The Budget Adjustment

House Health Care Committee
Emily Byrne, Deputy Fiscal Officer, Joint Fiscal Office
January 21, 2025



Adjusting the Budget

An overview of the Budget Adjustment process



The Budget Building Timeline

August 31, 2023 January 23, 2024 The Governor May 23, 2024 released the fiscal The Governor year 2025 budget presented the fiscal The Governor instructions to year 2025 budget to signed the fiscal Agencies and the General year 2025 budget **Departments** Assembly into law



The State Budget

• It's been 18 months since the fiscal year 2025 budget process started





A Budget is a Plan

- A budget is how the State plans to spend the revenues it estimates it will be available in a fiscal year
- A lot of assumptions are made to help craft that help inform the plan





Things Change – Revenue



- The Emergency Board met on July 31, 2024 and adopted a new revenue forecast for the General Fund, resulting in an approximately \$172.0 million in additional forecasted revenue in fiscal year 2025
- The Emergency Board will meet again on January 22 and adopt yet another revenue forecast for fiscal year 2025
- The Emergency Board also adopts forecasts for the Transportation Fund and the Education Fund
- More experience with Special Fund receipts



GNO Not sure what this means

Grady Nixon, 2025-01-14T05:01:32.015

Things Change – Expenses

- The budget was built assuming certain things:
 - Caseload/enrollment in benefit programs
 - How much it is going to snow
 - How Vermonters will utilize government services
 - Whether or not there will be a flood
 - What is going to happen in the economy
 - The price of gas
 - The cost of State employee benefits
 - The rate of inflation
 - The list goes on...



Things Change – Expenses

 The assumptions and estimates used to build the budget are typically wrong:

- More or fewer people enrolled in programs
- It snowed more or less than we thought it would
- More or fewer Vermonters utilized services
- There was a flood
- Something happened in the economy
- The price of gas was different than was assumed
- Employee health care costs went up more or less than anticipated
- The rate of inflation was different than was assumed
- The list goes on...



Other Issues You Might Hear About in the Budget Adjustment

- Receipts aren't meeting projections
- Cost per case is increasing/decreasing
- Projections were not met
- Unable to hire staff
- Projects started late
- Savings weren't realized
- RFP came in higher/lower than anticipated
- Net neutral transactions appropriations made in the wrong place
- SLA agreement changed
- Vacancy savings weren't realized



Enter the Budget Adjustment Act

Frequently referred to as the "BAA"



The Budget Adjustment Act

No. 87. An act related to fiscal year 2024 budget adjustments.



- A mid-fiscal year opportunity to make updates to the current fiscal year budget
- A chance to both appropriate unforeseen revenue and address unplanned expenses

The Budget Adjustment

- Meant to be a technical adjustment to appropriations based on new information
- Does not change the Base Budget
- Incorporating changes outlined in the Letter of Intent
 - The budget is not always perfect
 - The Appropriations Chairs will issue a Letter of Intent to address issues and provide additional guidance to the Administration
- FY 2024 Letter of Intent
- FY 2024 Addendum to the Letter of Intent



Timeline

- The Budget Adjustment is typically presented early in the legislative session because it impacts the current fiscal year budget
- Typically, one of the first bills the General Assembly passes
- Note, it is not the last time that the General Assembly can adjust the current fiscal year budget
 - The "C" Sections of the Appropriations Act make further changes to the current year budget think "C" for "current year"

