Journal of the Senate

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 2025

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Devotional Exercises

Devotional exercises were conducted by the Reverend Ellen Ravelin of Winooski.

Message from the House No. 27

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Courtney Reckord, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has passed House bills of the following titles:

- **H. 1.** An act relating to accepting and referring complaints by the State Ethics Commission.
 - H. 206. An act relating to the Uniform Commercial Code.
- **H. 238.** An act relating to the phaseout of consumer products containing added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
 - **H. 458.** An act relating to the Agency of Digital Services.

In the passage of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Bills Referred to the Committee on Appropriations

Senate bills of the following titles, appearing on the Calendar for notice, and carrying an appropriation or requiring the expenditure of funds, under the rule were severally referred to the Committee on Appropriations:

- **S. 18.** An act relating to licensure of freestanding birth centers.
- **S. 53.** An act relating to certification of community-based perinatal doulas and Medicaid coverage for doula services.
 - **S. 122.** An act relating to economic and workforce development.
- **S. 123.** An act relating to miscellaneous changes to laws related to motor vehicles.

Bill Introduced

Senate bill of the following title was introduced, read the first time and referred:

S. 128.

By Senators Vyhovsky and White,

An act relating to eliminating certain exemptions from the minimum wage and overtime, including the tipped minimum wage; increasing the minimum wage; and requiring that inmates receive the minimum wage for work performed.

To the Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

Bills Referred

House bills of the following titles were severally read the first time and referred:

H. 1.

An act relating to accepting and referring complaints by the State Ethics Commission.

To the Committee on Government Operations.

H. 206.

An act relating to the Uniform Commercial Code.

To the Committee on Finance.

H. 238.

An act relating to the phaseout of consumer products containing added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.

To the Committee on Health and Welfare.

H. 458.

An act relating to the Agency of Digital Services.

To the Committee on Institutions.

Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

S. 59.

Senator Hart, for the Committee on Government Operations, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to amendments to Vermont's Open Meeting Law.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 1 V.S.A. § 310 is amended to read:

§ 310. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

* * *

- (9) "Undue hardship" means an action required to achieve compliance would require requiring significant difficulty or expense to the unit of government to which a public body belongs, considered in light of factors including the overall size of the entity, sufficient the availability of necessary personnel and staffing availability staff, the entity's budget available resources, and the costs associated with compliance.
- Sec. 2. 1 V.S.A. § 312 is amended to read:

§ 312. RIGHT TO ATTEND MEETINGS OF PUBLIC AGENCIES

(a)(1) All meetings of a public body are declared to be open to the public at all times, except as provided in section 313 of this title. No resolution, rule, regulation, appointment, or formal action shall be considered binding except as taken or made at such open meeting, except as provided under subdivision 313(a)(2) of this title. A meeting of a public body is subject to the public accommodation requirements of 9 V.S.A. chapter 139. A public body shall electronically record all public hearings held to provide a forum for public comment on a proposed rule, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 840. The public shall have access to copies of such electronic recordings as described in section 316 of this title.

* * *

- (3)(A) State nonadvisory public bodies; hybrid meeting requirement; exception for advisory bodies. Any public body of the State, except advisory bodies, shall:
- (A)(i) hold all regular and special meetings in a hybrid fashion, which shall include both a designated physical meeting location and a designated electronic meeting platform;
 - (B)(ii) electronically record all meetings; and
- (C)(iii) for a minimum of 30 days following the approval and posting of the official minutes for a meeting, retain the audiovisual recording and post the recording in a designated electronic location.

(B) Exception; site inspections and field visits. This subdivision (3) shall not apply to gatherings of a public body for purposes of a site inspection or field visit.

* * *

- (5) State nonadvisory public bodies; State and local advisory bodies; designating electronic platforms. State nonadvisory A public bodies body meeting in a hybrid fashion pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection and State and local advisory bodies meeting without a physical meeting location or advisory body meeting pursuant to subdivision (4) of this subsection shall designate and use an electronic platform that allows the direct access, attendance, and participation of the public, including access by telephone. The public body shall post information that enables the public to directly access the designated electronic platform and include this information in the published agenda or public notice for the meeting.
 - (6) Local nonadvisory public bodies; meeting recordings.
- (A) A public body of a municipality or political subdivision, except advisory bodies, shall record, in audio or video form, any meeting of the public body and post a copy of the recording in a designated electronic location for a minimum of 30 days following the approval and posting of the official minutes for a meeting.
- (B) A municipality is exempt from subdivision (A) of this subdivision (6) if compliance would impose an undue hardship on the municipality.
- (C) A municipality shall have the burden of proving that compliance under this section would impose an undue hardship on the municipality.

* * *

(d)(1) At least 48 hours prior to a regular meeting, and at least 24 hours prior to a special meeting, a meeting agenda shall be:

* * *

- (3) A meeting agenda shall contain sufficient details concerning the specific matters to be discussed by the public body. For any meeting that may include an executive session, the meeting agenda shall state that the meeting includes a "proposed executive session."
- (4)(A) Any addition to or deletion from the agenda shall be made as the first act of business at the meeting.

* * *

Sec. 3. 1 V.S.A. § 313 is amended to read:

§ 313. EXECUTIVE SESSIONS

(a) No public body may hold <u>or conclude</u> an executive session from which the public is excluded, except by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of its members present in the case of any public body of State government or of a majority of its members present in the case of any public body of a municipality or other political subdivision. A motion to go into executive session shall indicate the nature of the business of the executive session, and no other matter may be considered in the executive session. Such <u>The</u> vote to <u>enter executive session</u> shall be taken in the course of an open meeting and the result of the vote recorded in the minutes. No formal or binding action shall be taken in executive session except for actions relating to the securing of real estate options under subdivision (2) of this subsection. Minutes of an executive session need not be taken, but if they are, the minutes shall, notwithstanding subsection 312(b) of this title, be exempt from public copying and inspection under the Public Records Act. A public body may not hold an executive session except to consider one or more of the following:

* * *

- (10) security or emergency response measures, the disclosure of which could jeopardize public safety; or
 - (11) information relating to the interest rates for publicly financed loans.

* * *

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Bills Passed

Senate bills of the following titles were severally read the third time and passed:

- **S. 45.** An act relating to protection from nuisance suits for agricultural activities.
- **S. 66.** An act relating to motor vehicle noise, exhaust modifications, and engine compression brakes.
 - **S. 87.** An act relating to extradition procedures.

Committee Resolution; Third Reading Ordered S.R. 10.

Senate resolution entitled:

Senate resolution relating to the disapproval of Executive Order 01-25.

Having appeared on the Calendar for notice for one day, was taken up.

Thereupon, the Senate Resolution was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and third reading of the Senate Resolution was ordered.

Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered S. 23.

Senator Collamore, for the Committee on Government Operations, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to the use of synthetic media in elections.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 17 V.S.A. chapter 35, subchapter 4 is added to read:

Subchapter 4. Use of Synthetic Media in Elections

§ 2031. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

- (1) "Deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media" means synthetic media that creates a representation of an individual or individuals with the intent to injure the reputation of a candidate, to influence the outcome of an election, or to otherwise deceive a voter, in a manner that:
- (A) appears to a reasonable person to be an authentic recording of an individual saying or doing something that did not occur; or
- (B) provides a reasonable person with a fundamentally different understanding or impression of the appearance, speech, conduct, or environment that a reasonable person would have from an unaltered and original version of the image, audio recording, or video recording.
- (2) "Synthetic media" means an image, an audio recording, or a video recording of an individual's appearance, speech, conduct, or environment that has been created or intentionally manipulated with the use of digital technology, including artificial intelligence, in a manner that creates a realistic but false representation of the candidate.

§ 2032. DISCLOSURE OF A DECEPTIVE AND FRAUDULENT SYNTHETIC MEDIA

- (a) Disclosure. A person shall not, within 90 days before an election at which a candidate for elective office will appear on the ballot, publish, communicate, or otherwise distribute a synthetic media message that the person knows or should have known is a deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media of a candidate on the ballot, unless the person includes a disclosure in the synthetic media stating: "This media has been created or intentionally manipulated by digital technology or artificial intelligence."
- (1) For deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media consisting of images and video recordings, the text of the disclosure shall appear in a size that is easily readable by the average viewer and not smaller than the largest font size of other text appearing in the visual media. If the image or video recording does not include any other text, the disclosure shall appear in a size that is easily readable by the average viewer. For video recordings, the disclosure shall appear for the full duration of the video recording.
- (2) For deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media consisting of audio recordings only, the disclosure shall be read in a clearly spoken manner and in a pitch and pace that can be easily heard by the average listener, at the beginning of the audio recording, at the end of the audio recording, and, if the audio is greater than two minutes in length, interspersed within the audio recording at intervals of not greater than two minutes each.
 - (b) Exceptions. Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to:
- (1) a radio or television broadcasting station, including a cable or satellite television operator, programmer, or producer, or to a website, streaming platform, or mobile application, that:
- (A) broadcasts deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media as part of a bona fide newscast, news interview, news documentary, or on-the-spot coverage of bona fide news events, so long as the broadcast clearly acknowledges through content or a disclosure, in a manner that can be easily heard or read by the average listener or viewer, that there are questions about the authenticity of the deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media;
 - (B) is paid to broadcast deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media; or
- (C) is required by federal law to broadcast advertisements from legally qualified candidates;
- (2) a website or a regularly published newspaper, magazine, or other periodical of general circulation, including an internet or electronic publication, that routinely carries news and commentary of general interest,

and that publishes deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media, if the publication clearly states that the deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media does not accurately represent the speech or conduct of the represented individual;

- (3) a person that produces deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media constituting satire or parody;
- (4) a provider of a telecommunications service or information service, as those terms are defined in the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. § 153, for content provided by another person; or
- (5) a provider of an interactive computer service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. § 230, for content provided by another person.

§ 2033. PENALTIES

- (a) A person that knowingly and intentionally violates a provision of this subchapter shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00, unless:
- (1) the person commits the violation with the intent to cause violence or bodily harm, in which case the fine shall be not more than \$5,000.00;
- (2) the person commits the violation within five years after one or more prior convictions under this section, in which case the fine shall be not more than \$10,000.00; or
- (3) the person commits the violation with the intent to cause violence or bodily harm and the person commits the violation within five years after one or more prior convictions under this section, in which case the fine shall be not more than \$15,000.00.
- (b) A candidate whose appearance, speech, conduct, or environment is misrepresented through the use of deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media in violation of section 2032 of this title may seek injunctive or other equitable relief prohibiting the publication, communication, or other distribution of such deceptive and fraudulent synthetic media.
- Sec. 2. 17 V.S.A. chapter 35, subchapter 5 is added to read:

Subchapter 5. Enforcement and Additional Remedies

§ 2041. INJUNCTIONS

In addition to the other penalties provided in this chapter, a State's Attorney or the Attorney General may institute any appropriate action, injunction, or other proceeding to prevent, restrain, correct, or abate any violation of this chapter.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered S. 27.

Senator Cummings, for the Committee on Health and Welfare, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to medical debt relief and excluding medical debt from credit reports.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out Sec. 3, 9 V.S.A. § 2466d, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 3 to read as follows:

Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. § 2466d is added to read:

§ 2466d. REPORTING OF MEDICAL DEBT INFORMATION PROHIBITED

(a) A credit reporting agency shall not report or maintain in the file on a consumer information relating to a medical debt.

(b) As used in this section:

- (1) "Health care services" means services for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a physical, dental, behavioral, or mental health condition or substance use disorder, including counseling, procedures, products, devices, and medications.
- (2) "Medical debt" means debt arising from health care services, including dental services, or from health care goods, including products, devices, durable medical equipment, and prescription drugs. "Medical debt" does not include debt arising from services provided by a veterinarian; debt charged to a credit card unless the credit card is issued under an open-end or closed-end credit plan offered solely for the payment of health care services; debt charged to a home equity or general-purpose line of credit; or secured debt.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Senator Lyons, for the Committee on Appropriations, to which the bill was referred, reported that the bill ought to pass when so amended.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

S. 51.

Senator Hardy, for the Committee on Finance, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to the Vermont unpaid caregiver tax credit.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. FINDINGS

The General Assembly finds:

(1) According to the U.S. Department of Labor, women in the United States 55 years of age and older provide 26.6 million hours of unpaid care to family and friends daily.

(2) According to the AARP:

- (A) More than 75 percent of family caregivers 50 years of age and older who retired early because of family caregiving responsibilities would have remained in the workforce longer if they had access to financial or nonfinancial supports.
- (B) If family caregivers aged 50 years of age and older have access to support in the workplace, U.S. Gross Domestic Product could grow by an additional \$1.7 trillion (5.5 percent) in 2030.
- (3) According to a 2023 report by the Urban Institute, entitled "Lifetime Employment-Related Costs to Women of Providing Family Care," the employment-related costs for mothers of providing unpaid care to minor children and parents, parents-in-law, and spouses (including unmarried partners) with care needs average \$295,000.00 over a lifetime.
- (4) Using a national survey and six focus groups, the Commonwealth Fund identified financial compensation for the time spent caregiving as a top policy priority for family caregivers.
- Sec. 2. 32 V.S.A. § 5813 is amended to read:

§ 5813. STATUTORY PURPOSES

* * *

(aa) The statutory purpose of the unpaid caregiver tax credit in section 5830g of this title is to provide financial support to Vermonters who spend significant time providing uncompensated care for a family member.

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 5830g is added to read:

§ 5830g. VERMONT UNPAID CAREGIVER TAX CREDIT

- (a) A resident individual or part-year resident individual who provides uncompensated care shall be entitled to a refundable credit against the tax imposed by section 5822 of this title for the taxable year. The maximum allowable credit per taxable year shall be \$1,000.00 for providing 12 months of uncompensated care. The credit shall be based on the number of months the individual caregiver spent providing at least 20 hours per week of uncompensated care for an individual who:
 - (1) is related to the caregiver by blood, civil marriage, or adoption;
- (2) needs assistance with activities of daily living, home health care, or assistance remaining safe at home;
 - (3) has a medically diagnosed disability or health condition; and
- (4) does not reside at a residential care home, an assisted living residence, or nursing home as defined by 33 V.S.A. § 7102, or any other similar adult care home that is licensed or required to be licensed pursuant to 33 V.S.A. chapter 71.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the amount of the credit under this section shall be reduced by \$20.00 for each \$1,000.00, or fraction thereof, by which the individual's adjusted gross income exceeds \$125,000.00, irrespective of the individual's filing status. For purposes of this subsection, spouses filing jointly shall be considered an individual.
- (c) An individual claiming the credit under this section shall attest that they met all requirements under this section for the number of months claimed.
- (d) Upon the Commissioner's request, an individual claiming a credit under this section shall provide supporting documentation or other information relating to the individual's qualification for the credit, including a form prepared by the Commissioner, to be executed by a licensed medical professional, attesting that the licensed medical professional provides primary or specialized medical care for the individual receiving uncompensated care and that the individual has a medical diagnosis requiring assistance with activities of daily living for at least 20 hours per week. The individual claiming the credit shall have the medical professional execute the form prior to claiming the credit, shall retain the executed form for a period of at least three years, and shall provide the form to the Commissioner on request.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, this act shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2025 and apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2025.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered S. 60.

Senator Major, for the Committee on Agriculture, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to establishing the Farm Security Special Fund to provide grants for farm losses due to weather conditions.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. FINDINGS

The General Assembly finds that:

- (1) In 2023 and 2024, Vermont experienced extreme flooding and other climate-fueled disasters that devastated farms and other working lands businesses across the State.
- (2) Many existing State and federal programs that are designed to support farms are difficult to access, are administratively burdensome, and currently do not meet the needs of Vermont farmers in a holistic way.
- (3) In particular, because federal crop insurance programs are not designed to serve the needs of smaller scale or more diversified farming operations, many Vermont farmers are not covered by crop insurance.
 - (4) The State should establish a permanent funding support program to:
- (A) maintain the viability of farms in Vermont in order to ensure food security, climate resilience, rural economic vitality, and environmental health;
- (B) continuously invest in farms in a way that makes them more resilient to current and future challenges; and
- (C) provide a source of relief funds permanently available to farmers impacted by climate emergencies and extreme weather.

Sec. 2. 6 V.S.A. chapter 207 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 207. PROMOTION AND, MARKETING, AND SUPPORT OF VERMONT FARMS, FOODS, AND PRODUCTS

* * *

Subchapter 4. Farm Security Special Fund

§ 4631. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

- (1) "Eligible weather condition" means any of the following weather conditions that are found to be closely correlated with agricultural income losses:
 - (A) high winds;
 - (B) excessive moisture, intense precipitation, or flooding;
 - (C) extreme heat;
 - (D) abnormal freeze conditions;
 - (E) widespread fire event;
 - (F) hail;
 - (G) drought; or
- (H) any other severe weather or growing conditions impacting agricultural income, as determined by the Review Board.
- (2) "Farm" means a parcel or parcels of land owned, leased, or managed by a person and devoted primarily to farming and that is subject to regulation under the Required Agricultural Practices.
- (3) "Farm Security Special Fund Review Board" or "Review Board" means the Board established under section 4634 of this title.
- (4) "Farming" has the same meaning as in section 2.16 of the Required Agricultural Practices.

§ 4632. FARM SECURITY SPECIAL FUND

- (a) There is established the Farm Security Special Fund to be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets and that shall be managed in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5. The Fund shall consist of:
 - (1) funds appropriated by the General Assembly;

- (2) funds from public and private sources that the Secretary accepts for the Fund; and
- (3) funds from federal government aid for State support of farmers suffering income loss due to weather conditions.
- (b) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall ensure language accessibility of the Fund through procurement and provision of interpretation and translation services.
- (c) All balances in the Fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain part of the Fund.

§ 4633. FARM SECURITY SPECIAL FUND; GRANTS

- (a) The Secretary, after consultation with the Review Board, shall award grants from the Farm Security Special Fund to farms that have incurred financial losses or expenses due to an eligible weather condition.
- (1) Grants from the fund shall be in an amount that reimburses a farm for up to 50 percent of uninsured or otherwise uncovered losses due to eligible weather conditions, up to a maximum award of \$150,000.00 total per year per qualified applicant farm.
- (2) The Secretary shall establish criteria for the amount of an award based on the annual net income of the farm in relation to the median net income of all farms in Vermont.
- (3) The Secretary may verify the occurrence of an eligible weather condition claimed under this section through a site visit or through use of available data from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, from other federal or State certified weather data sources, or from other public or private weather or satellite data or models.
 - (4) Losses reimbursable by a grant under this section include:
 - (A) wages or compensation;
- (B) replacement of lost income from destroyed crops or impacted livestock;
 - (C) debt payments or other ongoing expenses;
 - (D) costs of replanting;
 - (E) livestock feed replacement costs;
 - (F) infrastructure or equipment repair and replacement;
 - (G) repair of farm roads and roads necessary to access farms; or

- (H) other losses as determined by the Secretary after consultation with the Review Board.
- (b) The Secretary shall develop a streamlined application for awards under this section that shall include:
 - (1) a brief description of the damage that occurred;
 - (2) attestation of an eligible weather condition or event;
 - (3) an estimate of losses; and
- (4) a year-end report of farm income and expenses from Schedule F of U.S. Internal Revenue Form 1040.
- (c) An application for an award under this section may be made at any time, and the Fund may only close the application process upon award of all appropriated funds for the relevant fiscal year.
- (d) Applications for an award under this section shall be processed in the order received, but an application shall not be ready for evaluation until the Secretary determines that the application is administratively complete and includes all documentation required by the Secretary.
- (e) All administratively complete applications shall be evaluated by the Review Board. Within 15 days following receipt of an administratively complete application, the Review Board by majority vote shall recommend to the Secretary whether to issue a grant to the applicant. If the Review Board recommends an award under this section, the Secretary shall issue the award within 15 days following the date of the Review Board's recommendation.

§ 4634. FARM SECURITY SPECIAL FUND REVIEW BOARD

- (a) Creation. There is created the Farm Security Special Fund Review Board, which for administrative purposes shall be attached to the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets.
 - (b) Organization of Board. The Board shall be composed of:
- (1) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee, who shall serve as chair;
 - (2) the State Chief Recovery Officer or designee;
- (3) representatives of three agricultural organizations who can demonstrate expertise in dealing with all sizes and types of farms in Vermont, whether through granting funds, offering technical assistance or advocacy and have a proven track record of working with farmers, appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets; and

- (4) two farmers who have received relief funding, appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets.
- (c) Member terms. The members designated in subdivision (b)(3) of this section shall be appointed to initial terms of two years. Thereafter, each appointed member shall serve a term of three years or until the member's earlier resignation or removal. The members designated in subdivision (b)(4) of this section shall be appointed to initial terms of one year. Thereafter, each appointed member shall serve a term of three years or until the member's earlier resignation or removal. A vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority for the remainder of the unexpired term. An appointed member shall not serve more than three consecutive three-year terms.

(d) Powers.

- (1) The Review Board shall review applications for assistance under this section, assess the accuracy and validity of the applications, and recommend to the Secretary applicants who should receive assistance under this section.
- (2) The Board annually shall report to the House Committee on Agriculture, Food Resiliency, and Forestry and the Senate Committee on Agriculture the total documented Vermont farm financial losses from eligible weather conditions averaged over the previous three calendar years.
- (3) In order to ensure that the Fund is meeting the needs of Vermont's agricultural community, the Review Board annually shall review the application process, eligibility criteria, distribution, and accessibility of the Fund. The Review Board annually shall recommend to the House Committee on Agriculture, Food Resiliency, and Forestry and the Senate Committee on Agriculture ways to improve the effectiveness of the Fund.
- (e) Officers; committees. The Board may elect officers, establish one or more committees or subcommittees, and adopt such procedural rules as it shall determine necessary and appropriate to perform its work.
- (f) Quorum; meetings; voting. A majority of the sitting members shall constitute a quorum, and action taken by the Board may be authorized by a majority of the members present and voting at any regular or special meeting at which a quorum is present. The Board may meet as an advisory body under 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 2.
- (g) Compensation. Private sector members shall be entitled to per diem compensation authorized under 32 V.S.A. § 1010(b) for each day spent in the performance of their duties, and each member shall be reimbursed from the Fund for the member's actual and necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the member's duties.

Sec. 3. APPROPRIATION

In addition to other funds appropriated to the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets in fiscal year 2026, the sum of \$7,500,000.00 is appropriated to the Agency from the General Fund in fiscal year 2026 for the purpose of implementing the Farm Security Special Fund established under 6 V.S.A. chapter 207, subchapter 4.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Senator Norris, for the Committee on Appropriations, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Agriculture, with the following amendments hereto:

<u>First</u>: In Sec. 2, 6 V.S.A. chapter 207, in subchapter 4, in section 4632, in subdivision (a)(1), by striking out the word "<u>appropriated</u>" where it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "transferred"

<u>Second</u>: By striking out Secs. 3, appropriation, and 4, effective date, in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 3 to read as follows:

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and the recommendation of the Committee on Agriculture was amended as recommended by the Committee on Appropriations.

Thereupon, the pending question, Shall the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Agriculture, as amended? was agreed to and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

S. 109.

Senator Mattos, for the Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 164 is amended to read:

§ 164. ADULT COURT DIVERSION PROGRAM

- (a) Purpose.
- (1) The Attorney General shall develop and administer an adult court diversion program, for both pre-charge and post-charge referrals, <u>available</u> in all counties.
- (2) The program shall be designed to provide a restorative option for persons alleged to have caused harm in violation of a criminal statute or who have been charged with violating a criminal statute as well as for victims or those acting on a victim's behalf who have been allegedly harmed by the responsible party person referred to the program. The diversion program can accept referrals to the program as follows:

* * *

(c) Adult diversion program policy and referral requirements.

* * *

- (3) Adult post-charge diversion requirements. Each State's Attorney, in cooperation with the Office of the Attorney General and the adult post-charge diversion program, shall develop clear criteria for deciding what types of offenses and offenders will be eligible for diversion; however, the State's Attorney shall retain final discretion over the referral of each case for diversion. All adult post-charge diversion programs receiving financial assistance from the Attorney General shall adhere to the following:
- (A) The post-charge diversion program for adults shall only accept persons against whom charges have been filed and the court has found probable cause, but are not adjudicated.
- (B) A prosecutor may refer a person to diversion either before or after arraignment and shall notify in writing the diversion program and the court of the prosecutor's of the referral to diversion.

* * *

Sec. 2. 4 V.S.A. § 71 is amended to read:

§ 71. APPOINTMENT AND TERM OF SUPERIOR JUDGES

(a) There shall be 34 Superior judges, whose term of office shall, The number of Superior Judges shall be as determined by the General Assembly. The term of office of a Superior Judge shall, except in the case of an appointment to fill a vacancy or unexpired term, begin on April 1 in the year of their appointment or retention and continue for six years.

* * *

Sec. 3. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION

- (a) The Judicial Bureau is created within the Judicial Branch under the supervision of the Supreme Court.
 - (b) The Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:

* * *

(4) Violations of 7 V.S.A. § 1005, relating to possession <u>and</u> <u>procurement</u> of tobacco products by a person under 21 years of age.

* * *

Sec. 4. 4 V.S.A. § 1106 is amended to read:

§ 1106. HEARING

* * *

(d) A <u>Unless otherwise provided by law, a</u> law enforcement officer may void or amend a complaint issued by that officer by so marking the complaint and returning it to the Bureau, regardless of whether the amended complaint is a lesser included violation. At the hearing, a law enforcement officer may, <u>unless otherwise provided by law</u>, void or amend a complaint issued by that officer in the discretion of that officer.

* * *

Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 1005(c) is amended to read:

(c) A person under 21 years of age who misrepresents his or her the person's age by presenting false identification to purchase tobacco products, tobacco substitutes, or tobacco paraphernalia shall be fined subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$50.00 or provide up to 10 hours of community service, or both.

Sec. 6. 12 V.S.A. § 5 is amended to read:

§ 5. DISSEMINATION OF ELECTRONIC CASE RECORDS

- (a) The Court shall not permit public access via the Internet internet to criminal, family, or probate case records. The Court may permit criminal justice agencies, as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 2056a, Internet internet access to criminal case records for criminal justice purposes, as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 2056a.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the Court shall provide licensed Vermont attorneys in good standing with access via the internet,

through the Judiciary's Public Portal website or otherwise, to nonconfidential criminal, family, and probate case records.

- (c) This section shall not be construed to prohibit the Court from providing electronic access to:
- (1) court schedules of the Superior Court or opinions of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court;
- (2) State agencies in accordance with data dissemination contracts entered into under Rule 12 of the Vermont Rules for Public Access to Court Records; or
- (3) decisions, recordings of oral arguments, briefs, and printed cases of the Supreme Court.
- Sec. 7. 12 V.S.A. § 4937 is amended to read:

§ 4937. ATTORNEY'S FEES

When a mortgage contains an agreement on the part of the mortgagor to pay the mortgagee, in the event of foreclosure, the attorney's fees incident thereto, and claim is made therefor in the complaint, upon hearing, the court in which the complaint is brought shall allow such fee as in its judgment is just.

Sec. 8. 13 V.S.A. § 4013 is amended to read:

§ 4013. ZIP GUNS; SWITCHBLADE KNIVES

A person who possesses, sells, or offers for sale a weapon commonly known as a "zip" gun, or a weapon commonly known as a switchblade knife, the blade of which is three inches or more in length, shall be imprisoned not more than 90 days or fined not more than \$100.00, or both.

Sec. 9. EXPUNGEMENT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS

The court shall order the expungement of criminal history records of convictions of 13 V.S.A. § 4013 for possessing, selling, or offering for sale a switchblade knife that occurred prior to July 1, 2025. The process and effect for expungement of these records shall be as provided for in 13 V.S.A. § 7606 and shall be completed by the court and all entities subject to the order not later than July 1, 2026.

Sec. 10. 13 V.S.A. § 5351(7) is amended to read:

- (7) "Victim" means:
- (A) a person who sustains injury or death as a direct result of the commission or attempted commission of a crime;

- (B) an intervenor who is <u>physically</u> injured or killed in an attempt to assist the person described in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (7) or the police;
- (C) a surviving immediate family member of a homicide victim, including a spouse, domestic partner, parent, sibling, child, grandparent, or other survivor who may suffer severe emotional harm as a result of the victim's death as determined on a case-by-case basis in the discretion of the Board; or
- (D) a resident of this State who is injured or killed as the result of a crime committed outside the United States.

Sec. 11. 13 V.S.A. § 7282 is amended to read:

§ 7282. SURCHARGE

* * *

- (c) SIU surcharge. In addition to any penalty or fine imposed by the court for a criminal offense committed after July 1, 2009, the clerk of the court shall levy an additional surcharge of \$100.00 to be deposited in the General Fund, in support of the Specialized Investigative Unit Grants Board created in 24 V.S.A. § 1940(c), and used to pay for the costs of Specialized Investigative Units.
- Sec. 12. 12 V.S.A. § 5135(b) is amended to read:
- (b) A defendant who attends a hearing held under section 5133 or 5134 of this title at which a temporary or final order under this chapter is issued and who receives notice from the court on the record that the order has been issued shall be deemed to have been served. A defendant notified by the court on the record shall be required to adhere immediately to the provisions of the order. However, even when the court has previously notified the defendant of the order, the court shall transmit the order for additional service by a law enforcement agency. The clerk shall mail a copy of the order to the defendant at the defendant's last known address.

Sec. 13. 14 V.S.A. § 2 is amended to read:

- § 2. DEPOSIT OF WILL FOR SAFEKEEPING; DELIVERY; FINAL DISPOSITION
- (a) A will may be deposited for safekeeping in the Probate Division of the Superior Court for the district in which the testator resides on payment to the court of the applicable fee required by 32 V.S.A. § 1434(a)(17) 32 V.S.A. § 1434(a)(18). The register shall give to the testator a receipt, shall safely keep each will so deposited, and shall keep an index of the wills so deposited.

* * *

Sec. 14. 14 V.S.A. § 3068 is amended to read:

§ 3068. HEARING

* * *

- (e)(1) If upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record the court finds that the respondent is not a person in need of guardianship, it shall dismiss the petition and seal the records of the proceeding.
- (2) If a motion to withdraw the petition is made before the final hearing, the court shall dismiss the petition and seal the records of the proceeding.
- (f) If upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record the court finds that the petitioner has proved by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent is a person in need of guardianship or will be a person in need of guardianship on attaining 18 years of age, it shall enter judgment specifying the powers of the guardian pursuant to sections 3069 and 3070 of this title and the duties of the guardian pursuant to section 3071 of this title.
- (g) Any party to the proceeding before the court may appeal the court's decision in the manner provided in section 3080 of this title.
- Sec. 15. 14 V.S.A. § 4051 is amended to read:

§ 4051. STATUTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY

A document substantially in the following form may be used to create a statutory form power of attorney that has the meaning and effect prescribed by this chapter.

VERMONT STATUTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY IMPORTANT INFORMATION

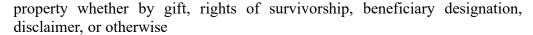
* * *

GRANT OF SPECIFIC AUTHORITY (OPTIONAL)

My agent MAY NOT do any of the following specific acts for me UNLESS I have INITIALED the specific authority listed below:

(CAUTION: Granting any of the following will give your agent the authority to take actions that could significantly reduce your property or change how your property is distributed at your death. INITIAL ONLY the specific authority you WANT to give your agent.)

() An agent who is not an ancestor, spouse, or descendant may exercise authority under this power of attorney to create in the agent or in an individual to whom the agent owes a legal obligation of support an interest in my



- () Create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter vivos, family, living, irrevocable, or revocable trust
- () Consent to the modification or termination of a noncharitable irrevocable trust under 14A V.S.A. § 411
- () Make a gift, subject to the limitations of 14 V.S.A. § 4047 (gifts) and any special instructions in this power of attorney
- () Consent to the modification or termination of a noncharitable irrevocable trust under 14A V.S.A. § 411
- () Create, amend, or change rights of survivorship
- () Create, amend, or change a beneficiary designation
- () Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a joint and survivor annuity, including a survivor benefit under a retirement plan
- () Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate
- () Authorize another person to exercise the authority granted under this power of attorney
- () Disclaim or refuse an interest in property, including a power of appointment
- () Exercise authority with respect to elective share under 14 V.S.A. § 319
- () Exercise waiver rights under 14 V.S.A. § 323
- () Exercise authority over the content and catalogue of electronic communications and digital assets under 14 V.S.A. chapter 125 (Vermont Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act)
- () Exercise authority with respect to intellectual property, including, without limitation, copyrights, contracts for payment of royalties, and trademarks
- () Convey, or revoke or revise a grantee designation, by enhanced life estate deed pursuant to 27 V.S.A. chapter 6 or under common law.

* * *

Sec. 16. 14A V.S.A. § 1316 is amended to read:

§ 1316. OFFICE OF TRUST DIRECTOR

Unless the terms of a trust provide otherwise, the rules applicable to a trustee apply to a trust director regarding the following matters:

(1) acceptance under section 701 of this title;

- (2) giving of bond to secure performance <u>under</u> section 702 of this title;
- (3) reasonable compensation <u>under</u> section 708 of this title;
- (4) resignation <u>under</u> section 705 of this title;
- (5) removal <u>under</u> section 706 of this title; and
- (6) vacancy and appointment of successor <u>under</u> section 704 of this title.

Sec. 17. 33 V.S.A. § 5204(b)(2)(A) is amended to read:

- (2)(A)(i) The Family Division of the Superior Court shall hold a hearing under subsection (c) of this section to determine whether jurisdiction should be transferred to the Criminal Division under subsection (a) of this section if the delinquent act set forth in the petition is:
 - (I) [Repealed.]
- (II) human trafficking or aggravated human trafficking in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2652 or 2653;
- (III) defacing a firearm's serial number in violation of 43 V.S.A. § 4024 13 V.S.A. § 4026; or
- (IV) straw purchasing of firearm in violation of 13 V.S.A. \S 4025; and
- (ii) the child had attained 16 years of age but not 19 years of age at the time the act was alleged to have occurred.
- Sec. 18. 33 V.S.A. § 5225 is amended to read:

§ 5225. PRELIMINARY HEARING; RISK ASSESSMENT

- (a) Preliminary hearing. A preliminary hearing shall be held at the time and date specified on the citation or as otherwise ordered by the court. If a child is taken into custody prior to the preliminary hearing, the preliminary hearing shall be at the time of the temporary care hearing. Counsel for the child shall be assigned prior to the preliminary hearing.
 - (b) Risk and needs screening.
- (1) Prior to the preliminary hearing, the child shall be afforded an opportunity to undergo a risk and needs screening, which shall be conducted by the Department or by a community provider that has contracted with the Department to provide risk and need screenings for children alleged to have committed delinquent acts.
- (2) If the child participates in such a screening, the Department or the community provider shall report the risk level result of the screening, the number and source of the collateral contacts made, and the recommendation

for charging or other alternatives to the State's Attorney. The State's Attorney shall consider the results of the risk and needs screening in determining whether to file a charge. In lieu of filing a charge, the State's Attorney may refer a child directly to a youth-appropriate community-based provider that has been approved by the Department, which may include pre-charge diversion pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 163, a community justice center, or a balanced and restorative justice program. Referral to a community-based provider pursuant to this subsection shall not require the State's Attorney to file a charge. If the community-based provider does not accept the case or if the child fails to complete the program in a manner deemed satisfactory and timely by the provider, the child's case shall return to the State's Attorney for charging consideration.

* * *

Sec. 19. 27 V.S.A. § 348 is amended to read:

§ 348. INSTRUMENTS CONCERNING REAL PROPERTY VALIDATED

(a) When an instrument of writing shall have been on record in the office of the clerk in the proper town for a period of 15 years, and there is a defect in the instrument because it omitted to state any consideration or was not sealed, witnessed, acknowledged, validly acknowledged, or because a license to sell was not issued or is defective, the instrument shall, from and after the expiration of 15 years from the filing thereof for record, be valid. Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any rights acquired by grantees, assignees, or encumbrancers under the instruments described in the preceding sentence, nor shall this section apply to conveyances or other instruments of writing, the validity of which is brought in question in any suit now pending in any courts of the State.

* * *

(d) A release, discharge, or assignment of mortgage interest executed by a commercial lender with respect to a one- to four-family residential real property, including a residential unit in a condominium or in a common interest community as defined in Title 27A, that recites authority to act on behalf of the record holder of the mortgage under a power of attorney but where the power of attorney is not of record shall have the same effect as if executed by the record holder of the mortgage unless, within three years after the instrument is recorded, an action challenging the release, discharge, or assignment is commenced and a copy of the complaint is recorded in the land records of the town where the release, discharge, or assignment is recorded. This subsection shall not apply to releases, discharges, or assignments obtained by fraud or forgery.

- (e) A power of attorney made for the purpose of conveying, leasing, mortgaging, or affecting any interest in real property that has been acknowledged and signed in the presence of at least one witness shall be valid, notwithstanding its failure to comply with 14 V.S.A. § 3503 or the requirements of the Emergency Administrative Rules for Remote Notarial Acts adopted by the Vermont Secretary of State, unless within three years after recording, an action challenging its validity is commenced and a copy of the complaint is recorded in the land records of the town where the power of attorney is recorded. This subsection shall not apply to a power of attorney obtained by fraud or forgery.
- (f) Notwithstanding section 305 of this title, a deed, mortgage, lease, or other instrument executed for the purpose of conveying or encumbering real property executed by a person purporting to act as the agent or attorney-in-fact for the party named in the deed, mortgage, lease, or other instrument that has been recorded for at least 15 years in the land records where the real property is located shall be valid even if no power of attorney authorizing and empowering an agent or attorney-in-fact appears of record, unless, within 15 years after recording, an action challenging the validity of the deed, mortgage, lease, or other instrument is commenced and a copy of the complaint is recorded in the land records of the town where the property is located.

Sec. 20. 32 V.S.A. § 1003 is amended to read:

§ 1003. STATE OFFICERS

* * *

(c) The officers of the Judicial Branch named in this subsection shall be entitled to annual salaries as follows:

	Annual Salary as of July 14, 2024	Annual Salary as of July 13, 2025
(1) Chief Justice of Supreme Court	\$214,024	\$225,581
(2) Each Associate Justice	\$204,264	\$215,294
(3) Administrative Chief Superior Judge	\$204,264	\$215,294
(4) Each Superior Judge	\$194,185	\$204,671
(5) [Repealed.]		
(6) Each Magistrate	\$146,413	\$154,319

(7) Each Judicial Bureau hearing officer

\$146,413

\$154,319

* * *

Sec. 21. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 27, Sec. 5 (forensic facility report) is amended to read:

Sec. 5. [Deleted.]

Sec. 22. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 40, Sec. 4 is amended to read:

Sec. 4. REPEALS

* * *

(c) 28 V.S.A. § 126 (Coordinated Justice Reform Advisory Council) is repealed on July 1, 2028 July 1, 2025.

Sec. 23. REPEAL

2019 Acts and Resolves No. 6, Secs. 99 and 100 (amendments to 18 V.S.A. §§ 4810(d)–(j) and 4811 that prohibited public inebriates from being incarcerated in a Department of Corrections' facility) are repealed.

Sec 24. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 6, Sec. 105 is amended to read:

Sec. 105. EFFECTIVE DATES

* * *

(c) Secs. 99 and 100 (amending 18 V.S.A. §§ 4910 and 4811) shall take effect on July 1, 2025. [Deleted.]

* * *

Sec. 25. FIREARM SURRENDER ORDER COMPLIANCE WORKING GROUP; REPORT

- (a) The Office of the Attorney General shall convene a Firearm Surrender Order Compliance Working Group to develop a uniform process to ensure compliance with court orders to surrender firearms. The Working Group shall study what statutory or policy changes are needed to create a uniform process to monitor compliance, support entities charged with storing surrendered firearms, and identify a stable and reliable funding source for any additional resources needed to monitor compliance.
- (b) The Working Group shall include any stakeholders deemed necessary by the Attorney General, and shall include:
 - (1) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;

- (2) a member of the Vermont State Police, appointed by the Commissioner of Public Safety;
 - (3) the Commissioner of Corrections or designee;
 - (4) the Chief Superior Court Judge or designee;
- (5) two family law practitioners, appointed by the Vermont Bar Association;
 - (6) the Defender General or designee;
- (7) one State's Attorney or designee, appointed by the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs;
- (8) a member, appointed by the Vermont Network Against Domestic and Sexual Violence;
 - (9) a member, appointed by the Vermont Council on Domestic Violence;
- (10) a member, appointed by the Vermont Center for Crime Victim Services;
- (11) a member who is a federal firearms licensee, appointed by the State Police representative overseeing the current firearms storage program for the Department of Public Safety;
- (12) a member, appointed by the Vermont Office of the Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco and Firearms;
 - (13) a member, appointed by the Vermont Medical Society;
 - (14) the Commissioner of Mental Health or designee;
- (15) a sheriff, appointed by the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs; and
- (16) a police chief, appointed by the Vermont Association of Chiefs of Police.
- (c) Report. On or before November 15, 2025, the Working Group shall report its recommendations to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary and to the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee. The report shall include:
- (1) a workable statewide compliance model that is adaptable to both the Family and Criminal Divisions of the Superior Courts and that ensures accountability of respondents and defendants while addressing safety needs of the plaintiffs and victims; and
- (2) recommendations for any legislative changes necessary to support the model.

Sec. 26. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that Sec. 1 shall take effect on July 2, 2025.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Adjournment

On motion of Senator Baruth, the Senate adjourned until ten o'clock in the forenoon on Thursday, March 19, 2025.