

When a law enforcement officer takes a person into custody because of an extraditable arrest warrant and that person has a previously signed waiver of extradition from the demanding state, the arresting officer may submit to the court, in lieu of the requirements of 13 V.S.A. §§ 4953 and 594, a sworn written statement, with supporting documentation, alleging that: the person has broken the terms of the person's probation, parole, bail, or any other release from a demanding state; the demanding state has issued an extraditable arrest warrant for the person; and the person has a signed waiver of extradition.