash bail fixed by the judicial officer. The officer in charge, or a person designated by the Court Administrator, shall issue a receipt for such bond or cash bail and shall account for and turn over such bond or cash bail to the court having jurisdiction.

(b) The Court Administrator shall designate persons to set bail for any person under arrest prior to arraignment when the offense charged provides for a penalty of less than two years imprisonment or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or both. Such persons designated by the Court Administrator shall be considered judicial officers for the purposes of sections 7554 and 7556 of this title.

(c) Any person who is designated by the Court Administrator under subsection (b) of this section, may refuse the designation by so notifying the Court Administrator in writing within seven days of the designation.

Sec. 7. COMMUNITY RESTITUTION; INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Department of Corrections reinstitute the Community Restitution Program and ensure that it is appropriately staffed and resourced so that it may be offered in all 14 counties as a sentencing alternative.

Sec. 8. 13 V.S.A. § 7030 is amended to read:

§ 7030. SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES

(a) In determining which of the following should be ordered, the court shall consider the nature and circumstances of the crime; the history and character of the defendant; the defendant's family circumstances and relationships; the impact of any sentence upon the defendant's minor children; the need for treatment; any noncompliance with court orders or failures to appear in connection in connection with a criminal prosecution; and the risk to self, others, and the community at large presented by the defendant:

(1) A deferred sentence pursuant to section 7041 of this title.

(2) Referral to a community reparative board pursuant to 28 V.S.A. chapter 12 in the case of an offender who has pled guilty to a nonviolent felony, a nonviolent misdemeanor, or a misdemeanor that does not involve the subject areas prohibited for referral to a community justice center under 24 V.S.A. § 1967. Referral to a community reparative board pursuant to this subdivision does not require the court to place the offender on probation. The offender shall return to court for further sentencing if the reparative board does not accept the case or if the offender fails to complete the reparative board program to the satisfaction of the board in a time deemed reasonable by the board.

(3) Community restitution pursuant to a policy adopted by the Commissioner of Corrections.

(4) Probation pursuant to 28 V.S.A. § 205.

(4)(5) Supervised community sentence pursuant to 28 V.S.A. § 352.

(5)(6) Sentence of imprisonment.

(b) When ordering a sentence of probation, the court may require participation in the Restorative Justice Program established by 28 V.S.A. chapter 12 as a condition of the sentence.

Sec. 9. 18 V.S.A. § 4253 is amended to read:

§ 4253. USE OF A FIREARM WHILE SELLING OR DISPENSING A DRUG

(a) A person who uses a firearm during and in relation to selling or dispensing a regulated drug in violation of subdivision 4230(b)(3), 4231(b)(3), 4232(b)(3), 4233(b)(3), 4234(b)(3), 4234a(b)(3), 4235(c)(3), or 4235a(b)(3) of this title shall be imprisoned not more than three years or fined not more than \$5,000.00, or both, in addition to the penalty for the underlying crime.

(b) A person who uses a firearm during and in relation to trafficking a regulated drug in violation of subsection 4230(c), 4231(c), 4233(c), or 4234a(c) of this title shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$10,000.00, or both, in addition to the penalty for the underlying crime.

(c) For purposes of this section, “use of a firearm” shall include includes:

(1) using a firearm while selling or trafficking a regulated drug; and

(2) the exchange of firearms for drugs, and this section shall apply to the person who trades a firearm for a drug and the person who trades a drug for a firearm.

(d) Conduct constituting the offense of using a firearm while selling or trafficking a regulated drug shall be considered a violent act for the purposes of determining bail.

Sec. 10. JOINT LEGISLATIVE JUSTICE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE; PRETRIAL SUPERVISION PROGRAM; RECOMMENDATIONS; REPORT

(a) The Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee shall review the PreTrial Supervision Program established pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7555. The Committee shall review and provide recommendations to the Department of Corrections for the most prudent use of any funds appropriated to the

Department to operate the Program. The review shall also include recommendations concerning the geographic areas that the Department may first implement the Program and future funding mechanisms for the Program.

(b) The Committee's recommendations pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be submitted to the Department on or before September 1, 2024 and to the General Assembly on or before November 15, 2024.

Sec. 11. CORRECTIONS MONITORING COMMISSION; DEFICIENCIES; RECONSTITUTION; REPORT

(a) On or before January 1, 2025, the Corrections Monitoring Commission shall conduct a review to identify what the Commission's needs are to operate, including its structural challenges; recommendations of changes to the membership of the Commission; the training necessary for members to operate effectively as a Commission; and the resources necessary given its mandates pursuant to 28 V.S.A. § 123.

(b) On or before January 15, 2025, the Commission shall present the results of the review to the Senate Committee on Judiciary and the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions.

Sec. 12. PROSPECTIVE REPEAL

13 V.S.A. § 7555 shall be repealed on December 31, 2026.

Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, Senator Sears moved that the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposals of amendment as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 13 V.S.A. § 7551(b), by striking out subdivision (2) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (2) to read as follows:

(2) In the event the court finds that imposing bail is necessary to mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution for a person charged with a violation of a misdemeanor offense that is eligible for expungement pursuant to subdivision 7601(4)(A) of this title, the court may impose bail in a maximum amount of \$200.00. The \$200.00 limit shall not apply to an offense allegedly committed by a defendant who has been released on personal recognizance or conditions of release pending trial for another offense.

Second: In Sec. 12, prospective repeal, by striking the word "2026" following "December 31" and inserting in lieu thereof 2030

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposals of amendment?, Senator Vyhovsky requested pursuant to Rule 67 the proposals of amendment be divided.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment as moved by Senator Sears in the *first* instance?, was agreed to.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment as moved by Senator Sears in the *second* instance?, was agreed to.

Rules Suspended, Further Proposal of Amendment; Bill Passed in Concurrence with Proposal of Amendment

H. 878.

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures.

Was placed in all remaining stages of passage.

Thereupon, pending third reading of the bill, Senator Sears, moved that the Senate further propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out Secs. 51, 52, and 53 in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof new Secs. 51, 52, and 53 to read as follows:

Sec. 51. [Deleted.]

Sec. 52. [Deleted.]

Sec. 53. [Deleted.]

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the bill was read the third time and passed in concurrence with proposal of amendment.

House Proposals of Amendment Concurred In

S. 254.

House proposals of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to including rechargeable batteries and battery-containing products under the State battery stewardship program.

Was taken up.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 10 V.S.A. chapter 168, in section 7581, in subdivision (9), as amended, after “means” and before “readily detachable” by inserting the words “the battery is”

and, in section 7587, by striking out subsection (a) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (a) to read as follows:

(a) Sale prohibited. Except as set forth in subsection (b) of this section, no retailer shall sell or offer for sale a primary battery, rechargeable battery, or battery-containing product on or after January 1, 2016 2026 unless the producer of the primary battery, rechargeable battery, or battery-containing product is implementing an approved primary battery stewardship plan, is a member of a primary battery stewardship organization implementing an approved primary battery stewardship plan, or is exempt from participation in an approved plan, as determined by review of the producers listed on the Agency website required in subsection 7586(f) of this title.

Second: By adding two new sections to be Secs. 4a and 4b to read as follows:

Sec. 4a. 10 V.S.A. § 7182(b) is amended to read:

(b) Stewardship organization registration requirements.

(1) On or before January July 1, 2025 and annually thereafter, a stewardship organization shall file a registration form with the Secretary. The Secretary shall provide the registration form to the stewardship organization. The registration form shall include:

* * *

Sec. 4b. 10 V.S.A. § 6615f is added to read:

§ 6615f. ADMINISTRATIVE USE CONTROLS AT CONTAMINATED SITES

(a) A petition for administrative use controls at a hazardous material contaminated site may be made by a person responding to a release at that site. The petition shall be made on a form developed by the Secretary that includes the following:

(1) a brief description of the contamination at the site and work completed under an approved corrective action plan;

(2) a legal description of the property or properties subject to administrative use controls;

(3) a digital map that shows the boundaries of the property or properties subject to the administrative use controls and any operational units on the property or properties where more detailed controls will be applied;

(4) a narrative description of the uses that are prohibited on the property under the administrative use control, including any specific restrictions applicable to operational units on the property;

(5) signatures of the property owner or persons with legal control of the property certifying that they accept the imposition of these administrative use controls on their property; and

(6) any other requirement that the Secretary requires by rule.

(b) The Secretary shall approve the administrative use controls upon finding:

(1) the administrative use controls adequately protect human health and the environment;

(2) the administrative use controls are consistent with requirements of the plan required by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter and approved by the Secretary; and

(3) the petition contains adequate information to ensure that current and future owners are aware of the restrictions.

(c) Administrative use controls may require:

(1) restrictions on the use of the property or operational units on the property where restrictions are placed;

(2) a right to access the property to ensure that the restrictions are maintained; and

(3) requirements to maintain the restrictions and report on their implementation.

(d) Administrative use controls shall be effective until a property owner or person with legal control petitions the Secretary for their removal. The Secretary shall remove the administrative use controls if the property owner:

(1) clearly demonstrates that the contamination that was the basis of the administrative use controls has naturally attenuated; or

(2) has completed a subsequent corrective action plan that either remediates the hazardous material below environmental media standards or requires alternate administrative use controls.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposals of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

**House Proposals of Amendment Concurred In
S. 259.**

House proposals of amendment to Senate bill entitled:
An act relating to climate change cost recovery.
Was taken up.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 2, 10 V.S.A. chapter 24A, in section 596, in subdivision (21), after “the Fund and the Program and” and before “a climate change adaptation project” by striking out the words “as part of the support of” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “to pay for”

Second: In Sec. 2, 10 V.S.A. chapter 24A, in section 598, in subsection (d), after “Inventories as applied to the” and before “fossil fuel volume data” by striking out the words “best publicly available”

and in section 598, by striking out subdivision (g)(2)(C) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (g)(2)(C) to read as follows:

(C) Each subsequent installment shall be paid one year from the initial payment each subsequent year and shall be equal to 10 percent of the total cost recovery demand amount. The Secretary may charge reasonable interest on each installment payment or a payment delayed for any other reason and, at the Secretary’s discretion, may adjust the amount of a subsequent installment payment or a payment delayed for any other reason to reflect increases or decreases in the Consumer Price Index.

and in section 598, in subsection (i), in the first sentence, after “with the Secretary within” and before “days following issuance” by striking out the number “15” and inserting in lieu thereof the number “30”

and in section 598, by striking out subsection (j) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (j) to read as follows:

(j) Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede or diminish in any way any other remedies available to a person, as that term is defined in 1 V.S.A. § 128, at common law or under statute.

Third: In Sec. 2, 10 V.S.A. chapter 24A, in section 599a, in subdivision (b)(1), after “adopting methodologies using” and before “available science” by striking out the words “the best”

Fourth: By striking out Sec. 7, effective date, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 7 to read as follows:

Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect July 1, 2024, except that, notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. §§ 213 and 214, the liability of responsible parties for cost recovery demands under 10 V.S.A. chapter 24A shall apply retroactively to the covered period beginning January 1, 1995.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposals of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

**House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In
S. 302.**

House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to public health outreach programs regarding dementia risk.

Was taken up.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 33 V.S.A. § 6221 is amended to read:

§ 6221. PUBLIC EDUCATION RESOURCES

(a) The Departments of Health and of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living shall jointly develop and maintain easily accessible electronic, print, and in-person public education materials and programs on Alzheimer's disease and related disorders that shall serve as a resource for patients, families, caregivers, and health care providers. The Departments shall include information about the State Plan on Aging as well as resources and programs for prevention, care, and support for individuals, families, and communities.

(b)(1) To the extent funds exist, the Departments of Health, of Mental Health, and of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living, in consultation with the Commission on Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders and other relevant workgroups and community organizations, shall, as part of existing and relevant public health outreach programs:

(A) educate health care providers regarding:

(i) the value of early detection and timely diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease and other types of dementia;

(ii) validated assessment tools for the detection and diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, younger-onset Alzheimer's disease, and other types of dementia;

(iii) the benefits of a Medicare annual wellness visit or other annual physical for an adult 65 years of age or older to screen for Alzheimer's disease and other types of dementia;

(iv) the significance of recognizing the family care partner as part of the health care team;

(v) the Medicare care planning billing codes for individuals with Alzheimer's disease and other types of dementia; and

(vi) the necessity of ensuring that patients have access to language access services, when appropriate; and

(B) increase public understanding and awareness of:

(i) the early warning signs of Alzheimer's disease and other types of dementia; and

(ii) the benefits of early detection and timely diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease and other types of dementia.

(2) In their public health outreach programs and any programming and information developed for providers pertaining to Alzheimer's disease and other types of dementia, the Departments shall provide uniform, consistent guidance in nonclinical terms with an emphasis on cultural competency as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 251 and health literacy, specifically targeting populations at higher risk for developing dementia.

Sec. 2. PRESENTATION; ADDRESSING RARE DISEASES

On or after January 15, 2025, the Department of Health shall provide a presentation to the House Committee on Human Services and to the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare describing the public health impact of rare diseases in Vermont and the Department's role in addressing rare diseases statewide.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In

S. 305.

House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to miscellaneous changes related to the Public Utility Commission.

Was taken up.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Notice * * *

Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 165(b) is amended to read:

(b) Public contract advocates shall be appointed or retained for such time as may be required to monitor, represent the public interest, and report on any contract for basic telecommunications service under 30 V.S.A. § 226a. Compensation, expenses, and support of public contract advocates shall be assessed as costs to the Department of Public Service and paid from the revenues received from the tax to finance the Department and the Board Public Utility Commission levied under 30 V.S.A. § 22.

Sec. 2. 30 V.S.A. § 8(d) is amended to read:

(d) ~~At least 12 days prior to Written notice of a hearing before the Commission a Commissioner or a hearing officer, the Commission shall give written notice of the time and place of the hearing to all parties to the case and shall indicate the name and title of the person designated to conduct the hearing shall be given in accordance with 30 V.S.A. § 10.~~

Sec. 3. 30 V.S.A. § 10(c) is amended to read:

(c) ~~A scheduling or procedural conference As used in this section, the term “hearings” refers to public hearings and evidentiary hearings. All other proceedings before the Commission may be held upon any reasonable notice.~~

Sec. 4. 30 V.S.A. § 102(a) is amended to read:

(a) Before the articles of incorporation are transmitted to the Secretary of State, the incorporators shall petition the Public Utility Commission to determine whether the establishment and maintenance of the corporation will promote the general good of the State and shall at that time file a copy of any petition with the Department. The Department, within 12 days, shall review the petition and file a recommendation regarding the petition in the same manner as is set forth in subsection 225(b) of this title. The recommendation shall set forth reasons why the petition shall be accepted without hearing or shall request that a hearing on the petition be scheduled. If the Department requests a hearing on the petition, or, if the Commission deems a hearing necessary, it shall appoint a time and place either remotely accessible or in the county where the proposed corporation is to have its principal office for hearing the petition. ~~At least 12 days before this hearing, notice Notice of the hearing shall be given in accordance with section 10 of this title and shall be published on the Commission’s website and once in a newspaper of general~~

circulation in the county in which the proposed corporation is to have its principal office. The website notice shall be maintained through the date of the hearing. The newspaper notice shall include an ~~Internet~~ internet address where more information regarding the petition may be viewed. The Department of Public Service, through the Director for Public Advocacy, shall represent the public at the hearing.

Sec. 5. 30 V.S.A. § 231(a) is amended to read:

(a) A person, partnership, unincorporated association, or previously incorporated association that desires to own or operate a business over which the Public Utility Commission has jurisdiction under the provisions of this chapter shall first petition the Commission to determine whether the operation of such business will promote the general good of the State, and shall at that time file a copy of any such petition with the Department. The Department, within 12 days, shall review the petition and file a recommendation regarding the petition in the same manner as is set forth in subsection 225(b) of this title. Such recommendation shall set forth reasons why the petition shall be accepted without hearing or shall request that a hearing on the petition be scheduled. If the Department requests a hearing on the petition, or, if the Commission deems a hearing necessary, it shall appoint a time and place in the county where the proposed corporation is to have its principal office for hearing the petition. ~~At least 12 days before this hearing, notice~~ Notice of the hearing ~~shall be given in accordance with section 10 of this title and~~ shall be published on the Commission's website and once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the hearing will occur. The website notice shall be maintained through the date of the hearing. The newspaper notice shall include an ~~Internet~~ internet address where more information regarding the petition may be viewed. The Director for Public Advocacy shall represent the public at the hearing. If the Commission finds that the operation of such business will promote the general good of the State, it shall give such person, partnership, unincorporated association, or previously incorporated association a certificate of public good specifying the business and territory to be served by such petitioners. For good cause, after opportunity for hearing, the Commission may amend or revoke any certificate awarded under the provisions of this section. If any such certificate is revoked, the person, partnership, unincorporated association, or previously incorporated association shall no longer have authority to conduct any business ~~which~~ that is subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission whether or not regulation thereunder has been reduced or suspended, under section 226a or 227a of this title.

Sec. 6. 30 V.S.A. § 248(u) is amended to read:

(u) ~~For an energy storage facility, a~~ A certificate under this section shall only be required for a stationary facility exporting to the grid ~~an energy storage facility~~ that has a capacity of 100 kW or greater, unless the Commission establishes a larger threshold by rule. The Commission shall establish a simplified application process for energy storage facilities subject to this section with a capacity of up to 1 MW, unless it establishes a larger threshold by rule. For facilities eligible for this simplified application process, a certificate of public good will be issued by the Commission by the ~~forty-sixth~~ 46th day following filing of a complete application, unless a substantive objection is timely filed with the Commission or the Commission itself raises an issue. The Commission may require facilities eligible for the simplified application process to include a letter from the interconnecting utility indicating the absence or resolution of interconnection issues as part of the application.

* * * Energy Efficiency Modernization Act * * *

Sec. 7. 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 151, Sec. 1, as amended by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 44, Sec. 1, is further amended to read:

**SEC. 1. ALLOWANCE OF THE USE OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY
CHARGE FUNDS FOR GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS
REDUCTION PROGRAMS**

(a) The electric resource acquisition budget for an entity appointed to provide electric energy efficiency and conservation programs and measures pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 209(d)(2)(A) for the calendar years 2021–2026 shall be determined pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 209(d)(3)(B). This section shall apply only if the entity's total electric resource acquisition budget for 2024–2026 does not exceed the entity's total electric resource acquisition budget for 2021–2023, adjusted for cumulative inflation between January 1, 2021, and July 1, 2023, using the national consumer price index. An entity may include proposals for activities allowed under this pilot in its 2027–2029 demand resource plan filing, but these activities shall only be implemented if this section is extended to cover that ~~timeframe~~ time frame.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law or order of the Public Utility Commission (PUC) to the contrary, the PUC shall authorize an entity ~~pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to appointed under 30 V.S.A. § 209(d)(2)(A)~~ may spend a portion of its electric resource acquisition budget, in an amount to be determined by the PUC but not to exceed \$2,000,000.00 per year, on programs, measures, and services that reduce greenhouse gas emissions in the thermal energy or transportation sectors. An entity appointed under 30 V.S.A.

§ 209(d)(2)(A) that has a three-year electric resource acquisition budget of less than \$8,000,000.00 may spend up to \$800,000.00 of its resource acquisition budget, and any additional amounts the entity has available to it through annually-budgeted thermal energy and process fuel funds and carry-forward thermal energy and process fuel funds from prior periods, on programs, measures, and services that reduce greenhouse gas emissions in the thermal energy or transportation sector. Programs measures, and services authorized pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall An entity spending a portion of its electric resource acquisition budget as outlined in this section shall submit notice of the amount of the annual electric resource acquisition budget to be spent pursuant to this subsection to the PUC, the Department of Public Service, the electric distribution utilities, and the Vermont Public Power Supply Authority with a sworn statement attesting that the programs, measures, or services comply with the following criteria:

- (1) Reduce greenhouse gas emissions in the thermal energy or transportation sectors, or both.
- (2) Have a nexus with electricity usage.
- (3) Be additive and complementary to and shall not replace or be in competition with electric utility energy transformation projects pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 8005(a)(3) and existing thermal efficiency programs operated by an entity appointed under 30 V.S.A. § 209(d)(2)(A) such that they result in the largest possible greenhouse gas emissions reductions in a cost-effective manner.
- (4) Be proposed after the entity consults with any relevant State agency or department and shall not be duplicative or in competition with programs delivered by that agency or department.
- (5) Be delivered on a statewide basis. However, this shall not preclude the delivery of services specific to a retail electricity provider. Should such services be offered, all distribution utilities and Vermont Public Power Supply Authority shall be provided the opportunity to participate, and those services shall be designed and coordinated in partnership with each of them. For programs and services that are not offered on a statewide basis, the proportion of utility-specific program funds used for services to any distribution utility shall be ~~no~~ not less than the proportionate share of the energy efficiency charge, which in the case of Vermont Public Power Supply Authority, is the amount collected across their combined member utility territories during the period this section remains in effect.

(c) An entity that is approved to provide provides a program, measure, or service pursuant to this section shall provide the program, measure, or service in cooperation with a retail electricity provider.

(f) The entity shall not claim any savings and reductions in fossil fuel consumption and in greenhouse gas emissions by the customers of the retail electricity provider resulting from the program, measure, or service if the provider elects to offer the program, measure, or service pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 8005(a)(3) unless the entity and provider agree upon how savings and reductions should be accounted for, apportioned, and claimed.

(2) The PUC shall develop standards and methods to appropriately measure the effectiveness of the programs, measures, and services in relation to the entity's Demand Resources Plan proceeding.

(d) Any funds spent on programs, measures, and services pursuant to this section shall not be counted towards the calculation of funds used by a retail electricity provider for energy transformation projects pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 8005(a)(3) and the calculation of project costs pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 8005(a)(3)(C)(iv).

(e) On or before April 30, 2021 and every April 30 for six years thereafter, the PUC shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Environment and Energy and the Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy and on Finance concerning any programs, measures, and services approved pursuant to this section.

(f) Thermal energy and process fuel efficiency funding. Notwithstanding 30 V.S.A. § 209(e), a retail electricity provider that is also an entity appointed under 30 V.S.A. § 209(d)(2)(A), may during the years of 2024–2026, use monies subject to 30 V.S.A. § 209(e) to deliver thermal and transportation measures or programs that reduce fossil fuel use regardless of the preexisting fuel source of the customer, including measures or programs permissible under this pilot program, with special emphasis on measures or programs that take a new or innovative approach to reducing fossil fuel use, including modifying or supplementing existing vehicle incentive programs and electric vehicle supply equipment grant programs to incentivize high-consumption fuel users, especially individuals using more than 1000 gallons of gasoline or diesel annually and those with low and moderate income, to transition to the use of battery electric vehicles.

* * * Clean Heat Standard * * *

Sec. 8. 30 V.S.A. § 8124 is amended to read:

§ 8124. CLEAN HEAT STANDARD COMPLIANCE

* * *

(b) Annual registration.

(1) Each entity that sells heating fuel into or in Vermont shall register annually with the Commission by an annual deadline established by the Commission. The first registration deadline is January 31, 2024, and the annual deadline shall remain January 31 of each year unless a different deadline is established by the Commission be June 30 of each year after. The form and information required in the registration shall be determined by the Commission and shall include all data necessary to establish annual requirements under this chapter. The Commission shall use the information provided in the registration to determine whether the entity shall be considered an obligated party and the amount of its annual requirement.

* * *

(4) The Commission shall maintain, and update annually, a list of registered entities on its website ~~that contains the required registration information~~.

* * *

Sec. 9. 30 V.S.A. § 8125 is amended to read:

§ 8125. DEFAULT DELIVERY AGENT

* * *

(b) Appointment. The default delivery agent shall be one or more statewide entities capable of providing a variety of clean heat measures. ~~The Commission shall designate the first default delivery agent on or before June 1, 2024.~~ The designation of an entity under this subsection may be by order of appointment or contract. A designation, whether by order of appointment or by contract, may only be issued after notice and opportunity for hearing. An existing order of appointment issued by the Commission under section 209 of this title may be amended to include the responsibilities of the default delivery agent. An order of appointment shall be for a limited duration not to exceed 12 years, although an entity may be reappointed by order or contract. An order of appointment may include any conditions and requirements that the Commission deems appropriate to promote the public good. For good cause, after notice and opportunity for hearing, the Commission may amend or revoke an order of appointment.

* * *

(d) Use of default delivery agent.

* * *

(3) The Commission shall by rule or order establish a standard timeline under which the default delivery agent credit cost or costs are established and by which an obligated party must file its form. The default delivery agent's schedule of costs shall include sufficient costs to deliver installed measures and shall specify separately the costs to deliver measures to customers with low income and customers with moderate income as required by subsection 8124(d) of this title. The Commission shall provide not less than ~~120~~ 90 days' notice of default delivery agent credit cost or costs prior to the deadline for an obligated party to file its election form so an obligated party can assess options and inform the Commission of its intent to procure credits in whole or in part as fulfillment of its requirement.

* * *

(e) Budget.

* * *

(B) the development of a three-year plan and associated proposed budget by the default delivery agent to be informed by the final results of the Department's potential study. The default delivery agent may propose a portion of its budget towards promotion and market uplift, workforce development, and trainings for clean heat measures. The Commission shall approve the first three-year plan and associated budget by no later than September 1, 2025; and

* * *

Sec. 10. 30 V.S.A. § 8126 is amended to read:

§ 8126. RULEMAKING

(a) The Commission shall adopt rules and may issue orders to implement and enforce the Clean Heat Standard program.

* * *

(c) The Commission's rules may include a provision that allows the Commission to revise its Clean Heat Standard rules by order of the Commission without the revisions being subject to the rulemaking requirements of the 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, provided the Commission:

- (1) provides notice of any proposed changes;
- (2) allows for a 30-day comment period;
- (3) responds to all comments received on the proposed change;
- (4) provides a notice of language assistance services on all public outreach materials; and

(5) arranges for language assistance to be provided to members of the public as requested using professional language services companies.

(d) Any order issued under ~~this chapter~~ subsection (c) of this section shall be subject to appeal to the Vermont Supreme Court under section 12 of this title, and the Commission must immediately file any orders, a redline, and clean version of the revised rules with the Secretary of State, with notice simultaneously provided to the House Committee on Environment and Energy and the Senate Committees on Finance and on Natural Resources and Energy.

Sec. 11. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 18, Sec. 6 is amended to read:

Sec. 6. PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION IMPLEMENTATION

* * *

(f) Final rules.

* * *

(5) The final proposed rules shall contain the first set of annual required amounts for obligated parties as described in 30 V.S.A. § 8124(a)(1)(2). The first set of annual required amounts shall only be adopted through the rulemaking process established in this section, not through an order.

* * *

Sec. 12. 32 V.S.A. § 3102 is amended to read:

§ 3102. CONFIDENTIALITY OF TAX RECORDS

* * *

(e) The Commissioner may, in the Commissioner's discretion and subject to such conditions and requirements as the Commissioner may provide, including any confidentiality requirements of the Internal Revenue Service, disclose a return or return information:

* * *

(23) To the Public Utility Commission and the Department of Public Service, provided the disclosure relates to the fuel tax under 33 V.S.A. chapter 25 and is used for the purposes of auditing compliance with the Clean Heat Standard under 30 V.S.A. chapter 94. The Commissioner shall, at a minimum, provide the names of any new businesses selling heating fuel in any given year and the names of any businesses that are no longer selling heating fuel.

* * *

* * * Energy Storage Fees * * *

Sec. 13. 30 V.S.A. § 248c(d) is amended to read:

(d) Electric and natural gas facilities. This subsection sets fees for registrations and applications under section 248 of this title.

(1) There shall be a registration fee of \$100.00 for each electric generation facility less than or equal to 50 kW in plant capacity, or for a rooftop project, or for a hydroelectric project filing a net metering registration, or for an application filed under subsection 248(n) of this title, or for an energy storage facility less than or equal to 1 MW in nameplate capacity that is required to obtain a certificate of public good under section 248 of this title and is proposed to be located inside an existing building and that would not require any ground disturbance work or upgrades to the distribution system.

(2) There shall be a fee of \$25.00 for modifications for each electric generation facility less than or equal to 50 kW in plant capacity, or for a rooftop project, or for a hydroelectric project filing a net metering registration, or for an application filed under subsection 248(n) of this title, or for an energy storage facility less than or equal to 1 MW in nameplate capacity that is required to obtain a certificate of public good under section 248 of this title and is proposed to be located inside an existing building and that would not require any ground disturbance work or upgrades to the distribution system.

(3) There shall be a fee for electric generation facilities and energy storage facilities that are required to obtain a certificate of public good under section 248 of this title and that do not qualify for the lower fees in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, calculated as follows:

- (A) \$5.00 per kW; and
- (B) \$100.00 for modifications.

(4) For applications that include both a proposed electric generation facility and a proposed energy storage facility, the fee shall be the larger of either the fee for the electric generation facility or the energy storage facility as set out in subdivisions (1) and (3) of this subsection.

(5) For applications that propose to add an energy storage facility to a location that already has a certificate of public good for an electric generation facility, the fee shall be that for a proposed new energy storage facility as set out in subdivisions (1) and (3) of this subsection.

(6) For applications that propose to add an electric generation facility to a location that already has a certificate of public good for an energy storage facility, the fee shall be that for a proposed new electric generation facility as set out in subdivisions (1) and (3) of this subsection.

* * * Energy Savings Account * * *

Sec. 14. 30 V.S.A. § 209 is amended to read:

§ 209. JURISDICTION; GENERAL SCOPE

* * *

(d) Energy efficiency.

* * *

(3) Energy efficiency charge; regulated fuels. In addition to its existing authority, the Commission may establish by order or rule a volumetric charge to customers for the support of energy efficiency programs that meet the requirements of section 218c of this title, with due consideration to the State's energy policy under section 202a of this title and to its energy and economic policy interests under section 218e of this title to maintain and enhance the State's economic vitality. The charge shall be known as the energy efficiency charge, shall be shown separately on each customer's bill, and shall be paid to a fund administrator appointed by the Commission and deposited into the Electric Efficiency Fund. When such a charge is shown, notice as to how to obtain information about energy efficiency programs approved under this section shall be provided in a manner directed by the Commission. This notice shall include, at a minimum, a toll-free telephone number, and to the extent feasible shall be on the customer's bill and near the energy efficiency charge.

* * *

(B) The charge established by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision (3) shall be in an amount determined by the Commission by rule or order that is consistent with the principles of least-cost integrated planning as defined in section 218c of this title. As circumstances and programs evolve, the amount of the charge shall be reviewed for unrealized energy efficiency potential and shall be adjusted as necessary in order to realize all reasonably available, cost-effective energy efficiency savings. In setting the amount of the charge and its allocation, the Commission shall determine an appropriate balance among the following objectives; provided, however, that particular emphasis shall be accorded to the first four of these objectives: reducing the size of future power purchases; reducing the generation of greenhouse gases; limiting the need to upgrade the State's transmission and distribution infrastructure; minimizing the costs of electricity; reducing Vermont's total energy demand, consumption, and expenditures; providing efficiency and conservation as a part of a comprehensive resource supply strategy; providing the opportunity for all Vermonters to participate in efficiency and conservation programs; and targeting efficiency and conservation efforts to locations, markets, or customers where they may provide the greatest value.

(C) The Commission, by rule or order, shall establish a process by which a customer who pays an average annual energy efficiency charge under this subdivision (3) of at least \$5,000.00 may apply to the Commission to self-administer energy efficiency through the use of an energy savings account or customer credit program which ~~that shall contain a percentage up to 75 percent and 90 percent, respectively~~ of the customer's energy efficiency charge payments as determined by the Commission. The remaining portion of the charge shall be used for administrative, measurement, verification, and evaluation costs and for systemwide energy benefits. Customer energy efficiency funds may be approved for use by the Commission for one or more of the following: electric energy efficiency projects and non-electric efficiency projects, which may include thermal and process fuel efficiency, flexible load management, combined heat and power systems, demand management, energy productivity, and energy storage. These funds shall not be used for the purchase or installation of new equipment capable of combusting fossil fuels. The Commission in its rules or order shall establish criteria for each program and approval of these applications, establish application and enrollment periods, establish participant requirements, and establish the methodology for evaluation, measurement, and verification for programs. The total amount of customer energy efficiency funds that can be placed into energy savings accounts or the customer credit program annually is \$2,000,000.00 and \$1,000,000.00 respectively.

(C)(D) The Commission may authorize the use of funds raised through an energy efficiency charge on electric ratepayers to reduce the use of fossil fuels for space heating by supporting electric technologies that may increase electric consumption, such as air source or geothermal heat pumps if, after investigation, it finds that deployment of the technology:

* * *

* * * Thermal Energy * * *

Sec. 15. 30 V.S.A. § 201 is amended to read:

§ 201. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(7) "Thermal energy exchange" means piped noncombustible fluids used for transferring heat into and out of buildings for the purpose of avoiding, eliminating, reducing any existing or new on-site greenhouse gas emissions of all types of heating and cooling processes, including comfort heating and cooling, domestic hot water, and refrigeration.

(8) “Thermal energy exchange network” means all real estate, fixtures, and personal property operated, owned, used, or to be used for or in connection with or to facilitate distribution infrastructure project that supplies thermal energy to more than one household, dwelling unit, or network of buildings that are not commonly owned. This definition does not include a mutual benefit enterprise, cooperative or common interest community that is owned by the persons it serves and that provides thermal energy exchange services only to its members, a landlord providing thermal energy exchange services only to its tenants where the service is included in the lease agreement, or any entity that provides thermal energy exchange services only to itself.

Sec. 16. 30 V.S.A. § 231 is amended to read:

§ 231. CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC GOOD; ABANDONMENT OF SERVICE; HEARING

* * *

(d) Notwithstanding any other State law to the contrary, a municipality shall have the authority to construct, operate, set rates for, finance, and use eminent domain for a thermal energy exchange network utility without a certificate of public good or approval by the Commission. Nothing in this section shall alter the requirements of 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 including for district energy projects such as those described in subdivision 209 (e)(1) of this title.

Sec. 17. THERMAL ENERGY EXCHANGE NETWORK DEVELOPMENT REPORT

(a) On or before December 1, 2025, the Public Utility Commission shall issue a report to the House Committee on Environment and Energy and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy on how to support the development of thermal energy exchange networks and the permitting of thermal energy exchange network providers. The report shall address all aspects of the permitting, construction, operation, and rates of thermal energy exchange networks and recommend necessary statutory changes.

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit persons or companies already regulated by the Commission under 30 V.S.A. chapter 5 from pursuing thermal energy change network projects prior to completion of this study.

* * * Baseload Power * * *

Sec. 18. 30 V.S.A. § 8009 is amended to read:

§ 8009. BASELOAD RENEWABLE POWER PORTFOLIO

REQUIREMENT

* * *

(d) On or before November 1, 2026 2027, the Commission shall determine, for the period beginning on November 1, 2026 2027 and ending on November 1, 2032, the price to be paid to a plant used to satisfy the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement. The Commission shall not be required to make this determination as a contested case under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25. The price shall be the avoided cost of the Vermont composite electric utility system. As used in this subsection, the term “avoided cost” means the incremental cost to retail electricity providers of electric energy or capacity, or both, which, but for the purchase from the plant proposed to satisfy the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement, such providers would obtain from a source using the same generation technology as the proposed plant. For the purposes of this subsection, the term “avoided cost” also includes the Commission’s consideration of each of the following:

* * *

(k) Collocation and efficiency requirements.

* * *

(3) On or before October 1, 2024 2025, the owner of the plant shall submit to the Commission and the Department a certification that the main components of the facility used to meet the requirement of subdivision (1) of this subsection (k) have been manufactured and that the construction plans for the facility have been completed.

(4) If the contract and certification required under subdivision (2) of this subsection are not submitted to the Commission and Department on or before July 1, 2023 or if the certification required under subdivision (3) is not submitted to the Commission and Department on or before October 1, 2024 2025, then the obligation under this section for each Vermont retail electricity provider to purchase a pro rata share of the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement shall cease on November 1, 2024 2025, and the Commission is not required to conduct the rate determination provided for in subsection (d) of this section.

(5) On or before September 1, 2025 2026, the Department shall investigate and submit a recommendation to the Commission on whether the plant has achieved the requirement of subdivision (1) of this subsection. If the Department recommends that the plant has not achieved the requirement of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the obligation under this section shall cease on November 1, 2025 2026, and the Commission is not required to conduct the rate determination provided for in subsection (d) of this section.

(6) After November 1, 2026 2027, the owner of the plant shall report annually to the Department and the Department shall verify the overall efficiency of the plant for the prior 12-month period. If the overall efficiency of the plant falls below the requirement of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the report shall include a plan to return the plant to the required efficiency within one year.

(7) If, after implementing the plan in subdivision (6) of this subsection, the owner of the plant does not achieve the efficiency required in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Department shall request that the Commission commence a proceeding to terminate the obligation under this section.

(8) The Department may retain research, scientific, or engineering services to assist it in making the recommendation required under subdivision (5) of this subsection and in reviewing the information required under subdivision (6) of this subsection and may allocate the expense incurred or authorized by it to the plant's owner.

* * *

Sec. 19. BIOMASS SUPPLIERS AND CONSTRUCTION

(a) The owner of the plant used to satisfy the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement under 30 V.S.A. § 8009 shall offer to enter into written contracts with each of its biomass suppliers establishing customary commercial terms, including payment timelines, supply volume, and term length.

(b) For biomass suppliers that are not a party to a supply contract with the plant owner as of April 1, 2024, the plant owner shall offer to provide supply contracts to ensure payment to such suppliers for biomass deliveries within seven business days of the invoice date.

(c) The plant owner shall ensure that the payments made to each biomass supplier are timely, accurate, and valid. In the event any payment is not timely made under the terms of a supplier contract, the plant owner shall pay a late payment penalty to the supplier equal to five percent per week.

(d) The plant owner shall hire an independent certified public accountant to review the timeliness of the plant owner's payments to its suppliers and to prepare a quarterly report detailing its findings. The quarterly report shall also include a status report on the design and construction of the facility proposed to meet the requirements of 30 V.S.A. § 8009(k). Each quarterly report shall be verified under the penalty of perjury and provided to the General Assembly and the Department of Public Service.

(e) The requirements of this section shall apply until the Commission establishes the new avoided cost paid to the plant in accordance with 30 V.S.A. § 8009(d), after which point the obligations under this section shall cease.

* * * Dig Safe; Notice of Excavation Activities * * *

Sec. 20. 30 V.S.A. § 7004(c) is amended to read:

(c) At least 48 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, but not more than 30 days before commencing excavation activities, each person required to give notice of excavation activities shall notify the System referred to in section 7002 of this title. Such notice shall set forth a reasonably accurate and readily identifiable description of the geographical location of the proposed excavation activities and the premarks.

* * * Energy Cost Stabilization Study * * *

Sec. 21. ENERGY COST STABILIZATION STUDY

(a) The General Assembly finds:

(1) Energy generation and consumption is in a state of transition, shifting towards beneficial, strategic electrification using efficiency, renewables, storage, and flexible demand management.

(2) There is an increasing understanding of energy burden that is measured in terms of the percentage of household income that is spent on energy costs.

(3) Total energy costs are a result of multiple expenditures such as electricity costs, transportation costs, and building heating and cooling costs.

(4) As energy consumption shifts from fossil fuels to electricity, electricity costs may increase but total energy costs (including transportation and building heating and cooling costs) are expected to decrease.

(5) There are various income-sensitive programs available to Vermont households that assist with energy costs.

(b) The Public Utility Commission shall study current and potential future programs and initiatives focused on reducing or stabilizing energy costs for low- or moderate-income households and shall make a determination as to whether a statewide program to reduce energy burden is needed in Vermont. In conducting its analysis, the Commission shall take into consideration a comprehensive approach that recognizes electric costs might rise but that total energy costs are expected to decrease because of increased electrification, efficiency, storage, and demand response activities. The Commission shall submit a written report of its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly on or before December 1, 2025.

(c) In conducting the study required by this section, the Commission shall seek input from interested stakeholders, including the Department of Public Service, the Agency of Human Services, the Agency of Transportation, the efficiency utilities, electric distribution utilities, residential customers, low-income program representatives, consumer-assistance program representatives, statewide environmental organizations, environmental justice entities, at least one low-income cost reduction program participant, at least one moderate-income cost reduction program participant, and any other stakeholders identified by the Commission.

(d)(1) As part of its study, the Commission shall assess current programs within and outside Vermont designed to directly reduce or stabilize energy expenditures for low- or moderate-income households and shall seek to identify successful design elements of each. In particular, the Commission shall assess:

- (A) Vermont low-income electric energy cost reduction programs;
- (B) statewide energy cost reduction programs currently available outside Vermont; and
- (C) Vermont programs available to low- and moderate-income households that are designed to reduce transportation, thermal, or electric energy costs, including through investments in efficiency or electrification measures.

(2) In assessing existing programs, the Commission shall take into consideration and develop findings regarding each program's:

- (A) funding model and funding source;
- (B) eligibility requirements;
- (C) process for making and monitoring eligibility determinations;
- (D) administrative structure;
- (E) efficacy in terms of eligibility, customer participation, funding, program offerings, and coordination with other programs, and where there might be opportunities for program improvement, particularly regarding administrative savings and efficiencies and universality of access; and
- (F) ability to assist the State with achieving its greenhouse gas reduction requirements in a manner that is consistent with State policy on environmental justice.

(e) The report required by this section shall include the following:

(1) Recommendations as to how existing programs may better coordinate to ensure low- and moderate-income Vermonters are reducing their total energy consumption and costs.

(2) If applicable, identification of obstacles and recommended solutions for increasing coordination across electric, thermal, and transportation energy cost reduction programs, including through the sharing of best practices and program design and implementation successes.

(3) A recommendation as to whether existing programs should continue to operate and align with a new statewide program or, instead, transition eligible customers to a statewide program and otherwise cease operations.

(4) A recommendation regarding the most appropriate financing mechanism for a statewide energy cost stabilization program if such a program is recommended and, in addition, recommendations regarding:

(A) eligibility requirements, which may be based on income, participation in other public assistance programs, or other potential approach;

(B) a process for making and monitoring eligibility determinations; and

(C) any other matters deemed appropriate by the Commission.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 22. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that Sec. 20, (30 V.S.A. § 7004(c)) shall take effect on November 1, 2024.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

**House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment
Concurred In**

H. 655.

House proposal of amendment to Senate proposal of amendment to House bill entitled:

An act relating to qualifying offenses for sealing criminal history records and access to sealed criminal history records.

Was taken up.

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment thereto as follows:

First: By striking out Sec. 1, sealing criminal history records; Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee, in its entirety and by renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct.

Second: In the newly renumbered Sec. 1, petitionless sealing, after the first instance of “recommendation” by inserting “on how”

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposals of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Immediate Consideration; Third Reading Ordered

H. 885.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to approval of an amendment to the charter of the Town of Berlin.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Watson, for the Committee on Government Operations, to which the bill was referred, reported that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

Senator Cummings, for the Committee on Finance, to which the bill was referred, reported that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Rules Suspended; Immediate Consideration; Proposals of Amendment; Third Reading Ordered; Rules Suspended; Bill Passed in Concurrence with Proposals of Amendment

H. 622.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to emergency medical services.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Williams, for the Committee on Health and Welfare, to which was referred reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:

In Sec. 3, 33 V.S.A. § 1901m, subsection (b), following “equal to the,” by striking out “Medicare basic life support rate” and inserting in lieu thereof applicable Medicare rate

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.

Senator Hardy, for the Committee on Government Operations, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Health and Welfare with the following amendments thereto in Sec. 6, EMS Advisory Committee statewide EMS system design, as follows:

First: In subsection (b), following “statewide EMS system”, by inserting before the comma that aligns with the purpose expressed in 18 V.S.A. § 901, optimizes patient care, and incorporates nationally recognized best practices

Second: By designating the existing subsection (c) as subdivision (c)(1) and by adding a subdivision (c)(2) to read as follows:

(2) The EMS Advisory Committee and the Department of Health shall coordinate with the Public Safety Communications Task Force and the County and Regional Governance Study Committee to ensure appropriate coordination and alignment of the groups’ recommendations and system designs.

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.

Senator Chittenden, for the Committee on Finance, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposals of amended as recommended by the Committees on Health and Welfare and on Government Operations.

Senator Lyons, for the Committee on Appropriations, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amended as recommended by the Committees on Health and Welfare and on Government Operations.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and the recommendation of proposal of amendment of the Committee on Health and Welfare were agreed to.

Thereupon, the proposals of amendment recommended by the Committee on Government Operations, were agreed to and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator, Baruth, the rules were suspended and the bill was placed in all remaining stages of its passage forthwith.

Thereupon, the bill was read the third time and passed in concurrence with proposals of amendment.

Rules Suspended; Bill Passed in Concurrence**H. 885.**

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to approval of an amendment to the charter of the Town of Berlin.

Was placed in all remaining stages of its passage in concurrence.

Thereupon, the bill was read the third time and passed in concurrence.

**Rules Suspended; Proposal of Amendment; Third Reading Ordered;
Rules Suspended; Bill Passed in Concurrence with Proposal of
Amendment****H. 876.**

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to miscellaneous amendments to the corrections laws.

Was taken up.

Senator Sears, for the Committee on Judiciary, reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 28 V.S.A. § 801 is amended to read:

§ 801. MEDICAL CARE OF INMATES

(a) Provision of medical care. The Department shall provide health care for inmates in accordance with the prevailing medical standards. When the provision of such care requires that the inmate be taken outside the boundaries of the correctional facility wherein the inmate is confined, the Department shall provide reasonable safeguards, when deemed necessary, for the custody of the inmate while ~~he or she~~ the inmate is confined at a medical facility.

(b) Screenings and assessments.

(1) Upon admission to a correctional facility for a minimum of 14 consecutive days, each inmate shall be given a physical assessment unless extenuating circumstances exist.

(2) Within 24 hours after admission to a correctional facility, each inmate shall be screened for substance use disorders as part of the initial and ongoing substance use screening and assessment process. This process includes screening and assessment for opioid use disorders.

(c) Emergency care. When there is reason to believe an inmate is in need of medical care, the officers and employees shall render emergency first aid and immediately secure additional medical care for the inmate in accordance with the standards set forth in subsection (a) of this section. A correctional facility shall have on staff at all times at least one person trained in emergency first aid.

(d) Policies. The Department shall establish and maintain policies for the delivery of health care in accordance with the standards in subsection (a) of this section.

(e) Pre-existing prescriptions; definitions for subchapter.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an inmate who is admitted to a correctional facility while under the medical care of a licensed physician, a licensed physician assistant, or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse and who is taking medication at the time of admission pursuant to a valid prescription as verified by the inmate's pharmacy of record, primary care provider, other licensed care provider, or as verified by the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System or other prescription monitoring or information system, including buprenorphine, methadone, or other medication prescribed in the course of ~~medication-assisted treatment~~ medication for opioid use disorder, shall be entitled to continue that medication and to be provided that medication by the Department pending an evaluation by a licensed physician, a licensed physician assistant, or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse.

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Department may defer provision of a validly prescribed medication in accordance with this subsection if, in the clinical judgment of a licensed physician, a physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse, it is not medically necessary to continue the medication at that time.

(3) The licensed practitioner who makes the clinical judgment to discontinue a medication shall cause the reason for the discontinuance to be entered into the inmate's medical record, specifically stating the reason for the discontinuance. The inmate shall be provided, both orally and in writing, with a specific explanation of the decision to discontinue the medication and with notice of the right to have his or her the inmate's community-based prescriber notified of the decision. If the inmate provides signed authorization, the Department shall notify the community-based prescriber in writing of the decision to discontinue the medication.

(4) It is not the intent of the General Assembly that this subsection shall create a new or additional private right of action.

(5) As used in this subchapter:

(A) “Medically necessary” describes health care services that are appropriate in terms of type, amount, frequency, level, setting, and duration to the individual’s diagnosis or condition, are informed by generally accepted medical or scientific evidence, and are consistent with generally accepted practice parameters. Such services shall be informed by the unique needs of each individual and each presenting situation, and shall include a determination that a service is needed to achieve proper growth and development or to prevent the onset or worsening of a health condition.

(B) ~~“Medication-assisted treatment” shall have “Medication for opioid use disorder”~~ has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 4750.

(f) Third-party medical provider contracts. Any contract between the Department and a provider of physical or mental health services shall establish policies and procedures for continuation and provision of medication at the time of admission and thereafter, as determined by an appropriate evaluation, which will protect the mental and physical health of inmates.

(g) Prescription medication; reentry planning.

(1) If an offender takes a prescribed medication while incarcerated and that prescribed medication continues to be both available at the facility and clinically appropriate for the offender at the time of discharge from the correctional facility, the Department or its contractor shall provide the offender, at the time of release, with not less than a 28-day supply of the prescribed medication, if possible, to ensure that the inmate may continue taking the medication as prescribed until the offender is able to fill a new prescription for the medication in the community. The Department or its contractor shall also provide the offender exiting the facility with a valid prescription to continue the medication after any supply provided during release from the facility is depleted.

(2) The Department or its contractor shall identify any necessary licensed health care provider or substance use disorder treatment program, or both, and schedule an intake appointment for the offender with the provider or program to ensure that the offender can continue care in the community as part of the offender’s reentry plan. The Department or its contractor may employ or contract with a case worker or health navigator to assist with scheduling any health care appointments in the community.

Sec. 2. 28 V.S.A. § 801b is amended to read:

§ 801b. MEDICATION ASSISTED TREATMENT MEDICATION FOR OPIOID USE DISORDER IN CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

(a) If an inmate receiving ~~medication-assisted treatment~~ medication for opioid use disorder prior to entering the correctional facility continues to receive medication prescribed in the course of ~~medication-assisted treatment~~ medication for opioid use disorder pursuant to section 801 of this title, the inmate shall be authorized to receive that medication for as long as medically necessary.

(b)(1) If at any time an inmate screens positive as having an opioid use disorder, the inmate may elect to commence buprenorphine-specific ~~medication-assisted treatment~~ medication for opioid use disorder if it is deemed medically necessary by a provider authorized to prescribe buprenorphine. The inmate shall be authorized to receive the medication as soon as possible and for as long as medically necessary.

(2) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent an inmate who commences ~~medication-assisted treatment~~ medication for opioid use disorder while in a correctional facility from transferring from buprenorphine to methadone if:

(A) methadone is deemed medically necessary by a provider authorized to prescribe methadone; and

(B) the inmate elects to commence methadone as recommended by a provider authorized to prescribe methadone.

(c) The licensed practitioner who makes the clinical judgment to discontinue a medication shall cause the reason for the discontinuance to be entered into the inmate's medical record, specifically stating the reason for the discontinuance. The inmate shall be provided, both orally and in writing, with a specific explanation of the decision to discontinue the medication and with notice of the right to have his or her ~~the inmate's~~ community-based prescriber notified of the decision. If the inmate provides signed authorization, the Department shall notify the community-based prescriber in writing of the decision to discontinue the medication.

(d)(1) As part of reentry planning, the Department shall commence ~~medication-assisted treatment~~ medication for opioid use disorder prior to an inmate's offender's release if:

(A) the inmate offender screens positive for an opioid use disorder;

(B) ~~medication-assisted treatment~~ medication for opioid use disorder is medically necessary; and

(C) the inmate offender elects to commence ~~medication-assisted treatment~~ medication for opioid use disorder.

(2) If ~~medication-assisted treatment~~ medication for opioid use disorder is indicated and despite best efforts induction is not possible prior to release,

the Department shall ensure comprehensive care coordination with a community-based provider.

(3) If an offender takes a prescribed medication as part of medication for opioid use disorder while incarcerated and that prescription medication is both available at the facility and clinically appropriate for the offender at the time of discharge from the correctional facility, the Department or its contractor shall provide the offender, at the time of release, with a legally permissible supply to ensure that the offender may continue taking the medication as prescribed prior to obtaining the prescription medication in the community.

(e)(1) Counseling or behavioral therapies shall be provided in conjunction with the use of medication for medication-assisted treatment as provided for in the Department of Health's "Rule Governing Medication-Assisted Therapy for Opioid Dependence Medication for Opioid Use Disorder" for: (1) Office-Based Opioid Treatment Providers Prescribing Buprenorphine; and (2) Opioid Treatment Providers."

(2) As part of reentry planning, the Department shall inform and offer care coordination to an offender to expedite access to counseling and behavioral therapies within the community.

(3) As part of reentry planning, the Department or its contractor shall identify any necessary licensed health care provider or an opioid use disorder treatment program, or both, and schedule an intake appointment for the offender with the providers or treatment program, or both, to ensure that the offender can continue treatment in the community as part of the offender's reentry plan. The Department or its contractor may employ or contract with a case worker or health navigator to assist with scheduling any health care appointments in the community.

Sec. 3. JOINT LEGISLATIVE JUSTICE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE; EARNED TIME EXPANSION; PAROLEES; EDUCATIONAL CREDITS, REVIEW

(a) The Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee shall review whether the Department of Corrections' current earned time program should be expanded to include parolees, as well as permitting earned time for educational credits for both offenders and parolees.

(b) The review of the Department's earned time program shall also include an examination of the current operation and effectiveness of the Department's victim notification system and whether it has the capabilities to handle an expansion of the earned time program. The Committee shall solicit testimony from the Department; the Center for Crime Victim Services; victims and

survivors of crimes, including those who serve on the advisory council for the Center for Crime Victim Services; and the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs.

(c) On or before November 15, 2024, the Committee shall submit any recommendations from the study pursuant to this section to the Senate Committee on Judiciary and the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions.

Sec. 4. 23 V.S.A. § 115 is amended to read:

§ 115. NONDRIVER IDENTIFICATION CARDS

* * *

(m)(1) An individual sentenced to serve a period of imprisonment of six months or more committed to the custody of the Commissioner of Corrections who is eligible for a nondriver identification card under the requirements of this section shall, upon proper application and in advance of release from a correctional facility, be provided with a nondriver identification card for a fee of \$0.00.

(2) As part of reentry planning, the Department of Corrections shall inquire with the individual to be released about the individual's desire to obtain a nondriver identification card or any driving credential, if eligible, and inform the individual about the differences, including any costs to the individual.

(3) If the individual desires a nondriver identification card, the Department of Corrections shall coordinate with the Department of Motor Vehicles to provide an identification card for the individual at the time of release.

Sec. 5. FAMILY VISITATION; STUDY COMMITTEE; REPORT

(a) Creation. There is created the Family Friendly Visitation Study Committee to examine how the Department of Corrections can facilitate greater family friendly visitation methods for all inmates who identify as parents, guardians, and parents with visitation rights.

(b) Membership. The Study Committee shall be composed of the following members:

- (1) the Commissioner of Corrections or designee;
- (2) the Child, Family, and Youth Advocate or designee;
- (3) a representative from Lund's Kids-A-Part program;
- (4) the Commissioner for Children and Families or designee; and

(5) a representative from the Vermont Network Against Domestic and Sexual Violence.

(c) Powers and duties. The Study Committee shall study methods and approaches to better family friendly visitation for inmates who identify as parents, guardians, and parents with visitation rights, including the following issues:

(1) establishing a Department policy that facilitates family friendly visitation to inmates who identify as parents, guardians, and parents with visitation rights;

(2) assessing correctional facility capacity and resources needed to facilitate greater family friendly visitation to inmates who identify as parents, guardians, and parents with visitation rights;

(3) evaluating the possibility of locating inmates at correctional facilities closer to family;

(4) assessing how inmate discipline at a correctional facility affects family visitation;

(5) examining the current Kids-A-Part visitation program and determining steps to achieve parity with the objectives pursuant to subsection (a) of this section;

(6) exploring more family friendly visiting days and hours; and

(7) consulting with other stakeholders on relevant issues as necessary.

(d) Assistance. The Study Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Department of Corrections.

(e) Report. On or before January 15, 2025, the Study Committee shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Judiciary with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.

(f) Meetings.

(1) The Commissioner of Corrections or designee shall call the first meeting of the Study Committee to occur on or before August 1, 2024.

(2) The Study Committee shall meet not more than six times.

(3) The Commissioner of Corrections or designee shall serve as the Chair of the Study Committee.

(4) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(5) The Study Committee shall cease to exist on February 15, 2025.

(g) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Study Committee who are not employees of the State of Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated or reimbursed for their attendance shall be entitled to compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than six meetings per year.

Sec. 6. CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES; INMATE POPULATION REDUCTION; REPORT

(a) Findings and intent.

(1) The General Assembly finds that the population of inmates in Vermont has risen from approximately 300 detainees per day in 2020 to approximately 500 detainees per day in 2024 while the sentenced population has remained relatively stable during the same time period.

(2) It is the intent of the General Assembly that, by 2034, the practice of Vermont inmates being housed in privately operated, for-profit, or out-of-state correctional facilities shall be prohibited so that corporations are not enriched for depriving the liberty of persons sentenced to imprisonment. It is the further intent of the General Assembly that such a prohibition does not affect inmates who are incarcerated pursuant to an interstate compact.

(b) Report. On or before November 15, 2025, the Judiciary, in consultation with the Department of Corrections, the Department of Buildings and General Services, the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, the Office of the Defender General, and the Law Enforcement Advisory Board, shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Judiciary detailing methods to reduce the number of offenders and detainees in Vermont correctional facilities. The report shall include:

(1) identifying new laws or amendments to current laws to help reduce the number of individuals who enter the criminal justice system;

(2) methods to divert individuals away from the criminal justice system once involved;

(3) initiatives to keep individuals involved in the criminal justice system out of Vermont's correctional facilities; and

(4) an analysis of the financial savings attributed to implementing subdivisions (1)–(3) of this subsection and how any savings can be reinvested.

(c) Status update. On or before December 1, 2024, the Department of Corrections shall provide a status update of the report identified in subsection (b) of this section to the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee in the

form of a written outline, which shall include any legislative recommendations.

(d) Support. The stakeholders identified in subsection (b) of this section may contract with third parties to assist in the development of the report pursuant to this section.

Sec. 7. REENTRY SERVICES; NEW CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES; PROGRAMMING; RECOMMENDATIONS

On or before November 15, 2024, the Department of Corrections, in consultation with the Department of Buildings and General Services, shall submit recommendations to the Senate Committee on Judiciary and the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions detailing the following:

(1) an examination of the Department of Corrections' reentry and transitional services with the objective to transition and implement modern strategies and facilities to assist individuals involved with the criminal justice system to obtain housing, vocational and job opportunities, and other services to successfully reintegrate into society;

(2) the recommended size of a new women's correctional facility, including the scope and quality of programming and services housed in the facility and any therapeutic, educational, and other specialty design features necessary to support the programming and services offered in the facility; and

(3) whether it is advisable to construct a new men's correctional facility on the same campus as the women's correctional facility or at another location.

Sec. 8. EXECUTIVE BRANCH; POSITIONS; RECLASSIFICATION

To the extent funds are available and based on the operational needs of the Executive Branch as determined by the Secretary of Administration in accordance with 3 V.S.A. § 2224, in fiscal year 2025, seven permanent, classified manager positions that are currently vacant shall be transferred and properly classified as central operations specialist positions within the Department of Corrections. In addition to any other duties deemed appropriate by the Department, the central operations specialists shall assist in the Department's obligations to attend to individuals in its custody who are located or admitted at hospitals.

Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.

Senator Sears, for the Committee on Appropriations, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary with the following amendment thereto:

First: In Sec. 6, correctional facilities; inmate population reduction; report, in subsection (b), in the first sentence, by striking out “the Department of Buildings and General Services,” following “in consultation with the Department of Corrections,”

Second: In Sec. 7, reentry services; new correctional facilities; programming; recommendations, in subdivision (3), by striking out “correctional” following “men’s” and inserting in lieu thereof reentry

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and the recommendation of the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Judiciary was amended as recommended by the Committee on Appropriations.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary, as amended?, Senator Sears moved to amend the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Judiciary as follows:

By striking out Sec. 8, executive branch; positions; reclassification, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 8. DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS; PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFICERS; HOSPITAL COVERAGE; PLAN

(a) Intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly to afford relief to the probation and parole officers of the Department of Corrections who are providing emergency coverage, in addition to their own duties and responsibilities, to supervise individuals in the custody of the Department who are located or admitted at hospitals.

(b) Plan. On or before January 15, 2025, the Department of Corrections, in consultation with the Agency of Administration, shall present a plan to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Judiciary and the House Committee on Appropriations and on Corrections and Institutions to address the Department’s staffing shortages related to hospital coverage and in accordance with subsection (a) of this section. The plan shall address:

(1) general staffing recommendations to relieve probation and parole officers from providing hospital coverage as outlined in this section;

(2) the number of staff required to provide adequate relief to probation and parole officers providing hospital coverage; and

(3) the costs associated with the Department's staffing recommendations and requirements.

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the pending question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Judiciary, as amended?, was agreed to and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and the bill was placed on all remaining stages of its passage forthwith.

Thereupon, the bill was read the third time and passed in concurrence with proposal of amendment.

**Rules Suspended; Immediate Consideration; House Proposal of
Amendment Concurred In**

S. 55.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to authorizing public bodies to meet electronically under Vermont's Open Meeting Law.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly that regardless of the form and format of a meeting, whether in-person, remote, or a hybrid fashion, that:

(1) meetings of public bodies be fully accessible to members of the public who would like to attend and participate, as well as to members of those public bodies who have been appointed or elected to serve their communities;

(2) subject to any exceptions in the Open Meeting Law, the deliberations and decisions of public bodies be transparent to members of the public; and

(3) the meetings of public bodies be conducted using standard rules and best practices for both meeting format and method of delivery.

Sec. 2. 1 V.S.A. § 310 is amended to read:

§ 310. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Advisory body” means a public body that does not have supervision, control, or jurisdiction over legislative, quasi-judicial, tax, or budgetary matters.

(2) “Business of the public body” means the public body’s governmental functions, including any matter over which the public body has supervision, control, jurisdiction, or advisory power.

(2)(3) “Deliberations” means weighing, examining, and discussing the reasons for and against an act or decision, but expressly excludes the taking of evidence and the arguments of parties.

(4) “Hybrid meeting” means a meeting that includes both a designated physical meeting location and a designated electronic meeting platform.

(3)(5)(A) “Meeting” means a gathering of a quorum of the members of a public body for the purpose of discussing the business of the public body or for the purpose of taking action.

* * *

(4)(6) “Public body” means any board, council, or commission of the State or one or more of its political subdivisions, any board, council, or commission of any agency, authority, or instrumentality of the State or one or more of its political subdivisions, or any committee or subcommittee of any of the foregoing boards, councils, or commissions, except that “public body” does not include councils or similar groups established by the Governor for the sole purpose of advising the Governor with respect to policy.

(5)(7) “Publicly announced” means that notice is given to an editor, publisher, or news director of a newspaper or radio station serving the area of the State in which the public body has jurisdiction, and to any person who has requested under subdivision 312(c)(5) of this title to be notified of special meetings.

(6)(8) “Quasi-judicial proceeding” means a proceeding which that is:

* * *

(9) “Undue hardship” means an action required to achieve compliance would require significant difficulty or expense in light of factors including the overall size of the entity, sufficient personnel and staffing availability, the entity’s budget, and the costs associated with compliance.

Sec. 3. 1 V.S.A. § 312 is amended to read:

§ 312. RIGHT TO ATTEND MEETINGS OF PUBLIC AGENCIES

(a)(1) All meetings of a public body are declared to be open to the public at all times, except as provided in section 313 of this title. No resolution, rule, regulation, appointment, or formal action shall be considered binding except as taken or made at such open meeting, except as provided under subdivision 313(a)(2) of this title. A meeting of a public body is subject to the public accommodation requirements of 9 V.S.A. chapter 139. A public body shall electronically record all public hearings held to provide a forum for public comment on a proposed rule, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 840. The public shall have access to copies of such electronic recordings as described in section 316 of this title.

(2) Participation in meetings through electronic or other means.

* * *

(D) If a quorum or more of the members of a public body attend a meeting without being physically present at a designated meeting location, the agenda required under subsection (d) of this section shall designate at least one physical location where a member of the public can attend and participate in the meeting. At least one member of the public body, or at least one staff or designee of the public body, shall be physically present at each designated meeting location. The requirements of this subdivision (D) shall not apply to advisory bodies.

(3) State nonadvisory public bodies; hybrid meeting requirement. Any public body of the State, except advisory bodies, shall:

(A) hold all regular and special meetings in a hybrid fashion, which shall include both a designated physical meeting location and a designated electronic meeting platform;

(B) electronically record all meetings; and

(C) for a minimum of 30 days following the approval and posting of the official minutes for a meeting, retain the audiovisual recording and post the recording in a designated electronic location.

(4) State and local advisory bodies; electronic meetings without a physical meeting location. A quorum or more of the members of an advisory body may attend any meeting of the advisory body by electronic or other means without being physically present at or staffing a designated meeting location. A quorum or more of the members of any public body may attend an emergency meeting of the body by electronic or other means without being physically present at or staffing a designated meeting location.

(5) State nonadvisory public bodies; State and local advisory bodies; designating electronic platforms. State nonadvisory public bodies meeting in a hybrid fashion pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection and State and local advisory bodies meeting without a physical meeting location pursuant to subdivision (4) of this subsection shall designate and use an electronic platform that allows the direct access, attendance, and participation of the public, including access by telephone. The public body shall post information that enables the public to directly access the designated electronic platform and include this information in the published agenda or public notice for the meeting.

(6) Local nonadvisory public bodies; meeting recordings.

(A) A public body of a municipality or political subdivision, except advisory bodies, shall record, in audio or video form, any meeting of the public body and post a copy of the recording in a designated electronic location for a minimum of 30 days following the approval and posting of the official minutes for a meeting.

(B) A municipality is exempt from subdivision (A) of this subdivision (6) if compliance would impose an undue hardship on the municipality.

(C) A municipality shall have the burden of proving that compliance under this section would impose an undue hardship on the municipality.

* * *

(j) Request for access.

(1) A resident of the geographic area in which the public body has jurisdiction, a member of a public body, or a member of the press may request that a public body designate a physical meeting location or provide electronic or telephonic access to a regular meeting, but not to a series of regular meetings, special meetings, emergency meetings, or field visits.

(2) The request shall be made in writing, as specified by the public body, not less than two business days before the date of the meeting. The public body shall not require the requestor to provide a basis for the request.

(3) The public body shall grant the request unless:

(A) there is an all-hazards event as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 2 or a state of emergency declared pursuant to 20 V.S.A. §§ 9 and 11;

(B) there is a local incident as defined in section 312a of this subchapter; or

(C) compliance would impose an undue hardship on the municipality.

(4) A public body shall have the burden of proving that compliance under subdivision (3) of this subsection would impose an undue hardship on the public body.

Sec. 4. COMMUNICATIONS UNION DISTRICTS; STATE NONADVISORY PUBLIC BODIES; DESIGNATED PHYSICAL MEETING LOCATION EXCEPTION

Until January 1, 2025, notwithstanding the provisions of 1 V.S.A. § 312(a)(3), communications union districts and State nonadvisory public bodies shall not be required to designate a physical meeting location for regular and special meetings or hold regular and special meetings in a hybrid fashion.

Sec. 5. 1 V.S.A. § 312(k) is added to read:

(k) Training.

(1) Annually, the following officers shall participate in a professional training that addresses the procedures and requirements of this subchapter:

(A) for municipalities and political subdivisions, the chair of the legislative body, town manager, and mayor; and

(B) for the State, the chair of any public body that is not an advisory body.

(2) The Secretary of State shall develop the training required by subdivision (1) of this subsection and make the training available to municipalities and political subdivisions and public bodies. The training may be in person, online, and synchronous or asynchronous.

Sec. 6. 1 V.S.A. § 312a is amended to read:

§ 312a. MEETINGS OF PUBLIC BODIES; STATE OF EMERGENCY

(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Affected public body” means a public body:

(A) whose regular meeting location is located in an area affected by a hazard or local incident; and

(B) that cannot meet in a designated physical meeting location due to a declared state of emergency pursuant to 20 V.S.A. chapter 1 or local incident.

(2) "Directly impedes" means interferes or obstructs in a manner that makes it infeasible for a public body to meet either at a designated physical location or through electronic means.

(3) "Hazard" means an "all-hazards" as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 2(1).

(4) "Local incident" means a weather event, loss of power or telecommunication services, public health emergency, public safety threat, received threat that a member of the public body believes may place the member or another person in reasonable apprehension of death or serious bodily injury, or other event that directly impedes the ability of a public body to hold a meeting electronically or in a designated physical location.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivisions 312(a)(2)(D), (a)(3), and (c)(2) of this title, during a local incident or declared state of emergency under 20 V.S.A. chapter 1:

(1) A quorum or more of an affected public body may attend a regular, special, or emergency meeting by electronic or other means without designating a physical meeting location where the public may attend.

(2) The members and staff of an affected public body shall not be required to be physically present at a designated meeting location.

(3) An affected public body of a municipality may post any meeting agenda or notice of a special meeting in two publicly accessible designated electronic locations in lieu of the two designated public places in the municipality, or in a combination of a designated electronic location and a designated public place.

(c) Before a public body may meet under the authority provided in this section for meetings held during a local incident, the highest ranking elected or appointed officer of the public body shall make a formal written finding and announcement of the local incident, including the basis for the finding.

(d) Notwithstanding subdivision 312(a)(3) of this title, during a local incident that impedes an affected public body's ability to hold a meeting by electronic means, the affected public body may hold a meeting exclusively at a designated physical meeting location.

(e) When an affected public body meets electronically under subsection (b) of this section, the affected public body shall:

(1) use technology that permits the attendance and participation of the public through electronic or other means;

(2) allow the public to access the meeting by telephone; and

(3) post information that enables the public to directly access and participate in meetings electronically and shall include this information in the published agenda for each meeting; and

(4) if applicable, publicly announce and post a notice that the meeting will not be held in a hybrid fashion and will be held either in a designated physical meeting location or through electronic means.

(d)(f) Unless unusual circumstances make it impossible for them to do so, the legislative body of each municipality and each school board shall record any meetings held pursuant to this section.

(e)(g) An affected public body of a municipality shall continue to post notices and agendas in or near the municipal clerk's office pursuant to subdivision 312(c)(2) of this title and shall provide a copy of each notice or agenda to the newspapers of general circulation for the municipality.

Sec. 7. 1 V.S.A. § 314 is amended to read:

§ 314. PENALTY AND ENFORCEMENT

* * *

(e) A municipality shall post on its website, if it maintains one:

(1) an explanation of the procedures for submitting notice of an Open Meeting Law violation to the public body or the Attorney General; and

(2) a copy of the text of this section.

Sec. 8. 17 V.S.A. § 2640 is amended to read:

§ 2640. ANNUAL MEETINGS

* * *

(b)(1) When a town so votes, it may thereafter start its annual meeting on any of the three days immediately preceding the first Tuesday in March at such time as it elects and may transact at that time any business not involving voting by Australian ballot or voting required by law to be by ballot and to be held on the first Tuesday in March. A meeting so started shall be adjourned until the first Tuesday in March.

(2) An informational meeting held in the three days preceding the first Tuesday in March pursuant to this subsection shall be video recorded and a copy of the recording shall be posted in a designated electronic location within 24 hours until the results of the annual meeting have been certified.

* * *

Sec. 9. 17 V.S.A. § 2680 is amended to read:

§ 2680. AUSTRALIAN BALLOT SYSTEM; GENERAL

* * *

(h) Hearing.

* * *

(2)(A) The hearing shall be held within the 40 30 days preceding the meeting at which the Australian ballot system is to be used. The legislative body shall be responsible for the administration of this hearing, including the preparation of minutes.

* * *

(3) A hearing held pursuant to this subsection shall be video recorded and a copy of the recording shall be posted in a designated electronic location until the results of the meeting have been certified.

Sec. 10. WORKING GROUP ON PARTICIPATION AND ACCESSIBILITY
OF MUNICIPAL PUBLIC MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS;
REPORT

(a) Creation. There is created the Working Group on Participation and Accessibility of Municipal Public Meetings and Elections to study and make recommendations to:

(1) improve the accessibility of and participation in meetings of local public bodies, annual municipal meetings, and local elections; and

(2) increase transparency, accountability, and trust in government.

(b) Membership. The Working Group shall be composed of the following members:

(1) two designees of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, who shall represent municipalities of differing populations and geographically diverse areas of the State;

(2) two designees of the Vermont Municipal Clerks' and Treasurers' Association, who shall represent municipalities of differing populations and geographically diverse areas of the State;

(3) one designee of the Vermont School Boards Association;

(4) one designee of Disability Rights Vermont;

(5) one designee of the Vermont Access Network;

(6) one member with expertise in remote and hybrid voting and meeting technology, appointed by the Secretary of State;

(7) the Chair of the Human Rights Commission or designee; and

(8) the Secretary of State or designee, who shall be Chair.

(c) Powers and duties. The Working Group shall:

(1) recommend best practices for:

(A) running effective and inclusive meetings and maximizing participation and accessibility in electronic, hybrid, and in-person annual meetings and meetings of public bodies;

(B) the use of universal design for annual meetings and meetings of public bodies;

(C) training public bodies for compliance with the Open Meeting Law; and

(D) recording meetings of municipal public bodies and the means and timeline for posting those recordings for public access.

(2) report on the findings of the Civic Health Index study by the Secretary of State and how to reduce barriers to participation in public service;

(3) identify the technical assistance, equipment, and training necessary for municipalities to run effective and inclusive remote or hybrid public meetings;

(4) produce a guide for accessibility for polling and public meeting locations;

(5) study the feasibility of using electronic platforms to support remote attendance and voting at annual meetings;

(6) analyze voter turnout and the voting methods currently used throughout the State;

(7) investigate whether increased use of resources for participants such as child care, hearing devices, translators, transportation, food, and hybrid meetings could increase participation in local public meetings; and

(8) study other topics as determined by the group that could improve participation and access to local public meetings.

(d) Assistance. The Working Group shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Office of the Secretary of State. The Office of the Secretary of State may hire a consultant to provide assistance to the Working Group.

(e) Consultation. The Working Group shall consult with the Vermont Press Association, communications union districts, and other relevant stakeholders.

(f) Report. On or before November 1, 2025, the Working Group shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Government Operations and Military Affairs and the Senate Committee on Government Operations with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.

(g) Meetings.

(1) The Secretary of State shall call the first meeting of the Working Group to occur on or before September 1, 2024.

(2) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(3) The Working Group shall cease to exist on the date that it submits the report required by this section.

(h) Compensation and reimbursement. The members of the Working Group shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than 10 meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Office of the Secretary of State.

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024, except that Sec. 5 (1 V.S.A. § 312(k)) shall take effect on January 1, 2025.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to updating Vermont’s Open Meeting Law”

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Immediate Consideration; Question Divided; House Proposals of Amendment to Senate Proposal Concurred in with Proposals of Amendment

H. 687.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to community resilience and biodiversity protection through land use.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The President *pro tempore* Assumes the Chair

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further proposals of amendment thereto as follows:

First: By adding a Sec. 1a to read as follows:

Sec. 1a. PURPOSE

The purpose of this act is to further assist the State in achieving the conservation vision and goals for the State established in 10 V.S.A. § 2802 and 24 V.S.A. § 4302. It provides a regulatory framework that supports the vision

for Vermont of human and natural community resilience and biodiversity protection in the face of climate change, as described in 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 59. It would strengthen the administration of the Act 250 program by changing the structure, function, and name of the Natural Resources Board. The program updates established in this act would be used to guide State financial investment in human and natural infrastructure.

Second: In Sec. 3, 10 V.S.A. § 6032, in subsection (b), by striking out “July 31” and inserting in lieu thereof “June 30”

Third: In Sec. 8, 10 V.S.A. § 6086(h), in the second sentence, by striking out “and shall be notarized”

Fourth: In Sec. 11, Land Use Review Board appointments; revision authority, by striking out subsection (a) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (a) to read as follows:

(a) The Governor shall appoint the members of the Land Use Review Board on or before January 1, 2025, and the terms of any Natural Resources Board member not appointed consistent with the requirements of 10 V.S.A. § 6021(a)(1)(A) or (B) shall expire on that day.

Fifth: In Sec. 11, Land Use Review Board appointments; revision authority, in subsection (b), by striking out “July” and inserting in lieu thereof of “January”

Sixth: In Sec. 19, 10 V.S.A. § 6001(3)(A)(xii), in subdivision (II), after the first sentence by inserting “Routine maintenance and minor repairs of a Class 4 highway shall not constitute an “improvement.” Routine maintenance shall include replacing a culvert or ditch, applying new stone, grading, or making repairs after adverse weather. Routine maintenance shall not include changing the size of the road, changing the location or layout of the road, or adding pavement.”

Seventh: In Sec. 19, 10 V.S.A. § 6001(3)(A)(xii), by striking out subdivision (IV) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new (IV) to read as follows:

(IV) This subdivision (xii) shall not apply to:

(aa) a State or municipal road, a utility corridor of an electric transmission or distribution company, or a road used primarily for farming or forestry purposes;

(bb) development within a Tier 1A area established in accordance with section 6034 of this title or a Tier 1B area established in accordance with section 6033 of this title; and

(cc) improvements underway when this section takes effect to a Class 4 highway that will be transferred to the municipality.

Eighth: In Sec. 22, Tier 3 rulemaking, by striking out subsection (a) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (a) to read as follows:

(a) The Land Use Review Board, in consultation with the Secretary of Natural Resources, shall adopt rules to implement the requirements for the administration of 10 V.S.A. § 6001(3)(A)(xiii) and 10 V.S.A. § 6001(46) and (19). It is the intent of the General Assembly that these rules identify critical natural resources for protection. The Board shall review the definition of Tier 3 area; determine the critical natural resources that shall be included in Tier 3, giving due consideration to river corridors, headwater streams, habitat connectors of statewide significance, riparian areas, class A waters, and natural communities; any additional critical natural resources that should be added to the definition; and how to define the boundaries. Rules adopted by the Board shall include:

(1) any necessary clarifications to how the Tier 3 definition is used in 10 V.S.A. chapter 151, including whether and how subdivisions would be covered under the jurisdiction of Tier 3;

(2) any necessary changes to how 10 V.S.A. § 6001(3)(A)(xiii) should be administered and when jurisdiction should be triggered to protect the functions and values of resources of critical natural resources;

(3) the process for how Tier 3 areas will be mapped or identified by the Agency of Natural Resources and the Board;

(4) other policies or programs that shall be developed to review development impacts to Tier 3 areas if they are not included in 10 V.S.A. § 6001(46); and

(5) if a critical natural resource area is not recommended for protection under Tier 3, it shall be identified in the rule, and a rationale shall be provided as to why the critical resource was not selected for Tier 3 protection.

Ninth: In Sec. 22, Tier 3 rulemaking, in subsection (c) after the first sentence, by adding:

After the Land Use Review Board files the rule with Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules, it shall submit a report describing the rules and the issues reviewed under this section to the House Committee on Environment and Energy and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.

Tenth: By striking out Sec. 24, 10 V.S.A. § 6001(3)(D)(viii)(III), in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 24 to read as follows:

Sec. 24. 10 V.S.A. § 6001(3)(D)(viii)(III) is amended to read:

(III) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, until ~~July 1, 2026~~~~January 1, 2027~~, the construction of a priority housing project located entirely within areas of a designated downtown development district, designated neighborhood development area, or a designated growth center or within one-half mile around such designated center with permanent zoning and subdivision bylaws served by public sewer or water services or soils that are adequate for wastewater disposal. For purposes of this subdivision (III), in order for a parcel to qualify for the exemption, at least 51 percent of the parcel shall be located within one-half mile of the designated center boundary. If the one-half mile around the designated center extends into an adjacent municipality, the legislative body of the adjacent municipal may inform the Board that it does not want the exemption to extend into that area.

Eleventh: By striking out Sec. 25, repeals, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 25 to read as follows:

Sec. 25. REPEAL

2023 Acts and Resolves No. 47, Sec. 19c is repealed.

Twelfth: By adding a Sec. 25a to read as follows:

Sec. 25a. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 47, Sec. 16a is amended to read:

Sec. 16a. ACT 250 EXEMPTION REQUIREMENTS

In order to qualify for the exemptions established in 10 V.S.A. § 6001 (3)(A)(xi) and (3)(D)(viii)(III) and 10 V.S.A. § 6081(dd), a person shall request a jurisdictional opinion under 10 V.S.A. § 6007 on or before ~~June 30~~~~December 31~~, 2026. The jurisdictional opinion shall require the project to substantially complete construction on or before June 30, 2029 in order to remain exempt.

Thirteenth: By striking out Sec. 27, 10 V.S.A. § 6033, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 27 to read as follows:

Sec. 27. 10 V.S.A. § 6033 is added to read:

§ 6033. REGIONAL PLAN FUTURE LAND USE MAP REVIEW

(a) The Board shall review requests from regional planning commissions to approve or disapprove portions of future land use maps for the purposes of changing jurisdictional thresholds under this chapter by identifying areas on future land use maps for Tier 1B area status and to approve designations pursuant to 24 V.S.A. chapter 139. The Board may produce guidelines for regional planning commissions seeking Tier 1B area status. If requested by

the regional planning commission, the Board shall complete this review concurrently with regional plan approval. A municipality may have multiple noncontiguous areas receive Tier 1B area status. A request for Tier 1B area status made by a regional planning commission separate from regional plan approval shall follow the process set forth in 24 V.S.A. § 4348.

(b) The Board shall review the portions of future land use maps that include downtowns or village centers, planned growth areas, and village areas to ensure they meet the requirements under 24 V.S.A. §§ 5803 and 5804 for designation as downtown and village centers and neighborhood areas.

(c) To obtain a Tier 1B area status under this section the regional planning commission shall demonstrate to the Board that the municipalities with Tier 1B areas meet the following requirements as included in subdivision 24 V.S.A. § 4348a(a)(12)(C):

(1) The municipality has requested to have the area mapped for Tier 1B.

(2) The municipality has a duly adopted and approved plan and a planning process that is confirmed in accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 4350.

(3) The municipality has adopted permanent zoning and subdivision bylaws in accordance with 24 V.S.A. §§ 4414, 4418, and 4442.

(4) The area excludes identified flood hazard and fluvial erosion areas, except those areas containing preexisting development in areas suitable for infill development as defined in § 29-201 of the Vermont Flood Hazard Area and River Corridor Rule unless the municipality has adopted flood hazard and river corridor bylaws applicable to the entire municipality that are consistent with the standards established pursuant to subsection 755(b) of this title (flood hazard) and subsection 1428(b) of this title (river corridor).

(5) The municipality has water supply, wastewater infrastructure, or soils that can accommodate a community system for compact housing development in the area proposed for Tier 1B.

(6) The municipality has municipal staff or contracted capacity adequate to support development review and zoning administration in the Tier 1B area.

Fourteenth: In Sec. 28, 10 V.S.A. § 6034, in subsection (b), by striking out subdivision (1) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (1) to read as follows:

(1) To obtain a Tier 1A area status under this section, a municipality shall demonstrate to the Board that it has each of the following:

(A) A municipal plan that is approved in accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 4350.

(B) The boundaries are consistent with downtown or village centers and planned growth areas as defined 24 V.S.A. § 4348a(a)(12) in an approved regional plan future land use map with any minor amendments.

(C) The municipality has adopted flood hazard and river corridor bylaws, applicable to the entire municipality, that are consistent with or stronger than the standards established pursuant to subsection 755(b) of this title (flood hazard) and subsection 1428(b) of this title (river corridor) or the proposed Tier 1A area excludes the flood hazard areas and river corridor.

(D) The municipality has adopted permanent zoning and subdivision bylaws that do not include broad exemptions that exclude significant private or public land development from requiring a municipal land use permit.

(E) The municipality has permanent land development regulations for the Tier 1A area that further the smart growth principles of 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A, adequately regulate the physical form and scale of development, provide reasonable provision for a portion of the areas with sewer and water to allow at least four stories, and conform to the guidelines established by the Board.

(F) The Tier 1A area is compatible with the character of adjacent National Register Historic Districts, National or State Register Historic Sites, and other significant cultural and natural resources identified by local or State government.

(G) The municipality has identified and planned for the maintenance of significant natural communities, rare, threatened, and endangered species located in the Tier 1A area or excluded those areas from the Tier 1A area.

(H) Public water and wastewater systems have the capacity to support additional development within the Tier 1A area.

(I) Municipal staff adequate to support coordinated comprehensive and capital planning, development review, and zoning administration in the Tier 1A area.

Fifteenth: In Sec. 31, 10 V.S.A. § 6081, by striking out subsection (dd) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (dd) to read as follows:

(dd) Interim housing exemptions.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, until January 1, 2027, no permit or permit amendment is required for the construction of housing projects such as cooperatives, condominiums, dwellings, or mobile homes, with 75 units or fewer, constructed or maintained on a tract or tracts of land, located entirely within the areas of a designated

new town center, a designated growth center, or a designated neighborhood development area served by public sewer or water services or soils that are adequate for wastewater disposal. Housing units constructed pursuant to this subdivision shall not count towards the total units constructed in other areas. This exemption shall not apply to areas within mapped river corridors and floodplains except those areas containing preexisting development in areas suitable for infill development as defined in 29-201 of the Vermont Flood Hazard Area and River Corridor Rule.

(2)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, until January 1, 2027, no permit or permit amendment is required for the construction of housing projects such as cooperatives, condominiums, dwellings, or mobile homes, with 50 or fewer units, constructed or maintained on a tract or tracts of land of 10 acres or less, located entirely within areas of a designated village center and within one-quarter mile of its boundary with permanent zoning and subdivision bylaws and served by public sewer or water services or soils that are adequate for wastewater disposal.

(B) Housing units constructed pursuant to this subdivision shall not count towards the total units constructed in other areas. This exemption shall not apply to areas within mapped river corridors and floodplains except those areas containing preexisting development in areas suitable for infill development as defined in 29-201 of the Vermont Flood Hazard Area and River Corridor Rule. For purposes of this subdivision, in order for a parcel to qualify for the exemption, at least 51 percent of the parcel shall be located within one-quarter mile of the designated village center boundary. If the one-quarter mile extends into an adjacent municipality, the legislative body of the adjacent municipal may inform the Board that it does not want the exemption to extend into that area.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, until January 1, 2027, no permit or permit amendment is required for the construction of housing projects such as cooperatives, condominiums, dwellings, or mobile homes, constructed or maintained on a tract or tracts of land, located entirely within a designated downtown development district with permanent zoning and subdivision bylaws served by public sewer or water services or soils that are adequate for wastewater disposal. Housing units constructed pursuant to this subdivision shall not count towards the total units constructed in other areas. This exemption shall not apply to areas within mapped river corridors and floodplains except those areas containing preexisting development in areas suitable for infill development as defined in 29-201 of the Vermont Flood Hazard Area and River Corridor Rule.

Sixteenth: By striking out Sec. 32, 10 V.S.A. § 6001(50) and (51), in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 32 to read as follows:

Sec. 32. 10 V.S.A. § 6001(50) is added to read:

(50) “Accessory dwelling unit” means a distinct unit that is clearly subordinate to a single-family dwelling, is located on an owner-occupied lot, and has facilities and provisions for independent living, including sleeping, food preparation, and sanitation, provided there is compliance with all of the following:

(A) the unit does not exceed 30 percent of the habitable floor area of the single-family dwelling or 900 square feet, whichever is greater; and

(B) the unit is located within or appurtenant to an existing single-family dwelling.

Seventeenth: In Sec. 52, 24 V.S.A. § 4412, in subdivision (1)(D), by striking out the third sentence in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

In any district that allows year-round residential development, duplexes shall be an allowed use with the same dimensional standards as that are not more restrictive than is required for a single-unit dwelling, including no additional land or lot area than would be required for a single-unit dwelling.

Eighteenth: In Sec. 52, 24 V.S.A. § 4412, by striking out subdivision (12) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(12) In any area served by municipal sewer and water infrastructure that allows residential development, bylaws shall establish lot and building dimensional standards that allow five or more dwelling units per acre for each allowed residential use, and density. Density and minimum lot size standards for multiunit dwellings shall not be more restrictive than those required for single-family dwellings.

Nineteenth: By striking out Sec. 57, 24 V.S.A. § 4429, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof of the following:

Sec. 57. [Deleted.]

Twentieth: By striking out Sec. 58, 24 V.S.A. § 4464, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 58. [Deleted.]

Twenty-first: By striking out Sec. 59, 24 V.S.A. § 4465, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 59. [Deleted.]

Twenty-second: By striking out Sec. 68, 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 68. [Deleted.]

Twenty-third: By striking out Secs. 73–78 in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof new Secs. 73–78 to read as follows:

Sec. 73. 32 V.S.A. § 9602 is amended to read:

§ 9602. TAX ON TRANSFER OF TITLE TO PROPERTY

(a) A tax is hereby imposed upon the transfer by deed of title to property located in this State, or a transfer or acquisition of a controlling interest in any person with title to property in this State. The amount of the tax equals ~~one and one-quarter 1.25~~ percent of the value of the property transferred up to \$750,000.00 of value and 3.65 percent of the value of the property transferred in excess of \$750,000.00, or \$1.00, whichever is greater, except as follows:

(1) With respect to the transfer of property to be used for the principal residence of the transferee, the tax shall be imposed at the rate of ~~five-tenths of one 0.5~~ percent of the first \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00 in value of the property transferred and at the rate of ~~one and one-quarter 1.25~~ percent of the value of the property transferred in excess of \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00; except that no tax shall be imposed on the first \$110,000.00 \$250,000.00 in value of the property transferred if the purchaser obtains a purchase money mortgage funded in part with a homeland grant through the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund or that the Vermont Housing and Finance Agency or U.S. Department of Agriculture and Rural Development has committed to make or purchase; and tax at the rate of ~~one and one-quarter 1.25~~ percent shall be imposed on the value of that property in excess of \$110,000.00 \$250,000.00. In all cases, the tax shall be imposed at the rate of 3.65 percent of the value of the property transferred in excess of \$750,000.00.

(2) [Repealed.]

(3) With respect to the transfer to a housing cooperative organized under 11 V.S.A. chapter 7 and whose sole purpose is to provide principal residences for all of its members or shareholders, or to an affordable housing cooperative under 11 V.S.A. chapter 14, of property to be used as the principal residence of a member or shareholder, the tax shall be imposed in the amount of ~~five-tenths of one 0.5~~ percent of the first \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00 in value of the residence transferred and at the rate of ~~one and one-quarter 1.25~~ percent of the value of the residence transferred in excess of \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00; provided that the homesite leased by the cooperative is used exclusively as the principal residence of a member or shareholder. If the transferee ceases to be an eligible cooperative at any time during the six years following the date of

transfer, the transferee shall then become obligated to pay any reduction in property transfer tax provided under this subdivision, and the obligation to pay the additional tax shall also run with the land. In all cases, the tax shall be imposed at the rate of 3.65 percent of the value of the property transferred in excess of \$750,000.00.

(b) Each year on August 1, the Commissioner shall adjust the values taxed at a lower rate under subdivisions (a)(1) and (3) of this section according to the percent change in the Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) by determining the increase or decrease, to the nearest 0.1 percent, for the month ending on June 30 in the calendar year one year prior to the first day of the current fiscal year compared to the CPI-U for the month ending on June 30 in the calendar year two years prior. The Commissioner shall update the return required under section 9610 of this title according to this adjustment.

Sec. 74. 32 V.S.A. § 9602a is amended to read:

§ 9602a. CLEAN WATER SURCHARGE

There shall be a surcharge of 0.2 0.22 percent on the value of property subject to the property transfer tax under section 9602 of this title, except that there shall be no surcharge on the first \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00 in value of property to be used for the principal residence of the transferee or the first \$200,000.00 \$250,000.00 in value of property transferred if the purchaser obtains a purchase money mortgage funded in part with a homeland grant through the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund or that the Vermont Housing and Finance Agency or U.S. Department of Agriculture and Rural Development has committed to make or purchase. The surcharge shall be in addition to any tax assessed under section 9602 of this title. The surcharge assessed under this section shall be paid, collected, and enforced under this chapter in the same manner as the tax assessed under section 9602 of this title. The Commissioner shall deposit the surcharge collected under this section in the Clean Water Fund under 10 V.S.A. § 1388, except for the first \$1,000,000.00 of revenue generated by the surcharge, which shall be deposited in the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund created in 10 V.S.A. § 312.

Sec. 75. 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 85, Sec. I.10 is amended to read:

Sec. I.10 32 V.S.A. § 9602a is amended to read:

§ 9602a. CLEAN WATER SURCHARGE

There shall be a surcharge of 0.2 0.04 percent on the value of property subject to the property transfer tax under section 9602 of this title, except that there shall be no surcharge on the first \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00 in value of

property to be used for the principal residence of the transferee or the first \$200,000.00 \$250,000.00 in value of property transferred if the purchaser obtains a purchase money mortgage funded in part with a homeland grant through the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund or which the Vermont Housing and Finance Agency or U.S. Department of Agriculture and Rural Development has committed to make or purchase. The surcharge shall be in addition to any tax assessed under section 9602 of this title. The surcharge assessed under this section shall be paid, collected, and enforced under this chapter in the same manner as the tax assessed under section 9602 of this title. The Commissioner shall deposit the surcharge collected under this section ~~in the Clean Water Fund under 10 V.S.A. § 1388, except for the first \$1,000,000.00 of revenue generated by the surcharge, which shall be deposited in the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund created in 10 V.S.A. § 312.~~

Sec. 75a. 32 V.S.A. § 9610(c) is amended to read:

(c) Prior to distributions of property transfer tax revenues under 10 V.S.A. § 312, 24 V.S.A. § 4306(a), and subdivision 435(b)(10) of this title, ~~two~~ 1.5 percent of the revenues received from the property transfer tax shall be deposited in a special fund in the Department of Taxes for Property Valuation and Review administration costs.

Sec. 76. 24 V.S.A. § 4306(a) is amended to read:

(a)(1) The Municipal and Regional Planning Fund for the purpose of assisting municipal and regional planning commissions to carry out the intent of this chapter is hereby created in the State Treasury.

(2) The Fund shall be composed of ~~47~~ 13 percent of the revenue deposited from the property transfer tax under 32 V.S.A. chapter 231 and any monies from time to time appropriated to the Fund by the General Assembly or received from any other source, private or public. All balances at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain in the Fund. Interest earned by the Fund shall be deposited in the Fund.

* * *

Sec. 77. 32 V.S.A. § 435(b) is amended to read:

(b) The General Fund shall be composed of revenues from the following sources:

- (1) alcoholic beverage tax levied pursuant to 7 V.S.A. chapter 15;
- (2) [Repealed.]
- (3) [Repealed.]

(4) corporate income and franchise taxes levied pursuant to chapter 151 of this title;

(5) individual income taxes levied pursuant to chapter 151 of this title;

(6) all corporation taxes levied pursuant to chapter 211 of this title;

(7) 69 percent of the meals and rooms taxes levied pursuant to chapter 225 of this title;

(8) [Repealed.]

(9) [Repealed.]

(10) ~~33 37~~ percent of the revenue from the property transfer taxes levied pursuant to chapter 231 of this title and the revenue from the gains taxes levied each year pursuant to chapter 236 of this title; and

(11) [Repealed.]

(12) all other revenues accruing to the State not otherwise required by law to be deposited in any other designated fund or used for any other designated purpose.

Sec. 78. TRANSFERS; PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX

Notwithstanding 10 V.S.A. § 312, 24 V.S.A. § 4306(a), 32 V.S.A. § 9610(c), or any other provision of law to the contrary, amounts in excess of \$32,954,775.00 from the property transfer tax shall be transferred into the General Fund. Of this amount:

(1) \$6,106,310.00 shall be transferred from the General Fund into the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund.

(2) \$1,279,740.00 shall be transferred from the General Fund into the Municipal and Regional Planning Fund.

Twenty-fourth: By striking out Secs. 79–83, property value freeze for new construction and rehabilitation, in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof new Secs. 79–83 to read as follows:

Sec. 79. [Deleted.]

Sec. 80. [Deleted.]

Sec. 81. [Deleted.]

Sec. 82. [Deleted.]

Sec. 83. [Deleted.]

Twenty-fifth: By adding a new section to be Sec. 83a to read as follows:

Sec. 83a. 32 V.S.A. § 9603 is amended to read:

§ 9603. EXEMPTIONS

(a) The following transfers are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter:

* * *

(27)(A) Transfers of abandoned dwellings that the transferee certifies will be rehabilitated for occupancy as principal residences and not as short-term rentals as defined under 18 V.S.A. § 4301(a)(14), provided the rehabilitation is completed and occupied not later than three years after the date of the transfer. If three years after the date of transfer the rehabilitation has not been completed and occupied, then the tax imposed by this chapter shall become due.

(B) As used in this subdivision (27):

(i) “Abandoned” means real estate owned by a municipality and acquired through condemnation or a tax sale, provided the real estate has substandard structural or housing conditions, including unsanitary and unsafe dwellings and deterioration sufficient to constitute a threat to human health, safety, and public welfare.

(ii) “Completed” means rehabilitation of a dwelling to be fit for occupancy as a principal residence.

(iii) “Principal residence” means a dwelling occupied by a resident individual as the individual’s domicile during the taxable year and for a property owner, owned, or for a renter, rented under a rental agreement other than a short-term rental as defined under 18 V.S.A. § 4301(a)(14).

(iv) “Rehabilitation” means extensive repair, reconstruction, or renovation of an existing dwelling beyond normal and ordinary maintenance, painting, repairs, or replacements, with or without demolition, new construction, or enlargement.

(28) Transfers of a new mobile home, as that term is defined in 10 V.S.A. § 6201(1), that:

(A) bears a label evidencing, at a minimum, greater energy efficiency under the ENERGY STAR Program established in 42 U.S.C. § 6294a; or

(B) is certified as a Zero Energy Ready Home by the U.S. Department of Energy.

(b) The following transfers shall not pay a rate higher than 1.25 percent of the value of the property transferred:

(1) Transfers of property that are enrolled in the Use Value Appraisal Program pursuant to chapter 124 of this title, and will continue to be enrolled after transfer, provided:

(A) at least 25 acres are enrolled as agricultural land, as defined in subdivision 3752(1)(A) of this title; and

(B) the transferee is a farmer, as defined in subdivision 3752(7) of this title.

Twenty-sixth: By adding a reader assistance heading and three new sections to be Secs. 94–96 to read as follows:

* * * Eviction Prevention Initiatives * * *

Sec. 94. APPROPRIATION; RENTAL HOUSING STABILIZATION

SERVICES

The sum of \$400,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Office of Economic Opportunity within the Department for Children and Families in fiscal year 2025 for a grant to the Champlain Valley Office of Economic Opportunity for the Rental Housing Stabilization Services Program established by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 47, Sec. 43.

Sec. 95. APPROPRIATION; TENANT REPRESENTATION PILOT PROGRAM

The sum of \$1,025,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Agency of Human Services in fiscal year 2025 for a grant to Vermont Legal Aid for the Tenant Representation Pilot Program established by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 47, Sec. 44.

Sec. 96. APPROPRIATION; RENT ARREARS ASSISTANCE FUND

The sum of \$2,500,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Vermont State Housing Authority in fiscal year 2025 for the Rent Arrears Assistance Fund established by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 47, Sec. 45.

Twenty-seventh: By striking out Secs. 102–104 in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof new Secs. 102–104 to read as follows:

Sec. 102. 27 V.S.A. § 380 is added to read:

§ 380. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION; CONVEYANCE OF REAL ESTATE

(a) Prior to or as part of a contract for the conveyance of real property, the seller shall provide the buyer with the following information:

(1) whether the real property is located in a Federal Emergency Management Agency mapped special flood hazard area;

(2) whether the real property is located in a Federal Emergency Management Agency mapped moderate flood hazard area;

(3) whether the real property was subject to flooding or flood damage while the seller possessed the property, including flood damage from inundation or from flood-related erosion or landslide damage; and

(4) whether the seller maintains flood insurance on the real property.

(b) The failure of the seller to provide the buyer with the information required under subsection (a) of this section is grounds for the buyer to terminate the contract prior to transfer of title or occupancy, whichever occurs earlier.

(c) A buyer of real estate who fails to receive the information required to be disclosed by a seller under subsection (a) of this section may bring an action to recover from the seller the amount of the buyer's damages and reasonable attorney's fees. The buyer may also seek punitive damages when the seller knowingly failed to provide the required information.

(d) A seller shall not be liable for damages under this section for any error, inaccuracy, or omission of any information required to be disclosed to the buyer under subsection (a) of this section when the error, inaccuracy, or omission was based on information provided by a public body or by another person with a professional license or special knowledge who provided a written report that the seller reasonably believed to be correct and that was provided by the seller to the buyer.

(e) Noncompliance with the requirements of this section shall not affect the marketability of title of a real property.

Sec. 103. 9 V.S.A. § 4466 is added to read:

§ 4466. REQUIRED DISCLOSURE; MODEL FORM

(a) A landlord shall disclose in advance of entering a rental agreement with a tenant whether any portion of the premises offered for rent is located in a Federal Emergency Management Agency mapped special flood hazard area. This notice shall be provided to the tenant at or before execution of the lease in a separate written document substantially in the form prescribed by the Department of Housing and Community Development pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(b) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall develop a model form for the notice provided under this section that shall include the information required under subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 104. 10 V.S.A. § 6236(e) is amended to read:

(e) All mobile home lot leases shall contain the following:

* * *

(8)(A) Notice that the mobile home park is in a flood hazard area if any lot within the mobile home park is wholly or partially located in a flood hazard area according to the flood insurance rate map effective for the mobile home park at the time the proposed lease is furnished to a prospective leaseholder. This notice shall be provided in a clear and conspicuous manner in a separate written document substantially in the form prescribed by the Department of Housing and Community Development pursuant to subdivision (B) of this subdivision (8) and attached as an addendum to the proposed lease.

(B) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall develop a model form for the notice provided under this section that shall include the information required under subdivision (A) of this subdivision (8).

Twenty-Eighth: By adding a new section to be Sec. 105a to read as follows:

Sec. 105a. 9 V.S.A. § 2602 is amended to read:

§ 2602. SALE OR TRANSFER; PRICE DISCLOSURE; MOBILE HOME UNIFORM BILL OF SALE

(a) Appraisal; disclosure. When a mobile home is sold or offered for sale:

(1) If a mobile home is appraised, the appraisal shall include a cover sheet that itemizes the value of the unsited mobile home, the value of any adjacent or attached structures located on the site and the value of the sited location, if applicable, and valuations of sales of comparable properties.

(2) In the case of a new mobile home, the seller shall provide to a prospective buyer a written disclosure that states the retail price of the unsited mobile home, any applicable taxes, the set-up and transportation costs, and the value of the sited location, if applicable.

(3) In the case of a mobile home as defined in 10 V.S.A. § 6201, the seller shall provide to a prospective buyer a written disclosure of any flooding history or flood damage to the mobile home known to the seller, including flood damage from inundation or from flood-related erosion or landslide damage.

(4) A legible copy of the disclosure required in subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be prominently displayed on a new mobile home in a location that is clearly visible to a prospective buyer from the exterior.

* * *

Twenty-ninth: By striking out Sec. 111, land bank report, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 111 to read as follows:

Sec. 111. [Deleted.]

Thirtieth: In Sec. 113, landlord-tenant law; Study Committee; report, by striking out subsection (h) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (h) to read as follows:

(h) Appropriation. The sum of \$7,700.00 is appropriated to the General Assembly from the General Fund in fiscal year 2025 for per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses for members of the Committee.

Thirty-first: By striking out Secs. 113a, long-term affordable housing; Study Committee; report, and 113b, appropriation; Natural Resources Board, and its reader assistance heading in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof new Secs. 113a–113b and a reader assistance heading to read as follows:

Sec. 113a. [Deleted.]

* * * Natural Resources Board Appropriation * * *

Sec. 113b. APPROPRIATION; NATURAL RESOURCES BOARD

The sum of \$1,300,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Natural Resources Board in fiscal year 2025.

Thirty-second: By striking out Sec. 114, effective dates, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 114 to read as follows:

Sec. 114. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that:

(1) Secs. 12 (10 V.S.A. § 6001), 13 (10 V.S.A. § 6086(a)(8)), and 21 (10 V.S.A. § 6001) shall take effect on December 31, 2026;

(2) Sec. 19 (10 V.S.A. § 6001(3)(A)(xii)) shall take effect on July 1, 2026;

(3) Secs. 73 (property transfer tax rates) and 83a (property transfer tax exemptions) shall take effect on August 1, 2024; and

(4) Sec. 98 (landlord certificate data collection) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

and that after passage the title of the bill remain: “An act relating to community resilience and biodiversity protection through land use”

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposals of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment?, Senators Bray, Cummings, Ram Hinsdale, Chittenden, Clarkson, Harrison, McCormack, Watson and White moved that the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment with further proposals of amendment as follows:

First: In Sec. 22, Tier 3 rulemaking, in subsection (a), after “be added to the definition;” by inserting measures to ensure that no municipality or region is disproportionately impacted by Tier 3 designation that would limit reasonable opportunities for Tier 1 or Tier 2 designations;

Second: By striking out Sec. 25a, 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 47, Sec. 16a, in its entirety.

Third: In Sec. 27, 10 V.S.A. § 6033, in subdivision (c)(6), after “municipal staff” by inserting , municipal officials,

Fourth: In Sec. 28, 10 V.S.A. § 6034, in subdivision (b)(1), by striking out subdivision (H) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (H) to read as follows:

(H) Public water and wastewater systems or planned improvements have the capacity to support additional development within the Tier 1A area.

Fifth: By striking out Sec. 29, Tier 1A area guidelines, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 29 to read as follows:

Sec. 29. TIER 1A AREA GUIDELINES

On or before January 1, 2026, the Land Use Review Board shall publish guidelines to direct municipalities seeking to obtain the Tier 1A area status. The guidelines shall include how a municipality shall demonstrate that improvements are planned for a public water or wastewater system and at what stage in the process the improvements need to be to provide a reasonable expectation of completion.

Sixth: In Sec. 31, 10 V.S.A. § 6081(dd), by striking out subdivision (2) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (2) to read as follows:

(2)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, until July 1, 2027, no permit or permit amendment is required for the construction of housing projects such as cooperatives, condominiums, dwellings, or mobile

homes, with 50 or fewer units, constructed or maintained on a tract or tracts of land of 10 acres or less, located entirely within:

(i) areas of a designated village center and within one-quarter mile of its boundary with permanent zoning and subdivision bylaws and served by public sewer or water services or soils that are adequate for wastewater disposal; or

(ii) areas of a municipality that are within a census-designated urbanized area with over 50,000 residents and within one-quarter mile of a transit route.

(B) Housing units constructed pursuant to this subdivision (2) shall not count towards the total units constructed in other areas. This exemption shall not apply to areas within mapped river corridors and floodplains except those areas containing preexisting development in areas suitable for infill development as defined in 29-201 of the Vermont Flood Hazard Area and River Corridor Rule. For purposes of this subdivision (B), in order for a parcel to qualify for the exemption, at least 51 percent of the parcel shall be located within one-quarter mile of the designated village center boundary or the center line of the transit route. If the one-quarter mile extends into an adjacent municipality, the legislative body of the adjacent municipal may inform the Board that it does not want the exemption to extend into that area.

Seventh: By striking out Sec. 32, 10 V.S.A. § 6001(50), in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 32 to read as follows:

Sec. 32. 10 V.S.A. § 6001(50) and (51) are added to read:

(50) “Accessory dwelling unit” means a distinct unit that is clearly subordinate to a single-family dwelling, located on an owner-occupied lot and has facilities and provisions for independent living, including sleeping, food preparation and sanitation, provided there is compliance with all of the following:

(A) the unit does not exceed 30 percent of the habitable floor area of the single-family dwelling or 900 square feet, whichever is greater; and

(B) the unit is located within or appurtenant to a single-family dwelling, whether the dwelling is existing or new construction.

(51) “Transit route” means a set route or network of routes on which a public transit service as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 5088 operates a regular schedule.

Eighth: By adding a new section to be Sec. 58 to read as follows:

Sec. 58. 24 V.S.A. § 4464 is amended to read:

**§ 4464. HEARING AND NOTICE REQUIREMENTS; DECISIONS AND
CONDITIONS; ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW; ROLE OF
ADVISORY COMMISSIONS IN DEVELOPMENT REVIEW**

* * *

(b) Decisions.

(1) Within 120 days of an application being deemed complete, the appropriate municipal panel shall notice and warn a hearing on the application. The appropriate municipal panel may recess the proceedings on any application pending submission of additional information. The panel should close the evidence promptly after all parties have submitted the requested information. The panel shall adjourn the hearing and issue a decision within 45 days after the adjournment of the hearing, and failure of the panel to issue a decision within this period shall be deemed approval and shall be effective on the 46th day. Decisions shall be issued in writing and shall include a statement of the factual bases on which the appropriate municipal panel has made its conclusions and a statement of the conclusions. The minutes of the meeting may suffice, provided the factual bases and conclusions relating to the review standards are provided in conformance with this subsection.

* * *

Ninth: By adding a new section to be Sec. 59 to read as follows:

Sec. 59. 24 V.S.A. § 4465 is amended to read:

§ 4465. APPEALS OF DECISIONS OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

* * *

(b) As used in this chapter, an “interested person” means any one of the following:

* * *

(4) Any ~~10~~ 20 persons who may be any combination of voters, residents, or real property owners within a municipality listed in subdivision (2) of this subsection who, by signed petition to the appropriate municipal panel of a municipality, the plan or a bylaw of which is at issue in any appeal brought under this title, allege that any relief requested by a person under this title, if granted, will not be in accord with the policies, purposes, or terms of the plan or bylaw of that municipality. This petition to the appropriate municipal panel must designate one person to serve as the representative of the petitioners regarding all matters related to the appeal. For purposes of this

subdivision, an appeal shall not include the character of the area affected if the project has a residential component that includes affordable housing.

* * *

Tenth: By adding a new section to be Sec. 111 to read as follows:

Sec. 111. LAND BANK REPORT

(a) The Department of Housing and Community Development and the Vermont League of Cities and Towns shall analyze the feasibility of a land bank program that would identify, acquire, and restore to productive use vacant, abandoned, contaminated, and distressed properties. The Department and the League shall engage with local municipalities, regional organizations, community organizations, and other stakeholders to explore:

(1) existing authority for public interest land acquisition for redevelopment and use;

(2) successful models and best practices for land bank programs in Vermont and other jurisdictions, including local, regional, nonprofit, state, and hybrid approaches that leverage the capacities of diverse communities and organizations within Vermont;

(3) potential benefits and challenges to creating and implementing a land bank program in Vermont;

(4) alternative approaches to State and municipal land acquisition, including residual value life estates and eminent domain, for purposes of revitalization and emergency land management, including for placement of trailers and other temporary housing;

(5) funding mechanisms and resources required to establish and operate a land bank program; and

(6) the legal and regulatory framework required to govern a State land bank program.

(b) On or before December 15, 2024, the Department of Housing and Community Development and the Vermont League of Cities and Towns shall submit a report to the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and the House Committee on General and Housing with its findings and recommendations, including proposed draft legislation for the establishment and operation of a land bank.

Eleventh: By striking out Sec. 73, 32 V.S.A. § 9602, in its entirety and inserting lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 73. 32 V.S.A. § 9602 is amended to read:

§ 9602. TAX ON TRANSFER OF TITLE TO PROPERTY

A tax is hereby imposed upon the transfer by deed of title to property located in this State, or a transfer or acquisition of a controlling interest in any person with title to property in this State. The amount of the tax equals one and one-quarter percent of the value of the property transferred, or \$1.00, whichever is greater, except as follows:

(1) With respect to the transfer of property to be used for the principal residence of the transferee, the tax shall be imposed at the rate of five-tenths of one percent of the first \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00 in value of the property transferred and at the rate of one and one-quarter percent of the value of the property transferred in excess of \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00; except that no tax shall be imposed on the first \$110,000.00 \$250,000.00 in value of the property transferred if the purchaser obtains a purchase money mortgage funded in part with a homeland grant through the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund or that the Vermont Housing and Finance Agency or U.S. Department of Agriculture and Rural Development has committed to make or purchase; and tax at the rate of one and one-quarter percent shall be imposed on the value of that property in excess of \$110,000.00 \$250,000.00.

(2) [Repealed.]

(3) With respect to the transfer to a housing cooperative organized under 11 V.S.A. chapter 7 and whose sole purpose is to provide principal residences for all of its members or shareholders, or to an affordable housing cooperative under 11 V.S.A. chapter 14, of property to be used as the principal residence of a member or shareholder, the tax shall be imposed in the amount of ~~five-tenths of one~~ 0.5 percent of the first \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00 in value of the residence transferred and at the rate of ~~one-and-one-quarter~~ 1.25 percent of the value of the residence transferred in excess of \$100,000.00 \$200,000.00; provided that the homesite leased by the cooperative is used exclusively as the principal residence of a member or shareholder. If the transferee ceases to be an eligible cooperative at any time during the six years following the date of transfer, the transferee shall then become obligated to pay any reduction in property transfer tax provided under this subdivision, and the obligation to pay the additional tax shall also run with the land.

(4) Tax shall be imposed at the rate of 3.4 percent of the value of the property transferred with respect to transfers of:

(A) residential property that is fit for habitation on a year-round basis;

(B) will not be used as the principal residence of the transferee; and

(C) for which the transferee will not be required to provide a landlord certificate pursuant to section 6069 of this title.

Twelfth: By striking out Sec. 78, transfers; property transfer tax, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 78. TRANSFERS; PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX

Notwithstanding 10 V.S.A. § 312, 24 V.S.A. § 4306(a), 32 V.S.A. § 9610(c), or any other provision of law to the contrary, amounts in excess of \$32,954,775.00 from the property transfer tax shall be transferred into the General Fund. Of this amount:

(1) \$6,106,335.00 shall be transferred from the General Fund into the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund.

(2) \$1,279,740.00 shall be transferred from the General Fund into the Municipal and Regional Planning Fund.

Thirteenth: By striking out Sec. 83a, 32 V.S.A. § 9603, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 83a. 32 V.S.A. § 9603 is amended to read:

§ 9603. EXEMPTIONS

The following transfers are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter:

* * *

(27)(A) Transfers of abandoned dwellings that the transferee certifies will be rehabilitated for occupancy as principal residences and not as short-term rentals as defined under 18 V.S.A. § 4301(a)(14), provided the rehabilitation is completed and occupied not later than three years after the date of the transfer. If three years after the date of transfer the rehabilitation has not been completed and occupied, then the tax imposed by this chapter shall become due.

(B) As used in this subdivision (27):

(i) “Abandoned” means real estate owned by a municipality and acquired through condemnation or a tax sale, provided the real estate has substandard structural or housing conditions, including unsanitary and unsafe dwellings and deterioration sufficient to constitute a threat to human health, safety, and public welfare.

(ii) “Completed” means rehabilitation of a dwelling to be fit for occupancy as a principal residence.

(iii) “Principal residence” means a dwelling occupied by a resident individual as the individual’s domicile during the taxable year and for

a property owner, owned, or for a renter, rented under a rental agreement other than a short-term rental as defined under 18 V.S.A. § 4301(a)(14).

(iv) “Rehabilitation” means extensive repair, reconstruction, or renovation of an existing dwelling beyond normal and ordinary maintenance, painting, repairs, or replacements, with or without demolition, new construction, or enlargement.

(28) Transfers of a new mobile home, as that term is defined in 10 V.S.A. § 6201(1), that:

(A) bears a label evidencing, at a minimum, greater energy efficiency under the ENERGY STAR Program established in 42 U.S.C. § 6294a; or

(B) is certified as a Zero Energy Ready Home by the U.S. Department of Energy.

Fourteenth: By striking out Secs.79–83 in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 79. 32 V.S.A. § 3800(q) is added to read:

(q) The statutory purpose of the exemption under 32 V.S.A. chapter 125, subchapter 3 for new construction or rehabilitation is to lower the cost of new construction or rehabilitation of residential properties in flood-impacted communities.

Sec. 80. 32 V.S.A. chapter 125, subchapter 3 is added to read:

Subchapter 3. New Construction or Rehabilitation in Flood-Impacted Communities

§ 3870. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Agency” means the Agency of Commerce and Community Development as established under 3 V.S.A. § 2402.

(2) “Appraisal value” has the same meaning as in subdivision 3481(1)(A) of this title.

(3) “Exemption period” has the same meaning as in subsection 3871(d) of this subchapter.

(4) “New construction” means the building of new dwellings.

(5) “Principal residence” means the dwelling occupied by a resident individual as the individual’s domicile during the taxable year and for a property owner, owned, or for a renter, rented under a rental agreement other than a short-term rental as defined under 18 V.S.A. § 4301(a)(14).

(6)(A) “Qualifying improvement” means new construction or a physical change to an existing dwelling or other structure beyond normal and ordinary maintenance, painting, repairs, or replacements, provided the change:

(i) results in new or rehabilitated dwellings that are designed to be occupied as principal residences and not as short-term rentals as defined under 18 V.S.A. § 4301(a)(14); and

(ii) occurred through new construction or rehabilitation, or both, during the 12 months immediately preceding or immediately following submission of an exemption application under this subchapter.

(B) “Qualifying improvement” does not mean new construction or a physical change to any portion of a mixed-use building as defined under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(28) that is not used as a principal residence.

(7)(A) “Qualifying property” means a parcel with a structure that is:

(i) located within one-half mile of a designated downtown district, village center, or neighborhood development area determined pursuant to 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A or a new market tax credit area determined pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 45D, or both;

(ii) composed of one or more dwellings designed to be occupied as principal residences, provided:

(I) none of the dwellings shall be occupied as short-term rentals as defined under 18 V.S.A. § 4301(a)(14) before the exemption period ends; and

(II) a structure with more than one dwelling shall only qualify if it meets the definition of mixed-income housing under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(27);

(iii) undergoing, has undergone, or will undergo qualifying improvements;

(iv) in compliance with all relevant permitting requirements; and

(v) located in an area that was declared a federal disaster between July 1, 2023 and October 15, 2023 that was eligible for Individual Assistance from the Federal Emergency Management Agency or located in Addison or Franklin county.

(B) “Qualifying property” may have a mixed use as defined under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(28).

(C) “Qualifying property” includes property located outside a tax increment financing district established under 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 5. By vote of the legislative body, a municipality with a tax increment

financing district, or a municipality applying for a tax increment financing district, may elect to deem properties within a tax increment financing district as “qualifying property” under this subdivision (C), provided, notwithstanding 24 V.S.A. § 1896, an increase in the appraisal value of a qualifying property due to qualifying improvements shall be excluded from the total assessed valuation used to determine the district’s tax increment under 24 V.S.A. § 1896 during the exemption period.

(i) For a municipality that elects to consider properties within an existing tax increment financing district under this subdivision (C) as “qualifying property,” the municipality shall submit a substantial change request and file an alternate financial plan to the Vermont Economic Progress Council, which shall detail the effect of this action for approval by the Council.

(ii) For a municipality that elects to consider properties within a tax increment financing district under this subdivision (C) as “qualifying property” at the time of creation of a new district, prior to implementation of an exemption under this chapter, the municipality shall present a financial plan to the Vermont Economic Progress Council, which shall detail the impact of the action on approval by the Council.

(8) “Rehabilitation” means extensive repair, reconstruction, or renovation of an existing dwelling or other structure, with or without demolition, new construction, or enlargement, provided the repair, reconstruction, or renovation:

(A) is for the purpose of eliminating substandard structural, housing, or unsanitary conditions or stopping significant deterioration of the existing structure; and

(B) equals or exceeds a total cost of 15 percent of the grand list value prior to repair, reconstruction, or renovation or \$75,000.00, whichever is less.

(9) “Taxable value” means the value of qualifying property that is taxed during the exemption period.

§ 3871. EXEMPTION

(a) Value increase exemption. An increase in the appraisal value of a qualifying property due to qualifying improvements shall be exempted from property taxation pursuant to this subchapter by fixing and maintaining the taxable value of the qualifying property at the property’s grand list value in the year immediately preceding any qualifying improvements. A decrease in appraisal value of a qualifying property due to damage or destruction from fire or act of nature may reduce the qualifying property’s taxable value below the value fixed under this subsection.

(b) State education property tax exemption. The appraisal value of qualifying improvements to qualifying property shall be exempt from the State education property tax imposed under chapter 135 of this title as provided under this subchapter. The appraisal value exempt under this subsection shall not be exempt from municipal property taxation unless the qualifying property is located in a municipality that has voted to approve an exemption under subsection (c) of this section.

(c) Municipal property tax exemption. If the legislative body of a municipality by a majority vote recommends, the voters of a municipality may, at an annual or special meeting warned for that purpose, adopt by a majority vote of those present and voting an exemption from municipal property tax for the value of qualifying improvements to qualifying property exempt from State property taxation under subsection (b) of this section. The municipal exemption shall remain in effect until rescinded in the same manner the exemption was adopted. Not later than 30 days after the adjournment of a meeting at which a municipal exemption is adopted or rescinded under this subsection, the town clerk shall report to the Director of Property Valuation and Review and the Agency the date on which the exemption was adopted or rescinded.

(d) Exemption period.

(1) An exemption under this subchapter shall start in the first property tax year immediately following the year in which an application for exemption under section 3872 of this title is approved and one of the following occurs:

(A) issuance of a certificate of occupancy by the municipal governing body for the qualifying property; or

(B) the property owner's declaration of ownership of the qualifying property as a homestead pursuant to section 5410 of this title.

(2) An exemption under this subchapter shall remain in effect for three years, provided the property continues to comply with the requirements of this subchapter. When the exemption period ends, the property shall be taxed at its most recently appraised grand list value.

(3) The municipal exemption period for a qualifying property shall start and end at the same time as the State exemption period; provided that, if a municipality first votes to approve a municipal exemption after the State exemption period has already started for a qualifying property, the municipal exemption shall only apply after the vote and notice requirements have been met under subsection (c) of this section and shall only continue until the State exemption period ends.

§ 3872. ADMINISTRATION AND CERTIFICATION

(a) To be eligible for exemption under this subchapter, a property owner shall:

(1) submit an application to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development in the form and manner determined by the Agency, including certification by the property owner that the property and improvements qualify for exemption at the time of application and annually thereafter until the exemption period ends; and

(2) the certification shall include an attestation under the pains and penalties of perjury that the property will be used in the manner provided under this subchapter during the exemption period, including occupancy of dwellings as principal residences and not as short-term rentals as defined under 18 V.S.A. § 4301(a)(14), and that the property owner will either provide alternative housing for tenants at the same rent or that the property has been unoccupied either by a tenant's choice or for 60 days prior to the application. A certification by the property owner granted under this subdivision shall:

(A) be coextensive with the exemption period;

(B) require notice to the Agency of the transfer or assignment of the property prior to transfer, which shall include the transferee's or assignee's full names, phone numbers, and e-mail and mailing addresses;

(C) require notice to any prospective transferees or assignees of the property of the requirements of the exemption under this subchapter; and

(D) require a new certification to be signed by the transferees or assignees of the property.

(b) The Agency shall establish and make available application forms and procedures necessary to verify initial and ongoing eligibility for exemption under this subchapter. Not later than 60 days after receipt of a completed application, the Agency shall determine whether the property and any proposed improvements qualify for exemption and shall issue a written decision approving or denying the exemption. The Agency shall notify the property owner, the municipality where the property is located, and the Commissioner of Taxes of its decision.

(c) If the property owner fails to use the property according to the terms of the certification, the Agency shall, after notifying the property owner, determine whether to revoke the exemption. If the exemption is revoked, the Agency shall notify the property owner, the municipality where the property is located, and the Commissioner of Taxes. Upon notification of revocation, the Commissioner shall assess to the property owner:

(1) all State and municipal property taxes as though no exemption had been approved, including for any exemption period that had already begun; and

(2) interest pursuant to section 3202 of this title on previously exempt taxes.

(d) No new applications for exemption shall be approved pursuant to this subchapter after December 31, 2027.

Sec. 81. 32 V.S.A. § 4152(a) is amended to read:

(a) When completed, the grand list of a town shall be in such form as the Director prescribes and shall contain such information as the Director prescribes, including:

* * *

(6) For those parcels that are exempt, the insurance replacement value reported to the local assessing officials by the owner under section 3802a of this title or what the full listed value of the property would be absent the exemption and the statutory authority for granting such exemption and, for properties exempt pursuant to a vote, the year in which the exemption became effective and the year in which the exemption ends; provided that, for parcels exempt under chapter 125, subchapter 3 of this title, the insurance replacement value shall not be substituted for the full listed value of the property absent the exemption and the grand list shall indicate whether the exemption applies to the State property tax or both the State and municipal property taxes.

* * *

Sec. 82. REPEALS; NEW CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION EXEMPTION

The following are repealed on July 1, 2037:

(1) 32 V.S.A. § 3800(q) (statutory purpose); and

(2) 32 V.S.A. chapter 125, subchapter 3 (new construction or rehabilitation exemption).

Sec. 83. 32 V.S.A. § 4152(a) is amended to read:

(a) When completed, the grand list of a town shall be in such form as the Director prescribes and shall contain such information as the Director prescribes, including:

* * *

(6) For those parcels that are exempt, the insurance replacement value reported to the local assessing officials by the owner under section 3802a of this title or what the full listed value of the property would be absent the

exemption and the statutory authority for granting such exemption and, for properties exempt pursuant to a vote, the year in which the exemption became effective and the year in which the exemption ends; provided that, for parcels exempt under chapter 125, subchapter 3 of this title, the insurance replacement value shall not be substituted for the full listed value of the property absent the exemption and the grand list shall indicate whether the exemption applies to the State property tax or both the State and municipal property taxes.

Fifteenth: By striking out Sec. 114, effective dates, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 114. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that:

(1) Secs. 12 (10 V.S.A. § 6001), 13 (10 V.S.A. § 6086(a)(8)), and 21 (10 V.S.A. § 6001) shall take effect on December 31, 2026;

(2) Sec. 19 (10 V.S.A. § 6001(3)(A)(xii)) shall take effect on July 1, 2026;

(3) Secs. 73 (property transfer tax rates) and 83a (property transfer tax exemptions) shall take effect on August 1, 2024;

(4) Sec. 83 (grand list contents, 32 V.S.A. § 4152(a)) shall take effect on July 1, 2037; and

(5) Sec. 98 (landlord certificate data collection) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposals of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment with further proposals of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Appointments Confirmed

Under suspension of the rules (and particularly, Senate Rule 93), as moved by Senator Hardy, the following Gubernatorial appointments were confirmed together as a group by the Senate, without reports given by the Committees to which they were referred and without debate:

Ciappenelli, Rob of Warren - Member of the Board of Medical Practice - January 1, 2024 to February 29, 2028.

Coddaire, David of Morrisville - Member of the Board of Medical Practice - January 1, 2024 to February 29, 2028.

Eyler, Evan of Montpelier - Member of the Board of Medical Practice - January 1, 2024 to February 29, 2028.

Hildebrant, Rick A. of Clarendon - Member of the Board of Medical Practice - January 1, 2024 to February 29, 2028.

Philibert, Dawn of Williston - Member of the Board Medical Practice - January 1, 2024 to February 29, 2028.

Scott, Judith of St. George - Member of the Board of Medical Practice- January 1, 2024 to February 29, 2028.

Tortolani, Robert E. of Brattleboro - Member of the Board of Medical Practice - January 1, 2024 to February 29, 2028.

Davis, Clarence of Shelburne - Member of the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board - March 27, 2023 to January 31, 2026.

Gobeille, Kim of Shelburne - Member of Vermont Economic Progress Council - April 10, 2023 to March 31, 2027.

Metz, Janet of Jericho - Member of the Employment Security Board - August 14, 2023 to February 28, 2029.

Benoit, John of Barre - Member of the Electricians' Licensing Board - July 5, 2023 to June 30, 2026.

Houghton, Mary of Putney - Commissioner, Vermont State Housing Authority - September 25, 2023 to February 28, 2024.

Russell, John of Rutland - Member of Vermont Economic Progress Council - April 3, 2023 to March 31, 2027.

Stewart, James B. of Pittsford - Member of the Vermont Economic Progress Council - March 6, 2023 to March 31, 2023.

Stewart, James B. of Pittsford - Member of Vermont Economic Progress Council - April 3, 2023 to March 31, 2027.

Appointments Confirmed

The following Gubernatorial appointments were confirmed separately by the Senate, upon full reports given by the Committees to which they were referred:

The nomination of

Lunge, Robin of Berlin - Member of the Green Mountain Care Board - October 2, 2023 to September 30, 2029.

Was confirmed by the Senate on a roll call, Yeas 28, Nays 1.

Senator Collamore having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Baruth, Bray, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Collamore, Cummings, Gulick, Hardy, Harrison, Hashim, Ingalls, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, McCormack, Norris, Perchlik, Ram Hinsdale, Sears, Starr, Vyhovsky, Watson, Weeks, Westman, White, Williams, Wrenner.

The Senator who voted in the negative was: Brock.

The President Resumes the Chair

The nomination of

Farrell, Alex of South Burlington - Commissioner, Department of Housing and Community Development - November 1, 2023 to February 28, 2025.

Was confirmed by the Senate on a roll call, Yeas 28, Nays 1.

Senator Ram Hinsdale having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Baruth, Bray, Brock, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Collamore, Cummings, Gulick, Hardy, Harrison, Hashim, Ingalls, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, McCormack, Norris, Perchlik, Ram Hinsdale, Sears, Starr, Watson, Weeks, Westman, White, Williams, Wrenner.

The Senator who voted in the negative was: Vyhovsky.

The nomination of

Hulburd, Julie of Colchester - Member of Cannabis Control Board - November 1, 2023 to February 28, 2026.

Was confirmed by the Senate on a roll call, Yeas 29, Nays 0.

Senator Collamore having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Baruth, Bray, Brock, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Collamore, Cummings, Gulick, Hardy, Harrison, Hashim, Ingalls, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, McCormack, Norris, Perchlik, Ram Hinsdale, Sears, Starr, Vyhovsky, Watson, Weeks, Westman, White, Williams, Wrenner.

Those Senators who voted in the negative were: None.

Rules Suspended; Action Messaged

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and action on the following bills were severally ordered messaged to the House forthwith:

S. 55, S. 114, S. 183, S. 254, S. 259, S. 302, S. 305.

Rules Suspended; Bills Messaged

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the following bills were severally ordered messaged to the House forthwith:

S. 195, H. 622, H. 655, H. 687, H. 876, H. 878, H. 885.

Recess

On motion of Senator Baruth the Senate recessed until 5:00 P.M.

Called to Order

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Message from the House No. 78

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to Senate bill of the following title:

S. 192. An act relating to forensic facility admissions criteria and processes.

And has concurred therein.

Rules Suspended; Immediate Consideration; House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In**S. 220.**

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to Vermont's public libraries.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Library Policies; Selection and Retention of Library Materials * * *

Sec. 1. 22 V.S.A. § 67 is amended to read:

§ 67. PUBLIC LIBRARIES; STATEMENT OF POLICY; USE OF FACILITIES AND RESOURCES

* * *

(c) To ensure that Vermont libraries protect and promote the principles of free speech, inquiry, discovery, and public accommodation, it is necessary that the trustees, managers, or directors of free public libraries adopt policies that comply with the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and State and federal civil rights and antidiscrimination laws.

Sec. 2. 22 V.S.A. § 69 is added to read:

§ 69. PUBLIC LIBRARIES; SELECTION AND RECONSIDERATION OF LIBRARY MATERIALS

A public library shall adopt a library material selection policy and procedures for the reconsideration and retention of library materials that complies with the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, the Civil Rights Act of 1964, State laws prohibiting discrimination in places of public accommodation, and that reflect Vermont's diverse people and history, including diversity of race, ethnicity, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability status, religion, and political beliefs. A public library may adopt as its policy a model policy adopted by the Department of Libraries pursuant to section 606 of this title.

* * * Confidentiality of Library Records; Minors * * *

Sec. 3. 22 V.S.A. § 172 is amended to read:

§ 172. LIBRARY RECORD CONFIDENTIALITY; EXEMPTIONS

* * *

(b) Unless authorized by other provisions of law, the library's officers, employees, and volunteers shall not disclose the records except:

* * *

(4) to custodial parents or guardians of patrons under age 16 12 years of age; or

* * *

* * * Public Safety * * *

Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 1702 is amended to read:

§ 1702. CRIMINAL THREATENING

* * *

(d) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section by making a threat that places any person in reasonable apprehension that death, serious bodily injury, or sexual assault will occur at a public or private independent school; postsecondary education institution; public library; place of worship; polling

place during election activities; the Vermont State House; or any federal, State, or municipal building shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.

* * *

(h) As used in this section:

* * *

(12) "Public library" means a public library as defined in 22 V.S.A. § 101.

* * *

* * * Library Governance * * *

Sec. 5. 22 V.S.A. § 105 is amended to read:

§ 105. GENERAL POWERS

(a) The trustees, managers, or directors shall:

(1) elect the officers of the corporation from their number and have the control and management of the affairs, finances, and property of the corporation;;

(2) adopt bylaws and policies governing the operation of the library;

(3) establish a library budget;

(4) hold regular meetings; and

(5) ensure compliance with the terms of any funding, grants, or bequests.

(b) The Trustees, managers, or directors may:

(1) accept donations and, in their discretion, hold the donations in the form in which they are given for the purposes of science, literature, and art germane to the objects and purposes of the corporation. They may;; and

(2) in their discretion, receive by loan books, manuscripts, works of art, and other library materials and hold or circulate them under the conditions specified by the owners.

Sec. 6. 22 V.S.A. § 143 is amended to read:

§ 143. TRUSTEES

(a) Unless a municipality which that has established or shall establish a public library votes at its annual meeting to elect a board of trustees, the governing body of the municipality shall appoint the trustees. The

appointment or election of the trustees shall continue in effect until changed at an annual meeting of the municipality. When trustees are first chosen, they shall be elected or appointed for staggered terms.

(b) The board shall consist of not less fewer than five trustees who shall have full power to:

(1) manage the public library, make and any property that shall come into the hands of the municipality by gift, purchase, devise, or bequest for the use and benefit of the library;

(2) adopt bylaws, and policies governing the operation of the library;

(3) elect officers, establish a library policy and receive, control and manage property which shall come into the hands of the municipality by gift, purchase, devise or bequest for the use and benefit of the library;

(4) establish a library budget for consideration by the legislative body of the municipality for inclusion in the municipality's budget;

(5) hold regular meetings; and

(6) ensure compliance with the terms of any funding, grants, or bequests.

(c) The board may appoint a director for the efficient administration and conduct of the library. A library director shall be under the supervision and control of the library board of trustees, unless the employee relationship is otherwise specified in the municipality's charter or by written agreement between the legislative body of the municipality and the trustees.

(b) When trustees are first chosen, they shall be elected or appointed for staggered terms.

* * * Department of Libraries * * *

Sec. 7. 22 V.S.A. § 606 is amended to read:

§ 606. OTHER DUTIES AND FUNCTIONS

The Department, in addition to the functions specified in section 605 of this title:

* * *

(5) May Shall provide a continuing education program for a Certificate in Public Librarianship. The Department shall conduct seminars, workshops, and other programs to increase the professional competence of librarians in the State.

* * *

(8) Shall be the primary access point for State information, and provide advice on State information technology policy.

(9) May develop and adopt model policies for free public libraries concerning displays, meeting room use, patron behavior, internet use, library materials selection, and other relevant topics, as well as procedures for the reconsideration and retention of library materials, to ensure compliance with the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and Vermont laws prohibiting discrimination in places of public accommodation.

(10) Shall adopt a material selection policy and procedures for reconsideration and retention that reflect Vermont's diverse people and history, including diversity of race, ethnicity, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability status, religion, and political beliefs.

(11) May develop best practices and guidelines for public libraries and library service levels.

* * * School Library Material Selection * * *

Sec. 7a. 16 V.S.A. § 1624 is added to read:

§ 1624. SCHOOL LIBRARY MATERIAL SELECTION POLICY

(a) Each school board and each approved independent school shall develop, adopt, ensure the enforcement of, and make available in the manner described under subdivision 563(1) of this title a library material selection policy and procedures for the reconsideration and retention of materials. The policy and procedures shall affirm the importance of intellectual freedom and be guided by the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Vermont laws prohibiting discrimination in places of public accommodation, the American Library Association's Freedom to Read Statement, Vermont's Freedom to Read Statement, and reflect Vermont's diverse people and history, including diversity of race, ethnicity, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability status, religion, and political beliefs.

(b) In order to ensure a student's First Amendment rights are protected and all students' identities are affirmed and dignity respected, the policy and procedures required under subsection (a) of this section shall prohibit the removal of school library materials for the following reasons:

(1) partisan approval or disapproval;

(2) the author's race, nationality, gender identity, sexual orientation, political views, or religious views;

(3) school board members' or members of the public's discomfort, personal morality, political views, or religious views;

(4) the author's point of view concerning the problems and issues of our time, whether international, national, or local;

(5) the race, nationality, gender identity, sexual orientation, political views, or religious views of the protagonist or other characters; or

(6) content related to sexual health that addresses physical, mental, emotional, or social dimensions of human sexuality, including puberty, sex, and relationships.

(c) The policy and procedures required under subsection (a) of this section shall ensure that school library staff are responsible for curating and developing collections that provide students with access to a wide array of materials that are relevant to students' research, independent reading interests, and educational needs, as well as ensuring such materials are tailored to the cognitive and emotional levels of the children served by the school.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Secs. 2 (22 V.S.A. § 69; public libraries; selection and reconsideration of library materials) and 7a (16 V.S.A. § 1624; school library material selection policy) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

(b) Sec. 7 (22 V.S.A. § 606; Dept. of Libraries; other duties and functions) shall take effect on January 1, 2025.

(c) This section and all other sections of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Third Reading Ordered; Proposals of Amendment; Rules Suspended; Bill Passed in Concurrence with Proposals of Amendment

H. 870.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to professions and occupations regulated by the Office of Professional Regulation.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Watson, for the Committee on Government Operations, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: By adding a reader assistance heading and a new section to be Sec. 1a to read as follows:

* * * Background Checks for Psychologists * * *

Sec. 1a. 3 V.S.A. § 123 be amended to read:

§ 123. DUTIES OF OFFICE

* * *

(j)(1) The Office may inquire into the criminal background histories of applicants for initial licensure and for license renewal of any Office-issued credential, including a license, certification, registration, or specialty designation for the following professions:

* * *

(I) speech-language pathologists licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 87; and

(J) individuals registered on the roster of psychotherapists who are nonlicensed and noncertified; and

(K) psychologists licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 55.

* * *

Second: By adding reader assistance headings and three new sections to be Secs. 2a–2c to read as follows:

* * * Naturopathic Physicians Filing of Birth and Death Certificates * * *

Sec. 2a. 18 V.S.A. § 4999 is amended to read:

§ 4999. DEFINITIONS

As used in this part, ~~unless the context requires otherwise:~~

* * *

(2) “Licensed health care professional,” as used in 18 V.S.A. Ch. 107, means a physician, a physician assistant, a naturopathic physician, or an advanced practice registered nurse.

* * *

Sec 2b. 18 V.S.A. § 5071 is amended to read:

§ 5071. BIRTH CERTIFICATES; WHO TO MAKE; RETURN

(a) On or before the fifth business day of each live birth that occurs in this State, the attending physician or designee, naturopathic physician or designee, or midwife or, if no attending physician or designee, naturopathic physician or designee, or midwife is present, a parent of the child or a legal guardian of a mother under 18 years of age shall file with the State Registrar a report of birth in the form and manner prescribed by the State Registrar. The State Registrar shall register the report in the Statewide Registration System if it has been completed properly and filed in accordance with this chapter. The portion of the registered birth report that is not confidential under section 5014 of this title is the birth certificate.

* * *

* * * Naturopathic Physicians Filing Technical Advisory Group * * *

Sec 2c. NATUROPATHIC PHYSICIANS TECHNICAL ADVISORY GROUP

(a) On or before September 1, 2024, the Commissioner of the Vermont Department of Health or designee shall convene the first meeting of the Naturopathic Physicians Technical Advisory Group. The Technical Advisory Group shall discuss the potential integration of naturopathic physicians into statewide policies regarding Vermont's Patient Choice at End of Life laws (18 V.S.A. chapter 113), do not resuscitate (DNR) orders and advanced directives, and the creation of clinician orders for life-sustaining treatment (COLST). The Technical Advisory Group shall also consider the requirements of integrating naturopathic physicians into statewide policies.

(b) The Commissioner of the Vermont Department of Health or designee shall chair any meeting or meetings described in this section.

(c) The following individuals and entities shall be invited to participate in the meeting or meetings described in this section:

- (1) the Association of Accredited Naturopathic Medical Colleges;
- (2) the Office of Professional Regulation;
- (3) Patient Choices Vermont;
- (4) the Vermont Association of Naturopathic Physicians;
- (5) the Vermont Ethics Network;
- (6) the Vermont Medical Society; and
- (7) other entities as needed related to naturopathic medical education.

(d) The Commissioner of the Department of Health shall provide recommendations based on the work of the Technical Advisory Group on or

before December 1, 2024, to the House Committees on Health Care and on Government Operations and Military Affairs, and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Government Operations.

(e) The Technical Advisory Group shall cease to exist on December 31, 2024.

Third: By adding a reader assistance heading and a new section to be Sec. 18a to read as follows:

* * * Office of Professional Regulation Funding Structure Study * * *

Sec. 18a. OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION; FUNDING STRUCTURE STUDY

The Office of Professional Regulation, in consultation with the Joint Fiscal Office, shall conduct a study reviewing the funding structure of the Office of Professional Regulation. The Office of Professional Regulation shall report to the House Committee on Government Operations and Military Affairs and the Senate Committee on Government Operations by January 1, 2025 with an assessment of the benefits and challenges of the current funding model for the Office of Professional Regulation, as established in 3 V.S.A. § 124, and with any recommendations for alternative models for funding the Office of Professional Regulation.

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposals of amendment.

Senator Chittenden, for the Committee on Finance, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposals of amendment as recommended by the Committee on Government Operations.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the proposals of amendment were agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and the bill was placed on all remaining stages of its passage forthwith.

Thereupon, the bill was read the third time and passed in concurrence with proposals of amendment.

Rules Suspended; Immediate Consideration, House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In

S. 253.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to building energy codes.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 2, energy code compliance; working group, by striking out subsection (d) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (d) to read as follows:

(d) Assistance. The Working Group shall have the administrative and technical assistance of the Department of Public Service. The Working Group shall have the legal assistance of the Department of Public Service as to matters of procedure, the Working Group's powers and duties, existing State programs, existing legal requirements or obligations, and the drafting of proposed legislation. The Working Group may hire a third-party consultant to assist and staff the Working Group, which may be funded by monies appropriated by the General Assembly or any grant funding received.

Second: In Sec. 2, energy code compliance; working group, by striking out subsection (e) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the a new subsection (e) to read as follows:

(e) Report. On or before November 15, 2024 and November 15, 2025, the Working Group shall submit a written report to the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy and the House Committee on Environment and Energy with its findings and recommendations for legislative action.

Third: In Sec. 2, energy code compliance; working group, in subdivision (f)(4), by striking out “February 15, 2030” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 2026”

Fourth: By striking out Sec. 5, residential building contractor registry; website updates, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the a new Sec. 5 to read as follows:

Sec. 5. RESIDENTIAL BUILDING CONTRACTOR REGISTRY; WEBSITE UPDATES

(a) As part of its application to register with the residential building contractor registry administered by the Vermont Secretary of State, the Office of Professional Regulation shall ask a registrant to provide the following data:

- (1) the geographic areas the registrant serves; and
- (2) the trade services the registrant offers from a list of trade services compiled by the Office.

(b) As part of its application to register with the residential building contractor registry administered by the Vermont Secretary of State, the Office of Professional Regulation shall require that a registrant acknowledge that compliance with 30 V.S.A. § 51 (residential building energy standards) and 30 V.S.A. § 53 (commercial building energy standards) is required.

(c) On or before January 1, 2025, the Office of Professional Regulation shall update the website for the residential building contractor registry administered by the Vermont Secretary of State to:

(1) regularize usage of the term “residential contractor,” or another term selected by the Office, across the website to replace usages of substantially similar terms, such as “builder,” “contractor,” or “residential building contractor”; and

(2) add a clear and conspicuous notice that a residential contractor is required by law to comply with State building energy standards.

Fifth: By striking out Sec. 6, residential building contractor contract templates, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the a new Sec. 6 to read as follows:

Sec. 6. RESIDENTIAL BUILDING CONTRACTOR CONTRACT TEMPLATES

The Office of Professional Regulation shall update any contract template the Office furnishes for residential building contracting to include a statement acknowledging that the project is required to comply with 30 V.S.A. § 51 (residential building energy standards).

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposals of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and Adopted on the Part of the Senate

H. 563.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to criminal motor vehicle offenses involving unlawful trespass, theft, or unauthorized operation

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Hashim, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the Senate recede from its proposal of amendment and that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 3705 is amended to read:

§ 3705. UNLAWFUL TRESPASS

(a)(1) A person shall be imprisoned for not more than three months or fined not more than \$500.00, or both, if, without legal authority or the consent of the person in lawful possession, ~~he or she~~ the person enters or remains on any land or in any place as to which notice against trespass is given by:

(A) actual communication by the person in lawful possession or ~~his or her~~ the person's agent or by a law enforcement officer acting on behalf of such person or ~~his or her~~ the person's agent;

(B) signs or placards so designed and situated as to give reasonable notice; or

(C) in the case of abandoned property:

(i) signs or placards, posted by the owner, the owner's agent, or a law enforcement officer, and so designed and situated as to give reasonable notice; or

(ii) actual communication by a law enforcement officer.

(2) As used in this subsection, “abandoned property” means:

(A) real property on which there is a vacant structure that for the previous 60 days has been continuously unoccupied by a person with the legal right to occupy it and with respect to which the municipality has by first-class mail to the owner's last known address provided the owner with notice and an opportunity to be heard; and

(i) property taxes have been delinquent for six months or more; or

(ii) one or more utility services have been disconnected; or

(B) a railroad car that for the previous 60 days has been unmoved and unoccupied by a person with the legal right to occupy it.

(b) Prosecutions for offenses under subsection (a) of this section shall be commenced within 60 days following the commission of the offense and not thereafter.

(c) A person who enters the motor vehicle of another and knows that the person does not have legal authority or the consent of the person in lawful

possession of the motor vehicle to do so shall be imprisoned not more than three months or fined not more than \$500.00, or both. For a second or subsequent offense, a person who violates this subsection shall be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than \$500.00, or both. Notice against trespass shall not be required under this subsection.

(d) A person who enters a building other than a residence, whose access is normally locked, whether or not the access is actually locked, or a residence in violation of an order of any court of competent jurisdiction in this State shall be imprisoned for not more than one year or fined not more than \$500.00, or both.

(d)(e) A person who enters a dwelling house, whether or not a person is actually present, knowing that ~~he or she~~ the person is not licensed or privileged to do so shall be imprisoned for not more than three years or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.

(e)(f) A law enforcement officer shall not be prosecuted under subsection (a) of this section if ~~he or she~~ the law enforcement officer is authorized to serve civil or criminal process, including citations, summons, subpoenas, warrants, and other court orders, and the scope of ~~his or her~~ the law enforcement officer's entrance onto the land or place of another is ~~no~~ not more than necessary to effectuate the service of process.

Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 1094 is amended to read:

§ 1094. OPERATION WITHOUT CONSENT OF OWNER;
AGGRAVATED OPERATION WITHOUT CONSENT OF OWNER

(a) A person commits the crime of operation without consent of the owner if:

(1) the person takes, obtains, operates, uses, or continues to operate the motor vehicle of another when the person should have known that the person did not have the consent of the owner to do so; or

(2) the person, without the consent of the owner, knowingly takes, obtains, operates, uses, or continues to operate the motor vehicle of another when the person knows that the person did not have the consent of the owner to do so.

* * *

(c) A person convicted under subdivision (a)(1) of this section shall be fined not more than \$500.00. A person convicted under subsection subdivision (a)(2) of this section of operation without consent of the owner shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both.

* * *

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to unlawful trespass in a motor vehicle and unauthorized operation of a motor vehicle without the owner's consent

NADER A. HASHIM

ROBERT W. NORRIS

TANYA C. VYHOVSKY

Committee on the part of the Senate

THOMAS B. BURDITT

KAREN DOLAN

ANGELA ARSENAULT

Committee on the part of the House

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Immediate Consideration; House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment Concurred In

H. 780.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to judicial nominations and appointments.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment, with further amendment thereto as follows:

By striking out Sec. 1 (Legislative Intent) in its entirety and by renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment to Senate proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and Adopted on the Part of the Senate

H. 546.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to administrative and policy changes to tax laws.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Cummings, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the Senate recede from its proposals of amendment and that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Per Parcel Fee for Property Reappraisal * * *

Sec. 1. 32 V.S.A. § 4041a is amended to read:

§ 4041a. REAPPRAISAL

(a) A municipality shall be paid \$8.50 per grand list parcel per year from the Education General Fund to be used only for reappraisal and costs related to reappraisal of its grand list properties and for maintenance of the grand list.

* * *

Sec. 2. 32 V.S.A. § 5412 is amended to read:

§ 5412. REDUCTION OF LISTED VALUE AND RECALCULATION OF EDUCATION TAX LIABILITY

(a)(1) If a listed value is reduced as the result of an appeal or court action made pursuant to section 4461 of this title, a municipality may submit a request for the Director of Property Valuation and Review to recalculate its education property tax liability for the education grand list value lost due to a determination, declaratory judgment, or settlement. The Director shall recalculate the municipality's education property tax liability for each year at issue, in accord with the reduced valuation, provided that:

(A) The reduction in valuation is the result of an appeal under chapter 131 of this title to the Director of Property Valuation and Review or to a court, with no further appeal available with regard to that valuation, or any judicial decision with no further right of appeal, or a settlement of either an appeal or court action if the Director determines that the settlement value is the fair market value of the parcel. The Director may waive the requirement of continuing an appeal or court action until there is no further right of appeal if the Director concludes that the value determined by an adjudicated decision is a reasonable representation of the fair market value of the parcel.

(B) The municipality submits the request on or before January 15 for a request involving an appeal or court action resolved within the previous calendar year.

(C) [Repealed.]

(D) The Director determines that the municipality's actions were consistent with best practices published by the Property Valuation and Review in consultation with the Vermont Assessors and Listers Association. The municipality shall have the burden of showing that its actions were consistent with the Director's best practices.

* * *

* * * Annual Link to Federal Income Tax Law * * *

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 5824 is amended to read:

§ 5824. ADOPTION OF FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAWS

The statutes of the United States relating to the federal income tax, as in effect on December 31, 2022 2023, but without regard to federal income tax rates under 26 U.S.C. § 1, are hereby adopted for the purpose of computing the tax liability under this chapter and shall continue in effect as adopted until amended, repealed, or replaced by act of the General Assembly.

Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § 7402 is amended to read:

§ 7402. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:

* * *

(8) "Laws of the United States" means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2022 2023. As used in this chapter, "Internal Revenue Code" has the same meaning as "laws of the United States" as defined in this subdivision. The date through which amendments to the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 are adopted under this subdivision shall continue in effect until amended, repealed, or replaced by act of the General Assembly.

* * *

* * * Expansion of Renter Credit * * *

Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. § 6061 is amended to read:

§ 6061. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:

* * *

(20) “Very low-income limit” means an amount of income 1.3 times the amount of the income limit for very low-income families as determined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1437a as of June 30 of the taxable year, provided that for claimants who reside in Franklin or Grand Isle ~~County~~ County, “very low-income limit” means 1.3 times the average of the very low-income limits for the State as determined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

* * * Repeal of Property Tax Credit Late Fee * * *

Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 6066a is amended as follows:

§ 6066a. DETERMINATION OF PROPERTY TAX CREDIT

(a) Annually, the Commissioner shall determine the property tax credit amount under section 6066 of this title, related to a homestead owned by the claimant, based on the prior taxable year’s income and crediting property taxes paid in the prior year. The Commissioner shall notify the municipality in which the housesite is located of the amount of the property tax credit for the claimant for homestead property tax liabilities on a monthly basis. The tax credit of a claimant who was assessed property tax by a town that revised the dates of its fiscal year, however, is the excess of the property tax that was assessed in the last 12 months of the revised fiscal year, over the adjusted property tax of the claimant for the revised fiscal year, as determined under section 6066 of this title, related to a homestead owned by the claimant.

* * *

(d) ~~For late claims filed after April 15, the property tax credit amount shall be reduced by \$15.00 [Repealed.]~~

* * *

Sec. 7. 32 V.S.A. § 6068 is amended to read:

§ 6068. APPLICATION AND TIME FOR FILING

(a) A property tax credit claim or request for allocation of an income tax refund to homestead property tax payment shall be filed with the Commissioner on or before the due date for filing the Vermont income tax return, without extension, and shall describe the school district in which the homestead property is located and shall particularly describe the homestead property for which the credit or allocation is sought, including the school parcel account number prescribed in subsection 5404(b) of this title. A renter credit claim shall be filed with the Commissioner on or before the due date for filing the Vermont income tax return, without extension.

(b) If the claimant fails to file a timely claim, the amount of the property tax credit under this chapter shall be reduced by \$15.00, but not below \$0.00, which shall be paid to the municipality for the cost of issuing an adjusted homestead property tax bill. If the claimant files a claim after October 15 but on or before March 15 of the following calendar year, the property tax credit under this chapter:

(1) shall be reduced in amount by \$150.00, but not below \$0.00;

(2) shall be issued directly to the claimant; and

(3) shall not require the municipality where the claimant's property is located to issue an adjusted homestead property tax bill.

(c) No request for allocation of an income tax refund or for a renter credit claim may be made after October 15. No property tax credit claim may be made after March 15 of the calendar year following the due date under subsection (a) of this section.

* * * Utility Property Valuation * * *

Sec. 8. 32 V.S.A. § 4452 is amended to read:

§ 4452. VALUATIONS

(a) On or before May 1 of each year, the Division of Property Valuation and Review of the Department of Taxes shall furnish the listers in each town or city with the valuation of all taxable property of any public utility situated therein as reported by such utility to the Division.

(b) Each public utility shall furnish to the Division not later than March 31 in each year a sworn inventory of all its taxable property in such form as will show the valuation of its property in each town, city, or other municipality.

(c) The Division shall prescribe the form of such report and the officer or officers who shall make oath thereto.

(d) The valuations so furnished under this section shall be considered along with any other information as may reasonably be required by such listers in determining and fixing the valuations of such property for the purposes of local property taxation. The Division may require that each municipality use certain valuations furnished under this section. The valuations provided by the Division for property used for the transmission and distribution of electricity shall be used by the listers as the valuations of that property for purposes of property taxation.

* * * Property Tax Exemptions * * *

Sec. 9. 32 V.S.A. § 3802(22) is added to read:

(22) Real and personal estate owned by a county of this State, except land and buildings outside of a county's territorial limits shall be subject to municipal property tax by the municipality in which the land or buildings are situated. Notwithstanding the preceding provision, the exemption for public, pious, and charitable uses under subdivision (4) of this section shall be available for qualifying county land and buildings outside of the county's territorial limits.

* * * Fuel Tax * * *

Sec. 10. 33 V.S.A. § 2503(d) is amended to read:

(d) No tax under this section shall be imposed for any month ending after June 30, 2024 2029.

* * * Health IT Fund Sunset Extension * * *

Sec. 11. 2013 Acts and Resolves No. 73, Sec. 60(10), as amended by 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 73, Sec. 14, 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 187, Sec. 5, 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 71, Sec. 21, 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 73, Sec. 14, and 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. E.306.1, is further amended to read:

(10) Secs. 48–51 (health care claims tax) shall take effect on July 1, 2013 and Sec. 52 (Health IT-Fund; sunset) shall take effect on July 1, 2025 2026.

Sec. 12. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 6, Sec. 105, as amended by 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 71, Sec. 19, 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 83, Sec. 75, and 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. E.306.2, is further amended to read:

Sec. 105. EFFECTIVE DATES

* * *

(b) Sec. 73 (further amending 32 V.S.A. § 10402) shall take effect on July 1, 2025 2026.

* * *

* * * Extension of Sales Tax Exemption for Advanced Wood Boilers * * *

Sec. 12a. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 194, Sec. 26b(a), as amended by 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 83, Sec. 14, and by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 73, Sec. 23, is further amended to read:

(a) 32 V.S.A. §§ 9741(52) (sales tax exemption for advanced wood boilers) and 9706(l) (statutory purpose; sales tax exemption for advanced wood boilers) shall be repealed on July 1, 2024 2027.

Sec. 12b. REPEAL

2023 Acts and Resolves No. 72, Sec. 8 (sales tax exemption; advanced wood boilers) is repealed.

Sec. 13. 32 V.S.A. § 9701(12) is amended to read:

(12)(A) “Casual sale” means an isolated or occasional sale of an item of tangible personal property by a person who is not regularly engaged in the business of making sales of that general type of property at retail where the property was obtained by the person making the sale, through purchase or otherwise, for ~~his or her~~ the person’s own use.

(B) Aircraft as defined in 5 V.S.A. § 202(6), snowmobiles as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 3201(5), all-terrain vehicles as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 3501(1), motorboats as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 3302(4) 3302(6), and vessels as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 3302(11) 3302(17) that are 16 feet or more in length are hereby specifically excluded from the definition of casual sale.

Sec. 14. 32 V.S.A. § 9746 is amended to read:

§ 9746. SNOWMOBILE, ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE, MOTORBOAT, AND VESSEL SALES

(a) If a person sells a snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, motorboat, or vessel and within three months purchases another such vehicle or vessel, “sales price” for purposes of the tax on the new vehicle or vessel shall exclude the lesser of:

- (1) the sale price of the first vehicle or vessel; or
- (2) the average book value at the time of sale of the first vehicle or vessel.

(b) If a person receives payment under a contract of insurance for:

(1) total destruction of a snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, motorboat, or vessel; or

(2) damage to such vehicle or vessel that was then accepted without repair as a trade-in by the seller of a new snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, motorboat, or vessel; and within three months of following such destruction or damage the person purchases another snowmobile, motorboat, or vessel, “sales price” for purposes of the tax on the new vehicle or vessel shall exclude the insurance payment and any trade-in allowance for the damaged vehicle.

(c) A vendor determining sales price under this section shall obtain in good faith from the purchaser, on a form provided by the Department of Taxes and signed by the purchaser and bearing ~~his or her~~ the purchaser’s name and

address, a certificate of sale or payment of insurance proceeds with regard to the first vehicle or vessel.

Sec. 14a. REPORT; ATV REGISTRATIONS

On or before December 15, 2025, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall report on any changes to the number of all-terrain vehicle (ATV) registrations in calendar year 2025, any changes to revenue from ATV registrations in Vermont, any changes to funding to support the VASA trail system, and whether the Commissioner has suggestions for restoring revenue from ATV registrations. The Commissioner shall consult with the Vermont ATV Sportsman's Association in preparing this report. The report shall be submitted to the House Committee on Ways and Means, the House Committee on Transportation, the Senate Committee on Finance, and the Senate Committee on Transportation.

* * * Fees * * *

Sec. 15. 18 V.S.A. § 5017 is amended to read:

§ 5017. FEES FOR COPIES

- (a) For a certified copy of a vital event certificate, the fee shall be \$10.00.
- (b) The State Registrar shall waive the fee for certified copies of vital event certificates issued to:
 - (1) an individual attesting to a lack of fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence; and
 - (2) an individual between 18 and 24 years of age who resided in a foster home or residential child care facility between 16 and 18 years of age pursuant to placement by a child-placing agency.

* * * Machinery and Equipment Tax Credit * * *

Sec. 16. 32 V.S.A. § 5930ll is amended to read:

§ 5930ll. MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT TAX CREDIT

* * *

(d) Availability of credit.

- (1) The credit earned under this section with respect to qualified capital expenditures shall be available to reduce the qualified taxpayer's Vermont income tax liability for its tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2012 or, if later, the first tax year within which the qualified taxpayer's aggregate qualified capital expenditures exceed \$20,000,000.00. A taxpayer claiming a credit under this subchapter shall submit with the first return on which a credit

is claimed a copy of the qualified taxpayer's certification from the Vermont Economic Progress Council.

(2) The credit may be used in the year earned or carried forward to reduce the qualified taxpayer's Vermont income tax liability in succeeding tax years ending on or before December 31, 2026 2030.

* * *

(g) Reporting.

(1) Any qualified taxpayer who has been certified under subsection (b) of this section shall file a report with the Vermont Economic Progress Council on a form prescribed by the Council for this purpose and provide a copy of the report to the Commissioner of Taxes.

(2) The report shall be filed for each year following the certification until the year following the last year the taxpayer claims the credit to reduce its Vermont income tax liability, or 2027 2031, whichever occurs first.

(3) The report shall be filed by February 28 the due date of the taxpayer's tax return, including extensions, in each year for activity the previous calendar year and include, at a minimum:

(A) the number of full-time jobs in each quarter and the average number of hours worked per week;

(B) the level of qualifying capital investments made if reporting on a year within an investment period; and

(C) the amount of tax credit earned and applied during the previous calendar year.

Sec. 17. 2010 Acts and Resolves No. 156, Sec. H.2 is amended to read:

Sec. H.2 REPEAL

(a) Subchapter 11M of chapter 151 of Title 32 is repealed July 1, 2026 2030, and no credit under that section shall be available for any taxable year beginning after June 30, 2026 2030; provided, however, that if no qualified capital expenditures are made during the investment period, both terms as defined in 32 V.S.A. § 5930ll(a) of this act, the subchapter shall be repealed effective January 1, 2015.

Sec. 18. [Deleted.]

Sec. 19. [Deleted.]

* * * Local Option Tax * * *

Sec. 20. 24 V.S.A. § 138 is amended to read:

§ 138. LOCAL OPTION TAXES

(a) Local option taxes are authorized under this section for the purpose of affording municipalities an alternative method of raising municipal revenues to facilitate the transition and reduce the dislocations in those municipalities that may be caused by reforms to the method of financing public education under the Equal Educational Opportunity Act of 1997. Accordingly:

(1) the local option taxes authorized under this section may be imposed by a municipality;

(2) a municipality opting to impose a local option tax may do so prior to July 1, 1998 to be effective beginning January 1, 1999, and anytime after December 1, 1998 a Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, and subject to certification by the Commissioner of Taxes, a local option tax shall be effective beginning on the next tax quarter following 90 days' notice to the Department of Taxes of the imposition; and

(3) a local option tax may only be adopted by a municipality in which:

(A) the education property tax rate in 1997 was less than \$1.10 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value; or

(B) the equalized grand list value of personal property, business machinery, inventory, and equipment is at least ten percent of the equalized education grand list as reported in the 1998 Annual Report of the Division of Property Valuation and Review; or

(C) the combined education tax rate of the municipality will increase by 20 percent or more in fiscal year 1999 or in fiscal year 2000 over the rate of the combined education property tax in the previous fiscal year.

(b) If the legislative body of a municipality by a majority vote recommends, the voters of a municipality may, at an annual or special meeting warned for that purpose, by a majority vote of those present and voting, assess any or all of the following:

- (1) a one percent sales tax;
- (2) a one percent meals and alcoholic beverages tax;
- (3) a one percent rooms tax.

* * *

(h)(1) The Commissioner of Taxes may limit the number of municipalities enacting a local option tax under subsection (b) of this section to five per calendar year.

(2) The Commissioner of Taxes shall certify the first five notices from municipalities it receives under subsection (a) of this section in each calendar year and those municipalities may proceed to assess a local option tax according to subsection (a) of this section.

(3) In the Commissioner's discretion, after receiving notice from the fifth municipality pursuant to subsection (a) of this section in a calendar year, the Commissioner of Taxes may delay certification, or reject further notices for that year, if the Commissioner determines that additional certifications would cause an undue burden on tax administration.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 21. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section, Secs. 1 (reappraisals), 2 (property valuation and review waiver), 9 (exemption for county-owned property), 10 (fuel tax extension), and 11 and 12 (extension of Health IT Fund) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. 3 and 4 (link to federal income tax laws) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2024 and apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023.

(c) Sec. 5 (renter credit expansion) shall take effect on passage and apply to claim years 2025 and after.

(d) Secs. 6 and 7 (repeal of property tax credit late fee) shall take effect on passage and apply to claim years 2024 and after.

(e) Sec. 8 (utility property valuation) shall take effect on passage and apply to grand lists filed on or after April 1, 2025.

(f) Secs. 13 and 14 (casual sales of ATVs) and 14a (report on ATV registrations) shall take effect on January 1, 2025.

(g) Secs. 15 (fee waiver for vital event certificates), 16 and 17 (extension of machinery and equipment tax credit), and 20 (local option sales tax) shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

(h) Secs. 12a and 12b (sales tax exemption; advanced wood boilers) shall take effect on June 30, 2024.

*ANN E. CUMMINGS
MARK A. MACDONALD
THOMAS I. CHITTENDEN*

Committee on the part of the Senate

*EMILIE K. KORNHEISER
CARL DEMROW
JULIA ANDREWS*

Committee on the part of the House

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and Adopted on the Part of the Senate

H. 534.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to retail theft.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Baruth, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the Senate recede from its proposal of amendment and that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 2575 is amended to read:

§ 2575. OFFENSE OF RETAIL THEFT

A person commits the offense of retail theft when the person, with intent of depriving a merchant wrongfully of the lawful possession of merchandise, money, or credit:

(1) takes and carries away or causes to be taken and carried away or aids and abets the carrying away of, any merchandise from a retail mercantile establishment without paying the retail value of the merchandise; or

* * *

Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 2577 is amended to read:

§ 2577. PENALTY

(a) A person convicted of the offense of retail theft of merchandise having a retail value not in excess of \$900.00 \$250.00 shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500.00 or imprisonment for not more than six months 30 days, or both.

(b) A person convicted of the offense of retail theft of merchandise having a retail value in excess of \$250.00 and not in excess of \$900 shall:

(1) for a first offense, be punished by a fine of not more than \$500.00 or imprisonment for not more than six months, or both;

(2) for a second offense, be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for not more than two years, if the second offense occurs not more than two years after the first offense;

(3) for a third offense, be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,500.00 or imprisonment for not more than three years, or both, if the third offense occurs not more than two years after the second offense; or

(4) for a fourth or subsequent offense, be punished by a fine of not more than \$2,500.00 or imprisonment for not more than 10 years, or both, if the fourth or subsequent offense occurs not more than two years after the immediately preceding offense.

(c) A person convicted of the offense of retail theft of merchandise having a retail value in excess of \$900.00 shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for not more than 10 years, or both.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, a person convicted of retail theft pursuant to:

(1) Subdivision 2575(4) of this title shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both.

(2) Subdivision 2575(5), (6), or (7) of this title shall be imprisoned for not more than 10 years or fined not more than \$5,000.00, or both.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

PHILIP E. BARUTH

RICHARD W. SEARS

ROBERT W. NORRIS

Committee on the part of the Senate

*WILLIAM J. NOTTE
THOMAS B. BURDITT
KAREN DOLAN*

Committee on the part of the House

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

**Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and
Adopted on the Part of the Senate**

H. 882.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to capital construction and State bonding budget adjustment.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Ingalls, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon House reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the Senate recede from its proposal of amendment and that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Legislative Intent * * *

Sec. 1. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 1 is amended to read:

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly that of the \$122,767,376.00 \$130,606,224.00 authorized in this act, not more than \$56,520,325.00 \$56,245,325.00 shall be appropriated in the first year of the biennium, and the remainder shall be appropriated in the second year.

(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that in the second year of the biennium, any amendments to the appropriations or authorities granted in this act shall take the form of the Capital Construction and State Bonding Adjustment Bill. It is the intent of the General Assembly that unless otherwise indicated, all appropriations in this act are subject to capital budget adjustment.

* * * Capital Appropriations * * *

Sec. 2. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 2 is amended to read:

Sec. 2. STATE BUILDINGS

* * *

(b) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2024:

* * *

(7) Montpelier, State House, replacement of historic finishes:

\$50,000.00

* * *

(c) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2025:

(1) Statewide, major maintenance: \$8,500,000.00 \$8,501,999.00

* * *

(3) Statewide, planning, reuse, and contingency:

\$425,000.00 \$455,000.00

(4) Middlesex, Middlesex Therapeutic Community Residence, master plan, design, and decommissioning: \$400,000.00 \$50,000.00

(5) Montpelier, State House, replacement of historic finishes:

\$50,000.00 [Repealed.]

* * *

(11) Statewide, R22 refrigerant phase out:

\$1,000,000.00 \$750,000.00

(12) Statewide, Art in State Buildings Program: \$75,000.00

(13) St. Albans, Northwest State Correctional Facility, roof replacement:

\$400,000.00

(14) Windsor, former Southeast State Correctional Facility, evaluation of potential future State use and potential to deactivate or winterize buildings:

\$100,000.00

* * *

Appropriation – FY 2024 \$23,126,244.00 \$23,076,244.00

Appropriation – FY 2025 \$25,275,000.00 \$25,231,999.00

Total Appropriation – Section 2 \$48,401,244.00 \$48,308,243.00

Sec. 3. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 3 is amended to read:

Sec. 3. HUMAN SERVICES

* * *

(b) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2025 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Agency of Human Services for the following projects described in this subsection:

(1) Northwest State Correctional Facility, booking expansion, planning, design, and construction:	<u>\$2,500,000.00</u> <u>\$2,600,000.00</u>
---	---

* * *

(3) Statewide, correctional facilities, HVAC systems, planning, design, and construction for upgrades and replacements:

<u>\$700,000.00</u> <u>\$5,150,000.00</u>

(4) Statewide, correctional facilities, accessibility upgrades:

<u>\$822,000.00</u>

(5) South Burlington, justice-involved men, feasibility study for reentry facility: \$125,000.00

(6) Essex; River Valley Therapeutic Residence; facility requirements review and construction of improvements: \$50,000.00

* * *

Appropriation – FY 2024	\$1,800,000.00
-------------------------	----------------

Appropriation – FY 2025	<u>\$16,200,000.00</u> <u>\$21,747,000.00</u>
-------------------------	---

Total Appropriation – Section 3	<u>\$18,000,000.00</u> <u>\$23,547,000.00</u>
---------------------------------	---

Sec. 4. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 4 is amended to read:

Sec. 4. COMMERCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

* * *

(b) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2025 to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development for the following projects described in this subsection:

(1) Major maintenance at statewide historic sites:

<u>\$500,000.00</u> <u>\$700,000.00</u>

* * *

Appropriation – FY 2024	\$596,000.00
-------------------------	--------------

Appropriation – FY 2025	<u>\$596,000.00</u> <u>\$796,000.00</u>
-------------------------	---

Total Appropriation – Section 4	<u>\$1,192,000.00</u> <u>\$1,392,000.00</u>
---------------------------------	---

Sec. 5. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 9 is amended to read:

Sec. 9. NATURAL RESOURCES

(a) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2024 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Environmental Conservation for the projects described in this subsection:

* * *

(2) Dam safety and hydrology projects:	\$500,000.00	<u>\$275,000.00</u>
--	--------------	---------------------

* * *

(f) The following amounts are appropriated in FY 2025 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Fish and Wildlife for the projects described in this subsection:

(1) General infrastructure projects, including small-scale maintenance and rehabilitation of infrastructure, and improvements to buildings, including conservation camps:

	\$1,344,150.00	<u>\$2,114,000.00</u>
--	----------------	-----------------------

* * *

Appropriation – FY 2024	\$6,997,081.00	<u>\$6,772,081.00</u>
-------------------------	----------------	-----------------------

Appropriation – FY 2025	\$7,497,051.00	<u>\$8,266,901.00</u>
-------------------------	----------------	-----------------------

Total Appropriation – Section 9	\$14,494,132.00	<u>\$15,038,982.00</u>
---------------------------------	-----------------	------------------------

Sec. 6. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 10 is amended to read:

Sec. 10. CLEAN WATER INITIATIVES

* * *

(e) The sum of \$6,000,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2025 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Environmental Conservation for clean water implementation projects. [Repealed.]

* * *

(g) The sum of \$550,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2025 to the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets for water quality grants and contracts.

(h) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2025 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the following projects:

(1) the Clean Water State/EPA Revolving Loan Fund (CWSRF) match for the Water Pollution Control Fund:	\$1,600,000.00
---	----------------

(2) municipal pollution control grants:	\$3,300,000.00
---	----------------

(i) The sum of \$550,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2025 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation for forestry access roads, recreation access roads, and water quality improvements.

(j) In FY 2024 and FY 2025, any agency that receives funding from this section shall consult with the State Treasurer to ensure that the projects are capital eligible.

Appropriation – FY 2024	\$9,885,000.00
Appropriation – FY 2025	\$6,000,000.00
Total Appropriation – Section 10	\$15,885,000.00

Sec. 7. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 15a is added to read:

Sec. 15a. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

The sum of \$1,540,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2025 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Department of Labor for upgrades of mechanical systems and HVAC, life safety needs, and minor interior renovations at 5 Green Mountain Drive in Montpelier.

Sec. 8. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 15b is added to read:

Sec. 15b. SERGEANT AT ARMS

The sum of \$100,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2025 to the Sergeant at Arms for the replacement of State House cafeteria furnishings.

* * * Funding * * *

Sec. 9. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 16 is amended to read:

Sec. 16. REALLOCATION OF FUNDS; TRANSFER OF FUNDS

(a) The following sums are reallocated to the Department of Buildings and General Services from prior capital appropriations to defray expenditures authorized in Sec. 2 of this act:

* * *

(5) of the amount appropriated in 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 26, Sec. 2(b) (various projects): \$65,463.17 \$147,206.37

* * *

(7) of the amount appropriated in 2016 Acts and Resolves No. 160, Sec. 1(c)(5) (major maintenance): \$93,549.00 \$116,671.15

* * *

(10) of the amount appropriated in 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 2(c) (various projects): \$24,363.06 \$476,725.66

* * *

(13) of the amount appropriated in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 2(b)(3) (major maintenance): \$32,780.00 \$439,889.66

* * *

(17) of the amount appropriated in 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 40, Sec. 2(b)(4) (Statewide, major maintenance): \$9,606.45

(18) of the amount appropriated in 2013 Acts and Resolves No. 51, Sec. 2(b)(4) (Statewide, major maintenance): \$7,207.90

(19) of the amount appropriated in 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 2(b)(5) (Montpelier, State House, Dome, Drum, and Ceres, design, permitting, construction, restoration, renovation, and lighting):

\$38,525.00

(20) of the amount appropriated in 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 11(b)(4) (municipal pollution control grants, pollution control projects and planning advances for feasibility studies, new projects):

\$4,498.17

(21) of the amount appropriated in 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 11(f)(2) (EcoSystem restoration and protection): \$4,298.22

(22) of the amount appropriated in 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 8(m) (Downtown Transportation Fund pilot project): \$9,150.00

(23) of the amount appropriated in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 2(b)(9) (Newport, Northeast State Correctional Facility, direct digital HVAC control system replacement): \$26,951.52

(24) of the amount appropriated in 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 2(b)(20), as added by 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 180, Sec. 2 (Windsor, former Southeast State Correctional Facility, necessary demolition, salvage, dismantling, and improvements to facilitate future use of the facility):

\$378,180.00

* * *

(h) From prior year bond issuance cost estimates allocated to the entities to which funds were appropriated and for which bonding was required as the source of funds, pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 954, \$1,148,251.79 is reallocated to defray expenditures authorized by this act.

Total Reallocations and Transfers – Section 16 \$14,767,376.32 \$17,358,383.85

Sec. 10. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 17 is amended to read:

Sec. 17. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND APPROPRIATIONS

(a) The State Treasurer is authorized to issue general obligation bonds in the amount of \$108,000,000.00 for the purpose of funding the appropriations made in Secs. 2-15b of this act. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the Governor, shall determine the appropriate form and maturity of the bonds authorized by this section consistent with the underlying nature of the appropriation to be funded. The State Treasurer shall allocate the estimated cost of bond issuance or issuances to the entities to which funds are appropriated pursuant to this section and for which bonding is required as the source of funds, pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 954.

(b) The State Treasurer is authorized to issue additional general obligation bonds in the amount of \$5,247,838.90 that were previously appropriated but unissued under 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69 for the purposes of funding the appropriations in this act.

Total Revenues – Section 17 \$108,000,000.00 \$113,247,838.90

Sec. 11. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 18 is amended to read:

Sec. 18. FY 2024 AND 2025; CAPITAL PROJECTS; FY 2024 APPROPRIATIONS ACT; INTENT; AUTHORIZATIONS

* * *

(c) Authorizations. In FY 2024, spending authority for the following capital projects are authorized as follows:

* * *

(7) the Department of Buildings and General Services is authorized to spend \$600,000.00 for planning for the boiler replacement at the Northern State Correctional Facility in Newport; [Repealed.]

* * *

(9) the Department of Buildings and General Services is authorized to spend \$600,000.00 for the Agency of Human Services for the planning and design of the booking expansion at the Northwest State Correctional Facility; [Repealed.]

(10) the Department of Buildings and General Services is authorized to spend \$1,000,000.00 \$750,000.00 for the Agency of Human Services for the planning and design of the Department for Children and Families' short-term stabilization facility;

(11) the Department of Buildings and General Services is authorized to spend \$750,000.00 for the Judiciary for design, renovations, and land acquisition at the Washington County Superior Courthouse in Barre;

* * *

(16) the Vermont State Colleges is authorized to spend ~~\$7,500,000.00~~
~~\$6,500,000.00~~ for construction, renovation, and major maintenance at any facility owned or operated in the State by the Vermont State Colleges; infrastructure transformation planning; and the planning, design, and construction of Green Hall and Vail Hall;

* * *

(19) the Agency of Natural Resources is authorized to spend \$4,000,000.00 for the Department of Environmental Conservation for the Municipal Pollution Control Grants for pollution control projects and planning advances for feasibility studies; and

(20) the Agency of Natural Resources is authorized to spend \$3,000,000.00 for the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation for the maintenance facilities at the Gifford Woods State Park and Groton Forest State Park; and

(21) the Agency of Natural Resources is authorized to spend ~~\$800,000.00 for the Department of Fish and Wildlife for infrastructure maintenance and improvements of the Department's buildings, including conservation camps.~~ [Repealed.]

(d) FY 2025 capital projects authorizations. To the extent general funds are available to appropriate to the Fund established in 32 V.S.A. § 1001b in FY 2025, it is the intent of the General Assembly that the following capital projects receive funding from the Fund. In FY 2025, spending authority for the following capital projects are authorized as follows:

(1) the sum of ~~\$250,000.00~~ \$220,000.00 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for planning, reuse, and contingency;

* * *

(3) the sum of ~~\$2,000,000.00~~ \$1,500,000.00 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the renovation of the interior HVAC steam lines at 120 State Street in Montpelier;

(4) the sum of ~~\$1,000,000.00~~ \$850,000.00 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Judiciary for design, renovations, and land acquisition at the Washington County Superior Courthouse in Barre;

(5) the sum of \$1,000,000.00 \$850,000.00 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Department of Public Safety for the planning and design of the Special Teams Facility and Storage;

(6) the sum of \$1,000,000.00 \$850,000.00 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Department of Public Safety for the planning and design of the Rutland Field Station;

* * *

(8) the sum of \$500,000.00 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Newport courthouse replacement, planning, and design; [Repealed.]

(9) the sum of \$250,000.00 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for planning for the 133-109 State Street tunnel waterproofing and Aiken Avenue reconstruction; and

(10) the sum of \$200,000.00 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the renovation of the stack area, HVAC upgrades, and the elevator replacement at 111 State Street;

(11) the sum of \$1,000,000.00 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for roof replacement and brick façade repairs at the McFarland State Office Building in Barre; and

(12) the sum of \$30,000.00 to the Department of Fish and Wildlife for the Lake Champlain International fishing derby.

* * *

* * * Policy * * *

* * * Agency of Natural Resources * * *

Sec. 12. 10 V.S.A. § 2603 is amended to read:

§ 2603. POWERS AND DUTIES: COMMISSIONER

* * *

(g) The Commissioner shall consult with and receive approval from the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services concerning proposed construction or renovation of individual projects involving capital improvements which are expected, either in phases or in total, to cost more than \$200,000.00. The Department of Environmental Conservation shall manage all contracts for engineering services for capital improvements made by the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation The Department of Environmental Conservation Facilities Engineering Section:

- (1) may execute and consult on design for the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation;
- (2) shall provide professional engineering services for compliance with environmental operating permits; and
- (3) shall be the custodian of all plans of record for work executed by the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation, regardless of the source and designer of record.

* * *

Sec. 13. LEGISLATIVE INTENT; SALISBURY FISH HATCHERY

It is the intent of the General Assembly that:

- (1) The State shall maintain or increase its current fish stocking capacity.
- (2) To the extent practicable, the Salisbury fish hatchery shall, subject to annual appropriations, continue operating through December 31, 2027.
- (3) The Agency of Natural Resources shall examine potential options for continuing the operation of the Salisbury fish hatchery after fiscal year 2027, including maintaining any necessary permits.
- (4) The Agency of Natural Resources shall examine options for maintaining or increasing the State's current fish stocking capacity following the potential closure of the Salisbury fish hatchery, including:
 - (A) replacing the stocking capacity of the Salisbury fish hatchery with increased stocking capacity at one or more State-operated or federally operated fish hatcheries;
 - (B) transferring fish stocking capacity from the Salisbury hatchery to other State fish hatcheries;
 - (C) establishing additional egg production at other State fish hatcheries to compensate for any lost egg production; and
 - (D) utilizing other innovative or more cost-effective approaches for replacing any lost stocking capacity.
- (5) The Agency of Natural Resources shall examine options for limiting any negative economic impact from the potential closure of the Salisbury fish hatchery, including impacts from reduced fish stocking on fishing and tourism, and impacts from the loss of staff positions at the Salisbury fish hatchery.
- (6) The Salisbury fish hatchery shall not close without prior approval of the General Assembly, which shall be provided if:

(A) the hatchery is unable to secure the necessary permits to continue operating after December 31, 2027; or

(B) the stocking capacity of the hatchery can be replaced in a manner that is more cost-effective than the up-front and operating costs of the capital improvements necessary for the hatchery to obtain the necessary permits to continue operating after December 31, 2027.

Sec. 14. SALISBURY FISH HATCHERY FEASIBILITY STUDY

(a) The Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife shall update the July 9, 2013 Facility Modernization Discharge Requirements Feasibility Study for the Salisbury Fish Hatchery and shall, on or before December 15, 2024, report to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions regarding the feasibility of continuing operations at the Salisbury Fish Hatchery after December 31, 2027, of transferring the production capacity of the Salisbury Fish Hatchery to the State's hatchery system, and of alternative options for replacing the production capacity of the Salisbury Fish Hatchery.

(b) The report shall:

(1) identify the repairs, improvements, and other work necessary to enable the Salisbury Fish Hatchery to obtain any permits necessary to continue operating after December 31, 2027 and provide a detailed analysis of the associated costs and a plan for accomplishing the work;

(2) identify any repairs, improvements, and other work necessary to enable the production capacity of the Salisbury Fish Hatchery to be transferred to the State's hatchery system and provide a detailed analysis of the associated costs and a plan for accomplishing the work; and

(3) examine alternative approaches to maintaining the State's fish production capacity, including an analysis of associated costs and work necessary to successfully implement each identified alternative approach.

* * * Buildings and General Services * * *

Sec. 15. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 22 is amended to read:

Sec. 22. SALE OF PROPERTIES

* * *

(c) 108 Cherry Street. Notwithstanding 29 V.S.A. § 166(b), the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services is authorized to sell the property located at 108 Cherry Street in the City of Burlington. The Commissioner shall first offer in writing to the City the right to purchase the property.

* * *

(3) Notwithstanding 29 V.S.A. § 166(d) and 29 V.S.A. § 160, of the proceeds received by the State for the sale of the property located at 108 Cherry Street in the City of Burlington, \$6,242,500.00 shall be deposited into the Property Management Revolving Fund (58700) to recover the deficit incurred in the fund as a result of the original purchase of the property and, notwithstanding 29 V.S.A. § 168(c), \$293,753.63 shall be deposited into the State Energy Revolving Fund (59700) to repay debt outstanding for loans for energy improvement projects on the property.

Sec. 16. SALE OF FORMER WILLISTON STATE POLICE BARRACKS;
INTENT; REPORT

It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Town of Williston shall report to the Senate Committee on Institutions and the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions in January 2025 regarding:

- (1) whether the town desires to purchase the property; and
- (2) if so:
 - (A) the feasibility of the Town purchasing the property, including any requested conditions on the sale of the property; and
 - (B) the potential future uses of the property envisioned by the Town.

Sec. 17. 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 36 is amended to read:

Sec. 36. PUBLIC SAFETY FIELD STATION; WILLISTON

* * *

(b) The Beginning on July 1, 2025, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services is authorized to sell the Williston Public Safety Field Station and adjacent land pursuant to the requirements of 29 V.S.A. § 166. The proceeds from the sale shall be appropriated to future capital construction projects.

Sec. 18. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 34 is amended to read:

Sec. 34. WILLISTON PUBLIC SAFETY BARRACKS; SALE

The Beginning on July 1, 2025, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services is authorized to sell the property known as the Williston Public Safety Barracks (State Office Building) located at 2777 St. George Road in Williston, Vermont pursuant to the requirements of 29 V.S.A. § 166. The proceeds from the sale shall be appropriated to future capital construction projects.

Sec. 19. 29 V.S.A. § 152 is amended to read:

§ 152. DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER

(a) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, in addition to the duties expressly set forth elsewhere by law, shall have the authority to:

* * *

(3) Prepare or cause to be prepared plans and specifications for construction and repair on all State-owned buildings:

* * *

(B) For which no specific appropriations have been made by the General Assembly or the Emergency Board. The Commissioner may, with the approval of the Secretary of Administration, acquire an option, ~~for a price not to exceed \$75,000.00~~, on an individual property without prior legislative approval, for a price not to exceed five percent of the listed sale price of the property, provided the option contains a provision stating that purchase of the property shall occur only upon the approval of the General Assembly and the appropriation of funds for this purpose. The State Treasurer is authorized to advance a sum not to exceed ~~\$75,000.00~~ five percent of the listed sale price of the property, upon warrants drawn by the Commissioner of Finance and Management for the purpose of purchasing an option on a property pursuant to this subdivision.

* * *

(19) Transfer any unexpended project balances between projects that are authorized within the same section of ~~an annual~~ a biennial capital construction act.

(20) Transfer any unexpended project balances between projects that are authorized within different capital construction acts, with the approval of the Secretary of Administration, when the unexpended project balance does not exceed ~~\$100,000.00~~ \$200,000.00, or with the additional approval of the Emergency Board when such balance exceeds ~~\$100,000.00~~ \$200,000.00.

* * *

(22) Use the contingency fund appropriation to cover shortfalls for any project approved in any capital construction act; however, transfers from the contingency in excess of ~~\$50,000.00~~ \$100,000.00 shall be done with the approval of the Secretary of Administration.

* * *

Sec. 20. 29 V.S.A. § 166 is amended to read:

§ 166. SELLING OR RENTING STATE PROPERTY

* * *

(b)(1) Upon authorization by the General Assembly, which may be granted by resolution, and with the advice and consent of the Governor, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services may sell real estate owned by the State. Such The property shall be sold to the highest bidder therefor at public auction or upon sealed bids in at the discretion of the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, who may reject any or all bids, or the Commissioner is authorized to list the sale of property with a real estate agent licensed by the State. In no event shall the property be sold for less than fair market value as determined by the Commissioner in consultation with an independent real estate broker or appraiser, or both, retained by the Commissioner, unless otherwise authorized by the General Assembly.

* * *

Sec. 21. STATE BUILDING NAMING; STUDY COMMITTEE; REPORT

(a) Creation. There is created the State Building Naming Study Committee to develop a proposed process for naming State buildings that are under the jurisdiction of the Department of Buildings and General Services.

(b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following members:

(1) the State Historic Preservation Officer or designee;

(2) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or designee;

(3) the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services or designee;

(4) the Executive Director of the Vermont Historical Society or designee;

(5) the State Librarian or designee

(6) the Executive Director of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns or designee;

(7) the Executive Director of the Office of Racial Equity or designee; and

(8) the Executive Secretary of the Transportation Board or designee.

(c) Powers and duties.

(1) The Committee shall develop a proposed process for naming State buildings that are under the jurisdiction of the Department of Buildings and General Services. The proposed process developed by the Committee shall address the following:

(A) an entity within State government, other than the General Assembly, that should have authority for naming State buildings that are under the jurisdiction of the Department of Buildings and General Services;

(B) entities and individuals who should be involved in determining whether to name specific State buildings that are under the jurisdiction of the Department of Buildings and General Services;

(C) methods by which a municipality or the general public may petition to name a State building under the jurisdiction of the Department of Buildings and General Services after a specific person;

(D) any requirements for a historical nexus between the building proposed to be named and the person for whom it is proposed to be named; and

(E) the process for considering a petition to name a State building, including requirements related to public notice, conduct of hearings, and standards for rendering a decision on a petition.

(2) In carrying out its duties pursuant to subdivision (1) of this section, the Committee shall hold not fewer than three meetings and shall solicit testimony from stakeholders and interested parties.

(d) Report. On or before February 15, 2025, the Committee shall report to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions regarding its proposal and any recommendations for legislative action.

(e) Meetings.

(1) The State Historic Preservation Officer shall call the first meeting of the Committee to occur on or before September 1, 2024.

(2) The Committee shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.

(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(4) The Committee shall cease to exist on February 28, 2025.

Sec. 22. SOUTHEAST STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITY; POTENTIAL LAND TRANSFER; REPORT

(a) The Department of Fish and Wildlife, in consultation with the Department of Buildings and General Services, shall evaluate the potential transfer of a portion of the former Southeast State Correctional Facility property to the Department of Fish and Wildlife for inclusion in the adjacent wildlife management area. The evaluation shall:

(1) delineate the portions of the former Southeast State Correctional Facility property that could be used for future redevelopment of the site, taking into account any necessary setbacks from wetlands, streams, or wildlife habitat;

(2) identify any portions of the property that could be transferred into the adjacent wildlife management area and potential impacts on the redevelopment or sale of the property from the transfer of the identified portions; and

(3) identify any rights of way or easements that will be necessary for the potential future redevelopment of any retained portion of the property.

(b) On or before January 15, 2025, the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife and the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall report to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions regarding the evaluation and any legislative action that may be necessary to facilitate a proposed transfer or redevelopment of the property.

Sec. 23. SOUTHERN STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITY; TRANSFER OF PARCEL

(a) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services is authorized to transfer to the Town of Springfield a portion of the Southern State Correctional Facility Property consisting of approximately 10 acres to be used as the location of a new Town garage.

(b) The transfer shall be contingent on:

(1) the State obtaining State and local zoning and subdivision approvals that are necessary for the transfer; and

(2) the negotiation of an agreement between the State and the Town of Springfield regarding the maintenance and upkeep of the access road and the water and sewer service lines for the Correctional Facility and the transferred parcel.

(c) The transferred parcel shall not include any brownfields on the Southern State Correctional Facility Property.

(d) In the event the Town does not utilize the transferred parcel for a new Town garage, the Town shall consult with the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services regarding any proposed alternative uses of the parcel.

(e) The transfer authority provided pursuant to this section shall expire on July 1, 2027.

Sec. 24. SECURE RESIDENTIAL RECOVER FACILITY;
REQUIREMENTS; REVIEW; REPORT

(a) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, in consultation with the Commissioner of Mental Health, shall review the facility requirements related to incorporating the use of emergency involuntary procedures and involuntary medication at the River Valley secure residential recovery facility in Essex. The Commissioner shall report, on or before February 1, 2025, to the Senate Committees on Appropriations, on Institutions, and on Health and Welfare and to the House Committees on Appropriations, on Corrections and Institutions, and on Health Care regarding the findings of the review.

(b)(1) To the extent funding is available, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, in consultation with the Commissioner of Mental Health, may commence construction on improvements and upgrades identified pursuant to subsection (a) of this section in fiscal year 2025.

(2) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the fiscal year 2026 capital construction and State bonding act shall include funding for any remaining design, development, and construction of the upgrades and improvements identified in the report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Nothing in this section shall preclude the future development of a forensic facility.

Sec. 25. SOUTHEAST STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITY;
POTENTIAL REUSE BY THE STATE; POTENTIAL TO
DEACTIVATE BUILDINGS; REPORT

(a) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall:

(1) update previous reports on the potential to repurpose the former Southeast State Correctional Facility for a State purpose and determine whether the location of the former Facility can be used for:

(A) another future State facility;

(B) emergency or backup space to address State needs for temporary facility space or temporary office space; or

(C) other State purposes; and

(2) whether some or all of the structures at the former Southeast State Correctional Facility could be temporarily deactivated or winterized to reduce ongoing maintenance costs until the facility is utilized for another State purpose, and the costs related to deactivation or winterization.

(b) The Commissioner shall, on or before January 15, 2025, report to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Institutions regarding the Commissioner's findings pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

(c) It is the intent of the General Assembly that it shall not authorize the sale of the parcel on which the former Southeast State Correctional Facility was located unless the State has determined that the site is not needed for use as the location for a State facility or other State purpose.

Sec. 26. DEPARTMENT FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES YOUTH
SHORT-TERM STABILIZATION AND TREATMENT CENTER;
LONG-TERM LEASE; AUTHORIZATION

Notwithstanding any provisions of 29 V.S.A. § 165(h) or 29 V.S.A. § 166(a) to the contrary, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services is authorized to enter into a long-term ground lease agreement at a below-market rate for an initial term of not more than 20 years with not more than four five-year renewal options for the Department for Children and Families Youth Short Term Stabilization and Treatment Center. At the end of the term and any renewals, the ground lease shall terminate.

Sec. 27. CAPITOL COMPLEX FLOOD RECOVERY; SPECIAL
COMMITTEE

(a) The Special Committee on Capitol Complex Flood Recovery is established. The Special Committee shall comprise the Joint Fiscal Committee and the Chairs of the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions.

(b)(1) The Special Committee shall meet at the call of the Chair of the Joint Fiscal Committee, in consultation with the Chairs of the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions.

(2)(A) The Special Committee shall meet to review and recommend alterations to proposals and plans for Capitol Complex flood recovery.

(B) The Special Committee may, as necessary, grant approval to proposals and plans for Capitol Complex flood recovery.

(c) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall provide quarterly updates to the Special Committee on the planning process for Capitol Complex flood recovery.

(d) The Special Committee shall be entitled to per diem and expenses as provided in 2 V.S.A. § 23.

Sec. 28. STATE HOUSE; IMPROVEMENTS; DESIGN; SPECIAL COMMITTEE

(a)(1) To allow the Department of Buildings and General Services to begin the design development phase, it is the intent of the General Assembly to approve a schematic design plan for accessibility, life safety, and mechanical systems improvements to the State House identified in Scenario 1, as approved by the Joint Legislative Management Committee on December 15, 2023 and excluding any improvements that would impact committee rooms.

(2) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall provide the Special Committee established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section with a draft schematic design plan for the work identified pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection on or before July 15, 2024 and a final schematic design plan on or before September 15, 2024.

(b)(1) A Special Committee to be called the Special Committee on State House Improvements consisting of the Joint Legislative Management Committee and the Chairs of the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions is established.

(2) The Special Committee is authorized to meet to:

(A) review and recommend alterations to the draft schematic design to be submitted on or before July 15, 2024 as described in subsection (a) of this section at a regularly scheduled Joint Legislative Management Committee meeting; and

(B) review and approve the final schematic design to be submitted on or before September 15, 2024 as described in subsection (a) of this section at a regularly scheduled Joint Legislative Management Committee meeting.

(c) In making its decision, the Special Committee shall consider:

(1) how the design impacts the ability of the General Assembly to conduct legislative business;

(2) whether the design allows for public access to citizens;

(3) the financial consequences to the State of approval or disapproval of the proposal; and

(4) whether any potential alternatives are available.

(d) The Special Committee shall be entitled to per diem and expenses as provided in 2 V.S.A. § 23.

* * * Corrections * * *

Sec. 29. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 28 is amended to read:

Sec. 28. REPLACEMENT WOMEN'S REENTRY AND CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES; SITE LOCATION PROPOSAL; DESIGN INTENT

(a) Site location proposal.

(1)(A) Site location proposal. On or before January 15, 2024 2025, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services shall submit a site location proposal for replacement women's reentry and correctional facilities for justice-involved women to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions.

(B) It is the intent of the General Assembly that:

(i) when evaluating site locations, preference shall be given to State-owned property;

(ii) the site location, regardless of whether it is on State-owned land or land proposed to be purchased by the State, shall be:

(I) near support services, programming, and work opportunities needed to facilitate successful reentry into the community; and

(II) in a reasonable proximity to the existing workforce to facilitate retention and continuity of experienced staff; and

(iii) the proposal shall consider the proximity of existing and potential future public transit services.

(C) The proposal shall consider both colocating facilities in a campus-style approach for operational efficiencies and the need for separate facilities at different locations.

* * *

(c) As used in this section, "reentry facility" means a facility that:

(1) is for incarcerated individuals preparing to transition back into the community following release;

(2) provides the lowest level of security;

(3) has a flexible design that is distinct from other existing secure correctional facilities;

(4) provides the individuals housed in the facility with continual access to services and supports, including counseling and treatment; and

(5) is designed in a flexible manner to support programs like work release and day-reporting.

Sec. 30. REPLACEMENT WOMEN'S REENTRY AND CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES; AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE LAND; INTENT; REPORT

(a) Contingent authority to purchase land. In the event that the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, in consultation with the Commissioner of Corrections, is unable to identify appropriate State-owned site locations for the replacement reentry and correctional facilities for justice-involved women, the Commissioner is authorized to purchase land in a location that is:

(1) near support services, programming, and work opportunities needed to facilitate successful reentry into the community;

(2) in a reasonable proximity to the existing workforce to facilitate retention and continuity of experienced staff; and

(3) near existing or potential future public transit services.

(b) Reports. Beginning in July 2024 and ending in January 2025, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, in consultation with the Commissioner of Corrections, shall report at least once per calendar quarter to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions regarding the progress in identifying State-owned property and, if necessary, purchasing property on which to locate the replacement facilities for justice-involved women.

(c) As used in this section, “reentry facility” means a facility that:

(1) is for incarcerated individuals preparing to transition back into the community following release;

(2) provides the lowest level of security;

(3) has a flexible design that is distinct from other existing secure correctional facilities;

(4) provides the individuals housed in the facility with continual access to services and supports, including counseling and treatment; and

(5) is designed in a flexible manner to support programs like work release and day-reporting.

Sec. 31. POTENTIAL REUSE OF CHITTENDEN REGIONAL
CORRECTIONAL FACILITY SITE; FEASIBILITY; REPORT

(a) On or before December 15, 2025, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, in consultation with the Commissioner of Corrections, shall report to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committees on Institutions and on Judiciary regarding the feasibility of utilizing the site of the Chittenden Regional Correctional Facility for a reentry facility for eligible justice-involved men following the construction of replacement facilities for justice-involved women.

(b) The report shall:

(1)(A) evaluate the condition and structure of the existing facility to determine if it can be repurposed as a reentry facility in a manner that supports the programmatic goals of the Department of Corrections using evidence-based principles for wellness environments for supporting trauma-informed practices; and

(B) if it can be repurposed as a reentry facility, the improvements and other work necessary to support the programmatic goals of the Department of Corrections using evidence-based principles for wellness environments for supporting trauma-informed practices and the estimated cost of performing the work;

(2)(A) evaluate whether a new reentry facility could be constructed on the site following the demolition of some or all of the existing facility;

(B) identify potential designs for a newly constructed reentry facility at the site that supports the programmatic goals of the Department of Corrections using evidence-based principles for wellness environments for supporting trauma-informed practices; and

(C) identify any site work, improvements, and other work necessary to construct a new reentry facility on the site, including the cost of any such work; and

(3) if the existing facility cannot be repurposed as a reentry facility and a new reentry facility cannot be constructed on the site, identify other potential sites for a male reentry facility that are near:

(A) support services, programming, and work opportunities needed to facilitate successful reentry into the community; and

(B) existing or potential future public transit services.

(c) As used in this section, “reentry facility” means a facility that:

- (1) is for incarcerated individuals preparing to transition back into the community following release;
- (2) provides the lowest level of security;
- (3) has a flexible design that is distinct from other existing secure correctional facilities;
- (4) provides the individuals housed in the facility with continual access to services and supports, including counseling and treatment; and
- (5) is designed in a flexible manner to support programs like work release and day-reporting.

(d) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the fiscal year 2026 capital construction and State bonding act shall include funding for the preparation of the report required pursuant to this section.

Sec. 32. REENTRY SERVICES; NEW CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES; PROGRAMMING; RECOMMENDATIONS

On or before November 15, 2024, the Department of Corrections, in consultation with the Department of Buildings and General Services, shall submit recommendations to the Senate Committee on Judiciary and the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions detailing the following:

- (1) an examination of the Department of Corrections' reentry and transitional services with the objective to transition and implement modern strategies and facilities to assist individuals involved with the criminal justice system to obtain housing, vocational and job opportunities, and other services to successfully reintegrate into society;
- (2) the recommended size of a new women's correctional facility, including the scope and quality of programming and services housed in the facility and any therapeutic, educational, and other specialty design features necessary to support the programming and services offered in the facility; and
- (3) whether it is advisable to construct a new men's reentry facility on the same campus as the women's correctional facility or at another location.

* * * Judiciary * * *

Sec. 33. BARRE; WASHINGTON COUNTY SUPERIOR COURTHOUSE; LAND ACQUISITION; AUTHORIZATION; COMMUNICATION WITH CITY

- (a) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, in consultation with the Judiciary, is authorized to use the amounts appropriated in 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 18(c)(11) and (d)(4) to purchase land as needed to renovate or replace the Washington County Superior Courthouse.

(b) The Commissioner shall:

(1) consult with the City of Barre on potential options for renovating or replacing the Washington County Superior Courthouse in Barre; and

(2) provide updates to the City on progress made with respect to renovating or replacing the Courthouse.

Sec. 34. WHITE RIVER JUNCTION; WINDSOR COUNTY SUPERIOR COURTHOUSE; TEMPORARY RELOCATION OF EMPLOYEES

It is the intent of the General Assembly that following completion of the renovations to the Windsor County Superior Courthouse in White River Junction, the offices of the Windsor County State's Attorney shall be relocated to the leased office space at 55 Railroad Row that is being used as temporary office space for Courthouse employees during the renovation.

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 35. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

RUSSELL H. INGALLS

WENDY K. HARRISON

BRIAN P. COLLAMORE

Committee on the part of the Senate

ALICE M. EMMONS

CONOR CASEY

TROY HEADRICK

Committee on the part of the House

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Actions Messaged

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the actions on the following bills were severally ordered messaged to the House forthwith:

S. 220, S. 253.

Rules Suspended; Bills Messaged

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the following bills were severally ordered messaged to the House forthwith:

H. 534, H. 546, H. 563, H. 780, H. 870, H. 882.

Recess

On motion of Senator Baruth the Senate recessed until 7:00 P.M.

Called to Order

The Senate was called to order by the President

Rules Suspended; Immediate Consideration; House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment Concurred In with Proposal of Amendment; Rules Suspended; Bill Messaged

H. 121.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to enhancing consumer privacy.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment thereto by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. chapter 61A is added to read:

CHAPTER 61A. VERMONT DATA PRIVACY ACT

§ 2415. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1)(A) “Affiliate” means a legal entity that shares common branding with another legal entity or controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another legal entity.

(B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1), “control” or “controlled” means:

(i) ownership of, or the power to vote, more than 50 percent of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a company;

(ii) control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals exercising similar functions; or

(iii) the power to exercise controlling influence over the management of a company.

(2) “Age estimation” means a process that estimates that a consumer is likely to be of a certain age, fall within an age range, or is over or under a certain age.

(A) Age estimation methods include:

- (i) analysis of behavioral and environmental data the controller already collects about its consumers;
- (ii) comparing the way a consumer interacts with a device or with consumers of the same age;
- (iii) metrics derived from motion analysis; and
- (iv) testing a consumer's capacity or knowledge.

(B) Age estimation does not require certainty, and if a controller estimates a consumer's age for the purpose of advertising or marketing, that estimation may also be used to comply with this chapter.

(3) "Age verification" means a system that relies on hard identifiers or verified sources of identification to confirm a consumer has reached a certain age, including government-issued identification or a credit card.

(4) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a request to exercise any of the rights afforded under subdivisions 2418(a)(1)–(5) of this title is being made by, or on behalf of, the consumer who is entitled to exercise the consumer rights with respect to the personal data at issue.

(5)(A) "Biometric data" means data generated from the technological processing of an individual's unique biological, physical, or physiological characteristics that is linked or reasonably linkable to an individual, including:

- (i) iris or retina scans;
- (ii) fingerprints;
- (iii) facial or hand mapping, geometry, or templates;
- (iv) vein patterns;
- (v) voice prints; and
- (vi) gait or personally identifying physical movement or patterns.

(B) "Biometric data" does not include:

- (i) a digital or physical photograph;
- (ii) an audio or video recording; or
- (iii) any data generated from a digital or physical photograph, or an audio or video recording, unless such data is generated to identify a specific individual.

(6) "Broker-dealer" has the same meaning as in 9 V.S.A. § 5102.

(7) “Business associate” has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(8) “Child” has the same meaning as in COPPA.

(9)(A) “Consent” means a clear affirmative act signifying a consumer’s freely given, specific, informed, and unambiguous agreement to allow the processing of personal data relating to the consumer.

(B) “Consent” may include a written statement, including by electronic means, or any other unambiguous affirmative action.

(C) “Consent” does not include:

(i) acceptance of a general or broad terms of use or similar document that contains descriptions of personal data processing along with other, unrelated information;

(ii) hovering over, muting, pausing, or closing a given piece of content; or

(iii) agreement obtained through the use of dark patterns.

(10)(A) “Consumer” means an individual who is a resident of the State.

(B) “Consumer” does not include an individual acting in a commercial or employment context or as an employee, owner, director, officer, or contractor of a company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency whose communications or transactions with the controller occur solely within the context of that individual’s role with the company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency.

(11) “Consumer health data” means any personal data that a controller uses to identify a consumer’s physical or mental health condition or diagnosis, including gender-affirming health data and reproductive or sexual health data.

(12) “Consumer health data controller” means any controller that, alone or jointly with others, determines the purpose and means of processing consumer health data.

(13) “Consumer reporting agency” has the same meaning as in the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(f);

(14) “Controller” means a person who, alone or jointly with others, determines the purpose and means of processing personal data.

(15) “COPPA” means the Children’s Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998, 15 U.S.C. § 6501–6506, and any regulations, rules, guidance, and exemptions promulgated pursuant to the act, as the act and regulations, rules, guidance, and exemptions may be amended.

(16) “Covered entity” has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(17) “Credit union” has the same meaning as in 8 V.S.A. § 30101.

(18) “Dark pattern” means a user interface designed or manipulated with the substantial effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy, decision-making, or choice and includes any practice the Federal Trade Commission refers to as a “dark pattern.”

(19) “Data broker” has the same meaning as in section 2430 of this title.

(20) “Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer” means decisions made by the controller that result in the provision or denial by the controller of financial or lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment or opportunity, criminal justice, employment opportunities, health care services, or access to essential goods or services.

(21) “De-identified data” means data that does not identify and cannot reasonably be used to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an identified or identifiable individual, or a device linked to the individual, if the controller that possesses the data:

(A)(i) takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be used to re-identify an identified or identifiable individual or be associated with an individual or device that identifies or is linked or reasonably linkable to an individual or household;

(ii) for purposes of this subdivision (A), “reasonable measures” shall include the de-identification requirements set forth under 45 C.F.R. § 164.514 (other requirements relating to uses and disclosures of protected health information);

(B) publicly commits to process the data only in a de-identified fashion and not attempt to re-identify the data; and

(C) contractually obligates any recipients of the data to satisfy the criteria set forth in subdivisions (A) and (B) of this subdivision (21).

(22) “Financial institution”:

(A) as used in subdivision 2417(a)(12) of this title, has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. § 6809; and

(B) as used in subdivision 2417(a)(14) of this title, has the same meaning as in 8 V.S.A. § 11101.

(23) “Gender-affirming health care services” has the same meaning as in 1 V.S.A. § 150.

(24) “Gender-affirming health data” means any personal data concerning a past, present, or future effort made by a consumer to seek, or a consumer’s receipt of, gender-affirming health care services, including:

(A) precise geolocation data that is used for determining a consumer’s attempt to acquire or receive gender-affirming health care services;

(B) efforts to research or obtain gender-affirming health care services; and

(C) any gender-affirming health data that is derived from nonhealth information.

(25) “Genetic data” means any data, regardless of its format, that results from the analysis of a biological sample of an individual, or from another source enabling equivalent information to be obtained, and concerns genetic material, including deoxyribonucleic acids (DNA), ribonucleic acids (RNA), genes, chromosomes, alleles, genomes, alterations or modifications to DNA or RNA, single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), epigenetic markers, uninterpreted data that results from analysis of the biological sample or other source, and any information extrapolated, derived, or inferred therefrom.

(26) “Geofence” means any technology that uses global positioning coordinates, cell tower connectivity, cellular data, radio frequency identification, wireless fidelity technology data, or any other form of location detection, or any combination of such coordinates, connectivity, data, identification, or other form of location detection, to establish a virtual boundary.

(27) “Health care facility” has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 9432.

(28) “Heightened risk of harm to a minor” means processing the personal data of a minor in a manner that presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of:

(A) unfair or deceptive treatment of, or unlawful disparate impact on, a minor;

(B) financial, physical, or reputational injury to a minor;

(C) unintended disclosure of the personal data of a minor; or

(D) any physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or concerns, of a minor if the intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person.

(29) “HIPAA” means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, and any regulations promulgated pursuant to the act, as may be amended.

(30) “Identified or identifiable individual” means an individual who can be readily identified, directly or indirectly, including by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, specific geolocation data, or an online identifier.

(31) “Independent trust company” has the same meaning as in 8 V.S.A. § 2401.

(32) “Investment adviser” has the same meaning as in 9 V.S.A. § 5102.

(33) “Large data holder” means a person that during the preceding calendar year processed the personal data of not fewer than 100,000 consumers.

(34) “Mental health facility” means any health care facility in which at least 70 percent of the health care services provided in the facility are mental health services.

(35) “Nonpublic personal information” has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. § 6809.

(36)(A) “Online service, product, or feature” means any service, product, or feature that is provided online, except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (36).

(B) “Online service, product, or feature” does not include:

(i) telecommunications service, as that term is defined in the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. § 153;

(ii) broadband internet access service, as that term is defined in 47 C.F.R. § 54.400 (universal service support); or

(iii) the delivery or use of a physical product.

(37) “Patient identifying information” has the same meaning as in 42 C.F.R. § 2.11 (confidentiality of substance use disorder patient records).

(38) “Patient safety work product” has the same meaning as in 42 C.F.R. § 3.20 (patient safety organizations and patient safety work product).

(39)(A) “Personal data” means any information, including derived data and unique identifiers, that is linked or reasonably linkable to an identified or identifiable individual or to a device that identifies, is linked to, or is reasonably linkable to one or more identified or identifiable individuals in a household.

(B) “Personal data” does not include de-identified data or publicly available information.

(40)(A) “Precise geolocation data” means information derived from technology that can precisely and accurately identify the specific location of a consumer within a radius of 1,850 feet.

(B) “Precise geolocation data” does not include:

- (i) the content of communications;
- (ii) data generated by or connected to an advanced utility metering infrastructure system; or
- (iii) data generated by equipment used by a utility company.

(41) “Process” or “processing” means any operation or set of operations performed, whether by manual or automated means, on personal data or on sets of personal data, such as the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, or modification of personal data.

(42) “Processor” means a person who processes personal data on behalf of a controller.

(43) “Profiling” means any form of automated processing performed on personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable individual’s economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location, or movements.

(44) “Protected health information” has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(45) “Pseudonymous data” means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific individual without the use of additional information, provided the additional information is kept separately and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure that the personal data is not attributed to an identified or identifiable individual.

(46)(A) “Publicly available information” means information that:

- (i) is lawfully made available through federal, state, or local government records; or
- (ii) a controller has a reasonable basis to believe that the consumer has lawfully made available to the general public through widely distributed media.

(B) “Publicly available information” does not include biometric data collected by a business about a consumer without the consumer’s knowledge.

(47) “Qualified service organization” has the same meaning as in 42 C.F.R. § 2.11 (confidentiality of substance use disorder patient records).

(48) “Reproductive or sexual health care” has the same meaning as “reproductive health care services” in 1 V.S.A. § 150(c)(1).

(49) “Reproductive or sexual health data” means any personal data concerning a past, present, or future effort made by a consumer to seek, or a consumer’s receipt of, reproductive or sexual health care.

(50) “Reproductive or sexual health facility” means any health care facility in which at least 70 percent of the health care-related services or products rendered or provided in the facility are reproductive or sexual health care.

(51)(A) “Sale of personal data” means the exchange of a consumer’s personal data by the controller to a third party for monetary or other valuable consideration or otherwise for a commercial purpose.

(B) As used in this subdivision (51), “commercial purpose” means to advance a person’s commercial or economic interests, such as by inducing another person to buy, rent, lease, join, subscribe to, provide, or exchange products, goods, property, information, or services, or enabling or effecting, directly or indirectly, a commercial transaction.

(C) “Sale of personal data” does not include:

(i) the disclosure of personal data to a processor that processes the personal data on behalf of the controller;

(ii) the disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of providing a product or service requested by the consumer;

(iii) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the controller;

(iv) the disclosure of personal data where the consumer directs the controller to disclose the personal data or intentionally uses the controller to interact with a third party;

(v) the disclosure of personal data that the consumer:

(I) intentionally made available to the general public via a channel of mass media; and

(II) did not restrict to a specific audience; or

(vi) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of a merger, acquisition, bankruptcy or other transaction, or a proposed merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other transaction, in which the third party assumes control of all or part of the controller’s assets.

(52) “Sensitive data” means personal data that:

(A) reveals a consumer's government-issued identifier, such as a Social Security number, passport number, state identification card, or driver's license number, that is not required by law to be publicly displayed;

(B) reveals a consumer's racial or ethnic origin, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, religious or philosophical beliefs, or union membership;

(C) reveals a consumer's sexual orientation, sex life, sexuality, or status as transgender or nonbinary;

(D) reveals a consumer's status as a victim of a crime;

(E) is financial information, including a consumer's tax return and account number, financial account log-in, financial account, debit card number, or credit card number in combination with any required security or access code, password, or credentials allowing access to an account;

(F) is consumer health data;

(G) is personal data collected and analyzed concerning consumer health data or personal data that describes or reveals a past, present, or future mental or physical health condition, treatment, disability, or diagnosis, including pregnancy, to the extent the personal data is not used by the controller to identify a specific consumer's physical or mental health condition or diagnosis;

(H) is biometric or genetic data;

(I) is personal data collected from a known minor; or

(J) is precise geolocation data.

(53)(A) "Targeted advertising" means the targeting of an advertisement to a consumer based on the consumer's activity with one or more businesses, distinctly branded websites, applications, or services, other than the controller, distinctly branded website, application, or service with which the consumer is intentionally interacting.

(B) "Targeted advertising" does not include:

(i) an advertisement based on activities within the controller's own commonly branded website or online application;

(ii) an advertisement based on the context of a consumer's current search query, visit to a website, or use of an online application;

(iii) an advertisement directed to a consumer in response to the consumer's request for information or feedback; or

(iv) processing personal data solely to measure or report advertising frequency, performance, or reach.

(54) "Third party" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency, or body, other than the consumer, controller, or processor or an affiliate of the processor or the controller.

(55) "Trade secret" has the same meaning as in section 4601 of this title.

(56) "Victim services organization" means a nonprofit organization that is established to provide services to victims or witnesses of child abuse, domestic violence, human trafficking, sexual assault, violent felony, or stalking.

§ 2416. APPLICABILITY

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, this chapter applies to a person that conducts business in this State or a person that produces products or services that are targeted to residents of this State and that during the preceding calendar year:

(1) controlled or processed the personal data of not fewer than 25,000 consumers, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the purpose of completing a payment transaction; or

(2) controlled or processed the personal data of not fewer than 12,500 consumers and derived more than 25 percent of the person's gross revenue from the sale of personal data.

(b) Sections 2420, 2424, and 2428 of this title and the provisions of this chapter concerning consumer health data and consumer health data controllers apply to a person that conducts business in this State or a person that produces products or services that are targeted to residents of this State.

§ 2417. EXEMPTIONS

(a) This chapter does not apply to:

(1) a federal, State, tribal, or local government entity in the ordinary course of its operation;

(2) protected health information that a covered entity or business associate processes in accordance with, or documents that a covered entity or business associate creates for the purpose of complying with HIPAA;

(3) information used only for public health activities and purposes described in 45 C.F.R. § 164.512 (disclosure of protected health information without authorization);

(4) information that identifies a consumer in connection with:

(A) activities that are subject to the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects, codified as 45 C.F.R. Part 46 (HHS protection of human subjects) and in various other federal regulations;

(B) research on human subjects undertaken in accordance with good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use;

(C) activities that are subject to the protections provided in 21 C.F.R. Parts 50 (FDA clinical investigations protection of human subjects) and 56 (FDA clinical investigations institutional review boards); or

(D) research conducted in accordance with the requirements set forth in subdivisions (A) through (C) of this subdivision (a)(4) or otherwise in accordance with applicable law;

(5) patient identifying information that is collected and processed in accordance with 42 C.F.R. Part 2 (confidentiality of substance use disorder patient records);

(6) patient safety work product that is created for purposes of improving patient safety under 42 C.F.R. Part 3 (patient safety organizations and patient safety work product);

(7) information or documents created for the purposes of the Healthcare Quality Improvement Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. § 11101–11152, and regulations adopted to implement that act;

(8) information that originates from, or is intermingled so as to be indistinguishable from, or that is treated in the same manner as information described in subdivisions (2)–(7) of this subsection that a covered entity, business associate, or a qualified service organization program creates, collects, processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as is required under the laws, regulations, and guidelines described in subdivisions (2)–(7) of this subsection;

(9) information processed or maintained solely in connection with, and for the purpose of, enabling:

(A) an individual's employment or application for employment;

(B) an individual's ownership of, or function as a director or officer of, a business entity;

(C) an individual's contractual relationship with a business entity;

(D) an individual's receipt of benefits from an employer, including benefits for the individual's dependents or beneficiaries; or

(E) notice of an emergency to persons that an individual specifies;

(10) any activity that involves collecting, maintaining, disclosing, selling, communicating, or using information for the purpose of evaluating a consumer's creditworthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living if done strictly in accordance with the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681–1681x, as may be amended, by:

(A) a consumer reporting agency;

(B) a person who furnishes information to a consumer reporting agency under 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2 (responsibilities of furnishers of information to consumer reporting agencies); or

(C) a person who uses a consumer report as provided in 15 U.S.C. § 1681b(a)(3) (permissible purposes of consumer reports);

(11) information collected, processed, sold, or disclosed under and in accordance with the following laws and regulations:

(A) the Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. § 2721–2725;

(B) the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, and regulations adopted to implement that act;

(C) the Airline Deregulation Act, Pub. L. No. 95-504, only to the extent that an air carrier collects information related to prices, routes, or services, and only to the extent that the provisions of the Airline Deregulation Act preempt this chapter;

(D) the Farm Credit Act, Pub. L. No. 92-181, as may be amended;

(E) federal policy under 21 U.S.C. § 830 (regulation of listed chemicals and certain machines);

(12) nonpublic personal information that is processed by a financial institution subject to the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, Pub. L. No. 106-102, and regulations adopted to implement that act;

(13) information that originates from, or is intermingled so as to be indistinguishable from, information described in subdivision (12) of this subsection and that a controller or processor collects, processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as is required under the law and regulations specified in subdivision (12) of this subsection;

(14) a financial institution, credit union, independent trust company, broker-dealer, or investment adviser or a financial institution's, credit union's,

independent trust company's, broker-dealer's, or investment adviser's affiliate or subsidiary that is only and directly engaged in financial activities, as described in 12 U.S.C. § 1843(k);

(15) a person regulated pursuant to 8 V.S.A. part 3 (chapters 101–165) other than a person that, alone or in combination with another person, establishes and maintains a self-insurance program and that does not otherwise engage in the business of entering into policies of insurance;

(16) a third-party administrator, as that term is defined in the Third Party Administrator Rule adopted pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 9417;

(17) personal data of a victim or witness of child abuse, domestic violence, human trafficking, sexual assault, violent felony, or stalking that a victim services organization collects, processes, or maintains in the course of its operation;

(18) a nonprofit organization that is established to detect and prevent fraudulent acts in connection with insurance;

(19) information that is processed for purposes of compliance, enrollment or degree verification, or research services by a nonprofit organization that is established to provide enrollment data reporting services on behalf of postsecondary schools as that term is defined in 16 V.S.A. § 176; or

(20) noncommercial activity of:

(A) a publisher, editor, reporter, or other person who is connected with or employed by a newspaper, magazine, periodical, newsletter, pamphlet, report, or other publication in general circulation;

(B) a radio or television station that holds a license issued by the Federal Communications Commission;

(C) a nonprofit organization that provides programming to radio or television networks; or

(D) an entity that provides an information service, including a press association or wire service.

(b) Controllers, processors, and consumer health data controllers that comply with the verifiable parental consent requirements of COPPA shall be deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent pursuant to this chapter, including pursuant to section 2420 of this title.

§ 2418. CONSUMER PERSONAL DATA RIGHTS

(a) A consumer shall have the right to:

(1) confirm whether a controller is processing the consumer's personal data and, if a controller is processing the consumer's personal data, access the personal data;

(2) obtain from a controller a list of third parties to which the controller has disclosed the consumer's personal data or, if the controller does not maintain this information in a format specific to the consumer, a list of third parties to which the controller has disclosed personal data;

(3) correct inaccuracies in the consumer's personal data, taking into account the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of the consumer's personal data;

(4) delete personal data provided by, or obtained about, the consumer unless retention of the personal data is required by law;

(5) if the processing of personal data is done by automatic means, obtain a copy of the consumer's personal data processed by the controller in a portable and, to the extent technically feasible, readily usable format that allows the consumer to transmit the data to another controller without hindrance; and

(6) opt out of the processing of personal data for purposes of:

(A) targeted advertising;

(B) the sale of personal data; or

(C) profiling in furtherance of solely automated decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer.

(b)(1) A consumer may exercise rights under this section by submitting a request to a controller using the method that the controller specifies in the privacy notice under section 2419 of this title.

(2) A controller shall not require a consumer to create an account for the purpose described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, but the controller may require the consumer to use an account the consumer previously created.

(3) A parent or legal guardian may exercise rights under this section on behalf of the parent's child or on behalf of a child for whom the guardian has legal responsibility. A guardian or conservator may exercise the rights under this section on behalf of a consumer that is subject to a guardianship, conservatorship, or other protective arrangement.

(4)(A) A consumer may designate another person to act on the consumer's behalf as the consumer's authorized agent for the purpose of exercising the consumer's rights under subdivision (a)(4) or (a)(6) of this section.

(B) The consumer may designate an authorized agent by means of an internet link, browser setting, browser extension, global device setting, or other technology that enables the consumer to exercise the consumer's rights under subdivision (a)(4) or (a)(6) of this section.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a controller shall comply with a request by a consumer to exercise the consumer rights authorized pursuant to this chapter as follows:

(1)(A) A controller shall respond to the consumer without undue delay, but not later than 45 days after receipt of the request.

(B) The controller may extend the response period by 45 additional days when reasonably necessary, considering the complexity and number of the consumer's requests, provided the controller informs the consumer of the extension within the initial 45-day response period and of the reason for the extension.

(2) If a controller declines to take action regarding the consumer's request, the controller shall inform the consumer without undue delay, but not later than 45 days after receipt of the request, of the justification for declining to take action and instructions for how to appeal the decision.

(3)(A) Information provided in response to a consumer request shall be provided by a controller, free of charge, once per consumer during any 12-month period.

(B) If requests from a consumer are manifestly unfounded, excessive, or repetitive, the controller may charge the consumer a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of complying with the request or decline to act on the request.

(C) The controller bears the burden of demonstrating the manifestly unfounded, excessive, or repetitive nature of the request.

(4)(A) If a controller is unable to authenticate a request to exercise any of the rights afforded under subdivisions (a)(1)–(5) of this section using commercially reasonable efforts, the controller shall not be required to comply with a request to initiate an action pursuant to this section and shall provide notice to the consumer that the controller is unable to authenticate the request to exercise the right or rights until the consumer provides additional information reasonably necessary to authenticate the consumer and the consumer's request to exercise the right or rights.

(B) A controller shall not be required to authenticate an opt-out request, but a controller may deny an opt-out request if the controller has a good faith, reasonable, and documented belief that the request is fraudulent.

(C) If a controller denies an opt-out request because the controller believes the request is fraudulent, the controller shall send a notice to the person who made the request disclosing that the controller believes the request is fraudulent, why the controller believes the request is fraudulent, and that the controller shall not comply with the request.

(5) A controller that has obtained personal data about a consumer from a source other than the consumer shall be deemed in compliance with a consumer's request to delete the data pursuant to subdivision (a)(4) of this section by:

(A) retaining a record of the deletion request and the minimum data necessary for the purpose of ensuring the consumer's personal data remains deleted from the controller's records and not using the retained data for any other purpose pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or

(B) opting the consumer out of the processing of the personal data for any purpose except for those exempted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

(6) A controller may not condition the exercise of a right under this section through:

(A) the use of any false, fictitious, fraudulent, or materially misleading statement or representation; or

(B) the employment of any dark pattern.

(d) A controller shall establish a process by means of which a consumer may appeal the controller's refusal to take action on a request under subsection (b) of this section. The controller's process must:

(1) Allow a reasonable period of time after the consumer receives the controller's refusal within which to appeal.

(2) Be conspicuously available to the consumer.

(3) Be similar to the manner in which a consumer must submit a request under subsection (b) of this section.

(4) Require the controller to approve or deny the appeal within 45 days after the date on which the controller received the appeal and to notify the consumer in writing of the controller's decision and the reasons for the decision. If the controller denies the appeal, the notice must provide or specify information that enables the consumer to contact the Attorney General to submit a complaint.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a controller to reveal a trade secret.

§ 2419. DUTIES OF CONTROLLERS

(a) A controller shall:

(1) limit the collection of personal data to what is reasonably necessary and proportionate to provide or maintain a specific product or service requested by the consumer to whom the data pertains;

(2) establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical data security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of personal data appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data at issue;

(3) provide an effective mechanism for a consumer to revoke consent to the controller's processing of the consumer's personal data that is at least as easy as the mechanism by which the consumer provided the consumer's consent; and

(4) upon a consumer's revocation of consent to processing, cease to process the consumer's personal data as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 days after receiving the request.

(b) A controller shall not:

(1) process personal data for a purpose not disclosed in the privacy notice required under subsection (d) of this section unless:

(A) the controller obtains the consumer's consent; or

(B) the purpose is reasonably necessary to and compatible with a disclosed purpose;

(2) process sensitive data about a consumer without first obtaining the consumer's consent or, if the controller knows the consumer is a child, without processing the sensitive data in accordance with COPPA;

(3) sell sensitive data;

(4) discriminate or retaliate against a consumer who exercises a right provided to the consumer under this chapter or refuses to consent to the processing of personal data for a separate product or service, including by:

(A) denying goods or services;

(B) charging different prices or rates for goods or services; or

(C) providing a different level of quality or selection of goods or services to the consumer;

(5) process personal data in violation of State or federal laws that prohibit unlawful discrimination; or

(6)(A) except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (6), process a consumer's personal data in a manner that discriminates against individuals or otherwise makes unavailable the equal enjoyment of goods or services on the basis of an individual's actual or perceived race, color, sex, sexual orientation or gender identity, physical or mental disability, religion, ancestry, or national origin;

(B) subdivision (A) of this subdivision (6) shall not apply to:

(i) a private establishment, as that term is used in 42 U.S.C. § 2000a(e) (prohibition against discrimination or segregation in places of public accommodation);

(ii) processing for the purpose of a controller's or processor's self-testing to prevent or mitigate unlawful discrimination; or

(iii) processing for the purpose of diversifying an applicant, participant, or consumer pool.

(c) Subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall not be construed to:

(1) require a controller to provide a good or service that requires personal data from a consumer that the controller does not collect or maintain; or

(2) prohibit a controller from offering a different price, rate, level of quality, or selection of goods or services to a consumer, including an offer for no fee or charge, in connection with a consumer's voluntary participation in a financial incentive program, such as a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discount, or club card program, provided that the controller may not transfer personal data to a third party as part of the program unless:

(A) the transfer is necessary to enable the third party to provide a benefit to which the consumer is entitled; or

(B)(i) the terms of the program clearly disclose that personal data will be transferred to the third party or to a category of third parties of which the third party belongs; and

(ii) the consumer consents to the transfer.

(d)(1) A controller shall provide to consumers a reasonably accessible, clear, and meaningful privacy notice that:

(A) lists the categories of personal data, including the categories of sensitive data, that the controller processes;

(B) describes the controller's purposes for processing the personal data;

(C) describes how a consumer may exercise the consumer's rights under this chapter, including how a consumer may appeal a controller's denial of a consumer's request under section 2418 of this title;

(D) lists all categories of personal data, including the categories of sensitive data, that the controller shares with third parties;

(E) describes all categories of third parties with which the controller shares personal data at a level of detail that enables the consumer to understand what type of entity each third party is and, to the extent possible, how each third party may process personal data;

(F) specifies an e-mail address or other online method by which a consumer can contact the controller that the controller actively monitors;

(G) identifies the controller, including any business name under which the controller registered with the Secretary of State and any assumed business name that the controller uses in this State;

(H) provides a clear and conspicuous description of any processing of personal data in which the controller engages for the purposes of targeted advertising, sale of personal data to third parties, or profiling the consumer in furtherance of decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer, and a procedure by which the consumer may opt out of this type of processing; and

(I) describes the method or methods the controller has established for a consumer to submit a request under subdivision 2418(b)(1) of this title.

(2) The privacy notice shall adhere to the accessibility and usability guidelines recommended under 42 U.S.C. chapter 126 (the Americans with Disabilities Act) and 29 U.S.C. 794d (section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973), including ensuring readability for individuals with disabilities across various screen resolutions and devices and employing design practices that facilitate easy comprehension and navigation for all users.

(e) The method or methods under subdivision (d)(1)(I) of this section for submitting a consumer's request to a controller must:

(1) take into account the ways in which consumers normally interact with the controller, the need for security and reliability in communications related to the request, and the controller's ability to authenticate the identity of the consumer that makes the request;

(2) provide a clear and conspicuous link to a website where the consumer or an authorized agent may opt out from a controller's processing of the consumer's personal data pursuant to subdivision 2418(a)(6) of this title or,

solely if the controller does not have a capacity needed for linking to a webpage, provide another method the consumer can use to opt out; and

(3) allow a consumer or authorized agent to send a signal to the controller that indicates the consumer's preference to opt out of the sale of personal data or targeted advertising pursuant to subdivision 2418(a)(6) of this title by means of a platform, technology, or mechanism that:

(A) does not unfairly disadvantage another controller;

(B) does not use a default setting but instead requires the consumer or authorized agent to make an affirmative, voluntary, and unambiguous choice to opt out;

(C) is consumer friendly and easy for an average consumer to use;

(D) is as consistent as possible with similar platforms, technologies, or mechanisms required under federal or state laws or regulations; and

(E)(i) enables the controller to reasonably determine whether the consumer has made a legitimate request pursuant to subsection 2418(b) of this title to opt out pursuant to subdivision 2418(a)(6) of this title; and

(ii) for purposes of subdivision (i) of this subdivision (C), use of an internet protocol address to estimate the consumer's location shall be considered sufficient to accurately determine residency.

(f) If a consumer or authorized agent uses a method under subdivision (d)(1)(I) of this section to opt out of a controller's processing of the consumer's personal data pursuant to subdivision 2418(a)(6) of this title and the decision conflicts with a consumer's voluntary participation in a bona fide reward, club card, or loyalty program or a program that provides premium features or discounts in return for the consumer's consent to the controller's processing of the consumer's personal data, the controller may either comply with the request to opt out or notify the consumer of the conflict and ask the consumer to affirm that the consumer intends to withdraw from the bona fide reward, club card, or loyalty program or the program that provides premium features or discounts. If the consumer affirms that the consumer intends to withdraw, the controller shall comply with the request to opt out.

§ 2420. DUTIES OF CONTROLLERS TO MINORS

(a)(1) A controller that offers any online service, product, or feature to a consumer whom the controller knows or consciously avoids knowing is a minor shall use reasonable care to avoid any heightened risk of harm to minors caused by the online service, product, or feature.

(2) In any action brought pursuant to section 2427 of this title, there is a rebuttable presumption that a controller used reasonable care as required under this section if the controller complied with this section.

(b) A controller that offers any online service, product, or feature to a consumer whom the controller knows or consciously avoids knowing is a minor shall not process the minor's personal data for longer than is reasonably necessary to provide the online service, product, or feature.

(c) A controller that offers any online service, product, or feature to a consumer whom the controller knows or consciously avoids knowing is a minor and who has consented under subdivision 2419(b)(2) of this title to the processing of precise geolocation data shall:

(1) collect the minor's precise geolocation data only as reasonably necessary for the controller to provide the online service, product, or feature; and

(2) provide to the minor a conspicuous signal indicating that the controller is collecting the minor's precise geolocation data and make the signal available to the minor for the entire duration of the collection of the minor's precise geolocation data.

§ 2421. DUTIES OF PROCESSORS

(a) A processor shall adhere to a controller's instructions and shall assist the controller in meeting the controller's obligations under this chapter. In assisting the controller, the processor must:

(1) enable the controller to respond to requests from consumers pursuant to subsection 2418(b) of this title by means that:

(A) take into account how the processor processes personal data and the information available to the processor; and

(B) use appropriate technical and organizational measures to the extent reasonably practicable;

(2) adopt administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that are reasonably designed to protect the security and confidentiality of the personal data the processor processes, taking into account how the processor processes the personal data and the information available to the processor; and

(3) provide information reasonably necessary for the controller to conduct and document data protection assessments.

(b) Processing by a processor must be governed by a contract between the controller and the processor. The contract must:

- (1) be valid and binding on both parties;
 - (2) set forth clear instructions for processing data, the nature and purpose of the processing, the type of data that is subject to processing, and the duration of the processing;
 - (3) specify the rights and obligations of both parties with respect to the subject matter of the contract;
 - (4) ensure that each person that processes personal data is subject to a duty of confidentiality with respect to the personal data;
 - (5) require the processor to delete the personal data or return the personal data to the controller at the controller's direction or at the end of the provision of services, unless a law requires the processor to retain the personal data;
 - (6) require the processor to make available to the controller, at the controller's request, all information the controller needs to verify that the processor has complied with all obligations the processor has under this chapter;
 - (7) require the processor to enter into a subcontract with a person the processor engages to assist with processing personal data on the controller's behalf and in the subcontract require the subcontractor to meet the processor's obligations concerning personal data;
 - (8)(A) allow the controller, the controller's designee, or a qualified and independent person the processor engages, in accordance with an appropriate and accepted control standard, framework, or procedure, to assess the processor's policies and technical and organizational measures for complying with the processor's obligations under this chapter;
 - (B) require the processor to cooperate with the assessment; and
 - (C) at the controller's request, report the results of the assessment to the controller; and
 - (9) prohibit the processor from combining personal data obtained from the controller with personal data that the processor:
 - (A) receives from or on behalf of another controller or person; or
 - (B) collects from an individual.
- (c) This section does not relieve a controller or processor from any liability that accrues under this chapter as a result of the controller's or processor's actions in processing personal data.

(d)(1) For purposes of determining obligations under this chapter, a person is a controller with respect to processing a set of personal data and is subject to an action under section 2427 of this title to punish a violation of this chapter, if the person:

(A) does not adhere to a controller's instructions to process the personal data; or

(B) begins at any point to determine the purposes and means for processing the personal data, alone or in concert with another person.

(2) A determination under this subsection is a fact-based determination that must take account of the context in which a set of personal data is processed.

(3) A processor that adheres to a controller's instructions with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains a processor.

§ 2422. DUTIES OF PROCESSORS TO MINORS

(a) A processor shall adhere to the instructions of a controller and shall:

(1) assist the controller in meeting the controller's obligations under sections 2420 and 2424 of this title, taking into account:

(A) the nature of the processing;

(B) the information available to the processor by appropriate technical and organizational measures; and

(C) whether the assistance is reasonably practicable and necessary to assist the controller in meeting its obligations; and

(2) provide any information that is necessary to enable the controller to conduct and document data protection assessments pursuant to section 2424 of this title.

(b) A contract between a controller and a processor must satisfy the requirements in subsection 2421(b) of this title.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to relieve a controller or processor from the liabilities imposed on the controller or processor by virtue of the controller's or processor's role in the processing relationship as described in sections 2420 and 2424 of this title.

(d) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or processor with respect to a specific processing of data is a fact-based determination that depends upon the context in which personal data is to be processed. A person that is not limited in the person's processing of personal data pursuant to a controller's instructions, or that fails to adhere to the instructions, is a

controller and not a processor with respect to a specific processing of data. A processor that continues to adhere to a controller's instructions with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains a processor. If a processor begins, alone or jointly with others, determining the purposes and means of the processing of personal data, the processor is a controller with respect to the processing and may be subject to an enforcement action under section 2427 of this title.

§ 2423. DATA PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS FOR PROCESSING ACTIVITIES THAT PRESENT A HEIGHTENED RISK OF HARM TO A CONSUMER

(a) A controller shall conduct and document a data protection assessment for each of the controller's processing activities that presents a heightened risk of harm to a consumer, which, for the purposes of this section, includes:

(1) the processing of personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising;

(2) the sale of personal data;

(3) the processing of personal data for the purposes of profiling, where the profiling presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of:

(A) unfair or deceptive treatment of, or unlawful disparate impact on, consumers;

(B) financial, physical, or reputational injury to consumers;

(C) a physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or concerns, of consumers, where the intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person; or

(D) other substantial injury to consumers; and

(4) the processing of sensitive data.

(b)(1) Data protection assessments conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall:

(A) identify the categories of personal data processed, the purposes for processing the personal data, and whether the personal data is being transferred to third parties; and

(B) identify and weigh the benefits that may flow, directly and indirectly, from the processing to the controller, the consumer, other stakeholders, and the public against the potential risks to the consumer associated with the processing, as mitigated by safeguards that can be employed by the controller to reduce the risks.

(2) The controller shall factor into any data protection assessment the use of de-identified data and the reasonable expectations of consumers, as well as the context of the processing and the relationship between the controller and the consumer whose personal data will be processed.

(c)(1) The Attorney General may require that a controller disclose any data protection assessment that is relevant to an investigation conducted by the Attorney General pursuant to section 2427 of this title, and the controller shall make the data protection assessment available to the Attorney General.

(2) The Attorney General may evaluate the data protection assessment for compliance with the responsibilities set forth in this chapter.

(3) Data protection assessments shall be confidential and shall be exempt from disclosure and copying under the Public Records Act.

(4) To the extent any information contained in a data protection assessment disclosed to the Attorney General includes information subject to attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the disclosure shall not constitute a waiver of the privilege or protection.

(d) A single data protection assessment may address a comparable set of processing operations that present a similar heightened risk of harm.

(e) If a controller conducts a data protection assessment for the purpose of complying with another applicable law or regulation, the data protection assessment shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements established in this section if the data protection assessment is reasonably similar in scope and effect to the data protection assessment that would otherwise be conducted pursuant to this section.

(f) Data protection assessment requirements shall apply to processing activities created or generated after July 1, 2025, and are not retroactive.

(g) A controller shall retain for at least five years all data protection assessments the controller conducts under this section.

§ 2424. DATA PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS FOR ONLINE SERVICES, PRODUCTS, OR FEATURES OFFERED TO MINORS

(a) A controller that offers any online service, product, or feature to a consumer whom the controller knows or consciously avoids knowing is a minor shall conduct a data protection assessment for the online service product or feature:

(1) in a manner that is consistent with the requirements established in section 2423 of this title; and

(2) that addresses:

- (A) the purpose of the online service, product, or feature;
 - (B) the categories of a minor's personal data that the online service, product, or feature processes;
 - (C) the purposes for which the controller processes a minor's personal data with respect to the online service, product, or feature; and
 - (D) any heightened risk of harm to a minor that is a reasonably foreseeable result of offering the online service, product, or feature to a minor.
- (b) A controller that conducts a data protection assessment pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall review the data protection assessment as necessary to account for any material change to the processing operations of the online service, product, or feature that is the subject of the data protection assessment.
- (c) If a controller conducts a data protection assessment pursuant to subsection (a) of this section or a data protection assessment review pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and determines that the online service, product, or feature that is the subject of the assessment poses a heightened risk of harm to a minor, the controller shall establish and implement a plan to mitigate or eliminate the heightened risk.
- (d)(1) The Attorney General may require that a controller disclose any data protection assessment pursuant to subsection (a) of this section that is relevant to an investigation conducted by the Attorney General pursuant to section 2427 of this title, and the controller shall make the data protection assessment available to the Attorney General.
- (2) The Attorney General may evaluate the data protection assessment for compliance with the responsibilities set forth in this chapter.
- (3) Data protection assessments shall be confidential and shall be exempt from disclosure and copying under the Public Records Act.
- (4) To the extent any information contained in a data protection assessment disclosed to the Attorney General includes information subject to attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the disclosure shall not constitute a waiver of the privilege or protection.
- (e) A single data protection assessment may address a comparable set of processing operations that include similar activities.
- (f) If a controller conducts a data protection assessment for the purpose of complying with another applicable law or regulation, the data protection assessment shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements established in this section if the data protection assessment is reasonably similar in scope and

effect to the data protection assessment that would otherwise be conducted pursuant to this section.

(g) Data protection assessment requirements shall apply to processing activities created or generated after July 1, 2025, and are not retroactive.

(h) A controller that conducts a data protection assessment pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall maintain documentation concerning the data protection assessment for the longer of:

(1) three years after the date on which the processing operations cease; or

(2) the date the controller ceases offering the online service, product, or feature.

§ 2425. DE-IDENTIFIED OR PSEUDONYMOUS DATA

(a) A controller in possession of de-identified data shall:

(1) take reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be used to re-identify an identified or identifiable individual or be associated with an individual or device that identifies or is linked or reasonably linkable to an individual or household;

(2) publicly commit to maintaining and using de-identified data without attempting to re-identify the data; and

(3) contractually obligate any recipients of the de-identified data to comply with the provisions of this chapter.

(b) This section does not prohibit a controller from attempting to re-identify de-identified data solely for the purpose of testing the controller's methods for de-identifying data.

(c) This chapter shall not be construed to require a controller or processor to:

(1) re-identify de-identified data; or

(2) maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain, retain, or access any data or technology, in order to associate a consumer with personal data in order to authenticate the consumer's request under subsection 2418(b) of this title; or

(3) comply with an authenticated consumer rights request if the controller:

(A) is not reasonably capable of associating the request with the personal data or it would be unreasonably burdensome for the controller to associate the request with the personal data;

(B) does not use the personal data to recognize or respond to the specific consumer who is the subject of the personal data or associate the personal data with other personal data about the same specific consumer; and

(C) does not sell or otherwise voluntarily disclose the personal data to any third party, except as otherwise permitted in this section.

(d) The rights afforded under subdivisions 2418(a)(1)–(5) of this title shall not apply to pseudonymous data in cases where the controller is able to demonstrate that any information necessary to identify the consumer is kept separately and is subject to effective technical and organizational controls that prevent the controller from accessing the information.

(e) A controller that discloses or transfers pseudonymous data or de-identified data shall exercise reasonable oversight to monitor compliance with any contractual commitments to which the pseudonymous data or de-identified data is subject and shall take appropriate steps to address any breaches of those contractual commitments.

§ 2426. CONSTRUCTION OF DUTIES OF CONTROLLERS AND PROCESSORS

(a) This chapter shall not be construed to restrict a controller's, processor's, or consumer health data controller's ability to:

(1) comply with federal, state, or municipal laws, ordinances, or regulations;

(2) comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry, investigation, subpoena, or summons by federal, state, municipal, or other governmental authorities;

(3) cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or activity that the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state, or municipal laws, ordinances, or regulations;

(4) carry out obligations under a contract under subsection 2421(b) of this title for a federal or State agency or local unit of government;

(5) investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend legal claims;

(6) provide a product or service specifically requested by the consumer to whom the personal data pertains consistent with subdivision 2419(a)(1) of this title;

(7) perform under a contract to which a consumer is a party, including fulfilling the terms of a written warranty;

(8) take steps at the request of a consumer prior to entering into a contract;

(9) take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life or physical safety of the consumer or another individual, and where the processing cannot be manifestly based on another legal basis;

(10) prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to a network security or physical security incident, including an intrusion or trespass, medical alert, or fire alarm;

(11) prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to identity theft, fraud, harassment, malicious or deceptive activity, or any criminal activity targeted at or involving the controller or processor or its services, preserve the integrity or security of systems, or investigate, report, or prosecute those responsible for the action;

(12) assist another controller, processor, consumer health data controller, or third party with any of the obligations under this chapter; or

(13) process personal data for reasons of public interest in the area of public health, community health, or population health, but solely to the extent that the processing is:

(A) subject to suitable and specific measures to safeguard the rights of the consumer whose personal data is being processed; and

(B) under the responsibility of a professional subject to confidentiality obligations under federal, state, or local law.

(b) The obligations imposed on controllers, processors, or consumer health data controllers under this chapter shall not restrict a controller's, processor's, or consumer health data controller's ability to collect, use, or retain data for internal use to:

(1) conduct internal research to develop, improve, or repair products, services, or technology;

(2) effectuate a product recall; or

(3) identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or intended functionality.

(c)(1) The obligations imposed on controllers, processors, or consumer health data controllers under this chapter shall not apply where compliance by the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller with this chapter would violate an evidentiary privilege under the laws of this State.

(2) This chapter shall not be construed to prevent a controller, processor, or consumer health data controller from providing personal data concerning a consumer to a person covered by an evidentiary privilege under the laws of the State as part of a privileged communication.

(3) Nothing in this chapter modifies 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 166, Sec. 14 or authorizes the use of facial recognition technology by law enforcement.

(d)(1) A controller, processor, or consumer health data controller that discloses personal data to a processor or third-party controller pursuant to this chapter shall not be deemed to have violated this chapter if the processor or third-party controller that receives and processes the personal data violates this chapter, provided, at the time the disclosing controller, processor, or consumer health data controller disclosed the personal data, the disclosing controller, processor, or consumer health data controller did not have actual knowledge that the receiving processor or third-party controller would violate this chapter.

(2) A third-party controller or processor receiving personal data from a controller, processor, or consumer health data controller in compliance with this chapter is not in violation of this chapter for the transgressions of the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller from which the third-party controller or processor receives the personal data.

(e) This chapter shall not be construed to:

(1) impose any obligation on a controller, processor, or consumer health data controller that adversely affects the rights or freedoms of any person, including the rights of any person:

(A) to freedom of speech or freedom of the press guaranteed in the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution; or

(B) under 12 V.S.A. § 1615; or

(2) apply to any person's processing of personal data in the course of the person's purely personal or household activities.

(f)(1) Personal data processed by a controller or consumer health data controller pursuant to this section may be processed to the extent that the processing is:

(A)(i) reasonably necessary and proportionate to the purposes listed in this section; or

(ii) in the case of sensitive data, strictly necessary to the purposes listed in this section; and

(B) adequate, relevant, and limited to what is necessary in relation to the specific purposes listed in this section.

(2)(A) Personal data collected, used, or retained pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall, where applicable, take into account the nature and purpose or purposes of the collection, use, or retention.

(B) Personal data collected, used, or retained pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be subject to reasonable administrative, technical, and physical measures to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of the personal data and to reduce reasonably foreseeable risks of harm to consumers relating to the collection, use, or retention of personal data.

(g) If a controller or consumer health data controller processes personal data pursuant to an exemption in this section, the controller or consumer health data controller bears the burden of demonstrating that the processing qualifies for the exemption and complies with the requirements in subsection (f) of this section.

(h) Processing personal data for the purposes expressly identified in this section shall not solely make a legal entity a controller or consumer health data controller with respect to the processing.

(i) This chapter shall not be construed to require a controller, processor, or consumer health data controller to implement an age-verification or age-gating system or otherwise affirmatively collect the age of consumers. A controller, processor, or consumer health data controller that chooses to conduct commercially reasonable age estimation to determine which consumers are minors is not liable for an erroneous age estimation.

§ 2427. ENFORCEMENT

(a) A person who violates this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter commits an unfair and deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title, and the Attorney General shall have exclusive authority to enforce such violations except as provided in subsection (d) of this section.

(b) The Attorney General has the same authority to adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section and to conduct civil investigations, enter into assurances of discontinuance, bring civil actions, and take other enforcement actions as provided under chapter 63, subchapter 1 of this title.

(c)(1) If the Attorney General determines that a violation of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter may be cured, the Attorney General may, prior to initiating any action for the violation, issue a notice of violation extending a 60-day cure period to the controller, processor, or consumer health

data controller alleged to have violated this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(2) The Attorney General may, in determining whether to grant a controller, processor, or consumer health data controller the opportunity to cure an alleged violation described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, consider:

- (A) the number of violations;
- (B) the size and complexity of the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller;
- (C) the nature and extent of the controller's, processor's, or consumer health data controller's processing activities;
- (D) the substantial likelihood of injury to the public;
- (E) the safety of persons or property;
- (F) whether the alleged violation was likely caused by human or technical error; and
- (G) the sensitivity of the data.

(d)(1) The private right of action available to a consumer for violations of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter shall be exclusively as provided under this subsection.

(2) A consumer who is harmed by a data broker's or large data holder's violation of subdivision 2419(b)(2) of this title, subdivision 2419(b)(3) of this title, or section 2428 of this title may bring an action under subsection 2461(b) of this title for the violation, but the right available under subsection 2461(b) of this title shall not be available for a violation of any other provision of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(e) Annually, on or before February 1, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the General Assembly disclosing:

- (1) the number of notices of violation the Attorney General has issued;
- (2) the nature of each violation;
- (3) the number of violations that were cured during the available cure period;
- (4) the number of actions brought under subsection (c) of this section;
- (5) the proportion of actions brought under subsection (c) of this section that proceed to trial;

(6) the data brokers or large data holders most frequently sued under subsection (c) of this section; and

(7) any other matter the Attorney General deems relevant for the purposes of the report.

§ 2428. CONFIDENTIALITY OF CONSUMER HEALTH DATA

Except as provided in subsections 2417(a) and (b) of this title and section 2426 of this title, no person shall:

(1) provide any employee or contractor with access to consumer health data unless the employee or contractor is subject to a contractual or statutory duty of confidentiality;

(2) provide any processor with access to consumer health data unless the person and processor comply with section 2421 of this title; or

(3) use a geofence to establish a virtual boundary that is within 1,850 feet of any health care facility, including any mental health facility or reproductive or sexual health facility, for the purpose of identifying, tracking, collecting data from, or sending any notification to a consumer regarding the consumer's consumer health data.

Sec. 2. PUBLIC EDUCATION AND OUTREACH; ATTORNEY GENERAL STUDY

(a) The Attorney General shall implement a comprehensive public education, outreach, and assistance program for controllers and processors as those terms are defined in 9 V.S.A. § 2415. The program shall focus on:

(1) the requirements and obligations of controllers and processors under the Vermont Data Privacy Act;

(2) data protection assessments under 9 V.S.A. § 2421;

(3) enhanced protections that apply to children, minors, sensitive data, or consumer health data as those terms are defined in 9 V.S.A. § 2415;

(4) a controller's obligations to law enforcement agencies and the Attorney General's office;

(5) methods for conducting data inventories; and

(6) any other matters the Attorney General deems appropriate.

(b) The Attorney General shall provide guidance to controllers for establishing data privacy notices and opt-out mechanisms, which may be in the form of templates.

(c) The Attorney General shall implement a comprehensive public education, outreach, and assistance program for consumers as that term is defined in 9 V.S.A. § 2415. The program shall focus on:

(1) the rights afforded consumers under the Vermont Data Privacy Act, including:

(A) the methods available for exercising data privacy rights; and

(B) the opt-out mechanism available to consumers;

(2) the obligations controllers have to consumers;

(3) different treatment of children, minors, and other consumers under the act, including the different consent mechanisms in place for children and other consumers;

(4) understanding a privacy notice provided under the Act;

(5) the different enforcement mechanisms available under the Act, including the consumer's private right of action; and

(6) any other matters the Attorney General deems appropriate.

(d) The Attorney General shall cooperate with states with comparable data privacy regimes to develop any outreach, assistance, and education programs, where appropriate.

(e) The Attorney General may have the assistance of the Vermont Law and Graduate School in developing education, outreach, and assistance programs under this section.

(f) On or before December 15, 2026, the Attorney General shall assess the effectiveness of the implementation of the Act and submit a report to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs with its findings and recommendations, including any proposed draft legislation to address issues that have arisen since implementation.

Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. chapter 62 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 62. PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

§ 2430. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Biometric data" shall have the same meaning as in section 2415 of this title.

(2)(A) “Brokered personal information” means one or more of the following computerized data elements about a consumer, if categorized or organized for dissemination to third parties:

- (i) name;
- (ii) address;
- (iii) date of birth;
- (iv) place of birth;
- (v) mother’s maiden name;
- (vi) unique biometric data generated from measurements or technical analysis of human body characteristics used by the owner or licensee of the data to identify or authenticate the consumer, such as a fingerprint, retina or iris image, or other unique physical representation or digital representation of biometric data;
- (vii) name or address of a member of the consumer’s immediate family or household;
- (viii) Social Security number or other government-issued identification number; or
- (ix) other information that, alone or in combination with the other information sold or licensed, would allow a reasonable person to identify the consumer with reasonable certainty.

(B) “Brokered personal information” does not include publicly available information to the extent that it is related to a consumer’s business or profession.

(2)(3) “Business” means a controller, a consumer health data controller, a processor, or a commercial entity, including a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, limited liability company, or other group, however organized and whether or not organized to operate at a profit, including a financial institution organized, chartered, or holding a license or authorization certificate under the laws of this State, any other state, the United States, or any other country, or the parent, affiliate, or subsidiary of a financial institution, but does not include the State, a State agency, any political subdivision of the State, or a vendor acting solely on behalf of, and at the direction of, the State.

(3)(4) “Consumer” means an individual residing in this State.

(5) “Consumer health data controller” has the same meaning as in section 2415 of this title.

(6) “Controller” has the same meaning as in section 2415 of this title.

(4)(7)(A) “Data broker” means a business, or unit or units of a business, separately or together, that knowingly collects and sells or licenses to third parties the brokered personal information of a consumer with whom the business does not have a direct relationship.

(B) Examples of a direct relationship with a business include if the consumer is a past or present:

- (i) customer, client, subscriber, user, or registered user of the business’s goods or services;
- (ii) employee, contractor, or agent of the business;
- (iii) investor in the business; or
- (iv) donor to the business.

(C) The following activities conducted by a business, and the collection and sale or licensing of brokered personal information incidental to conducting these activities, do not qualify the business as a data broker:

- (i) developing or maintaining third-party e-commerce or application platforms;
- (ii) providing 411 directory assistance or directory information services, including name, address, and telephone number, on behalf of or as a function of a telecommunications carrier;
- (iii) providing publicly available information related to a consumer’s business or profession; or
- (iv) providing publicly available information via real-time or near-real-time alert services for health or safety purposes.

(D) The phrase “sells or licenses” does not include:

- (i) a one-time or occasional sale of assets of a business as part of a transfer of control of those assets that is not part of the ordinary conduct of the business; or
- (ii) a sale or license of data that is merely incidental to the business.

(5)(8)(A) “Data broker security breach” means an unauthorized acquisition or a reasonable belief of an unauthorized acquisition of more than one element of brokered personal information maintained by a data broker when the brokered personal information is not encrypted, redacted, or protected by another method that renders the information unreadable or unusable by an unauthorized person.

(B) “Data broker security breach” does not include good faith but unauthorized acquisition of brokered personal information by an employee or agent of the data broker for a legitimate purpose of the data broker, provided that the brokered personal information is not used for a purpose unrelated to the data broker’s business or subject to further unauthorized disclosure.

(C) In determining whether brokered personal information has been acquired or is reasonably believed to have been acquired by a person without valid authorization, a data broker may consider the following factors, among others:

(i) indications that the brokered personal information is in the physical possession and control of a person without valid authorization, such as a lost or stolen computer or other device containing brokered personal information;

(ii) indications that the brokered personal information has been downloaded or copied;

(iii) indications that the brokered personal information was used by an unauthorized person, such as fraudulent accounts opened or instances of identity theft reported; or

(iv) that the brokered personal information has been made public.

(6)(9) “Data collector” means a person who, for any purpose, whether by automated collection or otherwise, handles, collects, disseminates, or otherwise deals with personally identifiable information, and includes the State, State agencies, political subdivisions of the State, public and private universities, privately and publicly held corporations, limited liability companies, financial institutions, and retail operators.

(7)(10) “Encryption” means use of an algorithmic process to transform data into a form in which the data is rendered unreadable or unusable without use of a confidential process or key.

(8)(11) “License” means a grant of access to, or distribution of, data by one person to another in exchange for consideration. A use of data for the sole benefit of the data provider, where the data provider maintains control over the use of the data, is not a license.

(9)(12) “Login credentials” means a consumer’s user name or e-mail address, in combination with a password or an answer to a security question, that together permit access to an online account.

(10)(13)(A) “Personally identifiable information” means a consumer’s first name or first initial and last name in combination with one or more of the following digital data elements, when the data elements are not encrypted,

redacted, or protected by another method that renders them unreadable or unusable by unauthorized persons:

- (i) a Social Security number;
- (ii) a driver license or nondriver State identification card number, individual taxpayer identification number, passport number, military identification card number, or other identification number that originates from a government identification document that is commonly used to verify identity for a commercial transaction;
- (iii) a financial account number or credit or debit card number, if the number could be used without additional identifying information, access codes, or passwords;
- (iv) a password, personal identification number, or other access code for a financial account;
- (v) unique biometric data generated from measurements or technical analysis of human body characteristics used by the owner or licensee of the data to identify or authenticate the consumer, such as a fingerprint, retina or iris image, or other unique physical representation or digital representation of biometric data;
- (vi) genetic information; and
- (vii)(I) health records or records of a wellness program or similar program of health promotion or disease prevention;
- (II) a health care professional's medical diagnosis or treatment of the consumer; or
- (III) a health insurance policy number.

(B) "Personally identifiable information" does not mean publicly available information that is lawfully made available to the general public from federal, State, or local government records.

(14) "Processor" has the same meaning as in section 2415 of this title.

(11)(15) "Record" means any material on which written, drawn, spoken, visual, or electromagnetic information is recorded or preserved, regardless of physical form or characteristics.

(12)(16) "Redaction" means the rendering of data so that the data are unreadable or are truncated so that ~~no~~ not more than the last four digits of the identification number are accessible as part of the data.

(13)(17)(A) "Security breach" means unauthorized acquisition of electronic data, or a reasonable belief of an unauthorized acquisition of

electronic data, that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of a consumer's personally identifiable information or login credentials maintained by a data collector.

(B) "Security breach" does not include good faith but unauthorized acquisition of personally identifiable information or login credentials by an employee or agent of the data collector for a legitimate purpose of the data collector, provided that the personally identifiable information or login credentials are not used for a purpose unrelated to the data collector's business or subject to further unauthorized disclosure.

(C) In determining whether personally identifiable information or login credentials have been acquired or is reasonably believed to have been acquired by a person without valid authorization, a data collector may consider the following factors, among others:

(i) indications that the information is in the physical possession and control of a person without valid authorization, such as a lost or stolen computer or other device containing information;

(ii) indications that the information has been downloaded or copied;

(iii) indications that the information was used by an unauthorized person, such as fraudulent accounts opened or instances of identity theft reported; or

(iv) that the information has been made public.

* * *

Subchapter 2. Security Breach Notice Act Data Security Breaches

* * *

§ 2436. NOTICE OF DATA BROKER SECURITY BREACH

(a) Short title. This section shall be known as the Data Broker Security Breach Notice Act.

(b) Notice of breach.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this section, any data broker shall notify the consumer that there has been a data broker security breach following discovery or notification to the data broker of the breach. Notice of the security breach shall be made in the most expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay, but not later than 45 days after the discovery or notification, consistent with the legitimate needs of the law enforcement agency, as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection, or with any

measures necessary to determine the scope of the security breach and restore the reasonable integrity, security, and confidentiality of the data system.

(2) A data broker shall provide notice of a breach to the Attorney General as follows:

(A)(i) The data broker shall notify the Attorney General of the date of the security breach and the date of discovery of the breach and shall provide a preliminary description of the breach within 14 business days, consistent with the legitimate needs of the law enforcement agency, as provided in subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection (b), after the data broker's discovery of the security breach or when the data broker provides notice to consumers pursuant to this section, whichever is sooner.

(ii) If the date of the breach is unknown at the time notice is sent to the Attorney General, the data broker shall send the Attorney General the date of the breach as soon as it is known.

(iii) Unless otherwise ordered by a court of this State for good cause shown, a notice provided under this subdivision (2)(A) shall not be disclosed to any person other than the authorized agent or representative of the Attorney General, a State's Attorney, or another law enforcement officer engaged in legitimate law enforcement activities without the consent of the data broker.

(B)(i) When the data broker provides notice of the breach pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection (b), the data broker shall notify the Attorney General of the number of Vermont consumers affected, if known to the data broker, and shall provide a copy of the notice provided to consumers under subdivision (1) of this subsection (b).

(ii) The data broker may send to the Attorney General a second copy of the consumer notice, from which is redacted the type of brokered personal information that was subject to the breach, that the Attorney General shall use for any public disclosure of the breach.

(3) The notice to a consumer required by this subsection shall be delayed upon request of a law enforcement agency. A law enforcement agency may request the delay if it believes that notification may impede a law enforcement investigation or a national or Homeland Security investigation or jeopardize public safety or national or Homeland Security interests. In the event law enforcement makes the request for a delay in a manner other than in writing, the data broker shall document the request contemporaneously in writing and include the name of the law enforcement officer making the request and the officer's law enforcement agency engaged in the investigation. A law enforcement agency shall promptly notify the data broker in writing

when the law enforcement agency no longer believes that notification may impede a law enforcement investigation or a national or Homeland Security investigation, or jeopardize public safety or national or Homeland Security interests. The data broker shall provide notice required by this section without unreasonable delay upon receipt of a written communication, which includes facsimile or electronic communication, from the law enforcement agency withdrawing its request for delay.

(4) The notice to a consumer required in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be clear and conspicuous. A notice to a consumer of a security breach involving brokered personal information shall include a description of each of the following, if known to the data broker:

(A) the incident in general terms;

(B) the type of brokered personal information that was subject to the security breach;

(C) the general acts of the data broker to protect the brokered personal information from further security breach;

(D) a telephone number, toll-free if available, that the consumer may call for further information and assistance;

(E) advice that directs the consumer to remain vigilant by reviewing account statements and monitoring free credit reports; and

(F) the approximate date of the data broker security breach.

(5) A data broker may provide notice of a security breach involving brokered personal information to a consumer by two or more of the following methods:

(A) written notice mailed to the consumer's residence;

(B) electronic notice, for those consumers for whom the data broker has a valid e-mail address, if:

(i) the data broker's primary method of communication with the consumer is by electronic means, the electronic notice does not request or contain a hypertext link to a request that the consumer provide personal information, and the electronic notice conspicuously warns consumers not to provide personal information in response to electronic communications regarding security breaches; or

(ii) the notice is consistent with the provisions regarding electronic records and signatures for notices in 15 U.S.C. § 7001;

(C) telephonic notice, provided that telephonic contact is made directly with each affected consumer and not through a prerecorded message; or

(D) notice by publication in a newspaper of statewide circulation in the event the data broker cannot effectuate notice by any other means.

(c) Exception.

(1) Notice of a security breach pursuant to subsection (b) of this section is not required if the data broker establishes that misuse of brokered personal information is not reasonably possible and the data broker provides notice of the determination that the misuse of the brokered personal information is not reasonably possible pursuant to the requirements of this subsection. If the data broker establishes that misuse of the brokered personal information is not reasonably possible, the data broker shall provide notice of its determination that misuse of the brokered personal information is not reasonably possible and a detailed explanation for said determination to the Vermont Attorney General. The data broker may designate its notice and detailed explanation to the Vermont Attorney General as a trade secret if the notice and detailed explanation meet the definition of trade secret contained in 1 V.S.A. § 317(c)(9).

(2) If a data broker established that misuse of brokered personal information was not reasonably possible under subdivision (1) of this subsection and subsequently obtains facts indicating that misuse of the brokered personal information has occurred or is occurring, the data broker shall provide notice of the security breach pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(d) Waiver. Any waiver of the provisions of this subchapter is contrary to public policy and is void and unenforceable.

(e) Enforcement.

(1) With respect to a controller or processor other than a controller or processor licensed or registered with the Department of Financial Regulation under Title 8 or this title, the Attorney General and State's Attorney shall have sole and full authority to investigate potential violations of this chapter and to enforce, prosecute, obtain, and impose remedies for a violation of this chapter or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter as the Attorney General and State's Attorney have under chapter 63 of this title. The Attorney General may refer the matter to the State's Attorney in an appropriate case. The Superior Courts shall have jurisdiction over any enforcement matter brought by the Attorney General or a State's Attorney under this subsection.

(2) With respect to a controller or processor that is licensed or registered with the Department of Financial Regulation under Title 8 or this title, the Department of Financial Regulation shall have the full authority to investigate potential violations of this chapter and to enforce, prosecute, obtain, and impose remedies for a violation of this chapter or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter, as the Department has under Title 8 or this title or any other applicable law or regulation.

* * *

Subchapter 5. Data Brokers

§ 2446. DATA BROKERS; ANNUAL REGISTRATION

(a) Annually, on or before January 31 following a year in which a person meets the definition of data broker as provided in section 2430 of this title, a data broker shall:

- (1) register with the Secretary of State;
- (2) pay a registration fee of \$100.00; and
- (3) provide the following information:

(A) the name and primary physical, e-mail, and Internet internet addresses of the data broker;

(B) if the data broker permits a consumer to opt out of the data broker's collection of brokered personal information, opt out of its databases, or opt out of certain sales of data:

- (i) the method for requesting an opt-out;
- (ii) if the opt-out applies to only certain activities or sales, which ones; and

(iii) whether the data broker permits a consumer to authorize a third party to perform the opt-out on the consumer's behalf;

(C) a statement specifying the data collection, databases, or sales activities from which a consumer may not opt out;

(D) a statement whether the data broker implements a purchaser credentialing process;

(E) the number of data broker security breaches that the data broker has experienced during the prior year, and if known, the total number of consumers affected by the breaches;

(F) where the data broker has actual knowledge that it possesses the brokered personal information of minors, a separate statement detailing the

data collection practices, databases, sales activities, and opt-out policies that are applicable to the brokered personal information of minors; and

(G) any additional information or explanation the data broker chooses to provide concerning its data collection practices.

(b) A data broker that fails to register pursuant to subsection (a) of this section is liable to the State for:

(1) a civil penalty of \$50.00 \$125.00 for each day, ~~not to exceed a total of \$10,000.00 for each year~~, it fails to register pursuant to this section;

(2) an amount equal to the fees due under this section during the period it failed to register pursuant to this section; and

(3) other penalties imposed by law.

(c) A data broker that omits required information from its registration shall file an amendment to include the omitted information within 30 business days following notification of the omission and is liable to the State for a civil penalty of \$1,000.00 per day for each day thereafter.

(d) A data broker that files materially incorrect information in its registration:

(1) is liable to the State for a civil penalty of \$25,000.00; and

(2) if it fails to correct the false information within 30 business days after discovery or notification of the incorrect information, an additional civil penalty of \$1,000.00 per day for each day thereafter that it fails to correct the information.

(e) The Attorney General may maintain an action in the Civil Division of the Superior Court to collect the penalties imposed in this section and to seek appropriate injunctive relief.

* * *

§ 2448. DATA BROKERS; CREDENTIALING

(a) Credentialing.

(1) A data broker shall maintain reasonable procedures designed to ensure that the brokered personal information it discloses is used for a legitimate and legal purpose.

(2) These procedures shall require that prospective users of the information identify themselves, certify the purposes for which the information is sought, and certify that the information shall be used for no other purpose.

(3) A data broker shall make a reasonable effort to verify the identity of a new prospective user and the uses certified by the prospective user prior to furnishing the user brokered personal information.

(4) A data broker shall not furnish brokered personal information to any person if it has reasonable grounds for believing that the brokered personal information will not be used for a legitimate and legal purpose.

Sec. 4. STUDY; DATA BROKERS; OPT OUT

On or before January 1, 2025, the Secretary of State, in collaboration with the Agency of Digital Services, the Attorney General, and interested parties, shall review and report their findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs concerning one or more mechanisms for Vermont consumers to opt out of the collection, retention, and sale of brokered personal information, including:

(1) an individual opt out that requires a data broker to allow a consumer to opt out of its data collection, retention, and sales practices through a request made directly to the data broker; and

(2) specifically considering the rules, procedures, and framework for implementing the “accessible deletion mechanism” by the California Privacy Protection Agency that takes effect on January 1, 2026, and approaches in other jurisdictions if applicable:

(A) how to design and implement a State-facilitated general opt out mechanism;

(B) the associated implementation and operational costs;

(C) mitigation of security risks; and

(D) other relevant considerations.

Sec. 5. 9 V.S.A. § 2416(a) is amended to read:

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, this chapter applies to a person that conducts business in this State or a person that produces products or services that are targeted to residents of this State and that during the preceding calendar year:

(1) controlled or processed the personal data of not fewer than 25,000 12,500 consumers, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the purpose of completing a payment transaction; or

(2) controlled or processed the personal data of not fewer than 12,500 6,250 consumers and derived more than 25 20 percent of the person's gross revenue from the sale of personal data.

Sec. 6. 9 V.S.A. § 2416(a) is amended to read:

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, this chapter applies to a person that conducts business in this State or a person that produces products or services that are targeted to residents of this State and that during the preceding calendar year:

(1) controlled or processed the personal data of not fewer than 12,500 6,250 consumers, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the purpose of completing a payment transaction; or

(2) controlled or processed the personal data of not fewer than 6,250 3,125 consumers and derived more than 20 percent of the person's gross revenue from the sale of personal data.

Sec. 7. 9 V.S.A. chapter 62, subchapter 6 is added to read:

Subchapter 6. Age-Appropriate Design Code

§ 2449a. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1)(A) “Affiliate” means a legal entity that shares common branding with another legal entity or controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another legal entity.

(B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1), “control” or “controlled” means:

(i) ownership of, or the power to vote, more than 50 percent of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a company;

(ii) control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals exercising similar functions; or

(iii) the power to exercise controlling influence over the management of a company.

(2) “Age-appropriate” means a recognition of the distinct needs and diversities of minor consumers at different age ranges. In order to help support the design of online services, products, and features, covered businesses should take into account the unique needs and diversities of different age ranges, including the following developmental stages: zero to five years of age or “preliterate and early literacy”; six to nine years of age or “core primary school years”; 10 to 12 years of age or “transition years”; 13 to

15 years of age or “early teens”; and 16 to 17 years or age or “approaching adulthood.”

(3) “Age estimation” means a process that estimates that a user is likely to be of a certain age, fall within an age range, or is over or under a certain age.

(A) Age estimation methods include:

(i) analysis of behavioral and environmental data the covered business already collects about its users;

(ii) comparing the way a user interacts with a device or with users of the same age;

(iii) metrics derived from motion analysis; and

(iv) testing a user’s capacity or knowledge.

(B) Age estimation does not require certainty, and if a covered business estimates a user’s age for the purpose of advertising or marketing, that estimation may also be used to comply with this act.

(4) “Age verification” means a system that relies on hard identifiers or verified sources of identification to confirm a user has reached a certain age, including government-issued identification or a credit card.

(5) “Business associate” has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(6) “Collect” means buying, renting, gathering, obtaining, receiving, or accessing any personal data by any means. This includes receiving data from the consumer, either actively or passively, or by observing the consumer’s behavior.

(7)(A) “Consumer” means an individual who is a resident of the State.

(B) “Consumer” does not include an individual acting in a commercial or employment context or as an employee, owner, director, officer, or contractor of a company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency whose communications or transactions with the covered business occur solely within the context of that individual’s role with the company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency.

(8) “Covered business” means a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, corporation, association, other legal entity, or an affiliate thereof, that conducts business in this State or that produces online products, services, or features that are targeted to residents of this State and that:

(A) collects consumers’ personal data or has consumers’ personal data collected on its behalf by a third party;

(B) alone or jointly with others determines the purposes and means of the processing of consumers personal data; and

(C) alone or in combination annually buys, receives for commercial purposes, sells, or shares for commercial purposes, alone or in combination, the personal data of at least 50 percent of its consumers.

(9) “Covered entity” has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(10) “Dark pattern” means a user interface designed or manipulated with the substantial effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy, decision making, or choice, and includes any practice the Federal Trade Commission refers to as a “dark pattern.”

(11) “Default” means a preselected option adopted by the covered business for the online service, product, or feature.

(12) “De-identified data” means data that does not identify and cannot reasonably be used to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an identified or identifiable individual, or a device linked to the individual, if the covered business that possesses the data:

(A)(i) takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be used to re-identify an identified or identifiable individual or be associated with an individual or device that identifies or is linked or reasonably linkable to an individual or household;

(ii) for purposes of this subdivision (A), “reasonable measures” shall include the de-identification requirements set forth under 45 C.F.R. § 164.514 (other requirements relating to uses and disclosures of protected health information);

(B) publicly commits to process the data only in a deidentified fashion and not attempt to re-identify the data; and

(C) contractually obligates any recipients of the data to comply with all provisions of this subchapter.

(13) “Derived data” means data that is created by the derivation of information, data, assumptions, correlations, inferences, predictions, or conclusions from facts, evidence, or another source of information or data about a minor consumer or a minor consumer’s device.

(14) “Identified or identifiable individual” means an individual who can be readily identified, directly or indirectly, including by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, specific geolocation data, or an online identifier.

(15)(A) “Low-friction variable reward” means a design feature or virtual item that intermittently rewards consumers for scrolling, tapping, opening, or continuing to engage in an online service, product, or feature.

(B) Examples of low-friction variable reward designs include endless scroll, auto play, and nudges meant to encourage reengagement.

(16)(A) “Minor consumer” means an individual under 18 years of age who is a resident of the State.

(B) “Minor consumer” does not include an individual acting in a commercial or employment context or as an employee, owner, director, officer, or contractor of a company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency whose communications or transactions with the controller occur solely within the context of that individual’s role with the company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency.

(17) “Online service, product, or feature” means a digital product that is accessible to the public via the internet, including a website or application, and does not mean any of the following:

(A) telecommunications service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. § 153;

(B) a broadband internet access service as defined in 47 C.F.R. § 54.400; or

(C) the sale, delivery, or use of a physical product.

(18)(A) “Personal data” means any information, including derived data and unique identifiers, that is linked or reasonably linkable to an identified or identifiable individual or to a device that identifies, is linked to, or is reasonably linkable to one or more identified or identifiable individuals in a household.

(B) Personal data does not include de-identified data or publicly available information.

(19) “Process” or “processing” means any operation or set of operations performed, whether by manual or automated means, on personal data or on sets of personal data, such as the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, modification, or otherwise handling of personal data.

(20) “Processor” means a person who processes personal data on behalf of a covered business.

(21) “Profiling” means any form of automated processing performed on personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable individual’s economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location, or movements.

(22) “Publicly available information” means information that:

- (A) is lawfully made available through federal, state, or local government records; or
- (B) a covered business has a reasonable basis to believe that the minor consumer has lawfully made available to the general public through widely distributed media.

(23) “Reasonably likely to be accessed” means an online service, product, or feature that is likely to be accessed by minor consumers based on any of the following indicators:

(A) the online service, product, or feature is directed to children, as defined by the Children’s Online Privacy Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 6501–6506 and the Federal Trade Commission rules implementing that Act;

(B) the online service, product, or feature is determined, based on competent and reliable evidence regarding audience composition, to be routinely accessed by an audience that is composed of at least two percent minor consumers two through under 18 years of age;

(C) the online service, product, or feature contains advertisements marketed to minor consumers;

(D) the audience of the online service, product, or feature is determined, based on internal company research, to be composed of at least two percent minor consumers two through under 18 years of age; or

(E) the covered business knew or should have known that at least two percent of the audience of the online service, product, or feature includes minor consumers two through under 18 years of age, provided that, in making this assessment, the business shall not collect or process any personal data that is not reasonably necessary to provide an online service, product, or feature with which a minor consumer is actively and knowingly engaged.

(24)(A) “Social media platform” means a public or semi-public internet-based service or application that is primarily intended to connect and allow a user to socially interact within such service or application and enables a user to:

(i) construct a public or semi-public profile for the purposes of signing into and using such service or application;

(ii) populate a public list of other users with whom the user shares a social connection within such service or application; or

(iii) create or post content that is viewable by other users, including content on message boards and in chat rooms, and that presents the user with content generated by other users.

(B) “Social media platform” does not mean a public or semi-public internet-based service or application that:

(i) exclusively provides electronic mail or direct messaging services;

(ii) primarily consists of news, sports, entertainment, interactive video games, electronic commerce, or content that is preselected by the provider for which any interactive functionality is incidental to, directly related to, or dependent on the provision of such content; or

(iii) is used by and under the direction of an educational entity, including a learning management system or a student engagement program.

(25) “Third party” means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency, or body other than the minor consumer or the covered business.

§ 2449b. EXCLUSIONS

This subchapter does not apply to:

(1) a federal, state, tribal, or local government entity in the ordinary course of its operation;

(2) protected health information that a covered entity or business associate processes in accordance with, or documents that a covered entity or business associate creates for the purpose of complying with, HIPAA;

(3) information used only for public health activities and purposes described in 45 C.F.R. § 164.512;

(4) information that identifies a consumer in connection with:

(A) activities that are subject to the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects as set forth in 45 C.F.R. Part 46;

(B) research on human subjects undertaken in accordance with good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use;

(C) activities that are subject to the protections provided in 21 C.F.R. 50 and 21 C.F.R. Part 56; or

(D) research conducted in accordance with the requirements set forth in subdivisions (A)–(C) of this subdivision (4) or otherwise in accordance with State or federal law; and

(5) an entity whose primary purpose is journalism as defined in 12 V.S.A. § 1615(a)(2) and that has a majority of its workforce consisting of individuals engaging in journalism.

§ 2449c. MINIMUM DUTY OF CARE

(a) A covered business that processes a minor consumer's data in any capacity owes a minimum duty of care to the minor consumer.

(b) As used in this subchapter, "a minimum duty of care" means the use of the personal data of a minor consumer and the design of an online service, product, or feature will not benefit the covered business to the detriment of a minor consumer and will not result in:

(1) reasonably foreseeable emotional distress as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1061(2) to a minor consumer;

(2) the encouragement of excessive or compulsive use of the online service, product, or feature by a minor consumer; or

(3) discrimination against the minor consumer based upon race, ethnicity, sex, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, or national origin.

§ 2449d. COVERED BUSINESS OBLIGATIONS

(a) A covered business that is reasonably likely to be accessed and subject to this subchapter shall:

(1) configure all default privacy settings provided to a minor consumer through the online service, product, or feature to a high level of privacy;

(2) provide privacy information, terms of service, policies, and community standards concisely and prominently;

(3) provide prominent, accessible, and responsive tools to help a minor consumer or, if applicable, their parents or guardians to exercise their privacy rights and report concerns to the covered business;

(4) honor the request of a minor consumer to unpublish the minor consumer's social media platform account not later than 15 business days after a covered business receives such a request from a minor consumer; and

(5) provide easily accessible and age-appropriate tools for a minor consumer to limit the ability of users or covered businesses to send unsolicited communications.

(b) A violation of this section constitutes a violation of the minimum duty of care as provided in section 2449c of this subchapter.

§ 2449e. COVERED BUSINESS PROHIBITIONS

(a) A covered business that is reasonably likely to be accessed and subject to this subchapter shall not:

(1) use low-friction variable reward design features that encourage excessive and compulsive use by a minor consumer;

(2) permit, by default, an unknown adult to contact a minor consumer on its platform without the minor consumer first initiating that contact;

(3) permit a minor consumer to be exploited by a contract on the online service, product, or feature;

(4) use dark patterns; or

(5) permit a parent or guardian of a minor consumer, or any other consumer, to monitor the online activity of a minor consumer or to track the location of the minor consumer without providing a conspicuous signal to the minor consumer when the minor consumer is being monitored or tracked.

(b) A violation of this section constitutes a violation of the minimum duty of care as provided in section 2449c of this subchapter.

§ 2449f. ATTORNEY GENERAL ENFORCEMENT

(a) A covered business that violates this subchapter or rules adopted pursuant to this subchapter commits an unfair and deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title.

(b) The Attorney General shall have the same authority under this subchapter to make rules, conduct civil investigations, bring civil actions, and enter into assurances of discontinuance as provided under chapter 63 of this title.

§ 2449g. LIMITATIONS

Nothing in this subchapter shall be interpreted or construed to:

(1) Impose liability in a manner that is inconsistent with 47 U.S.C. § 230.

(2) Prevent or preclude any minor consumer from deliberately or independently searching for, or specifically requesting, content.

(3) Require a covered business to implement an age verification requirement. The obligations imposed under this act should be done with age estimation techniques and do not require age verification.

§ 2449h. RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS OF MINOR CONSUMERS

It is the intent of the General Assembly that nothing in this act may be construed to infringe on the existing rights and freedoms of minor consumers or be construed to discriminate against the minor consumer based on race, ethnicity, sex, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, or national origin.

Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 2 (public education and outreach), 3 (protection of personal information), and 4 (data broker opt-out study) shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

(b) Secs. 1 (Vermont Data Privacy Act) and 7 (Age-Appropriate Design Code) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

(c) Sec. 5 (Vermont Data Privacy Act middle applicability threshold) shall take effect on July 1, 2026.

(d) Sec. 6 (Vermont Data Privacy Act low applicability threshold) shall take effect on July 1, 2027.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to enhancing consumer privacy and the age-appropriate design code.”

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment?, Senators Ram Hinsdale, Bray, Clarkson, Hashim and Lyons moved that the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment with further proposals of amendment as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 9 V.S.A. chapter 61A, by striking out section 2415 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new section 2415 to read as follows:

§ 2415. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1)(A) “Affiliate” means a legal entity that shares common branding with another legal entity or controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another legal entity.

(B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1), “control” or “controlled” means:

(i) ownership of, or the power to vote, more than 50 percent of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a company;

(ii) control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals exercising similar functions; or

(iii) the power to exercise controlling influence over the management of a company.

(2) "Age estimation" means a process that estimates that a consumer is likely to be of a certain age, fall within an age range, or is over or under a certain age.

(A) Age estimation methods include:

(i) analysis of behavioral and environmental data the controller already collects about its consumers;

(ii) comparing the way a consumer interacts with a device or with consumers of the same age;

(iii) metrics derived from motion analysis; and

(iv) testing a consumer's capacity or knowledge.

(B) Age estimation does not require certainty, and if a controller estimates a consumer's age for the purpose of advertising or marketing, that estimation may also be used to comply with this chapter.

(3) "Age verification" means a system that relies on hard identifiers or verified sources of identification to confirm a consumer has reached a certain age, including government-issued identification or a credit card.

(4) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a request to exercise any of the rights afforded under subdivisions 2418(a)(1)-(5) of this title is being made by, or on behalf of, the consumer who is entitled to exercise the consumer rights with respect to the personal data at issue.

(5)(A) "Biometric data" means data generated from the technological processing of an individual's unique biological, physical, or physiological characteristics that is linked or reasonably linkable to an individual, including:

(i) iris or retina scans;

(ii) fingerprints;

(iii) facial or hand mapping, geometry, or templates;

(iv) vein patterns;

(v) voice prints; and

(vi) gait or personally identifying physical movement or patterns.

(B) "Biometric data" does not include:

(i) a digital or physical photograph;

(ii) an audio or video recording; or

(iii) any data generated from a digital or physical photograph, or an audio or video recording, unless such data is generated to identify a specific individual.

(6) “Broker-dealer” has the same meaning as in 9 V.S.A. § 5102.

(7) “Business associate” has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(8) “Child” has the same meaning as in COPPA.

(9)(A) “Consent” means a clear affirmative act signifying a consumer’s freely given, specific, informed, and unambiguous agreement to allow the processing of personal data relating to the consumer.

(B) “Consent” may include a written statement, including by electronic means, or any other unambiguous affirmative action.

(C) “Consent” does not include:

(i) acceptance of a general or broad terms of use or similar document that contains descriptions of personal data processing along with other, unrelated information;

(ii) hovering over, muting, pausing, or closing a given piece of content; or

(iii) agreement obtained through the use of dark patterns.

(10)(A) “Consumer” means an individual who is a resident of the State.

(B) “Consumer” does not include an individual acting in a commercial or employment context or as an employee, owner, director, officer, or contractor of a company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency whose communications or transactions with the controller occur solely within the context of that individual’s role with the company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency.

(11) “Consumer health data” means any personal data that a controller uses to identify a consumer’s physical or mental health condition or diagnosis, including gender-affirming health data and reproductive or sexual health data.

(12) “Consumer health data controller” means any controller that, alone or jointly with others, determines the purpose and means of processing consumer health data.

(13) “Consumer reporting agency” has the same meaning as in the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(f);

(14) “Controller” means a person who, alone or jointly with others, determines the purpose and means of processing personal data.

(15) "COPPA" means the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998, 15 U.S.C. § 6501–6506, and any regulations, rules, guidance, and exemptions promulgated pursuant to the act, as the act and regulations, rules, guidance, and exemptions may be amended.

(16) "Covered entity" has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(17) "Credit union" has the same meaning as in 8 V.S.A. § 30101.

(18) "Dark pattern" means a user interface designed or manipulated with the substantial effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy, decision-making, or choice and includes any practice the Federal Trade Commission refers to as a "dark pattern."

(19) "Data broker" has the same meaning as in section 2430 of this title.

(20) "Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer" means decisions made by the controller that result in the provision or denial by the controller of financial or lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment or opportunity, criminal justice, employment opportunities, health care services, or access to essential goods or services.

(21) "De-identified data" means data that does not identify and cannot reasonably be used to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an identified or identifiable individual, or a device linked to the individual, if the controller that possesses the data:

(A)(i) takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be used to re-identify an identified or identifiable individual or be associated with an individual or device that identifies or is linked or reasonably linkable to an individual or household;

(ii) for purposes of this subdivision (A), "reasonable measures" shall include the de-identification requirements set forth under 45 C.F.R. § 164.514 (other requirements relating to uses and disclosures of protected health information);

(B) publicly commits to process the data only in a de-identified fashion and not attempt to re-identify the data; and

(C) contractually obligates any recipients of the data to satisfy the criteria set forth in subdivisions (A) and (B) of this subdivision (21).

(22) "Financial institution":

(A) as used in subdivision 2417(a)(12) of this title, has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. § 6809; and

(B) as used in subdivision 2417(a)(14) of this title, has the same meaning as in 8 V.S.A. § 11101.

(23) “Gender-affirming health care services” has the same meaning as in 1 V.S.A. § 150.

(24) “Gender-affirming health data” means any personal data concerning a past, present, or future effort made by a consumer to seek, or a consumer’s receipt of, gender-affirming health care services, including:

(A) precise geolocation data that is used for determining a consumer’s attempt to acquire or receive gender-affirming health care services;

(B) efforts to research or obtain gender-affirming health care services; and

(C) any gender-affirming health data that is derived from nonhealth information.

(25) “Genetic data” means any data, regardless of its format, that results from the analysis of a biological sample of an individual, or from another source enabling equivalent information to be obtained, and concerns genetic material, including deoxyribonucleic acids (DNA), ribonucleic acids (RNA), genes, chromosomes, alleles, genomes, alterations or modifications to DNA or RNA, single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), epigenetic markers, uninterpreted data that results from analysis of the biological sample or other source, and any information extrapolated, derived, or inferred therefrom.

(26) “Geofence” means any technology that uses global positioning coordinates, cell tower connectivity, cellular data, radio frequency identification, wireless fidelity technology data, or any other form of location detection, or any combination of such coordinates, connectivity, data, identification, or other form of location detection, to establish a virtual boundary.

(27) “Health care component” has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(28) “Health care facility” has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 9432.

(29) “Heightened risk of harm to a minor” means processing the personal data of a minor in a manner that presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of:

(A) unfair or deceptive treatment of, or unlawful disparate impact on, a minor;

(B) financial, physical, or reputational injury to a minor;

(C) unintended disclosure of the personal data of a minor; or

(D) any physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or concerns, of a minor if the intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person.

(30) "HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, and any regulations promulgated pursuant to the act, as may be amended.

(31) "Hybrid entity" has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(32) "Identified or identifiable individual" means an individual who can be readily identified, directly or indirectly, including by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, specific geolocation data, or an online identifier.

(33) "Independent trust company" has the same meaning as in 8 V.S.A. § 2401.

(34) "Investment adviser" has the same meaning as in 9 V.S.A. § 5102.

(35) "Large data holder" means a person that during the preceding calendar year processed the personal data of not fewer than 100,000 consumers.

(36) "Mental health facility" means any health care facility in which at least 70 percent of the health care services provided in the facility are mental health services.

(37) "Nonpublic personal information" has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. § 6809.

(38)(A) "Online service, product, or feature" means any service, product, or feature that is provided online, except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (38).

(B) "Online service, product, or feature" does not include:

(i) telecommunications service, as that term is defined in the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. § 153;

(ii) broadband internet access service, as that term is defined in 47 C.F.R. § 54.400 (universal service support); or

(iii) the delivery or use of a physical product.

(39) "Patient identifying information" has the same meaning as in 42 C.F.R. § 2.11 (confidentiality of substance use disorder patient records).

(40) "Patient safety work product" has the same meaning as in 42 C.F.R. § 3.20 (patient safety organizations and patient safety work product).

(41)(A) “Personal data” means any information, including derived data and unique identifiers, that is linked or reasonably linkable to an identified or identifiable individual or to a device that identifies, is linked to, or is reasonably linkable to one or more identified or identifiable individuals in a household.

(B) “Personal data” does not include de-identified data or publicly available information.

(42)(A) “Precise geolocation data” means information derived from technology that can precisely and accurately identify the specific location of a consumer within a radius of 1,850 feet.

(B) “Precise geolocation data” does not include:

- (i) the content of communications;
- (ii) data generated by or connected to an advanced utility metering infrastructure system; or
- (iii) data generated by equipment used by a utility company.

(43) “Process” or “processing” means any operation or set of operations performed, whether by manual or automated means, on personal data or on sets of personal data, such as the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, or modification of personal data.

(44) “Processor” means a person who processes personal data on behalf of a controller.

(45) “Profiling” means any form of automated processing performed on personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable individual’s economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location, or movements.

(46) “Protected health information” has the same meaning as in HIPAA.

(47) “Pseudonymous data” means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific individual without the use of additional information, provided the additional information is kept separately and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure that the personal data is not attributed to an identified or identifiable individual.

(48)(A) “Publicly available information” means information that:

- (i) is lawfully made available through federal, state, or local government records; or

(ii) a controller has a reasonable basis to believe that the consumer has lawfully made available to the general public through widely distributed media.

(B) "Publicly available information" does not include biometric data collected by a business about a consumer without the consumer's knowledge.

(49) "Qualified service organization" has the same meaning as in 42 C.F.R. § 2.11 (confidentiality of substance use disorder patient records).

(50) "Reproductive or sexual health care" has the same meaning as "reproductive health care services" in 1 V.S.A. § 150(c)(1).

(51) "Reproductive or sexual health data" means any personal data concerning a past, present, or future effort made by a consumer to seek, or a consumer's receipt of, reproductive or sexual health care.

(52) "Reproductive or sexual health facility" means any health care facility in which at least 70 percent of the health care-related services or products rendered or provided in the facility are reproductive or sexual health care.

(53)(A) "Sale of personal data" means the exchange of a consumer's personal data by the controller to a third party for monetary or other valuable consideration or otherwise for a commercial purpose.

(B) As used in this subdivision (53), "commercial purpose" means to advance a person's commercial or economic interests, such as by inducing another person to buy, rent, lease, join, subscribe to, provide, or exchange products, goods, property, information, or services, or enabling or effecting, directly or indirectly, a commercial transaction.

(C) "Sale of personal data" does not include:

(i) the disclosure of personal data to a processor that processes the personal data on behalf of the controller;

(ii) the disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of providing a product or service requested by the consumer;

(iii) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the controller;

(iv) the disclosure of personal data where the consumer directs the controller to disclose the personal data or intentionally uses the controller to interact with a third party;

(v) the disclosure of personal data that the consumer:

(I) intentionally made available to the general public via a channel of mass media; and

(II) did not restrict to a specific audience; or

(vi) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of a merger, acquisition, bankruptcy or other transaction, or a proposed merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other transaction, in which the third party assumes control of all or part of the controller's assets.

(54) "Sensitive data" means personal data that:

(A) reveals a consumer's government-issued identifier, such as a Social Security number, passport number, state identification card, or driver's license number, that is not required by law to be publicly displayed;

(B) reveals a consumer's racial or ethnic origin, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, religious or philosophical beliefs, or union membership;

(C) reveals a consumer's sexual orientation, sex life, sexuality, or status as transgender or nonbinary;

(D) reveals a consumer's status as a victim of a crime;

(E) is financial information, including a consumer's tax return and account number, financial account log-in, financial account, debit card number, or credit card number in combination with any required security or access code, password, or credentials allowing access to an account;

(F) is consumer health data;

(G) is personal data collected and analyzed concerning consumer health data or personal data that describes or reveals a past, present, or future mental or physical health condition, treatment, disability, or diagnosis, including pregnancy, to the extent the personal data is not used by the controller to identify a specific consumer's physical or mental health condition or diagnosis;

(H) is biometric or genetic data;

(I) is personal data collected from a known minor; or

(J) is precise geolocation data.

(55)(A) "Targeted advertising" means the targeting of an advertisement to a consumer based on the consumer's activity with one or more businesses, distinctly branded websites, applications, or services, other than the controller, distinctly branded website, application, or service with which the consumer is intentionally interacting.

(B) "Targeted advertising" does not include:

(i) an advertisement based on activities within the controller's own commonly branded website or online application;

(ii) an advertisement based on the context of a consumer's current search query, visit to a website, or use of an online application;

(iii) an advertisement directed to a consumer in response to the consumer's request for information or feedback; or

(iv) processing personal data solely to measure or report advertising frequency, performance, or reach.

(56) "Third party" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency, or body, other than the consumer, controller, or processor or an affiliate of the processor or the controller.

(57) "Trade secret" has the same meaning as in section 4601 of this title.

(58) "Victim services organization" means a nonprofit organization that is established to provide services to victims or witnesses of child abuse, domestic violence, human trafficking, sexual assault, violent felony, or stalking.

Second: In Sec. 1, 9 V.S.A. chapter 61A, by striking out subsection 2417(a) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection 2417(a) to read as follows:

(a) This chapter does not apply to:

(1) a federal, State, tribal, or local government entity in the ordinary course of its operation;

(2) a covered entity that is not a hybrid entity, any health care component of a hybrid entity, or a business associate;

(3) information used only for public health activities and purposes described in 45 C.F.R. § 164.512 (disclosure of protected health information without authorization);

(4) information that identifies a consumer in connection with:

(A) activities that are subject to the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects, codified as 45 C.F.R. Part 46 (HHS protection of human subjects) and in various other federal regulations;

(B) research on human subjects undertaken in accordance with good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use;

(C) activities that are subject to the protections provided in 21 C.F.R. Parts 50 (FDA clinical investigations protection of human subjects) and 56 (FDA clinical investigations institutional review boards); or

(D) research conducted in accordance with the requirements set forth in subdivisions (A) through (C) of this subdivision (a)(4) or otherwise in accordance with applicable law;

(5) patient identifying information that is collected and processed in accordance with 42 C.F.R. Part 2 (confidentiality of substance use disorder patient records);

(6) patient safety work product that is created for purposes of improving patient safety under 42 C.F.R. Part 3 (patient safety organizations and patient safety work product);

(7) information or documents created for the purposes of the Healthcare Quality Improvement Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. § 11101–11152, and regulations adopted to implement that act;

(8) information that originates from, or is intermingled so as to be indistinguishable from, or that is treated in the same manner as information described in subdivisions (2)–(7) of this subsection that a covered entity, business associate, or a qualified service organization program creates, collects, processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as is required under the laws, regulations, and guidelines described in subdivisions (2)–(7) of this subsection;

(9) information processed or maintained solely in connection with, and for the purpose of, enabling:

(A) an individual's employment or application for employment;

(B) an individual's ownership of, or function as a director or officer of, a business entity;

(C) an individual's contractual relationship with a business entity;

(D) an individual's receipt of benefits from an employer, including benefits for the individual's dependents or beneficiaries; or

(E) notice of an emergency to persons that an individual specifies;

(10) any activity that involves collecting, maintaining, disclosing, selling, communicating, or using information for the purpose of evaluating a consumer's creditworthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living if done strictly in accordance with the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681–1681x, as may be amended, by:

- (A) a consumer reporting agency;
 - (B) a person who furnishes information to a consumer reporting agency under 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2 (responsibilities of furnishers of information to consumer reporting agencies); or
 - (C) a person who uses a consumer report as provided in 15 U.S.C. § 1681b(a)(3) (permissible purposes of consumer reports);
- (11) information collected, processed, sold, or disclosed under and in accordance with the following laws and regulations:
- (A) the Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. § 2721–2725;
 - (B) the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, and regulations adopted to implement that act;
 - (C) the Airline Deregulation Act, Pub. L. No. 95-504, only to the extent that an air carrier collects information related to prices, routes, or services, and only to the extent that the provisions of the Airline Deregulation Act preempt this chapter;
 - (D) the Farm Credit Act, Pub. L. No. 92-181, as may be amended;
 - (E) federal policy under 21 U.S.C. § 830 (regulation of listed chemicals and certain machines);
- (12) nonpublic personal information that is processed by a financial institution subject to the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, Pub. L. No. 106-102, and regulations adopted to implement that act;
- (13) information that originates from, or is intermingled so as to be indistinguishable from, information described in subdivision (12) of this subsection and that a controller or processor collects, processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as is required under the law and regulations specified in subdivision (12) of this subsection;
- (14) a financial institution, credit union, independent trust company, broker-dealer, or investment adviser or a financial institution's, credit union's, independent trust company's, broker-dealer's, or investment adviser's affiliate or subsidiary that is only and directly engaged in financial activities, as described in 12 U.S.C. § 1843(k);
- (15) a person regulated pursuant to 8 V.S.A. part 3 (chapters 101–165) other than a person that, alone or in combination with another person, establishes and maintains a self-insurance program and that does not otherwise engage in the business of entering into policies of insurance;

(16) a third-party administrator, as that term is defined in the Third Party Administrator Rule adopted pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 9417;

(17) personal data of a victim or witness of child abuse, domestic violence, human trafficking, sexual assault, violent felony, or stalking that a victim services organization collects, processes, or maintains in the course of its operation;

(18) a nonprofit organization that is established to detect and prevent fraudulent acts in connection with insurance;

(19) information that is processed for purposes of compliance, enrollment or degree verification, or research services by a nonprofit organization that is established to provide enrollment data reporting services on behalf of postsecondary schools as that term is defined in 16 V.S.A. § 176;

(20) noncommercial activity of:

(A) a publisher, editor, reporter, or other person who is connected with or employed by a newspaper, magazine, periodical, newsletter, pamphlet, report, or other publication in general circulation;

(B) a radio or television station that holds a license issued by the Federal Communications Commission;

(C) a nonprofit organization that provides programming to radio or television networks; or

(D) an entity that provides an information service, including a press association or wire service; or

(21) a public utility subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Utility Commission under 30 V.S.A. § 203, but only until July 1, 2026.

Third: In Sec. 1, 9 V.S.A. chapter 61A, by striking out section 2427 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new section 2427 to read as follows:

§ 2427. ENFORCEMENT; ATTORNEY GENERAL'S POWERS

(a) A person who violates this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter commits an unfair and deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title, provided that a private right of action under subsection 2461(b) of this title shall not apply to the violation, and the Attorney General shall have exclusive authority to enforce such violations.

(b) The Attorney General has the same authority to adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section and to conduct civil investigations, enter into assurances of discontinuance, bring civil actions, and take other enforcement actions as provided under chapter 63, subchapter 1 of this title.

(c)(1) If the Attorney General determines that a violation of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter may be cured, the Attorney General may, prior to initiating any action for the violation, issue a notice of violation extending a 60-day cure period to the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller alleged to have violated this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(2) The Attorney General may, in determining whether to grant a controller, processor, or consumer health data controller the opportunity to cure an alleged violation described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, consider:

(A) the number of violations;

(B) the size and complexity of the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller;

(C) the nature and extent of the controller's, processor's, or consumer health data controller's processing activities;

(D) the substantial likelihood of injury to the public;

(E) the safety of persons or property;

(F) whether the alleged violation was likely caused by human or technical error; and

(G) the sensitivity of the data.

(d) Annually, on or before February 1, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the General Assembly disclosing:

(1) the number of notices of violation the Attorney General has issued;

(2) the nature of each violation;

(3) the number of violations that were cured during the available cure period; and

(4) any other matter the Attorney General deems relevant for the purposes of the report.

Fourth: In Sec. 7, 9 V.S.A. chapter 62, subchapter 6, in subdivision 2449a(10), following “designed or manipulated with the”, by striking out the word “substantial”

Fifth: By striking out Sec. 8, effective dates, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof five new sections to be Secs. 8–12 to read as follows:

Sec. 8. STUDY; VERMONT DATA PRIVACY ACT

On or before January 15, 2026, the Attorney General shall review and report their findings and recommendations to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development, on Health Care, and on Judiciary and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs, on Health and Welfare, and on Judiciary concerning policy recommendations for improving data privacy in Vermont through:

(1) development of legislative language for implementing a private right of action in 9 V.S.A. chapter 61A , giving consideration to other state approaches and including through structuring:

(A) violations giving rise to a private right of action in a manner that addresses the gravest harms to consumers;

(B) applicability thresholds to ensure that the private right of action does not harm good-faith actors or small Vermont businesses;

(C) damages that balance the consumer interest in enforcing the consumer's personal data rights against the incentives a private right of action may provide to litigants with frivolous claims; and

(D) other mechanisms to ensure the private right of action is targeted to address persons engaging in unfair or deceptive acts;

(2) addressing the scope of health care exemptions under 9 V.S.A. § 2417(a)(2)–(8), including based on:

(I) research on the effects on the health care industry of the health-related data-level exemptions under the Oregon Consumer Privacy Act;

(II) economic analysis of compliance costs for the health care industry; and

(III) an analysis of health-related entities excluded from the health care exemptions under 9 V.S.A. § 2417(a)(2)–(8); and

(3) analysis of the data security implications of implementation of the Vermont Data Privacy Act.

Sec. 9. 9 V.S.A. § 2427 is amended to read:

§ 2427. ENFORCEMENT; ATTORNEY GENERAL'S POWERS

(a) A person who violates this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter commits an unfair and deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title, provided that a consumer private right of action under subsection 2461(b) of this title shall not apply to the violation, and the

Attorney General shall have exclusive authority to enforce such violations except as provided in subsection (d) of this section.

(b) The Attorney General has the same authority to adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section and to conduct civil investigations, enter into assurances of discontinuance, bring civil actions, and take other enforcement actions as provided under chapter 63, subchapter 1 of this title.

(c)(1) If the Attorney General determines that a violation of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter may be cured, the Attorney General may, prior to initiating any action for the violation, issue a notice of violation extending a 60-day cure period to the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller alleged to have violated this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(2) The Attorney General may, in determining whether to grant a controller, processor, or consumer health data controller the opportunity to cure an alleged violation described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, consider:

(A) the number of violations;

(B) the size and complexity of the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller;

(C) the nature and extent of the controller's, processor's, or consumer health data controller's processing activities;

(D) the substantial likelihood of injury to the public;

(E) the safety of persons or property;

(F) whether the alleged violation was likely caused by human or technical error; and

(G) the sensitivity of the data.

(d)(1) The private right of action available to a consumer for violations of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter shall be exclusively as provided under this subsection.

(2) A consumer who is harmed by a data broker's or large data holder's violation of subdivision 2419(b)(2) of this title, subdivision 2419(b)(3) of this title, or section 2428 of this title may bring an action under subsection 2461(b) of this title for the violation, but the right available under subsection 2461(b) of this title shall not be available for a violation of any other provision of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(e) Annually, on or before February 1, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the General Assembly disclosing:

- (1) the number of notices of violation the Attorney General has issued;
- (2) the nature of each violation;
- (3) the number of violations that were cured during the available cure period; and
- (4) the number of actions brought under subsection (d) of this section;
- (5) the proportion of actions brought under subsection (d) of this section that proceed to trial;
- (6) the data brokers or large data holders most frequently sued under subsection (d) of this section; and
- (4)(7) any other matter the Attorney General deems relevant for the purposes of the report.

Sec. 10. 9 V.S.A. § 2427 is amended to read:

§ 2427. ENFORCEMENT; ATTORNEY GENERAL'S POWERS

(a) A person who violates this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter commits an unfair and deceptive act in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title, provided that a consumer private right of action under subsection 2461(b) of this title shall not apply to the violation, and the Attorney General shall have exclusive authority to enforce such violations except as provided in subsection (d) of this section.

(b) The Attorney General has the same authority to adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section and to conduct civil investigations, enter into assurances of discontinuance, bring civil actions, and take other enforcement actions as provided under chapter 63, subchapter 1 of this title.

(c)(1) If the Attorney General determines that a violation of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter may be cured, the Attorney General may, prior to initiating any action for the violation, issue a notice of violation extending a 60-day cure period to the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller alleged to have violated this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(2) The Attorney General may, in determining whether to grant a controller, processor, or consumer health data controller the opportunity to cure an alleged violation described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, consider:

- (A) the number of violations;

(B) the size and complexity of the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller;

(C) the nature and extent of the controller's, processor's, or consumer health data controller's processing activities;

(D) the substantial likelihood of injury to the public;

(E) the safety of persons or property;

(F) whether the alleged violation was likely caused by human or technical error; and

(G) the sensitivity of the data.

~~(d)(1) The private right of action available to a consumer for violations of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter shall be exclusively as provided under this subsection.~~

~~(2) A consumer who is harmed by a data broker's or large data holder's violation of subdivision 2419(b)(2) of this title, subdivision 2419(b)(3) of this title, or section 2428 of this title may bring an action under subsection 2461(b) of this title for the violation, but the right available under subsection 2461(b) of this title shall not be available for a violation of any other provision of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.~~

(e) Annually, on or before February 1, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the General Assembly disclosing:

(1) the number of notices of violation the Attorney General has issued;

(2) the nature of each violation;

(3) the number of violations that were cured during the available cure period; and

~~(4) the number of actions brought under subsection (d) of this section;~~

~~(5) the proportion of actions brought under subsection (d) of this section that proceed to trial;~~

~~(6) the data brokers or large data holders most frequently sued under subsection (d) of this section; and~~

~~(7) any other matter the Attorney General deems relevant for the purposes of the report.~~

Sec. 11. 9 V.S.A. § 2417(a) is amended to read:

(a) This chapter does not apply to:

- (1) a federal, State, tribal, or local government entity in the ordinary course of its operation;
- (2) a covered entity that is not a hybrid entity, any health care component of a hybrid entity, or a business associate;
- (3) information used only for public health activities and purposes described in 45 C.F.R. § 164.512 (disclosure of protected health information without authorization);
- (4) information that identifies a consumer in connection with:
 - (A) activities that are subject to the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects, codified as 45 C.F.R. Part 46 (HHS protection of human subjects) and in various other federal regulations;
 - (B) research on human subjects undertaken in accordance with good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use;
 - (C) activities that are subject to the protections provided in 21 C.F.R. Parts 50 (FDA clinical investigations protection of human subjects) and 56 (FDA clinical investigations institutional review boards); or
 - (D) research conducted in accordance with the requirements set forth in subdivisions (A) through (C) of this subdivision (a)(4) or otherwise in accordance with applicable law;
- (5) patient identifying information that is collected and processed in accordance with 42 C.F.R. Part 2 (confidentiality of substance use disorder patient records);
- (6) patient safety work product that is created for purposes of improving patient safety under 42 C.F.R. Part 3 (patient safety organizations and patient safety work product);
- (7) information or documents created for the purposes of the Healthcare Quality Improvement Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. § 11101–11152, and regulations adopted to implement that act;
- (8) information that originates from, or is intermingled so as to be indistinguishable from, or that is treated in the same manner as information described in subdivisions (2)–(7) of this subsection that a covered entity, business associate, or a qualified service organization program creates, collects, processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as is required under the laws, regulations, and guidelines described in subdivisions (2)–(7) of this subsection;

(9) information processed or maintained solely in connection with, and for the purpose of, enabling:

(A) an individual's employment or application for employment;

(B) an individual's ownership of, or function as a director or officer of, a business entity;

(C) an individual's contractual relationship with a business entity;

(D) an individual's receipt of benefits from an employer, including benefits for the individual's dependents or beneficiaries; or

(E) notice of an emergency to persons that an individual specifies;

(10) any activity that involves collecting, maintaining, disclosing, selling, communicating, or using information for the purpose of evaluating a consumer's creditworthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living if done strictly in accordance with the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681–1681x, as may be amended, by:

(A) a consumer reporting agency;

(B) a person who furnishes information to a consumer reporting agency under 15 U.S.C. § 1681s-2 (responsibilities of furnishers of information to consumer reporting agencies); or

(C) a person who uses a consumer report as provided in 15 U.S.C. § 1681b(a)(3) (permissible purposes of consumer reports);

(11) information collected, processed, sold, or disclosed under and in accordance with the following laws and regulations:

(A) the Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. § 2721–2725;

(B) the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, and regulations adopted to implement that act;

(C) the Airline Deregulation Act, Pub. L. No. 95-504, only to the extent that an air carrier collects information related to prices, routes, or services, and only to the extent that the provisions of the Airline Deregulation Act preempt this chapter;

(D) the Farm Credit Act, Pub. L. No. 92-181, as may be amended;

(E) federal policy under 21 U.S.C. § 830 (regulation of listed chemicals and certain machines);

(12) nonpublic personal information that is processed by a financial institution subject to the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, Pub. L. No. 106-102, and regulations adopted to implement that act;

(13) information that originates from, or is intermingled so as to be indistinguishable from, information described in subdivision (12) of this subsection and that a controller or processor collects, processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as is required under the law and regulations specified in subdivision (12) of this subsection;

(14) a financial institution, credit union, independent trust company, broker-dealer, or investment adviser or a financial institution's, credit union's, independent trust company's, broker-dealer's, or investment adviser's affiliate or subsidiary that is only and directly engaged in financial activities, as described in 12 U.S.C. § 1843(k);

(15) a person regulated pursuant to 8 V.S.A. part 3 (chapters 101–165) other than a person that, alone or in combination with another person, establishes and maintains a self-insurance program and that does not otherwise engage in the business of entering into policies of insurance;

(16) a third-party administrator, as that term is defined in the Third Party Administrator Rule adopted pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 9417;

(17) personal data of a victim or witness of child abuse, domestic violence, human trafficking, sexual assault, violent felony, or stalking that a victim services organization collects, processes, or maintains in the course of its operation;

(18) a nonprofit organization that is established to detect and prevent fraudulent acts in connection with insurance;

(19) information that is processed for purposes of compliance, enrollment or degree verification, or research services by a nonprofit organization that is established to provide enrollment data reporting services on behalf of postsecondary schools as that term is defined in 16 V.S.A. § 176; or

(20) noncommercial activity of:

(A) a publisher, editor, reporter, or other person who is connected with or employed by a newspaper, magazine, periodical, newsletter, pamphlet, report, or other publication in general circulation;

(B) a radio or television station that holds a license issued by the Federal Communications Commission;

(C) a nonprofit organization that provides programming to radio or television networks; or

(D) an entity that provides an information service, including a press association or wire service; ~~or~~

~~(21) a public utility subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Utility Commission under 30 V.S.A. § 203, but only until July 1, 2026.~~

Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 2 (public education and outreach), 3 (protection of personal information), 4 (data broker opt-out study), and 8 (study; Vermont Data Privacy Act) shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

(b) Secs. 1 (Vermont Data Privacy Act) and 7 (Age-Appropriate Design Code) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

(c) Secs. 5 (Vermont Data Privacy Act middle applicability threshold) and 11 (utilities exemption repeal) shall take effect on July 1, 2026.

(d) Sec. 9 (private right of action) shall take effect on January 1, 2027.

(e) Sec. 6 (Vermont Data Privacy Act low applicability threshold) shall take effect on July 1, 2027.

(f) Sec. 10 (private right of action repeal) shall take effect on January 1, 2029.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment with further proposals of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and the bill was messaged to the House forthwith.

Appointments Confirmed

Under suspension of the rules (and particularly, Senate Rule 93), as moved by Senator Hardy, the following Gubernatorial appointments were confirmed together as a group by the Senate, without reports given by the Committees to which they were referred and without debate:

Were collectively confirmed by the Senate.

McSoley, John of Essex Junction - Member of the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank - February 1, 2024 to January 31, 2025.

Winters, Deborah of Swanton - Member of the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank - February 1, 2024 to January 31, 2026.

Foley, Jr., Mark of Rutland - Member of the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank
- February 1, 2024 to January 31, 2026.

Snedeker, David of St. Johnsbury - Member of the State Infrastructure Bank
Board - January 15, 2024 to February 28, 2025.

Recess

On motion of Senator Baruth the Senate recessed until 8:30 P.M.

Called to Order

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Message from the House No. 79

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill of the following title:

H. 878. An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures.

And has concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Message from the House No. 80

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered the report of the Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on Senate bill of the following title:

S. 58. An act relating to public safety.

And has adopted the same on its part.

Message from the House No. 81

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to Senate bill of the following title:

S. 195. An act relating to how a defendant's criminal record is considered in imposing conditions of release.

And has concurred therein.

Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and Adopted on the Part of the Senate

S. 58.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to public safety.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Sears, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the House recede from its proposal of amendment and that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Big 12 Juvenile Offenses * * *

Sec. 1. 33 V.S.A. § 5201 is amended to read:

§ 5201. COMMENCEMENT OF DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS

* * *

(c)(1) Any proceeding concerning a child who is alleged to have committed an act specified in subsection 5204(a) of this title after attaining 14 years of age, but not 22 years of age, shall originate in the Criminal Division of the Superior Court, provided that jurisdiction may be transferred in accordance with this chapter and chapter 52A of this title, unless the State's Attorney files the charge directly as a youthful offender petition in the Family Division.

(2)(A) Any proceeding concerning a child who is alleged to have committed one of the following acts after attaining 14 years of age, but not 22 years of age, shall originate in the Criminal Division of the Superior Court, provided that jurisdiction may be transferred in accordance with this chapter

and chapter 52A of this title, unless the State's Attorney files the charge directly as a youthful offender petition in the Family Division:

(i) a violation of a condition of release as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 7559 imposed by the Criminal Division for any of the offenses listed in subsection 5204(a) of this title; or

(ii) a violation of a condition of release as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 7559 imposed by the Criminal Division for an offense that was transferred from the Family Division pursuant to section 5204 of this title.

(B) This subdivision (2) shall not apply to a proceeding that is the subject of a final order accepting the case for youthful offender treatment pursuant to subsection 5281(d) of this title.

(3) Any proceeding concerning a child who is alleged to have committed one of the following acts after attaining 16 years of age, but not 22 years of age, shall originate in the Criminal Division of the Superior Court, provided that jurisdiction may be transferred in accordance with this chapter and chapter 52A of this title, unless the State's Attorney files the charge directly as a youthful offender petition in the Family Division:

(A) using a firearm while committing a felony in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 4005, or an attempt to commit that offense;

(B) trafficking a regulated drug in violation of 18 V.S.A. chapter 84, subchapter 1, or an attempt to commit that offense; or

(C) aggravated stalking as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1063(a)(3), or an attempt to commit that offense.

(d) Any proceeding concerning a child who is alleged to have committed any offense other than those specified in subsection 5204(a) of this title or subdivision (c)(2) or (3) of this section before attaining 19 years of age shall originate in the Family Division of the Superior Court, provided that jurisdiction may be transferred in accordance with this chapter.

* * *

Sec. 1a. 33 V.S.A. § 5203 is amended to read:

§ 5203. TRANSFER FROM OTHER COURTS

(a) If it appears to a Criminal Division of the Superior Court that the defendant was under 19 years of age at the time the offense charged was alleged to have been committed and the offense charged is an offense not specified in subsection 5204(a) or subdivision 5201(c)(2) or (3) of this title, that court shall forthwith transfer the proceeding to the Family Division of the

Superior Court under the authority of this chapter, and the minor shall then be considered to be subject to this chapter as a child charged with a delinquent act.

(b) If it appears to a Criminal Division of the Superior Court that the defendant had attained 14 years of age but not 18 years of age at the time an offense specified in subsection 5204(a) or subdivision 5201(c)(2) or (3) of this title was alleged to have been committed, that court may forthwith transfer the proceeding to the Family Division of the Superior Court under the authority of this chapter, and the minor shall then be considered to be subject to this chapter as a child charged with a delinquent act.

(c) If it appears to the State's Attorney that the defendant was under 19 years of age at the time the felony offense charged was alleged to have been committed and the felony charged is not an offense specified in subsection 5204(a) or subdivision 5201(c)(2) or (3) of this title, the State's Attorney shall file charges in the Family Division of the Superior Court, pursuant to section 5201 of this title. The Family Division may transfer the proceeding to the Criminal Division pursuant to section 5204 of this title.

* * *

Sec. 2. 33 V.S.A. § 5204 is amended to read:

§ 5204. TRANSFER FROM FAMILY DIVISION OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

(a) After a petition has been filed alleging delinquency, upon motion of the State's Attorney and after hearing, the Family Division of the Superior Court may transfer jurisdiction of the proceeding to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court if the child had attained 16 years of age but not 19 years of age at the time the act was alleged to have occurred and the delinquent act set forth in the petition is a felony not specified in subdivisions (1)–(12)(11) of this subsection or if the child had attained 12 years of age but not 14 years of age at the time the act was alleged to have occurred, and if the delinquent act set forth in the petition was any of the following:

* * *

(10) sexual assault as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 3252(a)(1) or (a)(2) or an attempt to commit that offense; or

(11) aggravated sexual assault as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 3253 and aggravated sexual assault of a child as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 3253a or an attempt to commit either of those offenses; or

(12) burglary into an occupied dwelling as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1201(e) or an attempt to commit that offense.

(b)(1) The State's Attorney of the county where the juvenile petition is pending may move in the Family Division of the Superior Court for an order transferring jurisdiction under subsection (a) of this section at any time prior to adjudication on the merits. The filing of the motion to transfer jurisdiction shall automatically stay the time for the hearing provided for in section 5225 of this title, which stay shall remain in effect until such time as the Family Division of the Superior Court may deny the motion to transfer jurisdiction.

(2)(A)(i) The Family Division of the Superior Court shall hold a hearing under subsection (c) of this section to determine whether jurisdiction should be transferred to the Criminal Division under subsection (a) of this section if the delinquent act set forth in the petition is:

(I) ~~a felony violation of 18 V.S.A. chapter 84 for selling or trafficking a regulated drug [Repealed.]~~;

(II) human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2652 or 2653;

(III) defacing a firearm's serial number in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 4024; or

(IV) straw purchasing of firearm in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 4025; and

(ii) the child had attained 16 years of age but not 19 years of age at the time the act was alleged to have occurred.

* * *

* * * Raise the Age * * *

Sec. 3. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 201, Secs. 17–19, are amended to read:

Sec. 17. [Deleted.]

Sec. 18. [Deleted.]

Sec. 19. [Deleted.]

Sec. 4. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 201, Sec. 21, as amended by 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 160, Sec. 1, and 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 23, Sec. 12, is further amended to read:

Sec. 21. EFFECTIVE DATES

* * *

(d) ~~Secs. 17–19 shall take effect on July 1, 2024.~~ [Deleted.]

Sec. 5. 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 124, Secs. 3 and 7 are amended to read:

Sec. 3. [Deleted.]

Sec. 7. [Deleted.]

Sec. 6. 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 124, Sec. 12, as amended by 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 160, Sec. 2, and 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 23, Sec. 13, is further amended to read:

Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) ~~Sees. 3 (33 V.S.A. § 5103(e)) and 7 (33 V.S.A. § 5206) shall take effect on July 1, 2024.~~ [Deleted.]

* * *

Sec. 7. 33 V.S.A. § 5201(d) is amended to read:

(d) Any proceeding concerning a child who is alleged to have committed any offense other than those specified in subsection 5204(a) of this title or subdivision (c)(2) or (3) of this section before attaining 19 20 years of age shall originate in the Family Division of the Superior Court, provided that jurisdiction may be transferred in accordance with this chapter.

Sec. 8. 33 V.S.A. § 5203 is amended to read:

§ 5203. TRANSFER FROM OTHER COURTS

(a) If it appears to a Criminal Division of the Superior Court that the defendant was under 19 20 years of age at the time the offense charged was alleged to have been committed and the offense charged is an offense not specified in subsection 5204(a) or subdivision 5201(c)(2) or (3) of this title, that court shall forthwith transfer the proceeding to the Family Division of the Superior Court under the authority of this chapter, and the minor shall then be considered to be subject to this chapter as a child charged with a delinquent act.

* * *

(c) If it appears to the State's Attorney that the defendant was under 19 20 years of age at the time the felony offense charged was alleged to have been committed and the felony charged is not an offense specified in subsection 5204(a) or subdivision 5201(c)(2) or (3) of this title, the State's Attorney shall file charges in the Family Division of the Superior Court, pursuant to section 5201 of this title. The Family Division may transfer the proceeding to the Criminal Division pursuant to section 5204 of this title.

* * *

Sec. 9. 33 V.S.A. § 5204 is amended to read:

§ 5204. TRANSFER FROM FAMILY DIVISION OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

(a) After a petition has been filed alleging delinquency, upon motion of the State's Attorney and after hearing, the Family Division of the Superior Court may transfer jurisdiction of the proceeding to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court if the child had attained 16 years of age but not ~~19~~ 20 years of age at the time the act was alleged to have occurred and the delinquent act set forth in the petition is a felony not specified in subdivisions (1)–(11) of this subsection or if the child had attained 12 years of age but not 14 years of age at the time the act was alleged to have occurred, and if the delinquent act set forth in the petition was any of the following:

* * *

Sec. 10. 33 V.S.A. § 5103(c) is amended to read:

(c)(1) Except as otherwise provided by this title and by subdivision (2) of this subsection, jurisdiction over a child shall not be extended beyond the child's 18th birthday.

(2)(A) Jurisdiction over a child with a delinquency may be extended until six months beyond the child's:

(i) 19th birthday if the child was 16 or 17 years of age when ~~he or~~ she the child committed the offense; ~~or~~

(ii) 20th birthday if the child was 18 years of age when ~~he or~~ she the child committed the offense; ~~or~~

(iii) 21st birthday if the child was 19 years of age when the child committed the offense.

* * *

Sec. 11. 33 V.S.A. § 5206 is amended to read:

§ 5206. CITATION OF 16- TO ~~18~~-YEAR OLDS 19-YEAR-OLDS

(a)(1) If a child was over 16 years of age and under ~~19~~ 20 years of age at the time the offense was alleged to have been committed and the offense is not specified in subsection (b) of this section, law enforcement shall cite the child to the Family Division of the Superior Court.

* * *

Sec. 12. BIMONTHLY PROGRESS REPORTS TO JOINT LEGISLATIVE JUSTICE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

(a) On or before the last day of every other month from July 2024 through March 2025, the Agency of Human Services shall report to the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee, the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary, the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions, the House Committee on Human Services, and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare on its progress toward implementing the requirement of Secs. 7–11 of this act that the Raise the Age initiative take effect on April 1, 2025. The progress reports required by this section shall describe progress toward implementation of the Raise the Age initiative, as measured by qualitative and quantitative data related to the following priorities:

- (1) establishing a secure residential facility;
 - (2) expanding capacity for nonresidential treatment programs to provide community-based services;
 - (3) ensuring that residential treatment programs are used appropriately and to their full potential;
 - (4) expanding capacity for Balanced and Restorative Justice (BARJ) contracts;
 - (5) expanding capacity for the provision of services to children with developmental disabilities;
 - (6) establishing a stabilization program for children who are experiencing a mental health crisis;
 - (7) enhancing long-term treatment for children;
 - (8) programming to help children, particularly 18- and 19-year-olds, transition from youth to adulthood;
 - (9) developing district-specific data and information on family services workforce development, including turnover, retention, and vacancy rates; times needed to fill open positions; training opportunities and needs; and instituting a positive culture for employees;
 - (10) installation of a comprehensive child welfare information system; and
 - (11) plans for and measures taken to secure funding for the goals listed in this section.
- (b) Failure to meet one or more of the progress report elements listed in subsection (a) of this section shall not be a basis for extending the implementation of the Raise the Age initiative beyond April 1, 2025.

* * * Drug Crimes * * *

Sec. 13. 18 V.S.A. § 4201 is amended to read:

§ 4201. DEFINITIONS

* * *

(29) “Regulated drug” means:

- (A) a narcotic drug;
- (B) a depressant or stimulant drug, other than methamphetamine;
- (C) a hallucinogenic drug;
- (D) Ecstasy;
- (E) cannabis; or
- (F) methamphetamine; or
- (G) xylazine.

* * *

(48) “Fentanyl” means any quantity of fentanyl, including any compound, mixture, or preparation including salts, isomers, or salts of isomers containing fentanyl. “Fentanyl” also means fentanyl-related substances as defined in rules adopted by the Department of Health pursuant to section 4202 of this title.

(49) “Xylazine” means any compound, mixture, or preparation including salts, isomers, or salts of isomers containing N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-1,3-thiazin-2-amine.

Sec. 14. 18 V.S.A. § 4233a is amended to read:

§ 4233a. FENTANYL

(a) Selling or dispensing.

(1) A person knowingly and unlawfully dispensing fentanyl shall be imprisoned not more than three years or fined not more than \$75,000.00, or both. A person knowingly and unlawfully selling fentanyl shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$100,000.00, or both.

(2) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling or dispensing fentanyl in an amount consisting of four milligrams or more of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances containing fentanyl shall be imprisoned not more than 10 years or fined not more than \$250,000.00, or both.

(3) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling or dispensing fentanyl in an amount consisting of 20 milligrams or more of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances containing fentanyl shall be imprisoned not more than 20 years or fined not more than \$1,000,000.00, or both.

(4) In lieu of a charge under this subsection, but in addition to any other penalties provided by law, a person knowingly and unlawfully selling or dispensing any regulated drug containing a detectable amount of fentanyl shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$250,000.00, or both.

(b) Trafficking. A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing fentanyl in an amount consisting of 70 milligrams or more of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances containing fentanyl with the intent to sell or dispense the fentanyl shall be imprisoned not more than 30 years or fined not more than \$1,000,000.00, or both. There shall be a permissive inference that a person who possesses fentanyl in an amount of 70 milligrams or more of one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances containing fentanyl intends to sell or dispense the fentanyl. The amount of possessed fentanyl under this subsection to sustain a charge of conspiracy under 13 V.S.A. § 1404 shall be not less than 70 milligrams in the aggregate.

(c) Transportation into the State. In addition to any other penalties provided by law, a person knowingly and unlawfully transporting more than 20 milligrams of fentanyl into Vermont with the intent to sell or dispense the fentanyl shall be imprisoned not more than 10 years or fined not more than \$100,000.00, or both.

(d) As used in this section, “knowingly” means:

(1) the defendant had actual knowledge that one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances contained the regulated drug identified in the applicable section of this chapter; or

(2) the defendant:

(A) was aware that there is a high probability that one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances contained the regulated drug identified in the applicable section of this chapter; and

(B) took deliberate actions to avoid learning that one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances contained the regulated drug identified in the applicable section of this chapter.

Sec. 15. 18 V.S.A. § 4234 is amended to read:

§ 4234. DEPRESSANT, STIMULANT, AND NARCOTIC DRUGS

(a) Possession.

(1)(A) Except as provided by subdivision (B) of this subdivision (1), a person knowingly and unlawfully possessing a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, other than heroin or cocaine, shall be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.

(B) A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing 224 milligrams or less of buprenorphine shall not be punished in accordance with subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1).

(2) A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, other than heroin or cocaine, consisting of 100 times a benchmark unlawful dosage or its equivalent shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$25,000.00, or both.

(3) A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, other than heroin or cocaine, consisting of 1,000 times a benchmark unlawful dosage or its equivalent shall be imprisoned not more than 10 years or fined not more than \$100,000.00, or both.

(4) A person knowingly and unlawfully possessing a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, other than heroin or cocaine, consisting of 10,000 times a benchmark unlawful dosage or its equivalent shall be imprisoned not more than 20 years or fined not more than \$500,000.00, or both.

(b) Selling or dispensing.

(1) A person knowingly and unlawfully dispensing a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, other than fentanyl, heroin, or cocaine, shall be imprisoned not more than three years or fined not more than \$75,000.00, or both. A person knowingly and unlawfully selling a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, other than fentanyl, cocaine, or heroin, shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$25,000.00, or both.

(2) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling or dispensing a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, other than fentanyl, heroin, or cocaine, consisting of 100 times a benchmark unlawful dosage or its equivalent shall be imprisoned not more than 10 years or fined not more than \$100,000.00, or both.

(3) A person knowingly and unlawfully selling or dispensing a depressant, stimulant, or narcotic drug, other than fentanyl, heroin, or cocaine, consisting of 1,000 times a benchmark unlawful dosage or its equivalent shall be imprisoned not more than 20 years or fined not more than \$500,000.00, or both.

(4) As used in this subsection, "knowingly" means:

(A) the defendant had actual knowledge that one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances contained the regulated drug identified in the applicable section of this chapter; or

(B) the defendant:

(i) was aware that there is a high probability that one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances contained the regulated drug identified in the applicable section of this chapter; and

(ii) took deliberate actions to avoid learning that one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances contained the regulated drug identified in the applicable section of this chapter.

(c) Possession of buprenorphine by a person under 21 years of age.

(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, a person under 21 years of age who knowingly and unlawfully possesses 224 milligrams or less of buprenorphine commits a civil violation and shall be subject to the provisions of section 4230b of this title.

(2) A person under 16 years of age who knowingly and unlawfully possesses 224 milligrams or less of buprenorphine commits a delinquent act and shall be subject to the provisions of section 4230j of this title.

Sec. 16. 18 V.S.A. § 4233b is added to read:

§ 4233b. XYLAZINE

(a) No person shall dispense or sell xylazine except as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) The following are permitted activities related to xylazine:

(1) dispensing or prescribing for, or administration to, a nonhuman species a drug containing xylazine approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services pursuant to section 512 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act as provided in 21 U.S.C. § 360b;

(2) dispensing or prescribing for, or administration to, a nonhuman species permissible pursuant to section 512(a)(4) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act as provided in 21 U.S.C. § 360b(a)(4);

(3) manufacturing, distribution, or use of xylazine as an active pharmaceutical ingredient for manufacturing an animal drug approved under section 512 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act as provided in 21 U.S.C. § 360b or issued an investigation use exemption pursuant to section 512(j);

(4) manufacturing, distribution, or use of a xylazine bulk chemical for pharmaceutical compounding by licensed pharmacists or veterinarians; and

(5) any other use approved or permissible under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

(c) A person knowingly and unlawfully dispensing xylazine shall be imprisoned not more than three years or fined not more than \$75,000.00, or both. A person knowingly and unlawfully selling xylazine shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$100,000.00, or both.

(d) As used in this section, "knowingly" means:

(1) the defendant had actual knowledge that one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances contained xylazine; or

(2) the defendant:

(A) was aware that there is a high probability that one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances contained xylazine; and

(B) took deliberate actions to avoid learning that one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances contained xylazine.

Sec. 17. 18 V.S.A. § 4250 is amended to read:

§ 4250. SELLING OR DISPENSING A REGULATED DRUG WITH DEATH RESULTING

(a) If the death of a person results from the selling or dispensing of a regulated drug to the person in violation of this chapter, the person convicted of the violation shall be imprisoned not less than two years nor more than 20 years.

(b) This section shall apply only if the person's use of the regulated drug is the proximate cause of his or her the person's death. The fact that a dispensed or sold substance contains more than one regulated drug shall not be a defense under this section if the proximate cause of death is the use of the dispensed or sold substance containing more than one regulated drug.

(c)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the two-year minimum term of imprisonment required by this section shall be served and may not be suspended, deferred, or served as a supervised sentence. The defendant shall not be eligible for probation, parole, furlough, or any other type of early release until the expiration of the two-year term of imprisonment.

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the court may impose a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment or that

includes a term of imprisonment of less than two years if the court makes findings on the record that the sentence will serve the interests of justice.

Sec. 17a. VERNONT SENTENCING COMMISSION; PERMISSIVE INFERENCE

Not later than October 15, 2024, the Vermont Sentencing Commission shall make a recommendation to the General Assembly whether in 18 V.S.A. § 4250, selling or dispensing with death resulting, there should be a permissive inference that the proximate cause of death is the person's use of the regulated drug if the regulated drug contains fentanyl.

Sec. 18. 18 V.S.A. § 4252a is added to read:

§ 4252a. UNLAWFUL DRUG ACTIVITY IN A DWELLING; FLASH CITATION

(a) Except for good cause shown, a person cited or arrested for dispensing or selling a regulated drug in violation of this chapter shall be arraigned on the next business day after the citation or arrest if the alleged illegal activity occurred at a dwelling where the person is not a legal tenant.

(b) Unless the person is held without bail for another offense, the State's Attorney may request conditions of release. The court may include as a condition of release that the person is prohibited from coming within a fixed distance of the dwelling.

Sec. 19. 18 V.S.A. § 4254(j) is added to read:

(j) To encourage persons to seek medical assistance for someone who is experiencing an overdose, the Department of Health, in partnership with entities that provide education, outreach, and services regarding substance use disorder, shall engage in continuous efforts to publicize the immunity protections provided in this section.

* * * Report * * *

Sec. 20. WORKING GROUP ON TRANSFERS OF JUVENILE PROCEEDINGS FROM THE FAMILY DIVISION TO THE CRIMINAL DIVISION

(a) On or before December 15, 2025, a joint report on options for creating an expedited process for transfers of juvenile proceedings from the Family Division of the Superior Court to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court shall be submitted to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary by a working group composed of the following parties:

(1) the Chief Superior Judge or designee, who shall be chair of the working group;

- (2) the Defender General or designee;
 - (3) the Executive Director of the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs or designee; and
 - (4) the Commissioner for Children and Families or designee.
- (b) The report required by this section may be in the form of proposed legislation and shall include recommendations on the following topics:
- (1) the changes in law that would be necessary if the Vermont juvenile justice system were restructured so that all cases alleging criminal violations by youths under 19 years of age started in the Family Division of the Superior Court, including alleged violations of 33 V.S.A. §§ 5204(a) and 5201(c)(2) or (3);
 - (2) whether cases alleging criminal violations by youths under 20 years of age should also begin in the Family Division; and
 - (3) statutory options for creating an expedited court process for more serious offenses that would permit transfer of proceedings from the Family Division of the Superior Court to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court without requiring the full transfer hearing process of 33 V.S.A. § 5204, including the offenses and offender age ranges that would qualify for the expedited process.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 21. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) Secs. 1–6, 12–20, and this section shall take effect on July 1, 2024.
- (b) Secs. 7–11 shall take effect on April 1, 2025.

*RICHARD W. SEARS
NADER A. HASHIM
ROBERT W. NORRIS
Committee on the part of the Senate*
*MARTIN J. LALONDE
JOSEPH ANDRIANO
THOMAS B. BURDITT
Committee on the part of the House*

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative, on a roll call, Yeas 24, Nays 3.

Senator Sears having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Baruth, Bray, Brock, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Collamore, Cummings, Hardy, Hashim, Lyons, MacDonald, McCormack, Norris, Perchlik, Ram Hinsdale, Sears, Starr, Watson, Weeks, Westman, White, Williams, Wrenner.

Those Senators who voted in the negative were: Gulick, Ingalls, Vyhovsky.

Those Senators absent and not voting were: Harrison, Kitchel.

**Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of
Amendment Concurred In**

H. 878.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment thereto as follows:

By striking out Sec. 49 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof new Sec. 49 to read as follows:

Sec. 49. [Deleted.]

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Action Messaged

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the action on the following bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith:

S. 58

Rules Suspended; Bill Messaged

On motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the following bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith:

H. 878.

Recess

On motion of Senator Baruth the Senate recessed until 10:10 P.M.

Called to Order

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Message from the House No. 82

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered the report of the Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on Senate bill of the following title:

S. 204. An act relating to supporting Vermont's young readers through evidence-based literacy instruction.

And has adopted the same on its part.

Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and Adopted on the Part of the Senate; Rules Suspend; Action Messaged**S. 204.**

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to supporting Vermont's young readers through evidence-based literacy instruction.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Gulick, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the House recede from its proposal of amendment and that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Findings * * *

Sec. 1. FINDINGS**The General Assembly finds that:**

(1) In its December 2023 report to the General Assembly, the Advisory Council on Literacy found the following:

(A) Explicit and systematic instruction on code-based and comprehension-based reading skills and needs-based support are the most effective literacy practices for the early grades.

(B) A strong focus is needed on phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension for all students, and needs-based tiers and layers of support are critical for struggling learners.

(2) Reading instruction is interwoven into the principles of creating culturally responsive and inclusive environments for all students. The availability and use of texts that are culturally relevant and representative of historically underrepresented voices is critical to ensure that all students can connect their experiences to the text they are reading.

* * * Reading Assessment and Intervention * * *

Sec. 2. 16 V.S.A. § 2907 is added to read:

§ 2907. KINDERGARTEN THROUGH GRADE-THREE READING ASSESSMENT AND INTERVENTION

(a) The Agency of Education shall review and publish guidance on universal reading screeners based on established criteria that are based on technical adequacy, attention to linguistic diversity, administrative usability, and valid measures of the developmental skills in early literacy, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The Agency shall include in its guidance instances in which schools can leverage assessments that meet overlapping requirements and guidelines to maximize the use of assessments that provide the necessary data to understand student needs while minimizing the number of assessments used and the disruption of instructional time.

(b) Each public and approved independent school that is eligible to receive public tuition shall screen all students in kindergarten through grade three, at least annually, using age and grade-level appropriate universal reading screeners. The universal screeners shall be given in accordance with best practices and the technical specifications of the specific screener used.

(c)(1) If such screenings determine that a student is significantly below relevant benchmarks as determined by the screener's guidelines for age-level or grade-level typical development in specific literacy skills, the school shall determine which actions within the general education program will meet the student's needs, including differentiated or supplementary evidence-based reading instruction and ongoing monitoring of progress. Within 30 calendar days following a screening result that is significantly below the relevant benchmarks, the school shall inform the student's parent or guardian of the screening results and the school's response.

(2) Additional diagnostic assessment and evidence-based curriculum and instruction for students demonstrating a substantial deficit in reading or dyslexia characteristics shall be determined by data-informed decision making within existing processes in accordance with required federal and State law.

(d) Evidence-based reading instructional practices, programs, or interventions provided pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall be effective, explicit, systematic, and consistent with federal and State guidance and shall address the foundational concepts of literacy proficiency, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.

(e)(1) Each supervisory union and approved independent school that is eligible to receive public tuition shall annually report to the Agency, in a format prescribed by the Agency, the following information and prior year performance, by school:

(A) the number and percentage of students in kindergarten through grade three performing below proficiency on local and statewide reading assessments, as applicable; and

(B) the universal reading screeners utilized.

(2) The Agency shall provide guidance to supervisory unions and approved independent schools that are eligible to receive public tuition on whether, and if so, how, the data provided pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection may be disaggregated based on poverty, the provision of special education services, or any other category the Agency deems relevant to understanding the status of the State's progress to improve literacy learning.

(f) On or before January 15 of each year, the Agency shall issue a written report to the Governor and the Senate and House Committees on Education on the status of State progress to improve literacy learning. The report shall include the information required pursuant to subdivision (e)(1) of this section.

Sec. 3. PARENTAL NOTIFICATION; AGENCY OF EDUCATION RECOMMENDATIONS

On or before November 1, 2024, the Agency of Education shall develop and issue recommendations for the substance and form of the parental or guardian notification required under 16 V.S.A. § 2907(c). The Agency's recommendations shall be consistent with applicable State and federal law as well as legislative intent.

Sec. 4. REVIEWED READING SCREENERS; AGENCY OF EDUCATION; REPORT

On or before January 15, 2025, the Agency of Education shall submit a written report to the Senate and House Committees on Education with a list of

the reviewed screening instruments it has published pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 2907. The Agency shall include any information it deems relevant to provide an understanding of the list of reviewed screening instruments.

Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 2903 is amended to read:

§ 2903. PREVENTING EARLY SCHOOL FAILURE; READING INSTRUCTION

(a) Statement of policy. The ability to read is critical to success in learning. Children who fail to read by the end of the first grade will likely fall further behind in school. The personal and economic costs of reading failure are enormous both while the student remains in school and long afterward. All students need to receive systematic and explicit evidence-based reading instruction in the early grades from a teacher who is skilled in teaching the foundational components of reading through a variety of instructional strategies that take into account the different learning styles and language backgrounds of the students, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. Some students may Students who require intensive supplemental instruction tailored to the unique difficulties encountered shall be provided those additional supports by an appropriately trained education professional.

(b) Foundation for literacy.

(1) The State Board Agency of Education, in collaboration with the State Board of Education, the Agency of Human Services, higher education, literacy organizations, and others, shall develop a plan for establishing a comprehensive system of services for early education in the first three grades public schools that offer instruction in grades kindergarten through grade three to ensure that all students learn to read by the end of the third grade. The plan shall be updated at least once every five years following its initial submission in 1998.

(2) Approved independent schools that are eligible to receive public tuition shall develop a grade-level appropriate school literacy plan that is informed by student needs and assessment data. The plan may include identification of a literacy vision, goals, and priorities and shall address the following topics:

(A) measures and indicators;

(B) screening, assessment, instruction and intervention, and progress monitoring, consistent with section 2907 of this title; and

(C) professional learning activities consistent with section 1710 of this title.

(c) Reading instruction. A public school or approved independent school that is eligible to receive public tuition that offers instruction in grades kindergarten, one, two, or three shall provide highly effective, research-based systematic and explicit evidence-based reading instruction to all students. In addition, a school such schools shall provide:

(1) supplemental reading instruction to any enrolled student in grade four whose reading proficiency falls below third grade reading expectations, as defined under subdivision 164(9) of this title; proficiency standards for the student's grade level or whose reading proficiency prevents progress in school.

(2) supplemental reading instruction to any enrolled student in grades 5-12 whose reading proficiency creates a barrier to the student's success in school; and

(3) Schools shall provide support and information to the parents and legal guardians of such students regarding the student's current level of reading proficiency, which shall be based on valid and reliable assessments.

Sec. 6. LITERACY PLAN IMPLEMENTATION; APPROVED INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS

All approved independent schools that are eligible to receive public tuition shall develop a grade-level appropriate school literacy plan pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 2903(b)(2) on or before January 1, 2025.

* * * Literacy Professional Development * * *

Sec. 7. 16 V.S.A. § 1710 is added to read:

§ 1710. LITERACY PROFESSIONAL LEARNING

(a) Each supervisory union and each approved independent school that is eligible to receive public tuition shall provide professional learning activities to kindergarten through grade-three educators, to include all teachers and administrators, on implementing a reading screening assessment, interpreting the results, determining instructional practices for students, and communicating with families regarding screening results in a supportive way. The instructional practices, programs, or interventions included in the professional learning activities provided pursuant to this section shall be evidence-based, effective, explicit, systematic, and consistent with federal and State guidance and shall incorporate the foundational concepts of literacy proficiency, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.

(b) Each supervisory union and approved independent school that is eligible to receive public tuition shall maintain a record of completion of professional learning consistent with this section.

Sec. 8. RESULTS-ORIENTED PROGRAM APPROVAL

(a) On or before July 1, 2025, the Agency of Education shall submit recommendations to the Vermont Standards Board for Professional Educators on how to strengthen educator preparation programs' teaching of evidence-based literacy practices. The Agency shall also simultaneously communicate its recommendations to Vermont's educator preparation programs and submit its recommendations in writing to the Senate and House Committees on Education.

(b) On or before July 1, 2026, the Vermont Standards Board for Professional Educators shall consider the Agency's recommendations pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and, as appropriate, update the educator preparation requirements in Agency of Education, Licensing of Educators and the Preparation of Educational Professionals (5000) (CVR 022-000-010).

(c) As part of its review under subsection (a) of this section, the Agency shall make recommendations to the Vermont Standards Board for Professional Educators regarding whether an additional mandatory examination is needed to assess candidates for educator licensure skills in mathematics and English language arts fundamentals, as well as candidates' understanding of the importance of evidence-based approaches to literacy and numeracy, beyond the requirements in Agency of Education, Licensing of Educators and the Preparation of Educational Professionals (5000) (CVR 022-000-010) in effect during the period of the Agency's review.

* * * Advisory Council on Literacy * * *

Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 2903a is amended to read:**§ 2903a. ADVISORY COUNCIL ON LITERACY**

(a) Creation. There is created the Advisory Council on Literacy. The Council shall advise the Agency of Education, the State Board of Education, and the General Assembly on how to improve proficiency outcomes in literacy for students in prekindergarten through grade 12 and how to sustain those outcomes.

(b) Membership. The Council shall be composed of the following 16 19 members:

(1) eight 10 members who shall serve as ex officio members:

(A) the Secretary of Education or designee;

(B) a member of the Standards Board for Professional Educators who is knowledgeable in licensing requirements for teaching literacy, appointed by the Standards Board;

(C) the Executive Director of the Vermont Superintendents Association or designee;

(D) the Executive Director of the Vermont School Boards Association or designee;

(E) the Executive Director of the Vermont Council of Special Education Administrators or designee;

(F) the Executive Director of the Vermont Principals' Association or designee;

(G) the Executive Director of the Vermont Independent Schools Association or designee; and

(H) the Executive Director of the Vermont-National Education Association or designee; and

(I) the State Librarian or designee; and

(J) the Executive Director of the Vermont Curriculum Leaders Association or designee; and

(2) eight seven members who shall serve two-year terms:

(A) ~~a representative appointed by the Vermont Curriculum Leaders Association; [Repealed.]~~

(B) three teachers, appointed by the Vermont-National Education Association, who teach literacy, one of whom shall be a special education literacy teacher and two of whom shall teach literacy to students in prekindergarten through grade three;

(C) three community members who have struggled with literacy proficiency or supported others who have struggled with literacy proficiency, one of whom shall be a high school student, appointed by the Agency of Education in consultation with the Vermont Family Network; and

(D) one member appointed by the Agency of Education who has expertise in working with students with dyslexia; and

(3) two faculty members of approved educator preparation programs located in Vermont, one of whom shall be employed by a private college or university, appointed by the Agency of Education in consultation with the Association of Vermont Independent Colleges, and one of whom shall be employed by a public college or university, appointed by the Agency of Education in consultation with the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College and the Vermont State Colleges Corporation.

(d) Powers and duties. The Council shall advise the ~~Agency~~ Secretary of Education, the State Board of Education, and the General Assembly on how to improve proficiency outcomes in literacy for students in prekindergarten through grade 12 and how to sustain those outcomes and shall:

(1) advise the ~~Agency~~ Secretary on how to:

(A) update section 2903 of this title;

(B) implement the statewide literacy plan required by section 2903 of this title and whether, based on its implementation, changes should be made to the plan; and

(C) maintain the statewide literacy plan;

(2) advise the ~~Agency~~ Secretary on what services the Agency should provide to school districts to support implementation of the plan and on staffing levels and resources needed at the Agency to support the statewide effort to improve literacy;

(3) develop a plan for collecting literacy-related data that informs:

(A) literacy instructional practices;

(B) teacher professional development in the field of literacy;

(C) what proficiencies and other skills should be measured through literacy assessments and how those literacy assessments are incorporated into local assessment plans; and

(D) how to identify school progress in achieving literacy outcomes, including closing literacy gaps for students from historically underserved populations;

(4) recommend evidence-based best practices for Tier 1, Tier 2, and Tier 3 literacy instruction within the multilevel system of supports required under section 2902 of this title to best improve and sustain literacy proficiency; and

(5) review literacy assessments and outcomes and provide ongoing advice as to how to continuously improve those outcomes and sustain that improvement.

* * *

(f) Meetings.

(1) The Secretary of Education shall call the first meeting of the Council to occur on or before August 1, 2021.

(2) The Council shall select a chair from among its members.

(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(4) The Council shall meet not more than eight four times per year.

(g) Assistance. The Council shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Education.

(h) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Council shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than eight four meetings of the Council per year.

Sec. 10. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 28, Sec. 7 is amended to read:

Sec. 7. REPEAL; ADVISORY COUNCIL ON LITERACY

16 V.S.A. § 2903a (Advisory Council on Literacy) as added by this act is repealed on June 30, 2024 2027.

* * * Agency of Education Literacy Position * * *

Sec. 11. POSITION; AGENCY OF EDUCATION; LITERACY

In fiscal year 2025, the conversion of one limited service position created in 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 28, Sec. 4, to one classified permanent status position within the Agency of Education is authorized. The position shall provide support to the Agency in its evidence-based literacy work.

* * * Expanding Early Childhood Literacy Resources * * *

Sec. 12. EXPANDING EARLY CHILDHOOD LITERACY RESOURCES; REPORT

On or before January 15, 2025, the Department of Libraries shall submit a written report to the Senate and House Committees on Education with recommendations for expanding access to early childhood literacy resources with a focus on options that target low-income or underserved areas of the State. Options considered shall include State or local partnership with or financial support for book gifting programs, book distribution programs, and any other compelling avenue for supporting early childhood literacy in Vermont.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that Sec. 7 (16 V.S.A. § 1710; literacy professional development) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

BRIAN A. CAMPION

MARTINE LAROCQUE GULICK

DAVID H. WEEKS

Committee on the part of the Senate

*ERIN BRADY
JANA BROWN
CHRISTOPHER TAYLOR
Committee on the part of the House*

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and action on the bill was messaged to the House forthwith.

Recess

On motion of Senator Baruth, the Senate recessed until 11:00 P.M.

Called to Order

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Message from the House No. 83

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill of the following title:

H. 887. An act relating to homestead property tax yields, nonhomestead rates, and policy changes to education finance and taxation.

And has concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

**Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of
Amendment Concurred In; Rules Suspended; Bill Messaged**

H. 887.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended and House bill entitled:

An act relating to homestead property tax yields, nonhomestead rates, and policy changes to education finance and taxation.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House concurs in the Senate proposal of amendment with further amendment thereto by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. THE COMMISSION ON THE FUTURE OF PUBLIC EDUCATION; REPORTS

(a) Creation. There is hereby created the Commission on the Future of Public Education in Vermont. The right to education is fundamental for the success of Vermont's children in a rapidly changing society and global marketplace as well as for the State's own economic and social prosperity. The Commission shall study the provision of education in Vermont and make recommendations for a statewide vision for Vermont's public education system to ensure that all students are afforded substantially equal educational opportunities in an efficient, sustainable, and stable education system. The Commission shall also make recommendations for the strategic policy changes necessary to make Vermont's educational vision a reality for all Vermont students.

(b) Membership. The Commission shall be composed of the following members and, to the extent possible, the members shall represent the State's geographic, gender, racial, and ethnic diversity:

- (1) the Secretary of Education or designee;
- (2) the Chair of the State Board of Education or designee;
- (3) the Tax Commissioner or designee;
- (4) one current member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House;
- (5) one current member of the Senate, appointed by the Committee on Committees;
- (6) one representative from the Vermont School Boards Association (VSBA), appointed by the VSBA Executive Director;
- (7) one representative from the Vermont Principals' Association (VPA), appointed by the VPA Executive Director;
- (8) one representative from the Vermont Superintendents Association (VSA), appointed by the VSA Executive Director;
- (9) one representative from the Vermont National Education Association (VTNEA), appointed by the VTNEA Executive Director;
- (10) one representative from the Vermont Association of School Business Officials (VASBO) with experience in school construction projects, appointed by the President of VASBO;
- (11) the Chair of the Census-Based Funding Advisory Group, created under 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173;

(12) the Executive Director of the Vermont Rural Education Collaborative; and

(13) one representative from the Vermont Independent Schools Association (VISA), appointed by the President of VISA.

(c) Steering group. On or before July 1, 2024, the Speaker of the House shall appoint two members of the Commission, the Committee on Committees shall appoint two members of the Commission, and the Governor shall appoint two members of the Commission to serve as members of a steering group. The steering group shall provide leadership to the Commission and shall work with a consultant or consultants to analyze the issues, challenges, and opportunities facing Vermont's public education system, as well as develop and propose a work plan to formalize the process through which the Commission shall seek to achieve its final recommendations. The formal work plan shall be approved by a majority of the Commission members. The steering group shall form a subcommittee of the Commission to address education finance topics in greater depth and may form one or more additional subcommittees of the Commission to address other key topics in greater depth, as necessary. The steering group may appoint non-Commission members to the education finance subcommittee. All other subcommittees shall be composed solely of Commission members.

(d) Collaboration and information review.

(1) The Commission shall seek input from and collaborate with key stakeholders, as directed by the steering group. At a minimum, the Commission shall consult with:

(A) the Department of Mental Health;

(B) the Department of Labor;

(C) the President of the University of Vermont or designee;

(D) the Chancellor of the Vermont State Colleges Corporation or designee;

(E) a representative from the Prekindergarten Education Implementation Committee;

(F) the Office of Racial Equity;

(G) a representative with expertise in the Community Schools model in Vermont;

(H) the Vermont Youth Council;

(I) the Commission on Public School Employee Health Benefits; and

(J) an organization committed to ensuring equal representation and educational equity.

(2) The Commission shall also review and take into consideration existing educational laws and policy, including legislative reports the Commission deems relevant to its work and, at a minimum, 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 46, 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 127, and 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 76.

(e) Duties of the Commission. The Commission shall study Vermont's public education system and make recommendations to ensure all students are afforded quality educational opportunities in an efficient, sustainable, and equitable education system that will enable students to achieve the highest academic outcomes. The result of the Commission's work shall be a recommendation for a statewide vision for Vermont's public education system, with recommendations for the policy changes necessary to make Vermont's educational vision a reality. In creating and making its recommendations, the Commission shall engage in the following:

(1) Public engagement. The Commission shall conduct not fewer than 14 public meetings to inform the work required under this section. At least one meeting of the Commission as a whole or a subcommittee of the Commission shall be held in each county. The Commission shall publish a draft of its final recommendations on or before October 1, 2025, solicit public feedback, and incorporate such feedback into its final recommendations. When submitting its final recommendations to the General Assembly, the Commission shall include all public feedback received as an addendum to its final report. The public feedback process shall include:

(A) a minimum 30-day public comment period, during which time the Commission shall accept written comments from the public and stakeholders; and

(B) a public outreach plan that maximizes public engagement and includes notice of the availability of language assistance services when requested.

(2) Policy considerations. In developing its recommendations, the Commission shall consider and prioritize the following topics:

(A) Governance, resources, and administration. The Commission shall study and make recommendations regarding education governance at the State level, including the role of the Agency of Education in the provision of services and support for the education system. Recommendations under this subdivision (A) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(i) whether changes need to be made to the structure of the Agency of Education, including whether it better serves the recommended education vision of the State as an agency or a department;

(ii) what are the staffing needs of the Agency of Education;

(iii) whether changes need to be made to the composition, role, and function of the State Board of Education to better serve the recommended education vision of the State;

(iv) what roles, functions, or decisions should be a function of local control and what roles, functions, or decisions should be a function of control at the State level; and

(v) the effective integration of career and technical education in the recommended education vision of the State.

(B) Physical size and footprint of the education system. The Commission shall study and make recommendations regarding how the unique geographical and socioeconomic needs of different communities should factor into the provision of education in Vermont, taking into account and building upon the recommendations of the State Aid to School Construction Working Group. Recommendations under this subdivision (B) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(i) an analysis and recommendation for the most efficient and effective number and location of school buildings, school districts, and supervisory unions needed to achieve Vermont's vision for education, provided that if there is a recommendation for any change, the recommendation shall include an implementation plan;

(ii) an analysis of the capacity and ability to staff all public schools with a qualified workforce, driven by data on class-size recommendations;

(iii) analysis of whether, and if so, how, collaboration with Vermont's postsecondary schools may support the development and retention of a qualified educator workforce;

(iv) an analysis of the current town tuition program and whether, and if so, what, changes are necessary to meet Vermont's vision for education, including the legal and financial impact of funding independent schools and other private institutions, including consideration of the following:

(I) the role designation, under 16 V.S.A. § 827, should play in the delivery of public education; and

(II) the financial impact to the Education Fund of public dollars being used in schools located outside Vermont; and

(v) an analysis of the current use of private therapeutic schools in the provision of special education services and whether, and if so, what, changes are necessary to meet Vermont's special education needs, including the legal and financial impact of funding private therapeutic schools.

(C) The role of public schools. The Commission shall study and make recommendations regarding the role public schools should play in both the provision of education and the social and emotional well-being of students. Recommendations under this subdivision (C) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(i) how public education in Vermont should be delivered;

(ii) whether Vermont's vision for public education shall include the provision of wraparound supports and collocation of services;

(iii) whether, and if so, how, collaboration with Vermont's postsecondary schools may support and strengthen the delivery of public education; and

(iv) what the consequences are for the Commission's recommendations regarding the role of public schools and other service providers, including what the role of public schools means for staffing, funding, and any other affected system, with the goal of most efficiently utilizing State funds and services and maximizing federal funding.

(D) Education finance system. The Commission shall explore the efficacy and potential equity gains of changes to the education finance system, including weighted educational opportunity payments as a method to fund public education. The Commission's recommendations shall be intended to result in an education funding system designed to afford substantially equal access to a quality basic education for all Vermont students in accordance with *State v. Brigham*, 166 Vt. 246 (1997). Recommendations under this subdivision (D) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(i) allowable uses for the Education Fund that shall ensure sustainable and equitable use of State funds;

(ii) the method for setting tax rates to sustain allowable uses of the Education Fund;

(iii) whether, and if so, what, alternative funding models would create a more affordable, sustainable, and equitable education finance system in Vermont, including the consideration of a statutory, formal base amount of

per pupil education spending and whether school districts should be allowed to spend above the base amount;

(iv) adjustments to the excess spending threshold, including recommendations that target specific types of spending;

(v) the implementation of education spending caps on different services, including administrative and support services and categorical aid;

(vi) how to strengthen the understanding and connection between school budget votes and property tax bills;

(vii) adjustments to the property tax credit thresholds to better match need to the benefit;

(viii) a system for ongoing monitoring of the Education Fund and Vermont's education finance system, to include consideration of a standing Education Fund advisory committee;

(ix) an analysis of the impact of healthcare costs on the Education Fund, including recommendations for whether, and if so, what, changes need to be made to contain costs; and

(x) implementation details for any recommended changes to the education funding system.

(E) Additional considerations. The Commission may consider any other topic, factor, or issue that it deems relevant to its work and recommendations.

(f) Reports and proposed legislation. The Commission shall prepare and submit to the General Assembly the following:

(1) a formal, written work plan, which shall include a communication plan to maximize public engagement, on or before September 15, 2024;

(2) a written report containing its preliminary findings and recommendations, including short-term cost containment considerations for the 2025 legislative session, on or before December 15, 2024;

(3) a written report containing its final findings and recommendations for a statewide vision for Vermont's public education system and the policy changes necessary to make that educational vision a reality on or before December 1, 2025; and

(4) proposed legislative language to advance any recommendations for the education funding system on or before December 15, 2025.

(g) Assistance. The Agency of Education shall contract with one or more independent consultants or facilitators to provide technical and legal assistance

to the Commission for the work required under this section. For the purposes of scheduling meetings and providing administrative assistance, the Commission shall have the assistance of the Agency of Education. The Agency shall also provide the educational and financial data necessary to facilitate the work of the Commission. School districts shall comply with requests from the Agency to assist in data collections.

(h) Meetings.

(1) The Secretary of Education shall call the first meeting of the Commission to occur on or before July 15, 2024.

(2) The Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore shall jointly select a Commission chair.

(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(4) Meetings shall be conducted in accordance with Vermont's Open Meeting Law pursuant to 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 2.

(5) The Commission shall cease to exist on December 31, 2025.

(i) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Commission shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than 30 meetings, including subcommittee meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Agency of Education.

Sec. 1a. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. B.1100 is amended to read:

Sec. B.1100 MISCELLANEOUS FISCAL YEAR 2024 ONE-TIME APPROPRIATIONS

* * *

(r) \$200,000.00 General Fund in fiscal year 2024 to the Agency of Education for the work of the School Construction Task Force and the Commission on the Future of Public Education.

* * * Yields * * *

Sec. 2. PROPERTY DOLLAR EQUIVALENT YIELD, INCOME DOLLAR EQUIVALENT YIELD, AND NONHOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX RATE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025

For fiscal year 2025 only:

(1) Pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402b(b), the property dollar equivalent yield shall be \$9,893.00.

(2) Pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402b(b), the income dollar equivalent yield shall be \$10,110.00.

(3) Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 5402(a)(1) and any other provision of law to the contrary, the nonhomestead property tax rate shall be \$1.391 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value.

(4)(A) For bills issued for fiscal year 2025, the Commissioner of Taxes shall increase the property tax credit determined pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(1) and (a)(4) by 13 percent for each claimant. Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 6067, and for purposes of this increase only, the cumulative credit under 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(1) and (4) shall also be increased by 13 percent.

(B) The increase in property tax credit provided under this subdivision (4) shall not be included in the calculation required under 32 V.S.A. § 5402b(a)(4).

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 9701(7) is amended to read:

(7) “Tangible personal property” means personal property that may be seen, weighed, measured, felt, touched, or in any other manner perceived by the senses. “Tangible personal property” includes electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten computer software regardless of the method in which the prewritten computer software is paid for, delivered, or accessed.

Sec. 4. REPEAL

2015 Acts and Resolves No. 51, Sec. G.8 (prewritten software accessed remotely) is repealed.

Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. chapter 225, subchapter 4 is added to read:

Subchapter 4. Short-term Rental Impact Surcharge

§ 9301. IMPOSITION; SHORT-TERM RENTAL IMPACT SURCHARGE

(a) An operator shall collect a surcharge of three percent of the rent of each occupancy that is a short-term rental. As used in this subchapter, “short-term rental” means a furnished house, condominium, or other dwelling room or self-contained dwelling unit rented to the transient, traveling, or vacationing public for a period of fewer than 30 consecutive days and for more than 14 days per calendar year. As used in this subchapter, “short-term rental” does not mean an occupancy in a lodging establishment licensed under 18 V.S.A. chapter 85.

(b) The surcharge shall be in addition to any tax assessed under section 9241 of this chapter. The surcharge assessed under this section shall be paid,

collected, remitted, and enforced under this chapter in the same manner as the rooms tax assessed under section 9241 of this title.

Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. § 4025 is amended to read:

§ 4025. EDUCATION FUND

(a) The Education Fund is established to comprise the following:

(1) all revenue paid to the State from the statewide education tax on nonhomestead and homestead property under 32 V.S.A. chapter 135;

(2) [Repealed.]

(3) revenues from State lotteries under 31 V.S.A. chapter 14 and from any multijurisdictional lottery game authorized under that chapter;

(4) 25 percent of the revenues from the meals and rooms taxes imposed under 32 V.S.A. chapter 225;

(5) one-third of the revenues raised from the purchase and use tax imposed by 32 V.S.A. chapter 219, notwithstanding 19 V.S.A. § 11(1);

(6) revenues raised from the sales and use tax imposed by 32 V.S.A. chapter 233; and

(7) Medicaid reimbursement funds pursuant to subsection 2959a(f) of this title;

(8) land use change tax revenue deposited pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 3757(d);

(9) uniform capacity tax revenue deposited pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 8701(b)(3);

(10) wind-powered electric generating facilities tax deposited pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402c; and

(11) revenues from the short-term rental surcharge under 32 V.S.A. § 9301.

* * *

Sec. 7. RESERVE FUND ACCOUNT STANDARDS; DISTRICT QUALITY STANDARDS; RULEMAKING

On or before January 1, 2025, the Agency of Education shall initiate rulemaking pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to update the District Quality Standards rules contained in Agency of Education, District Quality Standards (CVR 23-020), to include recommended reserve fund account standards. Prior to initiating rulemaking, the Agency shall consult with local school officials.

Sec. 8. AGENCY OF EDUCATION; EDUCATION FINANCE DATA
ANALYST POSITION; INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to create a position within the Agency of Education that will enable the Agency to provide a wider range of accessible and transparent data related to school budgets and education spending, including analysis of trends, to school districts, the General Assembly, and the public at large. It is also the intent of the General Assembly that the position shall provide robust support to legislative committees and maintain education finance data calculators and models used within the education finance system.

* * * Ballot Language * * *

Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 563 is amended to read:

§ 563. POWERS OF SCHOOL BOARDS; FORM OF VOTE

The school board of a school district, in addition to other duties and authority specifically assigned by law:

* * *

(11)(A) Shall prepare and distribute annually a proposed budget for the next school year according to such major categories as may from time to time be prescribed by the Secretary.

* * *

(D) The board shall present the budget to the voters by means of a ballot in the following form:

“Article #1 (School Budget):

Shall the voters of the school district approve the school board to expend \$ _____, which is the amount the school board has determined to be necessary for the ensuing fiscal year? ~~It is estimated that this proposed budget, if approved, will result in education spending of \$ _____ per equalized pupil. This projected spending per equalized pupil is _____ % higher/lower than spending for the current year.~~

~~The _____ District estimates that this proposed budget, if approved, will result in per pupil education spending of \$ _____, which is _____ % higher/lower than per pupil education spending for the current year.”~~

* * *

Sec. 10. REPEAL

2022 Acts and Resolves No. 127, Sec. 8(c) (suspension of ballot language requirement) is repealed.

Sec. 11. 32 V.S.A. § 5414 is added to read:

§ 5414. CREATION; EDUCATION FUND ADVISORY COMMITTEE

(a) Creation. There is created the Education Fund Advisory Committee to monitor Vermont's education financing system, conduct analyses, and perform the duties under subsection (c) of this section.

(b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following members:

(1) the Commissioner of Taxes or designee;

(2) the Secretary of Education or designee;

(3) the Chair of the State Board of Education or designee;

(4) two members of the public with expertise in education financing, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(5) two members of the public with expertise in education financing, who shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees;

(6) one member of the public with expertise in education financing, who shall be appointed by the Governor;

(7) the President of the Vermont Association of School Business Officials or designee;

(8) one representative from the Vermont School Boards Association (VSBA) with expertise in education financing, selected by the Executive Director of VSBA;

(9) one representative from the Vermont Superintendents Association (VSA) with expertise in education financing, selected by the Executive Director of VSA; and

(10) one representative from the Vermont National Education Association (VTNEA) with expertise in education financing, selected by the Executive Director of VTNEA.

(c) Powers and duties.

(1) Annually, on or before December 15, the Committee shall make recommendations to the General Assembly regarding:

(A) updating the weighting factors using the weighting model and methodology used to arrive at the weights enacted under 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 127, which may include recalibration, recalculation, adding or eliminating weights, or any combination of these actions, as necessary;

(B) changes to, or the addition of new or elimination of existing, categorical aid, as necessary;

(C) changes to income levels eligible for a property tax credit under section 6066 of this title;

(D) means to adjust the revenue sources for the Education Fund;

(E) means to improve equity, transparency, and efficiency in education funding statewide;

(F) the amount of the Education Fund stabilization reserve;

(G) school district use of reserve fund accounts; and

(H) any other topic, factor, or issue the Committee deems relevant to its work and recommendations.

(2) The Committee shall review and recommend updated weights, categorical aid, and changes to the excess spending threshold to the General Assembly not less than every three years, which may include a recommendation not to make changes where appropriate. In reviewing and recommending updated weights, the Committee shall use the weighting model and methodology used to arrive at the weights enacted under 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 127.

(d) Assistance. The Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Department of Taxes and the Agency of Education.

(e) Meetings.

(1) The Commissioner of Taxes shall call the first meeting of the Committee to occur on or before July 15, 2025.

(2) The Committee shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.

(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(f) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Committee shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under section 1010 of this title for up to four meetings per year.

Sec. 12. REPEAL; EDUCATION FUND ADVISORY COMMITTEE

32 V.S.A. § 5414 (Education Fund Advisory Committee) as added by this act is repealed on July 1, 2034.

* * * Common Level of Appraisal; Statewide Adjustments * * *

Sec. 13. STATE OUTREACH; STATEWIDE ADJUSTMENTS

On or before September 1, 2024, the Secretary of Education, in consultation with the Commissioner of Taxes, shall conduct outreach to inform school districts, public education stakeholders, and the general public of the use of statewide adjustments under this act. The outreach shall include an explanation of how statewide adjustments are used to calculate tax rates and how using the statewide adjustment differs from the previous method for calculating tax rates.

Sec. 13a. 32 V.S.A. § 5401 is amended to read:

§ 5401. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(13)(A) “Education property tax spending adjustment” means the greater of one or a fraction in which:

(i) the numerator is the district’s per pupil education spending plus excess spending for the school year, and

(ii) the denominator is the property dollar equivalent yield for the school year, as defined in subdivision (15) of this section, multiplied by the statewide adjustment.

(B) “Education income tax spending adjustment” means the greater of one or a fraction in which the numerator is the district’s per pupil education spending plus excess spending for the school year, and the denominator is the income dollar equivalent yield for the school year, as defined in subdivision (16) of this section.

* * *

(15) “Property dollar equivalent yield” means the amount of per pupil education spending that would result if the in a district having a homestead tax rate were of \$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value and the statutory reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and section 5402b of this title were maintained.

(16) “Income dollar equivalent yield” means the amount of per pupil education spending that would result if the in a district having an income percentage in subdivision 6066(a)(2) of this title were of 2.0 percent and the statutory reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and section 5402b of this title were maintained.

(17) “Statewide adjustment” means the ratio of the aggregate education property tax grand list of all municipalities to the aggregate value of the equalized education property tax grand list of all municipalities.

Sec. 14. 32 V.S.A. § 5402 is amended to read:

§ 5402. EDUCATION PROPERTY TAX LIABILITY

(a) A statewide education tax is imposed on all nonhomestead and homestead property at the following rates:

(1) The tax rate for nonhomestead property shall be \$1.59 per \$100.00 divided by the statewide adjustment.

(2) The tax rate for homestead property shall be \$1.00 multiplied by the education property tax spending adjustment for the municipality per \$100.00 of equalized education property value as most recently determined under section 5405 of this title. The homestead property tax rate for each municipality that is a member of a union or unified union school district shall be calculated as required under subsection (e) of this section.

(b) The statewide education tax shall be calculated as follows:

(1) The Commissioner of Taxes shall determine for each municipality the education tax rates under subsection (a) of this section divided by the number resulting from dividing the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal by the statewide adjustment. The legislative body in each municipality shall then bill each property taxpayer at the homestead or nonhomestead rate determined by the Commissioner under this subdivision, multiplied by the education property tax grand list value of the property, properly classified as homestead or nonhomestead property and without regard to any other tax classification of the property. Statewide education property tax bills shall show the tax due and the calculation of the rate determined under subsection (a) of this section, divided by the number resulting from dividing the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal by the statewide adjustment, multiplied by the current grand list value of the property to be taxed. Statewide education property tax bills shall also include language provided by the Commissioner pursuant to subsection 5405(g) of this title.

(2) Taxes assessed under this section shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as taxes assessed under chapter 133 of this title with no tax classification other than as homestead or nonhomestead property; provided, however, that the tax levied under this chapter shall be billed to each taxpayer by the municipality in a manner that clearly indicates the tax is separate from any other tax assessed and collected under chapter 133, including an itemization of the separate taxes due. The bill may be on a single sheet of paper with the statewide education tax and other taxes presented separately and side by side.

(3) If a district has not voted a budget by June 30, an interim homestead education tax shall be imposed at the base rate determined under subdivision

(a)(2) of this section, divided by the number resulting from dividing the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal by the statewide adjustment, but without regard to any spending adjustment under subdivision 5401(13) of this title. Within 30 days after a budget is adopted and the deadline for reconsideration has passed, the Commissioner shall determine the municipality's homestead tax rate as required under subdivision (1) of this subsection.

* * *

Sec. 15. 32 V.S.A. § 5402b is amended to read:

**§ 5402b. STATEWIDE EDUCATION TAX YIELDS;
RECOMMENDATION OF THE COMMISSIONER**

(a) Annually, ~~no~~ not later than December 1, the Commissioner of Taxes, after consultation with the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of Administration, and the Joint Fiscal Office, shall calculate and recommend a property dollar equivalent yield, an income dollar equivalent yield, and a nonhomestead property tax rate for the following fiscal year. In making these calculations, the Commissioner shall assume:

(1) the homestead base tax rate in subdivision 5402(a)(2) of this title is \$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value;

(2) the applicable percentage in subdivision 6066(a)(2) of this title is 2.0;

(3) the statutory reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and this section were maintained at five percent; and

(4) the percentage change in the average education tax bill applied to nonhomestead property and the percentage change in the average education tax bill of homestead property and the percentage change in the average education tax bill for taxpayers who claim a credit under subsection 6066(a) of this title are equal;

(5) the equalized education grand list is multiplied by the statewide adjustment in calculating the property dollar equivalent yield; and

(6) the nonhomestead rate is divided by the statewide adjustment.

(b) For each fiscal year, the property dollar equivalent yield and the income dollar equivalent yield shall be the same as in the prior fiscal year, unless set otherwise by the General Assembly.

(c) Annually, on or before December 1, the Joint Fiscal Office shall prepare and publish an official, annotated copy of the Education Fund Outlook. The Emergency Board shall review the Outlook at its meetings. As

used in this section, "Education Fund Outlook" means the projected revenues and expenses associated with the Education Fund for the following fiscal year, including projections of different categories of educational expenses and costs.

(d) Along with the recommendations made under this section, the Commissioner shall include the range of per pupil spending between all districts in the State for the previous year.

* * * Act 84 Amendments * * *

Sec. 16. 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 3(c) is amended to read:

(c) Notwithstanding 16 V.S.A. chapter 133, 32 V.S.A. chapter 135, or any other provision of law to the contrary, a school district shall receive a decrease to its homestead property tax rate in fiscal year 2025 equal to \$0.01 for every relative percent decrease calculated under subsection (b) of this section divided by the statewide adjustment, rounded to the nearest whole cent. The tax rate decrease shall phase out in the following manner:

(1) A district shall receive a decrease to its homestead property tax rate in fiscal year 2026 equal to 80 percent of the rate decrease it received under subsection (b) of this section.

(2) A district shall receive a decrease to its homestead property tax rate in fiscal year 2027 equal to 60 percent of the rate decrease it received under subsection (b) of this section.

(3) A district shall receive a decrease to its homestead property tax rate in fiscal year 2028 equal to 40 percent of the rate decrease it received under subsection (b) of this section.

(4) A district shall receive a decrease to its homestead property tax rate in fiscal year 2029 equal to 20 percent of the rate decrease it received under subsection (b) of this section.

Sec. 17. 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 3(g) is added to read:

(g)(1) In the event that a district with an equalized homestead property tax rate that was decreased by this section merges with another district or districts, the combined district shall receive the greatest decrease under the section available to any of the merged districts.

(2) In the event that a district withdraws from a district with an equalized homestead property tax rate that was decreased by this section, the withdrawing district shall not receive any decrease under this section and the remaining district shall continue to have the same decrease in its equalized homestead property tax rate. If a district is instead dissolved, there shall be no decreased equalized homestead property tax rate for the resulting districts.

* * * Excess Education Spending * * *

Sec. 18. 32 V.S.A. § 5401(12) is amended to read:

(12) “Excess spending” means:

(A) The ~~per-equalized-pupil per pupil spending~~ amount of the district’s education spending, as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(6), plus any amount required to be added from a capital construction reserve fund under 24 V.S.A. § 2804(b).

(B) In excess of ~~124~~ ~~118~~ percent of the statewide average district ~~per pupil~~ education spending ~~per-equalized-pupil~~ increased by inflation, as determined by the Secretary of Education on or before November 15 of each year based on the passed budgets to date. As used in this subdivision, “increased by inflation” means increasing the statewide average district ~~per pupil~~ education spending ~~per-equalized-pupil~~ for fiscal year ~~2015~~ ~~2025~~ by the most recent New England Economic Project cumulative price index, as of November 15, for state and local government purchases of goods and services, from fiscal year ~~2015~~ ~~2025~~ through the fiscal year for which the amount is being determined.

Sec. 19. REPEAL

2022 Acts and Resolves No. 127, Sec. 8(a) (suspension of laws) is repealed.

Sec. 20. 16 V.S.A. § 4001(6)(B) is amended to read:

(B) For ~~all bonds approved by voters prior to July 1, 2024, voter-approved bond payments toward principal and interest shall not be included in “education spending” for purposes of calculating excess spending pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5401(12), “education spending” shall not include:~~

(i) ~~Spending during the budget year for:~~

~~(I) approved school capital construction for a project that received preliminary approval under section 3448 of this title, including interest paid on the debt, provided the district shall not be reimbursed or otherwise receive State construction aid for the approved school capital construction; or~~

~~(II) spending on eligible school capital project costs pursuant to the State Board of Education’s Rule 6134 for a project that received preliminary approval under section 3448 of this title.~~

~~(ii) For a project that received final approval for State construction aid under chapter 123 of this title:~~

(I) spending for approved school capital construction during the budget year that represents the district's share of the project, including interest paid on the debt; or

(II) payment during the budget year of interest on funds borrowed under subdivision 563(21) of this title in anticipation of receiving State aid for the project.

(iii) Spending that is approved school capital construction spending or deposited into a reserve fund under 24 V.S.A. § 2804 to pay future approved school capital construction costs, including that portion of tuition paid to an independent school designated as the public high school of the school district pursuant to section 827 of this title for capital construction costs by the independent school that has received approval from the State Board of Education, using the processes for preliminary approval of public school construction costs pursuant to subdivision 3448(a)(2) of this title.

(iv) Spending attributable to the cost of planning the merger of a small school, which for purposes of this subdivision means a school with an average grade size of 20 or fewer students, with one or more other schools.

(v) Spending attributable to the district's share of special education spending that is not reimbursed as an extraordinary reimbursement under section 2962 of this title for any student in the fiscal year occurring two years prior.

(vi) A budget deficit in a district that pays tuition to a public school or an approved independent school, or both, for all of its resident students in any year in which the deficit is solely attributable to tuition paid for one or more new students who moved into the district after the budget for the year creating the deficit was passed.

(vii) For a district that pays tuition for all of its resident students and into which additional students move after the end of the census period defined in subdivision (1)(A) of this section, the number of students that exceeds the district's most recent average daily membership and for whom the district will pay tuition in the subsequent year multiplied by the district's average rate of tuition paid in that year.

(viii) Tuition paid by a district that does not operate a school and pays tuition for all resident students in kindergarten through grade 12, except in a district in which the electorate has authorized payment of an amount higher than the statutory rate pursuant to subsection 823(b) or 824(c) of this title.

(ix) The assessment paid by the employer of teachers who become members of the State Teachers' Retirement System of Vermont on or after July 1, 2015, pursuant to section 1944d of this title.

(x) School district costs associated with dual enrollment and early college programs.

(xi) Costs incurred by a school district or supervisory union when sampling drinking water outlets, implementing lead remediation, or retesting drinking water outlets as required under 18 V.S.A. chapter 24A.

* * * Property Tax Credit Claims * * *

Sec. 21. PROPERTY TAX CREDIT; ASSET DECLARATION; REPORT

On or before December 15, 2024, the Commissioner shall recommend administrative and policy improvements for property tax credit claims, including the use of an asset declaration. The report shall be submitted to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance.

* * * Act 127 Conforming Amendments * * *

Sec. 22. 16 V.S.A. § 4016 is amended to read:

§ 4016. REIMBURSEMENT FOR TRANSPORTATION EXPENDITURES

(a) A school district or supervisory union that incurs allowable transportation expenditures shall receive a transportation reimbursement grant each year. The grant shall be equal to 50 percent of allowable transportation expenditures; provided, however, that in any year the total amount of grants under this subsection shall not exceed the total amount of adjusted base year transportation grant expenditures. The total amount of base year transportation grant expenditures shall be \$10,000,000.00 for fiscal year 1997, increased each year thereafter by the annual price index for state and local government purchases of goods and services. If in any year the total amount of the grants under this subsection exceed the adjusted base year transportation grant expenditures, the amount of each grant awarded shall be reduced proportionately. Transportation grants paid under this section shall be paid from the Education Fund and shall be added to adjusted education spending payment receipts paid under section 4011 of this title.

* * *

(c) A district or supervisory union may apply and the Secretary may pay for extraordinary transportation expenditures incurred due to geographic or other conditions such as the need to transport students out of the school district to attend another school because the district does not maintain a public school. The State Board shall define extraordinary transportation expenditures by rule.

The total amount of base year extraordinary transportation grant expenditures shall be \$250,000.00 for fiscal year 1997, increased each year thereafter by the annual price index for state and local government purchases of goods and services. Extraordinary transportation expenditures shall not be paid out of the funds appropriated under subsection (b) of this section for other transportation expenditures. Grants paid under this section shall be paid from the Education Fund and shall be added to adjusted education spending payment receipts paid under section 4011 of this title.

Sec. 23. 16 V.S.A. § 4026 is amended to read:

**§ 4026. EDUCATION FUND BUDGET STABILIZATION RESERVE;
CREATION AND PURPOSE**

(a) It is the purpose of this section to reduce the effects of annual variations in State revenues upon the Education Fund budget of the State by reserving certain surpluses in Education Fund revenues that may accrue for the purpose of offsetting deficits.

* * *

(e) The enactment of this chapter and other provisions of the Equal Educational Opportunity Act of which it is a part have been premised upon estimates of balances of revenues to be raised and expenditures to be made under the act for such purposes as adjusted education spending payments, categorical State support grants, provisions for property tax income sensitivity, payments in lieu of taxes, current use value appraisals, tax stabilization agreements, the stabilization reserve established by this section, and for other purposes. If the stabilization reserve established under this section should in any fiscal year be less than 5.0 percent of the prior fiscal year's appropriations from the Education Fund, as defined in subsection (b) of this section, the Joint Fiscal Committee shall review the information provided pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402b and provide the General Assembly its recommendations for change necessary to restore the stabilization reserve to the statutory level provided in subsection (b) of this section.

Sec. 24. 16 V.S.A. § 4028 is amended to read:

§ 4028. FUND PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS

(a) On or before September 10, December 10, and April 30 of each school year, one-third of the adjusted education spending payment under section 4011 of this title shall become due to school districts, except that districts that have not adopted a budget by 30 days before the date of payment under this subsection shall receive one-quarter of the base education amount and upon adoption of a budget shall receive additional amounts due under this subsection.

* * *

* * * Overpayment of Education Taxes * * *

Sec. 24a. COMPENSATION FOR OVERPAYMENT

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$29,224.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Canaan in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Canaan for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Canaan.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$5,924.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Bloomfield in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Bloomfield for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Bloomfield.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$2,575.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Brunswick in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Brunswick for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Brunswick.

(d) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$6,145.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of East Haven in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of East Haven for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of East Haven.

(e) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$2,046.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Granby in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Granby for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Granby.

(f) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$10,034.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Guildhall in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Guildhall for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Guildhall.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$20,536.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Kirby in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Kirby for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Kirby.

(h) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$2,402.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Lemington in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Lemington for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Lemington.

(i) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$11,464.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Maidstone in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Maidstone for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Maidstone.

(j) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$4,349.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Norton in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Norton for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Norton.

(k) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of \$2,657.00 shall be transferred from the Education Fund to the Town of Victory in fiscal year 2025 to compensate the homestead taxpayers of the Town of Victory for an overpayment of education taxes in fiscal year 2024 due to erroneous accounting of certain students for the purposes of calculating

average daily membership. The transfer under this subsection shall be made directly to the Town of Victory.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 25. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and the following sections shall take effect on passage:

(1) Sec. 2 (property tax rates and yields);

(2) Sec. 13 (State outreach; statewide adjustments); and

(3) Sec. 17 (Act 84 application to district mergers, withdrawals, and dissolutions).

(b) Secs. 13a–16 (CLA effect on tax rates and statewide adjustment) and 19 (repeal of excess spending suspension) shall take effect July 1, 2025.

(c) Sec. 9 (16 V.S.A. § 563; powers of school boards; form of vote) shall take effect July 1, 2024, provided, however, that 16 V.S.A. § 563(11)(D) shall not apply to ballots used for fiscal year 2025 budgets.

(d) Sec. 5 (32 V.S.A. chapter 225, subchapter 4) shall take effect August 1, 2024.

(e) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment to the Senate proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative, a roll call, Yeas 18, Nays 8.

Senator Collamore, having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Baruth, Bray, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Cummings, Hardy, Harrison, Hashim, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, McCormack, Perchlik, Vyhovsky, Watson, White, Wrenner.

Those Senators who voted in the negative were: Brock, Collamore, Ingalls, Norris, Starr, Weeks, Westman, Williams.

Those Senators absent and not voting were: Gulick, Ram Hinsdale, Sears.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith.

Recess

On motion of Senator Baruth the Senate recessed until 12:30 A.M..

Called to Order

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and Adopted on the Part of the Senate**H. 883.**

Senator Kitchel, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon House bill entitled:

An act relating to making appropriations for the support of government.

Respectfully reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the Senate recede from its proposal of amendment and that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Purpose, Definitions, Legend * * *

Sec. A.100 SHORT TITLE

(a) This bill may be referred to as the “BIG BILL – Fiscal Year 2025 Appropriations Act.”

Sec. A.101 PURPOSE

(a) The purpose of this act is to provide appropriations for the operations of State government and for capital appropriations not funded with bond proceeds during fiscal year 2025. It is the express intent of the General Assembly that activities of the various agencies, departments, divisions, boards, and commissions be limited to those that can be supported by funds appropriated in this act or other acts passed prior to June 30, 2024. Agency and department heads are directed to implement staffing and service levels at the beginning of fiscal year 2025 so as to meet this condition unless otherwise directed by specific language in this act or other acts of the General Assembly.

Sec. A.102 APPROPRIATIONS

(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly that this act serves as the primary source and reference for appropriations for the operations of State

government and for capital appropriations not funded with bond proceeds for fiscal year 2025.

(b) The sums herein stated are appropriated for the purposes specified in the following sections of this act. When no time is expressly stated during which any of the appropriations are to continue, the appropriations are single-year appropriations and only for the purpose indicated and shall be paid from funds shown as the source of funds. If in this act there is an error in either addition or subtraction, the totals shall be adjusted accordingly. Apparent errors in referring to section numbers of statutory titles within this act may be disregarded by the Commissioner of Finance and Management.

(c) Unless codified or otherwise specified, all narrative portions of this act apply only to the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2025.

Sec. A.103 DEFINITIONS

(a) As used in this act:

(1) “Capital appropriation” means an appropriation for tangible capital investments or expenses that are eligible to be funded from general obligation debt financing and are allowed under federal laws governing the use of State bond proceeds as described in 32 V.S.A. § 309.

(2) “Encumbrances” means a portion of an appropriation reserved for the subsequent payment of existing purchase orders or contracts. The Commissioner of Finance and Management shall make final decisions on the appropriateness of encumbrances.

(3) “Grants” means subsidies, aid, or payments to local governments, to community and quasi-public agencies for providing local services, and to persons who are not wards of the State for services or supplies and means cash or other direct assistance, including pension contributions.

(4) “Operating expenses” means property management; repair and maintenance; rental expenses; insurance; postage; travel; energy and utilities; office and other supplies; equipment, including motor vehicles, highway materials, and construction; expenditures for the purchase of land and construction of new buildings and permanent improvements; and similar items.

(5) “Personal services” means wages and salaries, fringe benefits, per diems, and contracted third-party services, and similar items.

Sec. A.104 RELATIONSHIP TO EXISTING LAWS

(a) Except as specifically provided, this act shall not be construed in any way to negate or impair the full force and effect of existing laws.

Sec. A.105 OFFSETTING APPROPRIATIONS

(a) In the absence of specific provisions to the contrary in this act, when total appropriations are offset by estimated receipts, the State appropriations shall control, notwithstanding receipts being greater or less than anticipated.

Sec. A.106 FEDERAL FUNDS

(a) In fiscal year 2025, the Governor, with the approval of the General Assembly or the Joint Fiscal Committee if the General Assembly is not in session, may accept federal funds available to the State of Vermont, including block grants in lieu of, or in addition to, funds herein designated as federal. The Governor, with the approval of the General Assembly or the Joint Fiscal Committee if the General Assembly is not in session, may allocate all or any portion of such federal funds for any purpose consistent with the purposes for which the basic appropriations in this act have been made.

(b) If, during fiscal year 2025, federal funds available to the State of Vermont and designated as federal in this and other acts of the 2024 session of the Vermont General Assembly are converted into block grants or are abolished under their current title in federal law and reestablished under a new title in federal law, the Governor may continue to accept such federal funds for any purpose consistent with the purposes for which the federal funds were appropriated. The Governor may spend such funds for such purposes for not more than 45 days prior to General Assembly or Joint Fiscal Committee approval. Notice shall be given to the Joint Fiscal Committee without delay if the Governor intends to use the authority granted by this section, and the Joint Fiscal Committee shall meet in an expedited manner to review the Governor's request for approval.

Sec. A.107 NEW POSITIONS

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the total number of authorized State positions, both classified and exempt, excluding temporary positions as defined in 3 V.S.A. § 311(a)(11), shall not be increased during fiscal year 2025 except for new positions authorized by the 2024 session. Limited service positions approved pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5 shall not be subject to this restriction.

Sec. A.108 LEGEND

(a) The bill is organized by functions of government. The sections between B.100 and B.9999 contain appropriations of funds for the upcoming budget year. The sections between E.100 and E.9999 contain language that relates to specific appropriations or government functions, or both. The function areas by section numbers are as follows:

<u>B.100–B.199 and E.100–E.199</u>	<u>General Government</u>
<u>B.200–B.299 and E.200–E.299</u>	<u>Protection to Persons and Property</u>
<u>B.300–B.399 and E.300–E.399</u>	<u>Human Services</u>
<u>B.400–B.499 and E.400–E.499</u>	<u>Labor</u>
<u>B.500–B.599 and E.500–E.599</u>	<u>General Education</u>
<u>B.600–B.699 and E.600–E.699</u>	<u>Higher Education</u>
<u>B.700–B.799 and E.700–E.799</u>	<u>Natural Resources</u>
<u>B.800–B.899 and E.800–E.899</u>	<u>Commerce and Community Development</u>
<u>B.900–B.999 and E.900–E.999</u>	<u>Transportation</u>
<u>B.1000–B.1099 and E.1000–E.1099</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>
<u>B.1100–B.1199 and E.1100–E.1199</u>	<u>One-time and other appropriation actions</u>

(b) The C sections contain any amendments to the current fiscal year, the D sections contain fund transfers and reserve allocations for the upcoming budget year, the F sections contain adjustments to financial regulation fees, and the G sections contain the Pay Act. The H section includes effective dates.

* * * Fiscal Year 2025 Base Appropriations * * *

Sec. B.100 Secretary of administration - secretary's office

Personal services	3,624,952
Operating expenses	185,657
Grants	<u>25,000</u>
Total	3,835,609
Source of funds	
General fund	2,449,890
Special funds	25,000
Internal service funds	437,265
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>923,454</u>
Total	3,835,609

Sec. B.101 Secretary of administration - finance

Personal services	1,414,180
Operating expenses	<u>160,916</u>
Total	1,575,096

Source of funds	
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,575,096</u>
Total	1,575,096
Sec. B.102 Secretary of administration - workers' compensation insurance	
Personal services	894,261
Operating expenses	<u>90,822</u>
Total	985,083
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	<u>985,083</u>
Total	985,083
Sec. B.103 Secretary of administration - general liability insurance	
Personal services	567,817
Operating expenses	<u>59,472</u>
Total	627,289
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	<u>627,289</u>
Total	627,289
Sec. B.104 Secretary of administration - all other insurance	
Personal services	275,025
Operating expenses	<u>48,667</u>
Total	323,692
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	<u>323,692</u>
Total	323,692
Sec. B.105 Agency of digital services - communications and information technology	
Personal services	82,994,362
Operating expenses	<u>62,547,212</u>
Total	145,541,574
Source of funds	
General fund	209,808
Special funds	511,723
Internal service funds	<u>144,820,043</u>
Total	145,541,574
Sec. B.106 Finance and management - budget and management	
Personal services	1,526,943
Operating expenses	<u>332,906</u>
Total	1,859,849

Source of funds	
General fund	1,183,688
Internal service funds	666,328
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>9,833</u>
Total	1,859,849
Sec. B.107 Finance and management - financial operations	
Personal services	2,753,093
Operating expenses	<u>887,167</u>
Total	3,640,260
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	3,499,357
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>140,903</u>
Total	3,640,260
Sec. B.108 Human resources - operations	
Personal services	11,174,144
Operating expenses	<u>1,533,893</u>
Total	12,708,037
Source of funds	
General fund	1,835,968
Special funds	242,235
Internal service funds	10,105,741
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>524,093</u>
Total	12,708,037
Sec. B.108.1 Human resources - VTHR operations	
Personal services	2,001,756
Operating expenses	<u>897,472</u>
Total	2,899,228
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	<u>2,899,228</u>
Total	2,899,228
Sec. B.109 Human resources - employee benefits & wellness	
Personal services	1,219,976
Operating expenses	<u>656,818</u>
Total	1,876,794
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	<u>1,876,794</u>
Total	1,876,794

Sec. B.110 Libraries

Personal services	2,608,231
Operating expenses	987,312
Grants	<u>272,701</u>
Total	3,868,244
Source of funds	
General fund	2,151,812
Special funds	130,971
Federal funds	1,467,374
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>118,087</u>
Total	3,868,244

Sec. B.111 Tax - administration/collection

Personal services	28,375,591
Operating expenses	<u>6,868,137</u>
Total	35,243,728
Source of funds	
General fund	23,248,019
Special funds	11,880,709
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>115,000</u>
Total	35,243,728

Sec. B.112 Buildings and general services - administration

Personal services	1,070,354
Operating expenses	<u>229,587</u>
Total	1,299,941
Source of funds	
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,299,941</u>
Total	1,299,941

Sec. B.113 Buildings and general services - engineering

Personal services	18,881
Operating expenses	<u>1,271,574</u>
Total	1,290,455
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>1,290,455</u>
Total	1,290,455

Sec. B.113.1 Buildings and General Services Engineering - Capital Projects

Personal services	2,973,306
Operating expenses	<u>500,000</u>
Total	3,473,306

Source of funds	
General fund	2,973,306
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>500,000</u>
Total	3,473,306
Sec. B.114 Buildings and general services - information centers	
Personal services	3,585,324
Operating expenses	<u>1,919,853</u>
Total	5,505,177
Source of funds	
General fund	688,453
Transportation fund	4,292,149
Special funds	<u>524,575</u>
Total	5,505,177
Sec. B.115 Buildings and general services - purchasing	
Personal services	2,462,542
Operating expenses	<u>245,613</u>
Total	2,708,155
Source of funds	
General fund	1,568,464
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,139,691</u>
Total	2,708,155
Sec. B.116 Buildings and general services - postal services	
Personal services	826,840
Operating expenses	<u>177,446</u>
Total	1,004,286
Source of funds	
General fund	90,941
Internal service funds	<u>913,345</u>
Total	1,004,286
Sec. B.117 Buildings and general services - copy center	
Personal services	902,844
Operating expenses	<u>237,416</u>
Total	1,140,260
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	<u>1,140,260</u>
Total	1,140,260

Sec. B.118 Buildings and general services - fleet management services

Personal services	915,232
Operating expenses	<u>251,755</u>
Total	1,166,987
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	1,166,987
Total	1,166,987

Sec. B.119 Buildings and general services - federal surplus property

Operating expenses	4,298
Total	4,298
Source of funds	
Enterprise funds	4,298
Total	4,298

Sec. B.120 Buildings and general services - state surplus property

Personal services	375,218
Operating expenses	<u>149,871</u>
Total	525,089
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	525,089
Total	525,089

Sec. B.121 Buildings and general services - property management

Personal services	1,471,106
Operating expenses	<u>652,847</u>
Total	2,123,953
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	2,123,953
Total	2,123,953

Sec. B.122 Buildings and general services - fee for space

Personal services	20,361,714
Operating expenses	<u>17,940,900</u>
Total	38,302,614
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	38,214,088
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>88,526</u>
Total	38,302,614

Sec. B.124 Executive office - governor's office

Personal services	1,621,889
Operating expenses	<u>529,815</u>
Total	2,151,704
Source of funds	
General fund	1,896,299
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>255,405</u>
Total	2,151,704

Sec. B.125 Legislative counsel

Personal services	3,906,667
Operating expenses	<u>291,399</u>
Total	4,198,066
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>4,198,066</u>
Total	4,198,066

Sec. B.126 Legislature

Personal services	6,531,132
Operating expenses	<u>4,934,310</u>
Total	11,465,442
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>11,465,442</u>
Total	11,465,442

Sec. B.126.1 Legislative information technology

Personal services	1,433,677
Operating expenses	<u>807,537</u>
Total	2,241,214
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>2,241,214</u>
Total	2,241,214

Sec. B.127 Joint fiscal committee

Personal services	2,661,816
Operating expenses	<u>197,363</u>
Total	2,859,179
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>2,859,179</u>
Total	2,859,179

Sec. B.128 Sergeant at arms	
Personal services	1,501,807
Operating expenses	<u>161,697</u>
Total	1,663,504
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>1,663,504</u>
Total	1,663,504
Sec. B.129 Lieutenant governor	
Personal services	273,359
Operating expenses	<u>48,050</u>
Total	321,409
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>321,409</u>
Total	321,409
Sec. B.130 Auditor of accounts	
Personal services	4,397,652
Operating expenses	<u>140,540</u>
Total	4,538,192
Source of funds	
General fund	383,992
Special funds	53,145
Internal service funds	<u>4,101,055</u>
Total	4,538,192
Sec. B.131 State treasurer	
Personal services	6,021,504
Operating expenses	<u>305,404</u>
Total	6,326,908
Source of funds	
General fund	2,233,091
Special funds	3,783,849
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>309,968</u>
Total	6,326,908
Sec. B.132 State treasurer - unclaimed property	
Personal services	814,215
Operating expenses	<u>514,990</u>
Total	1,329,205
Source of funds	
Private purpose trust funds	<u>1,329,205</u>
Total	1,329,205

Sec. B.133 Vermont state retirement system	
Personal services	213,238
Operating expenses	<u>2,849,942</u>
Total	3,063,180
Source of funds	
Pension trust funds	<u>3,063,180</u>
Total	3,063,180
Sec. B.134 Municipal employees' retirement system	
Personal services	237,966
Operating expenses	<u>1,499,159</u>
Total	1,737,125
Source of funds	
Pension trust funds	<u>1,737,125</u>
Total	1,737,125
Sec. B.134.1 Vermont Pension Investment Commission	
Personal services	2,154,707
Operating expenses	<u>294,507</u>
Total	2,449,214
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>2,449,214</u>
Total	2,449,214
Sec. B.135 State labor relations board	
Personal services	290,593
Operating expenses	<u>48,629</u>
Total	339,222
Source of funds	
General fund	329,646
Special funds	6,788
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>2,788</u>
Total	339,222
Sec. B.136 VOSHA review board	
Personal services	98,853
Operating expenses	<u>25,115</u>
Total	123,968
Source of funds	
General fund	72,964
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>51,004</u>
Total	123,968

Sec. B.136.1 Ethics Commission

Personal services	171,374
Operating expenses	<u>38,979</u>
Total	210,353
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	210,353
Total	210,353

Sec. B.137 Homeowner rebate

Grants	<u>19,100,000</u>
Total	19,100,000
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>19,100,000</u>
Total	19,100,000

Sec. B.138 Renter rebate

Grants	<u>9,500,000</u>
Total	9,500,000
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>9,500,000</u>
Total	9,500,000

Sec. B.139 Tax department - reappraisal and listing payments

Grants	<u>3,400,000</u>
Total	3,400,000
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>3,400,000</u>
Total	3,400,000

Sec. B.140 Municipal current use

Grants	<u>20,050,000</u>
Total	20,050,000
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>20,050,000</u>
Total	20,050,000

Sec. B.142 Payments in lieu of taxes

Grants	<u>12,050,000</u>
Total	12,050,000
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>12,050,000</u>
Total	12,050,000

Sec. B.143 Payments in lieu of taxes - Montpelier

Grants	<u>184,000</u>
Total	184,000
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>184,000</u>
Total	184,000

Sec. B.144 Payments in lieu of taxes - correctional facilities

Grants	<u>40,000</u>
Total	40,000
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>40,000</u>
Total	40,000

Sec. B.145 Total general government

Source of funds	
General fund	117,405,610
Transportation fund	4,292,149
Special funds	31,882,209
Federal funds	1,467,374
Internal service funds	214,635,950
Interdepartmental transfers	7,053,789
Enterprise funds	4,298
Pension trust funds	4,800,305
Private purpose trust funds	<u>1,329,205</u>
Total	382,870,889

Sec. B.200 Attorney general

Personal services	14,435,517
Operating expenses	2,015,028
Grants	<u>20,000</u>
Total	16,470,545
Source of funds	
General fund	7,391,661
Special funds	2,355,424
Tobacco fund	422,000
Federal funds	1,743,215
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>4,558,245</u>
Total	16,470,545

Sec. B.201 Vermont court diversion

Personal services	1,250
Grants	<u>3,526,258</u>
Total	3,527,508
Source of funds	
General fund	3,269,511
Special funds	257,997
Total	3,527,508

Sec. B.202 Defender general - public defense

Personal services	17,745,612
Operating expenses	<u>1,393,866</u>
Total	19,139,478
Source of funds	
General fund	18,399,825
Special funds	589,653
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>150,000</u>
Total	19,139,478

Sec. B.203 Defender general - assigned counsel

Personal services	7,654,274
Operating expenses	<u>49,500</u>
Total	7,703,774
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>7,703,774</u>
Total	7,703,774

Sec. B.204 Judiciary

Personal services	58,439,095
Operating expenses	12,479,384
Grants	<u>121,030</u>
Total	71,039,509
Source of funds	
General fund	63,414,698
Special funds	4,503,401
Federal funds	953,928
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>2,167,482</u>
Total	71,039,509

Sec. B.205 State's attorneys

Personal services	17,309,679
Operating expenses	<u>2,034,016</u>
Total	19,343,695

Source of funds	
General fund	18,734,634
Federal funds	31,000
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>578,061</u>
Total	19,343,695
Sec. B.206 Special investigative unit	
Personal services	66,237
Operating expenses	24,295
Grants	<u>2,140,047</u>
Total	2,230,579
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>2,230,579</u>
Total	2,230,579
Sec. B.206.1 Crime Victims Advocates	
Personal services	3,016,156
Operating expenses	<u>104,396</u>
Total	3,120,552
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>3,120,552</u>
Total	3,120,552
Sec. B.207 Sheriffs	
Personal services	5,067,726
Operating expenses	<u>405,868</u>
Total	5,473,594
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>5,473,594</u>
Total	5,473,594
Sec. B.208 Public safety - administration	
Personal services	4,620,756
Operating expenses	<u>6,022,923</u>
Total	10,643,679
Source of funds	
General fund	6,179,193
Special funds	4,105
Federal funds	396,362
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>4,064,019</u>
Total	10,643,679

Sec. B.209 Public safety - state police

Personal services	74,755,468
Operating expenses	15,992,094
Grants	<u>1,137,841</u>
Total	91,885,403
Source of funds	
General fund	57,891,409
Transportation fund	20,250,000
Special funds	3,170,328
Federal funds	8,967,252
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,606,414</u>
Total	91,885,403

Sec. B.210 Public safety - criminal justice services

Personal services	5,387,100
Operating expenses	<u>2,152,467</u>
Total	7,539,567
Source of funds	
General fund	1,829,099
Special funds	4,975,847
Federal funds	<u>734,621</u>
Total	7,539,567

Sec. B.211 Public safety - emergency management

Personal services	5,420,245
Operating expenses	1,326,624
Grants	<u>41,392,759</u>
Total	48,139,628
Source of funds	
General fund	940,339
Special funds	710,000
Federal funds	46,427,309
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>61,980</u>
Total	48,139,628

Sec. B.212 Public safety - fire safety

Personal services	9,384,147
Operating expenses	3,412,948
Grants	<u>107,000</u>
Total	12,904,095

Source of funds	
General fund	1,586,884
Special funds	10,093,736
Federal funds	1,178,475
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>45,000</u>
Total	12,904,095
Sec. B.213 Public safety - Forensic Laboratory	
Personal services	3,842,354
Operating expenses	<u>1,095,166</u>
Total	4,937,520
Source of funds	
General fund	3,768,566
Special funds	75,572
Federal funds	557,339
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>536,043</u>
Total	4,937,520
Sec. B.215 Military - administration	
Personal services	1,056,147
Operating expenses	776,352
Grants	<u>1,319,834</u>
Total	3,152,333
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>3,152,333</u>
Total	3,152,333
Sec. B.216 Military - air service contract	
Personal services	10,499,846
Operating expenses	<u>1,504,451</u>
Total	12,004,297
Source of funds	
General fund	775,259
Federal funds	<u>11,229,038</u>
Total	12,004,297
Sec. B.217 Military - army service contract	
Personal services	45,473,792
Operating expenses	<u>8,181,836</u>
Total	53,655,628
Source of funds	
Federal funds	<u>53,655,628</u>
Total	53,655,628

Sec. B.218 Military - building maintenance	
Personal services	827,320
Operating expenses	<u>1,008,123</u>
Total	1,835,443
Source of funds	
General fund	1,772,943
Special funds	<u>62,500</u>
Total	1,835,443
Sec. B.219 Military - veterans' affairs	
Personal services	1,211,819
Operating expenses	176,383
Grants	<u>28,500</u>
Total	1,416,702
Source of funds	
General fund	1,096,505
Special funds	209,092
Federal funds	<u>111,105</u>
Total	1,416,702
Sec. B.220 Center for crime victim services	
Personal services	2,061,261
Operating expenses	391,491
Grants	<u>9,908,464</u>
Total	12,361,216
Source of funds	
General fund	1,601,998
Special funds	4,015,490
Federal funds	<u>6,743,728</u>
Total	12,361,216
Sec. B.221 Criminal justice council	
Personal services	2,356,811
Operating expenses	<u>1,821,496</u>
Total	4,178,307
Source of funds	
General fund	3,835,126
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>343,181</u>
Total	4,178,307

Sec. B.222 Agriculture, food and markets - administration

Personal services	3,057,449
Operating expenses	<u>346,294</u>
Total	3,403,743
Source of funds	
General fund	1,393,366
Special funds	1,432,323
Federal funds	<u>578,054</u>
Total	3,403,743

Sec. B.223 Agriculture, food and markets - food safety and consumer protection

Personal services	5,235,644
Operating expenses	1,113,830
Grants	<u>2,780,000</u>
Total	9,129,474
Source of funds	
General fund	3,400,278
Special funds	4,020,618
Federal funds	1,696,578
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>12,000</u>
Total	9,129,474

Sec. B.224 Agriculture, food and markets - agricultural development

Personal services	4,265,067
Operating expenses	734,947
Grants	<u>15,307,498</u>
Total	20,307,512
Source of funds	
General fund	3,077,928
Special funds	644,363
Federal funds	<u>16,585,221</u>
Total	20,307,512

Sec. B.225 Agriculture, food and markets - agricultural resource management and environmental stewardship

Personal services	2,712,147
Operating expenses	839,493
Grants	<u>212,000</u>
Total	3,763,640
Source of funds	
General fund	824,794
Special funds	2,242,158

Federal funds	343,452
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>353,236</u>
Total	3,763,640

Sec. B.225.1 Agriculture, food and markets - Vermont Agriculture and Environmental Lab

Personal services	1,822,983
Operating expenses	<u>1,438,533</u>
Total	3,261,516
Source of funds	
General fund	1,602,665
Special funds	1,591,189
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>67,662</u>
Total	3,261,516

Sec. B.225.2 Agriculture, Food and Markets - Clean Water

Personal services	3,815,695
Operating expenses	745,519
Grants	<u>11,147,000</u>
Total	15,708,214
Source of funds	
General fund	1,817,135
Special funds	10,528,782
Federal funds	2,169,174
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,193,123</u>
Total	15,708,214

Sec. B.226 Financial regulation - administration

Personal services	2,726,198
Operating expenses	159,635
Grants	<u>100,000</u>
Total	2,985,833
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>2,985,833</u>
Total	2,985,833

Sec. B.227 Financial regulation - banking

Personal services	2,400,645
Operating expenses	<u>473,873</u>
Total	2,874,518
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>2,874,518</u>
Total	2,874,518

Sec. B.228 Financial regulation - insurance

Personal services	5,028,218
Operating expenses	<u>556,622</u>
Total	5,584,840
Source of funds	
Special funds	5,584,840
Total	5,584,840

Sec. B.229 Financial regulation - captive insurance

Personal services	5,723,322
Operating expenses	<u>652,707</u>
Total	6,376,029
Source of funds	
Special funds	6,376,029
Total	6,376,029

Sec. B.230 Financial regulation - securities

Personal services	1,269,574
Operating expenses	<u>241,157</u>
Total	1,510,731
Source of funds	
Special funds	1,510,731
Total	1,510,731

Sec. B.232 Secretary of state

Personal services	22,592,899
Operating expenses	4,345,999
Grants	<u>1,000,000</u>
Total	27,938,898
Source of funds	
General fund	1,000,000
Special funds	19,922,486
Federal funds	<u>7,016,412</u>
Total	27,938,898

Sec. B.233 Public service - regulation and energy

Personal services	10,861,325
Operating expenses	1,405,907
Grants	<u>28,300</u>
Total	12,295,532
Source of funds	
Special funds	11,060,542
Federal funds	992,781

Interdepartmental transfers	225,423
Enterprise funds	<u>16,786</u>
Total	12,295,532
Sec. B.233.1 VT Community Broadband Board	
Personal services	1,609,379
Operating expenses	269,690
Grants	<u>150,000</u>
Total	2,029,069
Source of funds	
Special funds	1,269,289
Federal funds	<u>759,780</u>
Total	2,029,069
Sec. B.234 Public utility commission	
Personal services	5,052,403
Operating expenses	<u>617,149</u>
Total	5,669,552
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>5,669,552</u>
Total	5,669,552
Sec. B.235 Enhanced 9-1-1 Board	
Personal services	4,429,219
Operating expenses	<u>471,441</u>
Total	4,900,660
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>4,900,660</u>
Total	4,900,660
Sec. B.236 Human rights commission	
Personal services	927,697
Operating expenses	<u>115,103</u>
Total	1,042,800
Source of funds	
General fund	953,800
Federal funds	<u>89,000</u>
Total	1,042,800
Sec. B.236.1 Liquor & Lottery Comm. Office	
Personal services	9,831,453
Operating expenses	<u>5,667,447</u>
Total	15,498,900

Source of funds	
Special funds	125,000
Tobacco fund	250,579
Interdepartmental transfers	70,000
Enterprise funds	<u>15,053,321</u>
Total	15,498,900

Sec. B.240 Cannabis Control Board

Personal services	4,242,224
Operating expenses	<u>1,819,990</u>
Total	6,062,214
Source of funds	
Special funds	6,062,214
Total	6,062,214

Sec. B.241 Total protection to persons and property

Source of funds	
General fund	228,238,448
Transportation fund	20,250,000
Special funds	119,824,272
Tobacco fund	672,579
Federal funds	162,959,452
Interdepartmental transfers	16,031,869
Enterprise funds	<u>15,070,107</u>
Total	563,046,727

Sec. B.300 Human services - agency of human services - secretary's office

Personal services	16,219,746
Operating expenses	7,220,486
Grants	<u>3,795,202</u>
Total	27,235,434
Source of funds	
General fund	12,913,202
Special funds	135,517
Federal funds	13,565,080
Interdepartmental transfers	621,635
Total	27,235,434

Sec. B.301 Secretary's office - global commitment

Grants	2,039,512,911
Total	2,039,512,911

Source of funds	
General fund	668,380,623
Special funds	32,047,905
Tobacco fund	21,049,373
State health care resources fund	28,053,557
Federal funds	1,285,494,243
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>4,487,210</u>
Total	2,039,512,911
Sec. B.303 Developmental disabilities council	
Personal services	479,072
Operating expenses	95,765
Grants	<u>191,595</u>
Total	766,432
Source of funds	
Special funds	12,000
Federal funds	<u>754,432</u>
Total	766,432
Sec. B.304 Human services board	
Personal services	703,548
Operating expenses	<u>90,191</u>
Total	793,739
Source of funds	
General fund	486,165
Federal funds	<u>307,574</u>
Total	793,739
Sec. B.305 AHS - administrative fund	
Personal services	330,000
Operating expenses	<u>13,170,000</u>
Total	13,500,000
Source of funds	
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>13,500,000</u>
Total	13,500,000
Sec. B.306 Department of Vermont health access - administration	
Personal services	134,929,148
Operating expenses	44,171,193
Grants	<u>3,112,301</u>
Total	182,212,642

Source of funds	
General fund	39,872,315
Special funds	4,733,015
Federal funds	128,790,580
Global Commitment fund	4,308,574
Interdepartmental transfers	4,508,158
Total	182,212,642

Sec. B.307 Department of Vermont health access - Medicaid program - global commitment

Personal services	547,983
Grants	<u>899,550,794</u>
Total	900,098,777
Source of funds	
Global Commitment fund	<u>900,098,777</u>
Total	900,098,777

Sec. B.309 Department of Vermont health access - Medicaid program - state only

Grants	63,033,948
Total	63,033,948
Source of funds	
General fund	62,151,546
Global Commitment fund	<u>882,402</u>
Total	63,033,948

Sec. B.310 Department of Vermont health access - Medicaid non-waiver matched

Grants	<u>34,994,888</u>
Total	34,994,888
Source of funds	
General fund	12,511,405
Federal funds	<u>22,483,483</u>
Total	34,994,888

Sec. B.311 Health - administration and support

Personal services	8,373,168
Operating expenses	7,519,722
Grants	<u>7,985,727</u>
Total	23,878,617
Source of funds	
General fund	3,189,843
Special funds	2,308,186

Federal funds	11,040,433
Global Commitment fund	7,173,924
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>166,231</u>
Total	23,878,617

Sec. B.312 Health - public health

Personal services	67,812,371
Operating expenses	11,025,497
Grants	<u>46,766,832</u>
Total	125,604,700
Source of funds	
General fund	12,908,892
Special funds	24,906,804
Tobacco fund	1,088,918
Federal funds	64,038,301
Global Commitment fund	17,036,150
Interdepartmental transfers	5,600,635
Permanent trust funds	<u>25,000</u>
Total	125,604,700

Sec. B.313 Health - substance use programs

Personal services	6,570,967
Operating expenses	511,500
Grants	<u>58,215,510</u>
Total	65,297,977
Source of funds	
General fund	6,672,061
Special funds	2,413,678
Tobacco fund	949,917
Federal funds	15,456,754
Global Commitment fund	<u>39,805,567</u>
Total	65,297,977

Sec. B.314 Mental health - mental health

Personal services	50,191,086
Operating expenses	5,517,999
Grants	270,625,138
Total	326,334,223
Source of funds	
General fund	25,555,311
Special funds	1,718,092
Federal funds	11,436,913
Global Commitment fund	287,609,767
Interdepartmental transfers	14,140
Total	326,334,223

Sec. B.316 Department for children and families - administration & support services

Personal services	46,644,080
Operating expenses	17,560,755
Grants	5,627,175
Total	69,832,010
Source of funds	
General fund	39,722,724
Special funds	2,781,912
Federal funds	24,448,223
Global Commitment fund	2,417,024
Interdepartmental transfers	462,127
Total	69,832,010

Sec. B.317 Department for children and families - family services

Personal services	45,197,694
Operating expenses	5,315,309
Grants	98,251,027
Total	148,764,030
Source of funds	
General fund	58,838,741
Special funds	729,587
Federal funds	34,666,196
Global Commitment fund	54,514,506
Interdepartmental transfers	15,000
Total	148,764,030

Sec. B.318 Department for children and families - child development

Personal services	5,908,038
Operating expenses	813,321
Grants	<u>223,329,336</u>
Total	230,050,695
Source of funds	
General fund	76,723,518
Special funds	96,312,000
Federal funds	43,511,414
Global Commitment fund	<u>13,503,763</u>
Total	230,050,695

Sec. B.319 Department for children and families - office of child support

Personal services	13,157,660
Operating expenses	<u>3,759,992</u>
Total	16,917,652
Source of funds	
General fund	5,200,064
Special funds	455,719
Federal funds	10,874,269
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>387,600</u>
Total	16,917,652

Sec. B.320 Department for children and families - aid to aged, blind and disabled

Personal services	2,252,206
Grants	<u>10,717,444</u>
Total	12,969,650
Source of funds	
General fund	7,376,133
Global Commitment fund	<u>5,593,517</u>
Total	12,969,650

Sec. B.321 Department for children and families - general assistance

Personal services	15,000
Grants	<u>11,054,252</u>
Total	11,069,252
Source of funds	
General fund	10,811,345
Federal funds	11,320
Global Commitment fund	<u>246,587</u>
Total	11,069,252

Sec. B.322 Department for children and families - 3SquaresVT

Grants	<u>44,377,812</u>
Total	44,377,812
Source of funds	
Federal funds	<u>44,377,812</u>
Total	44,377,812

Sec. B.323 Department for children and families - reach up

Operating expenses	23,821
Grants	<u>37,230,488</u>
Total	37,254,309
Source of funds	
General fund	24,733,042
Special funds	5,970,229
Federal funds	2,806,330
Global Commitment fund	<u>3,744,708</u>
Total	37,254,309

Sec. B.324 Department for children and families - home heating fuel assistance/LIHEAP

Grants	<u>16,019,953</u>
Total	16,019,953
Source of funds	
Special funds	1,480,395
Federal funds	<u>14,539,558</u>
Total	16,019,953

Sec. B.325 Department for children and families - office of economic opportunity

Personal services	817,029
Operating expenses	100,407
Grants	<u>35,466,283</u>
Total	36,383,719
Source of funds	
General fund	28,178,010
Special funds	83,135
Federal funds	4,935,273
Global Commitment fund	<u>3,187,301</u>
Total	36,383,719

Sec. B.326 Department for children and families - OEO - weatherization assistance

Personal services	465,709
Operating expenses	248,905
Grants	<u>15,147,885</u>
Total	15,862,499
Source of funds	
Special funds	7,697,546
Federal funds	<u>8,164,953</u>
Total	15,862,499

Sec. B.327 Department for Children and Families - Secure Residential Treatment

Personal services	258,100
Operating expenses	42,225
Grants	<u>3,476,862</u>
Total	3,777,187
Source of funds	
General fund	3,747,187
Global Commitment fund	<u>30,000</u>
Total	3,777,187

Sec. B.328 Department for children and families - disability determination services

Personal services	7,860,410
Operating expenses	488,354
Total	8,348,764
Source of funds	
General fund	124,172
Federal funds	<u>8,224,592</u>
Total	8,348,764

Sec. B.329 Disabilities, aging, and independent living - administration & support

Personal services	45,217,977
Operating expenses	<u>6,472,558</u>
Total	51,690,535
Source of funds	
General fund	22,916,281
Special funds	1,390,457

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 2024

2275

Federal funds	26,063,097
Global Commitment fund	35,000
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,285,700</u>
Total	51,690,535

Sec. B.330 Disabilities, aging, and independent living - advocacy and independent living grants

Grants	<u>24,571,060</u>
Total	24,571,060
Source of funds	
General fund	8,392,303
Federal funds	7,321,114
Global Commitment fund	<u>8,857,643</u>
Total	24,571,060

Sec. B.331 Disabilities, aging, and independent living - blind and visually impaired

Grants	<u>1,907,604</u>
Total	1,907,604
Source of funds	
General fund	489,154
Special funds	223,450
Federal funds	890,000
Global Commitment fund	<u>305,000</u>
Total	1,907,604

Sec. B.332 Disabilities, aging, and independent living - vocational rehabilitation

Grants	<u>10,179,845</u>
Total	10,179,845
Source of funds	
General fund	1,371,845
Federal funds	7,558,000
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,250,000</u>
Total	10,179,845

Sec. B.333 Disabilities, aging, and independent living - developmental services

Grants	<u>329,299,344</u>
Total	329,299,344
Source of funds	
General fund	132,732
Special funds	15,463
Federal funds	403,573

Global Commitment fund	328,697,576
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>50,000</u>
Total	329,299,344

Sec. B.334 Disabilities, aging, and independent living - TBI home and community based waiver

Grants	6,845,005
Total	6,845,005
Source of funds	
Global Commitment fund	6,845,005
Total	6,845,005

Sec. B.334.1 Disabilities, aging and independent living - Long Term Care

Grants	293,584,545
Total	293,584,545
Source of funds	
General fund	498,579
Federal funds	2,450,000
Global Commitment fund	<u>290,635,966</u>
Total	293,584,545

Sec. B.335 Corrections - administration

Personal services	5,025,978
Operating expenses	<u>266,783</u>
Total	5,292,761
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>5,292,761</u>
Total	5,292,761

Sec. B.336 Corrections - parole board

Personal services	475,099
Operating expenses	<u>59,692</u>
Total	534,791
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>534,791</u>
Total	534,791

Sec. B.337 Corrections - correctional education

Personal services	3,979,310
Operating expenses	<u>252,649</u>
Total	4,231,959
Source of funds	
General fund	4,082,899

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 2024

2277

Federal funds	276
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>148,784</u>
Total	4,231,959

Sec. B.338 Corrections - correctional services

Personal services	147,472,104
Operating expenses	<u>24,914,205</u>
Total	172,386,309
Source of funds	
General fund	162,807,888
Special funds	935,963
ARPA State Fiscal	5,000,000
Federal funds	499,888
Global Commitment fund	2,746,255
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>396,315</u>
Total	172,386,309

Sec. B.338.1 Corrections - Justice Reinvestment II

Grants	<u>11,055,849</u>
Total	11,055,849
Source of funds	
General fund	8,478,161
Federal funds	13,147
Global Commitment fund	<u>2,564,541</u>
Total	11,055,849

Sec. B.339 Corrections - Correctional services-out of state beds

Personal services	<u>4,130,378</u>
Total	4,130,378
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>4,130,378</u>
Total	4,130,378

Sec. B.340 Corrections - correctional facilities - recreation

Personal services	634,972
Operating expenses	<u>456,715</u>
Total	1,091,687
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>1,091,687</u>
Total	1,091,687

Sec. B.341 Corrections - Vermont offender work program

Personal services	324,103
Operating expenses	<u>166,750</u>
Total	490,853
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	490,853
Total	490,853

Sec. B.342 Vermont veterans' home - care and support services

Personal services	17,631,222
Operating expenses	<u>5,013,462</u>
Total	22,644,684
Source of funds	
General fund	4,320,687
Special funds	10,051,903
Federal funds	<u>8,272,094</u>
Total	22,644,684

Sec. B.343 Commission on women

Personal services	398,669
Operating expenses	<u>93,837</u>
Total	492,506
Source of funds	
General fund	487,998
Special funds	<u>4,508</u>
Total	492,506

Sec. B.344 Retired senior volunteer program

Grants	<u>160,155</u>
Total	160,155
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>160,155</u>
Total	160,155

Sec. B.345 Green Mountain Care Board

Personal services	8,396,809
Operating expenses	<u>398,601</u>
Total	8,795,410
Source of funds	
General fund	3,494,109
Special funds	<u>5,301,301</u>
Total	8,795,410

Sec. B.346 Office of the Child, Youth, and Family Advocate

Personal services	342,966
Operating expenses	<u>88,820</u>
Total	431,786
Source of funds	
General fund	431,786
Total	431,786

Sec. B.347 Total human services

Source of funds	
General fund	1,328,118,806
Special funds	202,800,452
Tobacco fund	23,088,208
State health care resources fund	28,053,557
ARPA State Fiscal	5,000,000
Federal funds	1,803,398,922
Global Commitment fund	1,980,839,553
Internal service funds	490,853
Interdepartmental transfers	32,893,535
Permanent trust funds	<u>25,000</u>
Total	5,404,708,886

Sec. B.400 Labor - programs

Personal services	39,963,839
Operating expenses	5,708,836
Grants	<u>9,199,639</u>
Total	54,872,314
Source of funds	
General fund	10,916,365
Special funds	9,407,107
Federal funds	34,261,616
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>287,226</u>
Total	54,872,314

Sec. B.401 Total labor

Source of funds	
General fund	10,916,365
Special funds	9,407,107
Federal funds	34,261,616
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>287,226</u>
Total	54,872,314

Sec. B.500 Education - finance and administration

Personal services	22,086,664
Operating expenses	4,484,934
Grants	<u>14,770,700</u>
Total	41,342,298
Source of funds	
General fund	7,317,085
Special funds	16,618,543
Education fund	3,486,988
Federal funds	13,154,385
Global Commitment fund	260,000
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>505,297</u>
Total	41,342,298

Sec. B.501 Education - education services

Personal services	28,237,700
Operating expenses	1,134,912
Grants	<u>322,345,763</u>
Total	351,718,375
Source of funds	
General fund	6,387,955
Special funds	3,033,144
Tobacco fund	750,388
Federal funds	340,584,414
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>962,474</u>
Total	351,718,375

Sec. B.502 Education - special education: formula grants

Grants	<u>264,649,859</u>
Total	264,649,859
Source of funds	
Education fund	<u>264,649,859</u>
Total	264,649,859

Sec. B.503 Education - state-placed students

Grants	<u>20,000,000</u>
Total	20,000,000
Source of funds	
Education fund	<u>20,000,000</u>
Total	20,000,000

Sec. B.504 Education - adult education and literacy

Grants	<u>4,694,183</u>
Total	4,694,183
Source of funds	
General fund	3,778,133
Federal funds	<u>916,050</u>
Total	4,694,183

Sec. B.504.1 Education - Flexible Pathways

Grants	<u>11,361,755</u>
Total	11,361,755
Source of funds	
General fund	921,500
Education fund	<u>10,440,255</u>
Total	11,361,755

Sec. B.505 Education - adjusted education payment

Grants	<u>1,893,267,394</u>
Total	1,893,267,394
Source of funds	
Education fund	<u>1,893,267,394</u>
Total	1,893,267,394

Sec. B.506 Education - transportation

Grants	<u>25,306,000</u>
Total	25,306,000
Source of funds	
Education fund	<u>25,306,000</u>
Total	25,306,000

Sec. B.507 Education - Merger Support Grants

Grants	<u>1,800,000</u>
Total	1,800,000
Source of funds	
Education fund	<u>1,800,000</u>
Total	1,800,000

Sec. B.507.1 Education - EL Categorical Aid

Grants	<u>2,250,000</u>
Total	2,250,000
Source of funds	
Education fund	<u>2,250,000</u>
Total	2,250,000

Sec. B.508 Education - nutrition

Grants	<u>20,400,000</u>
Total	20,400,000
Source of funds	
Education fund	<u>20,400,000</u>
Total	20,400,000

Sec. B.509 Education - Afterschool Grant Program

Personal services	500,000
Grants	<u>3,500,000</u>
Total	4,000,000
Source of funds	
Special funds	<u>4,000,000</u>
Total	4,000,000

Sec. B.510 Education - essential early education grant

Grants	<u>8,725,587</u>
Total	8,725,587
Source of funds	
Education fund	<u>8,725,587</u>
Total	8,725,587

Sec. B.511 Education - technical education

Grants	<u>17,881,950</u>
Total	17,881,950
Source of funds	
Education fund	<u>17,881,950</u>
Total	17,881,950

Sec. B.511.1 State Board of Education

Personal services	54,208
Operating expenses	<u>16,500</u>
Total	70,708
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>70,708</u>
Total	70,708

Sec. B.513 Retired Teachers Pension Plus Funding

Grants	<u>12,000,000</u>
Total	12,000,000

Source of funds	
General fund	<u>12,000,000</u>
Total	12,000,000
Sec. B.514 State teachers' retirement system	
Grants	<u>191,382,703</u>
Total	191,382,703
Source of funds	
General fund	155,384,035
Education fund	<u>35,998,668</u>
Total	191,382,703
Sec. B.514.1 State teachers' retirement system administration	
Personal services	349,979
Operating expenses	<u>3,222,801</u>
Total	3,572,780
Source of funds	
Pension trust funds	<u>3,572,780</u>
Total	3,572,780
Sec. B.515 Retired teachers' health care and medical benefits	
Grants	<u>62,107,644</u>
Total	62,107,644
Source of funds	
General fund	43,031,103
Education fund	<u>19,076,541</u>
Total	62,107,644
Sec. B.516 Total general education	
Source of funds	
General fund	228,890,519
Special funds	23,651,687
Tobacco fund	750,388
Education fund	2,323,283,242
Federal funds	354,654,849
Global Commitment fund	260,000
Interdepartmental transfers	1,467,771
Pension trust funds	<u>3,572,780</u>
Total	2,936,531,236
Sec. B.600 University of Vermont	
Grants	<u>55,706,897</u>
Total	55,706,897

Source of funds	
General fund	<u>55,706,897</u>
Total	55,706,897
Sec. B.602 Vermont state colleges	
Grants	<u>50,940,478</u>
Total	50,940,478
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>50,940,478</u>
Total	50,940,478
Sec. B.603 Vermont state colleges - allied health	
Grants	<u>1,788,434</u>
Total	1,788,434
Source of funds	
General fund	288,434
Global Commitment fund	<u>1,500,000</u>
Total	1,788,434
Sec. B.605 Vermont student assistance corporation	
Grants	<u>26,139,946</u>
Total	26,139,946
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>26,139,946</u>
Total	26,139,946
Sec. B.605.1 VSAC - Flexible Pathways Stipend	
Grants	<u>82,450</u>
Total	82,450
Source of funds	
General fund	41,225
Education fund	<u>41,225</u>
Total	82,450
Sec. B.606 New England higher education compact	
Grants	<u>86,520</u>
Total	86,520
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>86,520</u>
Total	86,520
Sec. B.607 University of Vermont - Morgan Horse Farm	
Grants	<u>1</u>
Total	1

Source of funds	
General fund	<u>1</u>
Total	1

Sec. B.608 Total higher education

Source of funds	
General fund	133,203,501
Education fund	41,225
Global Commitment fund	<u>1,500,000</u>
Total	134,744,726

Sec. B.700 Natural resources - agency of natural resources - administration

Personal services	6,006,412
Operating expenses	<u>1,475,166</u>
Total	7,481,578
Source of funds	
General fund	5,129,356
Special funds	775,079
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,577,143</u>
Total	7,481,578

Sec. B.701 Natural resources - state land local property tax assessment

Operating expenses	<u>2,689,176</u>
Total	2,689,176
Source of funds	
General fund	2,267,676
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>421,500</u>
Total	2,689,176

Sec. B.702 Fish and wildlife - support and field services

Personal services	22,597,844
Operating expenses	6,843,095
Grants	<u>853,066</u>
Total	30,294,005
Source of funds	
General fund	8,267,967
Special funds	365,427
Fish and wildlife fund	10,418,331
Federal funds	9,751,683
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,490,597</u>
Total	30,294,005

Sec. B.703 Forests, parks and recreation - administration

Personal services	1,347,215
Operating expenses	<u>1,658,662</u>
Total	3,005,877
Source of funds	
General fund	2,867,366
Special funds	<u>138,511</u>
Total	3,005,877

Sec. B.704 Forests, parks and recreation - forestry

Personal services	7,880,566
Operating expenses	1,005,046
Grants	<u>1,712,423</u>
Total	10,598,035
Source of funds	
General fund	6,299,512
Special funds	547,215
Federal funds	3,394,931
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>356,377</u>
Total	10,598,035

Sec. B.705 Forests, parks and recreation - state parks

Personal services	13,641,062
Operating expenses	5,555,506
Grants	<u>50,000</u>
Total	19,246,568
Source of funds	
General fund	1,461,122
Special funds	<u>17,785,446</u>
Total	19,246,568

Sec. B.706 Forests, parks and recreation - lands administration and recreation

Personal services	3,209,865
Operating expenses	7,721,058
Grants	<u>3,729,759</u>
Total	14,660,682
Source of funds	
General fund	1,179,068
Special funds	2,283,759
Federal funds	10,802,370
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>395,485</u>
Total	14,660,682

Sec. B.708 Forests, parks and recreation - forest and parks access roads

Personal services	130,000
Operating expenses	<u>99,925</u>
Total	229,925
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>229,925</u>
Total	229,925

Sec. B.709 Environmental conservation - management and support services

Personal services	9,202,579
Operating expenses	4,811,255
Grants	<u>122,735</u>
Total	14,136,569
Source of funds	
General fund	2,243,575
Special funds	794,867
Federal funds	2,164,711
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>8,933,416</u>
Total	14,136,569

Sec. B.710 Environmental conservation - air and waste management

Personal services	27,995,328
Operating expenses	10,788,954
Grants	<u>4,943,000</u>
Total	43,727,282
Source of funds	
General fund	199,372
Special funds	24,643,580
Federal funds	18,800,064
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>84,266</u>
Total	43,727,282

Sec. B.711 Environmental conservation - office of water programs

Personal services	50,153,806
Operating expenses	8,362,915
Grants	<u>92,365,140</u>
Total	150,881,861
Source of funds	
General fund	11,887,629
Special funds	30,967,150
Federal funds	107,154,542
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>872,540</u>
Total	150,881,861

Sec. B.713 Natural resources board

Personal services	3,313,829
Operating expenses	<u>421,198</u>
Total	3,735,027
Source of funds	
General fund	760,232
Special funds	<u>2,974,795</u>
Total	3,735,027

Sec. B.714 Total natural resources

Source of funds	
General fund	42,792,800
Special funds	81,275,829
Fish and wildlife fund	10,418,331
Federal funds	152,068,301
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>14,131,324</u>
Total	300,686,585

Sec. B.800 Commerce and community development - agency of commerce and community development - administration

Personal services	2,368,443
Operating expenses	839,383
Grants	<u>389,320</u>
Total	3,597,146
Source of funds	
General fund	3,597,146
Total	3,597,146

Sec. B.801 Economic development

Personal services	4,612,442
Operating expenses	1,215,603
Grants	<u>6,539,044</u>
Total	12,367,089
Source of funds	
General fund	5,701,138
Special funds	820,850
Federal funds	4,021,428
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>1,823,673</u>
Total	12,367,089

Sec. B.802 Housing and community development

Personal services	7,645,042
Operating expenses	910,983
Grants	<u>23,978,656</u>
Total	32,534,681
Source of funds	
General fund	5,365,841
Special funds	8,702,439
Federal funds	14,615,349
Interdepartmental transfers	3,851,052
Total	32,534,681

Sec. B.806 Tourism and marketing

Personal services	5,332,723
Operating expenses	6,090,577
Grants	<u>3,920,000</u>
Total	15,343,300
Source of funds	
General fund	4,785,247
Federal funds	10,483,053
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>75,000</u>
Total	15,343,300

Sec. B.808 Vermont council on the arts

Grants	973,848
Total	973,848
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>973,848</u>
Total	973,848

Sec. B.809 Vermont symphony orchestra

Grants	149,680
Total	149,680
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>149,680</u>
Total	149,680

Sec. B.810 Vermont historical society

Grants	1,135,640
Total	1,135,640
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>1,135,640</u>
Total	1,135,640

Sec. B.811 Vermont housing and conservation board

Grants	<u>82,283,351</u>
Total	82,283,351
Source of funds	
Special funds	25,607,155
Federal funds	56,676,196
Total	82,283,351

Sec. B.812 Vermont humanities council

Grants	<u>309,000</u>
Total	309,000
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>309,000</u>
Total	309,000

Sec. B.813 Total commerce and community development

Source of funds	
General fund	22,017,540
Special funds	35,130,444
Federal funds	85,796,026
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>5,749,725</u>
Total	148,693,735

Sec. B.900 Transportation - finance and administration

Personal services	18,099,986
Operating expenses	6,108,609
Grants	<u>350,000</u>
Total	24,558,595
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	23,202,105
Federal funds	<u>1,356,490</u>
Total	24,558,595

Sec. B.901 Transportation - aviation

Personal services	3,907,105
Operating expenses	17,194,905
Grants	<u>737,501</u>
Total	21,839,511
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	5,766,122
Federal funds	<u>16,073,389</u>
Total	21,839,511

Sec. B.902 Transportation - buildings

Personal services	1,025,000
Operating expenses	<u>1,800,000</u>
Total	2,825,000
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	<u>2,825,000</u>
Total	2,825,000

Sec. B.903 Transportation - program development

Personal services	82,232,854
Operating expenses	307,766,179
Grants	<u>30,605,814</u>
Total	420,604,847
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	65,845,147
TIB fund	14,726,719
Federal funds	334,397,149
Interdepartmental transfers	1,411,518
Local match	<u>4,224,314</u>
Total	420,604,847

Sec. B.904 Transportation - rest areas construction

Personal services	300,000
Operating expenses	<u>1,185,601</u>
Total	1,485,601
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	148,560
Federal funds	<u>1,337,041</u>
Total	1,485,601

Sec. B.905 Transportation - maintenance state system

Personal services	42,757,951
Operating expenses	<u>63,680,546</u>
Total	106,438,497
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	105,406,483
Federal funds	932,014
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>100,000</u>
Total	106,438,497

Sec. B.906 Transportation - policy and planning

Personal services	4,108,918
Operating expenses	942,444
Grants	<u>9,000,491</u>
Total	14,051,853
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	3,137,901
Federal funds	10,797,449
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>116,503</u>
Total	14,051,853

Sec. B.906.1 Transportation - Environmental Policy and Sustainability

Personal services	6,953,362
Operating expenses	1,176,411
Grants	<u>1,480,000</u>
Total	9,609,773
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	531,909
Federal funds	7,900,327
Local match	<u>1,177,537</u>
Total	9,609,773

Sec. B.907 Transportation - rail

Personal services	5,734,768
Operating expenses	<u>43,012,063</u>
Total	48,746,831
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	15,690,849
Federal funds	30,641,237
Interdepartmental transfers	2,196,000
Local match	<u>218,745</u>
Total	48,746,831

Sec. B.908 Transportation - public transit

Personal services	4,612,631
Operating expenses	119,894
Grants	<u>50,807,700</u>
Total	55,540,225
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	9,807,525
Federal funds	45,592,700
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>140,000</u>
Total	55,540,225

Sec. B.909 Transportation - central garage

Personal services	5,480,920
Operating expenses	<u>18,070,315</u>
Total	23,551,235
Source of funds	
Internal service funds	23,551,235
Total	23,551,235

Sec. B.910 Department of motor vehicles

Personal services	33,713,124
Operating expenses	<u>13,549,772</u>
Total	47,262,896
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	44,454,119
Federal funds	2,687,081
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>121,696</u>
Total	47,262,896

Sec. B.911 Transportation - town highway structures

Grants	8,016,000
Total	8,016,000
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	8,016,000
Total	8,016,000

Sec. B.912 Transportation - town highway local technical assistance program

Personal services	449,763
Operating expenses	<u>31,689</u>
Total	481,452
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	121,452
Federal funds	<u>360,000</u>
Total	481,452

Sec. B.913 Transportation - town highway class 2 roadway

Grants	8,858,000
Total	8,858,000
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	8,858,000
Total	8,858,000

Sec. B.914 Transportation - town highway bridges

Personal services	12,185,000
Operating expenses	<u>33,149,278</u>
Total	45,334,278
Source of funds	
TIB fund	3,973,281
Federal funds	39,264,097
Local match	<u>2,096,900</u>
Total	45,334,278

Sec. B.915 Transportation - town highway aid program

Grants	<u>29,532,753</u>
Total	29,532,753
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	<u>29,532,753</u>
Total	29,532,753

Sec. B.916 Transportation - town highway class 1 supplemental grants

Grants	<u>128,750</u>
Total	128,750
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	<u>128,750</u>
Total	128,750

Sec. B.917 Transportation - town highway: state aid for nonfederal disasters

Grants	<u>1,150,000</u>
Total	1,150,000
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	<u>1,150,000</u>
Total	1,150,000

Sec. B.918 Transportation - town highway: state aid for federal disasters

Personal services	25,000
Grants	<u>155,000</u>
Total	180,000
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	20,000
Federal funds	<u>160,000</u>
Total	180,000

Sec. B.919 Transportation - municipal mitigation assistance program

Personal services	125,000
Operating expenses	280,000

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 2024

2295

Grants	<u>6,738,000</u>
Total	7,143,000
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	715,000
Special funds	5,000,000
Federal funds	<u>1,428,000</u>
Total	7,143,000
Sec. B.920 Transportation - public assistance grant program	
Operating expenses	200,000
Grants	<u>1,050,000</u>
Total	1,250,000
Source of funds	
Special funds	50,000
Federal funds	1,000,000
Interdepartmental transfers	<u>200,000</u>
Total	1,250,000
Sec. B.921 Transportation board	
Personal services	176,315
Operating expenses	<u>23,782</u>
Total	200,097
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	<u>200,097</u>
Total	200,097
Sec. B.922 Total transportation	
Source of funds	
Transportation fund	325,557,772
TIB fund	18,700,000
Special funds	5,050,000
Federal funds	493,926,974
Internal service funds	23,551,235
Interdepartmental transfers	4,285,717
Local match	<u>7,717,496</u>
Total	878,789,194
Sec. B.1000 Debt service	
Operating expenses	<u>675,000</u>
Total	675,000
Source of funds	
General fund	<u>675,000</u>
Total	675,000

Sec. B.1001 Total debt service

Source of funds	
General fund	<u>675,000</u>
Total	675,000

* * * Fiscal Year 2025 One-Time Appropriations * * *

Sec. B.1100 MISCELLANEOUS FISCAL YEAR 2025 ONE-TIME APPROPRIATIONS

(a) Department of Public Safety. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$250,000 General Fund to fund the Urban Search and Rescue Team.

(b) Military Department. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$10,000 General Fund for the USS Vermont Support Group.

(c) Department of Mental Health. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$1,000,000 General Fund for start-up costs related to the psychiatric youth inpatient facility funded by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. B.1105(b)(4).

(d) Department of Health. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$1,060,000 Opioid Abatement Special Fund for a program administered by Vermont's 13 recovery centers in collaboration with the Department of Corrections to provide recovery support to those in correctional facilities, post-incarceration, and involved in probation and parole;

(2) \$1,000,000 Opioid Abatement Special Fund for grants to providers to establish community-based stabilization beds for individuals transitioning between substance use disorder residential treatment and the recovery system;

(3) \$800,000 Opioid Abatement Special Fund for grants to providers for ongoing support for contingency management;

(4) \$714,481 Opioid Abatement Special Fund to expand Student Assistance Professional and school-based services;

(5) \$325,000 Opioid Abatement Special Fund for recovery housing supports;

(6) \$150,000 Opioid Abatement Special Fund for a grant to Johnson Health Center to establish a managed medical response partnership for individuals with substance use disorder;

(7) \$150,000 Opioid Abatement Special Fund for a grant to Vermonters for Criminal Justice Reform to establish a managed medical response partnership for individuals with substance use disorder;

(8) \$835,073 General Fund for the Bridges to Health Program; and

(9) \$400,000 General Fund for the Vermont Household Health Insurance Survey.

(e) Department for Children and Families. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$16,500,000 General Fund for the General Assistance Emergency Housing program;

(2) \$1,034,065 General Fund to extend 10 Economic Services Division limited service positions, including associated operating costs, in support of the General Assistance Emergency Housing program; and

(3) \$332,000 General Fund for a 2-1-1 service line contract to operate 24 hours seven days per week.

(f) Vermont State University. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$10,000,000 General Fund for deficit reduction and systems transformation bridge funding; and

(2) \$1,000,000 General Fund for the Community College of Vermont Tuition Advantage Program.

(g) Department of Environmental Conservation. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$500,000 General Fund to be used as State match for the federal Water Resources Development Act Winooski Study;

(2) \$225,000 General Fund for contracting to support development of State Flood Hazard Area Standards;

(3) \$1,500,000 General Fund for contracting to support completion of river corridor mapping and implementation of river corridor permitting;

(4) \$150,000 General Fund for contracting to support wetlands mapping and rulemaking; and

(5) \$50,000 General Fund for education and outreach on the use of unencapsulated polystyrene foam for docks in waters of the State.

(h) Department of Economic Development. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$150,000 General Fund for continued funding of the International Business Office previously funded by 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec. G.300(b)(1).

(i) Department of Housing and Community Development. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$1,000,000 General Fund for the Manufactured Home Improvement and Repair Program.

(j) Agency of Transportation. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$630,000 Transportation Fund for a grant to Green Mountain Transit as one-time bridge funding while Green Mountain Transit stabilizes its finances, adjusts its service levels, and transitions to a sustainable funding model;

(2) \$1,700,000 Transportation Fund for the purpose of providing grants to increase access to level 1 and 2 electric vehicle supply equipment charging ports at workplaces and multiunit dwelling places; and

(3) \$70,000 Transportation Fund for the purpose of providing grants as part of the eBike Incentive Program.

(k) Secretary of State. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$300,000 General Fund to support the costs of elections in calendar year 2024;

(2) \$67,000 General Fund, notwithstanding 3 V.S.A. § 124(a), to the Office of Professional Regulation to support the administrative work necessary to implement newly joined interstate compacts; and

(3) \$50,000 General Fund for a consultant to assist the Working Group on Participation and Accessibility of Municipal Public Meetings and Elections.

(l) Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$1,000,000 General Fund for the pilot expansion of the Water Quality Assistance Program to provide financial assistance to logging contractors.

(m) Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$240,000 General Fund for a grant to the Northeast Organic Farming Association of Vermont for the Crop Cash, Crop Cash Plus, and Farm Share programs; and

(2) \$100,000 General Fund for grants to Vermont's 14 Natural Resources Conservation Districts.

(n) Agency of Human Services Secretary's Office. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$3,913,200 General Fund and \$5,366,383 federal funds to be used for Global Commitment match for the Medicaid Global Payment Program. To the extent that at a future date the Global Payment Program ceases to operate as a program or changes methodology to a retrospective payment program, any resulting one-time General Fund spending authority remaining at that time shall be reverted. If the Human Services Caseload Reserve established in 32 V.S.A. § 308b has not been replenished in accordance with subdivision (c)(20) of Sec. B.1102 of this act, the remaining unallocated General Fund balance shall be reserved in the Human Services Caseload Reserve established in 32 V.S.A. § 308b up to the amount appropriated in this subdivision.

(o) Department of Vermont Health Access. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$9,279,583 Global Commitment for the Medicaid Global Payment Program;

(2) \$150,000 General Fund to conduct a technical analysis of Vermont's health insurance markets; and

(3) \$100,000 General Fund to implement the expansion of Medicare Savings Programs eligibility.

(p) Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$82,000 General Fund to fund the start-up costs relating to the Adult Days center in central Vermont.

(q) Center for Crime Victim Services. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$254,000 General Fund for a grant to the Vermont Network Against Domestic and Sexual Violence to maintain its current level of operations;

(2) \$60,000 General Fund for a grant to support the creation of the Memorial and Healing Garden on the former grounds of Saint Joseph's Orphanage; and

(3) \$22,000 General Fund for a grant to the Intercollegiate Sexual Harm Prevention Council for the purpose of staffing the Council and providing per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses to members who are not otherwise compensated by their employer.

(r) Department of Corrections. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$300,000 General Fund for the purpose of contracting with a vendor to enhance the Department's capacity to analyze and interpret data, with the goals of transferring individuals from incarceration to community supervision more quickly and improving reentry and case management processes.

(s) Green Mountain Care Board. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$15,000 General Fund for a contract with a qualified entity for a reference-based pricing analysis.

(t) Joint Fiscal Office. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$50,000 General Fund for a consultant to assist the County and Regional Governance Study Committee.

(u) General Assembly. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$15,000 General Fund for per diem compensation and expense reimbursement for the members of the County and Regional Governance Study Committee.

(v) Agency of Administration. In fiscal year 2025, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$200,000 General Fund for local economic damage grants to municipalities that were impacted by the August and December 2023 flooding events in counties that are eligible for Federal Emergency Management Agency Public Assistance funds under federal disaster declarations DR-4744-VT and DR-4762-VT. It is the intent of the General Assembly that these local economic damage grants be distributed to municipalities throughout the State to address the secondary economic impacts of the August and December 2023 flooding events. Monies from these grants shall not be expended on Federal Emergency Management Agency related projects.

Sec. B.1101.1 TRUTH AND RECONCILIATION COMMISSION

(a) In fiscal year 2025, \$1,100,000 General Fund is appropriated to the Truth and Reconciliation Commission.

Sec. B.1102 UNOBLIGATED GENERAL FUND CONTINGENT APPROPRIATIONS

(a) As part of the fiscal year 2024 closeout, the Department of Finance and Management shall execute the requirements of 32 V.S.A. § 308. If any balance remains after meeting these requirements, then, notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 308c, the Department of Finance and Management shall designate the first \$44,310,000 as unallocated carryforward for use in meeting the requirements of the fiscal year 2025 appropriations act as passed by the General Assembly. The Department of Finance and Management shall then, notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 308c, calculate the maximum number of contingent transactions that can be funded, in the order provided in subsection (b) of this section, and designate that money to remain unallocated for such purpose in fiscal year 2025. Any residual balance remaining after such designations shall be reserved in accordance with 32 V.S.A. § 308c.

(b) In fiscal year 2025, the following contingent transactions shall be executed in the following order from the designated unallocated balance as determined in subsection (a) of this section:

(1) \$20,000,000 is appropriated to the Department for Children and Families for the General Assistance Emergency Housing program.

(2) \$3,500,000 is transferred to the Community Resilience and Disaster Mitigation Fund for an appropriation in an equal amount to the Department of Public Safety for grants to municipalities with Federal Emergency Management Agency approved Individuals and Households Program registrations for Individual Assistance relating to a calendar year 2023 flooding event and for subgrants to residential building owners of up to \$300,000 for residential structure elevation projects.

(3) \$3,000,000 is transferred to the Dam Safety Revolving Loan Fund.

(4) \$3,000,000 is appropriated to the Department for Children and Families' Family Services Division for the Comprehensive Child Welfare Information System.

(5) \$12,500,000 is appropriated to the Department of Public Safety to be used as matching funds for Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Hazard Mitigation grant receipts.

(6) \$12,000,000 is appropriated to the Agency of Administration to fund additional direct payments to the Vermont State Retirement System made pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 473(c)(8).

(7) \$4,000,000 is appropriated to the Department of Environmental Conservation for the Healthy Homes Initiative.

(8) \$5,000,000 is transferred to the Other Infrastructure, Essential Investments, and Reserves subaccount in the Cash Fund for Capital and Essential Investments established in 32 V.S.A. § 1001b and reserved in accordance with the provisions of 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. C.108(b). It is the intent of the General Assembly that these funds be used for the State match needed for water- and wastewater-related projects under the federal Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act. These funds shall only be expended if authorized by the General Assembly.

(9) \$10,000,000 is appropriated to the Department for Children and Families' Office of Economic Opportunity to expand shelter bed and permanent supportive housing capacity in the State.

(10) \$1,300,000 is appropriated to the Department for Children and Families for a grant to the Vermont Foodbank. It is the intent of the General Assembly that \$1,000,000 of these funds be used as direct aid to the Vermont Foodbank's network partner food shelves and pantries through an equitable statewide distribution of food and or subgrants or both.

(11) \$500,000 is appropriated to the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living for grants to skilled nursing facilities to increase the pipeline of employed licensed nursing assistants, including increasing the capacity of new and existing facility-based training programs, and developing or expanding collaborations with other programs, including career and technical education programs. Grants may support training program costs, paid internships, student support, and recruitment and retention bonuses.

(A) Of the funds appropriated in subdivision (11) of this section, \$150,000 shall be for grants of \$30,000 or less.

(B) Of the funds appropriated in subdivision (11) of this section, \$350,000 shall be for up to three grants.

(12) \$500,000 is appropriated to the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living for Medical Director recruitment and retention grants of not more than \$50,000 per grant at skilled nursing facilities.

(13) \$1,500,000 is appropriated to the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation for the Vermont Serve, Learn, and Earn Program.

(14) \$6,000,000 is appropriated to the Department of Housing and Community Development for the Vermont Housing Improvement Program.

(15) \$1,000,000 is appropriated to the Department of Public Safety's Division of Fire Safety to subsidize the cost of providing cancer screening to all Vermont professional and volunteer firefighters, as well as all enrollees in the Vermont Fire Academy Firefighter I program.

(16) \$5,000,000 is appropriated to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development to open a flood recovery center to administer a grant program, in coordination with the Central Vermont Economic Development Corporation, to issue grants to flood impacted businesses of not more than \$50,000 per recipient. An amount not to exceed five percent of this appropriation may be used for the administrative costs of the program. Twenty percent of these funds shall be for grants to business owners who are Black, Indigenous, and Persons of Color.

(17) \$12,500,000 is transferred to the Other Infrastructure, Essential Investments, and Reserves subaccount in the Cash Fund for Capital and Essential Investments established in 32 V.S.A. § 1001b and reserved in accordance with the provisions of 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. C.108(a). It is the intent of the General Assembly that these funds be used for the State match needed for transportation-related projects under the federal Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act. These funds shall only be expended if authorized by the General Assembly.

(18) \$8,000,000 is transferred to the Child Care Contribution Fund established in 32 V.S.A. § 10554 to be available for appropriation to Department for Children and Families' Child Development Division for the Child Care Financial Assistance Program if necessary. As part of the report required by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. E.131.2, as amended by 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 87, Sec. 61, the Treasurer shall include a recommendation regarding the future status of these funds and whether the Child Care Contribution Fund should have a statutory reserve.

(19) \$60,000 is appropriated to the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets for a grant to the Northeast Organic Farming Association of Vermont for the Crop Cash, Crop Cash Plus, and Farm Share programs.

(20) \$750,000 is transferred to the Court Technology Fund established in 4 V.S.A. § 27.

(21) \$3,913,200 is reserved in the Human Services Caseload Reserve.

Sec. B.1103 CASH FUND FOR CAPITAL AND ESSENTIAL
INVESTMENTS – FISCAL YEAR 2025 ONE-TIME
APPROPRIATIONS

(a) In fiscal year 2025, \$9,550,000 is appropriated from the Capital Infrastructure sub account in the Cash Fund for Capital and Essential Investments for the following projects:

(1) \$220,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for planning, reuse, and contingency;

(2) \$2,300,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for parking garage repairs at 32 Cherry Street in Burlington;

(3) \$1,500,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the renovation of the interior HVAC steam lines at 120 State Street in Montpelier;

(4) \$850,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Judiciary for design, renovations, and land acquisition at the Washington County Superior Courthouse in Barre;

(5) \$850,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Department of Public Safety for the planning and design of the Special Teams Facility and Storage;

(6) \$850,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Department of Public Safety for the planning and design of the Rutland Field Station;

(7) \$1,500,000 is appropriated to the Vermont Veterans' Home for the design and renovation of the Brandon and Cardinal units;

(8) \$250,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for planning for the 133-109 State Street tunnel waterproofing and Aiken Avenue reconstruction;

(9) \$200,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the renovation of the stack area, HVAC upgrades, and the elevator replacement at 111 State Street;

(10) \$1,000,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for roof replacement and brick facade repairs at the McFarland State Office Building in Barre; and

(11) Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 1001b, \$30,000 is appropriated to the Department of Fish and Wildlife for the Lake Champlain International Fishing Derby.

Sec. B.1104 APPROPRIATION OF ARPA FUNDS; FISCAL YEAR 2025

(a) To the extent that any base funding appropriation that would have otherwise come from the General Fund or a special fund has been replaced in

this act with the appropriation of an equivalent amount of American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund, it is the intent of the General Assembly that this funding replacement for eligible expenses is a one-time funding option for fiscal year 2025 that shall not recur. Any agency or department impacted by this funding replacement in fiscal year 2025 shall include an equivalent amount of General Fund or relevant special fund in its budget proposal in future fiscal years in order to maintain its base appropriation.

* * * Fiscal Year 2024 Adjustments, Appropriations, and Amendments * * *

Sec. C.100 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. B.318 is amended to read:

Sec. B.318 Department for children and families - child development

Personal services	5,670,999
Operating expenses	810,497
Grants	<u>95,860,842</u>
Total	<u>102,342,338</u>
Source of funds	
General fund	35,016,309
Special funds	16,745,000
Federal funds	37,419,258
Global Commitment fund	13,161,771
Total	<u>102,342,338</u>

Sec. C.101 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. B.1100, as amended by 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 87, Sec. 40, is further amended to read:

Sec. B.1100 MISCELLANEOUS FISCAL YEAR 2024 ONE-TIME APPROPRIATIONS

(a) Agency of Administration. In fiscal year 2024, funds are appropriated for the following:

* * *

(5) \$6,250,000 \$6,265,000 General Fund for local economic damage grants to municipalities that were impacted by the July 2023 flooding event in counties that are eligible for Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Public Assistance funds under federal disaster declaration DR-4720-VT. It is the intent of the General Assembly that these local economic damage grants be distributed to municipalities throughout the state to address the secondary economic impacts of the July 2023 flooding event. Monies from these grants shall not be expended on FEMA-related projects.

* * *

(B) \$3,000,000 \$3,015,000 of the funds appropriated in this subdivision (a)(5) for local economic damage grants shall be distributed as follows:

* * *

(C) To the extent that the funds appropriated in this subdivision (a)(5) have not been granted by June September 30, 2024, they shall revert the General Fund and be transferred to the Emergency Relief and Assistance Fund.

* * *

(l) Agency of Human Services Central Office. In fiscal year 2024, funds are appropriated for the following:

* * *

(3) \$10,000,000 \$9,429,904 General Fund to continue to address the emergent and exigent circumstances impacting health care providers following the COVID-19 pandemic; and

(4) \$10,534,603 General Fund and \$13,693,231 \$13,694,105 Federal Revenue Fund #2205 #22005 for use as Global Commitment matching funds for one-time caseload pressures due to the suspension of Medicaid eligibility redeterminations; and

(5) \$570,096 General Fund and \$741,072 Federal Revenue Fund #22005 for use as Global Commitment matching funds for supplemental nonemergency medical transportation funding.

(m) Department of Vermont Health Access. In fiscal year 2024, funds are appropriated for the following:

(1) \$366,066 General Fund and \$372,048 Federal Revenue Fund #22005 to the Department of Vermont Health Access for a two-year pilot to expand the Blueprint for Health Hub and Spoke program and;

(2) \$15,583,352 Global Commitment Fund #20405 to the Department of Health Access Medicaid program for a two-year pilot to expand the Blueprint for Health Hub and Spoke program; and

(3) \$1,311,168 in Global Commitment Fund #20405 as supplemental funding for nonemergency medical transportation services to address the urgent financial needs of the Department's contracted nonemergency medical transportation service providers.

(A) The Department of Vermont Health Access shall report on its new payment methodology for nonemergency medical transportation and the estimated costs of providing nonemergency medical transportation to Medicaid

beneficiaries in fiscal year 2026 under that methodology as part of the Department's fiscal year 2025 budget adjustment presentation.

* * *

(o) Department for Children and Families. In fiscal year 2024, funds are appropriated for the following:

* * *

(13) \$500,000 General Fund and \$500,000 federal funds for information technology implementation to support the Summer Electronic Benefit Transfer Program.

* * *

Sec. C.102 GLOBAL COMMITMENT WAIVER AMENDMENT

(a) The Secretary of Human Services may request to amend Vermont's Global Commitment to Health Section 1115 Demonstration Waiver to make changes necessary to comply with federal Home and Community-Based Services Conflict of Interest requirements, as well as to seek approval of Federal Medical Assistance Percentage federal funds for certain room and board payments and rental assistance not currently eligible for Federal Medical Assistance Percentage federal funds.

Sec. C.103 GLOBAL COMMITMENT INVESTMENT; HOME-DELIVERED MEALS

(a) The Secretary of Human Services shall request approval from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for home-delivered meals that are part of a participant's service plan of care and meet Vermont's area agencies on aging's nutrition requirements in accordance with the Older Americans Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 3001–3058ff to be a Global Commitment Investment.

Sec. C.104 3 V.S.A. § 3091 is amended to read:

§ 3091. HEARINGS

(a) An applicant for or a recipient of assistance, benefits, or social services from the Department for Children and Families, of Vermont Health Access, of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living, or of Mental Health, or of the Department of Health's Women, Infant, and Children program, or an applicant for a license from one of those departments, except for the Department of Health, or a licensee may file a request for a fair hearing with the Human Services Board. An opportunity for a fair hearing will be granted to any individual requesting a hearing because his or her the individual's claim for assistance, benefits, or services is denied, or is not acted upon with reasonable promptness; or because the individual is aggrieved by any other Agency action

affecting his or her the individual's receipt of assistance, benefits, or services, or license or license application; or because the individual is aggrieved by Agency policy as it affects his or her the individual's situation.

* * *

Sec. C.105 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. E.104.1 is amended to read:

**Sec. E.104.1 DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT;
PENSION PLUS APPROPRIATION DIRECTIVE**

(a) In fiscal year 2024, and in each applicable year thereafter, funds appropriated to the Department of Finance and Management and the Agency of Administration in Sec. B.104.1 ~~of this act or in other one-time appropriation sections of the appropriations act~~ to fund additional payments to the Vermont State Retirement System made pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 473(c)(8) shall be directly deposited in the Vermont State Retirement System.

(b) ~~Beginning in fiscal year 2025, and in each applicable year thereafter, additional contributions pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 473(e)(8) shall be made through the percentage of payroll rate process pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 473(d).~~

Sec. C.106 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. E.107(d) is amended to read:

(d) Contributions of State. As provided by law, the Retirement Board shall certify to the Governor or Governor-Elect a statement of the percentage of the payroll of all members sufficient to pay for all operating expenses of the Vermont State Retirement System and all contributions of the State that will become due and payable during the next biennium. The contributions of the State to pay the annual actuarially determined employer contribution ~~and any additional amounts pursuant to section (e)(8) of this section~~ shall be charged to the departmental appropriation from which members' salaries are paid and shall be included in each departmental budgetary request. Annually, on or before January 15, the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall provide to the General Assembly a breakdown of the components of the payroll charge applied to each department's budget in the current fiscal year and anticipated to apply in the upcoming fiscal year. This report shall itemize the percentages of payroll assessments to fund:

(1) the actuarially determined employer contribution to the Vermont State Retirement System; and

(2) ~~any additional payments made pursuant to subdivision (e)(8) of this section to the Vermont State Retirement System; and~~

(3) the employer contribution to the State Employees' Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund made pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 479a (e)(3).

Sec. C.107 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. E.900 is amended to read:

Sec. E.900 TRANSPORTATION FUND RESERVE; REVERSIONS EXCLUDED

(a) ~~To calculate~~ For the purpose of calculating the fiscal year 2024 Transportation Fund Stabilization Reserve requirement of five percent of prior year appropriations, ~~Transportation Fund reversions of \$20,727,012~~ are excluded from the fiscal year 2023 total appropriations amount.

Sec. C.108 CENTRAL GARAGE FUND

(a) ~~Notwithstanding 19 V.S.A. § 13(c), the Transportation Fund transfer to the Central Garage fund in fiscal year 2024 shall be \$0.~~

Sec. C.109 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec B.1102 is amended to read:

Sec. B.1102 AFFORDABLE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT; FISCAL YEAR 2024 ONE-TIME APPROPRIATIONS

(a) In fiscal year 2024, the amount of \$10,000,000 General Fund is appropriated to the Department of Housing and Community Development for the Vermont Rental Housing Improvement Program established in 10 V.S.A. § 699. ~~The Department may use up to five percent for administrative costs to allow for the support of the grant program and technical assistance.~~

* * *

Sec. C.110 EMERGENCY RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM; REVERSION AND REALLOCATION

(a) ~~The Secretary of Administration shall revert up to \$5,000,000 of prior fiscal year federal funds appropriated through the Emergency Rental Assistance Program, as approved by the Joint Fiscal Committee pursuant to Grant Request #3034. An amount of spending authority equal to these reversions shall be provided, pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 511, to existing State programs that meet the eligibility criteria established by the U.S. Treasury.~~

(b) ~~To the extent that qualifying General Fund expenditures already incurred are transferred onto the spending authority established in subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall, notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 706, transfer an equivalent amount of General Fund spending authority to support programs established through Grant Request #3034 and subsequent Emergency Rental Assistance Program grant approvals by the Joint Fiscal Committee.~~

Sec. C.111 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 4(b) is amended to read:

(b) Appropriation. The sum of \$500,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Secretary of State in fiscal year 2024 for the purpose of offsetting election costs incurred by school districts pursuant to this section or the provisions of 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 1. To the extent to which these funds remain unobligated and unexpended at the end of fiscal year 2024, they shall revert to the General Fund and a new one-time General Fund appropriation shall be established in fiscal year 2025, in the amount reverted, to be used for election costs in fiscal year 2025.

Sec. C.112 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 22, Sec. 14 is amended to read:

Sec. 14. APPROPRIATION; OPIOID ABATEMENT SPECIAL FUND

In fiscal year 2023, the following monies shall be appropriated from the Opioid Abatement Special Fund pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 4774:

(1) ~~\$1,980,000.00 for the expansion of naloxone distribution efforts, including establishing harm reduction vending machines, home delivery and mail order options, and expanding the harm reduction pack and leave-behind kit programs;~~

(2)(A) ~~\$2,000,000.00~~ \$1,500,000 divided equally between four opioid treatment programs to cover costs associated with partnering with other health care providers to expand satellite locations for the dosing of medications, including costs associated with the satellite locations' physical facilities, staff time at the satellite locations, and staff time at opioid treatment programs to prepare medications and coordinate with satellite locations;

(B) the satellite locations established pursuant to this subdivision (2)(1) shall be located in Addison County, eastern or southern Vermont, Chittenden County, and in a facility operated by the Department of Corrections;

(2) \$500,000 to establish a second Chittenden Clinic Addiction Treatment Center;

* * *

Sec. C.113 APPROPRIATION; EVIDENCE-BASED EDUCATION AND ADVERTISING FUND

(a) \$1,980,000 is appropriated from the Evidence-Based Education and Advertising Fund to the Department of Health for the expansion of opioid antagonist distribution efforts, including establishing harm reduction vending machines, home delivery and mail order options, and expanding the harm reduction pack and leave behind kit programs.

Sec. C.114 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. B.1105 is amended to read:

**Sec. B.1105 CASH FUND FOR CAPITAL AND ESSENTIAL
INVESTMENTS – FISCAL YEAR 2024 ONE-TIME
APPROPRIATIONS**

(a) In fiscal year 2024, \$17,685,000 \$15,435,000 is appropriated from the Capital Infrastructure sub account in the Cash Fund for Capital and Essential Investments for the following projects:

* * *

(7) ~~\$600,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for planning for the boiler replacement at the Northern State Correctional Facility in Newport; [Repealed.]~~

* * *

(9) ~~\$600,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Agency of Human Services for the planning and design of the booking expansion at the Northwest State Correctional Facility; [Repealed.]~~

(10) ~~\$1,000,000 \$750,000~~ is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Agency of Human Services for the planning and design of the Department for Children and Families' short-term stabilization facility;

(11) ~~\$750,000 is appropriated to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Judiciary for design, renovations, and land acquisition at the Washington County Superior Courthouse in Barre;~~

* * *

(16) \$4,000,000 is appropriated to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Environmental Conservation for the Municipal Pollution Control Grants for pollution control projects and planning advances for feasibility studies; and

(17) \$3,000,000 is appropriated to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation for the maintenance facilities at the Gifford Woods State Park and Groton State Forest; and

(18) ~~\$800,000 is appropriated to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Fish and Wildlife for infrastructure maintenance and improvements of the Department's buildings, including conservation camps.~~

(b) In fiscal year 2024, \$31,025,000 \$30,025,000 is appropriated from the Other Infrastructure, Essential Investments, and Reserves subaccount in the

Cash Fund for Capital and Essential Investments for the following projects. This funding is provided by the General Fund transfer in Sec. D.101 of this act.

* * *

(3) ~~\$7,500,000~~ \$6,500,000 is appropriated to the Vermont State Colleges for construction, renovation, and major maintenance at any facility owned or operated in the State by the Vermont State Colleges; infrastructure transformation planning; and the planning, design, and construction of Green Hall and Vail Hall; and

* * *

Sec. C.115 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. E.301.1 is amended to read:

**Sec. E.301.1 GLOBAL COMMITMENT APPROPRIATIONS;
TRANSFER; REPORT**

(a) To facilitate the end-of-year closeout for fiscal year 2024, the Secretary of Human Services, with approval from the Secretary of Administration, may make transfers among the appropriations authorized for Medicaid and Medicaid-waiver program expenses, including Global Commitment appropriations outside the Agency of Human Services. At least three business days prior to any transfer, the Agency of Human Services shall submit to the Joint Fiscal Office a proposal of transfers to be made pursuant to this section. A final report on all transfers made under this section shall be made to the Joint Fiscal Committee for review at the Committee's September 2024 meeting. The purpose of this section is to provide the Agency with limited authority to modify the appropriations to comply with the terms and conditions of the Global Commitment to Health Section 1115 demonstration approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act.

(b) To address the disruption to cash flows caused by the Change Healthcare cybersecurity incident, pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 308b(a), funds shall be unreserved from the subaccount of the Human Services Caseload Reserve established in 32 V.S.A. § 308b(c)(2) for appropriation to Sec. B.301, Secretary's Office Global Commitment, of this act for net-neutral transfers made under the authority granted to the Secretary of Administration in subsection (a) of this section. Once the cash flows are restored, the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall include the actions necessary to reserve in the Human Services Caseload Reserve the amount previously unreserved as part of the fiscal year 2025 budget adjustment.

Sec. C.116 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. B.1101 is amended to read:

**Sec. B.1101 WORKFORCE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT –
FISCAL YEAR 2024 ONE-TIME APPROPRIATIONS**

(a) Education workforce.

* * *

(2) In fiscal year 2024, the amount of \$2,500,000 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation for the Vermont Teacher Forgivable Loan Incentive Program to provide forgivable loans to students enrolled in an eligible school who meet the eligibility requirements in subdivision (A) of this subsection. The goal of the program is to encourage students to enter into teaching professions, with an emphasis on encouraging Black, Indigenous, and Persons of Color, New Americans, and other historically underrepresented communities.

* * *

(C) There shall be no deadline to apply for a forgivable loan under this section. Forgivable loans shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall ~~roll over~~ carry forward and shall be available to the Corporation in the following fiscal year to award additional forgivable loans as set forth in this section.

* * *

Sec. C.117 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 64, Sec. 3a, is amended to read:

Sec. 3a. APPROPRIATION; SCHOOL MEALS

The sum of \$29,000,000.00 \$26,400,000.00 is appropriated from the Education Fund to the Agency of Education for fiscal year 2024 to provide reimbursement for school meals under 16 V.S.A. § 4017.

* * * Fiscal Year 2025 Fund Transfers and Reserve Allocations * * *

Sec. D.100 ALLOCATIONS; PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX

(a) This act contains the following amounts allocated to special funds that receive revenue from the property transfer tax. These allocations shall not exceed available revenues.

(1) The sum of \$575,662 is allocated from the Current Use Administration Special Fund to the Department of Taxes for administration of the Use Tax Reimbursement Program. Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 9610(c), amounts in excess of \$575,662 from the property transfer tax deposited into

the Current Use Administration Special Fund shall be transferred into the General Fund.

(2) Notwithstanding 10 V.S.A. § 312, amounts in excess of \$22,106,740 from the property transfer tax and surcharge established in 32 V.S.A. § 9602a deposited into the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund shall be transferred into the General Fund.

(A) The dedication of \$2,500,000 in revenue from the property transfer tax pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 9610(d) for the debt payments on the affordable housing bond pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 314 shall be offset by the reduction of \$1,500,000 in the appropriation to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board and \$1,000,000 from the surcharge established in 32 V.S.A. § 9602a. The fiscal year 2025 appropriation of \$22,106,740 to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board reflects the \$1,500,000 reduction. The affordable housing bond and related property transfer tax and surcharge provisions are repealed after the life of the bond on July 1, 2039. Once the bond is retired, the \$1,500,000 reduction in the appropriation to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board shall be restored.

(3) Notwithstanding 24 V.S.A. § 4306(a), amounts in excess of \$7,772,373 from the property transfer tax deposited into the Municipal and Regional Planning Fund shall be transferred into the General Fund. The \$7,772,373 shall be allocated as follows:

(A) \$6,404,540 for disbursement to regional planning commissions in a manner consistent with 24 V.S.A. § 4306(b);

(B) \$931,773 for disbursement to municipalities in a manner consistent with 24 V.S.A. § 4306(b); and

(C) \$436,060 to the Agency of Digital Services for the Vermont Center for Geographic Information.

Sec. D.101 FUND TRANSFERS

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following amounts are transferred from the funds indicated:

(1) From the General Fund to the:

(A) General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund (#35100): \$73,212,880.

(B) Capital Infrastructure Subaccount in the Cash Fund for Capital and Essential Investments Fund (#21952): \$6,688,747.63.

(C) Tax Computer System Modernization Fund (#21909): \$1,800,000.

(D) Fire Prevention/Building Inspection Special Fund (#21901): \$1,400,000.

(E) Enhanced 9-1-1 Board Fund (#21711): \$1,300,000.

(F) Unsafe Dam Revolving Loan Fund (#21960): \$1,000,000.

(G) Military – Sale of Burlington Armory & Other (#21661): \$890,000.

(H) Act 250 Permit Fund (#21260): \$600,000.

(I) Criminal History Records Check Fund (#21130): \$107,277.

(J) Emergency Relief and Assistance Fund (#21555): \$830,000.

(K) Education Fund (#20205): \$25,000,000.

(2) From the Transportation Fund to the:

(A) Vermont Recreational Trails Fund (#21455): \$370,000.

(B) Downtown Transportation and Related Capital Improvements Fund (#21575): \$523,966.

(C) General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund (#35100): \$316,745.

(D) Notwithstanding 19 V.S.A. § 13(c), the Transportation Fund transfer to the Central Garage fund in fiscal year 2025 shall be \$0.

(3) From the Education Fund to the:

(A) Tax Computer System Modernization Fund (#21909): \$1,400,000.

(4) From the Clean Water Fund to the:

(A) Agricultural Water Quality Special Fund (#21933): \$9,010,000.

(B) Lake in Crisis Response Program Special Fund (#21938): \$120,000.

(5) From the Other Infrastructure, Essential Investments and Reserves Subaccount in the Cash for Capital and Essential Investments Fund to the:

(A) Transportation Fund (#20105): \$25,000,000.

(B) General Fund (#10000): \$5,000,000.

(6) From the Tax-Local Option Process Fees Fund (#21591), notwithstanding 24 V.S.A. § 138(c)(1), to the:

(A) Tax Computer System Modernization Fund (#21909): \$2,000,000.

(7) From the Central Garage Fund established in 19 V.S.A. § 13 to:

(A) the Transportation Fund: \$1,100,000.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in fiscal year 2025:

(1) The following amounts shall be transferred to the General Fund from the funds indicated:

(A) Cannabis Regulation Fund (#21998): \$12,000,000.

(B) AHS Central Office Earned Federal Receipts (#22005): \$4,641,960.

(C) Sports Wagering Enterprise Fund (#50250): \$7,000,000.

(D) Liquor Control Fund (#50300): \$21,100,000.

(E) Tobacco Litigation Settlement Fund (#21370): \$3,000,000.

(F) Financial Institutions Supervision Fund (#21065): \$1,100,000.

(2) The following estimated amounts, which may be all or a portion of unencumbered fund balances, shall be transferred from the following funds to the General Fund. The Commissioner of Finance and Management shall report to the Joint Fiscal Committee at its July meeting the final amounts transferred from each fund and certify that such transfers will not impair the agency, office, or department reliant upon each fund from meeting its statutory requirements.

(A) AG-Fees & Reimbursements-Court Order Fund (#21638): \$2,000,000.

(B) Unclaimed Property Fund (#62100): \$6,500,000.

(3) \$66,935,000 of the net unencumbered fund balances in the Insurance Regulatory and Supervision Fund (#21075), the Captive Insurance Regulatory and Supervision Fund (#21085), and the Securities Regulatory and Supervision Fund (#21080) shall be transferred to the General Fund.

(c)(1) Notwithstanding Sec. 1.4.3 of the Rules for State Matching Funds under the Federal Public Assistance Program, in fiscal year 2025, the Secretary of Administration may provide funding from the Emergency Relief and Assistance Fund that was transferred pursuant to subdivision (a)(1)(J) of this section to subgrantees prior to the completion of a project. In fiscal year 2025, up to 70 percent of the State funding match on the nonfederal share of an approved project for municipalities that were impacted by the August and December 2023 flooding events in counties that are eligible for Federal Emergency Management Agency Public Assistance funds under federal

disaster declarations DR-4744-VT and DR-4762-VT may be advanced at the request of a municipality.

(2) Notwithstanding Sec. 1.4.1 of the Rules for State Matching Funds Under the Federal Public Assistance Program, the Secretary of Administration shall increase the standard State funding match on the nonfederal share of an approved project to the highest percentage possible given available funding for municipalities in counties that were impacted by the August and December 2023 flooding events and are eligible for Federal Emergency Management Agency Public Assistance funds under federal disaster declarations DR-4744-VT and DR-4762-VT.

Sec. D.102 REVERSIONS

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in fiscal year 2025, the following amounts shall revert to the General Fund from the accounts indicated:

<u>1210002000</u>	<u>Legislature</u>	<u>\$211,576.00</u>
<u>1215001000</u>	<u>Legislative Counsel</u>	<u>\$301,089.00</u>
<u>1220000000</u>	<u>Joint Fiscal Committee/Office</u>	<u>\$301,010.46</u>
<u>1220890501</u>	<u>Budget System/Transfer to Tax Dept</u>	<u>\$39.54</u>
<u>1220891802</u>	<u>Decarbonization Mech Study</u>	<u>\$39.00</u>
<u>3150892104</u>	<u>MH – Case Management Serv</u>	<u>\$350,000.00</u>
<u>1100892201</u>	<u>Agency of Administration – 27/53 Reserve</u>	<u>\$8,064,362.69</u>
<u>1100892302</u>	<u>Agency of Administration</u> <u>– Trans. Retirement</u>	<u>\$3,935,637.31</u>

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in fiscal year 2025, the following amounts shall revert to the American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund from the accounts indicated:

<u>3440892306</u>	<u>DCF – OEO – Home Weatherization</u> <u>Assistance</u>	<u>\$5,000,000.00</u>
-------------------	---	-----------------------

Sec. D.103 RESERVES

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in fiscal year 2025, the following reserve transactions shall be implemented for the funds provided:

(1) General Fund.

(A) Pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 308, an estimated amount of \$15,168,663 shall be added to the General Fund Budget Stabilization Reserve.

(B) \$5,480,000 shall be added to the 27/53 reserve in fiscal year 2025. This action is the fiscal year 2025 contribution to the reserve for the 53rd week of Medicaid as required by 32 V.S.A. § 308e and the 27th payroll reserve as required by 32 V.S.A. § 308e.

(C) Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 308b, \$3,913,200 shall be unreserved from the Human Services Caseload Reserve established within the General Fund in 32 V.S.A. § 308b.

(2) Other Infrastructure, Essential Investments and Reserves Subaccount in the Cash for Capital and Essential Investments Fund.

(A) \$25,000,000 is unreserved to be used by the Agency of Transportation in accordance with the provisions for which the funds were originally reserved in 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. C.108(a).

(B) \$5,000,000 of the \$14,500,000 reserved in 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. C.108(b) is unreserved.

(3) Transportation Fund.

(A) For the purpose of calculating the fiscal year 2025 Transportation Fund stabilization requirement of five percent of prior year appropriations, Transportation Fund reversions are deducted from the fiscal year 2024 total appropriations amount.

* * * General Government * * *

Sec. E.100 POSITIONS

(a) The establishment of 43 permanent positions is authorized in fiscal year 2025 for the following:

(1) Permanent classified positions:

(A) Department of Public Safety:

(i) one Criminal History Record Specialist I; and

(ii) three Regional Emergency Management Program Coordinators.

(B) Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation:

(i) four Field Park Manager IVs.

(C) Office of the Treasurer:

(i) one Internal Auditor.

(D) Office of the Secretary of State:

- (i) one Administrative Services Coordinator IV; and
- (ii) one Information Technology Specialist III.

(E) Department of Environmental Conservation:

- (i) one Administrative Services Coordinator;
- (ii) two Environmental Engineers;
- (iii) two Environmental Technicians; and
- (iv) 10 Environmental Analysts.

(F) Agency of Education:

- (i) one CTE Education Programs Coordinator; and
- (ii) one Education Finance Data Analyst.

(G) Department of Corrections:

- (i) five Probation and Parole Officers.

(2) Permanent exempt positions:

(A) Agency of Administration – Secretary's Office:

- (i) one Chief Performance Officer.

(B) Judiciary:

- (i) three Superior Court Judges.

(C) Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs:

- (i) one SIU Director.

(D) Office of Legislative Counsel:

- (i) one Law Clerk; and
- (ii) two Legislative Counsels.

(E) Office of Legislative Information Technology:

- (i) one Audio Visual Specialist.

(D) Joint Fiscal Office:

- (i) one Analyst.

(b) The conversion of 14 limited service positions to classified permanent status is authorized in fiscal year 2025 as follows:

(1) Department of Environmental Conservation:

- (A) one Environmental Engineer V;
- (B) one Environmental Engineer III; and
- (C) one Environmental Scientist IV.

(2) Department of Labor:

- (A) one Re-Employment Services and Eligibility Assessment Program Program Coordinator; and
- (B) nine Re-Employment Services and Eligibility Assessment Program Facilitators.

(3) Agency of Education:

- (A) one Education Project Manager.
- (c) The establishment of 35 exempt limited service positions is authorized in fiscal year 2025 as follows:

(1) Judiciary:

- (A) one Database Administrator;
- (B) two IT Help Desk Analysts;
- (C) two Centralized Service Analysts;
- (D) 10 Judicial Assistants; and
- (E) 11 Judicial Officer II's.

(2) Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs:

- (A) seven Deputy State's Attorneys;
- (B) one Victim Advocate; and
- (C) one Legal Assistant.

Sec. E.100.1 3 V.S.A. § 2310 is added to read:

§ 2310. CHIEF PERFORMANCE OFFICER

(a) There is created the permanent, exempt position of Chief Performance Officer within the Agency of Administration for the purpose of better developing a culture of performance accountability and continuous improvement across State government. The Chief Performance Officer shall:

(1) provide advice, recommendations, and consultation to the Executive and Legislative branches of State government about performance improvement and management;

(2) lead the creation and implementation of a performance improvement and management strategy for State government to ensure effective and efficient government operations;

(3) assist agencies and departments as necessary in developing, monitoring, managing, and improving performance measures as well as developing strategies that maximize results and return on investment;

(4) develop and offer trainings, professional development opportunities, and resources for agencies and departments regarding performance improvement and management; and

(5) provide consultation on the design and implementation of systems that use data and metrics to measure and report performance.

Sec. E.106 CORONAVIRUS STATE FISCAL RECOVERY FUND
APPROPRIATIONS; REVERSION AND ESTABLISHMENT
OF NEW SPENDING AUTHORITY

(a) The Agency of Administration shall structure any existing American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund program in accordance with the requirements of 31 C.F.R. Part 35 and in a manner designed to achieve the intent of the General Assembly and may revert any unexpended and unencumbered spending authority and establish new spending authority across governmental units in an overall net-neutral manner, pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 511.

(b) The Commissioner of Finance and Management shall revert all unobligated American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund spending authority prior to December 31, 2024. The total amount of American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund spending authority reverted in accordance with this subsection shall equal the amount of new spending authority established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 511 for the following purposes in the following order:

(1) \$36,000,000 to the Department of Public Safety Division of Emergency Management for Federal Emergency Management Agency match or municipal support for hazard mitigation. Any unexpended and unencumbered spending authority shall be reverted and amount of funds equal to the reversion shall be transferred to the Community Resilience and Disaster Mitigation Fund.

(2) \$4,000,000 to the Agency of Administration for Administration costs, including for an anticipated audit response per 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec. G.801(a) and 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Sec. G.801(A).

(3) \$30,000,000 to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board to provide support and enhance capacity for the production and preservation of affordable mixed-income rental housing and homeownership units, including improvements to manufactured homes and communities, permanent homes and emergency shelter for those experiencing homelessness, recovery residences, and housing available to farm workers, refugees, and individuals who are eligible to receive Medicaid-funded home and community based services.

(4) \$25,000,000 to the Department of Housing and Community Development for a grant to the Vermont Housing Finance Agency for the Middle-Income Homeownership Development Program, the First Generation Homebuyer Program, and the Vermont Rental Revolving Loan Fund. Up to \$1,000,000 of these funds may be for the First Generation Homebuyer Program.

(5) Any remaining funds shall be subject to the establishment of new spending authority or transferred, with the express authorization of the Joint Fiscal Committee, to existing American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund programs established by the General Assembly.

(c) If previously obligated American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund spending authority becomes unobligated after December 31, 2024, the Commissioner of Finance and Management may, with the approval of the Joint Fiscal Committee, revert the unobligated American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund spending authority and establish new spending authority pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 511 for any existing American Rescue Plan Act – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery programs in accordance with the requirements of 31 C.F.R. Part 35.

Sec. E.125 OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL; ABOLISHED POSITIONS

(a) The abolition of two session-only Law Clerk positions in the Office of Legislative Counsel is authorized in fiscal year 2025.

Sec. E.125.1 2 V.S.A. § 403 is amended to read:

§ 403. FUNCTIONS; CONFIDENTIALITY

* * *

(b)(1)(A) All requests for legal assistance, information, and advice from the Office of Legislative Counsel; all information received in connection with research or drafting; and all confidential materials provided to or generated by the Office shall remain confidential unless the party requesting or providing the information or material designates that it is not confidential.

(B) Any draft of a report or other work in progress generated by or submitted to the Office of Legislative Counsel shall remain confidential until it has been finalized.

* * *

Sec. E.126. 32 V.S.A. § 1052 is amended to read:

§ 1052. MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY; COMPENSATION AND EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT

* * *

(b) During any session of the General Assembly, each member is entitled to receive reimbursement of expenses as follows: set forth in this subsection.

(1) Mileage reimbursement. Reimbursement Each member shall be entitled to receive reimbursement in an amount equal to the actual mileage traveled for each day of session in which the member travels between Montpelier and the member's home or from Montpelier or from the member's home to another site on officially sanctioned legislative business. Reimbursement of actual mileage traveled under this subdivision shall be at the rate per mile determined by the federal Office of Government-wide Policy and published in the Federal Register for the year of the session.

(2) Meals and lodging allowance. An Each member shall receive either a meals allowance or reimbursement of actual meals expenses. A member shall be presumed to have elected to receive the meals allowance unless the member informs the Office of Legislative Operations by a date established by the Office of Legislative Operations that the member wishes to receive reimbursement of actual meals expenses. A member's election to receive reimbursement of actual meals expenses shall remain in effect through the remainder of that session unless the member notifies the Office, in writing, that the member needs to change to the meals allowance due to a change in circumstances or for another compelling reason.

(A) Meals allowance. A member who elects to receive a meals allowance in shall receive an amount equal to the daily amount for meals and lodging determined for Montpelier, Vermont, by the federal Office of Government-wide Policy and published in the Federal Register for the year of the session; for each day the House in which the member serves shall sit.

(B) Meals reimbursement. A member who elects to receive reimbursement of expenses shall receive reimbursement equal to the actual amounts expended by the member for meals for each day that the House in which the member serves shall sit; provided, however, that the total amount of the weekly reimbursement available pursuant to this subdivision (B) shall not

exceed the amount the member would have received for the same week if the member had elected the meals allowance pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2). The member shall provide meal receipts or otherwise substantiate the amounts expended to the Office of Legislative Operations in the form and manner prescribed by the Director of Legislative Operations.

(3) Lodging. Each member shall receive either a lodging allowance or reimbursement of actual lodging expenses. A member shall be presumed to have elected to receive the lodging allowance unless the member informs the Office of Legislative Operations by a date established by the Office of Legislative Operations that the member wishes to receive reimbursement of actual lodging expenses. A member's election to receive reimbursement of actual lodging expenses shall remain in effect through the remainder of that session unless the member notifies the Office, in writing, that the member needs to change to the lodging allowance due to a change in circumstances or for another compelling reason.

(A) Lodging allowance. A member who elects to receive a lodging allowance shall receive an amount equal to the daily amount for lodging determined for Montpelier, Vermont, by the federal Office of Government-wide Policy and published in the Federal Register for the year of the session for each day the House in which the member serves shall sit.

(B) Lodging reimbursement. A member who elects to receive reimbursement of expenses shall receive reimbursement equal to the actual amounts expended by the member for lodging for each day that the House in which the member serves shall sit; provided, however, that the total amount of the weekly reimbursement available pursuant to this subdivision (B) for each week shall not exceed the amount the member would have received for the same week if the member had elected the lodging allowance pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3). The member shall provide lodging receipts or otherwise substantiate the amounts expended to the Office of Legislative Operations in the form and manner prescribed by the Director of Legislative Operations.

(4) Absences. If a member is absent for reasons other than sickness or legislative business for one or more entire days while the house House in which the member sits is in session, the member shall notify the Office of Legislative Operations of that absence, and expenses received shall not include the amount that the legislator specifies was not the member shall not be entitled to receive or be reimbursed for mileage, meals, or lodging expenses incurred during the period of that absence, except that lodging expenses associated with a lease or rental agreement may be received or reimbursed

upon approval of either the Speaker of the House or the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

* * *

Sec. E.126.1 2 V.S.A. § 703 is amended to read:

§ 703. FUNCTIONS; CONFIDENTIALITY

(a) The Office of Legislative Information Technology shall:

* * *

(b) Any draft of a report or other work in progress generated by or submitted to the Office of Legislative Information Technology shall remain confidential until it has been finalized.

Sec. E.126.2 LEGISLATURE; STATE HOUSE RENOVATION APPROVAL

(a) The Speaker of the House, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Chair of the House Committee on Appropriations, and the Chair of the Senate Committee on Appropriations shall have the authority to approve the use of legislative budget carryforward funds to cover the cost of room renovations to increase public space within the State House.

Sec. E.127 2 V.S.A. § 523 is amended to read:

§ 523. FUNCTIONS; CONFIDENTIALITY

* * *

(b)(1)(A) All requests for assistance, information, and advice from the Joint Fiscal Office, all information received in connection with fiscal research or related drafting, and all confidential materials provided to or generated by the Joint Fiscal Office shall remain confidential unless the party requesting or providing the information designates that it is not confidential.

(B) Any draft of a report or other work in progress generated by or submitted to the Joint Fiscal Office shall remain confidential until it has been finalized.

* * *

Sec. E.127.1 FISCAL YEAR 2025 FEE REPORT; PROTECTION TO PERSONS AND PROPERTY

(a) Fiscal year 2025 fee information. The Judiciary, agencies, departments, boards, and offices that receive appropriations in Secs. B.200 through B.299 of this act shall, in collaboration with the Joint Fiscal Office, prepare a

comprehensive fee report for each fee that is in effect in fiscal year 2025. The fee report shall contain the following information for each fee:

- (1) the statutory authorization and termination date, if any;
- (2) the current rate or amount of the fee and the date the fee was last set or adjusted by the General Assembly or Joint Fiscal Committee;
- (3) the Fund into which the fee revenues are deposited;
- (4) the amount of the revenues derived from the fee in each of the five fiscal years preceding fiscal year 2025;
- (5) the number of times that the fee was paid in each of the two fiscal years preceding fiscal year 2025;
- (6) a projection of the fee revenues in fiscal years 2025 and 2026;
- (7) a description of the service or product provided or the regulatory function performed by the Judiciary, agency, department, board or office supported by the fee;
- (8) the amount of the fee if adjusted for inflation from the last time the fee amount was modified using an appropriate index chosen in consultation with the Joint Fiscal Office. The inflation adjustment shall be calculated as the percentage change between the value of the index in the July of the year the fee was last adjusted by the General Assembly and July 2024;
- (9) if any portion of the fee revenue is deposited into a special fund, the percentage of the special fund's revenues that the fee represents;
- (10) any available information regarding comparable fees in other jurisdictions;
- (11) any policies or trends that might affect the viability of the fee amount; and
- (12) any other relevant considerations for setting the fee amount.

(b) Reports.

- (1) The Joint Fiscal Office shall provide guidance as necessary to the Judiciary, agencies, departments, boards, and offices described in subsection (a) of this section on the methodology to be used for compiling the information requested in the fee reports. On or before October 15, 2024, the Judiciary, agencies, departments, boards, and offices described in subsection (a) of this section shall submit a draft report of the information required in subdivisions (a)(1)–(12) of this section to the Joint Fiscal Office for review. The Judiciary, agencies, departments, boards, and offices shall work with the

Joint Fiscal Office to finalize the report before submitting the final report described in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

(2) On or before December 15, 2024, the Judiciary, agencies, departments, boards, and offices described in subsection (a) shall submit a jointly prepared final report to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Ways and Means and the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Finance.

(3) If any of the information requested in this section cannot be provided for any reason, the Judiciary, agencies, departments, boards, and offices described in subsection (a) shall include in both the draft and final reports a written explanation for why the information cannot be provided.

(c) As used in this section, as it pertains to Executive Branch agencies, departments, boards, and offices, “fee” means any source of State revenue classified by the Department of Finance and Management Accounting System as “fees,” “business licenses,” “nonbusiness licenses,” and “fines and penalties.” As it pertains to the Judiciary, “fee” means any source of State revenue classified by the Department of Finance and Management accounting system as “fees.”

(d) Executive Branch fee report moratorium. Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 605, in fiscal year 2025, the Governor shall not be required to submit the consolidated Executive Branch fee annual report and request to the General Assembly.

(e) Judicial Branch fee report moratorium. Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 605a, in fiscal year 2025, the Justices of the Supreme Court or the Court Administrator if one is appointed pursuant to 4 V.S.A. § 21 shall not be required to submit the consolidated Judicial Branch fee annual report and request to the General Assembly.

Sec. E.132 33 V.S.A. § 8003 is amended to read:

§ 8003. PROGRAM LIMITATIONS

(a) Cash contributions. The Treasurer or designee shall not accept a contribution:

(1) unless it is in cash; or

(2) except in the case of a contribution under 26 U.S.C. § 529A(c)(1)(C) (relating to a change in a designated beneficiary or program), if such contribution to an ABLE account would result in aggregate contributions from all contributors to the ABLE account for the taxable year exceeding the amount in effect under 26 U.S.C. § 2503(b) for the calendar year in which the taxable year begins.

(b) Separate accounting. The Treasurer or designee shall provide separate accounting for each designated beneficiary.

(c) Limited investment direction. A designated beneficiary may, directly or indirectly, direct the investment of any contributions to the Vermont ABLE Savings Program, or any earnings thereon, ~~no not~~ more than two times in any calendar year.

(d) No pledging of interest as security. A person shall not use an interest in the Vermont ABLE Savings Program, or any portion thereof, as security for a loan.

(e) Prohibition on excess contributions. The Treasurer or designee shall adopt adequate safeguards under the Vermont ABLE Savings Program to prevent aggregate contributions on behalf of a designated beneficiary in excess of the limit established by the State pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 529(b)(6).

(f) Adjustment or recovery. Neither the State nor any agency or instrumentality of the State shall seek adjustment or recovery under Section 529A of the federal Internal Revenue Code against an ABLE account for the costs of benefits provided to a designated beneficiary.

(g) Abandoned accounts. Any abandoned ABLE accounts shall be subject to the unclaimed property provisions in 27 V.S.A. chapter 18.

Sec. E.132.1 27 V.S.A. § 1452 is amended to read:

§ 1452. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(24) "Property" means tangible property described in section 1465 of this title or a fixed and certain interest in intangible property held, issued, or owed in the course of a holder's business or by a government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality. The term:

* * *

(C) does not include:

(i) ~~property held in a plan described in 26 U.S.C. § 529A, as may be amended; [Repealed.]~~

- (ii) game-related digital content;
- (iii) a loyalty card; or
- (iv) a gift card.

* * *

Sec. E.133 VERMONT STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
AND VERNMONT PENSION INVESTMENT COMMISSION;
OPERATING BUDGET; SOURCE OF FUNDS

(a) Of the \$3,063,180 appropriated in Sec. B.133 of this act, \$2,047,989 constitutes the Vermont State Employees' Retirement System operating budget, and \$1,015,191 constitutes the portion of the Vermont Pension Investment Commission's budget attributable to the Vermont State Employees' Retirement System.

Sec. E.134 VERNMONT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT
SYSTEM AND VERNMONT PENSION INVESTMENT
COMMISSION; OPERATING BUDGET; SOURCE OF FUNDS

(a) Of the \$1,737,125 appropriated in Sec. B.134 of this act, \$1,359,845 constitutes the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System operating budget, and \$377,280 constitutes the portion of the Vermont Pension Investment Commission's budget attributable to the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System.

Sec. E.134.1 VERNMONT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT
SYSTEM; FISCAL YEARS 2027-2030; RATES

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of 24 V.S.A. § 5064(b), for the period of July 1, 2026 through June 30, 2027, contributions shall be made by:

(1) Group A members at the rate of 4.5 percent of earnable compensation;

(2) Group B members at the rate of 6.875 percent of earnable compensation;

(3) Group C members at the rate of 12.0 percent of earnable compensation; and

(4) Group D members at the rate of 13.35 percent of earnable compensation.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of 24 V.S.A. § 5064(b), for the period July 1, 2027 through June 30, 2028, contributions shall be made by:

(1) Group A members at the rate of 4.75 percent of earnable compensation;

(2) Group B members at the rate of 7.125 percent of earnable compensation;

(3) Group C members at the rate of 12.25 percent of earnable compensation; and

(4) Group D members at the rate of 13.6 percent of earnable compensation.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of 24 V.S.A. § 5064(b), for the period July 1, 2028 through June 30, 2029, contributions shall be made by:

(1) Group A members at the rate of 5.0 percent of earnable compensation;

(2) Group B members at the rate of 7.375 percent of earnable compensation;

(3) Group C members at the rate of 12.5 percent of earnable compensation; and

(4) Group D members at the rate of 13.85 percent of earnable compensation.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of 24 V.S.A. § 5064(b), for the period July 1, 2029 through June 30, 2030, contributions shall be made by:

(1) Group A members at the rate of 5.25 percent of earnable compensation;

(2) Group B members at the rate of 7.625 percent of earnable compensation;

(3) Group C members at the rate of 12.75 percent of earnable compensation; and

(4) Group D members at the rate of 14.1 percent of earnable compensation.

Sec. E.139 GRAND LIST LITIGATION ASSISTANCE

(a) Of the appropriation in Sec. B.139 of this act, \$9,000 shall be transferred to the Attorney General and \$70,000 shall be transferred to the Department of Taxes' Division of Property Valuation and Review and used with any remaining funds from the amount previously transferred for final payment of expenses incurred by the Department or towns in defense of grand list appeals regarding the reappraisals of the hydroelectric plants and other expenses incurred to undertake utility property appraisals in Vermont.

Sec. E.142 PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES

(a) This appropriation is for State payments in lieu of property taxes under 32 V.S.A. chapter 123, subchapter 4, and the payments shall be calculated in addition to and without regard to the appropriations for PILOT for Montpelier and for correctional facilities elsewhere in this act. Payments in lieu of taxes

under this section shall be paid from the PILOT Special Fund under 32 V.S.A. § 3709.

Sec. E.143 PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES; MONTPELIER

(a) Payments in lieu of taxes under this section shall be paid from the PILOT Special Fund under 32 V.S.A. § 3709.

Sec. E.144 PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES; CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

(a) Payments in lieu of taxes under this section shall be paid from the PILOT Special Fund under 32 V.S.A. § 3709.

Sec. E.200 ATTORNEY GENERAL

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Office of the Attorney General, Medicaid Fraud and Residential Abuse Unit, is authorized to retain, subject to appropriation, one-half of the State share of any recoveries from Medicaid fraud settlements, excluding interest, that exceed the State share of restitution to the Medicaid Program. All such designated additional recoveries retained shall be used to finance Medicaid Fraud and Residential Abuse Unit activities.

(b) Of the revenue available to the Attorney General under 9 V.S.A. § 2458(b)(4), \$1,749,700 is appropriated in Sec. B.200 of this act.

Sec. E.204 JUDICIARY; SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE POSITIONS

(a) Of the three Superior Court Judge positions established in Sec. E.100(a)(2)(B)(i) of this act, one shall be funded with the Tobacco Litigation Settlement Fund appropriated to the Judiciary in 2018 (Sp. Sess.) Acts and Resolves No. 11, Sec. C.106(a).

Sec. E.204.1 2018 (Sp. Sess.) Acts and Resolves No. 11, Sec. C.106, is amended to read:

Sec. C.106 CHINS CASES SYSTEM-WIDE REFORM

(a) The sum of \$7,000,000 \$4,000,000 is appropriated from the Tobacco Litigation Settlement Fund to the Judiciary in fiscal year 2018 and shall carry forward for the uses and based on the allocations set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. The purpose of the funds is to make strategic investments to transform the adjudication of CHINS cases in Vermont.

(b) The sum appropriated from the Tobacco Litigation Settlement Fund in subsection (a) of this section shall be allocated as follows:

(1) \$1,250,000 for fiscal year 2019, which shall not be distributed until the group defined in subsection (c) of this section provides proposed expenditures as part of its fiscal year 2019 budget adjustment request;

(2) ~~\$2,500,000~~ \$1,750,000 for fiscal year 2020, for which the group shall provide proposed expenditures as part of its fiscal year 2020 budget request or budget adjustment request, or both;

(3) ~~\$2,500,000~~ \$250,000 for fiscal year 2021, for which the group shall provide proposed expenditures as part of its fiscal year 2021 budget request or budget adjustment request, or both; and

(4) \$750,000 in fiscal year 2022 or after as needed.

* * *

Sec. E.208 PUBLIC SAFETY; ADMINISTRATION

(a) The Commissioner of Public Safety is authorized to enter into a performance-based contract with the Essex County Sheriff's Department to provide law enforcement service activities agreed upon by both the Commissioner of Public Safety and the Sheriff.

Sec. E.208.1 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; EMBEDDED MENTAL HEALTH WORKERS; REPORT

(a) In 2025, the Department of Public Safety shall present the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Judiciary with measurable outcomes on the results of the Department's embedded mental health worker program to date, by barrack, and on the Department's collaboration with the Department of Mental Health to achieve a coordinated and integrated system of care, including how this program works with 988, with the statewide Mobile Crisis Response program, and with the designated and specialized service agencies.

Sec. E.209 PUBLIC SAFETY; STATE POLICE

(a) Of the General Fund appropriation in Sec. B.209 of this act, \$35,000 shall be available to the Southern Vermont Wilderness Search and Rescue Team, which comprises State Police, the Department of Fish and Wildlife, county sheriffs, and local law enforcement personnel in Bennington, Windham, and Windsor Counties, for snowmobile enforcement.

(b) Of the General Fund appropriation in Sec. B.209 of this act, \$405,000 is allocated for grants in support of the Drug Task Force. Of this amount, \$190,000 shall be used by the Vermont Drug Task Force to fund three town task force officers. These town task force officers shall be dedicated to enforcement efforts with respect to both regulated drugs as defined in 18

V.S.A. § 4201(29) and the diversion of legal prescription drugs. Any unobligated spending authority may be allocated by the Commissioner to fund the work of the Drug Task Force or carried forward.

Sec. E.212 PUBLIC SAFETY; FIRE SAFETY

(a) Of the General Fund appropriation in Sec. B.212 of this act, \$55,000 shall be granted to the Vermont Rural Fire Protection Task Force for the purpose of designing dry hydrants.

Sec. E.215 MILITARY; ADMINISTRATION

(a) Of the funds appropriated in Sec. B.215 of this act, \$1,319,834 shall be granted to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation for the National Guard Tuition Benefit Program established in 16 V.S.A. § 2857.

Sec. E.219 MILITARY; VETERANS' AFFAIRS

(a) Of the funds appropriated in Sec. B.219 of this act, \$1,000 shall be used for continuation of the Vermont Medal Program, \$2,000 shall be used for the expenses of the Governor's Veterans' Advisory Council, \$7,500 shall be used for the Veterans' Day parade, and \$10,000 shall be granted to the American Legion for the Boys' State and Girls' State programs.

Sec. E.232 SECRETARY OF STATE; VERMONT ACCESS NETWORK BUDGET

(a) The Office of the Secretary of State shall request that Vermont Access Network submit a proposed operating budget required to maintain its current level of operation and programming. The Office of the Secretary of State shall include the proposed operating budget as part of its fiscal year 2026 budget presentation.

Sec. E.300 FUNDING FOR THE OFFICE OF THE HEALTH CARE ADVOCATE, VERMONT LEGAL AID

(a) Of the funds appropriated in Sec. B.300 of this act:

(1) \$2,000,406 shall be used for the contract with the Office of the Health Care Advocate;

(2) \$1,717,994 for Vermont Legal Aid services, including the Poverty Law Project and mental health services; and

(3) \$650,000 is for the purposes of maintaining current Vermont Legal Aid program capacity and addressing increased requests for services, including eviction prevention and protection from foreclosure and consumer debt.

Sec. E.300.1 18 V.S.A. § 8915 is added to read:

§ 8915. PROVISION FOR AGREEMENTS WITH CASE MANAGEMENT ENTITIES

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living may enter into agreements with case management entities to support local communities. The Commissioner may develop rules setting forth the standards and procedures for the case management entities it contracts with.

Sec. E.300.2 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 83, Sec. 72a, as amended by 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Sec. C.105 and 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. E.301.2, is further amended to read:

Sec. 72a. MEDICAID HOME- AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES (HCBS) PLAN

* * *

(f) The Global Commitment Fund appropriated in subsection (e) of this section obligated in fiscal year years 2023 and fiscal year, 2024, and 2025 for the purposes of bringing HCBS plan spending authority forward into fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 2025, respectively. The funds appropriated in subsections (b), (c), and (e) of this section may be transferred on a net-neutral basis in fiscal year years 2023 and fiscal year, 2024, and 2025 in the same manner as the Global Commitment appropriations in 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Sec. E.301. The Agency shall report to the Joint Fiscal Committee in September 2023 and, September 2024, and September 2025, respectively, on transfers of appropriations made and final amounts expended by each department in fiscal year years 2023 and fiscal year, 2024, and 2025, respectively, and any obligated funds carried forward to be expended in fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 2025, respectively.

Sec. E.300.3 AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES; FISCAL YEAR 2024 CLOSEOUT CONTINGENT APPROPRIATION; COMPREHENSIVE CHILD WELFARE INFORMATION SYSTEM

(a) Notwithstanding 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 87, Sec. 103(a), to the extent that General Fund appropriated to the Agency of Human Services in 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Secs. B.300 through B.341 remains unobligated and unexpended at the end of fiscal year 2024, up to \$3,000,000 shall revert to the General Fund. A one-time General Fund appropriation in an amount equivalent to the reversion shall be made to the Department for Children and Families' Family Services Division for the Comprehensive Child Welfare Information System in fiscal year 2025.

Sec. E.300.4 OPERATIONAL COSTS; RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT PROGRAMS FOR YOUTH

(a) On or before January 15, 2025, the Department for Children and Families shall submit a report to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and Health and Welfare describing the anticipated cost differential in operating the former Woodside Juvenile Rehabilitation Center as compared to operating the various residential treatment programs for youth developed to replace the former Woodside Juvenile Rehabilitation Center.

Sec. E.301 SECRETARY'S OFFICE; GLOBAL COMMITMENT

(a) The Agency of Human Services shall use the funds appropriated in Sec. B.301 of this act for payment required under the intergovernmental agreement between the Agency of Human Services and the managed care entity, the Department of Vermont Health Access, as provided for in the Global Commitment for Health Waiver approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act.

(b) In addition to the State funds appropriated in Sec. B.301 of this act, a total estimated sum of \$24,301,185 is anticipated to be certified as State matching funds under Global Commitment as follows:

(1) \$21,295,850 certified State match available from local education agencies for eligible special education school-based Medicaid services under Global Commitment. This amount, combined with \$29,204,150 of federal funds appropriated in Sec. B.301 of this act, equals a total estimated expenditure of \$50,500,000. An amount equal to the amount of the federal matching funds for eligible special education school-based Medicaid services under Global Commitment shall be transferred from the Global Commitment Fund to the Medicaid Reimbursement Special Fund created in 16 V.S.A. § 2959a.

(2) \$3,005,335 certified State match available from local designated mental health and developmental services agencies for eligible mental health services provided under Global Commitment.

(c) Up to \$4,487,210 is transferred from the Agency of Human Services Federal Receipts Holding Account to the Interdepartmental Transfer Fund consistent with the amount appropriated in Sec. B.301 of this act.

Sec. E.301.1 GLOBAL COMMITMENT APPROPRIATIONS; TRANSFER; REPORT

(a) To facilitate the end-of-year closeout for fiscal year 2025, the Secretary of Human Services, with approval from the Secretary of Administration, may

make transfers among the appropriations authorized for Medicaid and Medicaid-waiver program expenses, including Global Commitment appropriations outside the Agency of Human Services. At least three business days prior to any transfer, the Agency of Human Services shall submit to the Joint Fiscal Office a proposal of transfers to be made pursuant to this section. A final report on all transfers made under this section shall be sent to the Joint Fiscal Committee for review at the Committee's September 2025 meeting. The purpose of this section is to provide the Agency of Human Services with limited authority to modify appropriations to comply with the terms and conditions of the Global Commitment for Health Section 1115 demonstration waiver approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act.

Sec. E.306 DR. DYNASAUR; PREMIUM INVOICING SUSPENSION AND AMNESTY

(a) The Agency of Human Services is authorized under 33 V.S.A. § 1901(c) and Vermont's Global Commitment to Health Section 1115 Medicaid demonstration to charge a monthly premium for certain Dr. Dynasaur enrollees whose family income exceeds 195 percent of the federal poverty level. The Agency suspended premium invoicing for this population as a result of the COVID-19 public health emergency, and that premium suspension has continued following the end of the public health emergency.

(b)(1) The Agency shall not attempt to collect or take adverse action against a Dr. Dynasaur enrollee or the enrollee's family as a result of any unpaid premium balance that was incurred prior to the public health emergency or during the period of the invoicing suspension.

(2) At such time as the Agency reinstates premium invoicing, no Dr. Dynasaur applicant or enrollee shall carry any outstanding premium balance.

Sec. E.306.1 HEALTH INSURANCE MARKETS; TECHNICAL ANALYSIS

(a) The Agency of Human Services shall conduct a technical analysis relating to Vermont's health insurance markets that shall include:

(1) determining the potential advantages and disadvantages to individuals, small businesses, and large businesses of modifying Vermont's current health insurance market structure, including the impacts on health insurance premiums and on Vermonters' access to health care services;

(2) exploring other affordability mechanisms to address the calendar year 2026 expiration of federal enhanced premium tax credits for plans issued through the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange; and

(3) examining the feasibility of creating a public option or other mechanism through which otherwise ineligible individuals or employees of small businesses, or both, could buy into Vermont Medicaid coverage.

(b) On or before January 15, 2025, the Agency of Human Services and the Department of Vermont Health Access shall provide the results of the analysis to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance.

Sec. E.306.2 DVHA; RATE ANALYSES REQUEST

(a) To the extent that resources allow, the Department of Vermont Health Access shall conduct the analysis set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection first, followed by the analysis set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection, and shall provide its findings to the House Committees on Health Care and on Appropriations and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Appropriations on or before January 15, 2025:

(1) methodologies for comparing Medicaid rates for home health agency services to rates under the Medicare home health prospective payment system model and for comparing Medicaid pediatric palliative care rates to rates under the Medicare home health prospective payment system model or to Medicare hospice rates, or both; and

(2) methodologies for modifying the Medicaid Resource-Based Relative Value Scale professional fee schedule by considering:

(A) maintaining alignment with relative value units used by Medicare but including a minimum on conversion factors;

(B) benchmarking one or more conversion factors in Vermont Medicaid to the Medicare conversion factor from a specific year; and

(C) determining whether Vermont Medicaid should continue to use two separate conversion factors, or transition to a single conversion factor in combination with other methods of providing enhanced support for primary care services.

Sec. E.306.3 PSYCHIATRIC RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY; LICENSURE

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no funds appropriated to the Department of Vermont Health Access in this act shall be expended for operation of a psychiatric residential treatment facility until the facility has been licensed by the State; provided, however, that the Department may expend funds on goods and services, such as purchasing supplies and hiring and training staff, that are necessary to prepare the facility to be operational upon licensure. Notwithstanding 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78,

Sec. E.511.1, a psychiatric residential treatment facility may be approved in accordance with 16 V.S.A. § 166(b) and applicable State Board of Education Rules.

Sec. E.306.4 MEDICARE SAVINGS PROGRAMS; INCOME ELIGIBILITY

(a) The Agency of Human Services shall make the following changes to the Medicare Savings Programs:

(1) increase the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary Program income threshold to 145 percent of the federal poverty level; and

(2) increase the Qualifying Individual Program income threshold to the maximum percent of the federal poverty level allowed under federal law based on the increase to the income threshold for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary Program in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

Sec. E.306.5 MEDICARE SAVINGS PROGRAMS; MEDICAID STATE PLAN AMENDMENT; VPHARM TRANSITION; REPORTS

(a) The Agency of Human Services shall request approval from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to amend Vermont's Medicaid state plan to expand eligibility for the Medicare Savings Programs as set forth in Sec. E.306.4 of this act.

(b)(1) On or before January 15, 2025, the Agency of Human Services shall provide recommendations to the House Committees on Health Care, on Human Services, and on Appropriations and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Appropriations regarding the VPharm program to ensure alignment with the Medicare Savings Programs' eligibility expansions set forth in Sec. E.306.4 of this act, including:

(A) whether the VPharm program should be modified or repealed as a result of the Medicare Savings Programs' eligibility expansions;

(B) whether the benefits provided by the VPharm program should be delivered through an alternative program design;

(C) the estimated fiscal impacts of implementing any recommended changes; and

(D) when any recommended changes should take effect.

(2) The Agency of Human Services and the Department of Vermont Health Access shall seek input from the Office of the Health Care Advocate and other interested stakeholders in developing the recommendations required by this subsection.

(c) On or before January 15, 2027, the Agency of Human Services shall provide cost estimates for expanding eligibility for the Medicare Savings Programs beyond the eligibility expansions set forth in Sec. E.306.4 of this act to the House Committees on Health Care, on Human Services, and on Appropriations and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Appropriations.

Sec. E.307 14 V.S.A. § 931 is amended to read:

§ 931. LIMITATIONS ON CLAIMS OF CREDITORS

All claims against the decedent's estate that arose before the death of the decedent, including claims of the State and any subdivision thereof except claims filed by the State on behalf of Vermont Medicaid, absolute or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, founded on contract, tort, or other legal basis, if not barred earlier by other statute of limitations, are barred against the estate, the legal representative of the estate, and the heirs and devisees of the decedent, unless presented within one year after the decedent's death. Nothing in this section affects or prevents any proceeding to enforce any mortgage, pledge, or other lien upon the property of the estate. Claims filed by the State on behalf of Vermont Medicaid must be filed in accordance with subsection 1203(d) of this title.

Sec. E.307.1 14 V.S.A. § 1203 is amended to read:

§ 1203. LIMITATIONS ON PRESENTATION OF CLAIMS

(a) All claims against a decedent's estate that arose before the death of the decedent, including claims of the State and any subdivision thereof except claims filed by the State on behalf of Vermont Medicaid, whether due or to become due, absolute or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, founded on contract, tort, or other legal basis, except claims for the possession of or title to real estate and claims for injury to the person and damage to property suffered by the act or default of the deceased, if not barred earlier by other statute of limitations, are barred against the estate, the executor or administrator, and the heirs and devisees of the decedent, unless presented as follows:

(1) within four months after the date of the first publication of notice to creditors if notice is given in compliance with the Rules of Probate Procedure; provided, however, that claims barred by the nonclaim statute of the decedent's domicile before the first publication for claims in the State are also barred in this State;

(2) within one year after the decedent's death, if notice to creditors has not been published or otherwise given as provided by the Rules of Probate Procedure.

* * *

(d) Claims filed by the State on behalf of Vermont Medicaid must be presented within four months after the date of the first publication of notice to creditors if notice is given in compliance with the Rules of Probate Procedure, regardless of the date of the decedent's death or when a decedent's executor or administrator opens the estate.

Sec. E.311 18 V.S.A. chapter 1, subchapter 2 is amended to read:

Subchapter 2. Health Care Professions; Educational Assistance

* * *

§ 32. EDUCATIONAL LOAN REPAYMENT FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS AND HEALTH CARE EDUCATIONAL LOAN REPAYMENT FUND PROFESSIONALS

(a) There is hereby established a special fund to be known as the Vermont Health Care Educational Loan Repayment Fund, that shall be used for the purpose of ensuring a stable and adequate supply of health care providers and health care educators to meet the health care needs of Vermonters, with a focus on recruiting and retaining providers and health care educators in underserved geographic and specialty areas.

(b) The fund shall be established and held separate and apart from any other funds or monies of the State and shall be used and administered exclusively for the purpose of this section. The money in the Fund shall be invested in the same manner as permitted for investment of funds belonging to the State or held in the Treasury. The Fund shall consist of the following:

(1) such sums as may be appropriated or transferred from time to time by the General Assembly, the state Emergency Board, or the Joint Fiscal Committee during such times as the General Assembly is not in session;

(2) interest earned from the investment of fund balances;

(3) any other money from any other source accepted for the benefit of the Fund.

(e) The Fund shall be administered by the Department of Health, which shall make funds available to the University of Vermont College of Medicine area health education centers (AHEC) program for loan repayment awards. The Commissioner may require certification of compliance with this section prior to the making of an award.

(d)(b) AHEC shall administer awards in such a way as to comply with the requirements of Section 108(f) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(e)(c) AHEC shall make loan repayment awards in exchange for service commitment by health care providers professionals and health care educators and shall define the service obligation in a contract with the health care provider professional or health care educator. Payment awards shall be made directly to the educational loan creditor or lender of the health care provider professional or health care educator.

(f)(d) Loan repayment awards shall only be available for a health care provider professional or health care educator who:

- (1) is a Vermont resident;
- (2) serves Vermont;
- (3) accepts patients with coverage under Medicaid, Medicare, or other State-funded health care benefit programs, if applicable; and
- (4) has outstanding educational debt acquired in the pursuit of an undergraduate or graduate degree from an accredited college or university that exceeds the amount of the loan repayment award.

(g)(e) Additional eligibility and selection criteria will be developed annually by the Commissioner in consultation with AHEC and may include local goals for improved service, community needs, or other awarding parameters.

(h)(f) The Commissioner may adopt rules in order to implement the program established in this section.

(i)(g) As used in this section:

* * *

(2) "Health care provider professional" means an individual licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by law to provide professional health care service services in this State to an individual during that individual's medical, mental health, or dental care; treatment or confinement; or in a public health role.

(h) Loan repayment shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall carry forward and shall be available to the Department of Health and AHEC in the following fiscal year to award additional loan repayment as set forth in this section.

* * *

§ 33. UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT COLLEGE OF MEDICINE;
MEDICAL STUDENT INCENTIVE SCHOLARSHIP

* * *

(f) Forgivable loans shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall carry forward and shall be available to the Department of Health and the Corporation in the following fiscal year to award additional forgivable loans as set forth in this section.

§ 34. VERMONT NURSING FORGIVABLE LOAN INCENTIVE PROGRAM

(a) As used in this section:

* * *

(4) “Forgivable loan” means a loan awarded under this section covering tuition, which may also include room, board, and the cost of required books and supplies for up to full-time attendance at an eligible school.

* * *

(d) To be eligible for a forgivable loan under the Program, an individual, whether a resident or nonresident, shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

* * *

(5) have completed the Program’s application form, the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), and the Vermont grant application each academic year of enrollment and such financial aid forms as the Corporation deems necessary, in accordance with a schedule determined by the Corporation; and

* * *

(j) Forgivable loans shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall carry forward and shall be available to the Department of Health and the Corporation in the following fiscal year to award additional forgivable loans as set forth in this section.

* * *

§ 35. VERMONT HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM

(a) As used in this section:

* * *

(4) "Loan repayment" means the cancellation and repayment of loans under this section.

* * *

(b) The Vermont Health Care Professional Loan Repayment Program is created and shall be administered by the Department of Health in collaboration with AHEC. The Program provides loan repayment on behalf of individuals who live and work in this State as a nurse, physician assistant, medical lab technician, medical lab technologist, clinical laboratory scientist, child psychiatrist, or primary care provider and who meet the eligibility requirements in subsection (d) of this section.

(c) The loan repayment benefits provided under the Program shall be paid on behalf of the eligible individual by AHEC, subject to the appropriation of funds by the General Assembly for this purpose.

(d) To be eligible for loan repayment under the Program, an individual shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

(1) have graduated from an eligible school where the individual was awarded a degree in nursing, physician assistant studies, medicine, osteopathic medicine, or naturopathic medicine, or a two- or four-year degree that qualifies the individual to be a medical lab technician, medical lab technologist, or clinical laboratory scientist;

(2) work in this State as a nurse, physician assistant, medical lab technician, medical lab technologist, or clinical laboratory scientist, child psychiatrist, or primary care provider; and

(3) be a resident of Vermont.

(e)(1) An eligible individual shall be entitled to an amount of loan cancellation and repayment under this section equal to one year of loans for each year of service as a nurse, physician assistant, medical technician, child psychiatrist, or primary care provider in this State for a defined service obligation in Vermont of not less than one year. Employment as a traveling nurse shall not be construed to satisfy the service commitment required for loan repayment under this section.

(2) AHEC shall award loan repayments in amounts that are sufficient to attract high-quality candidates while also making a meaningful increase in Vermont's health care professional workforce.

(f) Loan repayment shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall carry forward and shall be available to the Department of Health and AHEC in the

following fiscal year to award additional loan repayment as set forth in this section.

* * *

§ 36. NURSE FACULTY FORGIVABLE LOAN INCENTIVE PROGRAM

* * *

(d) To be eligible for a forgivable loan under the Program, an individual, whether a resident or nonresident, shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

* * *

(5) have completed the Program's application form and ~~the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)~~ such financial aid forms as the Corporation deems necessary, in accordance with a schedule determined by the Corporation; and

* * *

(g) Forgivable loans shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall carry forward and shall be available to the Department of Health and the Corporation in the following fiscal year to award additional forgivable loans as set forth in this section.

* * *

§ 37. NURSE FACULTY LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM

(a) As used in this section:

* * *

(4) "Loan repayment" means the ~~cancellation and~~ repayment of loans under this section.

* * *

(e) An eligible individual shall be entitled to an amount of loan ~~cancellation and~~ repayment under this section equal to one year of loans for each year of service as a member of the nurse faculty at a nursing school in ~~this state for a defined service obligation of not less than one year at a Vermont nursing school.~~

(f) Loan repayment shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall carry forward and shall be available to the Department of Health and AHEC in the

following fiscal year to award additional loan repayment as set forth in this section.

* * *

§ 38. VERMONT MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL FORGIVABLE
LOAN INCENTIVE PROGRAM

* * *

(d) To be eligible for a forgivable loan under the Program, an individual, whether a resident or nonresident, shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

* * *

(5) have completed the Program's application form and ~~the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)~~ such financial aid forms as the Corporation deems necessary, in accordance with a schedule determined by the Corporation; and

* * *

(h) Forgivable loans shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall carry forward and shall be available to the Department of Health and the Corporation in the following fiscal year to award additional forgivable loans as set forth in this section.

* * *

§ 39. VERMONT PSYCHIATRIC MENTAL HEALTH NURSE
PRACTITIONER FORGIVABLE LOAN INCENTIVE PROGRAM

* * *

(d) To be eligible for a forgivable loan under the Program, an individual, whether a resident or nonresident, shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

* * *

(4) have executed a credit agreement or promissory note that will reduce the individual's forgivable loan benefit, in whole or in part, pursuant to subsection (f)(e) of this section, if the individual fails to complete the period of service required in subdivision (3) of this subsection;

(5) have completed the Program's application form and ~~the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)~~ such financial aid forms as the Corporation deems necessary, in accordance with a schedule determined by the Corporation; and

* * *

(g) Forgivable loans shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall carry forward and shall be available to the Department of Health and the Corporation in the following fiscal year to award additional forgivable loans as set forth in this section.

* * *

§ 40. VERMONT DENTAL HYGIENIST FORGIVABLE LOAN INCENTIVE PROGRAM

* * *

(d) To be eligible for a forgivable loan under the Program, an individual, whether a resident or nonresident, shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

* * *

(4) have executed a credit agreement or promissory note that will reduce the individual's forgivable loan benefit, in whole or in part, pursuant to subsection (g)(e) of this section, if the individual fails to complete the period of service required in this subsection;

(5) have completed the Program's application form, the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), and the Vermont grant application each academic year of enrollment and such financial aid forms as the Corporation deems necessary, in accordance with a schedule determined by the Corporation; and

* * *

(h) Forgivable loans shall be awarded on a rolling basis, provided funds are available, and any funds remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall carry forward and shall be available to the Department of Health and the Corporation in the following fiscal year to award additional forgivable loans as set forth in this section.

* * *

Sec. E.312 HEALTH; PUBLIC HEALTH

(a) AIDS/HIV funding:

(1) In fiscal year 2025 and as provided in this section, the Department of Health shall provide grants in the amount of \$475,000 in AIDS Medication Rebates special funds to the Vermont AIDS service and peer-support organizations for client-based support services. The Department of Health

AIDS Program shall meet at least quarterly with the Community Advisory Group with current information and data relating to service initiatives. The funds shall be allocated according to an RFP process.

(2) In fiscal year 2025 and as provided in this section, the Department of Health shall provide grants in the amount of \$295,000 for HIV and Harm Reduction Services to the following organizations:

- (A) Vermont CARES – \$140,000;
- (B) AIDS Project of Southern Vermont – \$100,000; and
- (C) HIV/HCV Resource Center – \$55,000.

(3) Ryan White Title II funds for AIDS services and the Vermont Medication Assistance Program shall be distributed in accordance with federal guidelines. The federal guidelines shall not apply to programs or services funded solely by the State General Fund.

(A) The Secretary of Human Services shall immediately notify the Joint Fiscal Committee if at any time there are insufficient funds in the Vermont Medication Assistance Program to assist all eligible individuals. The Secretary shall work in collaboration with persons living with HIV/AIDS to develop a plan to continue access to Vermont Medication Assistance Program medications until such time as the General Assembly can take action.

(B) As provided in this section, the Secretary of Human Services shall work in collaboration with the Vermont Medication Assistance Program Advisory Committee, which shall be composed of not less than 50 percent of members who are living with HIV/AIDS. If a modification to the program's eligibility requirements or benefit coverage is considered, the Committee shall make recommendations regarding the program's formulary of approved medication, related laboratory testing, nutritional supplements, and eligibility for the program.

(4) In fiscal year 2025, the Department of Health shall provide grants in the amount of \$400,000 General Fund and \$700,000 Opioid Abatement Special Fund to existing syringe service programs for HIV and Harm Reduction Services not later than September 1, 2024. The method by which these prevention funds are distributed shall be determined by mutual agreement of the Department of Health and the Vermont AIDS service organizations and other Vermont HIV/AIDS prevention providers.

(5) In fiscal year 2025, the Department of Health shall provide grants in the amount \$350,000 Opioid Abatement Special Fund to fund new syringe service programs to increase the geographic distribution of Harm Reduction Services in Vermont not later than September 1, 2024.

(6) In fiscal year 2025, the Department of Health shall not reduce any grants to the Vermont AIDS service and peer-support organizations or syringe service programs from funds appropriated for AIDS/HIV services to levels below those in fiscal year 2024 without receiving prior approval from the Joint Fiscal Committee.

Sec. E.312.1 18 V.S.A. § 4772 is amended to read:

§ 4772. OPIOID SETTLEMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE

* * *

(e) Presentation. Annually, the Advisory Committee shall vote on its recommendations. If the recommendations are supported by an affirmative vote of the majority, the Advisory Committee shall present its recommendations for expenditures from the Opioid Abatement Special Fund established pursuant to this subchapter to the Department of Health and concurrently submit its recommendations in writing to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Human Services and the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare. The Advisory Committee shall give priority consideration to services requiring funding on an ongoing basis.

Sec. E.312.2 LEGISLATIVE INTENT; OPIOID ABATEMENT SPECIAL FUND

(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly that syringe services be funded annually at not less than fiscal year 2025 levels through the Opioid Abatement Special Fund established in 18 V.S.A. § 4774, provided funds remain available.

Sec. E.313 PLAN; PUBLIC INEBRIATE AND SOBER BED PROGRAMS

(a)(1) On or before July 15, 2024, the Department of Health shall initiate the first of as many as five stakeholder meetings for the purpose of identifying and discussing improvements to public inebriate and sober bed programs. Data from the report produced in accordance with 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Sec. E.313 shall inform the work of this stakeholder group.

(2) Participating stakeholders shall include:

(A) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;

(B) the Commissioner of Corrections or designee;

(C) a representative of the Vermont Preferred Provider Network for substance use disorder treatment appointed by the Commissioner of Health; and

(D) a representative of recovery centers in the State appointed by Recovery Partners of Vermont.

(b) As part of its fiscal year 2026 budget presentation, the Department of Health, in consultation with the stakeholder group described in subsection (a) of this section, shall submit a plan to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare and to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Human Services with recommendations to reorganize public inebriate and sober bed programs in a manner that accounts for increased client acuity and decreased bed availability throughout the State. The proposed reorganization shall include a spending plan that prioritizes staff support and public safety.

Sec. E.313.1 CERTIFIED RECOVERY RESIDENCES

(a) Of the funds appropriated in Sec. B.313 of this act, \$1,200,000 Opioid Abatement Special Fund shall be for recovery residencies certified by the Vermont Alliance for Recovery Residences, including at least two new recovery residences certified by the Vermont Alliance for Recovery Residences.

(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that recovery residences be funded annually at not less than fiscal year 2025 levels through the Opioid Abatement Special Fund established in 18 V.S.A. § 4774 as long as funds remain available.

Sec. E.314 RATE INCREASE; DESIGNATED AND SPECIALIZED SERVICE AGENCIES

(a) In fiscal year 2025, the Agency of Human Services shall increase the base funding rate for designated and specialized service agencies by three percent to reflect inflationary increases for developmental disability services and mental health services. These funds shall be used in accordance with all contractual and regulatory requirements as negotiated by the designated and specialized service agencies and the Agency of Human Services.

Sec. E.316 33 V.S.A. § 3531 is amended to read:

§ 3531. CHILD CARE – BUILDING BRIGHT SPACES FOR BRIGHT FUTURES FUNDS FUND

(a) A child care facilities An early childhood services financing program is established to facilitate the development and expansion of child care facilities early childhood service programs in the State. The Program This financing program shall be administered by the Department for Children and Families.

(b) The Program shall be supported from a special fund, to be known as the “Building Bright Spaces for Bright Futures Fund,” referred to in this section as

"the Bright Futures Fund," is hereby created for this purpose to be administered by the Commissioner for Children and Families. Subject to approvals required by 32 V.S.A. § 5, the Fund may accept gifts and donations from any source, and the Commissioner may take appropriate actions to encourage contributions and designations to the account Fund, including publicizing explanations of the purposes of the Fund and the uses to which the Bright Futures Fund has been or will be applied.

(c) Funds appropriated for this Program shall be used by the The Commissioner to award grants to eligible applicants for the development and expansion of child care options and community programs targeted for youths 14 through 18 years of age. These options may include recreational programs and related equipment or facilities, development or expansion of child care facilities, and community based programs that address specific child care and youth program needs of the applicant region. The Commissioner shall establish by rule, criteria, conditions, and procedures for awarding such grants and administering this Program shall disburse the proceeds of this fund in accordance with the plan developed by the Building Bright Futures Council per 33 V.S.A. § 4603(3) and all applicable administrative bulletins.

Sec. E.316.1 33 V.S.A. § 4601 is amended to read:

§ 4601. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Early care, health, and education" means all services provided to families expecting a child and to children up to the age of six eight years of age, including child care, family support, early education, mental and physical health services, nutrition services, and disability services.

(2) "Regional council" means a regional entity linked to the State Building Bright Futures Council to support the creation of an integrated system of early care, health, and education at the local level.

Sec. E.317 STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT; COMPREHENSIVE CHILD WELFARE INFORMATION SYSTEM

(a) In developing and implementing a comprehensive child welfare information system, the Department for Children and Families' Division of Family Services shall solicit input from youth, foster parents, kinship care providers, Division staff, and the employees of the Office of Racial Equity's Division of Racial Justice Statistics.

Sec. E.317.1 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 87, Sec. 101 is amended to read:

Sec. 101. FOSTER CARE; SUBSIDIZED ADOPTION; EXPENDITURE

(a) The Department for Children and Families' Family Services Division shall spend funds appropriated in 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. B.317 on a four percent rate increase for foster care and subsidized adoption. [Repealed.]

Sec. E.317.2 ADOPTION; POST PERMANENCY SERVICES; YOUTH SERVICES

(a) Of the funds appropriated in Sec. B.317 of this act:

(1) \$145,926 General Fund and \$124,308 federal funds shall be for grants to post permanency adoption services;

(2) \$446,253 General Fund shall be for a grant to Spectrum Youth and Family Services for the youth homeless shelter in Saint Albans;

(3) \$125,000 General Fund shall be for grants to be distributed equally to the Vermont Youth Services Bureaus; and

(4) \$181,000 General Fund shall be for grants to support homeless youth services in Vermont.

Sec. E.318 CONSENSUS ESTIMATE; CHILD CARE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

(a) On or before December 1, 2024, 2025, and 2026, the Department for Children and Families and the Joint Fiscal Office shall jointly determine and submit a consensus estimate for costs related to the Child Care Financial Assistance Program for the coming fiscal year to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare. This consensus estimate shall serve as a baseline for the Department for Children and Families' Child Care Financial Assistance Program budget.

Sec. E.318.1 33 V.S.A. § 3517 is amended to read:

§ 3517. CHILD CARE TUITION RATES

A child care provider shall ensure that its tuition rates are available to the public. A regulated child care provider shall not impose an increase on annual child care tuition that exceeds 1.5 times the most recent annual increase in the NAICS code 611, Educational Services. This amount shall be posted on the Department's website annually.

Sec. E.318.2 33 V.S.A. § 3517 is amended to read:

§ 3517. CHILD CARE TUITION RATES

A child care provider shall ensure that its tuition rates are available to the public. A regulated child care provider shall not impose an increase on annual

child care tuition that exceeds 1.5 times the most recent annual increase in the NAICS code 611, Educational Services. This amount shall be posted on the Department's website annually.

Sec. E.318.3 33 V.S.A. § 3512 is amended to read:

**§ 3512. CHILD CARE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM;
ELIGIBILITY**

(a)(1) The Child Care Financial Assistance Program is established to subsidize, ~~to the extent that funds permit,~~ the costs of child care for families that need child care services in order to obtain employment, to retain employment, or to obtain training leading to employment. Families seeking employment shall be entitled to participate in the Program for up to three months and the Commissioner may further extend that period.

* * *

Sec. E.321 GENERAL ASSISTANCE EMERGENCY HOUSING

(a) To the extent emergency housing is available and within the funds appropriated, the Commissioner for Children and Families shall ensure that General Assistance Emergency Housing is provided in fiscal year 2025 to households that attest to lack of a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and have a member who:

(1) is 65 years of age or older;

(2) has a disability that can be documented by:

(A) receipt of Supplemental Security Income or Social Security Disability Insurance; or

(B) a form developed by the Department as a means of documenting a qualifying disability or health condition that requires:

(i) the applicant's name, date of birth, and the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number or other identifying number;

(ii) a description of the applicant's disability or health condition;

(iii) a description of the risk posed to the applicant's health, safety, or welfare if temporary emergency housing is not authorized pursuant to this section; and

(iv) a certification of a health care provider, as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9481, that includes the provider's credentials, credential number, address, and phone number;

(3) is a child 19 years of age or under;

(4) is pregnant;

(5) has experienced the death of a spouse, domestic partner, or minor child that caused the household to lose its housing;

(6) has experienced a natural disaster, such as a flood, fire, or hurricane;

(7) is under a court-ordered eviction or constructive eviction due to circumstances over which the household has no control; or

(8) is experiencing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, human trafficking, hate violence, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions that relate to violence against the individual or a household member that caused the household to lose its housing.

(b)(1) General Assistance Emergency Housing shall be provided in a community-based shelter whenever possible. If there is inadequate community-based shelter space available within the Agency of Human Services district in which the household presents itself, the household shall be provided emergency housing in a hotel or motel within the district, if available, until adequate community-based shelter space becomes available in the district. The utilization of hotel and motel rooms pursuant to this subdivision shall be capped at 1,100 rooms per night between September 15, 2024 through November 30, 2024 and between April 1, 2025 through June 30, 2025.

(2) The maximum number of days that an eligible household receives emergency housing in a hotel or motel under this section, per 12-month period, shall not exceed 80 days.

(3) The Department shall provide emergency winter housing to households meeting the eligibility criteria in subsection (a) of this section between December 1, 2024 and March 31, 2025. Emergency housing in a hotel or motel provided pursuant to this subdivision shall not count toward the maximum days of eligibility per 12-month period provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

(4)(A) Notwithstanding any rule or law to the contrary, the Department shall require all households applying for or receiving General Assistance Emergency Housing to engage in their own search for and accept any available alternative housing placements. All applicants and eligible households shall regularly provide information to the Department, not less frequently than monthly, about their efforts to secure an alternative housing placement. If the Department determines that a household, at the time of application or during the term of the household's authorization, has not made efforts to secure an alternative housing placement, or has access to an alternative housing

placement, the Department shall deny the application or terminate the authorization at the end of the current authorization period.

(B) For purposes of this subdivision (4), “alternative housing placements” may include shelter beds and pods; placements with family or friends; permanent housing solutions, including tiny homes, manufactured homes, and apartments; residential treatment beds for physical health, long-term care, substance use, or mental health; nursing home beds; and recovery homes.

(c) Emergency housing provided pursuant to this section shall replace the catastrophic and noncatastrophic categories adopted by the Department in rule.

(d) Emergency housing required pursuant to this section may be provided through approved community-based shelters, new unit generation, open units, licensed hotels or motels, or other appropriate shelter space. The Department shall, when available, prioritize emergency housing at housing or shelter placements other than hotels or motels.

(e) Case management services provided by case managers employed by or under contract with the Agency of Human Services or reimbursed through an Agency-funded grant shall include assisting clients with finding appropriate housing.

(f) The Commissioner for Children and Families shall adopt emergency rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 844 for the administration of this section, which shall be deemed to have met the emergency rulemaking standard in 3 V.S.A. § 844(a), while permanent rules are pending.

(g) On or before the last day of each month from July 2024 through June 2025, the Department for Children and Families, or other relevant agency or department, shall continue submitting a similar report to that due pursuant to 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 81, Sec. 6(b) to the Joint Fiscal Committee, House Committee on Human Services, and Senate Committee on Health and Welfare. Additionally, this report shall include the Department’s monthly expenditure on General Assistance Emergency Housing.

(h) For emergency housing provided in a hotel or motel beginning on July 1, 2024 and thereafter, the Department for Children and Families shall not pay a hotel or motel establishment more than the hotel’s lowest advertised room rate and not more than \$80 a day per room to shelter a household experiencing homelessness. The Department for Children and Families may shelter a household in more than one hotel or motel room depending on the household’s size and composition.

(i) The Department for Children and Families shall apply the following rules to participating hotels and motels:

(1) Section 2650.1 of the Department for Children and Families' General Assistance (CVR 13-170-260);

(2) Department of Health, Licensed Lodging Establishment Rule (CVR 13-140-023); and

(3) Department of Public Safety, Vermont Fire and Building Safety Code (CVR 28-070-001).

(j)(1) The Department for Children and Families may work with either a shelter provider or a community housing agency to enter into a full or partial facility lease or sales agreement with a hotel or motel provider. Any facility conversion under this section shall comply with the Office of Economic Opportunity's shelter standards.

(2) If the Department for Children and Families determines that a contractual agreement with a licensed hotel or motel operator to secure temporary emergency housing capacity is beneficial to improve the quality, cleanliness, or access to services for those households temporarily housed in the facility, the Department shall be authorized to enter into such an agreement in accordance with the per-room rate identified in subsection (h) of this section; provided, however, that in no event shall such an agreement cause a household to become unhoused. The Department for Children and Families may include provisions to address access to services or related needs within the contractual agreement.

(k) Of the amount appropriated to implement this section, not more than \$500,000 shall be used for security costs.

(l) As used in this section:

(1) "Community-based shelter" means a shelter that meets the Vermont Housing Opportunity Grant Program's Standards of Provision of Assistance.

(2) "Household" means an individual and any dependents for whom the individual is legally responsible and who live in Vermont. "Household" includes individuals who reside together as one economic unit, including those who are married, parties to a civil union, or unmarried.

Sec. E.321.1 EMERGENCY SHELTERS

(a)(1) The Department for Children and Families shall continue to develop emergency shelters for the provision of lodging between December 1, 2024 and March 31, 2025 to households that do not meet the eligibility criteria for General Assistance Emergency Housing as described in subsection (a) of Sec. E.321 of this act or are otherwise in need of emergency shelter.

(2) The Department shall work with community providers as available to deliver daytime and overnight shelter services.

(b)(1) In fiscal year 2025, \$10,000,000 allocated from the General Fund in Sec. B.1102(b)(9) of this act to expand shelter bed and permanent supportive housing shall be used by the Department to first develop emergency shelters as required in subsection (a) of this section. Any allocated funds that are not needed for emergency shelters may be used to expand permanent shelter bed and permanent supportive housing capacity.

(2) On or before July 15, 2024, the Department shall submit to the Joint Fiscal Committee a plan for the development of emergency shelters required pursuant to this subsection. On or before September 1, 2024 and November 1, 2024, the Department shall submit to the Joint Fiscal Committee progress reports addressing the Department's efforts to develop sufficient emergency shelter beds, including updates on work to provide overnight shelter and daytime solutions in advance of December 1, 2024.

(c) As used in this section, "emergency shelter" means a congregate, semi-congregate, or non-congregate facility providing safe shelter where limited services shall be offered, including limited storage of possessions and personal hygiene facilities.

Sec. E.321.2 GENERAL ASSISTANCE EMERGENCY HOUSING TASK FORCE

(a) Creation. There is created the General Assistance Emergency Housing Task Force to provide recommendations to the General Assembly regarding the statewide and local operation and administration of the General Assistance Emergency Housing benefit.

(b) Membership. The Task Force shall be composed of the following members:

(1) two representatives with lived experience of homelessness, one representative appointed by the Speaker and one representative appointed by the President Pro Tempore;

(2) a representative, appointed by the Housing and Homelessness Alliance of Vermont;

(3) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board;

(4) a representative, appointed by Vermont Care Partners;

(5) a representative, appointed by the Long-Term Care Crisis Coalition;

(6) a representative, appointed by Vermont 2-1-1;

(7) a representative, appointed by the Vermont League of Cities and Towns;

(8) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Center for Independent Living;

(9) a representative with experience operating an emergency shelter program, appointed jointly by the Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore;

(10) the Commissioner of the Department for Children and Families or designee;

(11) the Deputy Commissioner of the Department for Children and Families' Division of Economic Services; and

(12) the Commissioner of the Department of Housing and Community Development or designee.

(c) Powers and duties. The Task Force shall examine and provide recommendations on the following:

(1) household eligibility; maximum days of eligibility; application, notice, and appeals processes; participant requirements; and annual reporting requirements;

(2) the process to establish a single, statewide, unified coordinated entry system with participation from the Department;

(3) the current organization of roles and responsibilities within the Department for Children and Families' Office of Economic Opportunity and the Division of Economic Services;

(4) the number and types of emergency shelter spaces needed and currently available for each geographic region in the State, with a preference for noncongregate shelter spaces;

(5) the identification of a consistent lead agency for each geographic region;

(6) the identification of role and responsibility assigned to the lead agency;

(7) potential adjustments to emergency housing policy during cold weather months;

(8) a process to enable participating households to place a percentage of the household's gross income into savings, which shall be returned to the household for permanent housing expenses when the household exits the General Assistance Emergency Housing;

(9) a mechanism for addressing potential conduct challenges posed by a member of a participating household served in a motel, hotel, or shelter;

(10) the identification of any State rules and local regulations and ordinances that are impeding the timely development of safe, decent, affordable housing in Vermont communities in order to:

(A) identify areas in which flexibility or discretion are available; and

(B) advise whether the temporary suspension of relevant State rules and local regulations and ordinances, or the adoption or amendment of State rules, would facilitate faster and less costly revitalization of existing housing and construction of new housing units;

(11) a mechanism to ensure that eligible households are sheltered until transitional or permanent housing is available; and

(12) strategies to reduce reliance on hotels and motels for emergency housing.

(d) Assistance. The Task Force shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Department for Children and Families.

(e) Report. On or before January 15, 2025, the Task Force shall submit a written report to the House Committee on Human Services and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.

(f) Meetings.

(1) The Commissioner for Children and Families or designee shall call the first meeting of the Task Force to occur on or before August 1, 2024.

(2) The Task Force shall select a chair or co-chairs from among its members at the first meeting.

(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(4) The Task Force shall cease once the report required pursuant to subsection (e) of this section has been submitted to the General Assembly.

(g) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Task Force shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than eight meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Department for Children and Families.

Sec. E.323 32 V.S.A. § 306 is amended to read:

§ 306. BUDGET REPORT

(a) The Governor shall submit to the General Assembly, not later than the third Tuesday of every annual session, a budget that shall embody ~~his or her~~ the Governor's estimates, requests, and recommendations for appropriations or other authorizations for expenditures from the State Treasury. In the first year of the biennium, the budget shall relate to the two succeeding fiscal years. In the second year of the biennium, it shall relate to the succeeding fiscal year. The budget shall be based upon the official State revenue estimates, including the Medicaid estimated caseloads and per-member per-month expenditures, adopted by the Emergency Board pursuant to section 305a of this title.

(1) As part of the budget report, the Governor shall:

* * *

(C) itemize current services liabilities, including the total obligations and the amount estimated for full funding in the current year in which an amortization schedule exists. These shall include the following liabilities projected for the start of the budget fiscal year:

* * *

(iii) Reach Up funding full benefit obligations, including the standard of need for the current fiscal year, reflecting the level of financial assistance necessary to meet a family's ongoing basic needs in the current fiscal year as defined in 33 V.S.A. § 1101(13), prior to any rateable reductions made pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 1103(a), which ensure that the expenditures for the programs shall not exceed appropriations;

* * *

Sec. E.324 EXPEDITED CRISIS FUEL ASSISTANCE

(a) The Commissioner for Children and Families or designee may authorize crisis fuel assistance to those income-eligible households that have applied for an expedited seasonal fuel benefit but have not yet received it if the benefit cannot be executed in time to prevent them from running out of fuel. The crisis fuel grants authorized pursuant to this section count toward the crisis fuel grants pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 2609(b).

Sec. E.324.1 33 V.S.A. § 2609 is amended to read:

§ 2609. CRISIS RESERVES; ELIGIBILITY AND ASSISTANCE

* * *

(b) Crisis fuel grants shall may be limited per winter heating season to one grant for households that are income-eligible and have received a seasonal fuel assistance grant and meet all eligibility requirements for crisis fuel assistance

or to two grants for households that are not income-eligible for seasonal fuel assistance and meet all eligibility requirements for crisis fuel assistance.

Sec. E.325 DEPARTMENT FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES; OFFICE OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

(a) Of the General Fund appropriation in Sec. B.325 of this act, \$25,747,402 shall be used by the Department for Children and Families' Office of Economic Opportunity to issue grants to community agencies assisting individuals experiencing homelessness by preserving existing services, increasing services, or increasing resources available statewide. These funds may be granted alone or in conjunction with federal Emergency Solutions Grants funds. Grant decisions and the administration of funds shall be done in consultation with the two U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development recognized Continuum of Care programs.

Sec. E.326 DEPARTMENT FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES; OFFICE OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY; WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE

(a) Of the special fund appropriation in Sec. B.326 of this act, \$750,000 is for the replacement and repair of home heating equipment.

Sec. E.326.1 33 V.S.A. § 2502 is amended to read:

§ 2502. HOME WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

* * *

(b) In addition, the Director shall supplement or supplant any federal program with the State Home Weatherization Assistance Program.

(1) The State program Program shall provide an enhanced weatherization assistance amount exceeding the federal per-unit limit allowing amounts up to an average of \$8,500.00 \$15,300.00 per unit allocated on a cost-effective basis. The allowable average per unit may be adjusted to account for the lower cost per unit of multifamily buildings will be \$4,500.00. In units where costs exceed the allowable average by more than 25 percent, prior approval of the Director of the State Economic Opportunity Office shall be required before work commences. This amount shall be adjusted annually to account for inflation of materials and labor.

* * *

(c) The Secretary of Human Services Director shall by rule establish require landlords that are not income eligible to enter into a rent stabilization agreements and provisions to recapture amounts expended for weatherization of a rental unit that exceed the amount of agreement that takes into account the

energy cost reductions projected to be obtained by eligible tenants of the unit. The time periods established for rent stabilization and recapture shall be set taking into account the size of benefits received by tenants and landlords as well as the effect on Program participation. Funds recaptured under this section shall be deposited into the Home Weatherization Assistance Fund established under section 2501 of this title.

* * *

Sec. E.329 33 V.S.A. § 1602 is amended to read:

§ 1602. VERMONT DEAF, HARD OF HEARING, AND DEAFBLIND ADVISORY COUNCIL

* * *

(b) Membership. The Advisory Council shall consist of the following members:

* * *

(9) a superintendent, selected by the Vermont Superintendents Association; and

(10) a special education administrator, selected by the Vermont Council of Special Education Administrators; and

(11) a representative of the Vermont chapter of Hands and Voices.

* * *

Sec. E.338 CORRECTIONS; CORRECTIONAL SERVICES

(a) Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 3709(a), the special fund appropriation of \$152,000 in Sec. B.338 of this act for the supplemental facility payments to Newport and Springfield shall be paid from the PILOT Special Fund under 32 V.S.A. § 3709.

Sec. E.338.1 CORRECTIONS; DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAMS

(a) \$850,000 of the General Fund appropriation made in Sec. B.338.1 of this act shall be for an annual grant to the Vermont Network Against Domestic and Sexual Violence for Domestic Violence Accountability Programs.

Sec. E.339 OUT-OF-STATE BED SAVINGS; PRETRIAL SUPERVISION PROGRAM

(a) To the extent that the need for the General Fund dollars appropriated to the Department of Corrections for out-of-state beds in Sec. B.339 of this act is reduced, it is the intent of the General Assembly that these funds be

reappropriated to the Department of Corrections for the Pretrial Supervision Program.

Sec. E.345 18 V.S.A. § 9374(h) is amended to read:

(h)(1) ~~The Board may assess and collect from each regulated entity the actual costs incurred by the Board, including staff time and contracts for professional services, in carrying out its regulatory duties for health insurance rate review under 8 V.S.A. § 4062; hospital budget review under chapter 221, subchapter 7 of this title; and accountable care organization certification and budget review under section 9382 of this title. The Board may also assess and collect from general hospitals licensed under chapter 43 of this title expenses incurred by the Commissioner of Health in administering hospital community reports under section 9405b of this title.~~

(2)(A) ~~In addition to the assessment and collection of actual costs pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection and except Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (2)(C) and (3) (1)(C) and (2) of this subsection (h), all other the expenses of the Board shall be borne as follows:~~

(i) ~~40.0~~ percent by the State from State monies;

(ii) ~~30~~ 28.8 percent by the hospitals;

(iii) ~~24~~ 23.2 percent by nonprofit hospital and medical service corporations licensed under 8 V.S.A. chapter 123 or 125, health insurance companies licensed under 8 V.S.A. chapter 101, and health maintenance organizations licensed under 8 V.S.A. chapter 139; and

(iv) ~~six~~ 8.0 percent by accountable care organizations certified under section 9382 of this title.

(B) Expenses under subdivision (A)(iii) of this subdivision ~~(2)(1)~~ shall be allocated to persons licensed under Title 8 based on premiums paid for health care coverage, which for the purposes of this subdivision ~~(2)(1)~~ shall include major medical, comprehensive medical, hospital or surgical coverage, and comprehensive health care services plans, but shall not include long-term care, limited benefits, disability, credit or stop loss, or excess loss insurance coverage.

(C) Expenses incurred by the Board for regulatory duties associated with certificates of need shall be assessed pursuant to the provisions of section 9441 of this title and not ~~shall not be assessed~~ in accordance with the formula set forth in subdivision (A) of this subdivision ~~(2)(1)~~.

~~(3)(2)~~ The Board may determine the scope of the incurred expenses to be allocated pursuant to the formula set forth in subdivision ~~(2)(1)~~ of this

subsection if, in the Board's discretion, the expenses to be allocated are in the best interests of the regulated entities and of the State.

(4)(3) If the amount of the proportional assessment to any entity calculated in accordance with the formula set forth in subdivision (2)(A)(1)(A) of this subsection would be less than \$150.00, the Board shall assess the entity a minimum fee of \$150.00. The Board shall apply the amounts collected based on the difference between each applicable entity's proportional assessment amount and \$150.00 to reduce the total amount assessed to the regulated entities pursuant to subdivisions (2)(A)(ii)-(iv) (1)(A)(ii)-(iv) of this subsection.

(5)(4)(A) Annually on or before September 15, the Board shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations the total amount of all expenses eligible for allocation pursuant to this subsection (h) during the preceding State fiscal year and the total amount actually billed back to the regulated entities during the same period. The provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d) (expiration of required reports) shall not apply to the report to be made under this subdivision.

(B) The Board and the Department shall also present the information required by this subsection (h) to the Joint Fiscal Committee annually at its September meeting.

Sec. E.345.1 18 V.S.A. § 9405b is amended to read:

§ 9405b. HOSPITAL COMMUNITY REPORTS AND AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER QUALITY REPORTS

* * *

(e) The Green Mountain Care Board may assess and collect from general hospitals licensed under chapter 43 of this title expenses incurred by the Commissioner of Health in administering hospital community reports and ambulatory surgical center quality reports under this section.

Sec. E.345.2 GREEN MOUNTAIN CARE BOARD; REFERENCE-BASED PRICING; DATA ANALYSIS; REPORT

(a) The funds appropriated to the Green Mountain Care Board in Sec. B.1100(s)(1) of this act shall be for a contract with a qualified entity for a reference-based pricing analysis that will analyze commercial medical claims for all inpatient and outpatient hospital services and supplies incurred by active and retired members and their dependents enrolled in the State Employees' Health Benefit Plan and in the health benefit plans offered by the Vermont Education Health Initiative during calendar years 2018 to the most recent year for which data are available, to determine what savings, if any, could have

been realized for that period if a reference-based pricing methodology benchmarked to Medicare rates had been applied.

(b) On or before December 15, 2024, the Green Mountain Care Board shall report to the House Committees on Health Care and on Government Operations and Military Affairs and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Government Operations with the results of the analysis and any recommendations for legislative action, as well as identifying the other aspects of Vermont's health care system that likely would be affected by the use of reference-based pricing, such as hospital margins, health insurance premiums, and the State's health care reform efforts.

Sec. E.500 EDUCATION; FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

(a) The Global Commitment funds appropriated in Sec. B.500 of this act will be used for physician claims for determining medical necessity of individualized education programs. These services are intended to increase access to quality health care for uninsured persons, underinsured persons, and Medicaid beneficiaries.

Sec. E.502 EDUCATION; SPECIAL EDUCATION: FORMULA GRANTS

(a) Of the appropriation authorized in Sec. B.502 of this act, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, an amount not to exceed \$4,329,959 shall be used by the Agency of Education in fiscal year 2025 as funding for 16 V.S.A. § 2967(b)(2)–(6). In distributing such funds, the Secretary shall not be limited by the restrictions contained within 16 V.S.A. § 2969(c) and (d).

(b) Of the appropriation authorized in Sec. B.502 of this act, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, an amount not to exceed \$500,000 shall be used by the Agency of Education in fiscal year 2025 as funding for 16 V.S.A. § 2975. In distributing such funds, the Secretary shall not be limited by the restrictions contained within 16 V.S.A. § 2969(c) and (d).

Sec. E.503 EDUCATION; STATE-PLACED STUDENTS

(a) The Independence Place Program of ANEW Place shall be considered a 24-hour residential program for the purposes of reimbursement of education costs.

Sec. E.504 ADULT EDUCATION AND LITERACY

(a) Of the appropriation in Sec. B.504 of this act, \$3,778,133 General Fund shall be granted to adult education and literacy providers, pursuant to the Adult Education and Secondary Credential Program established in 16 V.S.A. § 945.

Sec. E.504.1 EDUCATION; FLEXIBLE PATHWAYS

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of 16 V.S.A. § 4025 to the contrary, of the appropriation in Sec. B.504.1 of this act, \$2,518,755 Education Fund shall be granted by the Agency of Education to adult education and literacy providers pursuant to the Adult Education and Secondary Credential Program established in 16 V.S.A. § 945.

(b) Notwithstanding 16 V.S.A. § 4025, of the Education Fund appropriation in Sec. B.504.1 of this act, the amount of:

(1) \$921,500 is designated for dual enrollment programs, notwithstanding 16 V.S.A. § 944(f)(2);

(2) \$2,000,000 is designated to support the Vermont Virtual High School;

(3) \$400,000 is designated for secondary school reform grants; and

(4) \$4,600,000 is designated for Early College pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 946.

(c) Of the General Fund appropriation in Sec. B.504.1 of this act, \$921,500 is designated for dual enrollment programs.

Sec. E.504.2 16 V.S.A. § 945 is amended to read:

§ 945. ADULT DIPLOMA PROGRAM; GENERAL EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM ADULT EDUCATION AND SECONDARY CREDENTIAL PROGRAM

(a) The Secretary shall maintain an Adult Diploma Program (ADP), which shall be an assessment process administered by the Agency through which an individual any Vermont resident who is at least 20 16 years of age; who has not received a high school diploma; and who is not enrolled in a public or approved independent school, postsecondary institution, or home study program can receive a local high school diploma granted by one of the Program's participating high schools.

(b) The Secretary shall maintain a General Educational Development (GED) Program, which it the Secretary shall administer jointly with the GED testing service and approved local testing centers and through which an adult individual a Vermont resident who is at least 16 years of age and; who has not received a high school diploma; and who is not enrolled in secondary a public or an approved independent school, a postsecondary institution, or a home study program can receive a secondary school equivalency certificate based on successful completion of the GED tests.

(c) The Secretary may provide additional programs designed to address the individual needs and circumstances of adult students, particularly students with the lowest levels of literacy skills.

(d) The diagnostic portion of the Program referenced in subsection 4011(f) of this title shall be used as a tool to evaluate the educational needs of and skills gained by individual students but shall not be used to exclude individuals from the Program or to condition payments to local education and literacy providers.

Sec. E.504.3 REPEAL

16 V.S.A. § 943 (High School Completion Program) is repealed.

Sec. E.504.4 16 V.S.A. § 4011 is amended to read:

§ 4011. EDUCATION PAYMENTS

(a) Annually, the General Assembly shall appropriate funds to pay for statewide education spending and a portion of a base education amount for each adult diploma education and secondary credential program student.

* * *

(f) Annually, the Secretary shall pay to a department or agency local adult education and literacy provider, as defined in section 942 of this title, that provides an adult diploma education and secondary credential program an amount equal to 26 percent of the base education amount for each student who completed completes the diagnostic portion portions of the program, based on an average of the previous two years; 40 percent of the payment required under this subsection shall be from State funds appropriated from the Education Fund and 60 percent of the payment required under this subsection shall be from State funds appropriated from the General Fund.

* * *

Sec. E.504.5 16 V.S.A. § 944 is amended to read:

§ 944. DUAL ENROLLMENT PROGRAM

* * *

(b) Students.

(1) A Vermont resident who has completed grade 10 but has not received a high school diploma is eligible to participate in the Program if:

(A) the student:

* * *

(ii) is assigned to a public school through the High School Completion Program a student in the Adult Diploma Program under subsection 945(a) of this title; or

* * *

Sec. E.504.6 16 V.S.A. § 941 is amended to read:

§ 941. FLEXIBLE PATHWAYS INITIATIVE

(a) There is created within the Agency a Flexible Pathways Initiative:

* * *

(b) The Secretary shall develop, publish, and regularly update guidance, in the form of technical assistance, sharing of best practices and model documents, legal interpretations, and other support designed to assist school districts:

* * *

(3) to create opportunities for secondary students to pursue flexible pathways to graduation that:

* * *

(C) include:

* * *

(v) the High School Completion Program as set forth in section 943 of this title; and [Repealed.]

(vi) the Adult Diploma Program and General Educational Development Program adult education and secondary credential opportunities as set forth in section 945 of this title; and

* * *

Sec. E.507.1 ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS; CATEGORICAL AID

(a) The funds appropriated in Sec. B.507.1 of this act shall be used to provide categorical aid to school districts for English Learner services, pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 4013.

Sec. E.514 STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

(a) In accordance with 16 V.S.A. § 1944(g)(2), the annual contribution to the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System shall be \$201,182,703, of which \$191,382,703 shall be the State's contribution and \$9,800,000 shall be contributed from local school systems or educational entities pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 1944c.

(b) In accordance with 16 V.S.A. § 1944(c)(2), of the annual contribution, \$37,842,027 is the “normal contribution,” and \$163,340,676 is the “accrued liability contribution.”

Sec. E.514.1 VERMONT STATE TEACHERS’ RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND VERNONT PENSION INVESTMENT COMMISSION; OPERATING BUDGET, SOURCE OF FUNDS

(a) Of the \$3,572,780 appropriated in Sec. B.514.1 of this act, \$2,516,037 constitutes the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System operating budget, and \$1,056,743 constitutes the portion of the Vermont Pension Investment Commission’s budget attributable to the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System.

Sec. E.515 RETIRED TEACHERS’ HEALTH CARE AND MEDICAL BENEFITS

(a) In accordance with 16 V.S.A. § 1944b(b)(2) and (h)(1), the annual contribution to the Retired Teachers’ Health and Medical Benefits plan shall be \$70,482,644, of which \$62,107,644 shall be the State’s contribution and \$8,375,000 shall be from the annual charge for teacher health care contributed by employers pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 1944d. Of the annual contribution, \$21,648,946 is the “normal contribution,” and \$48,833,698 is the “accrued liability contribution.”

Sec. E.600 UNIVERSITY OF VERNONT

(a) The Commissioner of Finance and Management shall issue warrants to pay 1/12 of the appropriation in Sec. B.600 of this act to the University of Vermont on or about the 15th day of each calendar month of the year.

(b) Of this appropriation, \$380,362 shall be transferred to the Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research to comply with State matching fund requirements necessary for the receipt of available federal or private funds, or both.

Sec. E.602 VERMONT STATE COLLEGES

(a) The Commissioner of Finance and Management shall issue warrants to pay 1/12 of the appropriation in Sec. B.602 of this act to the Vermont State Colleges on or about the 15th day of each calendar month of the year.

(b) Of this appropriation, \$427,898 shall be transferred to the Vermont Manufacturing Extension Center to comply with State matching fund requirements necessary for the receipt of available federal or private funds, or both.

Sec. E.602.1 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec. E.602.2, as amended by 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 83, Sec. 67 and 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Sec. C.101, is further amended to read:

Sec. E.602.2 VERNONT STATE COLLEGES

(a) The Vermont State College (VSC) system shall transform itself into a fully integrated system that achieves financial stability in a responsible and sustainable way in order to meet each of these strategic priorities:

* * *

(b) VSC shall meet the following requirements during the transformation of its system required under subsection (a) of this section and shall accommodate the oversight of the General Assembly in so doing.

(1) VSC shall reduce its structural deficit by \$5,000,000.00 per year for three years and by \$3,500,000.00 per year for the following two years through a combination of annual operating expense reductions and increased enrollment revenues, for a total of \$25,000,000.00 \$22,000,000.00 by the end of fiscal year 2026. These reductions shall be structural in nature and shall not be met by use of one-time funds. The VSC Board of Trustees, through the Chancellor or designee, shall report the results of these structural reductions to the House and Senate Committees on Education and on Appropriations annually during the Chancellor's budget presentation.

* * *

Sec. E.603 VERNONT STATE COLLEGES; ALLIED HEALTH

(a) If Global Commitment fund monies are unavailable, the total grant funding for the Vermont State Colleges shall be maintained through the General Fund or other State funding sources.

(b) The Vermont State Colleges shall use the Global Commitment funds appropriated in Sec. B.603 of this act to support the dental hygiene, respiratory therapy, and nursing programs that graduate approximately 315 health care providers annually. These graduates deliver direct, high-quality health care services to Medicaid beneficiaries or uninsured or underinsured persons.

Sec. E.605 VERNONT STUDENT ASSISTANCE CORPORATION

(a) Of the funds appropriated to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation in Sec. B.605 of this act:

(1) \$25,000 shall be deposited into the Trust Fund established in 16 V.S.A. § 2845;

(2) not more than \$300,000 may be used by the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation for a student aspirational initiative to serve one or more high schools; and

(3) not less than \$1,000,000 shall be used to continue the Vermont Trades Scholarship Program established in 2022 Act and Resolves No. 183, Sec. 14.

(b) Of the funds appropriated to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation in Sec. B.605 of this act that are remaining after accounting for the expenditures set forth in subsection (a) of this section, not less than 93 percent shall be used for direct student aid.

(c) After accounting for the expenditures set forth in subsection (a) of this section, up to seven percent of the funds appropriated to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation in Sec. B.605 of this act or otherwise currently or previously appropriated to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation or provided to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation by an agency or department of the State for the administration of a program or initiative may be used by the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation for its costs of administration. The Vermont Student Assistance Corporation may recoup its reasonable costs of collecting the forgivable loans in repayment. Funds shall not be used for indirect costs. To the extent that any of these funds are federal funds, allocation for expenses associated with administering the funds shall be consistent with federal grant requirements.

Sec. E.605.1 NEED-BASED STIPEND FOR DUAL ENROLLMENT AND EARLY COLLEGE STUDENTS

(a) Notwithstanding 16 V.S.A. § 4025, the sum of \$41,225 Education Fund and \$41,225 General Fund is appropriated to the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation for dual enrollment and need-based stipend purposes to fund a flat-rate, need-based stipend or voucher program for financially disadvantaged students enrolled in a dual enrollment course pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 944 or in early college pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 946 to be used for the purchase of books, cost of transportation, and payment of fees. The Vermont Student Assistance Corporation shall establish the criteria for program eligibility. Funds shall be granted to eligible students on a first-come, first-served basis until funds are depleted.

(b) On or before January 15, 2025, the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation shall report on the program to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Commerce and Economic Development and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

Sec. E.704 DEPARTMENT OF FORESTS, PARKS AND RECREATION;
WATER QUALITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM EXPANSION;
PILOT

(a) Using the funds appropriated in Sec. B.1100(l)(1) of this act, the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation shall as a pilot expand the Water Quality Assistance Program established in 10 V.S.A. § 2622a to enable the Program to provide financial assistance to logging contractors to ensure implementation of proactive and preventative water quality protection and climate adaptation practices on harvest sites. The Program shall provide financial assistance to logging contractors for the following:

(1) implementation of accepted management practices and other best practices defined by the Department on harvest sites to enhance water quality protection and climate adaptation measures before forest operations take place;

(2) purchase by logging contractors of materials or practices that can be used for forest access road construction, landing preparation, bridge construction or installation, culvert protection or installation, and sediment control in advance of harvest implementation in order to comply with the accepted management practices and other potentially applicable water quality requirements; and

(3) financial assistance or cost share for a logging contractor to be Master Logger Certified by third-party entities, such as the Northeast Master Logger Certification Program of the Trust to Conserve Northeast Forestlands.

(b) The Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation may establish criteria for eligibility under the Water Quality Assistance Program, including priority of assistance and application requirements.

(c) The Water Quality Assistance Program shall operate as a pilot program in fiscal year 2025.

(d) On or before July 15, 2025, the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation shall report to the House Committee on Agriculture, Food Resiliency, and Forestry and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy the results of the pilot Water Quality Assistance Program.

Sec. E.802 10 V.S.A. § 699 is amended to read:

§ 699. VERMONT RENTAL HOUSING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

* * *

(e) Program requirements applicable to grants. For a grant awarded through the Program, the following requirements apply for a minimum period of five years:

(1) A landlord shall coordinate with nonprofit housing partners and local coordinated entry organizations to identify potential tenants.

(2)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(B) of this subsection (e), a landlord shall lease the unit to a household that is exiting homelessness or actively working with an immigrant or refugee resettlement program or composed of at least one individual with a disability who is eligible to receive Medicaid-funded home and community based services.

(B) If, upon petition of the landlord, the Department or the housing organization that issued the grant determines that a household exiting homelessness under subdivision (A) of this subdivision (e)(2) is not available to lease the unit, then the landlord shall lease the unit:

* * *

Sec. E.910 23 V.S.A. § 304c is amended to read:

§ 304c. MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION PLATES: BUILDING BRIGHT SPACES FOR BRIGHT FUTURES FUND

(a) The Commissioner shall, upon application, issue “Building Bright Spaces for Bright Futures Fund,” referred to as “the Bright Futures Fund,” registration plates for use only on vehicles registered at the pleasure car rate, on trucks registered for less than 26,001 pounds, on vehicles registered to State agencies under section 376 of this title, and excluding vehicles registered under the International Registration Plan. Plates so acquired shall be mounted on the front and rear of the vehicle. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall utilize the graphic design recommended by the Commissioner for Children and Families for the special plates to enhance the public awareness of the State’s interest in supporting children’s early childhood services. Applicants shall apply on forms prescribed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles and shall pay an initial fee of \$29.00 in addition to the annual fee for registration. In following years, in addition to the annual registration fee, the holder of a Bright Futures Fund plate shall pay a renewal fee of \$29.00. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall adopt rules under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to implement the provisions of this subsection.

(b) Fees collected under subsection (a) of this section shall be allocated deposited as follows:

(1) 29 percent to in the Transportation Fund.

(2) 71 percent to the Department for Children and Families for deposit in the Building Bright Futures Fund created in 33 V.S.A. § 3531.

(c) Renewal fees collected under subsection (a) of this section shall be allocated deposited as follows:

(1) 79 percent to the Department for Children and Families for deposit in the Building Bright Futures Fund created in 33 V.S.A. § 3531.

(2) 21 percent to in the Transportation Fund.

(d) The Department of Motor Vehicles shall be charged by the Department of Corrections for the production of the Building Bright Futures Fund license plates.

Sec. E.915 TRANSPORTATION; TOWN HIGHWAY AID PROGRAM

(a) The total appropriation in Sec. B.915 of this act is authorized, notwithstanding the provisions of 19 V.S.A. § 306(a).

* * * Financial Regulation Fees * * *

Sec. F.100 8 V.S.A. § 4800(2)(A)(iii) is amended to read:

(iii) Except as provided in subdivisions (I) and (II) of this subdivision, initial and annual producer appointment fees for each qualification set forth in section 4813g of subchapter 1A of this chapter for resident and nonresident producers acting as agents of foreign insurers, \$60.00 \$80.00:

* * *

Sec. F.101 9 V.S.A. § 5302(e) is amended to read:

(e) At the time of the filing of the information prescribed in subsection (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, except investment companies subject to 15 U.S.C. § 80a-1 et seq., the issuer shall pay to the Commissioner a fee of \$600.00 \$820.00. The fee is nonrefundable.

Sec. F.102 9 V.S.A. § 5302(f) is amended to read:

(f) Investment companies subject to 15 U.S.C. § 80a-1 et seq. shall pay to the Commissioner an initial notice filing fee of \$2,000.00 \$2,275.00 and an annual renewal fee of \$1,650.00 \$2,025.00 for each portfolio or class of investment company securities for which a notice filing is submitted.

Sec. F.103 9 V.S.A. § 5410(b) is amended to read:

(b) The fee for an individual is \$120.00 \$145.00 when filing an application for registration as an agent, \$120.00 \$145.00 when filing a renewal of registration as an agent, and \$120.00 \$145.00 when filing for a change of registration as an agent. The fee is nonrefundable.

* * * Pay Act * * *

Sec. G.100 COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS; FISCAL YEARS 2025 AND 2026

(a) Fiscal year 2025. This act fully funds the first year of the collective bargaining agreements between the State and the Vermont State Employees' Association and the State and the Vermont Troopers' Association for the period of July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025. The collective bargaining agreements for most classified employees provide in fiscal year 2025 an average 1.9 percent step increase and 4.5 percent across-the-board increase for a total of a 6.4 percent increase.

(b) Fiscal year 2026. This act fully funds the second year of the collective bargaining agreements between the State and the Vermont State Employees' Association and the State and the Vermont Troopers' Association for the period of July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2026. The collective bargaining agreements for most classified employees provide in fiscal year 2026 an average 1.9 percent step increase and 3.5 percent across-the-board increase for a total of a 5.4 percent increase.

Sec. G.101 EXEMPT EMPLOYEES; PERMITTED SALARY INCREASES; FISCAL YEARS 2025 AND 2026

(a) Fiscal year 2025. The Executive, Judicial, and Legislative Branches may extend the fiscal year 2025 provisions of the collective bargaining agreements that are funded by this act to employees not covered by the bargaining agreements as they determine to be appropriate and in accordance with the appropriations provided to each branch.

(b) Fiscal year 2026. The Executive, Judicial, and Legislative Branches may extend the fiscal year 2026 provisions of the collective bargaining agreements that are funded by this act to employees not covered by the bargaining agreements as they determine to be appropriate and in accordance with the appropriations provided to each branch.

Sec. G.102 EXECUTIVE BRANCH; EXEMPT AGENCY AND DEPARTMENT HEADS, DEPUTIES, AND EXECUTIVE ASSISTANTS; ANNUAL SALARY ADJUSTMENT AND SPECIAL SALARY INCREASE OR BONUS

(a) Fiscal year 2025. For purposes of determining annual salary adjustments, special salary increases, and bonuses under 32 V.S.A. §§ 1003(b) and 1020(b), "the average rate of adjustment available to most classified employees under the collective bargaining agreement" shall be, in fiscal year 2025, 6.4 percent.

(b) Fiscal year 2026. For purposes of determining annual salary adjustments, special salary increases, and bonuses under 32 V.S.A. §§ 1003(b) and 1020(b), "the average rate of adjustment available to most classified

employees under the collective bargaining agreement” shall be, in fiscal year 2026, 5.4 percent.

Sec. G.103 32 V.S.A. § 1003 is amended to read:

§ 1003. STATE OFFICERS

(a) Each elective officer of the Executive Department is entitled to an annual salary as follows:

	<u>Annual Salary as of July 3, 2022</u>	<u>Annual Salary as of July 2, 2023</u>	<u>Annual Salary as of July 14, 2024</u>	<u>Annual Salary as of July 13, 2025</u>
(1) Governor	\$201,150	\$208,995	\$222,371	\$234,379
(2) Lieutenant Governor	\$85,384	\$88,714	\$94,392	\$99,489
(3) Secretary of State	\$127,548	\$132,522	\$141,003	\$148,617
(4) State Treasurer	\$127,548	\$132,522	\$141,003	\$148,617
(5) Auditor of Accounts	\$127,548	\$132,522	\$141,003	\$148,617
(6) Attorney General	\$152,725	\$158,681	\$168,837	\$177,954

(b) The Governor may appoint each officer of the Executive Branch listed in this subsection at a starting salary ranging from the base salary stated for that position to a salary that does not exceed the maximum salary unless otherwise authorized by this subsection. The maximum salary for each appointive officer shall be 50 percent above the base salary. Annually, the Governor may grant to each of those officers an annual salary adjustment subject to the maximum salary. The annual salary adjustment granted to officers under this subsection shall not exceed the average rate of adjustment available to most classified employees under the collective bargaining agreement then in effect. In addition to the annual salary adjustment specified in this subsection, the Governor may grant a special salary increase subject to the maximum salary, or a bonus, to any officer listed in this subsection whose job duties have significantly increased, or whose contributions to the State in the preceding year are deemed especially significant. Special salary increases or bonuses granted to any individual shall not exceed the average rate of adjustment available to most classified employees under the collective bargaining agreement then in effect.

(1) Heads of the following Departments and Agencies:

	<u>Base Salary as of July 3, 2022</u>	<u>Base Salary as of July 2, 2023</u>	<u>Base Salary as of July 14, 2024</u>	<u>Base Salary as of July 13, 2025</u>
(A) Administration	\$121,634	\$126,378	\$134,466	\$141,727
(B) Agriculture, Food and Markets	\$121,634	\$126,378	\$134,466	\$141,727
(C) Financial Regulation	\$113,710	\$118,145	\$125,706	\$132,494
(D) Buildings and General Services	\$113,710	\$118,145	\$125,706	\$132,494
(E) Children and Families	\$113,710	\$118,145	\$125,706	\$132,494
(F) Commerce and Community Development	\$121,634	\$126,378	\$134,466	\$141,727
(G) Corrections	\$113,710	\$118,145	\$125,706	\$132,494
(H) Defender General	\$113,710	\$118,145	\$125,706	\$132,494
(I) Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living	\$113,710	\$118,145	\$125,706	\$132,494
(J) Economic Development	\$103,149	\$107,172	\$114,031	\$120,189
(K) Education	\$121,634	\$126,378	\$134,466	\$141,727
(L) Environmental Conservation	\$113,710	\$118,145	\$125,706	\$132,494
(M) Finance and Management	\$113,710	\$118,145	\$125,706	\$132,494
(N) Fish and Wildlife	\$103,149	\$107,172	\$114,031	\$120,189
(O) Forests, Parks and Recreation	\$103,149	\$107,172	\$114,031	\$120,189

(P) Health	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(Q) Housing and Community Development	\$103,149	\$107,172	<u>\$114,031</u>	<u>\$120,189</u>
(R) Human Resources	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(S) Human Services	\$121,634	\$126,378	<u>\$134,466</u>	<u>\$141,727</u>
(T) Digital Services	\$121,634	\$126,378	<u>\$134,466</u>	<u>\$141,727</u>
(U) Labor	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(V) Libraries	\$103,149	\$107,172	<u>\$114,031</u>	<u>\$120,189</u>
(W) Liquor and Lottery	\$103,149	\$107,172	<u>\$114,031</u>	<u>\$120,189</u>
(X) [Repealed.]				
(Y) Mental Health	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(Z) Military	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(AA) Motor Vehicles	\$103,149	\$107,172	<u>\$114,031</u>	<u>\$120,189</u>
(BB) Natural Resources	\$121,634	\$126,378	<u>\$134,466</u>	<u>\$141,727</u>
(CC) Natural Resources Board Chair	\$103,149	\$107,172	<u>\$114,031</u>	<u>\$120,189</u>
(DD) Public Safety	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(EE) Public Service	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(FF) Taxes	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(GG) Tourism and Marketing	\$103,149	\$107,172	<u>\$114,031</u>	<u>\$120,189</u>
(HH) Transportation	\$121,634	\$126,378	<u>\$134,466</u>	<u>\$141,727</u>
(II) Vermont Health Access	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(JJ) Veterans' Home	\$113,710	\$118,145	<u>\$125,706</u>	<u>\$132,494</u>
(2) [Repealed.]				

(3) If the Chair of the Natural Resources Board is employed on less than a full-time basis, the hiring and salary maximums for that position shall be reduced proportionately.

(4) When a permanent employee is appointed to an exempt position, the Governor may authorize such employee to retain the present salary even though it is in excess of any salary maximum provided in statute.

* * *

(d) Notwithstanding the maximum salary established in subsection (b) of this section, the Defender General shall not receive compensation in excess of the compensation established for the Attorney General in this section.

(e) Notwithstanding the maximum salary established in subsection (b) of this section, the maximum salary for the Commissioner of Health shall not exceed 100 percent above the base salary for this position.

Sec. G.104 32 V.S.A. § 1003(c) is amended to read:

(c) The officers of the Judicial Branch named in this subsection shall be entitled to annual salaries as follows:

	<u>Annual Salary as of July 3, 2022</u>	<u>Annual Salary as of July 2, 2023</u>	<u>Annual Salary as of July 14, 2024</u>	<u>Annual Salary as of July 13, 2025</u>
(1) Chief Justice of Supreme Court	\$193,600	\$201,150	<u>\$214,024</u>	<u>\$225,581</u>
(2) Each Associate Justice	\$184,771	\$191,977	<u>\$204,264</u>	<u>\$215,294</u>
(3) Administrative Judge	\$184,771	\$191,977	<u>\$204,264</u>	<u>\$215,294</u>
(4) Each Superior Judge	\$175,654	\$182,505	<u>\$194,185</u>	<u>\$204,671</u>
(5) [Repealed.]				
(6) Each Magistrate	\$132,441	\$137,606	<u>\$146,413</u>	<u>\$154,319</u>
(7) Each Judicial Bureau hearing officer	\$132,441	\$137,606	<u>\$146,413</u>	<u>\$154,319</u>

Sec. G.105 32 V.S.A. § 1141 is amended to read:

§ 1141. ASSISTANT JUDGES

(a)(1) Each assistant judge of the Superior Court shall be entitled to receive compensation in the amount of \$203.05 \$224.47 a day as of July 3, 2022 July 14, 2024 and \$210.97 \$236.59 a day as of July 2, 2023 July 13, 2025 for time spent in the performance of official duties and necessary expenses as allowed to classified State employees. Compensation under this section shall be based on a two-hour minimum and hourly thereafter.

(2)(A) The compensation paid to an assistant judge pursuant to this section shall be paid by the State except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (2).

(B) The compensation paid to an assistant judge pursuant to this section shall be paid by the county at the State rate established in subdivision (a)(1) of this section when an assistant judge is sitting with a presiding Superior judge in the Civil or Family Division of the Superior Court.

(b) Assistant judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to receive pay for such days as they attend court when it is in actual session or during a court recess when engaged in the special performance of official duties.

Sec. G.106 32 V.S.A. § 1142 is amended to read:

§ 1142. PROBATE JUDGES

(a) The Probate judges in the several Probate Districts shall be entitled to receive the following annual salaries, which shall be paid by the State in lieu of all fees or other compensation:

	Annual Salary as of July 3, 2022	Annual Salary as of July 2, 2023	Annual Salary as of July 14, 2024	Annual Salary as of July 13, 2025
(1) Addison	\$69,249	\$71,950	<u>\$76,555</u>	\$80,689
(2) Bennington	\$87,541	\$90,955	<u>\$96,776</u>	\$102,002
(3) Caledonia	\$61,412	\$63,807	<u>\$67,891</u>	\$71,557
(4) Chittenden	\$146,093	\$151,791	<u>\$161,506</u>	\$170,227
(5) Essex	\$17,156	\$17,825	<u>\$18,966</u>	\$19,990
(6) Franklin	\$69,249	\$71,950	<u>\$76,555</u>	\$80,689
(7) Grand Isle	\$17,156	\$17,825	<u>\$18,966</u>	\$19,990

(8) Lamoille	\$48,343	\$50,228	<u>\$53,443</u>	<u>\$56,329</u>
(9) Orange	<u>\$57,489</u>	<u>\$59,731</u>	<u>\$63,554</u>	<u>\$66,986</u>
(10) Orleans	<u>\$56,183</u>	<u>\$58,374</u>	<u>\$62,110</u>	<u>\$65,464</u>
(11) Rutland	\$124,126	\$128,967	<u>\$137,221</u>	<u>\$144,631</u>
(12) Washington	<u>\$95,379</u>	<u>\$99,099</u>	<u>\$105,441</u>	<u>\$111,135</u>
(13) Windham	<u>\$77,089</u>	<u>\$80,095</u>	<u>\$85,221</u>	<u>\$89,823</u>
(14) Windsor	\$104,527	\$108,604	<u>\$115,555</u>	<u>\$121,795</u>

(b) Probate judges shall be entitled to be paid by the State for their actual and necessary expenses under the rules pertaining to classified State employees. The compensation for the Probate judge of the Chittenden District shall be for full-time service.

(c) All Probate judges, regardless of the number of hours worked annually, shall be eligible to participate in all employee benefits that are available to exempt employees of the Judicial Department.

Sec. G.107 32 V.S.A. § 1182 is amended to read:

§ 1182. SHERIFFS

(a) The sheriffs of all counties except Chittenden shall be entitled to receive salaries in the amount of \$94,085.00 \$104,010.00 as of July 3, 2022 July 14, 2024 and \$97,754.00 \$109,627.00 as of July 2, 2023 July 13, 2025. The Sheriff of Chittenden County shall be entitled to an annual salary in the amount of \$99,566.00 \$110,070.00 as of July 3, 2022 July 14, 2024 and \$103,449.00 \$116,014.00 as of July 2, 2023 July 13, 2025.

(b) Compensation under subsection (a) of this section shall be reduced by 10 percent for any sheriff who has not obtained Level III law enforcement officer certification under 20 V.S.A. § 2358.

Sec. G.108 32 V.S.A. § 1183 is amended to read:

§ 1183. STATE'S ATTORNEYS

(a) The State's Attorneys shall be entitled to receive annual salaries as follows:

Annual Salary as of July 3, 2022	Annual Salary as of July 2, 2023	Annual Salary as of July 14, 2024	Annual Salary as of July 13, 2025

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 2024

2381

(1) Addison County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(2) Bennington County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(3) Caledonia County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(4) Chittenden County	\$133,051	\$138,240	\$147,087	\$155,030
(5) Essex County	\$95,451	\$99,174	\$105,521	\$111,219
(6) Franklin County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(7) Grand Isle County	\$95,451	\$99,174	\$105,521	\$111,219
(8) Lamoille County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(9) Orange County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(10) Orleans County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(11) Rutland County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(12) Washington County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(13) Windham County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288
(14) Windsor County	\$127,265	\$132,228	\$140,691	\$148,288

(b) In settlement of their accounts, the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall allow the State's Attorneys the expense of printing briefs in cases in which the State's Attorney has represented the State and their necessary and actual expenses under the rules pertaining to classified State employees.

Sec. G.109 PAY ACT APPROPRIATIONS; FISCAL YEARS 2025 AND 2026

(a) Executive Branch. The first and second years of the two-year agreements between the State of Vermont and the Vermont State Employees' Association for the Defender General, Non-Management, Supervisory, and Corrections bargaining units, and, for the purpose of appropriation, the State's Attorneys' offices bargaining unit, for the period of July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2026; the collective bargaining agreement with the Vermont Troopers' Association for the period of July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2026; and salary increases for employees in the Executive Branch not covered by the bargaining agreements shall be funded as follows:

(1) Fiscal year 2025.

(A) General Fund. The amount of \$27,279,337.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Secretary of Administration for distribution to

departments to fund the fiscal year 2025 collective bargaining agreements and the requirements of this act.

(B) Transportation Fund. The amount of \$2,500,000.00 is appropriated from the Transportation Fund to the Secretary of Administration for distribution to the Agency of Transportation and the Department of Public Safety to fund the fiscal year 2025 collective bargaining agreements and the requirements of this act.

(C) Other funds. The Administration shall provide additional spending authority to departments through the existing process of excess receipts to fund the fiscal year 2025 collective bargaining agreements and the requirements of this act. The estimated amounts are \$25,627,057.00 from a special fund, federal funds, and other sources.

(D) Transfers. With due regard to the possible availability of other funds, for fiscal year 2025, the Secretary of Administration may transfer from the various appropriations and various funds and from the receipts of the Liquor Control Board such sums as the Secretary may determine to be necessary to carry out the purposes of this act to the various agencies supported by State funds.

(2) Fiscal year 2026.

(A) General Fund. The amount of \$24,644,442.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Secretary of Administration for distribution to departments to fund the fiscal year 2026 collective bargaining agreements and the requirements of this act.

(B) Transportation Fund. The amount of \$3,000,000.00 is appropriated from the Transportation Fund to the Secretary of Administration for distribution to the Agency of Transportation and the Department of Public Safety to fund the fiscal year 2026 collective bargaining agreements and the requirements of this act.

(C) Other funds. The Administration shall provide additional spending authority to departments through the existing process of excess receipts to fund the fiscal year 2026 collective bargaining agreements and the requirements of this act. The estimated amounts are \$27,868,854.00 from a special fund, federal funds, and other sources.

(D) Transfers. With due regard to the possible availability of other funds, for fiscal year 2026, the Secretary of Administration may transfer from the various appropriations and various funds and from the receipts of the Liquor Control Board such sums as the Secretary may determine to be necessary to carry out the purposes of this act to the various agencies supported by State funds.

(3) This section shall include sufficient funding to ensure administration of exempt pay plans authorized by 32 V.S.A. § 1020(c).

(b) Judicial Branch.

(1) Extension to noncovered employees. The Chief Justice of the Vermont Supreme Court may extend the provisions of the Judiciary's collective bargaining agreement to Judiciary employees who are not covered by the bargaining agreement.

(2) Fiscal year 2025. The first year of the two-year agreements between the State of Vermont and the Vermont State Employees' Association for the judicial bargaining unit for the period of July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025 and salary increases for employees in the Judicial Branch not covered by the bargaining agreements shall be funded as follows: the amount of \$2,470,963.00 is appropriated from the General Fund and the amount of \$185,986.00 is provided from other sources to the Judiciary to fund the fiscal year 2025 collective bargaining agreement and the requirements of this act.

(3) Fiscal year 2026. The second year of the two-year agreements between the State of Vermont and the Vermont State Employees' Association for the judicial bargaining unit for the period of July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2026 and salary increases for employees in the Judicial Branch not covered by the bargaining agreements shall be funded as follows: the amount of \$2,388,783.00 is appropriated from the General Fund and the amount of \$179,801.00 is provided from other sources to the Judiciary to fund the fiscal year 2026 collective bargaining agreement and the requirements of this act.

(c) Legislative Branch.

(1) For the period of July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025, the General Assembly, including all Legislative Branch employees, shall be funded as follows: the amount of \$884,808.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Legislative Branch.

(2) For the period of July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2026, the General Assembly, including all Legislative Branch employees, shall be funded as follows: the amount of \$758,613.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Legislative Branch.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. F.100 EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. B.1102, C.100, C.101, C.103, C.104, C.105, C.106, C.107, C.111, C.112, C.113, C.114, C.115, C.116, C.117, E.125.1, E.126.2, and E.127.1 shall take effect on passage.

(b) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214:

(1) Sec. C.102 shall take effect retroactively on March 1, 2024;

(2) Secs. C.108, C.109, and C.110 shall take effect retroactively on July 1, 2023; and

(3) Sec. E.910 shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2024.

(c) Sec. E.306.4 shall take effect on January 1, 2026.

(d) Sec. E.318.2 shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

(e) Sec. F.100 shall take effect on January 1, 2025.

(f) All remaining sections shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

And by renumbering all of the sections of the bill to be numerically correct (including internal references) and adjusting all of the totals to be arithmetically correct.

M. JANE KITCHEL

ANDREW PERCHLIK

RICHARD A. WESTMAN

Committee on the part of the Senate

DIANE LANPHER

ROBIN SCHEU

THERESA WOOD

Committee on the part of the House

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative, on a roll call, Yeas 24, Nays 2.

Senator Collamore having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Baruth, Bray, Brock, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Collamore, Cummings, Hardy, Harrison, Hashim, Ingalls, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, McCormack, Norris, Perchlik, Starr, Watson, Weeks, Westman, White, Williams.

Those Senators who voted in the negative were: Vyhovsky, Wrenner.

Those Senators absent and not voting were: Gulick, Ram Hinsdale, Sears.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Baruth, the rules were suspended, and the bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith.

Joint Senate Resolutions Adopted on the Part of the Senate**J.R.S. 56.**

Joint Senate resolution of the following title was offered, read and adopted on the part of the Senate, and is as follows:

By Senator Baruth,

J.R.S. 56. Joint resolution relating to final adjournment of the General Assembly in 2024.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives

That when the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives adjourn their respective houses on the tenth or eleventh day of May, 2024, they shall do so to reconvene on the seventeenth day of June, 2024, at ten o'clock in the forenoon if the Governor should fail to approve and sign any bill and should he return it to the house of origin with his objections in writing after such adjournment, but if the Governor should *not* so return any bill to either house, to be adjourned *sine die*.

Bills Delivered

Senator Baruth moved that pursuant to Joint Rule 15 that all bills passed by both the Senate and the House be ordered to the Governor.

Which was agreed to.

Senate Concurrent Resolutions

The following joint concurrent resolutions, having been placed on the consent calendar on the preceding legislative day, and no Senator having requested floor consideration as provided by the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, were severally adopted on the part of the Senate:

By All Members of the Senate,

S.C.R. 17.

Senate concurrent resolution honoring the nearly four decades of conscientious legislative service of former Vermont Senate Dean Richard T. Mazza of Colchester.

By Senators Sears and Campion,

By Reps. Bongartz and others,

S.C.R. 19.

Senate concurrent resolution honoring Sue Allen for her exemplary career in journalism, government, politics, and the nonprofit sector.

House Concurrent Resolutions

The following joint concurrent resolutions having been placed on the consent calendar on the preceding legislative day, and no Senator having requested floor consideration as provided by the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, were severally adopted in concurrence:

By Rep. Mrowicki,

By Senators Hashim and Harrison,

H.C.R. 247.

House concurrent resolution in memory of Norman Paul Bartlett of Putney.

By Rep. Durfee,

By Senators Campion and Sears,

H.C.R. 248.

House concurrent resolution congratulating Shaftsbury First Assistant Fire Chief Michael Taylor on being named the 2024 Shaftsbury Ordinary Hero Award winner.

By Reps. Priestley and others,

By Senators Collamore, Hardy, Perchlik, Watson, Weeks and Wrenner,

H.C.R. 249.

House concurrent resolution recognizing May 6–12, 2024 as National Nurses Week in Vermont and designating May 9, 2024 as ANA-Vermont Hill Day at the State House.

By Rep. Bartley,

H.C.R. 250.

House concurrent resolution recognizing the importance of public awareness of tardive dyskinesia.

By Rep. Roberts,

By Senator Harrison,

H.C.R. 251.

House concurrent resolution recognizing June 2024 as National Scoliosis Awareness Month in Vermont.

By Rep. Rice,

H.C.R. 252.

House concurrent resolution congratulating the JK Adams Co. of Dorset on its 80th anniversary.

By Reps. Houghton and others,

H.C.R. 253.

House concurrent resolution honoring Washington County Mental Health Services Executive Director and former Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health Mary Moulton of Moretown on her extraordinary leadership.

By Reps. Morrissey and others,

By Senators Campion and Sears,

H.C.R. 254.

House concurrent resolution honoring Michele Burgess for her 47-plus years of outstanding and supportive service at the Vermont Veterans' Home.

By Reps. Morrissey and others,

By Senators Campion and Sears,

H.C.R. 255.

House concurrent resolution honoring Barbara Reilly for her more than four decades of dedicated public service at the Vermont Veterans' Home.

H.C.R. 256.

House concurrent resolution honoring Theresa Snow for her leadership in the promotion of agricultural gleaning in Vermont.

By Reps. Berbeco and others,

H.C.R. 257.

House concurrent resolution recognizing May 2024 as Mental Health Awareness Month in Vermont.

By Reps. Noyes and others,

By Senator Westman,

H.C.R. 258.

House concurrent resolution honoring Michelle Carter of Barre City on the 30th anniversary of her dedicated service as a Vermont Legal Aid Long-Term Care Ombudsman.

By Reps. Noyes and Carpenter,

By Senator Westman,

H.C.R. 259.

House concurrent resolution honoring Lynda Hill for her enthusiastic and beneficial community service in the Town of Johnson.

By Rep. Christie,

H.C.R. 260.

House concurrent resolution honoring the Tuskegee Airmen of World War II.

Secretary Directed to Inform the House of Completion of Business

On motion of Senator Baruth, the Secretary was directed to inform the House that the Senate has completed the business of the session and is ready on its part to adjourn *sine die*, pursuant to the provisions of J.R.S. 56.

Committee Appointed to Inform Governor of Completion of Business

On motion of Senator Baruth, the President appointed the following three Senators as members of a Committee to wait upon His Excellency, Philip B. Scott, the Governor, and inform him that the Senate has completed the business of the session and is ready on its part to adjourn *sine die*, pursuant to the provisions of J.R.S. 56:

Senator McCormack

Senator Starr

Senator Baruth

Report of Committee

The Committee appointed to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor, to inform him that the Senate had, on its part, completed the business of the session and was ready to adjourn *sine die*, pursuant to the provisions of J.R.S. 56, performed the duties assigned to it and escorted the Governor to the rostrum where he delivered his remarks in person.

Remarks of Governor

The Honorable Philip B. Scott, Governor of the State of Vermont, was escorted to the rostrum and briefly addressed the Senate.

Departure of Governor

The Governor, having completed the delivery of his message, was escorted from the Chamber by the Committee appointed by the Chair.

Final Adjournment

On motion of Senator Baruth, at one o'clock and fifteen minutes in the morning (1:15 A.M.), the Senate adjourned *sine die*, pursuant to the provisions of J.R.S. 56.

Messages Received After Adjournment

After final adjournment, the following messages were received by the Secretary:

Message from the House No. 84

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill of the following title:

H. 55. An act relating to miscellaneous unemployment insurance amendments.

And has concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Message from the House No. 85

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. BetsyAnn Wrask, its Clerk, as follows:

Mr President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House has on its part completed the business of the second half of the Biennial session and is ready to adjourn *sine die*, pursuant to the provisions of J.R.S. 56.

Message from the House No. 86

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. BetsyAnn Wrask, its Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered joint resolution originating in the Senate of the following title:

J.R.S. 56. Joint resolution relating to final adjournment of the General Assembly 2024.

And has adopted the same in concurrence.

The House has considered a bill originating in the Senate of the following title:

S. 96. An act relating to privatization contracts.

And has passed the same in concurrence with proposal of amendment in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered Senate proposals of amendment to the following House bills:

H. 10. An act relating to amending the Vermont Employment Growth Incentive Program.

H. 233. An act relating to licensure and regulation of pharmacy benefit managers.

H. 585. An act relating to amending the pension system for sheriffs and certain deputy sheriffs.

H. 612. An act relating to miscellaneous cannabis amendments.

H. 622. An act relating to emergency medical services.

H. 626. An act relating to animal welfare.

H. 630. An act relating to boards of cooperative education services.

H. 645. An act relating to the expansion of approaches to restorative justice.

H. 657. An act relating to the modernization of Vermont's communications taxes and fees.

H. 704. An act relating to disclosure of compensation in job advertisements.

H. 867. An act relating to miscellaneous amendments to the laws governing alcoholic beverages and the Board of Liquor and Lottery.

H. 870. An act relating to professions and occupations regulated by the Office of Professional Regulation.

H. 875. An act relating to the State Ethics Commission and the State Code of Ethics.

H. 876. An act relating to miscellaneous amendments to the corrections laws.

H. 877. An act relating to miscellaneous agricultural subjects.

And has severally concurred therein.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to Senate bill of the following title:

S. 301. An act relating to miscellaneous agricultural subjects.

And has concurred therein.

The House has considered Senate proposals of amendment to House proposals of amendment to Senate proposals of amendment to House bills of the following titles:

H. 121. An act relating to enhancing consumer privacy and the age-appropriate design code.

H. 687. An act relating to community resilience and biodiversity protection through land use.

And has severally concurred therein.

The House has considered the reports of the Committees of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on House bills of the following titles:

H. 534. An act relating to retail theft.

H. 546. An act relating to administrative and policy changes to tax laws.

H. 563. An act relating to criminal motor vehicle offenses involving unlawful trespass, theft, or unauthorized operation.

H. 868. An act relating to the fiscal year 2025 Transportation Program and miscellaneous changes to laws related to transportation.

H. 882. An act relating to capital construction and State bonding budget adjustment.

H. 883. An act relating to making appropriations for the support of government.

And has severally adopted the same on its part.

The House has adopted House concurrent resolutions of the following titles:

H.C.R. 247. House concurrent resolution in memory of Norman Paul Bartlett of Putney.

H.C.R. 248. House concurrent resolution congratulating Shaftsbury First Assistant Fire Chief Michael Taylor on being named the 2024 Shaftsbury Ordinary Hero Award winner.

H.C.R. 249. House concurrent resolution recognizing May 6–12, 2024 as National Nurses Week in Vermont and designating May 9, 2024 as ANA-Vermont Hill Day at the State House.

H.C.R. 250. House concurrent resolution recognizing the importance of public awareness of tardive dyskinesia.

H.C.R. 251. House concurrent resolution recognizing June 2024 as National Scoliosis Awareness Month in Vermont.

H.C.R. 252. House concurrent resolution congratulating the JK Adams Co. of Dorset on its 80th anniversary.

H.C.R. 253. House concurrent resolution honoring Washington County Mental Health Services Executive Director and former Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health Mary Moulton of Moretown on her extraordinary leadership.

H.C.R. 254. House concurrent resolution honoring Michele Burgess for her 47-plus years of outstanding and supportive service at the Vermont Veterans' Home.

H.C.R. 255. House concurrent resolution honoring Barbara Reilly for her more than four decades of dedicated public service at the Vermont Veterans' Home.

H.C.R. 256. House concurrent resolution honoring Theresa Snow for her leadership in the promotion of agricultural gleaning in Vermont.

H.C.R. 257. House concurrent resolution recognizing May 2024 as Mental Health Awareness Month in Vermont.

H.C.R. 258. House concurrent resolution honoring Michelle Carter of Barre City on the 30th anniversary of her dedicated service as a Vermont Legal Aid Long-Term Care Ombudsman.

H.C.R. 259. House concurrent resolution honoring Lynda Hill for her enthusiastic and beneficial community service in the Town of Johnson.

H.C.R. 260. House concurrent resolution honoring the Tuskegee Airmen of World War II.

In the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered concurrent resolutions originating in the Senate of the following titles:

S.C.R. 16. Senate concurrent resolution honoring Senator Richard McCormack for his dedicated legislative service in the Vermont Senate.

S.C.R. 17. Senate concurrent resolution honoring the nearly four decades of conscientious legislative service of former Vermont Senate Dean Richard T. Mazza of Colchester.

S.C.R. 18. Senate concurrent resolution honoring Senator Robert A. Starr of Orleans District for his decades of distinguished public service.

S.C.R. 19. Senate concurrent resolution honoring Sue Allen for her exemplary career in journalism, government, politics, and the nonprofit sector.

And has adopted the same in concurrence.

Message from the House No. 87

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. BetsyAnn Wrask, its Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on May 13, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 27. An act relating to coercive controlling behavior and abuse prevention orders.

H. 350. An act relating to the Uniform Directed Trust Act.

H. 606. An act relating to professional licensure and immigration status.

H. 629. An act relating to changes to property tax abatement and tax sales.

H. 861. An act relating to reimbursement parity for health care services delivered in person, by telemedicine, and by audio-only telephone and extending time for flood abatement reimbursement.

H. 884. An act relating to the modernization of governance for the St. Albans Cemetery Association.

The Governor has informed the House that on May 13, 2024, he did not approve and allowed to become law without his signature a bill originating in the House of the following title:

H. 649. An act relating to the Vermont Truth and Reconciliation Commission.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, setting for his reasons for refusing to sign and *allowing to become law without his signature*, **House Bill No. 649** is as follows:

“May 13, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Today I am allowing H.649, *An act relating to the Vermont Truth and Reconciliation Commission*, to become law without my signature.

I am concerned that although the Truth and Reconciliation Commission is a taxpayer-funded governmental body, with a budget of over \$1 million in Fiscal Year 2025, this bill carves out a special exception from the Open Meetings Law for Commission deliberations. This means there will be no visibility into the Commission’s consideration of evidence or testimony, or discussions of the reasons for or against the Commission’s acts or decisions.

As the Vermont Supreme Court has noted, the overriding goal of open government “is nothing less than foundational to our republic. In the words of John Adams:

Liberty cannot be preserved without a general knowledge among the people, who have a right ... and a desire to know; but besides this, they have a right, an independent right, an indisputable, unalienable, indefeasible, divine right to that most dreaded and envied kind of knowledge, I mean of the characters and conduct of their rulers.” Hum. Rts. Def. Ctr. v. Correct Care Sols., LLC, 2021 VT 63 (2021).

I understand the politics are sensitive, but knowing what the government is doing and how it’s doing it is fundamental to a healthy, functioning democracy regardless of the politics.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the House No. 88

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. BetsyAnn Wrask, its Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on May 20, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 659. An act relating to banking, insurance, and securities.

H. 766. An act relating to prior authorization and step therapy requirements, health insurance claims, and provider contracts.

The Governor has informed the House that on May 20, 2024, he returned without signature and vetoed a bill originating in the House of the following title:

H. 706. An act relating to banning the use of neonicotinoid pesticides.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby he vetoed and returned unsigned **House Bill No. 706** is as follows:

“May 20, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, I’m returning H.706, *An act relating to banning the use of neonicotinoid pesticides*, without my signature because of my objections described herein.

Pollinators are essential to growing food and maintaining a healthy, thriving ecosystem. The same is true of farmers, who are also critical contributors to our economy, but altogether, this legislation is more anti-farmer than it is pro-pollinator.

It’s important to note, the honeybee population has grown, while the use of neonics has persisted. In fact, the USDA Census for 2017-2022 shows Vermont’s honeybee population has grown about 30 percent. Additionally, the science is not conclusive on whether this ban will achieve the desired results, but the bill has the potential to produce severe unintended environmental and economic consequences—particularly for Vermont’s dairy farmers.

Although neonics are approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and used on a variety of crops, this bill would ban neonic-treated seeds of corn, soybean, and all other cereal grains (wheat, rice, oats, etc.) and it bans outdoor uses on soybeans, cereal grains, ornamental plants, any plant in bloom

and certain vegetables after bloom.

To put the impacts of this bill into context, Vermont grows about 90,000 acres of corn, while the U.S. grows 90 million acres of corn, and almost all corn seed sold in the U.S. is treated with neonics. This would put Vermont farmers at a significant disadvantage.

This is especially concerning given the fact Vermont is struggling to keep dairy farmers, and many more have been put at risk through higher taxes and energy prices, crop losses associated with last year's spring frost, and summer and winter floods.

This bill unfairly targets dairy farmers reliant on corn crops and will harm farmers without achieving its goals for pollinators. For these reasons I cannot sign it into law.

Rather than eliminating an important EPA-approved tool, we should continue to closely monitor and study the issues and science to protect both family farms – and the food they produce – and pollinators.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Ms. Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 23rd day of May, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the Senate of the following titles:

S. 120. An act relating to postsecondary schools and sexual misconduct protections.

S. 189. An act relating to mental health response service guidelines and the safety of social service and home health providers.

S. 196. An act relating to the types of evidence permitted in weight of the evidence hearings.

Message from the House No. 89

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. BetsyAnn Wrask, its Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on May 23, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 247. An act relating to Vermont's adoption of the Occupational Therapy Licensure Compact.

H. 883. An act relating to making appropriations for the support of government.

The Governor has informed the House that on May 23, 2024, he returned without signature and vetoed a bill originating in the House of the following title:

H. 289. An act relating to the Renewable Energy Standard.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby he vetoed and returned unsigned **House Bill No. 289** is as follows:

“May 23, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, I'm returning H.289, *An act relating to the Renewable Energy Standard*, without my signature because of my objections described herein.

I don't believe there is any debate that H.289 will raise Vermonters' utility rates, likely by hundreds of millions of dollars. And while that in itself is reason enough to earn a veto, it is even more frustrating when you consider our Department of Public Service proposed to the Legislature a much stronger plan at a fraction of the cost.

Their proposal was crafted after 18 months of engagement with Vermonters about what *they* want their energy policy to look like. It would get us to where we all want to go faster, more affordably and more equitably than H.289. For the reasons stated above, and factoring in all the other taxes, fees and higher costs the Legislature has passed over the last two years, I simply cannot allow this bill to go into law.

With a better alternative to this bill available, I sincerely hope that the Legislature will think about Vermonters and the cost of living, and sustain this veto.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Ms. Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 28th day of May, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the Senate of the following titles:

S. 159. An act relating to the County and Regional Governance Study Committee.

S. 183. An act relating to reenvisioning the Agency of Human Services.

S. 246. An act relating to amending the Vermont basic needs budget and livable wage.

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Madam President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 28th day of May, 2024, he did not approve and *allowed to become law without his signature* a bill originating in the Senate of the following title

S. 102. An act relating to expanding employment protections and collective bargaining rights.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication to the Senate from His Excellency, the Governor, setting for his reasons for refusing to sign and *allowing to become law without his signature*, **Senate Bill No. 102**, is as follows:

“May 28, 2024

The Honorable John Bloomer
Secretary of the Vermont State Senate
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Mr. Bloomer:

I’m allowing S.102, *An act relating to expanding employment protections and collective bargaining rights*, to become law without my signature. One concern with the bill is the potential to adversely impact the employer-employee relationship by limiting an employer’s ability to communicate their point of view on a range of issues, including the advantages and disadvantages of unionization.

Further, the “card check” provision of S.102 will affect non-unionized employees in public school districts, State and municipal government, other governmental subdivision entities and potentially domestic workers, which could lead to higher municipal and property taxes in the future.

I’m also concerned that S.102 is a slippery slope to future disruptions in the employee-employer relationship in agriculture, domestic services and independent contracting as well as any local businesses and non-profits working solely within state lines.

Fortunately, the National Labor Relations Act (NLRA) will help limit the adverse impacts of this bill on the private sector, which is why I can allow S.102 to become law without my signature.

However, I urge the Legislature to monitor the economic, affordability and tax burden impacts of this policy as it moves forward.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Madam President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 28th day of May, 2024, he did not approve and *allowed to become law without his signature* a bill originating in the Senate of the following title

S. 209. An act relating to prohibiting unserialized firearms and unserialized firearms frames and receivers.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication to the Senate from His Excellency, the Governor, setting for his reasons for refusing to sign and *allowing to become law without his signature*, **Senate Bill No. 209** is as follows:

“May 28, 2024

The Honorable John Bloomer
Secretary of the Senate
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Secretary Bloomer:

Today I’m allowing S.209, *An act relating to prohibiting unserialized firearms and unserialized firearms frames and receivers*, to become law without my signature.

As a public safety measure, I agree firearms should be serialized, which is why I’m allowing this bill to become law despite some concerns about its practicality and impact.

Over the last decade, as anti-policing policies increased and criminal accountability has steadily decreased, violent crime has grown in Vermont. This is why I believe we should instead focus on measures that will reverse these trends over those, like S.209, that are unlikely to have any measurable impact on violent crime.

In addition to my concerns about this bill’s effectiveness, I would have preferred the Legislature not criminalize mere possession when there is no evidence of criminal intent. I also strongly believe the Legislature should reinstate the gun show exemption to the 3-day waiting period, which was supported by the Senate this session, and I hope the Legislature will revisit this next session. The 3-day waiting period was enacted to prevent individuals from impulsively purchasing a weapon to take their own life, and the evidence does not support that these types of purchases would happen at a gun show.

I appreciate, however, that legislators found some middle ground and removed the 3-day waiting period for a firearm owner seeking to have a firearm serialized. The waiting period, which like gun shows, made no sense in this context and would have deterred compliance.

Again, while my concerns on the practical impacts and enforceability keep me from signing this bill, I’m allowing it to go into law because I understand

the fears behind access to untraceable firearms and respect the effort to tailor the scope and exceptions to limit impact for law abiding citizens.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Ms. Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 29th day of May, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the Senate of the following titles

S. 58. An act relating to public safety.

S. 114. An act relating to the establishment of the Psychedelic Therapy Advisory Working Group

Message from the House No. 90

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. BetsyAnn Wrask, its Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on May 29, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 862. An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the Town of Barre.

H. 869. An act relating to approval of the merger of Brandon Fire District No. 1 and Brandon Fire District No. 2.

H. 872. An act relating to miscellaneous updates to the powers of the Vermont Criminal Justice Council and the duties of law enforcement officers.

H. 881. An act relating to approval of an amendment to the charter of the City of Burlington.

H. 885. An act relating to approval of an amendment to the charter of the Town of Berlin.

H. 888. An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the Town of Hartford.

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Ms. Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 30th day of May, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the Senate of the following titles:

S. 25. An act relating to regulating consumer products containing perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances or other chemicals.

S. 30. An act relating to creating a Sister State Program.

S. 55. An act relating to updating Vermont's Open Meeting Law.

S. 98. An act relating to Green Mountain Care Board authority over prescription drug costs and the Green Mountain Care Board nomination and appointment process.

S. 184. An act relating to the temporary use of automated traffic law enforcement (ATLE) systems.

S. 191. An act relating to New American educational grant opportunities.

S. 192. An act relating to civil commitment procedures at a secure residential recovery facility and a psychiatric residential treatment facility for youth and civil commitment procedures for individuals with an intellectual disability.

S. 195. An act relating to how a defendant's criminal record is considered in imposing conditions of release.

S. 204. An act relating to supporting Vermont's young readers through evidence-based literacy instruction.

S. 206. An act relating to designating Juneteenth as a legal holiday.

S. 301. An act relating to miscellaneous agricultural subjects.

S. 305. An act relating to miscellaneous changes related to the Public Utility Commission.

S. 310. An act relating to natural disaster government response, recovery, and resiliency.

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Ms. Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 30th day of May, 2024, a bill originating in the Senate of the following title shall become law without his signature:

S. 213 An act relating to the regulation of wetlands, river corridor development, and dam safety.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby **Senate Bill No. 213** shall become law without his signature, is as follows:

“May 30, 2024

The Honorable John Bloomer
Secretary of the Vermont State Senate
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Mr. Bloomer:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, S.213, *An act relating to the regulation of wetlands, river corridor development, and dam safety*, will become law without my signature.

S.213 is another example of this Legislature’s practice of passing complex and significant policies without appropriate consideration of whether they can even be implemented.

Throughout the session, the Agency of Natural Resources’ subject matter experts repeatedly told legislators that the work required in the bill is not achievable in the timeline it sets.

Specifically, S.213 envisions a major new river corridor regulatory program – which will impact development on roughly 45,000 parcels and 209,000 acres statewide – will be up and running in three years. And this is just one of the four complex initiatives this bill directs – including expanded regulation of wetlands and dam safety oversight. With the program anticipated to have a sizeable impact on communities and landowners, this pace is reckless.

However, we also told legislators throughout the session, we support the goals and agree this work needs to be done. Therefore, this bill will become law without my signature, but you can expect us to come back in January and

propose a sensible timeline that is actually achievable and does this work correctly for the people of Vermont.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Ms. Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 30th day of May, 2024, a bill originating in the Senate of the following title shall become law without his signature:

S. 259 An act relating to climate change cost recovery.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby **Senate Bill No. 259** shall become law without his signature, is as follows:

“May 30, 2024

The Honorable John Bloomer
Secretary of the Vermont State Senate
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Mr. Bloomer:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, S.259, *An act relating to climate change cost recovery*, will become law without my signature.

Instead of coordinating with other states like New York and California, with far more abundant resources, Vermont – one of the least populated states with the lowest GDP in the country – has decided to recover costs associated with climate change on its own.

Taking on “Big Oil” should not be taken lightly. And with just \$600,000 appropriated by the Legislature to complete an analysis that will need to withstand intense legal scrutiny from a well-funded defense, we are not positioning ourselves for success.

I'm deeply concerned about both short- and long-term costs and outcomes. Just look at our unsuccessful nationally-focused cases on GMOs, campaign finance and pharmaceutical marketing practices. I'm also fearful that if we fail in this legal challenge, it will set precedent and hamper other states' ability to recover damages.

Having said that, I understand the desire to seek funding to mitigate the effects of climate change that has hurt our state in so many ways. I also note Attorney General Clark and Treasurer Pieciak have endorsed this policy and committed to the work it will require. I'm also comforted by the fact that the Agency of Natural Resources is required to report back to the Legislature in January 2025 on the feasibility of this effort, so we can reassess our go-it-alone approach. So, for these reasons, this bill will become law without my signature. I hope those who endorsed this policy will follow through.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the House No. 91

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. BetsyAnn Wrask, its Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on May 30, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 233. An act relating to licensure and regulation of pharmacy benefit managers.

H. 503. An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the Town of St. Johnsbury.

H. 534. An act relating to retail theft.

H. 563. An act relating to unlawful trespass in a motor vehicle and unauthorized operation of a motor vehicle without the owner's consent.

H. 585. An act relating to amending the pension system for sheriffs and certain deputy sheriffs.

The Governor has informed the House that on May 30, 2024, he returned without signature and vetoed a bill originating in the House of the following title:

H. 72. An act relating to a harm-reduction criminal justice response to drug use.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby he vetoed and returned unsigned **House Bill No. 72** is as follows:

“May 30, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, I’m returning H.72, *An act relating to harm-reduction criminal justice response to drug use*, without my signature because of my objections described herein.

Drug addiction is something we must continuously address, and this important work is never done. That’s why year after year, I have prioritized expansion and enhancement of prevention, enforcement, treatment, and long-term recovery services. I have been urging the Legislature to strengthen the law enforcement response to the increasingly toxic drug stream entering our state. And I feel for every family grieving an overdose death.

While these sites are well-intentioned, this costly experiment will divert financial resources from proven prevention, treatment and recovery strategies, as well as harm reduction initiatives that facilitate entry into treatment rather than continued use. While it may consolidate the widespread drug use in Burlington into a smaller area within the city, it will come at the expense of the treatment and recovery needs of other communities, for whom such a model will not work.

Vermont’s existing overdose prevention strategies – including widespread Narcan distribution, fentanyl testing strips, needle exchanges, enhanced prevention, treatment and recovery through local coalitions are resulting in some positive trends in relation to overdose deaths. And paired with increased enforcement, and the ability to invest Opioid Settlement funds in additional strategies like drug testing, naloxone vending machines, contingency management and expanded outreach, I’m hopeful we will continue to see fewer and fewer overdose deaths.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Ms. Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 3rd day of June, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the Senate of the following titles:

S. 220. An act relating to Vermont’s public libraries.

S. 253. An act relating to building energy codes.

S. 254 An act relating to including rechargeable batteries and battery-containing products under the State battery stewardship program.

Message from the House No. 92

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. BetsyAnn Wrask, its Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on June 3, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 546. An act relating to administrative and policy changes to tax laws.

H. 657. An act relating to the modernization of Vermont’s communications taxes and fees.

H. 707. An act relating to revising the delivery and governance of the Vermont workforce system.

H. 794. An act relating to services provided by the Vermont Veterans’ Home.

H. 868. An act relating to the fiscal year 2025 Transportation Program and miscellaneous changes to laws related to transportation.

H. 871. An act relating to the development of an updated State aid to school construction program.

Message from the House No. 93

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. BetsyAnn Wrask, its Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on June 4, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 614. An act relating to land improvement fraud and timber trespass.

H. 661. An act relating to child abuse and neglect investigation and substantiation standards and procedures.

H. 704. An act relating to disclosure of compensation in job advertisements.

H. 867. An act relating to miscellaneous amendments to the laws governing alcoholic beverages and the Board of Liquor and Lottery.

H. 886. An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the City of South Burlington.

The Governor has informed the House that on June 4, 2024, he returned without signature and vetoed a bill originating in the House of the following title:

H. 645. An act relating to the expansion of approaches to restorative justice.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby he vetoed and returned unsigned **House Bill No. 645** is as follows:

“June 4, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, I’m returning H.645, *An act relating to the expansion of approaches to restorative justice*, without my signature because of my objections described herein.

While I understand the desire to help those, particularly youth, who need second, third and even fourth chances to get their lives on track, H.645 is not workable because it is not funded.

The bottom line is this bill expands the responsibilities of the Office of the Attorney General, which will require additional resources, and yet the new work is not funded.

There is no guarantee we will have the taxpayer money needed to fund it next year. For this reason, I'm returning this bill without my signature.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Ms. Brittney L. Wilson, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the Senate that on the 6th day of June, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the Senate of the following titles:

S. 186. An act relating to the systemic evaluation of recovery residences and recovery communities.

S. 302. An act relating to public health outreach programs regarding dementia risk.

S. 309. An act relating to miscellaneous changes to laws related to the Department of Motor Vehicles, motor vehicles, and vessels.

Message from the House No. 94

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Mx. Nigel Hicks-Tibbles, its First Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on June 6, 2024, he returned without signature and vetoed a bill originating in the House of the following title:

H. 887. An act relating to homestead property tax yields, nonhomestead rates, and policy changes to education finance and taxation.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby he vetoed and returned unsigned **House Bill No. 887** is as follows:

“June 6, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, I’m vetoing H.887, *An act relating to homestead property tax yields, nonhomestead rates, and policy changes to education finance and taxation*, because of my objections described herein.

Vermonters cannot afford a double-digit property tax increase. Especially while facing a historic eight-percent property tax increase last year, a 20% increase in DMV fees, a new payroll tax taking effect July 1, increased fuel costs to heat homes and businesses from the Clean Heat Standard, and increased electric costs if my veto of the Renewable Energy Standard is not sustained. All on top of several years of inflation – the most regressive tax of all – driving up the cost of household essentials like food, clothing and services faster than paychecks are growing.

We must provide property tax relief now. This can’t wait for another study before implementing cost containment strategies. We must also reform our education funding formula to ensure sustainable spending growth and equitable opportunities, and prioritize funding educational opportunities that improve outcomes by reinvesting in the strategies that best serve kids over maintaining the status quo.

We can achieve each of these goals this year if legislators will work with me.

Sincerely,

Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the House No. 95

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Mx. Nigel Hicks-Tibbles, its First Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on June 6, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 622. An act relating to emergency medical services.

H. 870. An act relating to professions and occupations regulated by the Office of Professional Regulation.

H. 876. An act relating to miscellaneous amendments to the corrections laws.

H. 877. An act relating to miscellaneous agricultural subjects.

H. 878. An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures.

H. 882. An act relating to capital construction and State bonding budget adjustment.

Message from the House No. 96

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Mx. Nigel Hicks-Tibbles, its First Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on June 10, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 626. An act relating to animal welfare.

H. 780. An act relating to judicial nominations and appointments.

H. 847. An act relating to peer support provider and peer recovery support specialist certification.

The Governor has informed the House that on June 10, 2024, he did not approve and allowed to become law without his signature bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 612. An act relating to miscellaneous cannabis amendments.

H. 630. An act relating to improving access to high-quality education through community collaboration.

H. 875. An act relating to the State Ethics Commission and the State Code of Ethics.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby **House Bill No. 612** shall become law without his signature, is as follows:

“June 10, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, H.612, *An act relating to miscellaneous cannabis amendments*, will become law without my signature. When cannabis became legal in Vermont, I emphasized safeguards around use, especially for our kids. This bill takes some steps forward, and some steps back, in this area.

On the positive side, it closes a loophole related to hemp infused products with THC. It ensures individuals with significant, documented medical needs continue to have access to medical cannabis. It makes progress toward safeguards for those under 21 seeking access to more potent medical products. And it's responsive to municipal concerns regarding setbacks for outdoor cannabis cultivators.

I'm concerned, however, about warnings from healthcare providers that the availability of high potency medical cannabis products in more retail stores will increase use among those who do not have a valid medical prescription. I believe the Legislature should add additional guardrails and penalties to ensure medical cannabis cards are legitimately obtained and not illegally diverted. I'm also concerned that continued reductions in licensing fees will inevitably mean revenue dedicated to prevention will have to be used to fund Cannabis Control Board operations, instead of the prevention efforts we must continue to prioritize.

It's important to note, the regulation of Vermont's cannabis market remains vulnerable to powerful interests that favor profits over the health and wellbeing of children. Vermont must remain true to the approach the Legislature has crafted by continuing to prioritize prevention and the health of our communities over the profits of growers and retailers.

On balance, however, I believe the benefits of this bill still outweigh the risks and that we have an opportunity to further protect against harmful outcomes when the Legislature returns in January.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby **House Bill No. 630** shall become law without his signature, is as follows:

“June 10, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, H.630, *An act relating to improving access to high-quality education through community collaboration*, will become law without my signature.

As Vermonters know all too well, taxpayers – and our entire economy – are straining under historic inflation, unsustainable growth in government spending, and the possibility of a double-digit tax rate increase if the Legislature overrides my veto of H.887. While H.630 is well intentioned, I’m concerned this bill creates another level of bureaucracy, when we need to create a more efficient and effective system.

We may disagree in some areas of education reform, but there is universal agreement in the need for a focused review of Vermont’s education system to reduce costs, increase equity, and improve student outcomes. Which leads me to believe H.630 could be putting the cart before the horse.

Having said that, this bill will become law without my signature because it gives communities the choice to opt into, or stay out of, a cooperative, and they have until July 1, 2026 to make that determination. This timeline provides an opportunity to prevent H.630 from becoming another idea from Montpelier that diverts education funding and management time away from the quality of our classrooms.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby **House Bill No. 875** shall become law without his signature, is as follows:

“June 10, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, H.875, *An act relating to the State Ethics Commission and the State Code of Ethics* will become law without my signature.

A uniform statewide code of ethics that applies to all those performing public service in state government – across all three branches – and at the local level builds faith and trust in the institutions of our democracy. At a time when distrust in government is rising, and fear is used by politicians to divide us, the State has undertaken this important effort, as have many municipalities. I have been pleased to sign several previous ethics bills into law.

However, with the addition of municipal compliance, the Legislature did not fund reporting, investigations or the salary of a full-time Executive Director. These amount to another unfunded mandate, which could add to the municipal tax burden, and will add to the workload of municipal officials already working full tilt to take full advantage of the unprecedented investments in infrastructure my Administration is implementing.

The bill also has odd inconsistencies, in that it exempts school board members and some other local officials from having to meet the new requirements. Finally, I was troubled by changes to the composition of the Ethics Commission, to include members appointed by legislators, rather than by a neutral, non-partisan process.

Everyone seems to agree ethics policies across the whole of government are important, and for that reason, this bill will become law despite my concerns, and my hope is the Legislature will devote time next session to fix the issues VLCT has raised.

Sincerely,
/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Message from the House No. 97

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Mx. Nigel Hicks-Tibbles, its First Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on June 12, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 173. An act relating to prohibiting manipulating a child for the purpose of sexual contact.

H. 644. An act relating to access to records by individuals who were in foster care.

H. 655. An act relating to studies of policies and procedures regarding the sealing of criminal history records.

H. 745. An act relating to the Vermont Parentage Act.

Message from the House No. 98

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Mx. Nigel Hicks-Tibbles, its First Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The Governor has informed the House that on June 13, 2024, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 10. An act relating to amending the Vermont Employment Growth Incentive Program.

H. 279. An act relating to the Uniform Trust Decanting Act.

The Governor has informed the House that on June 13, 2024, he returned without signature and vetoed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 121. An act relating to enhancing consumer privacy and the age-appropriate design code.

H. 687. An act relating to community resilience and biodiversity protection through land use.

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby he vetoed and returned unsigned **House Bill No. 121** is as follows:

“June 13, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, I’m returning H.121, *An act relating to enhancing consumer privacy and the age-appropriate design code*, without my signature because of my objections herein. This bill creates an unnecessary and avoidable level of risk.

One area of risk comes from the bill’s “private right of action,” which would make Vermont a national outlier, and more hostile than any other state to many businesses and non-profits – a reputation we already hold in a number of other areas. I appreciate this provision is narrow in its impact, but it will still negatively impact mid-sized employers, and is generating significant fear and concern among many small businesses.

Another area of risk comes from the “Kids Code” provision. While this is an important goal we can all support, similar legislation in California has already been stopped by the courts for likely First Amendment violations. We should await the decision in that case to craft a bill that addresses known legal pitfalls before charging ahead with policy likely to trigger high risk and expensive lawsuits. Vermonters will already be on the hook for expensive litigation when the Attorney General takes on “Big Oil,” and should not have to pay for additional significant litigation already being fought by California.

Finally, the bill’s complexity and unique expansive definitions and provisions create big and expensive new burdens and competitive disadvantages for the small and mid-sized businesses Vermont communities rely on. These businesses are already poised to absorb an onslaught of new pressures passed by the Legislature over the last two years, including a payroll tax, a Clean Heat Standard, a possible Renewable Energy Standard (if my veto is overridden), not to mention significant property tax increases.

The bottom line is, we have simply accumulated too much risk. However, if the underlying goals are consumer data privacy and child protection, there is a path forward. Vermont should adopt Connecticut’s data privacy law, which

New Hampshire has largely done with its new law. Such regional consistency is good for both consumers and the economy.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”

Text of Communication from Governor

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby he vetoed and returned unsigned **House Bill No. 687** is as follows:

“June 13, 2024

The Honorable BetsyAnn Wrask
Clerk of the Vermont House of Representatives
115 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05633

Dear Ms. Wrask:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, I’m returning H.687, *An act relating to community resilience and biodiversity protection through land use*, without my signature because of my objections described below. But first, I want to assure you, there is a path forward and I would respectfully ask the Legislature to pass a replacement bill that will result in more housing while protecting rural communities from additional economic harm.

Despite almost universal consensus, I don’t believe we’ve done nearly enough to address Vermont’s housing affordability crisis.

H.687 is heavily focused on conservation and actually expands Act 250 regulation. And it does so at a pace that will slow down current housing efforts. Vermonters need us to focus on building and restoring the homes communities desperately need to revitalize working class neighborhoods, reverse our negative demographic trends, and support economic investment in the future.

Specifically, I would suggest a compromise that would achieve more balance and could be passed next week, with the following changes to H.687:

- **Modify removal provisions for the chair and executive director of the Land Use Review Board and ensure some political balance** – This measure is critical to ensuring accountability to Vermonters and prevent overregulation that will harm rural communities.

- **Modify the current Road Rule with the Amendment proposed by Senator Sears** – The addition of the Road Rule is a significant expansion of Act 250 that will make it harder to build. While I would prefer it be removed entirely, the Amendment proposed by Senator Sears would reduce the harmful impact. That amendment mirrors the recommendations of the Natural Resources Board (NRB) study group consensus report.
- **Extend the timeline to allow for reasonable implementation and more housing** – The current timeline for the new regulatory system is not achievable and will delay the permitting process for much-needed projects. Extending deadlines for interim exemptions to 2029 to coordinate with the start of the new system, will ensure Vermonters see the full benefit of the housing package, and a more thoughtful process.
- **Extend the interim exemptions to additional communities in need of housing** – Apply interim exemptions to areas serviced by municipal water and wastewater to give smaller, more rural communities the same opportunity for housing.
- **Increase the tools to spark revitalization of blighted units in low-income communities** – First, we should reverse the decision to exclude Bennington, Grand Isle and Essex counties from using the property tax value freeze available to every other county. Second, without impacting the FY25 budget, we can redirect new Property Transfer Tax revenue to increase the Downtown and Village Center Tax Credits by \$2 million. Third, implement the tri-partisan proposal for a Property Transfer Tax exemption when turning blighted properties into housing.
- **Make the 1B designation easier to achieve for long-term housing solutions** – Revert to the Senate-passed provision to automatically map all eligible Tier 1B areas while still enabling municipalities to opt-out of the Tier 1B designation, helping these communities benefit from housing exemptions sooner.
- **Limit appeals in designated areas to ensure interim exemptions can be used to boost housing** – Designated areas indicate that a community wants housing so limiting appeals makes sense and will allow the interim exemptions to have the jump-start effect we're seeking.

To be clear, I would not object to the remaining H.687 provisions if the above changes were made – meaning I'm conceding a significant number of concerns, because I'm committed to a responsible compromise.

Working together on these changes would demonstrate to Vermonters that prioritizing housing wasn't just a talking point.

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 2024

2419

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp”