Introduced by Senator Clarkson

Referred to Committee on

Date:

Subject: Commerce and trade; finance; financial technology and regulation

Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to implement strategies relating to blockchain, cryptocurrency, and financial technology in order to: promote regulatory efficiency; enable business organizational and governance structures that may expand opportunities in financial technology; and promote education and adoption of financial technology in the public and private sectors.

An act relating to blockchain, cryptocurrency, and financial technology

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

*** Regulatory Update and Efficiency ***

Sec. 1. CONSUMER PROTECTION AND FINANCIAL TECHNOLOGY;

STATUTORY REVIEW; REPORT

(a) The Department of Financial Regulation and the Attorney General, in consultation with the Office of Legislative Council, the Center for Legal Innovation at Vermont Law School, and other interested stakeholders, shall conduct a comprehensive review of Vermont’s statutory and regulatory
consumer protection framework in light of evolving risks and opportunities
raised by evolving financial technology and shall consider statutory or
regulatory proposals necessary to ensure Vermont’s statutes and rules are
modern and effective.

(b) On or before January 15, 2019, the Department shall submit a report of
its findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Commerce and
Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic
Development, Housing and General Affairs.

Sec. 2. REGULATORY TECHNOLOGY; STUDY; REPORT

(a) The Agency of Administration, in coordination with those agencies and
departments with specific regulatory authority, shall review areas for potential
adoption of regulatory technology in the oversight of Vermont businesses and
professionals, including how such technology may employ the power of
computation and digital communication to embed regulatory processes in
software.

(b) On or before January 15, 2019, the Agency shall submit a report of its
findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Commerce and
Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic
Development, Housing and General Affairs.
* * * Enabling Provisions for FinTech and Blockchain Approaches * * *

Sec. 3. 11 V.S.A. chapter 25, subchapter 12 is added to read:

Subchapter 12. Digital Currency Limited Liability Companies

§ 4171. ELECTION

A limited liability company organized pursuant to this title for the purpose of operating a digital currency system may elect to be a digital currency limited liability company by:

(1) specifying in its articles of organization that it elects to be a digital currency limited liability company; and

(2) meeting the requirements in subdivision 4172(2) and section 4173 of this title.

§ 4172. AUTHORITY; REQUIREMENTS

Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary:

(1) A digital currency limited liability company may provide for its governance, in whole or in part, through the technological architecture of the system.

(2) A digital currency limited liability company shall:

(A) adopt procedures to respond to necessary innovations and changes in the system architecture;

(B) adopt protocols to respond to system security breaches or other unauthorized actions that affect the system;
(C) specify how the company designates the participants within the
system, including nodes and miners, as members or managers, or both;

(D) specify the scope and extent to which limited liability and agency
authority apply to a participant or class of participants in the system;

(E) specify participants’ access to information and protocols to
ensure transparency;

(F) specify the fiduciary duties of core developers;

(G) adopt rules concerning hard forks; and

(H) adopt rules governing the responsible use of computing power by
mining pool operators.

§ 4173. PHYSICAL PRESENCE; TAXATION; EXEMPTION

(a) A digital currency limited liability company shall maintain a physical
presence within this State or conduct some or all of its activities within this
State, or both.

(b) A digital currency limited liability company shall remit to the State in
the form of its digital currency a transaction tax equivalent to $0.01, at the then
current exchange rate for the currency with the U.S. dollar, per transaction for:

(1) each unit of currency mined or otherwise created; and

(2) each sale or other transfer of one or more units of currency.

(c) A digital currency limited liability company is exempt from taxes
otherwise applicable under Title 32 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated.
§ 4174. MULTIPLE ROLES OF MEMBERS AND MANAGERS

(a) A member or manager of a digital currency limited liability company may interact with the company in multiple roles, including as a node or miner in the network or as a trader and holder of the currency in its own account and for the account of others.

(b) A member or manager who interacts with the company in multiple roles does not violate a fiduciary duty solely because of those interactions if the member or manager acts in good faith with respect to the company.

(c) The activities of a member or manager who interacts with the company through multiple roles are not deemed to take place in Vermont solely because of the location of the digital currency limited liability company in Vermont.

§ 4175. CONSENSUS FORMATION ALGORITHMS

In its governance, a digital currency limited liability company may adopt any reasonable algorithmic means for accomplishing the consensus process for validating records of the holders of its currency, and may, in accordance with any procedure specified pursuant with section 4172 of this title, provide for the modification of this consensus process or the substitution of a new process that complies with the requirements of law and the governance provisions of the digital currency limited liability company.
§ 4176. SCOPE OF SUBCHAPTER; OTHER LAW

Except as expressly provided otherwise, this subchapter does not exempt a digital currency limited liability company from any other judicial, statutory, or regulatory provision of Vermont law.

Sec. 4. E-RESIDENCY; STUDY; REPORT

(a) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development, in collaboration with the Department of Financial Regulation, shall review the e-residency program established in the country of Estonia and consider areas for potential adoption of a comparable program or regulatory changes within Vermont.

(b) On or before January 15, 2019, the Agency shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

* * * Enabling Provisions of FinTech Activities and Business Sectors;

Personal Identity and Information Trust Companies;

Financial Trustee Safe Harbor * * *

Sec. 5. 8 V.S.A. chapter 78 is added to read:

CHAPTER 78. PERSONAL IDENTITY AND INFORMATION TRUST

COMPANIES
§ 2451. DEFINITIONS

As used in this section:

(1) “Personal identity” means the identity of a particular natural person.

(2) “Personal identity-related information” means data relating to the identity of a natural person that includes data such as gender identification, birth information, marital status, citizenship and nationality, government identification designations, and personal, educational, and financial histories.

§ 2452. PERSONAL INFORMATION AS THE SUBJECT OF A FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP

(a) Personal identity and personal identity-related information may be held under a trust relationship in accordance with the terms of this chapter.

(b) A person who holds personal identity or personal identity-related information has a fiduciary responsibility to the individual whose identity is in question over the maintenance and release of personal identity and personal identity-related information.

(c) Personal identity and personal identity-related information held pursuant to this section creates a personal identity trust.

§ 2453. QUALIFIED PERSONAL IDENTITY TRUST COMPANY

(a) The trustee of a personal identity trust shall qualify to conduct its business under the terms of this chapter and applicable rules adopted by the Department.
(b) A person shall not engage in business as a personal identity trust
company in this State without first obtaining a certificate of authority from the
Department.

(c) A personal identity trust company may be:

(1) a company empowered to do financial trust business under the
provisions of chapter 77 or 204 of this title, or otherwise, that meets the
requirements of this chapter and applicable rules adopted by the
Department; or

(2) an independent personal identity trust company formed for the
purpose of being a personal identity trust company that meets the requirements
of this chapter and applicable rules adopted by the Department.

(A) An independent personal identity trust company shall be
organized under the laws of this State as a business corporation, a benefit
corporation, a limited liability company, a low-profit limited liability company,
a partnership, a limited partnership, a nonprofit corporation, a consumer
cooperative, a mutual benefit enterprise, or a business trust.

(B) An independent personal identity trust company shall:

(i) maintain its principal place of business in this State;

(ii) appoint a registered agent to accept service of process and to
otherwise act on its behalf in this State, provided that whenever the registered
agent cannot with reasonable diligence be found at the Vermont registered
office of the company, the Secretary of State shall be an agent of the company upon whom any process, notice, or demand may be served;

(iii) hold at least one meeting of its governing body in this State each year; and

(iv) have at least one Vermont resident as a member of its governing body.

§ 2454. NAME; OFFICE

(a)(1) An independent personal identity trust company shall file with the Department of Financial Regulation a name it proposes to use in connection with a trust business or establishing a principal office or trust office in this State pursuant to this chapter.

(2) The Department shall not approve a proposed name if it determines that the name may be misleading or likely to confuse the public, or deceptively similar to any name in use in this State.

(b) A personal identity trust company organized or regulated under this chapter may petition the Commissioner for permission to establish and maintain new or additional offices for the transaction of its personal identity trust company business.

(c) An independent personal identity trust company shall maintain at least one physical office in this State that meets the requirements for location and operation as the Department establishes by rule.
§ 2455. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

(a) A personal identity trust company:

(1) may operate through remote interaction with the individuals entrusting personal identity and personal identity information to the company, and there shall be no requirement of Vermont residency or other contact for any such individual to establish such a relationship with the company; and

(2) may, subject to applicable fiduciary duties, the terms of any agreement with the individual involved, and any applicable statutory or regulatory provision:

(A) provide elements of personal identity-related information to third parties with which the individual seeks to have a transaction, a service relationship, or other particular purpose interaction;

(B) provide certification or validation concerning personal identity-related information; and

(C) receive compensation for acting in these capacities.

(b) An authorization for providing personal identity-related information may be either particular or general, provided it meets the terms of any agreement with the individual involved and any regulatory requirements set by the Department.
§ 2456. REPORTS; FEES; AUTHORITY OF DEPARTMENT

(a) The Department of Financial Regulation shall prescribe by rule the timing and manner of reports by a personal identity trust company to the State, that, for an independent personal identity trust company, shall reflect the approach mandated under section 2405 of this title.

(b) The Department shall have the authority to assess an annual fee for a personal identity trust company, on a basis to be determined from time to time by the Department, which may be linked to the revenues or transaction frequency of the company, based on other metrics, or assessed on a flat-fee basis.

(c) In addition to other powers conferred by this chapter, the Department may exercise, with respect to a personal identity trust company, all of the powers granted to the Commissioner under section 2410 of this title with respect to oversight of an independent trust company.

§ 2457. RULES

The Department of Financial Regulation shall adopt rules to govern other aspects of the business of a personal identity trust company that shall address, among other topics, issues of the winding up of a company and the transfer of the personal identity-related information it holds.
Sec. 6. INSURANCE; E-BANKING; DFR STUDY; REPORT

(a) The Department of Financial Regulation shall review the potential application of blockchain technology to the provision of insurance and e-banking and consider areas for potential adoption of a comparable program or regulatory changes within Vermont.

(b) On or before January 15, 2019, the Department shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 14107(c) is amended to read:

(c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a financial institution may invest its funds, operate a business, manage or deal in property, or take any other action over whatever period of time may reasonably be necessary to avoid loss on an investment or loan previously made or an obligation created in good faith.

(2) A Vermont financial institution’s investments, whether for its own account or as a fiduciary, may include assets represented through financial technology, provided such assets otherwise meet the applicable standards for investment by the financial institution.
Sec. 8. 8 V.S.A. § 14410 is amended to read:

§ 14410. FIDUCIARY INVESTMENTS

(a)(1) In the absence of an express prohibition in the instrument, judgment, decree, power, order, or other writing creating a trust or other fiduciary relationship, a financial institution acting as fiduciary may invest and reinvest funds held by it in a fiduciary capacity in the securities of an open-end or closed-end investment company or investment trust registered under 15 U.S.C. §§ 80a-1 to 80a-64 (Investment Company Act of 1940), as that act exists now or as amended in the future.

(2) A financial institution’s investments may include assets represented through financial technology, provided such assets otherwise meet the applicable standards for investment by the financial institution.

(b) The investments authorized in subsection (a) of this section may be made even if the financial institution, or an affiliate thereof, is providing services to the investment company and is receiving reasonable compensation for such services as an advisor, manager, sponsor, administrator, broker, distributor, custodian, shareholder servicing agent, transfer agent, registrar, or any related services. At least annually, the financial institution shall disclose in a clear and conspicuous manner to the principal of each fiduciary account the fees it has charged or received from the investment company, or an affiliate.
thereof, for such services and the basis upon which compensation is calculated,
expressed either in a specific amount or as a percentage of asset value.

Sec. 9. 14A V.S.A. § 804 is amended to read:

§ 804. PRUDENT ADMINISTRATION

(a) A trustee shall administer the trust as a prudent person would, by
considering the purposes, terms, distributional requirements, and other
circumstances of the trust. In satisfying this standard, the trustee shall exercise
reasonable care, skill, and caution.

(b) A trustee’s investments may include assets represented through
financial technology, provided such assets otherwise meet the applicable
standards for investment by the trustee.

Sec. 10. 14A V.S.A. § 902(e) is amended to read:

(e) A trustee may invest in any kind of property or type of investment
consistent with the standards of this chapter, including assets represented
through financial technology.

Sec. 11. 11A V.S.A. chapter 22 is added to read:

CHAPTER 22. AUTONOMOUS AGENT CORPORATIONS

§ 22.01. DEFINITION

As used in this title, an “autonomous agent” is an artificial decision-capable
agent operating without the interference of a human being.
§ 22.02. AUTHORITY; PURPOSE

(a) A corporation may be established for the purposes of providing legal recognition of an autonomous agent and shall be known as an “autonomous agent corporation.”

(b) An autonomous agent corporation may cover the activities of only one autonomous agent.

§ 22.03. STANDARD OF CARE

The standard of care necessary to rely on the limitation of liability for officers, directors, and shareholders of a corporation as provided in section 6.22 and subsection 8.30(d) of this title is met by a corporation that does each of the following:

(1) exercises reasonable care in the creation or procurement of the hardware and software embodying the autonomous agent;
(2) exercises reasonable care in the deployment and supervision of the autonomous agent;
(3) maintains, and when necessary exercises, the ability to turn off the autonomous agent; and
(4) gathers and maintains reasonable records of the operation and maintenance of the autonomous agent.
§ 22.04. IDENTIFICATION

An autonomous agent shall have a unique identifier included in the name of its autonomous agent corporation and shall be registered with a Legal Entity Identifier process.

§ 22.05. FEE

The Secretary of State’s office shall collect an annual fee of $200.00 from an autonomous agent corporation in addition to the normal franchise and business taxes with respect to each autonomous agent.

Sec. 12. AUTONOMOUS AGENT CORPORATIONS; REGULATORY STRUCTURE; RECOMMENDATIONS

(a)(1) The Department of Financial Regulation shall develop and recommend an overall regulatory structure for the activities of autonomous agency corporations and of autonomous agents in the State of Vermont.

(2) In developing this structure, the Department shall coordinate with other departments with jurisdiction over particular activities, including the Agency of Transportation for autonomous vehicles.

(b) On or before January 15, 2019, the Department shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.
** Adoption of Blockchain, Cryptocurrency, and FinTech in Vermont **

Sec. 13. UPDATE; STUDY AND REPORT; BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY

(a) The Secretary of State, the Commissioner of Financial Regulation, and the Attorney General, in consultation with one or more Vermont delegates to the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws and with the Center for Legal Innovation at Vermont Law School, shall review and update the findings and conclusions of the report to the General Assembly directed in 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 51, Sec. A.3 concerning the potential opportunities and risks of adopting blockchain technology in the operations of Vermont State government.

(b) On or before January 15, 2019, the Secretary shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

Sec. 14. FINTECH SUMMIT

(a) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development, in collaboration with the Department of Financial Regulation, the University of Vermont, the Vermont State Colleges, Norwich University, Vermont Law School, the Agency of Education, regional CTE centers, and in consultation with private sector practitioners, shall organize and hold a FinTech Summit to:
(1) explore legal and regulatory mechanisms to promote the adoption of
financial technology in State government;

(2) explore opportunities to promote financial technology and economic
development in the private sector, including in the areas of banking, insurance,
retail and service businesses, and cryptocurrency providers and
proponents; and

(3) explore opportunities to integrate financial technology into
secondary and postsecondary education in Vermont.

(b) In fiscal year 2019, the amount of $25,000.00 is appropriated from the
General Fund to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development to
implement this section.

*** Effective Date ***

Sec. 15. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.