Section	As Passed Senate	As Proposed by House Transportation	Notes
1	<mark>Same</mark>	<mark>Same</mark>	• Same
2	Same	<mark>Same</mark>	● Same
3	Same Same	Same Same	• Same
4	Same	Same	• Same
<mark>5</mark>	Same Same	Same Same	• Same
<mark>6</mark>	Same	Same Same	• Same
7	Same Same	<mark>Same</mark>	• Same
8	23 V.S.A. § 608 is amended to read:	23 V.S.A. § 608 is amended to read:	House version does not include reduced license fees for
	§ 608. FEES	§ 608. FEES	recipients of SSI and SSDI.
	* * *	* * *	•
	(b) <u>Individuals receiving Supplemental Security</u>	(b) An additional fee of \$4.00 per year shall be paid for	
	Income or Social Security Disability Income and	a motorcycle endorsement. The endorsement may be	
	individuals with a disability as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4501	obtained for either a two-year or four-year period, to be	
	shall be provided with operator's licenses or operator	coincidental with the length of the operator's license.	
	privilege cards for the following fees:	(c)(1) Individuals under 23 years of age who were in	
	(1) Original issuance: \$20.00.	the care and custody of the Commissioner for Children and	
	(2) Renewal every four years: \$20.00.	Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in Vermont after	
	(3) Replacement of lost, destroyed, or mutilated	attaining 14 years of age shall be provided with operator's	
	card or a new name is required: \$10.00. (c) An additional fee of \$4.00 per year shall be paid for	licenses or operator privilege cards at no charge. (2) No additional fee shall be due for a motorcycle	
	a motorcycle endorsement. The endorsement may be	endorsement for an individual under 23 years of age who	
	obtained for either a two-year or four-year period, to be	was in the care and custody of the Commissioner for	
	coincidental with the length of the operator's license.	Children and Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in	
	(d)(1) Individuals under 23 years of age who were in	Vermont after attaining 14 years of age.	
	the care and custody of the Commissioner for Children and	vermont after attaining 14 years of age.	
	Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in Vermont after		
	attaining 14 years of age shall be provided with operator's		
	licenses or operator privilege cards at no charge.		
	(2) No additional fee shall be due for a motorcycle		
	endorsement for an individual under 23 years of age who		
	was in the care and custody of the Commissioner for		
	Children and Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in		
	Vermont after attaining 14 years of age.		
9	Same Same	<mark>Same</mark>	• Same

<mark>10</mark>	Same Same	Same	• Same
11	23 V.S.A. § 4122 is amended to read: § 4122. DEFERRING IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE; PROHIBITION ON MASKING OR DIVERSION (a) No court, State's Attorney, or law enforcement officer may utilize the provisions of 13 V.S.A. § 7041 or any other program to defer imposition of sentence or judgment if the defendant holds a commercial driver's license, commercial learner's permit, or was operating a commercial motor vehicle when the violation occurred and is charged with violating any State or local traffic law other than a parking violation.	23 V.S.A. § 4122 is amended to read: § 4122. DEFERRING IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE; PROHIBITION ON MASKING OR DIVERSION (a) No court, State's Attorney, or law enforcement officer may utilize the provisions of 13 V.S.A. § 7041 or any other program to defer imposition of sentence or judgment if the defendant holds a commercial driver's license, commercial learner's permit, or was operating a commercial motor vehicle when the violation occurred and is charged with violating any State or local traffic law other than a parking violation, vehicle weight, or vehicle defect violations. ***	 House version allows deferred imposition for vehicle weight and vehicle defect violations, in addition to parking violations. Change aligns with federal law and with provisions of H.44
12 13 14 15 16	Same Same Same Same Same Same	Same Same Same Same Same Same	 Same Same Same Same Same
17	INFORMATION REGARDING PRIVILEGE CARDS AND NONDRIVER IDENTIFICATION CARDS; INTENT It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall ensure that any individual who is unable to or does not wish to comply with the requirements of the REAL ID Act of 2005, Pub. L. No. 109-13, §§ 201-202 shall be informed of the option of obtaining an operator's privilege card pursuant to the provisions of 23 V.S.A. § 603(f) or a nondriver identification card pursuant to the provisions of 23 V.S.A. § 115.	INFORMATION REGARDING PRIVILEGE CARDS AND NONDRIVER IDENTIFICATION CARDS; INTENT It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall ensure that any individual who is unable to or does not wish to comply with the requirements of the REAL ID Act of 2005, Pub. L. No. 109-13, §§ 201 and 202 shall continue to be informed of the option of obtaining an operator's privilege card pursuant to the provisions of 23 V.S.A. § 603(f) or a nondriver identification card pursuant to the provisions of 23 V.S.A. § 115.	Minor language changes in House version.

18	OUTREACH	OUTREACH <mark>; UPDATES</mark>	House version makes wording changes and adds new
	On or before November 15, 2025, the Department of	(a) On or before November 15, 2025, the Department	subsection requiring updates on early renewal
	Motor Vehicles shall develop and implement a public	of Motor Vehicles shall develop and implement a public	provisions.
	education and outreach campaign to inform Vermont	education and outreach campaign to inform Vermont	
	residents about:	residents about:	
	(1) an individual's rights to obtain an operator's	(1) an individual's ability to obtain an operator's	
	license, privilege card, or nondriver identification card;	license, operator's privilege card, or nondriver	
	(2) an individual's rights to self-attest with respect	identification card;	
	to the gender marker on the individual's operator's license,	(2) an individual's ability under Vermont law to	
	privilege card, or nondriver identification card; and	self-attest with respect to the gender marker on the	
	(3) reduced fees that are available to individuals	individual's operator's license, operator's privilege card,	
	who meet certain requirements.	or nondriver identification card; and	
		(3) reduced fees that are available to individuals	
		who meet certain requirements.	
		(b) The Commissioner shall provide two brief, written	
		updates to the House and Senate Committees on	
		Transportation regarding the implementation and	
		utilization of 23 V.S.A. §§ 115b and 604. The first shall	
		be due not more than 30 days after the Department	
		implements the provisions of 23 V.S.A. §§ 115b and 604	
		and the second shall be due in January 2026.	
<u>19</u>	<u>Same</u>	<u>Same</u>	• Same
20	<u>Same</u>	Same Same	• Same
21	S <mark>ame</mark>	S <mark>ame</mark>	• Same
22	Same Same	<mark>Same</mark>	• Same
23	Same Same	Same	• Same
24	Same	Same	• Same
25	Same	Same	• Same
26	Same Same	Same	• Same
27	Same	Same	• Same
28	Same Same	Same	• Same
29	Same	Same	• Same
30	Same Same	Same Same	• Same
31	Same	Same	• Same

- (2) in such any space as the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may specify for location of any sticker required by governmental regulation;
- (3) in a space not over two inches high and two and one-half inches long in the upper left-hand corner of the windshield;
- (4) if the operator is a person an individual employed by the federal, State, or local government or a volunteer emergency responder operating an authorized emergency vehicle, who places any necessary equipment in back of the windshield of the vehicle, provided the equipment does not interfere with the operator's control of the driving mechanism of the vehicle;
- (5) on a motor vehicle that is for sale by a licensed automobile dealer prior to the sale of the vehicle, in a space not over three inches high and six inches long in the upper left-hand corner of the windshield, and in a space not over four inches high and 18 inches long in the upper right-hand corner of the windshield; or
- (6) if the object is a rearview mirror, or is an electronic toll-collection transponder located either between the roof line and the rearview mirror post or behind the rearview mirror; or
- (7) if the object is shading or tinting material and the visible light transmission of the motor vehicle windshield, vent window, or side window with that shading or tinting material is not less than 70 percent.
- (c) <u>Medical exemption</u>. The Commissioner may grant an exemption to the prohibition of this section upon application from <u>a person</u> <u>an individual</u> required for medical reasons to be shielded from the rays of the sun and who attaches to the application a document signed by a licensed physician or optometrist certifying that shielding from the rays of the sun is a medical necessity. The physician or optometrist certification shall be renewed

		As I assed Schate and as I assed by House	
	every four years. However, when a licensed physician or		
	optometrist has previously certified to the Commissioner		
	that an applicant's condition is both permanent and stable,		
	the exemption may be renewed by the applicant without		
	submission of a form signed by a licensed physician or		
	optometrist. Additionally, the window shading or tinting		
	permitted under this subsection shall be limited to the vent		
	windows or side windows located immediately to the left		
	and right of the operator. The exemption provided in this		
	subsection shall terminate upon the transfer of the		
	approved vehicle and at that time the applicable window		
	tinting shall be removed by the seller. Furthermore, if the		
	material described in this subsection tears or bubbles or is		
	otherwise worn to prohibit clear vision, it shall be removed		
	or replaced.		
	(d) Rear side window obstructions. The rear side		
	windows and the back window may be obstructed only if		
	the motor vehicle is equipped on each side with a securely		
	attached mirror, which that provides the operator with a		
	clear view of the roadway in the rear and on both sides of		
	the motor vehicle.		
	(e) Removal. Any shading or tinting material that is		
	painted or adhered on or over, or hung in back of, the		
	windshield, vent windows, or side windows in accordance		
	with subdivision (b)(7) or subsection (c) of this section		
	shall be removed if it tears, bubbles, or is otherwise worn		
	to prohibit clear vision.		
	(f) Definition. As used in this section, "visible light		
	transmission" means the amount of visible light that can		
	pass through shading, tinting, or glazing material applied		
	to or within the transparent portion of a window or		
	windshield of a motor vehicle.		
40/NA	LEGISLATIVE INTENT; TINTED WINDOWS	N/A	Deleted in House version
	It is the intent of the General Assembly that a motor		
	vehicle with shading or tinting material that is not allowed		

	under 23 V.S.A. § 1125, as amended by Sec. 39 of this act,		
	poses a danger to the individual operating the motor		
	vehicle, any passengers in the motor vehicle, and other		
	highway users and that such a motor vehicle shall fail the		
	annual safety inspection required under 23 V.S.A. § 1222.		
41/NA	RULEMAKING; PERIODIC INSPECTION MANUAL;	N/A	Deleted in House version
	TINTED		
	WINDOWS; OUTREACH		
	(a) The Department of Motor Vehicles shall, unless		
	extended by the Legislative Committee on Administrative		
	Rules, adopt amendments to Department of Motor		
	Vehicles, Inspection of Motor Vehicles (CVR 14-050-022)		
	consistent with the legislative intent in Sec. 40 of this act		
	to be effective not later than July 1, 2026. The		
	amendments shall include the level of visible light		
	transmission required for windshields and the windows to		
	the immediate right and left of the driver as of the effective		
	date of the amendments.		
	(b) The Department of Motor Vehicles, in consultation		
	with the Department of Public Safety, shall implement a		
	public outreach campaign on window tinting to provide		
	information on the prohibitions and exceptions under 23		
	V.S.A. § 1125, as amended by Sec. 39 of this act, and the		
	requirements of the Inspection of Motor Vehicles (CVR		
	14-050-022), with amendments adopted under the		
	Administrative Procedure Act consistent with subsection		
	(a) of this section, including what level of visible light		
	transmission is currently required for windshields and the		
	windows to the immediate right and left of the driver. The		
	Department of Motor Vehicles shall start to disseminate		
	information as required under this subsection not later than		
	two months prior to the effective date of Sec. 39 of this act		
	and shall disseminate information on window tinting		
	through email, bulletins, software updates, and the		
	Department of Motor Vehicles' website.		

42/38	S <mark>ame</mark>	Same	• Same
43/39	MOTOR VEHICLES; PURCHASE AND USE TAX;	MOTOR VEHICLE PURCHASE AND USE TAX;	Senate proposes study committee to examine issues
	INSPECTIONS; STUDY COMMITTEE; REPORT	INSPECTIONS; REPORT	related to purchase and use tax and inspections
	(a) Creation. There is created the Purchase and Use	(a) On or before January 31, 2026, the Commissioner	House proposes report regarding issues related to
	Motor Vehicle Tax and Inspections Study Committee to	of Motor Vehicles shall submit a written report to the	purchase and use tax and inspections
	examine the assessment of purchase and use tax on motor	House Committees on Transportation and on Ways and	
	vehicles and the inspection of motor vehicles whose	Means and the Senate Committees on Finance and on	
	onboard diagnostic malfunction indicator light is on.	<u>Transportation regarding the process for determining the</u>	
	(b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of	taxable cost of a used motor vehicle for purposes of the	
	the following members:	purchase and use tax and the impact of annual motor	
	(1) the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles or	vehicle safety and emissions inspections on Vermonters.	
	designee;	(b) The report shall include, at a minimum, the	
	(2) a member, appointed by the Vermont Vehicle	<u>following:</u>	
	and Automotive Distributors Association or designee;	(1) the number of persons during calendar years	
	(3) a member, appointed by the Vermont Insurance	2024 and 2025 who utilized the dealer appraisal process	
	Agents Association; and	for determining the taxable cost of a used motor vehicle	
	(4) a member, appointed by the Vermont	for purposes of the purchase and use tax;	
	Community Action Partnership.	(2) the age and type of vehicles for which the dealer	
	(c) Powers and duties. The Committee shall study the	appraisal process was utilized during calendar years 2024	
	assessment of purchase and use tax on motor vehicles and	and 2025;	
	the inspection of motor vehicles whose onboard diagnostic	(3) the difference between the clean trade-in value	
	malfunction indicator light is on, including the following	and the appraised value of vehicles for which the dealer	
	issues:	appraisal process was utilized during calendar years 2024	
	(1) the potential fiscal impact to the State of	and 2025;	
	assessing the purchase and use tax against the amount that	(4) the number of appeals of the taxable cost of a	
	a used vehicle was purchased for, rather than the clean	motor vehicle that were filed in calendar years 2024 and	
	trade-in value of the vehicle;	2025;	
	(2) the potential for assessing the purchase and use	(5) the number appeals that resulted in a revision of	
	tax against the amount that a used vehicle was purchased	the taxable cost and the difference between the originally	
	for, if the difference between the purchase price and the	assessed taxable cost and the revised taxable cost following the appeal;	
	clean trade-in value of the vehicle is equal to or less than		
	the cost of repairs necessary for the vehicle to pass	(6) a summary of issues identified by persons	
	inspection pursuant to 23 V.S.A. § 1222; (3) the assessment of the purchase and use tax on	contacting the Department pursuant to subsection (c) of this section;	
	vehicles that were purchased and first registered in another	uns section,	
	venicies that were purchased and first registered in another		

- state prior to the vehicle owner moving to Vermont and registering the vehicle in Vermont, including any potential impacts that the current manner in which the purchase and use tax is assessed on such vehicles may have on vehicle owners' decisions to move to Vermont or register their vehicles in Vermont, or both;
- (4) potential changes to the statutes and rules governing the purchase and use tax that could mitigate any negative impacts on vehicle owners' decisions to relocate to Vermont or register their vehicles in Vermont, or both, that are identified pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection; and
- (5) potential modifications to the periodic inspection manual to permit vehicles whose onboard diagnostic malfunction indicator light is illuminated to pass inspection pursuant to 23 V.S.A. § 1222 if the issue causing the indicator light to illuminate does not affect the safety of the vehicle with respect to the operator, any passengers, or any other vehicles.
- (d) Assistance. The Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- (e) Report. On or before January 15, 2026, the Committee shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.
 - (f) Meetings.
- (1) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles or designee shall call the first meeting of the Committee to occur on or before September 1, 2025.
- (2) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles or designee shall be the Chair.
- (3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

- (7) a summary of funding and other assistance related to annual motor vehicle safety and emissions inspections that is available to Vermonters with lower income;
- (8) an examination of the potential approaches to reduce the financial burden of annual motor vehicle safety and emissions inspections on Vermonters, including the potential to reduce the frequency of inspections to every two years; and
- (9) any recommendations for legislative action.
 (c)(1) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall establish an email address or other electronic means, or both, for Vermonters to contact the Department of Motor Vehicles regarding concerns with the motor vehicle purchase and use tax process.
- (2) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall establish an email address or other electronic means, or both, for Vermonters to contact the Department of Motor Vehicles regarding the affordability of the annual motor vehicle inspection process and suggestions for reducing the financial impact of the inspection process on Vermonters.
- (3) The Commissioner shall conduct outreach at Department locations, on the Department's website, and through motor vehicle dealers to make the public aware of the opportunity to contact the Department pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.

	(4) The Committee shall cease to exist on January		
	30, 2026.		
	(g) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the		
	Committee who are not otherwise compensated for their		
	attendance at meetings shall be entitled to per diem		
	compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted		
	under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than four meetings.		
	These payments shall be made from monies appropriated		
	to Department of Motor Vehicles.		
NA/40	N/A	23 V.S.A. § 1139 is amended to read:	Added by House
		§ 1139. RIDING ON ROADWAYS AND BICYCLE	
		PATHS	
		(a) A person Due care and riding on the right. An	
		individual operating a bicycle upon a roadway shall	
		exercise due care when passing a standing vehicle or one	
		proceeding in the same direction. Bicyclists generally	
		shall ride as near to the right side of the improved area of	
		the highway right-of-way as is safe, except that a bicyclist:	

		(b) Persons riding Riding two abreast. Individuals	
		operating bicycles upon a roadway may shall not ride more	
		than two abreast except on paths or parts of roadways set	
		aside for the exclusive use of bicycles or except as	
		otherwise permitted by the Commissioner of Public Safety	
		in connection with a public sporting event in which case	
		the Commissioner shall be authorized to adopt such rules	
		as the public good requires. Persons Individuals riding	
		two abreast shall not impede the normal and reasonable	
		movement of traffic and, on a laned roadway, shall ride	
		within a single lane.	
		(c) Obedience to traffic-control devices and traffic-	
		control signals. An individual operating a bicycle shall	
		follow all traffic-control devices and traffic-control signals	
		governing motor vehicles except that an individual	
		operating a bicycle who is facing a "walk" signal, as	

		Tis I assed Senate and as I assed by House	
		defined in section 1023 of this chapter, may make a turn or	
		proceed across the roadway or intersection in the direction	
		of the signal but shall yield the right of way to any vehicles	
		or pedestrians in the roadway or intersection.	
		(d) Riding on a partially controlled access highway.	
		Bicycles may be operated on the shoulders of partially	
		controlled access highways, which are those highways	
		where access is controlled by public authority but where	
		there are some connections with selected public highways,	
		some crossings at grade, and some private driveway	
		connections. The Traffic Committee may determine that	
		any portion of these highways is unsafe and therefore	
		closed to bicycle operation.	
NA/41	N/A	23 V.S.A. § 1139a is added to read:	Added by House
		§ 1139a. BICYCLE CONTROL SIGNALS	
		(a) Bicycles shall obey bicycle-control signals. An	
		individual operating a bicycle shall obey the instructions of	
		a bicycle-control signal, if present, instead of any traffic-	
		control signal for motor vehicles.	
		(b) Bicycle-control signal legend.	
		(1) Green bicycle signal.	
		(A) An individual operating a bicycle facing a	
		green bicycle signal may proceed straight through the	
		intersection or turn right or left unless a sign prohibits such	
		a turn, provided that:	
		(i) the individual operating the bicycle will	
		not be in conflict with any simultaneous motor vehicle	
		movements at that location; or	
		(ii) the bicycle movement at that location is	
		not modified by lane-use signs, turn-prohibition signs,	
		pavement markings, separate turn signal indications, or	
		other traffic-control devices.	
		(B) An individual operating a bicycle pursuant to	
		a green bicycle signal, including when turning right and	
		left, shall yield the right-of-way to other individuals	

Short Side-by-Side Comparison of S.123:	
As Passed Senate and as Passed by House	

- operating bicycles and pedestrians that are in the intersection when the signal is exhibited.
- (2) Steady yellow bicycle signal. An individual operating a bicycle facing a steady yellow bicycle signal is warned that the steady green signal is being terminated and that the red signal will be exhibited immediately following the steady yellow signal, at which time bicycle traffic traveling in that direction shall not enter the intersection.
 - (3) Steady red bicycle signal.
- (A) An individual operating a bicycle facing a steady red bicycle signal alone shall stop at a clearly marked stop line, or if there is none, shall stop before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection.
- (B) Except when a sign is in place prohibiting a turn, an individual operating a bicycle facing a steady red bicycle signal may:
- (i) cautiously enter the intersection to turn right; or
- (ii) after stopping as required pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (b)(3), turn left from a one-way street onto a one-way street.
- (C) An individual making a turn pursuant to subdivision (B) of this subdivision (b)(3) shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and other vehicles that are in the intersection.
- (D) An individual operating a bicycle shall not turn right when facing a red arrow signal unless a sign permitting such a turn is present.
- (E) An individual operating a bicycle to the left of adjacent motor vehicle traffic approaching the same intersection shall be prohibited from turning right when facing a steady red bicycle signal and an individual operating a bicycle to the right of adjacent motor vehicle traffic approaching the same intersection shall be

		prohibited from turning left when facing a steady red	
		bicycle signal.	
NIA /42	DT/A		A 11 11 TT
NA/42	N/A	BICYCLE OPERATION AT STOP SIGNS AND	Added by House
		SIGNALS; EDUCATION; OUTREACH	
		On or before April 1, 2026, the Commissioners of	
		Motor Vehicles and of Public Safety, in consultation with	
		stakeholders representing bicyclists, pedestrians,	
		municipalities, and law enforcement agencies, shall	
		develop education and outreach materials to inform	
		vehicle operators, law enforcement officers,	
		municipalities, and members of the public regarding the	
		laws governing to the operation of bicycles on roadways,	
		including at signalized intersections. The materials shall	
		include both written and graphical materials explaining	
		permitted bicycle operations and requirements for the	
		operation of motor vehicles in relation to bicycles,	
		including safe passing distance requirements.	
NA/43	N/A	FINDINGS; INTENT; LEGAL TRAILS	Added by House
11111	1 1 / / / 1	Thibhids, michi, Legal mails	Added by House
1111110	17/1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• Added by House
141,40		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the	• Added by House
1111/13		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following:	• Added by House
1111110		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of	• Added by House
1411		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy.	• Added by House
		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy. (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with	• Added by House
		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy. (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with access to natural beauty throughout the State and are used	• Added by House
		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy. (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with access to natural beauty throughout the State and are used for a wide variety of outdoor recreational activities	• Added by House
		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy. (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with access to natural beauty throughout the State and are used for a wide variety of outdoor recreational activities throughout the year.	• Added by House
		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy. (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with access to natural beauty throughout the State and are used for a wide variety of outdoor recreational activities throughout the year. (3) Some trails are also used by Vermonters for	• Added by House
		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy. (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with access to natural beauty throughout the State and are used for a wide variety of outdoor recreational activities throughout the year. (3) Some trails are also used by Vermonters for travel or to access their homes and properties.	• Added by House
		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy. (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with access to natural beauty throughout the State and are used for a wide variety of outdoor recreational activities throughout the year. (3) Some trails are also used by Vermonters for travel or to access their homes and properties. (4) The State and municipalities use some trails to	• Added by House
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		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy. (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with access to natural beauty throughout the State and are used for a wide variety of outdoor recreational activities throughout the year. (3) Some trails are also used by Vermonters for travel or to access their homes and properties. (4) The State and municipalities use some trails to provide maintenance to State and municipal lands and facilities, as well as to provide public safety and rescue	• Added by House
		(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following: (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy. (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with access to natural beauty throughout the State and are used for a wide variety of outdoor recreational activities throughout the year. (3) Some trails are also used by Vermonters for travel or to access their homes and properties. (4) The State and municipalities use some trails to provide maintenance to State and municipal lands and facilities, as well as to provide public safety and rescue services.	• Added by House
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support recreation, travel, access, and various public services. (6) While many trails in Vermont have been established through private easements to other agreements, a subset of trails, known as legal trails, lie along public rights-of-way that were once town highways and are governed by the provisions of 19 V.S.A. chapter 3. (b) Intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly to clarify municipalities almority to exclusively or cooperatively maintain legal trails under the provisions of 19 V.S.A. chapter 3 is amended to read: CHAPTER 3. TOWN HIGHWAYS \$ 301. DEFINITIONS As used in this chapter: *** (2) "Legislative body" includes-boards of selectmen, addermen, and village trustees means a legislative body as defined in 24 V.S.A. \$ 2001. (3) "Selectmen" includes village trustees means a legislative body as defined in 24 V.S.A. \$ 2001. *** (8)(A) "Trail" means a public right-of-way that is not a highway and that: (a) municipalities have faustherity to exclusively or cooperatively maintain, and (A)(ii)(I) previously was a designated town highway, or a lesser width if so designated town highway, or a lesser width if so designated (or HALD) a new public right-of-way alidout as a trail by the selectment legislative body for the purpose of providing access to abutting properties or for recreational use.			As I assed Schate and as I assed by House	
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(B) Nothing in this section subdivision (8) shall be deemed to independently authorize the condemnation of land for recreational purposes or to affect the authority of selectmen legislative bodies to reasonably regulate the uses of recreational trails.

§ 302. CLASSIFICATION OF TOWN HIGHWAYS

(a) For the purposes of this section and receiving State aid, all town highways shall be categorized into one or another of the following classes:

* * :

- (2) Class 2 town highways are those town highways selected as the most important highways in each town. As far as practicable, they shall be selected with the purposes of securing trunk lines of improved highways from town to town and to places that by their nature have more than normal amount of traffic. The selectmen legislative body, with the approval of the Agency, shall determine which highways are to be class 2 highways.
 - (3) Class 3 town highways:
- (A) Class 3 town highways are all traveled town highways other than class 1 or 2 highways. The selectmen legislative body, after conference with a representative of the Agency, shall determine which highways are class 3 town highways.

* * *

(5) Trails shall not be considered highways and the town. A municipality shall have the authority to maintain trails but shall not be responsible for any maintenance, including culverts and bridges.

* * :

§ 303. TOWN HIGHWAY CONTROL

Town highways shall be under the general supervision and control of the selectmen legislative body of the town where the roads are located. Selectmen The legislative body of a town shall supervise all expenditures.

		§ 304. DUTIES OF SELECTBOARD (a) It shall be the duty and responsibility of the selectboard of the town to, or acting as a board, it shall	
		have the authority to: * * *	
		(16) Unless the town electorate votes otherwise,	
		under the provisions of 17 V.S.A. § 2646, appoint a road	
		commissioner, or remove him or her the road	
		commissioner from office, pursuant to 17 V.S.A. § 2651.	
		Road commissioners, elected or appointed, shall have only	
		the powers and authority regarding highways granted to	
		them by the selectboard.	
		* * *	
		(24) Maintain trails, but shall not be required to	
		maintain trails.	
		* * *	
44/45	EFFECTIVE DATES	EFFECTIVE DATES	Senate includes delayed effective date for window
	(a) Secs. 39 and 40 shall take effect on July 1, 2026.	(a) This section and Secs. 15 and 16 (early renewal of	tinting provisions, which do not appear in House
	(b) This section and the remaining sections of this act	operator's licenses, operator's privilege cards, and	proposal.
	shall take effect on July 1, 2025.	nondriver identification) shall take effect on passage.	House includes effective date on passage for early
		(b) The remaining sections shall take effect on July 1,	renewal of license and ID (Senate effective date for
		<u>2025.</u>	those sections is July 1)