1	S.93
2	Introduced by Senators Chittenden, Beck, Cummings, Mattos and Ram
3	Hinsdale
4	Referred to Committee on
5	Date:
6	Subject: Commerce and trade; consumer protection; data privacy
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to provide data
8	privacy protections to Vermonters.
9	An act relating to consumer data privacy
10	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
11	Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. chapter 61A is added to read:
12	CHAPTER 61A. VERMONT DATA PRIVACY ACT
13	§ 2415. DEFINITIONS
14	As used in this chapter:
15	(1) "Abortion" means terminating a pregnancy for any purpose other
16	than producing a live birth.
17	(2)(A) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that shares common branding
18	with another legal entity or controls, is controlled by, or is under common
19	control with another legal entity.

1	(B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2), "control" or
2	"controlled" means:
3	(i) ownership of, or the power to vote, more than 50 percent of the
4	outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a company;
5	(ii) control in any manner over the election of a majority of the
6	directors or of individuals exercising similar functions; or
7	(iii) the power to exercise controlling influence over the
8	management of a company.
9	(3) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a
10	request to exercise any of the rights afforded under subdivisions 2418(a)(1)—
11	(4) of this title is being made by, or on behalf of, the consumer who is entitled
12	to exercise the consumer rights with respect to the personal data at issue.
13	(4)(A) "Biometric data" means personal data generated by automatic
14	measurements of an individual's unique biological patterns or characteristics
15	that are used to identify a specific individual.
16	(B) "Biometric data" does not include:
17	(i) a digital or physical photograph;
18	(ii) an audio or video recording; or
19	(iii) any data generated from a digital or physical photograph, or
20	an audio or video recording, unless such data is generated to identify a specific
21	individual.

1	(5) "Business associate" has the same meaning as in HIPAA.
2	(6) "Child" has the same meaning as in COPPA.
3	(7)(A) "Consent" means a clear affirmative act signifying a consumer's
4	freely given, specific, informed, and unambiguous agreement to allow the
5	processing of personal data relating to the consumer.
6	(B) "Consent" may include a written statement, including by
7	electronic means, or any other unambiguous affirmative action.
8	(C) "Consent" does not include:
9	(i) acceptance of a general or broad terms of use or similar
10	document that contains descriptions of personal data processing along with
11	other, unrelated information;
12	(ii) hovering over, muting, pausing, or closing a given piece of
13	content; or
14	(iii) agreement obtained through the use of dark patterns.
15	(8)(A) "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of the State.
16	(B) "Consumer" does not include an individual acting in a
17	commercial or employment context or as an employee, owner, director, officer,
18	or contractor of a company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or
19	government agency whose communications or transactions with the controller
20	occur solely within the context of that individual's role with the company,
21	partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency.

1	(9) "Consumer health data" means any personal data that a controller
2	uses to identify a consumer's physical or mental health condition or diagnosis,
3	including gender-affirming health data and reproductive or sexual health data.
4	(10) "Consumer health data controller" means any controller that, alone
5	or jointly with others, determines the purpose and means of processing
6	consumer health data.
7	(11) "Controller" means a person who, alone or jointly with others,
8	determines the purpose and means of processing personal data.
9	(12) "COPPA" means the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of
10	1998, 15 U.S.C. § 6501-6506, and any regulations, rules, guidance, and
11	exemptions adopted pursuant to the act, as the act and regulations, rules,
12	guidance, and exemptions may be amended.
13	(13) "Covered entity" has the same meaning as in HIPAA.
14	(14) "Dark pattern" means a user interface designed or manipulated with
15	the substantial effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy, decision-
16	making, or choice and includes any practice the Federal Trade Commission
17	refers to as a "dark pattern."
18	(15) "Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects
19	concerning the consumer" means decisions made by the controller that result in
20	the provision or denial by the controller of financial or lending services,
21	housing, insurance, education enrollment or opportunity, criminal justice,

1	employment opportunities, health care services, or access to essential goods or
2	services.
3	(16) "De-identified data" means data that does not identify and cannot
4	reasonably be used to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an
5	identified or identifiable individual, or a device linked to the individual, if the
6	controller that possesses the data:
7	(A) takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be
8	associated with an individual;
9	(B) publicly commits to process the data only in a de-identified
10	fashion and not attempt to re-identify the data; and
11	(C) contractually obligates any recipients of the data to satisfy the
12	criteria set forth in subdivisions (A) and (B) of this subdivision (16).
13	(17) "Gender-affirming health care services" has the same meaning as in
14	1 V.S.A. § 150.
15	(18) "Gender-affirming health data" means any personal data
16	concerning a past, present, or future effort made by a consumer to seek, or a
17	consumer's receipt of, gender-affirming health care services.
18	(19) "Geofence" means any technology that uses global positioning
19	coordinates, cell tower connectivity, cellular data, radio frequency
20	identification, wireless fidelity technology data, or any other form of location
21	detection, or any combination of such coordinates, connectivity, data,

1	identification, or other form of location detection, to establish a virtual
2	boundary.
3	(20) "HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and
4	Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, as may be amended.
5	(21) "Identified or identifiable individual" means an individual who can
6	be readily identified, directly or indirectly.
7	(22) "Institution of higher education" means any individual who, or
8	school, board, association, limited liability company or corporation that, is
9	licensed or accredited to offer one or more programs of higher learning leading
10	to one or more degrees.
11	(23) "Mental health facility" means any health care facility in which at
12	least 70 percent of the health care services provided in the facility are mental
13	health services.
14	(24) "Nonprofit organization" means any organization that is qualified
15	for tax exempt status under I.R.C. § 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), or
16	501(c)(12), or any corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as
17	may be amended,
18	(25) "Person" means an individual, association, company, limited
19	liability company, corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, trust, or other
20	legal entity.

1	(26)(A) "Personal data" means any information that is linked or
2	reasonably linkable to an identified or identifiable individual.
3	(B) "Personal data" does not include de-identified data or publicly
4	available information.
5	(27)(A) "Precise geolocation data" means information derived from
6	technology, including global positioning system level latitude and longitude
7	coordinates or other mechanisms, that directly identifies the specific location
8	of an individual with precision and accuracy within a radius of 1,750 feet.
9	(B) "Precise geolocation data" does not include:
10	(i) the content of communications;
11	(ii) data generated by or connected to an advanced utility metering
12	infrastructure system; or
13	(iii) data generated by equipment used by a utility company.
14	(28) "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of operations
15	performed, whether by manual or automated means, on personal data or on sets
16	of personal data, such as the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis,
17	deletion, or modification of personal data.
18	(29) "Processor" means a person who processes personal data on behalf
19	of a controller.
20	(30) "Profiling" means any form of automated processing performed on
21	personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict personal aspects related to an

1	identified or identifiable individual's economic situation, health, personal
2	preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location, or movements.
3	(31) "Protected health information" has the same meaning as in HIPAA.
4	(32) "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be attributed
5	to a specific individual without the use of additional information, provided the
6	additional information is kept separately and is subject to appropriate technical
7	and organizational measures to ensure that the personal data is not attributed to
8	an identified or identifiable individual.
9	(33) "Publicly available information" means information that:
10	(A) is lawfully made available through federal, state, or local
11	government records or widely distributed media; or
12	(B) a controller has a reasonable basis to believe that the consumer
13	has lawfully made available to the general public.
14	(34) "Reproductive or sexual health care" means any health care-related
15	services or products rendered or provided concerning a consumer's
16	reproductive system or sexual well-being, including any such service or
17	product rendered or provided concerning:
18	(A) an individual health condition, status, disease, diagnosis,
19	diagnostic test or treatment;
20	(B) a social, psychological, behavioral, or medical intervention;
21	(C) a surgery or procedure, including an abortion;

1	(D) a use or purchase of a medication, including a medication used or
2	purchased for the purposes of an abortion, a bodily function, vital sign, or
3	symptom;
4	(E) a measurement of a bodily function, vital sign, or symptom; or
5	(F) an abortion, including medical or nonmedical services, products,
6	diagnostics, counseling, or follow-up services for an abortion.
7	(35) "Reproductive or sexual health data" means any personal data
8	concerning an effort made by a consumer to seek, or a consumer's receipt of,
9	reproductive or sexual health care.
10	(36) "Reproductive or sexual health facility" means any health care
11	facility in which at least 70 percent of the health care-related services or
12	products rendered or provided in the facility are reproductive or sexual health
13	care.
14	(37)(A) "Sale of personal data" means the exchange of a consumer's
15	personal data by the controller to a third party for monetary or other valuable
16	consideration.
17	(B) "Sale of personal data" does not include:
18	(i) the disclosure of personal data to a processor that processes the
19	personal data on behalf of the controller;
20	(ii) the disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of
21	providing a product or service requested by the consumer;

1	(iii) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the
2	controller;
3	(iv) the disclosure of personal data where the consumer directs the
4	controller to disclose the personal data or intentionally uses the controller to
5	interact with a third party;
6	(v) the disclosure of personal data that the consumer:
7	(I) intentionally made available to the general public via a
8	channel of mass media; and
9	(II) did not restrict to a specific audience; or
10	(vi) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an
11	asset that is part of a merger, acquisition, bankruptcy or other transaction, or a
12	proposed merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other transaction, in which the
13	third party assumes control of all or part of the controller's assets.
14	(38) "Sensitive data" means personal data that includes:
15	(A) data revealing racial or ethnic origin, religious beliefs, mental or
16	physical health condition or diagnosis, sex life, sexual orientation, or
17	citizenship or immigration status;
18	(B) consumer health data;
19	(C) the processing of genetic or biometric data for the purpose of
20	uniquely identifying an individual;
21	(D) personal data collected from a known child;

1	(E) data concerning an individual's status as a victim of crime; and
2	(F) an individual's precise geolocation data.
3	(39)(A) "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a
4	consumer where the advertisement is selected based on personal data obtained
5	or inferred from that consumer's activities over time and across nonaffiliated
6	websites or online applications to predict the consumer's preferences or
7	interests.
8	(B) "Targeted advertising" does not include:
9	(i) an advertisement based on activities within the controller's own
10	commonly branded website or online application;
11	(ii) an advertisement based on the context of a consumer's current
12	search query, visit to a website, or use of an online application;
13	(iii) an advertisement directed to a consumer in response to the
14	consumer's request for information or feedback; or
15	(iv) processing personal data solely to measure or report
16	advertising frequency, performance, or reach.
17	(40) "Third party" means a person, public authority, agency, or body,
18	other than the consumer, controller, or processor or an affiliate of the processor
19	or the controller.
20	(41) "Trade secret" has the same meaning as in section 4601 of this title.

1	§ 2416. APPLICABILITY
2	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, this chapter applies
3	to a person that conducts business in this State or a person that produces
4	products or services that are targeted to residents of this State and that during
5	the preceding calendar year:
6	(1) controlled or processed the personal data of not fewer than 100,000
7	consumers, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the
8	purpose of completing a payment transaction; or
9	(2) controlled or processed the personal data of not fewer than 25,000
10	consumers and derived more than 25 percent of the person's gross revenue
11	from the sale of personal data.
12	(b) Section 2426 of this title and the provisions of this chapter concerning
13	consumer health data and consumer health data controllers apply to a person
14	that conducts business in this State or a person that produces products or
15	services that are targeted to residents of this State.
16	§ 2417. EXEMPTIONS
17	(a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, this chapter shall
18	not apply to any:
19	(1) body, authority, board, bureau, commission, district or agency of this
20	State or of any political subdivision of this State;

1	(2) person who has entered into a contract with an entity described in
2	subdivision (1) of this subsection to process consumer health data on behalf of
3	the entity;
4	(3) nonprofit organization;
5	(4) institution of higher education;
6	(5) national securities association that is registered under 15 U.S.C. 780-
7	3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as may be amended;
8	(6) financial institution or data subject to Title V of the Gramm-Leach-
9	Bliley Act, Pub. L. No. 106-102, and regulations adopted to implement that
10	act;
11	(7) covered entity or business associate, as defined in 45 C.F.R.
12	<u>§ 160.103;</u>
13	(8) tribal nation government organization; or
14	(9) air carrier, as:
15	(A) defined in 49 U.S.C. § 40102, as may be amended; and
16	(B) regulated under the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, 49 U.S.C.
17	§ 40101 et seq. and the Airline Deregulation Act of 1978, 49 U.S.C. § 41713,
18	as may be amended.
19	(b) The following information, data, and activities are exempt from this
20	<u>chapter:</u>
21	(1) protected health information under HIPAA;

1	(2) patient identifying information that is collected and processed in
2	accordance with 42 C.F.R. Part 2 (confidentiality of substance use disorder
3	patient records);
4	(3) identifiable private information:
5	(A) for purposes of the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human
6	Subjects, codified as 45 C.F.R. Part 46 (HHS protection of human subjects)
7	and in various other federal regulations; and
8	(B) that is otherwise information collected as part of human subjects
9	research pursuant to the good clinical practice guidelines issued by the
10	International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for
11	Pharmaceuticals for Human Use;
12	(4) information that identifies a consumer in connection with the
13	protection of human subjects under 21 C.F.R. Parts 6, 50, and 56, or personal
14	data used or shared in research, as defined in 45 C.F.R. § 164.501, that is
15	conducted in accordance with the standards set forth in this subdivision and in
16	subdivision (3) of this subsection, or other research conducted in accordance
17	with applicable law;
18	(5) information or documents created for the purposes of the Healthcare
19	Quality Improvement Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11101–11152, and regulations
20	adopted to implement that act;

1	(6) patient safety work product that is created for purposes of improving
2	patient safety under 42 C.F.R. Part 3 (patient safety organizations and patient
3	safety work product);
4	(7) information or documents created for the purposes of the Healthcare
5	Quality Improvement Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11101–11152, and regulations
6	adopted to implement that act;
7	(8) information derived from any of the health care-related information
8	listed in this subsection that is de-identified in accordance with the
9	requirements for de-identification pursuant to HIPAA;
10	(9) information originating from and intermingled to be
11	indistinguishable with, or information treated in the same manner as,
12	information exempt under this subsection that is maintained by a covered
13	entity or business associate, program, or qualified service organization, as
14	specified in 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2, as may be amended;
15	(10) information used for public health activities and purposes as
16	authorized by HIPAA, community health activities, and population health
17	activities;
18	(11) the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, or use
19	of any personal information bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit
20	standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics,
21	or mode of living by a consumer reporting agency, furnisher, or user that

1	provides information for use in a consumer report, and by a user of a consumer
2	report, but only to the extent that such activity is regulated by and authorized
3	under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq., as may be
4	amended;
5	(12) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed under and in
6	compliance with:
7	(A) the Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. § 2721–
8	2725; and
9	(B) the Farm Credit Act, Pub. L. No. 92-181, as may be amended;
10	(13) personal data regulated by the Family Educational Rights and
11	Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, as may be amended;
12	(14) data processed or maintained:
13	(A) in the course of an individual applying to, employed by, or acting
14	as an agent or independent contractor of a controller, processor, consumer
15	health data controller, or third party, to the extent that the data is collected and
16	used within the context of that role;
17	(B) as the emergency contact information of a consumer pursuant to
18	this chapter, used for emergency contact purposes, or
19	(C) that is necessary to retain to administer benefits for another
20	individual relating to the individual who is the subject of the information

1	pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection (b) and used for the purposes of
2	administering such benefits; and
3	(15) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in relation to
4	price, route, or service, as such terms are used in the Federal Aviation Act of
5	1958, 49 U.S.C. § 40101 et seq., as may be amended, and the Airline
6	Deregulation Act of 1978, 49 U.S.C.§ 41713, as may be amended.
7	(c) Controllers, processors, and consumer health data controllers that
8	comply with the verifiable parental consent requirements of COPPA shall be
9	deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent pursuant to
10	this chapter.
11	§ 2418. CONSUMER RIGHTS; COMPLIANCE BY CONTROLLERS;
12	<u>APPEALS</u>
13	(a) A consumer shall have the right to:
14	(1) confirm whether or not a controller is processing the consumer's
15	personal data and access the personal data, unless the confirmation or access
16	would require the controller to reveal a trade secret;
17	(2) correct inaccuracies in the consumer's personal data, taking into
18	account the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of
19	the consumer's personal data;
20	(3) delete personal data provided by, or obtained about, the consumer;

1	(4) obtain a copy of the consumer's personal data processed by the
2	controller, in a portable and, to the extent technically feasible, readily usable
3	format that allows the consumer to transmit the data to another controller
4	without hindrance, where the processing is carried out by automated means,
5	provided the controller shall not be required to reveal any trade secret; and
6	(5) opt out of the processing of the personal data for purposes of:
7	(A) targeted advertising;
8	(B) the sale of personal data, except as provided in subsection
9	2420(b) of this title; or
10	(C) profiling in furtherance of solely automated decisions that
11	produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer.
12	(b)(1) A consumer may exercise rights under this section by a secure and
13	reliable means established by the controller and described to the consumer in
14	the controller's privacy notice.
15	(2) A consumer may designate an authorized agent in accordance with
16	section 2419 of this title to exercise the rights of the consumer to opt out of the
17	processing of the consumer's personal data for purposes of subdivision (a)(5)
18	of this section on behalf of the consumer.
19	(3) In the case of processing personal data of a known child, the parent
20	or legal guardian may exercise the consumer rights on the child's behalf.

1	(4) In the case of processing personal data concerning a consumer
2	subject to a guardianship, conservatorship, or other protective arrangement, the
3	guardian or the conservator of the consumer may exercise the rights on the
4	consumer's behalf.
5	(c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a controller shall comply
6	with a request by a consumer to exercise the consumer rights authorized
7	pursuant to this chapter as follows:
8	(1)(A) A controller shall respond to the consumer without undue delay,
9	but not later than 45 days after receipt of the request.
10	(B) The controller may extend the response period by 45 additional
11	days when reasonably necessary, considering the complexity and number of
12	the consumer's requests, provided the controller informs the consumer of the
13	extension within the initial 45-day response period and of the reason for the
14	extension.
15	(2) If a controller declines to take action regarding the consumer's
16	request, the controller shall inform the consumer without undue delay, but not
17	later than 45 days after receipt of the request, of the justification for declining
18	to take action and instructions for how to appeal the decision.
19	(3)(A) Information provided in response to a consumer request shall be
20	provided by a controller, free of charge, once per consumer during any 12-
21	month period.

1	(B) If requests from a consumer are manifestly unfounded, excessive,
2	or repetitive, the controller may charge the consumer a reasonable fee to cover
3	the administrative costs of complying with the request or decline to act on the
4	<u>request.</u>
5	(C) The controller bears the burden of demonstrating the manifestly
6	unfounded, excessive, or repetitive nature of the request.
7	(4)(A) If a controller is unable to authenticate a request to exercise any
8	of the rights afforded under subdivisions (a)(1)–(4) of this section using
9	commercially reasonable efforts, the controller shall not be required to comply
10	with a request to initiate an action pursuant to this section and shall provide
11	notice to the consumer that the controller is unable to authenticate the request
12	to exercise the right or rights until the consumer provides additional
13	information reasonably necessary to authenticate the consumer and the
14	consumer's request to exercise the right or rights.
15	(B) A controller shall not be required to authenticate an opt-out
16	request, but a controller may deny an opt-out request if the controller has a
17	good faith, reasonable, and documented belief that the request is fraudulent.
18	(C) If a controller denies an opt-out request because the controller
19	believes the request is fraudulent, the controller shall send a notice to the
20	person who made the request disclosing that the controller believes the request

1	is fraudulent, why the controller believes the request is fraudulent, and that the
2	controller shall not comply with the request.
3	(5) A controller that has obtained personal data about a consumer from a
4	source other than the consumer shall be deemed in compliance with a
5	consumer's request to delete the data pursuant to subdivision (a)(3) of this
6	section by:
7	(A) retaining a record of the deletion request and the minimum data
8	necessary for the purpose of ensuring the consumer's personal data remains
9	deleted from the controller's records and not using the retained data for any
10	other purpose pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or
11	(B) opting the consumer out of the processing of the personal data for
12	any purpose except for those exempted pursuant to the provisions of this
13	chapter.
14	(d)(1) A controller shall establish a process for a consumer to appeal the
15	controller's refusal to take action on a request within a reasonable period of
16	time after the consumer's receipt of the decision.
17	(2) The appeal process shall be conspicuously available and similar to
18	the process for submitting requests to initiate action pursuant to this section.
19	(3) Not later than 60 days after receipt of an appeal, a controller shall
20	inform the consumer in writing of any action taken or not taken in response to

the appeal, including a written explanation of the reasons for the decisions.

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1	(4) If the appeal is denied, the controller shall also provide the consumer
2	with an online mechanism, if available, or other method through which the
3	consumer may contact the Attorney General to submit a complaint.
4	§ 2419. AUTHORIZED AGENTS AND CONSUMER OPT-OUT
5	(a) A consumer may designate another person to serve as the consumer's
6	authorized agent, and act on the consumer's behalf, to opt out of the processing
7	of the consumer's personal data for one or more of the purposes specified in
8	subdivision 2418(a)(5) of this title.
9	(b) The consumer may designate an authorized agent by way of, among
10	other things, a technology, including an internet link or a browser setting,
11	browser extension, or global device setting, indicating the consumer's intent to
12	opt out of the processing.
13	(c) A controller shall comply with an opt-out request received from an
14	authorized agent if the controller is able to verify, with commercially
15	reasonable effort, the identity of the consumer and the authorized agent's
16	authority to act on the consumer's behalf.
17	§ 2420. CONTROLLERS' DUTIES; SALE OF PERSONAL DATA TO
18	THIRD PARTIES; NOTICE AND DISCLOSURE TO
19	CONSUMERS; CONSUMER OPT-OUT
20	(a) A controller:

1	(1) shall limit the collection of personal data to what is adequate,
2	relevant, and reasonably necessary in relation to the purposes for which the
3	data is processed, as disclosed to the consumer;
4	(2) except as otherwise provided in this chapter, shall not process
5	personal data for purposes that are neither reasonably necessary to, nor
6	compatible with, the disclosed purposes for which the personal data is
7	processed, as disclosed to the consumer, unless the controller obtains the
8	consumer's consent;
9	(3) shall establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative,
10	technical, and physical data security practices to protect the confidentiality,
11	integrity, and accessibility of personal data appropriate to the volume and
12	nature of the personal data at issue;
13	(4) shall not process sensitive data concerning a consumer without
14	obtaining the consumer's consent or, in the case of the processing of sensitive
15	data concerning a known child, without processing the data in accordance with
16	COPPA;
17	(5) shall not process personal data in violation of the laws of this State
18	and federal laws that prohibit unlawful discrimination against consumers;
19	(6) shall provide an effective mechanism for a consumer to revoke the
20	consumer's consent under this section that is at least as easy as the mechanism
21	by which the consumer provided the consumer's consent and, upon revocation

1	of the consent, cease to process the data as soon as practicable, but not later
2	than 15 days after the receipt of the request;
3	(7) shall not process the personal data of a consumer for purposes of
4	targeted advertising, or sell the consumer's personal data without the
5	consumer's consent, under circumstances where a controller has actual
6	knowledge, and willfully disregards, that the consumer is at least 13 years of
7	age but younger than 16 years of age; and
8	(8) shall not discriminate against a consumer for exercising any of the
9	consumer rights contained in this chapter, including denying goods or services
10	charging different prices or rates for goods or services, or providing a different
11	level of quality of goods or services to the consumer.
12	(b) Subsection (a) of this section shall not be construed to require a
13	controller to provide a product or service that requires the personal data of a
14	consumer that the controller does not collect or maintain, or prohibit a
15	controller from offering a different price, rate, level, quality, or selection of
16	goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services for no
17	fee if the offering is in connection with a consumer's voluntary participation in
18	a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card
19	program.
20	(c) A controller shall provide consumers with a reasonably accessible,
21	clear, and meaningful privacy notice that includes:

1	(1) the categories of personal data processed by the controller;
2	(2) the purpose for processing personal data;
3	(3) how consumers may exercise their consumer rights, including how a
4	consumer may appeal a controller's decision with regard to the consumer's
5	request;
6	(4) the categories of personal data that the controller shares with third
7	parties, if any;
8	(5) the categories of third parties, if any, with which the controller
9	shares personal data; and
10	(6) an active email address or other online mechanism that the consumer
11	may use to contact the controller.
12	(d) If a controller sells personal data to third parties or processes personal
13	data for targeted advertising, the controller shall clearly and conspicuously
14	disclose the processing, as well as the manner in which a consumer may
15	exercise the right to opt out of the processing.
16	(e)(1) A controller shall establish, and shall describe in a privacy notice,
17	one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to
18	exercise their consumer rights pursuant to this chapter.
19	(2) The means shall take into account the ways in which consumers
20	normally interact with the controller, the need for secure and reliable

1	communication of the requests, and the ability of the controller to verify the
2	identity of the consumer making the request.
3	(3) A controller shall not require a consumer to create a new account in
4	order to exercise consumer rights but may require a consumer to use an
5	existing account.
6	(4)(A) The means shall include:
7	(i) providing a clear and conspicuous link on the controller's
8	website to an web page that enables a consumer, or an agent of the consumer,
9	to opt out of the targeted advertising or sale of the consumer's personal data;
10	<u>and</u>
11	(ii) not later than January 1, 2026, allowing a consumer to opt out
12	of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted
13	advertising, or any sale of the personal data, through an opt-out preference
14	signal sent to the controller with the consumer's consent indicating the
15	consumer's intent to opt out of any the processing or sale, by a platform,
16	technology, or other mechanism that shall:
17	(I) not unfairly disadvantage another controller;
18	(II) not make use of a default setting, but rather require the
19	consumer to make an affirmative, freely given, and unambiguous choice to opt
20	out of any processing of the consumer's personal data pursuant to this chapter;

1	(III) be consumer-friendly and easy to use by the average
2	consumer;
3	(IV) be as consistent as possible with any other similar
4	platform, technology, or mechanism required by any federal or State law or
5	regulation; and
6	(V) enable the controller to accurately determine whether the
7	consumer is a resident of this State and whether the consumer has made a
8	legitimate request to opt out of any sale of the consumer's personal data or
9	targeted advertising.
10	(B) If a consumer's decision to opt out of any processing of the
11	consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale
12	of the personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent in accordance
13	with the provisions of subdivision (A) of this subdivision (e)(4) conflicts with
14	the consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary
15	participation in a controller's bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features,
16	discounts, or club card program, the controller shall comply with the
17	consumer's opt-out preference signal but may notify the consumer of the
18	conflict and provide to the consumer the choice to confirm the controller-
19	specific privacy setting or participation in the program.
20	(5) If a controller responds to consumer opt-out requests received
21	pursuant to subdivision (4)(A) of this subsection by informing the consumer of

I	a charge for the use of any product or service, the controller shall present the
2	terms of any financial incentive offered pursuant to subsection (b) of this
3	section for the retention, use, sale, or sharing of the consumer's personal data
4	§ 2421. PROCESSORS' DUTIES; CONTRACTS BETWEEN
5	CONTROLLERS AND PROCESSORS
6	(a) A processor shall adhere to the instructions of a controller and shall
7	assist the controller in meeting the controller's obligations under this chapter,
8	including:
9	(1) taking into account the nature of processing and the information
10	available to the processor, by appropriate technical and organizational
11	measures, to the extent reasonably practicable, to fulfill the controller's
12	obligation to respond to consumer rights requests;
13	(2) taking into account the nature of processing and the information
14	available to the processor, by assisting the controller in meeting the
15	controller's obligations in relation to the security of processing the personal
16	data and in relation to the notification of a data broker security breach or
17	security breach, as defined in section 2430 of this title, of the system of the
18	processor, in order to meet the controller's obligations; and
19	(3) providing necessary information to enable the controller to conduct
20	and document data protection assessments.

1	(b)(1) A contract between a controller and a processor shall govern the
2	processor's data processing procedures with respect to processing performed
3	on behalf of the controller.
4	(2) The contract shall be binding and clearly set forth instructions for
5	processing data, the nature and purpose of processing, the type of data subject
6	to processing, the duration of processing, and the rights and obligations of both
7	parties.
8	(3) The contract shall require that the processor:
9	(A) ensure that each person processing personal data is subject to a
10	duty of confidentiality with respect to the data;
11	(B) at the controller's direction, delete or return all personal data to
12	the controller as requested at the end of the provision of services, unless
13	retention of the personal data is required by law;
14	(C) upon the reasonable request of the controller, make available to
15	the controller all information in its possession necessary to demonstrate the
16	processor's compliance with the obligations in this chapter;
17	(D) after providing the controller an opportunity to object, engage
18	any subcontractor pursuant to a written contract that requires the subcontractor
19	to meet the obligations of the processor with respect to the personal data; and

1	(E) make available to the controller upon the reasonable request of
2	the controller, all information in the processor's possession necessary to
3	demonstrate the processor's compliance with this chapter.
4	(4) A processor shall provide a report of an assessment to the controller
5	upon request.
6	(c) This section shall not be construed to relieve a controller or processor
7	from the liabilities imposed on the controller or processor by virtue of the
8	controller's or processor's role in the processing relationship, as described in
9	this chapter.
10	(d)(1) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or processor
11	with respect to a specific processing of data is a fact-based determination that
12	depends upon the context in which personal data is to be processed.
13	(2) A person who is not limited in the person's processing of personal
14	data pursuant to a controller's instructions, or who fails to adhere to the
15	instructions, is a controller and not a processor with respect to a specific
16	processing of data.
17	(3) A processor that continues to adhere to a controller's instructions
18	with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains a processor.
19	(4) If a processor begins, alone or jointly with others, determining the
20	purposes and means of the processing of personal data, the processor is a

1	controller with respect to the processing and may be subject to an enforcement
2	action under section 2425 of this title.
3	§ 2422. CONTROLLERS' DATA PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS;
4	DISCLOSURE TO ATTORNEY GENERAL
5	(a) A controller shall conduct and document a data protection assessment
6	for each of the controller's processing activities that presents a heightened risk
7	of harm to a consumer, which for the purposes of this section includes:
8	(1) the processing of personal data for the purposes of targeted
9	advertising;
10	(2) the sale of personal data;
11	(3) the processing of personal data for the purposes of profiling, where
12	the profiling presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of:
13	(A) unfair or deceptive treatment of, or unlawful disparate impact on,
14	consumers;
15	(B) financial, physical, or reputational injury to consumers;
16	(C) a physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the
17	private affairs or concerns, of consumers, where the intrusion would be
18	offensive to a reasonable person; or
19	(D) other substantial injury to consumers; and
20	(4) the processing of sensitive data.

1	(b)(1) Data protection assessments conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of
2	this section shall identify and weigh the benefits that may flow, directly and
3	indirectly, from the processing to the controller, the consumer, other
4	stakeholders, and the public against the potential risks to the rights of the
5	consumer associated with the processing, as mitigated by safeguards that can
6	be employed by the controller to reduce the risks.
7	(2) The controller shall factor into any data protection assessment the
8	use of de-identified data and the reasonable expectations of consumers, as well
9	as the context of the processing and the relationship between the controller and
10	the consumer whose personal data will be processed.
11	(c)(1) The Attorney General may require that a controller disclose any data
12	protection assessment that is relevant to an investigation conducted by the
13	Attorney General, and the controller shall make the data protection assessment
14	available to the Attorney General.
15	(2) The Attorney General may evaluate the data protection assessment
16	for compliance with the responsibilities set forth in this chapter.
17	(3) Data protection assessments shall be confidential and shall be
18	exempt from disclosure and copying under the Public Records Act.
19	(4) To the extent any information contained in a data protection
20	assessment disclosed to the Attorney General includes information subject to

1	attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the disclosure shall not
2	constitute a waiver of the privilege or protection.
3	(d) A single data protection assessment may address a comparable set of
4	processing operations that include similar activities.
5	(e) If a controller conducts a data protection assessment for the purpose of
6	complying with another applicable law or regulation, the data protection
7	assessment shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements established in this
8	section if the data protection assessment is reasonably similar in scope and
9	effect to the data protection assessment that would otherwise be conducted
10	pursuant to this section.
11	(f) Data protection assessment requirements shall apply to processing
12	activities created or generated after July 1, 2025 and are not retroactive.
13	§ 2423. DE-IDENTIFIED AND PSEUDONYMOUS DATA;
14	CONTROLLERS' DUTIES; EXCEPTIONS; APPLICABILITY OF
15	CONSUMERS' RIGHTS; DISCLOSURE AND OVERSIGHT
16	(a) A controller in possession of de-identified data shall:
17	(1) take reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be associated
18	with an individual;
19	(2) publicly commit to maintaining and using de-identified data without
20	attempting to re-identify the data; and

1	(3) contractually obligate any recipients of the de-identified data to
2	comply with the provisions of this chapter.
3	(b) This chapter shall not be construed to:
4	(1) require a controller or processor to re-identify de-identified data or
5	pseudonymous data; or
6	(2) maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain, retain, or access
7	any data or technology, in order to be capable of associating an authenticated
8	consumer request with personal data.
9	(c) This chapter shall not be construed to require a controller or processor
10	to comply with an authenticated consumer rights request if the controller:
11	(1) is not reasonably capable of associating the request with the personal
12	data or it would be unreasonably burdensome for the controller to associate the
13	request with the personal data;
14	(2) does not use the personal data to recognize or respond to the specific
15	consumer who is the subject of the personal data, or associate the personal data
16	with other personal data about the same specific consumer; and
17	(3) does not sell the personal data to any third party or otherwise
18	voluntarily disclose the personal data to any third party other than a processor,
19	except as otherwise permitted in this section.
20	(d) The rights afforded under subdivisions 2418(a)(1)–(4) of this title shall
21	not apply to pseudonymous data in cases where the controller is able to

1	demonstrate that any information necessary to identify the consumer is kept
2	separately and is subject to effective technical and organizational controls that
3	prevent the controller from accessing the information.
4	(e) A controller that discloses pseudonymous data or de-identified data
5	shall exercise reasonable oversight to monitor compliance with any contractual
6	commitments to which the pseudonymous data or de-identified data is subject
7	and shall take appropriate steps to address any breaches of those contractual
8	commitments.
9	§ 2424. CONSTRUCTION OF CONTROLLERS' AND PROCESSORS'
10	<u>DUTIES</u>
11	(a) This chapter shall not be construed to restrict a controller's, processor's,
12	or consumer health data controller's ability to:
13	(1) comply with federal, state, or municipal laws, ordinances, or
14	regulations;
15	(2) comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry, investigation,
16	subpoena, or summons by federal, state, municipal, or other governmental
17	authorities;
18	(3) cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or
19	activity that the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller
20	reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state, or municipal
21	laws, ordinances, or regulations;

1	(4) investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend legal claims;
2	(5) provide a product or service specifically requested by a consumer;
3	(6) perform under a contract to which a consumer is a party, including
4	fulfilling the terms of a written warranty;
5	(7) take steps at the request of a consumer prior to entering into a
6	contract;
7	(8) take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life
8	or physical safety of the consumer or another individual, and where the
9	processing cannot be manifestly based on another legal basis;
10	(9) prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to security incidents,
11	identity theft, fraud, harassment, malicious, or deceptive activities or any
12	illegal activity; preserve the integrity or security of systems; or investigate,
13	report, or prosecute those responsible for the action;
14	(10) engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific or statistical research
15	in the public interest that adheres to all other applicable ethics and privacy laws
16	and is approved, monitored, and governed by an institutional review board that
17	determines, or similar independent oversight entities that determine:
18	(A) whether the deletion of the information is likely to provide
19	substantial benefits that do not exclusively accrue to the controller;
20	(B) the expected benefits of the research outweigh the privacy risks;
21	<u>and</u>

1	(C) whether the controller or consumer health data controller has
2	implemented reasonable safeguards to mitigate privacy risks associated with
3	research, including any risks associated with re-identification;
4	(11) assist another controller, processor, consumer health data
5	controller, or third party with any of the obligations under this chapter; or
6	(12) process personal data for reasons of public interest in the area of
7	public health, community health, or population health, but solely to the extent
8	that the processing is:
9	(A) subject to suitable and specific measures to safeguard the rights
10	of the consumer whose personal data is being processed; and
11	(B) under the responsibility of a professional subject to
12	confidentiality obligations under federal, state, or local law.
13	(b) The obligations imposed on controllers, processors, or consumer health
14	data controllers under this chapter shall not restrict a controller's, processor's,
15	or consumer health data controller's ability to collect, use, or retain data for
16	internal use to:
17	(1) conduct internal research to develop, improve, or repair products,
18	services, or technology;
19	(2) effectuate a product recall;
20	(3) identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or intended
21	functionality; or

(4) perform internal operations that are reasonably aligned with the
expectations of the consumer or reasonably anticipated based on the
consumer's existing relationship with the controller or consumer health data
controller, or are otherwise compatible with processing data in furtherance of
the provision of a product or service specifically requested by a consumer or
the performance of a contract to which the consumer is a party.
(c)(1) The obligations imposed on controllers, processors, or consumer
health data controllers under this chapter shall not apply where compliance by
the controller, processor, or consumer health data controller with this chapter
would violate an evidentiary privilege under the laws of this State.
(2) This chapter shall not be construed to prevent a controller, processor,
or consumer health data controller from providing personal data concerning a
consumer to a person covered by an evidentiary privilege under the laws of the
State as part of a privileged communication.
(d)(1) A controller, processor, or consumer health data controller that
discloses personal data to a processor or third-party controller pursuant to this
chapter shall not be deemed to have violated this chapter if the processor or
third-party controller that receives and processes the personal data violates this
chapter, provided, at the time the disclosing controller, processor, or consumer
health data controller disclosed the personal data, the disclosing controller,

1	processor, or consumer health data controller did not have actual knowledge
2	that the receiving processor or third-party controller would violate this chapter.
3	(2) A third-party controller or processor receiving personal data from a
4	controller, processor, or consumer health data controller in compliance with
5	this chapter is not in violation of this chapter for the transgressions of the
6	controller, processor, or consumer health data controller from which the third-
7	party controller or processor receives the personal data.
8	(e) This chapter shall not be construed to:
9	(1) impose any obligation on a controller or processor that adversely
10	affects the rights or freedoms of any person, including the rights of any person:
11	(A) to freedom of speech or freedom of the press guaranteed in the
12	First Amendment to the United States Constitution; or
13	(B) under 12 V.S.A. § 1615;
14	(2) apply to any person's processing of personal data in the course of the
15	person's purely personal or household activities; or
16	(3) require an independent school as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 11(a)(8) or a
17	private institution of higher education, as defined in 20 U.S.C. § 1001 et seq.,
18	to delete personal data or opt out of processing of personal data that would
19	unreasonably interfere with the provision of education services by or the
20	ordinary operation of the school or institution.

1	(f)(1) Personal data processed by a controller or consumer health data
2	controller pursuant to this section may be processed to the extent that the
3	processing is:
4	(A) reasonably necessary and proportionate to the purposes listed in
5	this section; and
6	(B) adequate, relevant, and limited to what is necessary in relation to
7	the specific purposes listed in this section.
8	(2)(A) Personal data collected, used, or retained pursuant to subsection
9	(b) of this section shall, where applicable, take into account the nature and
10	purpose or purposes of the collection, use, or retention.
11	(B) The data shall be subject to reasonable administrative, technical,
12	and physical measures to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility
13	of the personal data and to reduce reasonably foreseeable risks of harm to
14	consumers relating to the collection, use, or retention of personal data.
15	(g) If a controller or consumer health data controller processes personal
16	data pursuant to an exemption in this section, the controller or consumer health
17	data controller bears the burden of demonstrating that the processing qualifies
18	for the exemption and complies with the requirements in subsection (f) of this
19	section.

1	(h) Processing personal data for the purposes expressly identified in this
2	section shall not solely make a legal entity a controller or consumer health data
3	controller with respect to the processing.
4	§ 2425. ENFORCEMENT BY ATTORNEY GENERAL; NOTICE OF
5	VIOLATION; CURE PERIOD; REPORT; PENALTY
6	(a) The Attorney General shall have exclusive authority to enforce
7	violations of this chapter.
8	(b)(1) During the period beginning on July 1, 2025 and ending on
9	December 31, 2026, the Attorney General shall, prior to initiating any action
10	for a violation of any provision of this chapter, issue a notice of violation to the
11	controller or consumer health data controller if the Attorney General
12	determines that a cure is possible.
13	(2) If the controller or consumer health data controller fails to cure the
14	violation within 60 days after receipt of the notice of violation, the Attorney
15	General may bring an action pursuant to this section.
16	(3) Annually, on or before February 1, the Attorney General shall
17	submit a report to the General Assembly disclosing:
18	(A) the number of notices of violation the Attorney General has
19	issued;
20	(B) the nature of each violation;

1	(C) the number of violations that were cured during the available
2	cure period; and
3	(D) any other matter the Attorney General deems relevant for the
4	purposes of the report.
5	(c) Beginning on January 1, 2027, the Attorney General may, in
6	determining whether to grant a controller or processor the opportunity to cure
7	an alleged violation described in subsection (b) of this section, consider:
8	(1) the number of violations;
9	(2) the size and complexity of the controller or processor;
10	(3) the nature and extent of the controller's or processor's processing
11	activities;
12	(4) the substantial likelihood of injury to the public;
13	(5) the safety of persons or property;
14	(6) whether the alleged violation was likely caused by human or
15	technical error; and
16	(7) the sensitivity of the data.
17	(d) This chapter shall not be construed as providing the basis for, or be
18	subject to, a private right of action for violations of this chapter or any other
19	<u>law.</u>
20	(e) Subjection to the exception in subsection (f) of this section, a violation
21	of the requirements of this chapter shall constitute an unfair and deceptive act

1	in commerce in violation of section 2453 of this title and shall be enforced
2	solely by the Attorney General, provided that a consumer private right of
3	action under subsection 2461(b) of this title shall not apply to the violation.
4	(f) The Attorney General shall provide guidance to controllers and
5	processors for compliance with the terms of the Vermont Data Privacy Act.
6	Any processor or controller that, in the opinion of the Attorney General,
7	materially complies with the guidance provided by the Attorney General shall
8	not constitute an unfair and deceptive act in commerce.
9	§ 2426. CONSUMER HEALTH DATA PRIVACY
10	(a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section and
11	subsections 2417(b) and (c) of this title, no person shall:
12	(1) provide any employee or contractor with access to consumer health
13	data unless the employee or contractor is subject to a contractual or statutory
14	duty of confidentiality;
15	(2) provide any processor with access to consumer health data unless the
16	person and processor comply with section 2421 of this title;
17	(3) use a geofence to establish a virtual boundary that is within 1,750
18	feet of any health care facility, including any mental health facility or
19	reproductive or sexual health facility, for the purpose of identifying, tracking,
20	collecting data from, or sending any notification to a consumer regarding the
21	consumer's consumer health data; or

1	(4) sell, or offer to sell, consumer health data without first obtaining the
2	consumer's consent.
3	(b) Notwithstanding section 2416 of this title, subsection (a) of this section,
4	and the provisions of sections 2415-2425 of this title, inclusive, concerning
5	consumer health data and consumer health data controllers, apply to persons
6	that conduct business in this state and persons that produce products or
7	services that are targeted to residents of this state.
8	(c) Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to any:
9	(1) body, authority, board, bureau, commission, district or agency of this
10	State or of any political subdivision of this State;
11	(2) person who has entered into a contract with an entity described in
12	subdivision (1) of this subsection to process consumer health data on behalf of
13	the entity;
14	(3) institution of higher education;
15	(4) national securities association that is registered under 15 U.S.C. 78o-
16	3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as may be amended;
17	(5) financial institution or data subject to Title V of the Gramm-Leach-
18	Bliley Act, Pub. L. No. 106-102, and regulations adopted to implement that
19	act;
20	(6) covered entity or business associate, as defined in 45 C.F.R.
21	§ 160.103;

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1	(7) tribal nation government organization; or
2	(8) air carrier, as:
3	(A) defined in 49 U.S.C. § 40102, as may be amended; and
4	(B) regulated under the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, 49 U.S.C.
5	§ 40101 et seq. and the Airline Deregulation Act of 1978, 49 U.S.C. § 41713,
6	as may be amended.
7	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
8	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2026.