1	TO THE HONORABLE SENATE:
2	The Committee on Health and Welfare to which was referred House Bill
3	No. 238 entitled "An act relating to the phaseout of consumer products
4	containing added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" respectfully
5	reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the Senate
6	propose to the House that the bill be amended by striking out all after the
7	enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
8	* * * PFAS in Consumer Products * * *
9	Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. chapter 63, subchapter 12A is amended to read:
10	Subchapter 12A. PFAS in Consumer Products
11	§ 2494e. DEFINITIONS
12	As used in this subchapter:
13	(1) "Adult mattress" means a mattress other than a crib or toddler
14	mattress.
15	(2) "Aftermarket stain and water resistant treatments" means treatments
16	for textile and leather consumer products used in residential settings that have
17	
1 /	been treated during the manufacturing process for stain, oil, and water

industrial facilities during the manufacture of a carpet, rug, clothing, or shoe.

- (A) Clothing items intended for regular wear or formal occasions, including undergarments, shirts, pants, skirts, dresses, overalls, bodysuits, costumes, vests, dancewear, suits, saris, scarves, tops, leggings, school uniforms, leisurewear, athletic wear, sports uniforms, everyday swimwear, formal wear, onesies, bibs, reusable diapers, footwear, and everyday uniforms for workwear. Clothing items intended for regular wear or formal occasions do not include clothing items for exclusive use by the U.S. Armed Forces, outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions, and personal protective equipment.
  - (B) Outdoor apparel.
- (4) "Artificial turf" means a surface of synthetic fibers that is used in place of natural grass in recreational, residential, or commercial applications.
- (5) "Cleaning product" means a compound intended for routine cleaning, including general purpose cleaners, bathroom cleaners, glass cleaners, carpet cleaners, floor care products, and hand soaps. "Cleaning product" does not mean an antimicrobial pesticide.
- (6) "Cookware" means durable houseware items used to prepare, dispense, or store food, foodstuffs, or beverages and that are intended for direct food contact, including pots, pans, skillets, grills, baking sheets, baking molds, trays, bowls, and cooking utensils.

1	(7) "Dental floss" means a string-like device made of cotton or other
2	fibers intended to remove plaque and food particles from between the teeth to
3	reduce tooth decay. The fibers of the device may be coated with wax for easier
4	use.
5	(8) "Fluorine treated container" means a fluorinated treated plastic
6	container.
7	(6)(9) "Incontinency protection product" means a disposable, absorbent
8	hygiene product designed to absorb bodily waste for use by individuals 12
9	years of age and older.
10	(7)(10) "Intentionally added" means the addition of a chemical in a
11	product that serves an intended function in the product component
12	"Intentionally added PFAS" means PFAS added to a product regulated under
13	this subchapter or one of its product components to provide a specific
14	characteristic, appearance, or quality or to perform a specific function.
15	"Intentionally added PFAS" also includes any degradation byproducts of
16	PFAS or PFAS that are intentional breakdown products of an added chemical.
17	For the purposes of this chapter the use of PFAS as a processing agent, mold
18	release agent, or intermediate is considered intentional introduction where
19	PFAS are detected in the final covered product.
20	(8)(11) "Juvenile product" means a product designed or marketed for
21	use by infants and children under 12 years of age:

1	(A) including a baby or toddler foam pillow; bassinet; bedside
2	sleeper; booster seat; changing pad; infant bouncer; infant carrier; infant seat;
3	infant sleep positioner; infant swing; infant travel bed; infant walker; nap cot;
4	nursing pad; nursing pillow; pacifier; play mat; playpen; play yard;
5	polyurethane foam mat, pad, or pillow; portable foam nap mat; portable infant
6	sleeper; portable hook-in chair; soft-sided portable crib; stroller; toddler
7	mattress; and disposable, single-use diaper; and
8	(B) excluding a children's electronic product, such as a personal
9	computer, audio and video equipment, calculator, wireless phone, game
10	console, handheld device incorporating a video screen, or any associated
11	peripheral such as a mouse, keyboard, power supply unit, or power cord; a
12	medical device; or an adult mattress; and
13	(C) excluding children's all-terrain vehicles, as that term is defined
14	under 23 V.S.A. § 3801.
15	(9)(12) "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in the business of
16	making or assembling a consumer product directly or indirectly available to
17	consumers. "Manufacturer" excludes a distributor or retailer, except when a
18	consumer product is made or assembled outside the United States, in which
19	case a "manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the
20	consumer product.

1	(10)(13) "Medical device" has the same meaning given to "device" in
2	21 U.S.C. § 321.
3	(11)(14) "Outdoor apparel" means clothing items intended primarily for
4	outdoor activities, including hiking, camping, skiing, climbing, bicycling, and
5	fishing.
6	(12)(15) "Outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions" means outdoor
7	apparel that are extreme and extended use products designed for outdoor sports
8	experts for applications that provide protection against extended exposure to
9	extreme rain conditions or against extended immersion in water or wet
10	conditions, such as from snow, in order to protect the health and safety of the
11	user and that are not marketed for general consumer use. Examples of extreme
12	and extended use products include outerwear for offshore fishing, offshore
13	sailing, whitewater kayaking, and mountaineering.
14	(13)(16) "Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "PFAS"
15	means a class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least one fully
16	fluorinated carbon atom.
17	(14)(17) "Personal protective equipment" has the same meaning as in
18	section 2494p of this title.
19	(15)(18) "Regulated perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or
20	"regulated PFAS" means:

1	(A) PFAS that a manufacturer has intentionally added to a product
2	and that have a functional or technical effect in the product, including PFAS
3	components of intentionally added chemicals and PFAS that are intentional
4	breakdown products of an added chemical that also have a functional or
5	technical effect in the product; or
6	(B) the presence of PFAS in a product or product component at or
7	above 100 parts per million, as measured in total organic fluorine.
8	(16)(19) "Rug or carpet" means a fabric marketed or intended for use as
9	a floor covering.
10	(17)(20) "Ski wax" means a lubricant applied to the bottom of snow
11	runners, including skis and snowboards, to improve their grip and glide
12	properties.
13	(18)(21) "Textile" means any item made in whole or part from a natural,
14	manmade, or synthetic fiber, yarn, or fabric, and includes leather, cotton, silk,
15	jute, hemp, wool, viscose, nylon, or polyester. "Textile" does not include
16	single-use paper hygiene products, including toilet paper, paper towels, tissues,
17	or single-use absorbent hygiene products.
18	(19)(22) "Textile articles" means textile goods of a type customarily and
19	ordinarily used in households and businesses, and includes apparel,
20	accessories, handbags, backpacks, draperies, shower curtains, furnishings,

1	upholstery, bedding, towels, napkins, and table cloths. "Textile articles" does
2	not include:
3	(A) a vehicle, as defined in 1 U.S.C. § 4, or its component parts;
4	(B) a vessel, as defined in 1 U.S.C. § 3, or its component parts;
5	(C) an aircraft, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 40102(a)(6), or its
6	component parts;
7	(D) filtration media and filter products used in industrial applications
8	including chemical or pharmaceutical manufacturing and environmental
9	control technologies;
10	(E) textile articles used for laboratory analysis and testing; and
11	(F) rugs or carpets.
12	§ 2494f. AFTERMARKET STAIN AND WATER-RESISTANT
13	TREATMENTS PROHIBITION ON PFAS IN CONSUMER
14	<u>PRODUCTS</u>
15	(a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for
16	sale, or distribute for use in this State aftermarket stain and water resistant
17	treatments for rugs or carpets to which PFAS have been intentionally added in
18	any amount.
19	(b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products. A
20	manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or

1	distribute for use in the State the following consumer products to which PFAS
2	have been intentionally added in any amount:
3	(1) aftermarket stain and water-resistant treatments;
4	(2) artificial turf;
5	(3) cleaning products;
6	(4) cookware;
7	(5) dental floss;
8	(6) incontinency protection products;
9	(7) juvenile products;
10	(8) residential rugs and carpets; or
11	(9) ski wax.
12	(b) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for
13	sale, or distribute for use in the State textiles or textile articles to which
14	regulated PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.
15	(c) The prohibitions under subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall not
16	apply to the sale, offer for sale, distribution for sale, or distribution for use of
17	any of the products listed under subsections (a) and (b) of this section that have
18	been previously used by a consumer for the intended purpose of the product.
19	§ 2494g. ARTIFICIAL TURF
20	A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale,
21	or distribute for use in this State artificial turf to which:

1	(1) PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount; or
2	(2) PFAS have entered the product from the manufacturing or
3	processing of that product, the addition of which is known or reasonably
4	ascertainable by the manufacturer.
5	§ 2494h. COOKWARE
6	(a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for
7	sale, or distribute for use in this State cookware to which PFAS have been
8	intentionally added in any amount.
9	(b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.
10	§ 2494i. INCONTINENCY PROTECTION PRODUCT
11	A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale,
12	or distribute for use in this State an incontinency protection product to which
13	PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.
14	§ 2494j. JUVENILE PRODUCTS
15	(a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for
16	sale, or distribute for use in this State juvenile products to which PFAS have
17	been intentionally added in any amount.
18	(b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.
19	§ 2494k. RUGS AND CARPETS

1	(a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for
2	sale, or distribute for use in this State a residential rug or carpet to which PFAS
3	have been added in any amount.
4	(b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.
5	<u>§ 24941. SKI WAX</u>
6	(a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for
7	sale, or distribute for use in this State ski wax or related tuning products to
8	which PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.
9	(b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.
10	§ 2494m. TEXTILES
11	(a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for
12	sale, or distribute for use in this State a textile or textile article to which
13	regulated PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.
14	(b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.
15	§ 2494g. FLUORINE TREATED CONTAINERS
16	(a) A manufacturer shall not sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or
17	distribute for use in the State a product listed under subdivisions 2494f(a)(1)-
18	(9) of this title that does not contain intentionally added PFAS but that is sold,
19	offered for sale, distributed for sale, or distributed for use in the State in a
20	fluorine treated container.

1	(b) The prohibition under subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to
2	the sale, offer for sale, distribution for sale, or distribution for use of a product
3	that has been previously used by a consumer for the intended purpose of the
4	product.
5	(c) Beginning on January 1, 2032, a manufacturer shall not manufacture,
6	sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in the State a fluorine
7	treated container or any consumer product in a fluorine treated container.
8	§ <del>2494n</del> <del>2494h</del> . CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE
9	(a) The Attorney General may request a certificate of compliance from a
10	manufacturer of a consumer product regulated under this subchapter. Within
11	60 days after receipt of the Attorney General's request for a certificate of
12	compliance, the manufacturer shall:
13	(1) provide the Attorney General with a certificate attesting that the
14	manufacturer's product or products comply with the requirements of this
15	subchapter; or
16	(2) notify persons who are selling a product of the manufacturer's in this
17	State that the sale is prohibited because the product does not comply with this
18	subchapter and submit to the Attorney General a list of the names and
19	addresses of those persons notified.
20	(b) A manufacturer required to submit a certificate of compliance pursuant
21	to this section may rely upon a certificate of compliance provided to the

1	manufacturer by a supplier for the purpose of determining the manufacturer
2	reporting obligations. A certificate of compliance provided by a supplier in
3	accordance with this subsection shall be used solely for the purpose of
4	determining a manufacturer's compliance with this section.
5	§ <del>24940</del> <u>2494i</u> . VIOLATIONS
6	(a) A violation of this subchapter is deemed to be a violation of section
7	2453 of this title.
8	(b) The Attorney General has the same authority to make rules, conduct
9	civil investigations, enter into assurances of discontinuance, and bring civil
10	actions, and private parties have the same rights and remedies, as provided
11	under subchapter 1 of this chapter.
12	Sec. 2. 9 V.S.A. § 2494e(19) is amended to read:
13	(19) "Regulated perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or
14	"regulated PFAS" means:
15	(A) PFAS that a manufacturer has intentionally added to a product
16	and that have a functional or technical effect in the product, including PFAS
17	components of intentionally added chemicals and PFAS that are intentional
18	breakdown products of an added chemical that also have a functional or
19	technical effect in the product; or
20	(B) the presence of PFAS in a product or product component at or
21	above 100 50 parts per million, as measured in total organic fluorine.

1	Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. § 2494e(3) is amended to read:
2	(3) "Apparel" means any of the following:
3	(A) Clothing items intended for regular wear or formal occasions,
4	including undergarments, shirts, pants, skirts, dresses, overalls, bodysuits,
5	costumes, vests, dancewear, suits, saris, scarves, tops, leggings, school
6	uniforms, leisurewear, athletic wear, sports uniforms, everyday swimwear,
7	formal wear, onesies, bibs, reusable diapers, footwear, and everyday uniforms
8	for workwear. Clothing items intended for regular wear or formal occasions
9	do not include clothing items for exclusive use by the U.S. Armed Forces,
10	outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions, and personal protective equipment.
11	(B) Outdoor apparel.
12	(C) Outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions.
13	Sec. 4. ANR REPORT ON PFAS REGULATION
14	(a) As used in this section, "perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances"
15	or "PFAS" means a class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least
16	one fully fluorinated carbon atom.
17	(b) On or before January 15, 2027, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall
18	submit to the House Committees on Environment and on Human Services and
19	the Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy and on Health and
20	Welfare a report regarding the regulation by other states of PFAS in consumer
21	products. The report shall include:

1	(1) a summary of programs in other states that regulate PFAS in
2	consumer products, including whether other states have implemented a
3	regulatory program based on the definition of PFAS used in this section;
4	(2) if other states have implemented regulatory programs for PFAS, a
5	summary of the effectiveness of the programs, including any obstacles or
6	difficulties these states may have faced in implementing a program, the
7	staffing required for a program, and the time frame under which each state
8	implemented the program;
9	(3) a recommendation, based on review of regulatory programs in other
10	states, on whether Vermont should establish a regulatory program for PFAS in
11	consumer products, including the State agency in which such a program should
12	be located, the staffing required, and a time frame for implementation;
13	(4) whether other states have prohibited or restricted the use of fluorine
14	treated containers, including a summary of how fluorine treated containers are
15	used or allowed for use in other states;
16	(5) any other information that the Secretary determines is necessary for
17	the purpose of informing the General Assembly whether to enact a regulatory
18	program for PFAS in consumer products; and
19	(6) a summary of PFAS data in industrial processes, to the extent
20	available, and whether any other state has restricted the use of PFAS-
21	contaminated water in manufacturing.

1	Sec. 5. REPORTS; PFAS IN COMPLEX DURABLE GOODS; FOOD
2	(a)(1) On or before January 15, 2033, the Secretary of Natural Resources
3	shall provide a recommendation to the House Committees on Human Services
4	and on Environment and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on
5	Natural Resources and Energy on how to address PFAS in complex durable
6	goods.
7	(2) As used in this subsection, "complex durable goods" means a
8	consumer product that is a manufactured good composed of 100 or more
9	manufactured components, with an intended useful life of five or more years,
10	where the product is typically not consumed, destroyed, or discarded after a
11	single use. This includes replacement parts for complex durable goods not
12	subject to a phaseout under this chapter.
13	(b)(1) On or before January 15, 2033, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food
14	and Markets shall provide a recommendation to the House Committees on
15	Human Services and on Environment and the Senate Committees on Health
16	and Welfare and on Natural Resources and Energy on how to address PFAS in
17	<u>food.</u>
18	(2) As used in this subsection, "food" has the same meaning as in 18
19	<u>V.S.A. § 4051.</u>
20	(c) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall update the Senate Committee
21	on Health and Welfare, the House Committee on Environment, and the

1	Secretary of Natural Resources on the status of the regulation of PFAS in		
2	complex durable goods and in food in other states. The first status report shall		
3	be submitted on or before January 15, 2027, as part of the report required		
4	under Sec. 4 of this act or as testimony. The second update shall be provided		
5	as testimony to the committees on or before January 15, 2029.		
6	Sec. 6. REPEALS		
7	(a) 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 4 (prospective definition for		
8	outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions) is repealed.		
9	(b) 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 5 (prospective definition of		
10	regulated PFAS) is repealed.		
11	Sec. 7. 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 13 is amended to read:		
12	Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATES		
13	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024, except that:		
14	(1) Sec. 1 (chemicals in cosmetic and menstrual products), Sec. 3 (PFAS		
15	in consumer products), Sec. 6 (PFAS in firefighting agents and equipment),		
16	and Sec. 7 (chemicals of concern in food packaging) shall take effect on		
17	January 1, 2026; <u>and</u>		
18	(2) Sec. 2 (9 V.S.A. § 2494b) and Sec. 5 (9 V.S.A. § 2494e(15)) shall		
19	take effect on July 1, 2027; and		
20	(3) Sec. 4 (9 V.S.A. § 2494e(3)) shall take effect on July 1, 2028.		
21	* * * PFAS in Firefighting Agents and Equipment * * *		

1 Sec. 8. 9 V.S.A. § 2494p(2) is amended		imended to read	l:
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- 2 (2) "Intentionally added" means the addition of a chemical in a product 3 that serves an intended function in the product component. "Intentionally 4 added PFAS" means PFAS added to a product regulated under this subchapter 5 or one of its product components to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or quality or to perform a specific function. "Intentionally added 6 7 PFAS" also includes any degradation byproducts of PFAS or PFAS that are 8 intentional breakdown products of an added chemical. For the purposes of this 9 chapter the use of PFAS as a processing agent, mold release agent, or 10 intermediate is considered intentional introduction where PFAS are detected in 11 the final covered product. 12 Sec. 9. 9 V.S.A. § 2494s is amended to read:
- 13 (a) A manufacturer or other person that sells firefighting equipment to any

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purchaser at the time of sale, citing to this subchapter, if the personal protective

person, municipality, or State agency shall provide written notice to the

16 equipment or station wear contains PFAS. The written notice shall include a

17 statement that the personal protective equipment or station wear contains

18 PFAS and the reason PFAS are added to the equipment not sell, offer for sale,

distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State any personal protective

equipment to which PFAS have been intentionally added.

(b) The manufacturer or person selling personal protective equipment or
station wear and the purchaser of the personal protective equipment or station
wear shall retain the notice for at least three years from the date of the
transaction. The prohibitions under subsection (a) of this section shall not
apply to personal protective equipment that is a respirator or respirator
protection equipment, provided that a manufacturer of a respirator or respirator
protection equipment shall provide written notice to the purchaser at the time
of sale, citing to this subchapter if the respirator or respirator protection
equipment contains PFAS. The written notice shall include a statement that
the respirator or respirator protection equipment contains PFAS and the reason
PFAS are added to the equipment. The manufacturer or person selling
respirator or respirator protection equipment and the purchaser of the respirator
or respirator protection equipment shall retain the notice for at least three years
from the date of the transaction.
Sec. 10. 9 V.S.A. § 2494s is amended to read:
§ 2494s. PROHIBITED SALE OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE
EQUIPMENT CONTAINING PFAS
(a) A manufacturer or other person that sells firefighting equipment to any
person, municipality, or State agency shall not sell, offer for sale, distribute for
sale, or distribute for use in this State any personal protective equipment to
which PFAS have been intentionally added.

1	(b) The prohibitions under subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to
2	personal protective equipment that is a respirator or respirator protection
3	equipment, provided that a manufacturer of a respirator or respirator protection
4	equipment shall provide written notice to the purchaser at the time of sale,
5	citing to this subchapter if the respirator or respirator protection equipment
6	contains PFAS. The written notice shall include a statement that the respirator
7	or respirator protection equipment contains PFAS and the reason PFAS are
8	added to the equipment. The manufacturer or person selling respirator or
9	respirator protection equipment and the purchaser of the respirator or respirator
10	protection equipment shall retain the notice for at least three years from the
11	date of the transaction. [Repealed.]
12	Sec. 11. NOTICE OF PRESENCE OF PFAS IN STATION WEAR PRIOR
13	TO PROHIBITION OF PFAS IN APPAREL
14	(a) As used in this section:
15	(1) "Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "PFAS" has the
16	same meaning as in 9 V.S.A. § 2494p.
17	(2) "Station wear" means uniform shirts and pants worn by firefighting
18	personnel in the performance of their duties, often underneath personal
19	protective equipment.
20	(b) Prior to the limitation of PFAS in textile articles under 9 V.S.A. chapter
21	63, subchapter 12A beginning on July 1, 2026 under 9 V.S.A. § 2494f, a

I	manufacturer or other person that sells station wear to any person,		
2	municipality, or State agency shall provide written notice to the purchaser at		
3	the time of sale, citing to this subchapter, if the station wear contains PFAS.		
4	The written notice shall include a statement that station wear contains PFAS		
5	and the reason PFAS are added to the station wear. The manufacturer or		
6	person selling station wear and the purchaser of station wear shall retain the		
7	notice for at least three years from the date of the transaction.		
8	Sec. 12. ANR REPORT ON AVAILABILITY OF PFAS-FREE PERSONAL		
9	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT		
10	(a) As used in this section:		
11	(1) "Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "PFAS" means a		
12	class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least one fully fluorinated		
13	carbon atom.		
14	(2) "Personal protective equipment" means clothing designed, intended,		
15	or marketed to be worn by firefighting personnel in the performance of their		
16	duties, designed with the intent for use in fire and rescue activities, and		
17	includes jackets, pants, shoes, gloves, helmets, and respiratory equipment.		
18	(b) On or before December 15, 2028, the Agency of Natural Resources,		
19	after consultation with the Department of Public Safety, shall report to the		
20	Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Natural Resources and		
21	Energy and the House Committees on Human Service and on Environment		

1	regarding the availability of personal protective equipment that does not
2	include PFAS. The report shall include:
3	(1) a summary of the general availability in the State of personal
4	protective equipment that does not include PFAS, including whether
5	respirators that do not include PFAS are generally available to firefighting
6	personnel in Vermont; and
7	(2) a summary of the cost of personal protective equipment that does not
8	include PFAS, including whether the personal protective equipment that does
9	not include PFAS is available at comparable costs to personal protective
10	equipment that includes PFAS.
11	(c) The Agency of Natural Resources shall submit a copy of the report
12	required under this section to the Vermont League of Cities and Towns to
13	make available to municipal firefighting departments.
14	* * * Effective Dates * * *
15	Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATES
16	(a) This section and Secs. 4 and 5 (reports to the General Assembly), Sec.
17	11 (notice of PFAS in station wear), and Sec. 12 (availability of PFAS-free
18	personal protective equipment) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.
19	(b)(1) Sec. 1 (PFAS in consumer products) shall take effect on January 1,
20	2026, except that:

1	(A) 9 V.S.A. § 2494e(10) (definition of intentionally added) shall
2	take effect on July 1, 2027;
3	(B) 9 V.S.A. § 2494f(a)(3) (cleaning products) and (a)(5) (dental
4	floss) and 9 V.S.A. § 2494g (fluorine treated containers) shall take effect on
5	July 1, 2027; and
6	(C) 9 V.S.A. § 2494f(a)(4) (cookware) shall take effect July 1, 2028.
7	(2) Sec. 1 and this section shall supersede those provisions of 2024 Acts
8	and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 3 that conflict with the provisions of this act.
9	(c) Sec. 2 (definition of regulated PFAS) shall take effect on July 1, 2027.
10	(d) Sec. 3 (definition of outdoor apparel) shall take effect on July 1, 2028.
11	(e) Secs. 6 (repeal of Act 131 provisions) and 7 (amended Act 131 effective
12	dates) shall take effect on January 1, 2026.
13	(f) Sec. 8 (definition of intentionally added; PPE containing PFAS) shall
14	take effect January 1, 2026 and shall supersede those provisions of 2024 Acts
15	and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 6 that conflict with the provisions of this act.
16	(g) Sec. 9 (prohibition on sale of PPE containing PFAS) shall take effect on
17	July 1, 2029.
18	(h) Sec. 10 (prohibition on sale of respirators containing PFAS) shall take
19	effect on July 1, 2032.
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5	(Committee vote:)	
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7		Senator
8		FOR THE COMMITTEE