

FORESTS, PARKS & RECREATION VERMONT



FOREST MANAGEMENT ON STATE LANDS

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WELCOME

OUTLINE

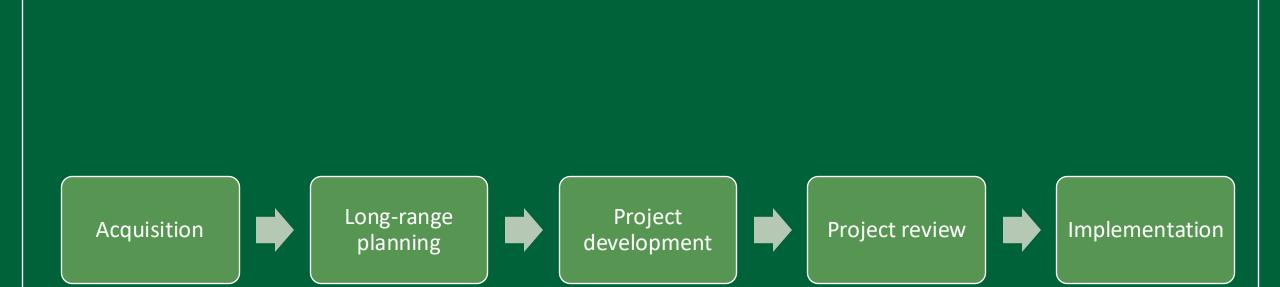


- What is the Division of Forests State Lands Program
- What are state lands?
- What type of forest management happens on state lands?
- How do we plan for state land forest management?
- What else are we managing on state lands?



FROM PARCEL TO IMPLEMENTATION ON STATE LANDS







WHAT IS THE DIVISION OF FORESTS STATE LANDS PROGRAM?

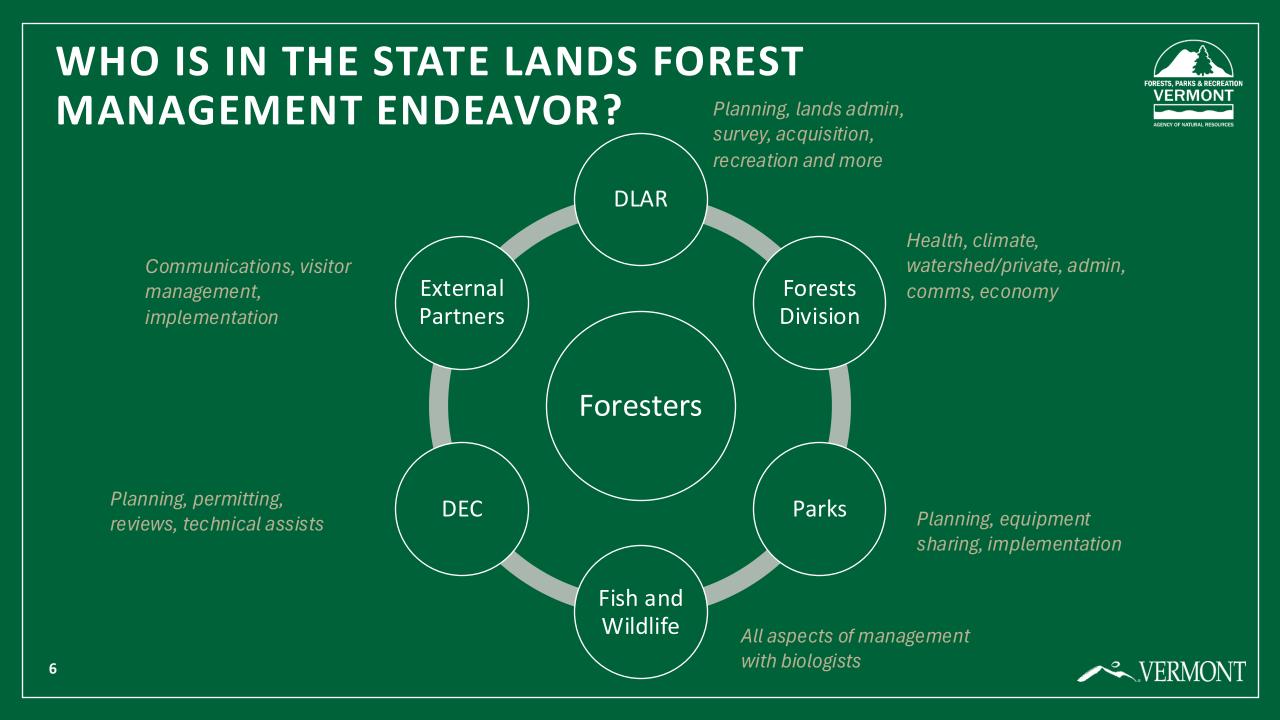
WHO IS IN THE DIVISION OF FORESTS STATE LANDS PROGRAM?



- 1 State Lands Manager
- 5 Stewardship Foresters
- 10 State Lands Foresters
- 3 Outdoor Recreation Specialists
- 15 seasonal staff including Forestry Specialists, Trail Coordinators, Roving Ranger, Trail Crew Members







WHAT ARE STATE LANDS?

AGENCY LAND OWNERSHIP

FORESTS, PARKS & RECREATION VERMONT

• Forests, Parks and Recreation (239,000 ac)

- State Forests (185,000 ac)
- State Parks (54,000 ac)
- Fish and Wildlife (135,000+ ac)
 - Wildlife Management Areas
 - Riparian Management Areas
- Environmental Conservation
 - DEC-owned dam lands





WHAT ASSETS ARE ON ANR STATE LANDS?

- 2200 miles of externally facing boundary
- 900 miles of roads
- 590 miles of trail
- Examples of 93 out of 97 natural communities in the State













WHAT TYPE OF FOREST MANAGEMENT HAPPENS ON STATE LANDS?

WHAT IS "ACTIVE FOREST MANAGEMENT"?



- Timber harvests
- Invasive plant treatment
- Promoting wildlife features like foodproducing trees
- Open field maintenance
- Non-timber stand management





WHY CONDUCT TIMBER HARVESTS ON STATE LAND?

- Timber harvests can be an effective method to:
 - Restore and accelerate recovery from past land clearing
 - Address human-introduced threats to forests
 - Accelerate accumulation of old forest characteristics
 - Enhance and maintain forest health and resilience
 - Sustainably produce forest products
 - Create, maintain and enhance wildlife habitats
- May be most affordable tool to accomplish these at scale
- Provide local wood products Vermonters can be proud of

Revenue never drives the proposal of a timber harvest on state lands





MANAGING FOR CLIMATE RESILIENCE



- Retain woody debris in active management areas
- Match harvesting equipment to the site
- Improve road infrastructure
- Improve forest structure and age diversity
- Manage against non-native plants, pests and pathogens





SNAPSHOT OF FOREST MANAGEMENT IN THE LAST FIVE YEARS

- 27 sales offered
- Average 200 acres of harvest per year
- Average revenue of \$148,000 per year
- 3 climate change adaptation research sites installed
- Over 200 non-commercial projects including
 - Hazard tree removal
 - Timber stand improvement
 - Mast tree release
 - Field and roadside mowing





HOW DO WE PLAN FOR STATE LAND FOREST MANAGEMENT?



WHY DO LONG-RANGE MANAGEMENT PLANS (LRMPS)?



- Landscape-scale resource planning
- Balance multiple uses
- Understand public desires and opinion
- Provide opportunities that the public seeks consistent with missions and policies
- Establish continuity across staff

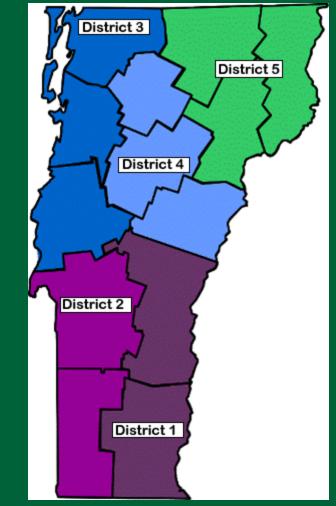




DISTRICT STEWARDSHIP TEAMS

• District Stewardship Teams

- 10-12 natural resource experts representing the three departments
 - Wildlife biologists, foresters, recreation specialists, ecologists, watershed planner, fisheries biologist
- Responsibilities:
 - Develop management plans
 - Manage ANR-owned land
 - Respond to proposals for use of state lands
 - Evaluate proposed acquisitions



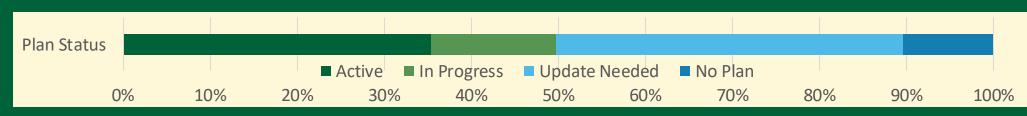




DEVELOPING AN LRMP

Resource assessments Public scoping Draft management plan Public comment **Evaluate comments Revised management plan** Signature by Agency leadership







LAND MANAGEMENT CLASSIFICATIONS

<u>Highly Sensitive Management</u> **UNCOMMON** or **OUTSTANDING** resources Protection of those resources is the *primar*

Protection of those resources is the *primary* management consideration

Special Management

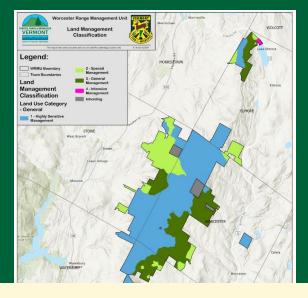
UNIQUE or **SPECIAL** resources Protection or enhancement is an *important* management consideration

General Management

Areas that can support a variety of uses Focus on sustainable use of resources and minimizing conflicts

Intensive Management

Areas characterized by high levels of human activity







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/ERMON[·]

GOALS OF FOREST MANAGEMENT IN LRMPS

- Promoting healthy, diverse forests
- Addressing climate change
- Managing invasive plants, pests and diseases
- Providing forest products
- Supporting diverse plant and wildlife habitat







ANNUAL STEWARDSHIP PLANS



- What, where and how of the upcoming year of work on State Lands
- Reviewed and approved by:
 - District Stewardship Teams
 - ANR Lands Team
 - Permitting and resource experts





TIMBER HARVEST REVIEW STEPS



Detailed resource inventory and review





Pre-sale inventory

Ecological review



Bat review

Prescription development and approval



Historic Resources Review



Other reviews

Prospectus development and approval

Species and volumes

Operational requirements

Deductions





EXECUTING A TIMBER HARVEST



- Showing and award of contract
- Oversight of operations
- Closeout and reporting
- Reinvestment of revenue



Treating phragmites at Alburgh Dunes

26



Restoring steps at fire tower





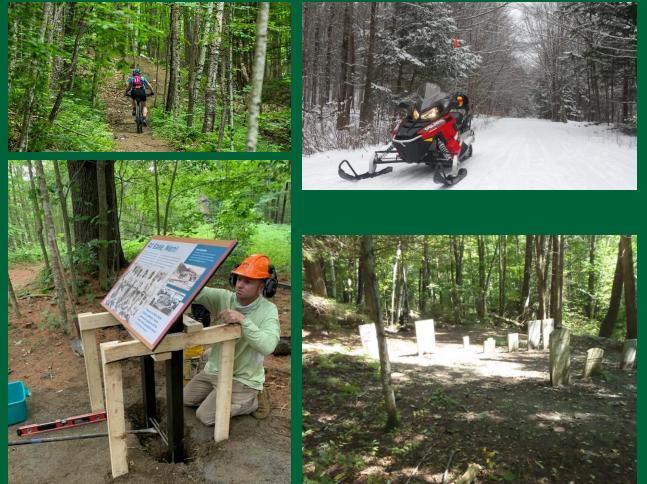


WHAT ELSE ARE WE MANAGING ON STATE LANDS?

RECREATION AND HISTORIC FEATURES



- A range of recreation across seasons
- Maintaining existing resources and responding to requests
- Securing and documenting history



590 miles of non-motorized trail -- 470 miles of VAST trail -- 37 shelters -- 8 fire towers



WATER QUALITY AND WILDLIFE HABITAT

- Creating and maintaining wildlife habitat
- Restoring stream corridors







Maintained openings and mast tree areas – Strategic Woody Addition sites



ROADS AND PARKING AREAS



- Maintaining access for the public and land managers
- Upgrading roads to reduce water pollution
- Providing parking for people accessing state lands









THANK YOU