House Calendar

Tuesday, May 27, 2025

140th DAY OF THE BIENNIAL SESSION

House Convenes at 10:00 A.M.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page No. **ACTION CALENDAR Third Reading Favorable with Amendment** S. 123 An act relating to miscellaneous changes to laws related to motor vehicles Rep. Walker for Transportation3712 Rep. Canfield for Ways and Means3746 Rep. Noyes Amendment3749 **Senate Proposal of Amendment** H. 479 Housing Senate Proposal of Amendment3751 NOTICE CALENDAR **Senate Proposal of Amendment** H. 231 Technical corrections to fish and wildlife statutes H. 238 The phaseout of consumer products containing added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances

ORDERS OF THE DAY

ACTION CALENDAR

Third Reading

S. 69

An act relating to an age-appropriate design code

S. 127

An act relating to housing and housing development

Favorable with Amendment

S. 123

An act relating to miscellaneous changes to laws related to motor vehicles

Rep. Walker of Swanton, for the Committee on Transportation, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- * * * Plug-in Electric Vehicles * * *
- Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. § 4(28) is amended to read:
- (28) "Pleasure car" shall include all motor vehicles not otherwise defined in this title and shall include plug-in electric vehicles, battery electric vehicles, or plug-in hybrid electric vehicles as defined pursuant to subdivision (85) of this section.
 - * * * Veteran's Designation * * *
- Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 7 is amended to read:
- § 7. ENHANCED DRIVER'S LICENSE; MAINTENANCE OF DATABASE INFORMATION; FEE

* * *

(b)(1) In addition to any other requirement of law or rule, before an enhanced license may be issued to an individual, the individual shall present for inspection and copying satisfactory documentary evidence to determine identity and U.S. citizenship. An A new application shall be accompanied by a photo identity document, documentation showing the individual's date and place of birth, proof of the individual's Social Security number, and documentation showing the individual's principal residence address. New and

renewal application forms shall include a space for the applicant to request that a "veteran" designation be placed on the enhanced license.

- (2) If a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(2) and including an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(24), requests a veteran designation and provides a Department of Defense Form 214 or other proof of veteran status specified by the Commissioner, and the Office of Veterans' Affairs confirms the individual's status as an honorably discharged veteran; a veteran discharged under honorable conditions; or an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, the identification card shall include the term "veteran" on its face.
- (3) To be issued, an enhanced license must meet the same requirements as those for the issuance of a U.S. passport. Before an application may be processed, the documents and information shall be verified as determined by the Commissioner.
- (4) Any additional personal identity information not currently required by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security shall need the approval of either the General Assembly or the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules prior to the implementation of the requirements.

* * *

- * * * Documentation of Anatomical Gift * * *
- Sec. 3. 23 V.S.A. § 115 is amended to read:

§ 115. NONDRIVER IDENTIFICATION CARDS

* * *

(g) An identification card issued to a first-time applicant and any subsequent renewals by that person shall contain a photograph or imaged likeness of the applicant. The photographic identification card shall be available at a location designated by the Commissioner. An individual issued an identification card under this subsection that contains an imaged likeness may renew his or her the individual's identification card by mail. Except that a renewal by an individual required to have a photograph or imaged likeness under this subsection must be made in person so that an updated imaged likeness of the individual is obtained not less often than once every nine years.

* * *

(k) At the option of the applicant, his or her the applicant's valid Vermont license may be surrendered in connection with an application for an

identification card. In those instances, the fee due under subsection (a) of this section shall be reduced by:

* * *

- (n) The Commissioner shall provide a form that, upon the individual's execution, shall serve as a document of an anatomical gift under 18 V.S.A. chapter 110. An indicator shall be placed on the nondriver identification card of any individual who has executed an anatomical gift form in accordance with this section.
 - * * * Disability Placards for Volunteer Drivers * * *
- Sec. 4. 23 V.S.A. § 304a is amended to read:

§ 304a. SPECIAL REGISTRATION PLATES AND PLACARDS FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES

- (a) As used in this section:
- (1) "Ambulatory disability" means an impairment that prevents or impedes walking. An individual shall be considered to have an ambulatory disability if he or she the individual:

* * *

(F) is severely limited in his or her the individual's ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition.

- (b) Special registration plates or removable windshield placards, or both, shall be issued by the Commissioner. The placard shall be issued without a fee to an individual who is blind or has an ambulatory disability. One set of plates shall be issued without additional fees for a vehicle registered or leased to an individual who is blind or has an ambulatory disability or to a parent or guardian of an individual with a permanent disability. The Commissioner shall issue these placards or plates under rules adopted by him or her the Commissioner after proper application has been made to the Commissioner by any person residing within the State. Application forms shall be available on request at the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- (1) Upon application for a special registration plate or removable windshield placard, the Commissioner shall send a form prescribed by him or her the Commissioner to the applicant to be signed and returned by a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice registered nurse. The Commissioner shall file the form for future reference and issue the placard or plate. A new application shall be submitted every four

years in the case of placards and at every third registration renewal for plates but in no case greater than every four years. When a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice registered nurse has previously certified to the Commissioner that an applicant's condition is both permanent and stable, a special registration plate or placard need not be renewed.

* * *

- (3) An individual with a disability who abuses such privileges or allows individuals not disabled to abuse the privileges provided in this section may have this privilege revoked after suitable notice and opportunity for hearing has been given him or her the individual by the Commissioner. Hearings under the provisions of this section shall be held in accordance with sections 105–107 of this title and shall be subject to review by the Civil Division of the Superior Court of the county where the individual with a disability resides.
- (4) An applicant for a registration plate or placard for individuals with disabilities may request the Civil Division of the Superior Court in the county in which he or she the applicant resides to review a decision by the Commissioner to deny his or her the applicant's application for a special registration plate or placard.

* * *

(6) On a form prescribed by the Commissioner, a nonprofit organization that provides volunteer drivers to transport individuals who have an ambulatory disability or are blind may apply to the Commissioner for a placard. Placards shall be marked "volunteer driver." The organization shall ensure proper use of placards and maintain an accurate and complete record of the volunteer drivers to whom the placards are given by the organization. Placards shall be returned to the organization when the volunteer driver is no longer performing that service. Abuse of the privileges provided by the placards may result in the privileges being revoked and the placards repossessed by the Commissioner. Revocation may occur only after suitable notice and opportunity for a hearing. Hearings shall be held in accordance with sections 105–107 of this title.

* * *

(e)(1) An individual, other than an eligible person, who for his or her the individual's own purposes parks a vehicle in a space for individuals with disabilities shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$200.00 for each violation and shall be liable for towing charges.

(2) An individual, other than an eligible person, who displays a special registration plate or removable windshield placard not issued to him or her the individual under this section and parks a vehicle in a space for individuals with disabilities, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$400.00 for each violation and shall be liable for towing charges.

* * *

(f) Individuals who have a temporary ambulatory disability may apply for a temporary removable windshield placard to the Commissioner on a form prescribed by him or her the Commissioner. The placard shall be valid for a period of up to six months and displayed as required under the provisions of subsection (c) of this section. The application shall be signed by a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice registered nurse. The validation period of the temporary placard shall be established on the basis of the written recommendation from a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice registered nurse. The Commissioner shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection.

* * * Fees * * *

Sec. 5. 23 V.S.A. § 115(a) is amended to read:

- (a)(1) Any Vermont resident may make application to the Commissioner and be issued an identification card that is attested by the Commissioner as to true name, correct age, residential address unless the listing of another address is requested by the applicant or is otherwise authorized by law, and any other identifying data as the Commissioner may require that shall include, in the case of minor applicants, the written consent of the applicant's parent, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis.
- (2) Every application for an identification card shall be signed by the applicant and shall contain such evidence of age and identity as the Commissioner may require, consistent with subsection (I) of this section. New and renewal application forms shall include a space for the applicant to request that a "veteran" designation be placed on the applicant's identification card. If a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(2) and including an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(24), requests a veteran designation and provides a Department of Defense Form 214 or other proof of veteran status specified by the Commissioner, and the Office of Veterans' Affairs confirms the veteran's status as an honorably discharged veteran; a veteran discharged under honorable conditions; or an individual disabled during active military, naval,

air, or space service, the identification card shall include the term "veteran" on its face.

- (3) The Commissioner shall require payment of a fee of \$29.00 at the time application for an identification card is made, except that an initial nondriver identification card shall be issued at no charge to:
- (A) an individual who surrenders the individual's license in connection with a suspension or revocation under subsection 636(b) of this title due to a physical or mental condition; or
- (B) an individual under 23 years of age who was in the care and custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in Vermont after attaining 14 years of age.
- Sec. 6. 23 V.S.A. § 376 is amended to read:
- § 376. STATE, MUNICIPAL, FIRE DEPARTMENT, AND RESCUE ORGANIZATION MOTOR VEHICLES

- (h)(1) The EV infrastructure fee, required pursuant subsections 361(b) and (c) of this subchapter, shall not be charged for vehicles owned by the State.
- (2) The EV infrastructure fee, required pursuant subsections 361(b) and (c) of this subchapter, shall not be charged for vehicles that are owned by any county or municipality in the State and used by that county or municipality or another county or municipality in this State for county or municipal purposes.
- (i)(1) The EV infrastructure fee, required pursuant subsections 361(b) and (c) of this subchapter, shall not be charged for a motor truck, trailer, ambulance, or other motor vehicle that is:
- (A) owned by a volunteer fire department or other volunteer firefighting organization, an ambulance service, or an organization conducting rescue operations; and
- (B) used solely for firefighting, emergency medical, or rescue purposes, or any combination of those activities.
- (2) A motor vehicle or trailer subject to the provisions of this subsection shall be plainly marked on both sides of the body or cab to indicate its ownership.
- Sec. 7. 23 V.S.A. § 378 is amended to read:
- § 378. VETERANS' EXEMPTIONS

No fees, including the annual emissions fee required pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 2822(m)(1) and the electric vehicle infrastructure fees required pursuant to section 361 of this subchapter, shall be charged an honorably discharged to a veteran of the U.S. Armed Forces who received a discharge under other than dishonorable conditions and is a resident of the State of Vermont for the registration of a motor vehicle that the veteran has acquired with financial assistance from the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, or for the registration of a motor vehicle owned by him or her the veteran during his or her the veteran's lifetime obtained as a replacement thereof, when his or her the veteran's application is accompanied by a copy of an approved VA Form 21-4502 issued by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs certifying him or her the veteran to be entitled to the financial assistance.

Sec. 8. 23 V.S.A. § 608 is amended to read:

§ 608. FEES

* * *

- (b) An additional fee of \$4.00 per year shall be paid for a motorcycle endorsement. The endorsement may be obtained for either a two-year or four-year period, to be coincidental with the length of the operator's license.
- (c)(1) Individuals under 23 years of age who were in the care and custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in Vermont after attaining 14 years of age shall be provided with operator's licenses or operator privilege cards at no charge.
- (2) No additional fee shall be due for a motorcycle endorsement for an individual under 23 years of age who was in the care and custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in Vermont after attaining 14 years of age.

* * * Learner's Permits * * *

Sec. 9. 23 V.S.A. § 617 is amended to read:

§ 617. LEARNER'S PERMIT

* * *

(b)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any licensed person may apply to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles for a learner's permit for the operation of a motorcycle in the form prescribed by the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall offer both a motorcycle learner's permit that authorizes the operation of three-wheeled motorcycles only and a motorcycle learner's permit that authorizes the operation of any motorcycle. The Commissioner shall require payment of a fee of \$24.00 at the time

application is made, except that no fee shall be charged for an individual under 23 years of age who was in the care and custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in Vermont after attaining 14 years of age.

- (2) After the applicant has successfully passed all parts of the applicable motorcycle endorsement examination, other than a skill test, the Commissioner may issue to the applicant a learner's permit that entitles the applicant, subject to subsection 615(a) of this title, to operate a three-wheeled motorcycle only, or to operate any motorcycle, upon the public highways for a period of 120 days from the date of issuance. The fee for the examination shall be \$11.00, except that no fee shall be charged for an individual under 23 years of age who was in the care and custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in Vermont after attaining 14 years of age.
- (3) A motorcycle learner's permit may be renewed only twice upon payment of a \$24.00 fee. An individual under 23 years of age who was in the care and custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in Vermont after attaining 14 years of age shall not be charged a fee for the renewal of a motorcycle learner's permit.
- (4) If, during the original permit period and two renewals the permittee has not successfully passed the applicable skill test or motorcycle rider training course, the permittee may not obtain another motorcycle learner's permit for a period of 12 months from the expiration of the permit unless:
- (A) he or she the permittee has successfully completed the applicable motorcycle rider training course; or
- (B) the learner's permit and renewals thereof authorized the operation of any motorcycle and the permittee is seeking a learner's permit for the operation of three-wheeled motorcycles only.

- (c) No learner's permit may be issued to any person under 18 years of age unless the parent or guardian of, or a person standing in loco parentis to, the applicant files his or her written consent to the issuance with the Commissioner.
- (d)(1) An applicant shall pay \$24.00 to the Commissioner for each learner's permit or a duplicate or renewal thereof.
- (2) An applicant under 23 years of age who was in the care and custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 4903(4) in Vermont after attaining 14 years of age shall not be charged a fee for a learner's permit or a duplicate or renewal thereof.

- (3) A replacement learner's permit for the operation of a motorcycle may be generated from the applicant's electronic account for no charge.
- (e)(1) A learner's permit, which is not a learner's permit for the operation of a motorcycle, shall contain a photograph or imaged likeness of the individual. A learner's permit for a motor vehicle shall contain a photograph or imaged likeness of the individual if the permit is obtained in person. The photographic learner's permit shall be available at locations designated by the Commissioner.
- (2) An individual issued a permit under this subsection may renew his or her the individual's permit by mail or online, but a permit holder who chooses to have a photograph or imaged likeness under this subsection must renew in person so that an updated imaged likeness of the individual is obtained not less often than once every nine years.

* * *

- * * * Commercial Learner's Permit * * *
- Sec. 10. 23 V.S.A. § 4111a is amended to read:

§ 4111a. COMMERCIAL LEARNER'S PERMIT

(a) Contents of permit. A commercial learner's permit shall contain the following:

* * *

(3) physical and other information to identify and describe the permit holder, including the month, day, and year of birth; sex; and height; and photograph;

* * *

Sec. 11. 23 V.S.A. § 4122 is amended to read:

§ 4122. DEFERRING IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE; PROHIBITION ON MASKING OR DIVERSION

(a) No court, State's Attorney, or law enforcement officer may utilize the provisions of 13 V.S.A. § 7041 or any other program to defer imposition of sentence or judgment if the defendant holds a commercial driver's license, commercial learner's permit, or was operating a commercial motor vehicle when the violation occurred and is charged with violating any State or local traffic law other than a parking violation, vehicle weight, or vehicle defect violations.

Sec. 12. 23 V.S.A. § 632 is amended to read:

§ 632. EXAMINATION REQUIRED; WAIVER

- (a) Before an operator's or a junior operator's license is issued to an applicant for the first time in this State, or before a renewal license is issued to an applicant whose previous Vermont license had expired more than three years prior to the application for renewal, the applicant shall pass a satisfactory examination, except that the Commissioner may, in his or her the Commissioner's discretion, waive the examination when the applicant holds a chauffeur's, junior operator's, or operator's license in force at the time of application or within three years prior to the application in some other jurisdiction where an examination is required similar to the examination required in this State.
 - (b) The examination shall consist of:

* * *

- (3) at the discretion of the Commissioner, such other examination or demonstration as he or she the Commissioner may prescribe, including an oral eye examination.
- (c) An applicant may have an individual of his or her the applicant's choosing at the oral examination or road test to serve as an interpreter, including to translate any oral commands given as part of the road test.
- Sec. 13. 23 V.S.A. § 634 is amended to read:
- § 634. FEE FOR EXAMINATION

- (b)(1) A <u>Beginning on or before July 1, 2026, a</u> scheduling fee of \$29.00 shall be paid by the applicant before the applicant may schedule the road test required under section 632 of this title. Unless an applicant gives the Department at least 48 hours' notice of cancellation, if
- (2) If the applicant does not appear as scheduled, the \$29.00 scheduling fee is shall be forfeited, unless either:
 - (A) the applicant gives the Department at least 48 hours' notice; or
- (B) the applicant shows good cause for the cancellation, as determined by the Commissioner.
- (3) If the applicant appears for the scheduled road test, the fee shall be applied toward the license examination fee. The Commissioner may waive the

scheduling fee until the Department is capable of administering the fee electronically.

* * *

* * * Non-Real ID Operator's Privilege Cards * * *

Sec. 14. 23 V.S.A. § 603 is amended to read:

§ 603. APPLICATION FOR AND ISSUANCE OF LICENSE

- (a)(1) The Commissioner or his or her the Commissioner's authorized agent may license operators and junior operators when an application, on a form prescribed by the Commissioner, signed and sworn to by the applicant for the license, is filed with him or her the Commissioner, accompanied by the required license fee and any valid license from another state or Canadian jurisdiction is surrendered.
- (2) The Commissioner may, however, in his or her the Commissioner's discretion, refuse to issue a license to any person whenever he or she the Commissioner is satisfied from information given him or her the Commissioner by credible persons, and upon investigation, that the person is mentally or physically unfit or, because of his or her the person's habits or record as to crashes or convictions, is unsafe to be trusted with the operation of motor vehicles. A person refused a license under the provisions of this subsection shall be entitled to hearing as provided in sections 105–107 of this title.

- (d) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section:
- (1) A <u>An applicant who is a citizen of a foreign country shall produce</u> his or her the applicant's passport and visa, alien registration receipt card (green card), or other proof of legal presence for inspection and copying as a part of the application process for an operator's license, junior operator's license, or learner's permit.
- (2) An operator's license, junior operator's license, or learner's permit issued to <u>an applicant who is</u> a citizen of a foreign country shall expire coincidentally with <u>his or her the applicant's</u> authorized duration of stay.
- (e)(1) A citizen of a foreign country unable to establish legal presence in the United States who furnishes reliable proof of Vermont residence and of name, date of birth, and place of birth, and who satisfies all other requirements of this chapter for obtaining a license or permit, shall be eligible to obtain an operator's privilege card, a junior operator's privilege card, or a learner's privilege card.

(f) Persons Applicant's able to establish lawful presence in the United States but who otherwise fail to comply with the requirements of the REAL ID Act of 2005, Pub. L. No. 109-13, §§ 201-202, shall be eligible for an operator's privilege card, a junior operator's privilege card, or a learner's privilege card, provided the applicant furnishes reliable proof of Vermont residence and of name, date of birth, and place of birth, and satisfies all other requirements of this chapter for obtaining a license or permit. The Commissioner shall require applicants under this subsection to furnish a document or a combination of documents that reliably proves the applicant's Vermont residence and his or her the applicant's name, date of birth, and place of birth.

* * *

- (h) A privilege card issued under this section shall:
- (1) on its face bear the phrase "privilege card" "non-Real ID" and text indicating that it is not valid for federal identification or official purposes; and

* * *

* * * License Extension * * *

Sec. 15. 23 V.S.A § 604 is added to read:

§ 604. EARLY RENEWAL

- (a) The holder of an operator's license or privilege card issued under the provisions of this subchapter may renew the operator's license or privilege card at any time prior to the expiration of the operator's license or privilege card. If one or more years remain before the expiration of the operator's license or privilege card, the Commissioner shall reduce the cost of the renewed operator's license or privilege card by an amount that is proportionate to the number of years rounded down to the next whole year remaining before the expiration of the operator's license or privilege card.
- (b) All application and documentation requirements for the renewal of an operator's license or privilege card shall apply to the early renewal of an operator's license or privilege card.

Sec. 16. 23 V.S.A. § 115b is added to read:

§ 115b. EARLY RENEWAL

(a) The holder of nondriver identification card issued under the provisions of section 115 of this chapter may renew the nondriver identification card at any time prior to the expiration of the nondriver identification card. If one or

more years remain before the expiration of the nondriver identification card, the Commissioner shall reduce the cost of the renewed nondriver identification card by an amount that is proportionate to the number of years rounded down to the next whole year remaining before the expiration of the nondriver identification card.

(b) All application and documentation requirements for the renewal of a nondriver identification card pursuant to section 115 of this chapter shall apply to the early renewal of a nondriver identification card.

Sec. 17. INFORMATION REGARDING PRIVILEGE CARDS AND NONDRIVER IDENTIFICATION CARDS; INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall ensure that any individual who is unable to or does not wish to comply with the requirements of the REAL ID Act of 2005, Pub. L. No. 109-13, §§ 201 and 202 shall continue to be informed of the option of obtaining an operator's privilege card pursuant to the provisions of 23 V.S.A. § 603(f) or a nondriver identification card pursuant to the provisions of 23 V.S.A. § 115.

Sec. 18. OUTREACH; UPDATES

- (a) On or before November 15, 2025, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall develop and implement a public education and outreach campaign to inform Vermont residents about:
- (1) an individual's ability to obtain an operator's license, operator's privilege card, or nondriver identification card;
- (2) an individual's ability under Vermont law to self-attest with respect to the gender marker on the individual's operator's license, operator's privilege card, or nondriver identification card; and
- (3) reduced fees that are available to individuals who meet certain requirements.
- (b) The Commissioner shall provide two brief, written updates to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation regarding the implementation and utilization of 23 V.S.A. §§ 115b and 604. The first shall be due not more than 30 days after the Department implements the provisions of 23 V.S.A. §§ 115b and 604 and the second shall be due in January 2026.
 - * * * Commercial Driving Instructors * * *

Sec. 19. 23 V.S.A. § 705 is amended to read:

§ 705. QUALIFICATIONS FOR INSTRUCTOR'S LICENSE

- (a) In order to qualify for an instructor's license, each applicant shall:
 - (1) not have been convicted of:
- (A) a felony nor incarcerated for a felony within the 10 years prior to the date of application;
- (B) a violation of section 1201 of this title or a like offense in another jurisdiction reported to the Commissioner pursuant to subdivision 3905(a)(2) of this title within the three years prior to the date of application;
- (C) a subsequent violation of an offense listed in subdivision 2502(a)(5) of this title or of section 674 of this title; or
- (D) a sex offense that requires registration pursuant to 13 V.S.A. chapter 167, subchapter 3;
- (2) pass such <u>an</u> examination as <u>required</u> by the Commissioner shall require on:
 - (A) traffic laws;
 - (B) safe driving practices;
 - (C) operation of motor vehicles; and
 - (D) qualifications as a teacher;
- (3) be physically able to operate a motor vehicle and to train others in such operation;
- (4) have five years' experience as a licensed operator and be at least 21 years of age on date of application; and
- (5) pay the application and license fees prescribed in section 702 of this title.
- (b) Commercial motor vehicle instructors shall satisfy the requirements of subdivisions (a)(1), (2), (3), and (5) of this section, and:
- (1) If the commercial motor vehicle instructor is a behind the wheel (BTW) instructor, shall either:
- (A)(i) hold a CDL of the same or higher class and with all endorsements necessary to operate the commercial motor vehicle for which training is to be provided;
- (ii) have at least two years of experience driving a commercial motor vehicle requiring the same or higher class of CDL and any applicable endorsements required to operate the commercial motor vehicle for which training is to be provided; and

- (iii) meet any additional applicable State requirements for commercial motor vehicle instructors; or
- (B)(i) hold a CDL of the same or higher class and with all endorsements necessary to operate the commercial motor vehicle for which training is to be provided;
 - (ii) have at least two years' experience as a BTW instructor; and
- (iii) meet any additional applicable State requirements for commercial motor vehicle instructors.
- (2) If the commercial motor vehicle instructor is a theory instructor, the instructor shall:
- (A)(i) hold a CDL of the same or higher class and with all endorsements necessary to operate the commercial motor vehicle for which training is to be provided;
- (ii) have at least two years of experience driving a commercial motor vehicle requiring the same or higher class of CDL and any applicable endorsements required to operate the commercial motor vehicle for which training is to be provided; and
- (iii) meet any additional applicable State requirements for commercial motor vehicle instructors; or
- (B)(i) hold a CDL of the same or higher class and with all endorsements necessary to operate the commercial motor vehicle for which training is to be provided;
 - (ii) have at least two years' experience as a BTW instructor; and
- (iii) meet any additional applicable State requirements for commercial motor vehicle instructors.
 - * * * Motorcycle Instructors * * *
- Sec. 20. 23 V.S.A. § 734 is amended to read:
- § 734. INSTRUCTOR REQUIREMENTS AND TRAINING

* * *

(b) The Department shall establish minimum requirements for the qualifications of a rider training instructor. The minimum requirements shall include the following:

(3) the instructor shall have at least <u>four two</u> years of <u>licensed</u> <u>experience as a motorcycle riding experience operator</u> during the last <u>five four</u> years;

* * *

(7) an applicant shall not be eligible for instructor status until his or her the applicant's driving record for the preceding five years, or the maximum number of years less than five for which a state retains driving records, is furnished; and

* * *

* * * Motor Vehicle Taxes * * *

Sec. 21. 32 V.S.A. § 8902 is amended to read:

§ 8902. DEFINITIONS

Unless otherwise expressly provided, as used in this chapter:

- (5)(A) "Taxable cost" means the purchase price as defined in subdivision (4) of this section or the taxable cost as determined under section 8907 of this title.
- (B) For any purchaser who has paid tax on the purchase or use of a motor vehicle that was sold or traded by the purchaser or for which the purchaser received payment under a contract of insurance, the taxable cost of the replacement motor vehicle other than a leased vehicle shall exclude:
- (A)(i) The value allowed by the seller on any motor vehicle accepted by the seller as part of the consideration of the motor vehicle, provided the motor vehicle accepted by the seller is owned and previously or currently registered or titled by the purchaser, with no change of ownership since registration or titling, except for motor vehicles for which registration is not required under the provisions of Title 23 or motor vehicles received under the provisions of subdivision 8911(8) of this title.
- (B)(ii) The amount received from the sale of a motor vehicle last registered or titled in the seller's name, the amount not to exceed the clean trade-in value of the same make, type, model, and year of manufacture as designated by the manufacturer and as shown in the NADA Official Used Car Guide (New England edition) J.D. Power Values, or any comparable publication, provided such the sale occurs within three months after the taxable purchase. However, this three-month period shall be extended day-for-day for any time that a member of a guard unit or of the U.S. Armed Forces, as

defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(10), spends outside Vermont due to activation or deployment and an additional 60 days following the individual's return from activation or deployment. Such The amount shall be reported on forms supplied by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles.

- (C)(iii) The amount actually paid to the purchaser within three months prior to the taxable purchase by any insurer under a contract of collision, comprehensive, or similar insurance with respect to a motor vehicle owned by him or her the purchaser, provided that the vehicle is not subject to the tax imposed by subsection 8903(d) of this title and provided that one of these events occur:
- (i)(I) the motor vehicle with respect to which such the payment is made by the insurer is accepted by the seller as a trade-in on the purchased motor vehicle before the repair of the damage giving rise to insurer's payment; or
- (ii)(II) the motor vehicle with respect to which such the payment is made to the insurer is treated as a total loss and is sold for dismantling.
- (D)(C) A purchaser shall be entitled to a partial or complete refund of taxes paid under subsection 8903(a) or (b) of this title if an insurer makes a payment to him or her the purchaser under contract of collision, comprehensive, or similar insurance after he or she the purchaser has paid the tax imposed by this chapter, if such the payment by the insurer is either:

* * *

(E)(D) The purchase price of a motor vehicle subject to the tax imposed by subsections 8903(a) and (b) of this title shall not be reduced by the value received or allowed in connection with the transfer of a vehicle that was registered for use as a short-term rental vehicle.

* * *

Sec. 22. 32 V.S.A. § 8907 is amended to read:

§ 8907. COMMISSIONER; COMPUTATION OF TAXABLE COSTS

(a) The Commissioner may investigate the taxable cost of any motor vehicle transferred subject to the provisions of this chapter. If the motor vehicle is not acquired by purchase in Vermont or is received for an amount that does not represent actual value, or if no tax form is filed or it appears to the Commissioner that a tax form contains fraudulent or incorrect information, the Commissioner may, in the Commissioner's discretion, fix the taxable cost of the motor vehicle at the clean trade-in value of vehicles of the same make, type, model, and year of manufacture as designated by the manufacturer, as

shown in the NADA Official Used Car Guide (New England Edition) J.D. Power Values or any comparable publication, less the lease end value of any leased vehicle. The Commissioner may develop a process to determine the value of vehicles that do not have clean trade-in value in J.D. Power Values. The Commissioner may compute and assess the tax due and notify the purchaser verbally, if the purchaser is at a DMV location, or immediately by certified mail, and the purchaser shall remit the same within 15 days thereafter after notice is sent or provided.

* * *

Sec. 23. 32 V.S.A. § 8914 is amended to read:

§ 8914. REFUND

Any overpayment of such tax as determined by the Commissioner shall be refunded. To be eligible to receive a refund, a person shall submit a request for a refund within one year after paying the tax.

* * * Refund of Registration Fee * * *

Sec. 24. 23 V.S.A. § 326 is amended to read:

§ 326. REFUND UPON LOSS OF VEHICLE

The Commissioner may cancel the registration of a motor vehicle when the owner of the motor vehicle proves to the Commissioner's satisfaction that the motor vehicle has been totally destroyed by fire or, through crash or wear, has become wholly unfit for use and has been dismantled. Commissioner cancels the registration and the owner returns to the Commissioner either the registration certificate or the number plate or number plates, or other proof of cancellation to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Commissioner shall certify to the Commissioner of Finance and Management the fact of the cancellation, giving the name of the owner of the motor vehicle, the owner's address, the amount of the registration fee paid, and the date of cancellation. The Commissioner of Finance and Management shall issue the Commissioner of Finance and Management's warrant in favor of the owner for such percent of the registration fee paid as the unexpired term of the registration bears to the entire registration period, but in no case shall the Commissioner of Finance and Management retain less than \$5.00 of the fee paid.

* * * Fuel Tax Refunds * * *

Sec. 25. 23 V.S.A. § 3020 is amended to read:

§ 3020. CREDITS AND REFUNDS

- (a) Credits.
- (1) A user who purchased fuel within this State from a dealer or distributor upon which he or she the user paid the tax at the time of purchase, or a user exempt from the payment of the tax under subsection 3003(d) of this title who purchased fuel within this State upon which he or she the user paid tax at the time of purchase, shall be entitled to a credit equal to the amount of tax per gallon in effect when the fuel was purchased. When the amount of the credit to which any user is entitled for any reporting period exceeds the amount of his or her the user's tax for the same period, the excess shall be credited to the user's tax account and the user shall be notified of the date and amount of the credit by mail.

* * *

(3) A user who also sells or delivers fuel subject to the tax imposed by 32 V.S.A. chapter 233 upon which the tax imposed by this chapter has been paid shall be entitled to a credit equal to the amount of such tax paid pursuant to this chapter. When the amount of the credit to which any user is entitled for any reporting period exceeds the amount of his or her the user's tax for the same period, the excess shall be credited to the user's tax account and the user shall be notified of the date and amount of the credit by mail.

* * *

(b) Refunds. A user may request, in writing by mail, a refund of any credits in the user's tax account, but in no case may a user collect a refund requested more than 33 12 months following the date the amount was credited to the user's tax account.

* * *

* * * Alteration of Odometers * * *

Sec. 26. 23 V.S.A. § 1704a is amended to read:

§ 1704a. ALTERATION OF ODOMETERS

- (a) Any person who sells No person shall:
- (1) sell, attempts attempt to sell, or eauses cause to be sold any motor vehicle, highway building appliance, motorboat, all-terrain vehicle, or snowmobile and has actual knowledge that if the odometer, hubometer reading, or clock meter reading has been changed, tampered with, or defaced

without <u>first</u> disclosing same and a person who changes, tampers with, or defaces, or who attempts that information to the buyer;

- (2) change, tamper with, or deface, or attempt to change, tamper with, or deface, any gauge, dial, or other mechanical instrument, commonly known as an odometer, hubometer, or clock meter, in a motor vehicle, highway building appliance, motorboat, all-terrain vehicle, or snowmobile, which, under normal circumstances and without being changed, tampered with, or defaced, is designed to show by numbers or words the distance that the motor vehicle, highway building appliance, motorboat, all-terrain vehicle, or snowmobile travels,; or who
- (3) willfully misrepresents misrepresent the odometer, hubometer, or clock meter reading on the odometer disclosure statement or similar statement, title, or bill of sale.
- (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00 for a first offense and fined not more than \$2,500.00 for each subsequent offense.

* * * Definition of Conviction * * *

Sec. 27. 23 V.S.A. § 102 is amended to read:

§ 102. DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER

- (d)(1) The Commissioner may authorize background investigations for potential employees, which may include criminal, traffic, and financial records checks; provided, however, that the potential employee is notified and has the right to withdraw his or her their name from application. Additionally, employees who are involved in the manufacturing or production of operator's licenses and identification cards, including enhanced licenses, or who have the ability to affect the identity information that appears on a license or identification card, or current employees who will be assigned to such positions, shall be subject to appropriate background checks and shall be provided notice of the background check and the contents of that check. These background checks shall include a name-based and fingerprint-based criminal history records check using at a minimum the Federal Bureau of Investigation's National Crime Information Center and the Integrated Automated Fingerprint Identification database and State repository records on each covered employee.
- (2) Employees may be subject to further appropriate security clearances if required by federal law, including background investigations that may

include criminal and traffic records checks and providing proof of U.S. citizenship.

- (3) The Commissioner may, in connection with a formal disciplinary investigation, authorize a criminal or traffic record background investigation of a current employee; provided, however, that the background review is relevant to the issue under disciplinary investigation. Information acquired through the investigation shall be provided to the Commissioner or designated division director and must be maintained in a secure manner. If the information acquired is used as a basis for any disciplinary action, it must be given to the employee during any pretermination hearing or contractual grievance hearing to allow the employee an opportunity to respond to or dispute the information. If no disciplinary action is taken against the employee, the information acquired through the background check shall be destroyed.
- (e) As used in this section, "conviction" has the same meaning as in subdivision 4(60) of this title.

Sec. 28. 23 V.S.A. § 108 is amended to read:

§ 108. APPLICATION FORMS

- (a) The Commissioner shall prepare and furnish all forms for applications, crash reports, conviction reports, a pamphlet containing the full text of the motor vehicle laws of the State, and all other forms needed in the proper conduct of his or her the Commissioner's office. He or she The Commissioner shall furnish an adequate supply of such registration forms, license applications, and motor vehicle laws each year to each town clerk, and to such other persons as may so upon request.
- (b) As used in this section, "conviction" has the same meaning as in subdivision 4(60) of this title.
- Sec. 29. 23 V.S.A. § 1709 is amended to read:

§ 1709. REPORT OF CONVICTIONS TO COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES

(a) The Judicial Bureau and every court having jurisdiction over offenses committed under any law of this State or municipal ordinance regulating the operation of motor vehicles on the highways shall forward a record of any conviction to the Commissioner within 10 days for violation of any State or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation.

(b) As used in this section, "conviction" has the same meaning as in subdivision 4(60) of this title.

Sec. 30. 23 V.S.A. § 1200 is amended to read:

§ 1200. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

* * *

- (11) As used in this section, "conviction" has the same meaning as in subdivision 4(60) of this title.
 - * * * Drunken Driving * * *
- Sec. 31. 23 V.S.A. § 1205 is amended to read:
- § 1205. CIVIL SUSPENSION; SUMMARY PROCEDURE
- (a) Refusal; alcohol concentration <u>at or</u> above legal limits; suspension periods.

* * *

(2) Upon affidavit of a law enforcement officer that the officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person was operating, attempting to operate, or in actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 1201 of this title and that the person submitted to a test and the test results indicated that the person's alcohol concentration was <u>at or</u> above a limit specified in subsection 1201(a) of this title, at the time of operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control, the Commissioner shall suspend the person's operating license or nonresident operating privilege or the privilege of an unlicensed operator to operate a vehicle for a period of 90 days and until the person complies with section 1209a of this title. However, during the suspension, an eligible person may operate under the terms of an ignition interlock RDL or ignition interlock certificate issued pursuant to section 1213 of this title.

* * *

(b) Form of officer's affidavit. A law enforcement officer's affidavit in support of a suspension under this section shall be in a standardized form for use throughout the State and shall be sufficient if it contains the following statements:

* * *

(4) The officer informed the person of his or her the person's rights under subsection 1202(d) of this title.

(5) The officer obtained an evidentiary test (noting the time and date the test was taken) and the test indicated that the person's alcohol concentration was <u>at or</u> above a legal limit specified in subsection 1201(a) or (d) of this title, or the person refused to submit to an evidentiary test.

* * *

(c) Notice of suspension. On behalf of the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, a law enforcement officer requesting or directing the administration of an evidentiary test shall serve notice of intention to suspend and of suspension on a person who refuses to submit to an evidentiary test or on a person who submits to a test the results of which indicate that the person's alcohol concentration was at or above a legal limit specified in subsection 1201(a) or (d) of this title, at the time of operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 1201 of this title. The notice shall be signed by the law enforcement officer requesting the test. A copy of the notice shall be sent to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, and a copy shall be mailed or given to the defendant within three business days after the date the officer receives the results of the test. If mailed, the notice is deemed received three days after mailing to the address provided by the defendant to the law enforcement officer. A copy of the affidavit of the law enforcement officer shall also be mailed by first-class mail or given to the defendant within seven days after the date of notice.

* * *

(h) Final hearing.

(1) If the defendant requests a hearing on the merits, the court shall schedule a final hearing on the merits to be held within 21 days after the date of the preliminary hearing. In no event may a final hearing occur more than 42 days after the date of the alleged offense without the consent of the defendant or for good cause shown. The final hearing may only be continued by the consent of the defendant or for good cause shown. The issues at the final hearing shall be limited to the following:

* * *

(D) Whether the test was taken and the test results indicated that the person's alcohol concentration was <u>at or</u> above a legal limit specified in subsection 1201(a) or (d) of this title, at the time of operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 1201 of this title, whether the testing methods used were valid and reliable, and whether the test results were accurate and accurately evaluated. Evidence that the test was taken and evaluated in compliance with rules adopted by the

Department of Public Safety shall be prima facie evidence that the testing methods used were valid and reliable and that the test results are accurate and were accurately evaluated.

* * *

(i) Finding by the court. The court shall electronically forward a report of the hearing to the Commissioner. Upon a finding by the court that the law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person was operating, attempting to operate, or in actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 1201 of this title and that the person refused to submit to a test, or upon a finding by the court that the law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person was operating, attempting to operate, or in actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 1201 of this title and that the person submitted to a test and the test results indicated that the person's alcohol concentration was at or above a legal limit specified in subsection 1201(a) or (d) of this title, at the time the person was operating, attempting to operate, or in actual physical control, the person's operating license, or nonresident operating privilege, or the privilege of an unlicensed operator to operate a vehicle shall be suspended or shall remain suspended for the required term and until the person complies with section 1209a of this title. Upon a finding in favor of the person, the Commissioner shall cause the suspension to be canceled and removed from the record, without payment of any fee.

* * *

(n) Presumption. In a proceeding under this section, if at any time within two hours of operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control of a vehicle a person had an alcohol concentration of at or above a legal limit specified in subsection 1201(a) or (d) of this title, it shall be a rebuttable presumption that the person's alcohol concentration was at or above the applicable limit at the time of operating, attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control.

* * *

Sec. 32. 23 V.S.A. § 1205(d) is amended to read:

(d) Form of notice. The notice of intention to suspend and of suspension shall be in a form prescribed by the Supreme Court. The notice shall include an explanation of rights, a form to be used to request a hearing, and, if a hearing is requested, the date, time, and location of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court where the person must appear for a preliminary hearing. The notice shall also contain, in boldface print, the following:

- (1) You have the right to ask for a hearing to contest the suspension of your operator's license.
- (2) This notice shall serve as a temporary operator's license and is valid until 12:01 a.m. of the date of suspension. If this is your first violation of section 1201 of this title and if you do not request a hearing, your license will be suspended as provided in this notice. If this is your second or subsequent violation of section 1201 of this title, your license will be suspended on the 11th day after you receive this notice. It is a crime to drive while your license is suspended unless you have been issued an ignition interlock restricted driver's license or ignition interlock certificate.

* * *

* * * Registration Fees for Trucks * * *

Sec. 33. 23 V.S.A. § 367 is amended to read:

§ 367. TRUCKS

(a)(1) The annual fee for registration of tractors, truck-tractors, or motor trucks except truck cranes, truck shovels, road oilers, bituminous distributors, and farm trucks used as specified in subsection (f) of this section shall be based on the total weight of the truck-tractor or motor truck, including body and cab plus the heaviest load to be carried. In computing the fees for registration of tractors, truck-tractors, or motor trucks with trailers or semitrailers attached, except trailers or semi-trailers with a gross weight of less than 6,000 6,009 pounds, the fee shall be based upon the weight of the tractor, truck-tractor, or motor truck, the weight of the trailer or semi-trailer, and the weight of the heaviest load to be carried by the combined vehicles. In addition to the fee set out in the following schedule, the fee for vehicles weighing between 10,000 10,100 and 25,999 26,099 pounds inclusive shall be an additional \$42.53, the fee for vehicles weighing between 26,000 26,100 and 39,999 40,099 pounds inclusive shall be an additional \$85.03, the fee for vehicles weighing between 40,000 40,100 and 59,999 60,099 pounds inclusive shall be an additional \$297.68, and the fee for vehicles 60,000 60,100 pounds and over shall be an additional \$467.80. The fee shall be computed at the following rates per 1,000 pounds of weight determined pursuant to this subdivision and rounded up to the nearest whole dollar; the minimum fee for registering a tractor, truck-tractor, or motor truck to 6,000 6,099 pounds shall be the same as for the pleasure car type:

\$18.21 when the weight exceeds 6,000 pounds but does not exceed 8,000 pounds is at least 6,100 pounds but not more than 8,099 pounds.

- \$20.83 when the weight exceeds 8,000 pounds but does not exceed 12,000 pounds is at least 8,100 pounds but not more than 12,099 pounds.
- \$22.97 when the weight exceeds 12,000 pounds but does not exceed 16,000 pounds is at least 12,100 pounds but not more than 16,099 pounds.
- \$24.56 when the weight exceeds 16,000 pounds but does not exceed 20,000 pounds is at least 16,100 pounds but not more than 20,099 pounds.
- \$25.71 when the weight exceeds 20,000 pounds but does not exceed 30,000 pounds is at least 20,100 pounds but not more than 30,099 pounds.
- \$26.26 when the weight exceeds 30,000 pounds but does not exceed 40,000 pounds 30,100 pounds but not more than 40,099 pounds.
- \$26.90 when the weight exceeds 40,000 pounds but does not exceed 50,000 pounds is at least 40,100 pounds but not more than 50,099 pounds.
- \$27.13 when the weight exceeds 50,000 pounds but does not exceed 60,000 pounds is at least 50,100 pounds but not more than 60,099 pounds.
- \$28.06 when the weight exceeds 60,000 pounds but does not exceed 70,000 pounds is at least 60,100 pounds but not more than 70,099 pounds.
- \$29.00 when the weight exceeds 70,000 pounds but does not exceed 80,000 pounds is at least 70,100 pounds but not more than 80,099 pounds.
- \$29.94 when the weight exceeds 80,000 pounds but does not exceed 90,000 pounds is at least 80,100 pounds but not more than 90,099 pounds.
- (2) Fractions of 1,000 pounds shall be computed at the next highest 1,000 pounds, excepting, however, fractions of hundredweight shall be disregarded. [Repealed.]

* * * Purchase and Use Tax * * *

Sec. 34. 32 V.S.A. § 8902 is amended to read:

§ 8902. DEFINITIONS

Unless otherwise expressly provided, as used in this chapter:

* * *

(6) "Motor vehicle" shall have <u>has</u> the same definition <u>meaning</u> as in 23 V.S.A. § 4(21).

* * *

(12) "Mail" has the same meaning as in 23 V.S.A. § 4(87).

Sec. 35. 32 V.S.A. § 8905 is amended to read:

§ 8905. COLLECTION OF TAX; EDUCATION; APPEALS

- (a) Every purchaser of a motor vehicle subject to a tax under subsection 8903(a) of this title shall forward such the tax form to the Commissioner, together with the amount of tax due at the time of first registering or transferring a registration to such the motor vehicle as a condition precedent to registration thereof of the vehicle.
- (b) Every person subject to a use tax under subsection 8903(b) of this title shall forward such the tax form and the tax due to the Commissioner with the registration application or transfer, as the case may be, and fee at the time of first registering or transferring a registration to such the motor vehicle as a condition precedent to registration thereof of the vehicle.

* * *

(d) Every person required to collect the use tax under subsection 8903(d) of this title shall forward such the tax and a report of same the tax on forms prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner at the frequency determined by the Commissioner.

* * *

- (f) Every person subject to the tax imposed by subsection 8903(g) of this title shall forward the tax form and the tax due to the Commissioner along with the title application and fee at the time of applying for a certificate of title to such the motor vehicle as a condition precedent to the titling thereof of the motor vehicle.
- (g) The Commissioner shall establish procedures for taxpayers to file an appeal regarding the taxpayer's liability for the tax due pursuant to section 8903 of this chapter and compliance with the requirements of this section. The procedures shall include a process by which a taxpayer can resolve the dispute prior to the issuance of a final administrative decision on the appeal.
- (h) The Commissioner shall create educational and outreach materials for taxpayers that provide information regarding the appeal process established pursuant to subsection (g) of this section and opportunities to resolve disputes.

* * * Excessive Speed * * *

Sec. 36. 23 V.S.A. § 2502 is amended to read:

§ 2502. POINT ASSESSMENT; SCHEDULE

(a) Unless the assessment of points is waived by a Superior judge or a Judicial Bureau hearing officer in the interests of justice and in accordance

with subsection 2501(b) of this title, a person operating a motor vehicle shall have points assessed against his or her the person's driving record for convictions for moving violations of the indicated motor vehicle statutes in accord with the following schedule: (All references are to this title of the Vermont Statutes Annotated.)

* * *

(9) Eight points assessed for sections 1003 and, 1007, and 1097. State speed zones and local speed limits, more than 30 miles per hour over and in excess of the speed limit.

* * *

* * * Tinted Windows * * *

Sec. 37. 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 165, Secs. 14, 15, and 16 are amended to read:

Sec. 14. [Deleted.]

Sec. 15. [Deleted.]

Sec. 16. [Deleted.]

* * * All-Terrain Vehicles * * *

Sec. 38. 23 V.S.A. § 3501 is amended to read:

§ 3501. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) "All-terrain vehicle" or "ATV" means any nonhighway recreational vehicle, except snowmobiles, having not less than two low pressure tires (10 pounds per square inch, or less); not wider than 64 72 inches, with two-wheel ATVs having permanent, full-time power to both wheels; and having a dry weight of less than 2,500 pounds, when used for cross-country travel on trails or on any one of the following or a combination thereof: land, water, snow, ice, marsh, swampland, and natural terrain. An ATV on a public highway shall be considered a motor vehicle, as defined in section 4 of this title, only for the purposes of those offenses listed in subdivisions 2502(a)(1)(H), (N), (R), (U), (Y), (FF), (GG), (II), and (AAA); (2)(A) and (B); (3)(A), (B), (C), and (D); (4)(A) and (B); and (5) of this title and as provided in section 1201 of this title. An ATV does not include an electric personal assistive mobility device, a motor-assisted bicycle, or an electric bicycle.

^{* * *} Purchase and Use Tax and Inspections Report * * *

Sec. 39. MOTOR VEHICLE PURCHASE AND USE TAX; INSPECTIONS; REPORT

- (a) On or before January 31, 2026, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall submit a written report to the House Committees on Transportation and on Ways and Means and the Senate Committees on Finance and on Transportation regarding the process for determining the taxable cost of a used motor vehicle for purposes of the purchase and use tax and the impact of annual motor vehicle safety and emissions inspections on Vermonters.
 - (b) The report shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) the number of persons during calendar years 2024 and 2025 who utilized the dealer appraisal process for determining the taxable cost of a used motor vehicle for purposes of the purchase and use tax;
- (2) the age and type of vehicles for which the dealer appraisal process was utilized during calendar years 2024 and 2025;
- (3) the difference between the clean trade-in value and the appraised value of vehicles for which the dealer appraisal process was utilized during calendar years 2024 and 2025;
- (4) the number of appeals of the taxable cost of a motor vehicle that were filed in calendar years 2024 and 2025;
- (5) the number appeals that resulted in a revision of the taxable cost and the difference between the originally assessed taxable cost and the revised taxable cost following the appeal;
- (6) a summary of issues identified by persons contacting the Department pursuant to subsection (c) of this section;
- (7) a summary of funding and other assistance related to annual motor vehicle safety and emissions inspections that is available to Vermonters with lower income;
- (8) an examination of the potential approaches to reduce the financial burden of annual motor vehicle safety and emissions inspections on Vermonters, including the potential to reduce the frequency of inspections to every two years; and
 - (9) any recommendations for legislative action.
- (c)(1) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall establish an email address or other electronic means, or both, for Vermonters to contact the Department of Motor Vehicles regarding concerns with the motor vehicle purchase and use tax process.

- (2) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall establish an email address or other electronic means, or both, for Vermonters to contact the Department of Motor Vehicles regarding the affordability of the annual motor vehicle inspection process and suggestions for reducing the financial impact of the inspection process on Vermonters.
- (3) The Commissioner shall conduct outreach at Department locations, on the Department's website, and through motor vehicle dealers to make the public aware of the opportunity to contact the Department pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.

* * * Operation of Bicycles * * *

Sec. 40. 23 V.S.A. § 1139 is amended to read:

§ 1139. RIDING ON ROADWAYS AND BICYCLE PATHS

(a) A person <u>Due care and riding on the right.</u> An individual operating a bicycle upon a roadway shall exercise due care when passing a standing vehicle or one proceeding in the same direction. Bicyclists generally shall ride as near to the right side of the improved area of the highway right-of-way as is safe, except that a bicyclist:

- (b) Persons riding Riding two abreast. Individuals operating bicycles upon a roadway may shall not ride more than two abreast except on paths or parts of roadways set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles or except as otherwise permitted by the Commissioner of Public Safety in connection with a public sporting event in which case the Commissioner shall be authorized to adopt such rules as the public good requires. Persons Individuals riding two abreast shall not impede the normal and reasonable movement of traffic and, on a laned roadway, shall ride within a single lane.
- (c) Obedience to traffic-control devices and traffic-control signals. An individual operating a bicycle shall follow all traffic-control devices and traffic-control signals governing motor vehicles except that an individual operating a bicycle who is facing a "walk" signal, as defined in section 1023 of this chapter, may make a turn or proceed across the roadway or intersection in the direction of the signal but shall yield the right of way to any vehicles or pedestrians in the roadway or intersection.
- (d) Riding on a partially controlled access highway. Bicycles may be operated on the shoulders of partially controlled access highways, which are those highways where access is controlled by public authority but where there are some connections with selected public highways, some crossings at grade, and some private driveway connections. The Traffic Committee may

determine that any portion of these highways is unsafe and therefore closed to bicycle operation.

Sec. 41. 23 V.S.A. § 1139a is added to read:

§ 1139a. BICYCLE CONTROL SIGNALS

- (a) Bicycles shall obey bicycle-control signals. An individual operating a bicycle shall obey the instructions of a bicycle-control signal, if present, instead of any traffic-control signal for motor vehicles.
 - (b) Bicycle-control signal legend.
 - (1) Green bicycle signal.
- (A) An individual operating a bicycle facing a green bicycle signal may proceed straight through the intersection or turn right or left unless a sign prohibits such a turn, provided that:
- (i) the individual operating the bicycle will not be in conflict with any simultaneous motor vehicle movements at that location; or
- (ii) the bicycle movement at that location is not modified by laneuse signs, turn-prohibition signs, pavement markings, separate turn signal indications, or other traffic-control devices.
- (B) An individual operating a bicycle pursuant to a green bicycle signal, including when turning right and left, shall yield the right-of-way to other individuals operating bicycles and pedestrians that are in the intersection when the signal is exhibited.
- (2) Steady yellow bicycle signal. An individual operating a bicycle facing a steady yellow bicycle signal is warned that the steady green signal is being terminated and that the red signal will be exhibited immediately following the steady yellow signal, at which time bicycle traffic traveling in that direction shall not enter the intersection.
 - (3) Steady red bicycle signal.
- (A) An individual operating a bicycle facing a steady red bicycle signal alone shall stop at a clearly marked stop line, or if there is none, shall stop before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection.
- (B) Except when a sign is in place prohibiting a turn, an individual operating a bicycle facing a steady red bicycle signal may:
 - (i) cautiously enter the intersection to turn right; or
- (ii) after stopping as required pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (b)(3), turn left from a one-way street onto a one-way street.

- (C) An individual making a turn pursuant to subdivision (B) of this subdivision (b)(3) shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and other vehicles that are in the intersection.
- (D) An individual operating a bicycle shall not turn right when facing a red arrow signal unless a sign permitting such a turn is present.
- (E) An individual operating a bicycle to the left of adjacent motor vehicle traffic approaching the same intersection shall be prohibited from turning right when facing a steady red bicycle signal and an individual operating a bicycle to the right of adjacent motor vehicle traffic approaching the same intersection shall be prohibited from turning left when facing a steady red bicycle signal.

Sec. 42. BICYCLE OPERATION AT STOP SIGNS AND SIGNALS;

EDUCATION; OUTREACH

On or before April 1, 2026, the Commissioners of Motor Vehicles and of Public Safety, in consultation with stakeholders representing bicyclists, pedestrians, municipalities, and law enforcement agencies, shall develop education and outreach materials to inform vehicle operators, law enforcement officers, municipalities, and members of the public regarding the laws governing to the operation of bicycles on roadways, including at signalized intersections. The materials shall include both written and graphical materials explaining permitted bicycle operations and requirements for the operation of motor vehicles in relation to bicycles, including safe passing distance requirements.

* * * Legal Trails * * *

Sec. 43. FINDINGS; INTENT; LEGAL TRAILS

- (a) Findings. The General Assembly finds the following:
- (1) Outdoor recreation is a significant part of Vermont's identity and economy.
- (2) Trails provide Vermonters and visitors with access to natural beauty throughout the State and are used for a wide variety of outdoor recreational activities throughout the year.
- (3) Some trails are also used by Vermonters for travel or to access their homes and properties.
- (4) The State and municipalities use some trails to provide maintenance to State and municipal lands and facilities, as well as to provide public safety and rescue services.

- (5) Trails may require regular maintenance to ensure that they remain passable and can continue to support recreation, travel, access, and various public services.
- (6) While many trails in Vermont have been established through private easements or other agreements, a subset of trails, known as legal trails, lie along public rights-of-way that were once town highways and are governed by the provisions of 19 V.S.A. chapter 3.
- (b) Intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly to clarify municipalities' authority to exclusively or cooperatively maintain legal trails under the provisions of 19 V.S.A. chapter 3.
- Sec. 44. 19 V.S.A. chapter 3 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 3. TOWN HIGHWAYS

§ 301. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

- (2) "Legislative body" includes boards of selectmen, aldermen, and village trustees means a legislative body as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2001.
- (3) "Selectmen" includes village trustees and aldermen "Selectboard" means a selectboard as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2001.

* * *

- $(8)(\underline{A})$ "Trail" means a public right-of-way that is not a highway and that:
- (i) municipalities have the authority to exclusively or cooperatively maintain; and
- (A)(ii)(I) previously was a designated town highway having the same width as the designated town highway, or a lesser width if so designated; or
- (B)(II) a new public right-of-way laid out as a trail by the selectmen legislative body for the purpose of providing access to abutting properties or for recreational use.
- (B) Nothing in this section subdivision (8) shall be deemed to independently authorize the condemnation of land for recreational purposes or to affect the authority of selectmen legislative bodies to reasonably regulate the uses of recreational trails.

§ 302. CLASSIFICATION OF TOWN HIGHWAYS

(a) For the purposes of this section and receiving State aid, all town highways shall be categorized into one or another of the following classes:

* * *

- (2) Class 2 town highways are those town highways selected as the most important highways in each town. As far as practicable, they shall be selected with the purposes of securing trunk lines of improved highways from town to town and to places that by their nature have more than normal amount of traffic. The selectmen legislative body, with the approval of the Agency, shall determine which highways are to be class 2 highways.
 - (3) Class 3 town highways:
- (A) Class 3 town highways are all traveled town highways other than class 1 or 2 highways. The selectmen legislative body, after conference with a representative of the Agency, shall determine which highways are class 3 town highways.

* * *

(5) Trails shall not be considered highways and the town. A municipality shall have the authority to maintain trails but shall not be responsible for any maintenance, including culverts and bridges.

* * *

§ 303. TOWN HIGHWAY CONTROL

Town highways shall be under the general supervision and control of the selectmen <u>legislative body</u> of the town where the roads are located. Selectmen The legislative body of a town shall supervise all expenditures.

§ 304. DUTIES OF SELECTBOARD

(a) It shall be the duty and responsibility of the selectboard of the town to, or acting as a board, it shall have the authority to:

* * *

(16) Unless the town electorate votes otherwise, under the provisions of 17 V.S.A. § 2646, appoint a road commissioner, or remove him or her the road commissioner from office, pursuant to 17 V.S.A. § 2651. Road commissioners, elected or appointed, shall have only the powers and authority regarding highways granted to them by the selectboard.

* * *

(24) Maintain trails, but shall not be required to maintain trails.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 45. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) This section and Secs. 15 and 16 (early renewal of operator's licenses, operator's privilege cards, and nondriver identification) shall take effect on passage.
 - (b) The remaining sections shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

(Committee vote: 11-0-0)

Rep. Canfield of Fair Haven, for the Committee on Ways and Means, recommends that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with the proposal of amendment recommended by the Committee on Transportation.

(Committee Vote: 9-0-2)

Rep. Kascenska of Burke, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with the proposal of amendment recommended by the Committee on Transportation.

(Committee Vote: 11-0-0)

Amendment to be offered by Reps. Headrick of Burlington, Bos-Lun of Westminster, Burrows of West Windsor, Carris-Duncan of Whitingham, Casey of Montpelier, Cina of Burlington, Cole of Hartford, Cordes of Bristol, Critchlow of Colchester, Galfetti of Barre Town, Logan of Burlington, McCann of Montpelier, Minier of South Burlington, Nelson of Derby, Priestley of Bradford, Rachelson of Burlington, Sibilia of Dover, Surprenant of Barnard, Sweeney of Shelburne, and Tomlinson of Winooski to the report of the Committee on Transportation on S. 123:

<u>First</u>: After Sec. 15, 23 V.S.A. § 604, early renewal, by adding four new sections to be Secs. 15a–15d to read as follows:

Sec. 15a. 23 V.S.A. § 601 is amended to read:

§ 601. LICENSE REQUIRED

* * *

(b)(1) All operator's licenses issued under this chapter shall expire, unless earlier cancelled, at midnight on the eve of the second $\Theta_{\overline{1}}$, fourth, or eighth anniversary of the date of birth of the license holder following the date of issue. Renewed licenses shall expire at midnight on the eve of the second $\Theta_{\overline{1}}$, fourth, or eighth anniversary of the date of birth of the license holder following the date the renewed license expired.

- (2) All junior operator's licenses shall expire, unless earlier cancelled, at midnight on the eve of the second anniversary of the date of birth of the license holder following the date of issue.
- (3) A person born on February 29 shall, for the purposes of this section, be considered as born on March 1.

* * *

Sec. 15b. 23 V.S.A. § 603 is amended to read:

§ 603. APPLICATION FOR AND ISSUANCE OF LICENSE

* * *

(h) A privilege card issued under this section shall:

* * *

(2) expire at midnight on the eve of the second birthday of the applicant following the date of issuance or, at the option of an applicant for an operator's privilege card and upon payment of the required four-year fee, at midnight on the eve of the, fourth, or eighth birthday of the applicant following the date of issuance.

* * *

Sec. 15c. 23 V.S.A. § 608 is amended to read:

§ 608. FEES

- (a)(1) The eight-year fee required to be paid the Commissioner for licensing an operator of motor vehicles or for issuing an operator's privilege card shall be \$156.00.
- (2) The four-year fee required to be paid the Commissioner for licensing an operator of motor vehicles or for issuing an operator's privilege card shall be \$62.00.
- (3) The two-year fee required to be paid the Commissioner for licensing an operator or for issuing an operator's privilege card shall be \$39.00, and the two-year fee for licensing a junior operator or for issuing a junior operator's privilege card shall be \$39.00.

* * *

(c)(1) The Operator's License Revenue Stabilization Special Fund is established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5. Notwithstanding 19 V.S.A. § 11(1), one-half of the fees for eight-year operator's licenses collected pursuant to subdivision (a)(1) of this section shall be deposited into the Treasury and credited to the Fund.

- (2)(A) Monies in the Fund shall be used to support the operations of the Department of Motor Vehicles and the State's Transportation Program and for necessary costs incurred in administering the Fund.
- (B) Monies to support the operations of the Department of Motor Vehicles and the State's Transportation Program shall be transferred into the Transportation Fund each fiscal year in an amount necessary to offset cyclical variation in license fee revenue, provided that the amount transferred shall not result in a negative balance in the Fund.
- (3) All interest earned on Fund balances shall be credited to the Fund and any balance remaining in the Fund at the end of the fiscal year shall be carried forward in the Fund.

Sec. 15d. 23 V.S.A. § 7 is amended to read:

§ 7. ENHANCED DRIVER'S LICENSE; MAINTENANCE OF DATABASE INFORMATION; FEE

* * *

- (d) The fee for an enhanced license shall be:
- (1) for a two-year or four-year license, \$36.00 in addition to the fees otherwise established by this title; and
- (2) for an eight-year license, \$72.00 in addition to the fees otherwise established by this title.

Second: After Sec. 16, 23 V.S.A. § 115b, early renewal, by adding a new section to be Sec. 16a to read as follows:

Sec. 16a. 23 V.S.A. § 115 is amended to read:

§ 115. NONDRIVER IDENTIFICATION CARDS

- (a)(1) Any Vermont resident may make application to the Commissioner and be issued an identification card that is attested by the Commissioner as to true name, correct age, residential address unless the listing of another address is requested by the applicant or is otherwise authorized by law, and any other identifying data as the Commissioner may require that shall include, in required by the Commissioner. In the case of minor applicants, the Commissioner shall require the written consent of the applicant's parent, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis.
- (2) Every application for an identification card shall be signed by the applicant and shall contain such evidence of age and identity as the Commissioner may require, consistent with subsection (1) of this section.

- (3) New and renewal application forms shall include a space for the applicant to request that a "veteran" designation be placed on the applicant's identification card. If a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(2) and including an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, as defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101(24), requests a veteran designation and provides a Department of Defense Form 214 or other proof of veteran status specified by the Commissioner, and the Office of Veterans' Affairs confirms the veteran's status as an honorably discharged veteran; a veteran discharged under honorable conditions; or an individual disabled during active military, naval, air, or space service, the identification card shall include the term "veteran" on its face.
- (4) The Commissioner shall require payment of a fee of \$29.00 for a four-year nondriver identification card or \$58.00 for an eight-year nondriver identification card at the time application for an identification card is made, except that an initial nondriver identification card shall be issued at no charge to an individual who surrenders the individual's license in connection with a suspension or revocation under subsection 636(b) of this title due to a physical or mental condition.
- (b)(1) Every identification card shall expire, unless earlier canceled, at 12:00 midnight on the eve of the fourth or eighth anniversary of the date of birth of the cardholder following the date of original issue and may be renewed every for four years upon payment of a \$29.00 fee or for eight years upon payment of a \$58.00 fee.
- (2) A renewed identification card shall expire, unless earlier canceled, at 12:00 midnight on the eve of the fourth or eighth anniversary of the date of birth of the cardholder following the expiration of the card being renewed.
- (3) At least 30 days before an identification card will expire, the Commissioner shall mail first-class to the cardholder or send the cardholder electronically an application to renew the identification card; a. A cardholder shall be sent the renewal notice by mail unless the cardholder opts in to receive electronic notification.
- (4) An individual born on February 29 shall, for the purposes of this section, be considered as born on March 1.

* * *

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Noyes of Wolcott to the report of the Committee on Transportation on S. 123

That the report of the Committee on Transportation be amended by striking out Sec. 45, effective dates, and its reader assistance heading in their entireties

and by inserting three new sections to be Secs. 45, 46, and 47 and their associated reader assistance headings to read as follows:

* * * Motor Vehicle Inspections * * *

Sec. 45. 23 V.S.A. § 1222 is amended to read:

§ 1222. INSPECTION OF REGISTERED VEHICLES

(a) Except for school buses, which shall be inspected as prescribed in section 1282 of this title, and motor buses as defined in subdivision 4(17) of this title, which shall be inspected twice during the calendar year at six-month intervals, all motor vehicles registered in this State shall undergo a safety and visual emissions inspection once each year every two years and all motor vehicles that are registered in this State and are 16 model years old or less shall undergo an emissions or on board diagnostic (OBD) systems inspection once each year every two years as applicable. Any motor vehicle, trailer, or semi-trailer not currently inspected in this State shall be inspected within 15 days following the date of its registration in the State of Vermont.

* * *

Sec. 46. 23 V.S.A. § 1230 is amended to read:

§ 1230. CHARGE

For each inspection certificate issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, the Commissioner shall be paid \$8.00 \$16.00, provided that State and municipal inspection stations that inspect only State or municipally owned and registered vehicles shall not be required to pay a fee. All vehicle inspection certificate charge revenue shall be allocated to the Transportation Fund with one-half reserved for bridge maintenance activities.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 47. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) This section and Secs. 15 and 16 (early renewal of operator's licenses, operator's privilege cards, and nondriver identification) shall take effect on passage.
 - (b) The remaining sections shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 479

An act relating to housing

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Vermont Rental Housing Improvement Program * * *

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 699 is amended to read:

§ 699. VERMONT RENTAL HOUSING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

(a) Creation of Program.

* * *

- (5)(A) The Department may cooperate with and subgrant funds to State agencies and governmental subdivisions and public and private organizations in order to carry out the purposes of this subsection.
- (B) Solely with regards to actions undertaken pursuant to this subdivision, entities carrying out the provisions of this section, including grantees, subgrantees, and contractors of the State, shall be exempt from the provisions of 8 V.S.A. chapter 73 (licensed lenders, mortgage brokers, mortgage loan originators, sales finance companies, and loan solicitation companies).

* * *

- (d) Program requirements applicable to grants and forgivable loans.
 - (1)(A) A grant or loan shall not exceed:
- (i) \$70,000.00 per unit, for rehabilitation or creation of an eligible rental housing unit meeting the applicable building accessibility requirements under the Vermont Access Rules; or
- (ii) \$50,000.00 per unit, for rehabilitation or creation of any other eligible rental housing unit. Up to an additional \$20,000.00 per unit may be made available for specific elements that collectively bring the unit to the visitable standard outlined in the rules adopted by the Vermont Access Board.

* * *

(e) Program requirements applicable to grants and five-year forgivable loans. For a grant or five-year forgivable loan awarded through the Program, the following requirements apply for a minimum period of five years:

- (1) A landlord shall coordinate with nonprofit housing partners and local coordinated entry <u>homelessness service</u> organizations <u>approved by the</u> Department to identify potential tenants.
- (2)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(B) of this subsection (e), a landlord shall lease the unit to a household that is:
- (i) exiting homelessness, including any individual under 25 years of age who secures housing through a master lease held by a youth service provider on behalf of individuals under 25 years of age;
- (ii) actively working with an immigrant or refugee resettlement program; or
- (iii) composed of at least one individual with a disability who receives or is eligible approved to receive Medicaid-funded home and community-based home- and community-based services or Social Security Disability Insurance;
 - (iv) displaced due to a natural disaster; or
- (v) with approval from the Department in writing, an organization that will hold a master lease that explicitly states the unit will be used in service of the populations described in this subsection (e).

* * *

- (4)(A) A landlord may convert a grant to a forgivable loan upon approval of the Department and the housing organization that approved the grant.
- (B) A landlord who converts a grant to a forgivable loan shall receive a 10-percent prorated credit for loan forgiveness for each year in which the landlord participates in the Program.
- (f) Requirements applicable to 10-year forgivable loans. For a 10-year forgivable loan awarded through the Program, the following requirements apply for a minimum period of 10 years:
- (1) A landlord shall coordinate with nonprofit housing partners and local coordinated entry organizations to identify potential tenants The total cost of rent for the unit, including utilities not covered by rent payments, shall not exceed the applicable fair market rent established by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, except that a landlord may accept a housing voucher that exceeds fair market rent, if available.
- (2)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(B) of this subsection (f), a landlord shall lease the unit to a household that is:

- (i) exiting homelessness, including any individual under 25 years of age who secures housing through a master lease held by a youth service provider on behalf of individuals under 25 years of age;
- (ii) actively working with an immigrant or refugee resettlement program; or
- (iii) composed of at least one individual with a disability who is eligible to receive Medicaid-funded home and community based services.
- (B) If, upon petition of the landlord, the Department or the housing organization that issued the grant determines that a household under subdivision (2)(A) of this subsection (f) is not available to lease the unit, then the landlord shall lease the unit:
- (i) to a household with an income equal to or less than 80 percent of area median income; or
- (ii) if such a household is unavailable, to another household with the approval of the Department or housing organization.
- (3)(A) A landlord shall accept any housing vouchers that are available to pay all, or a portion of, the tenant's rent and utilities.
- (B) If no housing voucher or federal or State subsidy is available, the cost of rent for the unit, including utilities not covered by rent payments, shall not exceed the applicable fair market rent established by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- (4)(3) The Department shall forgive 10 percent of the a prorated amount of a forgivable loan for each year a landlord participates in the loan program.
 - (g) Minimum funding for grants and five-year forgivable loans.
- (1) Annually, the Department shall establish a minimum allocation of funding set aside to be used for five-year grants or forgivable loans to serve eligible households pursuant to subsection (e) of this section. Remaining funds may be used for either five-year grants or forgivable loans or 10-year forgivable loans pursuant to subsection (f) of this section. The set aside shall be a minimum of 30 percent of funds disbursed annually.
- (2) The Department shall consult with the Agency of Human Services to evaluate factors in establishing the amount of the set aside, including:
 - (A) the availability of housing vouchers;
 - (B) the current need for housing for eligible households;
 - (C) the ability and desire of landlords to house eligible households;

- (D) the support services available for landlords; and
- (E) the prior uptake and success rates for participating landlords.
- (3) The Department shall coordinate with the local Coordinated Entry Lead Agencies and HomeOwnership Centers to direct referrals for those individuals or families prioritized to be housed pursuant to the five-year grants or forgivable loans.
- (4) Funds from the set aside not utilized after nine months shall become available for 10-year forgivable loans.
- (5) The Department shall annually publish the amount of the set aside on its website.

* * *

- (i) Creation of the Vermont Rental Housing Improvement Program Fund. Funds repaid or returned to the Department from forgivable loans or grants funded by the Program shall return to the Vermont Rental Housing Improvement Program Fund to be used for Program expenditures and administrative costs at the discretion of the Department.
- (j) Annual report. Annually, the Department shall submit a report to the House Committees on Human Services and on General and Housing and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs regarding the following:
- (1) separately, the number of units funded and the number of units rehabilitated through grants, through a five-year forgivable loan, and through a 10-year forgivable loan;
- (2) for grants and five-year forgivable loans, for the first year after the expiration of the lease requirements outlined in subdivision (e)(2)(A) of this section, whether the unit is still occupied by a tenant who meets the qualifications of that subdivision;
- (3) for each program, for the first year after the expiration of the applicable lease requirements outlined in this section, the amount of rent charged by the landlord and how that rent compares to fair market rent established by the Department of Housing and Urban Development; and
- (4) the rate of turnover for tenants housed utilizing grants or five-year forgivable loans and 10-year forgivable loans separately.

* * * MHIR * * *

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 700 is added to read:

§ 700. VERMONT MANUFACTURED HOME IMPROVEMENT AND REPAIR PROGRAM

- (a) There is created within the Department of Housing and Community Development the Manufactured Home Improvement and Repair Program. The Department shall design and implement the Program to award funding to statewide or regional nonprofit housing organizations, or both, to provide financial assistance or awards to manufactured homeowners and manufactured home park owners to improve existing homes, incentivize new slab placement for prospective homeowners, and incentivize park improvements for infill of more homes.
 - (b) The following projects are eligible for funding through the Program:
- (1) The Department may award up to \$20,000.00 to owners of manufactured housing communities to complete small-scale capital needs to help infill vacant lots with homes, including disposal of abandoned homes, lot grading and preparation, the siting and upgrading of electrical boxes, enhancing E-911 safety issues, transporting homes out of flood zones, and improving individual septic systems. Costs awarded under this subdivision may also cover legal fees and marketing to help make it easier for homeseekers to find vacant lots around the State.
- (2) The Department may award funding to manufactured homeowners for which the home is their primary residence to address habitability and accessibility issues to bring the home into compliance with safe living conditions.
- (3) The Department may award up to \$15,000.00 per grant to a homeowner to pay for a foundation or federal Department of Housing and Urban Development-approved slab, site preparation, skirting, tie-downs, and utility connections on vacant lots within a manufactured home community.
- (c) The Department may adopt rules, policies, and guidelines to aid in enacting the Program.
 - * * * Vermont Infrastructure Sustainability Fund * * *
- Sec. 3. 24 V.S.A. chapter 119, subchapter 6 is amended to read:

Subchapter 6. Special Funds

* * *

§ 4686. VERMONT INFRASTRUCTURE SUSTAINABILITY FUND

(a) Creation. There is created the Vermont Infrastructure Sustainability Fund within the Vermont Bond Bank.

- (b) Purpose. The purpose of the Fund is to provide capital to extend and increase capacity of water and sewer service and other public infrastructure in municipalities where lack of extension or capacity is a barrier to housing development.
- (c) Administration. The Vermont Bond Bank may administer the Fund in coordination with and support from other State agencies, government component parts, and quasi-governmental agencies.

(d) Program parameters.

- (1) The Vermont Bond Bank, in consultation with the Department of Housing and Community Development, shall develop program guidelines to effectively implement the Fund.
- (2) The program shall provide low-interest loans or purchase bonds from municipalities to expand infrastructure capacity. Eligible activities include:
 - (A) preliminary engineering and planning;
 - (B) engineering design and bid specifications;
 - (C) construction for municipal water and wastewater systems;
- (D) transportation investments, including those required by municipal regulation, the municipality's official map, designation requirements, or other planning or engineering identifying complete streets and transportation and transit related improvements, including improvements to existing streets; and
- (E) other eligible activities as determined by the guidelines produced by the Vermont Bond Bank in consultation with the Department of Housing and Community Development.
- (e) Application requirements. Eligible project applications shall demonstrate:
- (1) the project will create reserve capacity necessary for new housing unit development;
 - (2) the project has a direct link to housing unit production; and
- (3) the municipality has a commitment to own and operate the project throughout its useful life.
- (f) Application criteria. In addition to any criteria developed in the program guidelines, project applications shall be evaluated using the following criteria:

- (1) whether there is a direct connection to proposed or in-progress housing development with demonstrable progress toward regional housing targets;
- (2) whether the project is an expansion of an existing system and the proximity to a designated area;
- (3) the project readiness and estimated time until the need for financing; and
- (4) the demonstration of financing for project completion of a project component.
- (g) Award terms. The Vermont Bond Bank, in consultation with the Department of Housing and Community Development, shall establish award terms that may include:
 - (1) the maximum loan or bond amount;
 - (2) the maximum term of the loan or bond amount;
 - (3) the time by which amortization shall commence;
 - (4) the maximum interest rate;
- (5) whether the loan is eligible for forgiveness and to what percentage or amount;
 - (6) the necessary security for the loan or bond; and
 - (7) any additional covenants required to further secure the loan or bond.
 - (h) Revolving fund.
- (1) Any funds repaid or returned from the Infrastructure Sustainability Fund shall be deposited into the Fund and used to continue the program established in this section.
- (2) The Bank may use the funds in conjunction with other Bank programs to accomplish the policy objectives outlined in this section.
 - * * * VHFA Rental Housing Revolving Loan Program * * *
- Sec. 4. 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 47, Sec. 38 is amended to read:

Sec. 38. RENTAL HOUSING REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAM

(a) Creation; administration. The Vermont Housing Finance Agency shall design and implement a Rental Housing Revolving Loan Program and shall create and administer a revolving loan fund to provide subsidized loans for rental housing developments that serve middle-income households.

(b) Loans; eligibility; criteria.

* * *

- (7) The Agency shall use one or more legal mechanisms to ensure that:
- (A) a subsidized unit remains affordable to a household earning the applicable percent of area median income for the longer of:
 - (i) seven years; or
 - (ii) full repayment of the loan plus three years; and
- (B) during the affordability period determined pursuant to subdivision (A) of this subdivision (7), the annual increase in rent for a subsidized unit does not exceed three percent or an amount otherwise authorized by the Agency.

* * *

* * * Housing and Residential Services Planning Committee * * *

Sec. 5. STATE HOUSING AND RESIDENTIAL SERVICES PLANNING COMMITTEE; REPORT

- (a) Creation. There is created the State Housing and Residential Services Planning Committee to generate a State plan to develop housing for individuals with developmental disabilities.
- (b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following members:
- (1) one current member of the House of Representatives, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House;
- (2) one current member of the Senate, who shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees;
 - (3) the Secretary of Human Services or designee;
- (4) the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living or designee;
- (5) the Commissioner of Housing and Community Development or designee;
 - (6) the State Treasurer or designee;
- (7) one member, appointed by the Developmental Disabilities Housing Initiative;

- (8) the Executive Director of the Vermont Developmental Disabilities Council;
 - (9) one member, appointed by Green Mountain Self-Advocates;
 - (10) one member, appointed by Vermont Care Partners;
- (11) one member, appointed by the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board; and
- (12) one member, appointed by the Associated General Contractors of Vermont.
- (c) Powers and duties. The Committee shall create an actionable plan to develop housing for individuals with developmental disabilities that reflects the diversity of needs expressed by those individuals and their families, including individuals with high-support needs who require 24-hour care and those with specific communication needs. The plan shall include:
- (1) a schedule for the creation of at least 600 additional units of servicesupported housing;
- (2) the number and description of the support needs of individuals with developmental disabilities anticipated to be served annually;
 - (3) anticipated funding needs; and
- (4) recommendations for changes in State laws or policies that are obstacles to the development of housing needed by individuals with Medicaid-funded home-and community-based services.
 - (d) Assistance.
- (1) The Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Department of Housing and Community Development.
- (2) Upon request of the Committee, the Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living shall provide an analysis of the current state of housing in Vermont for individuals with development disabilities and, to the extent available, an analysis of the level of community support needed for these individuals.
- (e) Report. On or before November 15, 2025, the Committee shall submit a written report to the House Committees on General and Housing and on Human Services and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Health and Welfare with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action.
 - (f) Meetings.

- (1) The Secretary of Human Services shall call the first meeting of the Committee to occur on or before July 15, 2025.
- (2) The Committee shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.
 - (3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
 - (4) The Committee shall cease to exist on November 30, 2025.
- (g)(1) Compensation and reimbursement. For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, a legislative member of the Committee serving in the member's capacity as a legislator shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 23 for not more than six meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the General Assembly.
- (2) Members of the Committee who are not otherwise compensated for their time shall be entitled to per diem compensation as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than six meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Department of Housing and Community Development for that purpose.
- (h) Intent to appropriate. Notwithstanding subsection (g)(2) of this section, per diems for the cost of attending meetings shall only be available in the event an appropriation is made in fiscal year 2026 from the General Fund to the Department of Housing and Community Development for that purpose.
 - * * * Tax Department Housing Data Access * * *
- Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 5404 is amended to read:
- § 5404. DETERMINATION OF EDUCATION PROPERTY TAX GRAND LIST

* * *

(b) Annually, on or before August 15, the clerk of a municipality, or the supervisor of an unorganized town or gore, shall transmit to the Director in an electronic or other format as prescribed by the Director: education and municipal grand list data, including exemption information and grand list abstracts; tax rates; an extract of the assessor database also referred to as a Computer Assisted Mass Appraisal (CAMA) system or Computer Assisted Mass Appraisal database; and the total amount of taxes assessed in the town or unorganized town or gore. The data transmitted shall identify each parcel by a parcel identification number assigned under a numbering system prescribed by the Director. Municipalities may continue to use existing numbering systems in addition to, but not in substitution for, the parcel identification system

prescribed by the Director. If changes or additions to the grand list are made by the listers or other officials authorized to do so after such abstract has been so transmitted, such clerks shall forthwith certify the same to the Director.

* * *

* * * Landlord Certificate * * *

Sec. 7. REPEAL; ACT 181 PROSPECTIVE LANDLORD CERTIFICATE CHANGES

2024 Acts and Resolves No. 181, Secs. 98 (landlord certificate amendments) and 114(5) (effective date of landlord certificate amendments) are repealed.

Sec. 8. 32 V.S.A. § 6069 is amended to read:

§ 6069. LANDLORD CERTIFICATE

* * *

- (b) The owner of each rental property shall, on or before January 31 of each year, furnish a certificate of rent to the Department of Taxes.
- (c) A certificate under this section shall be in a form prescribed by the Commissioner and shall include the following:
 - (1) the name of the each renter;
- (2) the address and any property tax parcel identification number of the homestead, the information required under subsection (f) of this section, the School Property Account Number of the rental property;
 - (3) the name of the owner or landlord of the rental property;
- (4) the phone number, email address, and mailing address of the owner or landlord of the rental property, as available;
 - (5) the type or types of rental units on the rental property;
 - (6) the number of rental units on the rental property;
 - (7) the number of ADA-accessible units on the rental property; and
- (8) any additional information that the Commissioner determines is appropriate.

* * *

(f) Annually on or before October 31, the Department shall prepare and make available to a member of the public upon request a database in the form of a sortable spreadsheet that contains the following information for each

rental unit for which the Department received a certificate pursuant to this section:

- (1) name of owner or landlord;
- (2) mailing address of landlord;
- (3) location of rental unit;
- (4) type of rental unit;
- (5) number of units in building; and
- (6) School Property Account Number. Annually on or before December 15, the Department shall submit a report on the aggregated data collected under this section to the House Committee on General and Housing and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

* * * Land Bank Report * * *

Sec. 9. DHCD LAND BANK REPORT

- (a) On or before November 1, 2026, the Department of Housing and Community Development shall issue a report to the House Committee on General and Housing and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs outlining a legal framework for implementation of a State land bank. The report shall include proposed legislative language specific to:
 - (1) the creation and ongoing administration of a statewide land bank;
 - (2) the authorization of regional or municipal land banks; and
- (3) the identification of funding proposals to support the establishment and sustainability of each separate model.
- (b) The report shall include an analysis on which option, the creation of a statewide land bank or the authorization of regional or municipal land banks, best serves the interest of Vermont communities, including rural communities.
- (c) On or before January 15, 2026, the Department of Housing and Community Development shall provide a written update to the House Committee on General and Housing and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs on progress made, including a preliminary assessment of the information required in the final report.
 - * * * Housing and Public Accommodations Protections * * *
- Sec. 10. 9 V.S.A. § 4456a is amended to read:
- § 4456a. RESIDENTIAL RENTAL APPLICATION FEES; PROHIBITED

- (a) A landlord or a landlord's agent shall not charge an application fee to any individual in order to apply to enter into a rental agreement for a residential dwelling unit. This section subsection shall not be construed to prohibit a person from charging a fee to a person in order to apply to rent commercial or nonresidential property.
- (b)(1) In order to conduct a background or credit check, a landlord may request a Social Security number from a residential rental applicant.
- (2) In the event an applicant does not have a Social Security number, a landlord shall accept one of the following:
- (A) an original or a copy of any unexpired form of government-issued identification; or
 - (B) an Individual Taxpayer Identification Number.
- Sec. 11. 9 V.S.A. § 4501 is amended to read:
- § 4501. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

- (12)(A) "Harass" means to engage in unwelcome conduct that detracts from, undermines, or interferes with a person's:
- (i) use of a place of public accommodation or any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of a place of public accommodation because of the person's race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship, immigration status, marital status, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability; or
- (ii) terms, conditions, privileges, or protections in the sale or rental of a dwelling or other real estate, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with a dwelling or other real estate, because of the person's race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, citizenship, immigration status, or disability, or because the person intends to occupy a dwelling with one or more minor children, or because the person is a recipient of public assistance, or because the person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.

* * *

Sec. 12. 9 V.S.A. § 4502 is amended to read:

§ 4502. PUBLIC ACCOMMODATIONS

(a) An owner or operator of a place of public accommodation or an agent or employee of such owner or operator shall not, because of the race, creed, color, national origin, <u>citizenship</u>, <u>immigration status</u>, marital status, sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity of any person, refuse, withhold from, or deny to that person any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, and privileges of the place of public accommodation.

* * *

Sec. 13. 9 V.S.A. § 4503 is amended to read:

§ 4503. UNFAIR HOUSING PRACTICES

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person:

- (1) To refuse to sell or rent, or refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling or other real estate to any person because of the race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, citizenship, immigration status, or disability of a person, or because a person intends to occupy a dwelling with one or more minor children, or because a person is a recipient of public assistance, or because a person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.
- (2) To discriminate against, or to harass, any person in the terms, conditions, privileges, and protections of the sale or rental of a dwelling or other real estate, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with a dwelling or other real estate, because of the race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, citizenship, immigration status, or disability of a person, or because a person intends to occupy a dwelling with one or more minor children, or because a person is a recipient of public assistance, or because a person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.
- (3) To make, print, or publish, or cause to be made, printed, or published any notice, statement, or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling or other real estate that indicates any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, citizenship, immigration status, or disability of a person, or because a person intends to occupy a dwelling with one or more minor children, or because a person is a recipient of public assistance, or because a person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.
- (4) To represent to any person because of the race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national

origin, <u>citizenship</u>, <u>immigration status</u>, or disability of a person, or because a person intends to occupy a dwelling with one or more minor children, or because a person is a recipient of public assistance, or because a person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking, that any dwelling or other real estate is not available for inspection, sale, or rental when the dwelling or real estate is in fact so available.

* * *

- (6) To discriminate against any person in the making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance for real-estate-related transactions or in the selling, brokering, or appraising of residential real property, because of the race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, citizenship, immigration status, or disability of a person, or because a person intends to occupy a dwelling with one or more minor children, or because a person is a recipient of public assistance, or because a person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.
- (7) To engage in blockbusting practices, for profit, which may include inducing or attempting to induce a person to sell or rent a dwelling by representations regarding the entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, citizenship, immigration status, or disability of a person, or because a person intends to occupy a dwelling with one or more minor children, or because a person is a recipient of public assistance, or because a person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.
- (8) To deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple listing service, real estate brokers' organization, or other service, organization, or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against any person in the terms or conditions of such access, membership, or participation, on account of race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, citizenship, immigration status, or disability of a person, or because a person is a recipient of public assistance, or because a person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.

* * *

(12) To discriminate in land use decisions or in the permitting of housing because of race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, <u>citizenship</u>, <u>immigration status</u>, disability, the presence of one or more minor children, income, or because of

the receipt of public assistance, or because a person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking, except as otherwise provided by law.

* * *

- (d) If required by federal law, the verification of immigration status or differential treatment on the basis of citizenship or immigration status shall not constitute a violation of subsection (a) of this section with respect to the sale and rental of dwellings.
- (e) For purposes of subdivision (a)(6) of this section, it shall not constitute unlawful discrimination for a lender to consider a credit applicant's immigration status to the extent such status has bearing on the lender's rights and remedies regarding loan repayment and further provided such consideration is consistent with any applicable federal law or regulation.

* * * LURB Study * * *

Sec. 14. 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 181, Sec. 11a is amended to read:

Sec. 11a. ACT 250 APPEALS STUDY

- (a) On or before January 15, 2026 November 15, 2025, the Land Use Review Board shall issue a report evaluating whether to transfer appeals of permit decisions and jurisdictional opinions issued pursuant to 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 to the Land Use Review Board or whether they should remain at the Environmental Division of the Superior Court. The Board shall convene a stakeholder group that at a minimum shall be composed of a representative of environmental interests, attorneys that practice environmental development law in Vermont, the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, the Vermont Association of Planning and Development Agencies, the Vermont Chamber of Commerce, the Land Access and Opportunity Board, the Office of Racial Equity, the Vermont Association of Realtors, a representative of nonprofit housing development interests, a representative of for-profit housing development interests, a representative of commercial development interests, an engineer with experience in development, the Agency of Commerce and Community Development, and the Agency of Natural Resources in preparing the report. The Board shall provide notice of the stakeholder meetings on its website and each meeting shall provide time for public comment.
 - (b) The report shall at minimum recommend:
- (1) whether to allow consolidation of appeals at the Board, or with the Environmental Division of the Superior Court, and how, <u>including what resources the Board would need</u>, if transferred to the Board, appeals of permit decisions issued under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117 and the Agency of Natural Resources can be consolidated with Act 250 appeals;

- (2) how to prioritize and expedite the adjudication of appeals related to housing projects, including the use of hearing officers to expedite appeals and the setting of timelines for processing of housing appeals;
- (3) procedural rules to govern the Board's administration of Act 250 and the adjudication of appeals of Act 250 decisions. These rules shall include procedures to create a firewall and eliminate any potential for conflicts with the Board managing appeals and issuing permit decisions and jurisdictional opinions; and
- (4) other actions the Board should take to promote the efficient and effective adjudication of appeals, including any procedural improvements to the Act 250 permitting process and jurisdictional opinion appeals.
- (c) The report shall be submitted to the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Natural Resources and Energy and the House Committee on Environment and Energy.

* * * Brownfields * * *

Sec. 15. 10 V.S.A. § 6604c is amended to read:

§ 6604c. MANAGEMENT OF DEVELOPMENT SOILS

- (a) Management of development soils. Notwithstanding any other requirements of this chapter to the contrary, development soils may be managed at a location permitted pursuant to an insignificant waste event approval authorization issued pursuant to the Solid Waste Management Rules that contains, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) the development soils are generated from a hazardous materials site managed pursuant to a corrective action plan or a soil management plan approved by the Secretary;
- (2) the development soils have been tested for arsenic, lead, and polyaromatic hydrocarbons pursuant to a monitoring plan approved by the Secretary that ensures that the soils do not leach above groundwater enforcement standards;
- (3) the location where the soils are managed is appropriate for the amount and type of material being managed;
 - (4) the soils are capped in a manner approved by the Secretary;
- (5) any activity that may disturb the development soils at the permitted location shall be conducted pursuant to a soil management plan approved by the Secretary; and

(6) the permittee files a record notice of where the soils are managed in the land records.

* * *

Sec. 16. REPORT ON THE STATUS OF MANAGEMENT OF DEVELOPMENT SOILS

- (a) As part of the biennial report to the House Committee on Environment and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy under 10 V.S.A. § 6604(c), the Secretary of Natural Resources shall report on the status of the management of development soils in the State under 10 V.S.A. § 6604c. The report shall include:
- (1) the number of insignificant waste event approval authorizations issued by the Secretary in the previous two years for the management of development soils;
- (2) the number of certified categorical solid waste facilities operating in the State for the management of development soils;
- (3) a summary of how the majority of development soils in the State are being managed;
- (4) an estimate of the cost to manage development soils, depending on management method; and
- (5) any additional information the Secretary determines relevant to the management of development soils in the State.
- (b) As used in this section, "development soil" has the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 6602(39).
- Sec. 17. 10 V.S.A. § 6641 is amended to read:

§ 6641. BROWNFIELD PROPERTY CLEANUP PROGRAM; CREATION; POWERS

(a) There is created the Brownfield Property Cleanup Program to enable certain interested parties to request the assistance of the Secretary to review and oversee work plans for investigating, abating, removing, remediating, and monitoring a property in exchange for protection from certain liabilities under section 6615 of this title. The Program shall be administered by the Secretary who shall:

* * *

(c) When conducting any review required by this subchapter, the Secretary shall prioritize the review of remediation at a site that contains housing or that

is planned for the construction or rehabilitation of single-family or multi-family housing.

Sec. 18. BROWNFIELDS PROCESS IMPROVEMENT; REPORT

On or before November 1, 2025, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall report to the House Committees on Environment and on General and Housing and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Natural Resources and Energy with proposals to make the Program established pursuant to 10 V.S.A. chapter 159, subchapter 3 (brownfields reuse and liability limitation) substantially more efficient. At a minimum, the report shall include both of the following:

- (1) A survey of stakeholders in the brownfields program to identify areas that present challenges to the redevelopment of contaminated properties, with a focus on redevelopment for housing. The Secretary shall provide recommendations to resolve these challenges.
- (2) An analysis of strengths and weaknesses of implementing a licensed site professional program within the State. The Secretary shall make a recommendation on whether such a program should be implemented. If the Secretary recommends implementation, the report shall include any changes to statute or budget needed to implement this program.

Sec. 19. FISCAL YEAR 2026 ENVIRONMENTAL CONTINGENCY FUND DISBURSEMENT FOR BROWNFIELDS

In fiscal year 2026, the Secretary of Natural Resources is authorized to disburse up to \$2,000,000.00 from the Environmental Contingency Fund for the assessment, planning, and cleanup of brownfields sites.

* * * Smoke and Carbon Monoxide Alarms * * *

Sec. 20. 9 V.S.A. chapter 77 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 77. SMOKE DETECTORS <u>ALARMS</u> AND CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS ALARMS

§ 2881. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(2) "Smoke detector <u>alarm</u>" means a device that detects visible or invisible particles of combustion and sounds a warning alarm, is operated from a power supply within the unit or wired to it from an outside source, and is approved or listed for the purpose by Underwriters Laboratory or by another nationally recognized independent testing laboratory.

(3) "Carbon monoxide detector alarm" means a device with an assembly that incorporates a sensor control component and an alarm notification that detects elevations in carbon monoxide levels and sounds a warning alarm, is operated from a power supply within the unit or wired to it from an outside source, and is approved or listed for the purpose by Underwriters Laboratory or by another nationally recognized independent testing laboratory.

§ 2882. INSTALLATION

- (a) A person who constructs a single-family dwelling shall install photoelectric-only-type photoelectric-type or UL 217 compliant smoke detectors alarms in the vicinity of any bedrooms and on each level of the dwelling, and one or more carbon monoxide detectors alarms in the vicinity of any bedrooms in the dwelling in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. In a dwelling provided with electrical power, detectors alarms shall be powered by the electrical service in the building and by battery.
- (b) Any single-family dwelling when transferred by sale or exchange shall contain photoelectric-only-type photoelectric-type or UL 217 compliant smoke detectors alarms in the vicinity of any bedrooms and on each level of the dwelling installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and one or more carbon monoxide detectors alarms installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. A single-family dwelling constructed before January 1, 1994 may contain smoke detectors alarms powered by the electrical service in the building or by battery, or by a combination of both. In a single-family dwelling newly constructed after January 1, 1994 that is provided with electrical power, smoke detectors alarms shall be powered by the electrical service in the building and by battery. In a single-family dwelling newly constructed after July 1, 2005 that is provided with electrical power, carbon monoxide detectors alarms shall be powered by the electrical service in the building and by battery.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall require an owner or occupant of a single-family dwelling to maintain or use a smoke detector alarm or a carbon monoxide detector alarm after installation.

§ 2883. REQUIREMENTS FOR TRANSFER OF DWELLING

(a) The seller of a single-family dwelling, including one constructed for first occupancy, whether the transfer is by sale or exchange, shall certify to the buyer at the closing of the transaction that the dwelling is provided with photoelectric-only-type photoelectric-type or UL 217 compliant smoke detectors alarms and carbon monoxide detectors alarms in accordance with this chapter. This certification shall be signed and dated by the seller.

(b) If the buyer notifies the seller within 10 days by certified mail from the date of conveyance of the dwelling that the dwelling lacks any photoelectric-only-type photoelectric-type or UL 217 compliant smoke detectors alarms, or any carbon monoxide detectors alarms, or that any detector alarm is not operable, the seller shall comply with this chapter within 10 days after notification.

* * *

Sec. 21. 20 V.S.A. § 2731 is amended to read:

§ 2731. RULES; INSPECTIONS; VARIANCES

* * *

(j) Detectors Alarms. Rules adopted under this section shall require that information written, approved, and distributed by the Commissioner on the type, placement, and installation of photoelectric photoelectric-type or UL 217 compliant smoke detectors alarms and carbon monoxide detectors alarms be conspicuously posted in the retail sales area where the detectors alarms are sold.

* * *

* * * Positive Rental Payment Pilot Program * * *

Sec. 22. POSITIVE RENTAL PAYMENT CREDIT REPORTING PILOT

- (a) Definitions. As used in this section:
- (1) "Contractor" means the third-party vendor that the State Treasurer's Office contracts with to administer the pilot program described in this section.
 - (2) "Dwelling unit" has the same meaning as in 9 V.S.A. § 4451(3).
- (3) "Participant property owner" means a landlord that has agreed in writing to participate in the pilot program and has satisfied the requirements described in subsection (c) of this section.
- (4) "Participant tenant" means a tenant that has elected to participate in the pilot program and whose landlord is a participant property owner.
- (5) "Rental payment information" means information concerning a participating tenant's timely payment of rent. "Rent payment information" does not include information concerning a participating tenant's payment or nonpayment of fees.
 - (b) Pilot program creation.
- (1) The State Treasurer shall create and implement a two-year positive rental payment reporting pilot program to facilitate the reporting of rent

payment information from participating tenants to consumer reporting agencies.

- (2) On or before May 1, 2026, the State Treasurer shall contract with a third party to administer a positive rental payment pilot program and facilitate the transmission of rent reporting information from a participant property owner to a consumer reporting agency. The third-party administrator shall be required to:
- (A) enter into an agreement with one or more participant property owners in the State in accordance with the requirements of this section for participation in the pilot program;
- (B) ensure that information to a credit reporting agency includes only rent payment information after the date on which the participant tenant elected to participate in the pilot program;
- (C) develop and implement a process for removal of participant tenants for failure to comply with program requirements, including failure make timely rental payments;
- (D) establish a standard form for a participant tenant to use to elect to participate or cease participation in the pilot program, which shall include a statement that the tenant's participation is voluntary and that a participant may cease participating in the pilot program at any time and for any reason by providing notice to the participant's landlord and that the tenant may be removed from the program for failure to comply with program requirements, including failure to make timely rental payments; and
- (E) offer an optional financial education course for participant tenants.
- (c) Program agreements. A participant property owner shall agree in writing:
 - (1) to participate in the pilot program for the duration of the program;
- (2) not to charge a participant tenant for participation in the pilot program;
 - (3) to comply with the requirements of the program;
- (4) to provide information as required by the State Treasurer concerning the implementation of the pilot program; and
- (5) to assist in the recruitment of tenants to participate in the pilot program.

- (d) Program participants. On or before June 1, 2026, the Contractor shall, in coordination with the State Treasurer, recruit not more than 10 participant property owners and, to the extent practicable, not less than 100 participant tenants, to participate in the pilot program. The Contractor shall seek to select participant tenants from populations that are under-served and under-represented in home ownership. The Contractor shall also seek to recruit participant landlords who offer:
- (1) a variety of types of dwelling units for rent, including dwelling units of various sizes;
- (2) dwelling units for rent that are located in geographically diverse areas of the State; and
 - (3) at least five dwelling units for rent.
- (e) Termination. The State Treasurer may terminate the pilot program at any time in the Treasurer's sole discretion or terminate participation of a participant property owner for failure to comply with the requirements of the program.

(f) Reports.

- (1) On or before November 1, 2027, the State Treasurer shall submit an interim report to the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and the House Committee on General and Housing regarding the findings of the pilot program. The report shall include:
- (A) the number of participant tenants, including information regarding the demographic makeup of participant tenants, such as race, ethnicity, gender, income, and age, as voluntarily provided by the participant;
- (B) the number of participant tenants who ceased participating in the program voluntarily;
- (C) the number of participant tenants who were removed from the program and the reasons why;
- (D) a breakdown of costs of administering the program, including the monthly costs associated with rent reporting;
- (E) a description of challenges faced by the participating property owners and participating tenants during the pilot program;
- (F) an analysis of the outcomes of rent reporting on participant tenant's credit scores; and
- (G) recommendations for legislative action, including proposed statutory language and an appropriation for associated costs.

(2) On or before November 1, 2028, the State Treasurer shall submit a final report to the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and the House Committee on General and Housing regarding the findings of the pilot program. The report shall include an update to the information required in the interim report.

Sec. 22a. POSITIVE RENTAL PAYMENT CREDIT REPORTING PILOT; IMPLEMENTATION

The duty to implement Sec. 26 of this act shall be contingent upon an appropriation of funds in fiscal year 2026 from the General Fund to the Office of the State Treasurer for the purposes of carryout that section.

* * * Tax Increment Financing * * *

Sec. 23. 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 7 is added to read:

Subchapter 7. Community and Housing Infrastructure Program

§ 1906. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

- (1) "Brownfield" means a property on which the presence or potential presence of a hazardous material, pollutant, or contaminant complicates the expansion, development, redevelopment, or reuse of the property.
- (2) "Committed" means pledged and appropriated for the purpose of the current and future payment of financing and related costs.
- (3) "Developer" means the person undertaking to construct a housing development.
- (4) "Financing" means debt, including principal, interest, and any fees or charges directly related to that debt, incurred by a sponsor, or other instruments or borrowing used by a sponsor, to pay for a housing infrastructure project and, in the case of a sponsor that is a municipality, authorized by the municipality pursuant to section 1910a of this subchapter.
- (5) "Housing development" means the construction of one or more buildings that includes housing.
- (6) "Housing development site" means the parcel or parcels encompassing a housing development as authorized by a municipality pursuant to section 1908 of this subchapter.
- (7) "Housing infrastructure agreement" means a legally binding agreement to finance and develop a housing infrastructure project and to

construct a housing development among a municipality, a developer, and, if applicable, a third-party sponsor.

(8) "Housing infrastructure project" means one or more improvements authorized by a municipality pursuant to section 1908 of this subchapter.

(9) "Improvements" means:

- (A) the installation or construction of infrastructure that will serve a public good and fulfill the purpose of housing infrastructure tax increment financing as stated in section 1907 of this subchapter, including utilities, digital infrastructure, transportation, public recreation, parking, public facilities and amenities, land and property acquisition and demolition, brownfield remediation, site preparation, and flood remediation and mitigation; and
- (B) the funding of debt service interest payments for a period of up to four years, beginning on the date on which the debt is first incurred.
- (10) "Legislative body" means the mayor and alderboard, the city council, the selectboard, and the president and trustees of an incorporated village, as appropriate.
 - (11) "Municipality" means a city, town, or incorporated village.
- (12) "Original taxable value" means the total valuation as determined in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 129 of all taxable real property located within a housing development site as of its creation date, provided that no parcel within the housing development site shall be divided or bisected.
- (13) "Related costs" means expenses incurred and paid by a municipality, exclusive of the actual cost of constructing and financing improvements, that are directly related to the creation and implementation of the municipality's housing infrastructure project, including reimbursement of sums previously advanced by the municipality for those purposes. Related costs may include direct municipal expenses such as departmental or personnel costs related to creating or administering the housing infrastructure project to the extent they are paid from the tax increment realized from municipal and not education taxes and using only that portion of the municipal increment above the percentage required for serving debt as determined in accordance with subsection 1910c(c) of this subchapter.
- (14) "Sponsor" means the person undertaking to finance a housing infrastructure project. Any of a municipality, a developer, or an independent agency that meets State lending standards may serve as a sponsor for a housing infrastructure project.

§ 1907. PURPOSE

The purpose of housing infrastructure tax increment financing is to provide revenues for improvements and related costs to encourage the development of primary residences for households of low or moderate income.

§ 1908. CREATION OF HOUSING INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT AND HOUSING DEVELOPMENT SITE

- (a) The legislative body of a municipality may create within its jurisdiction a housing infrastructure project, which shall consist of improvements that stimulate the development of housing, and a housing development site, which shall consist of the parcel or parcels on which a housing development is installed or constructed and any immediately contiguous parcels.
- (b) To create a housing infrastructure project and housing development site, a municipality, in coordination with stakeholders, shall:
 - (1) develop a housing development plan, including:
- (A) a description of the proposed housing infrastructure project, the proposed housing development, and the proposed housing development site;
 - (B) identification of a sponsor;
- (C) a tax increment financing plan meeting the standards of subsection 1910(f) of this subchapter;
- (D) a pro forma projection of expected costs of the proposed housing infrastructure project;
- (E) a projection of the tax increment to be generated by the proposed housing development; and
- (F) a development schedule that includes a list, a cost estimate, and a schedule for the proposed housing infrastructure project and the proposed housing development;
- (2) develop a plan describing the housing development site by its boundaries and the properties therein, entitled "Proposed Housing Development Site (municipal name), Vermont";
- (3) hold one or more public hearings, after public notice, on the proposed housing infrastructure project, including the plans developed pursuant to this subsection; and
- (4) adopt by act of the legislative body of the municipality the plan developed under subdivision (2) of this subsection, which shall be recorded with the municipal clerk and lister or assessor.

(c) The creation of a housing development site shall occur at 12:01 a.m. on April 1 of the calendar year in which the Vermont Economic Progress Council approves the use of tax increment financing for the housing infrastructure project pursuant to section 1910 of this subchapter.

§ 1909. HOUSING INFRASTRUCTURE AGREEMENT

- (a) The housing infrastructure agreement for a housing infrastructure project shall:
 - (1) clearly identify the sponsor for the housing infrastructure project;
- (2) clearly identify the developer and the housing development for the housing development site;
- (3) obligate the tax increments retained pursuant to section 1910c of this subchapter for not more than the financing and related costs for the housing infrastructure project; and
- (4) provide for performance assurances to reasonably secure the obligations of all parties under the housing infrastructure agreement.
- (b) A municipality shall provide notice of the terms of the housing infrastructure agreement for the municipality's housing infrastructure project to the legal voters of the municipality and shall provide the same information as set forth in subsection 1910a(e) of this subchapter.

§ 1910. HOUSING INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT APPLICATION; VERMONT ECONOMIC PROGRESS COUNCIL

- (a) Application. A municipality, upon approval of its legislative body, may apply to the Vermont Economic Progress Council to use tax increment financing for a housing infrastructure project.
- (b) Review. The Vermont Economic Progress Council may approve only applications that:
- (1) meet the process requirements, the project criterion, and any of the location criteria of this section; and
 - (2) are submitted on or before December 31, 2035.
- (c) Process requirements. The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall review a municipality's housing infrastructure project application to determine whether the municipality has:
- (1) created a housing infrastructure project and housing development site pursuant to section 1908 of this subchapter;

- (2) executed a housing infrastructure agreement for the housing infrastructure project adhering to the standards of section 1909 of this subchapter with a developer and, if the municipality is not financing the housing infrastructure project itself, a sponsor; and
- (3) approved or pledged to use incremental municipal tax revenues for the housing infrastructure project in the proportion provided for municipal tax revenues in section 1910c of this subchapter.
- (d) Project criterion. The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall review a municipality's housing infrastructure project application to determine whether the projected housing development includes housing.
- (e) Location criteria. The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall review a municipality's housing infrastructure project application to determine whether the housing development site is located within one of the following areas:
- (1) an area designated Tier 1A or Tier 1B pursuant to 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 (State land use and development plans) or an area exempt from the provisions of that chapter pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6081(dd) (interim housing exemptions);
- (2) an area designated Tier 2 pursuant to 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 (State land use and development plans) or an area in which the housing development site is compatible with regional and town land use plans as evidenced by a letter of support from the regional planning commission for the municipality; or
- (3) an existing settlement or an area within one-half mile of an existing settlement, as that term is defined in 10 V.S.A. § 6001(16).
- (f) Tax increment financing plan. The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall approve a municipality's tax increment financing plan prior to a sponsor's incurrence of debt for the housing infrastructure project, including, if the sponsor is a municipality, prior to a public vote to pledge the credit of the municipality under section 1910a of this subchapter. The tax increment financing plan shall include:
 - (1) a statement of costs and sources of revenue;
 - (2) estimates of assessed values within the housing development site;
- (3) the portion of those assessed values to be applied to the housing infrastructure project;
 - (4) the resulting tax increments in each year of the financial plan;

- (5) the amount of bonded indebtedness or other financing to be incurred;
 - (6) other sources of financing and anticipated revenues; and
 - (7) the duration of the financial plan.

§ 1910a. INDEBTEDNESS

- (a) A municipality approved for tax increment financing under section 1910 of this subchapter may incur indebtedness against revenues of the housing development site at any time during a period of up to five years following the creation of the housing development site. The Vermont Economic Progress Council may extend this debt incursion period by up to three years. If no debt is incurred for the housing infrastructure project during the debt incursion period, whether by the municipality or sponsor, the housing development site shall terminate.
- (b) Notwithstanding any provision of any municipal charter, each instance of borrowing by a municipality to finance or otherwise pay for a housing infrastructure project shall occur only after the legal voters of the municipality, by a majority vote of all voters present and voting on the question at a special or annual municipal meeting duly warned for the purpose, authorize the legislative body to pledge the credit of the municipality, borrow, or otherwise secure the debt for the specific purposes so warned.
- (c) Any indebtedness incurred under this section may be retired over any period authorized by the legislative body of the municipality.
- (d) The housing development site shall continue until the date and hour the indebtedness is retired or, if no debt is incurred, five years following the creation of the housing development site.
- (e) A municipal legislative body shall provide information to the public prior to the public vote required under subsection (b) of this section. This information shall include the amount and types of debt and related costs to be incurred, including principal, interest, and fees; terms of the debt; the housing infrastructure project to be financed; the housing development projected to occur because of the housing infrastructure project; and notice to the voters that if the tax increment received by the municipality from any property tax source is insufficient to pay the principal and interest on the debt in any year, the municipality shall remain liable for the full payment of the principal and interest for the term of the indebtedness. If interfund loans within the municipality are used, the information must also include documentation of the terms and conditions of the loan.

- (f) If interfund loans within the municipality are used as the method of financing, no interest shall be charged.
- (g) The use of a bond anticipation note shall not be considered a first incurrence of debt pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

§ 1910b. ORIGINAL TAXABLE VALUE; TAX INCREMENT

- (a) As of the date the housing development site is created, the lister or assessor for the municipality shall certify the original taxable value and shall certify to the legislative body in each year thereafter during the life of the housing development site the amount by which the total valuation as determined in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 129 of all taxable real property within the housing development site has increased or decreased relative to the original taxable value.
- (b) Annually throughout the life of the housing development site, the lister or assessor shall include not more than the original taxable value of the real property in the assessed valuation upon which the treasurer computes the rates of all taxes levied by the municipality and every other taxing district in which the housing development site is situated, but the treasurer shall extend all rates so determined against the entire assessed valuation of real property for that year.
- (c) Annually throughout the life of the housing development site, a municipality shall remit not less than the aggregate education property tax due on the original taxable value to the Education Fund.
- (d) Annually throughout the life of the housing development site, the municipality shall hold apart, rather than remit to the taxing districts, that proportion of all taxes paid that year on the real property within the housing development site that the excess valuation bears to the total assessed valuation. The amount held apart each year is the "tax increment" for that year. The tax increment shall only be used for financing and related costs.
- (e) Not more than the percentages established pursuant to section 1910c of this subchapter of the municipal and State education tax increments received with respect to the housing development site and committed for the payment for financing for improvements and related costs shall be segregated by the municipality in a special tax increment financing account and in its official books and records until all capital indebtedness incurred for the housing infrastructure project has been fully paid. The final payment shall be reported to the treasurer, who shall thereafter include the entire assessed valuation of the housing development site in the assessed valuations upon which the municipal and other tax rates are computed and extended, and thereafter no

taxes from the housing development site shall be deposited in the special tax increment financing account.

(f) Notwithstanding any charter provision or other provision, all property taxes assessed within a housing development site shall be subject to the provisions of this section. Special assessments levied under chapter 76A or 87 of this title or under a municipal charter shall not be considered property taxes for the purpose of this section if the proceeds are used exclusively for operating expenses related to properties within the housing development site and not for improvements within the housing development site.

§ 1910c. USE OF TAX INCREMENT; RETENTION PERIOD

- (a) Uses of tax increments. A municipality may apply tax increments retained pursuant to this subchapter to debt incurred within the period permitted under section 1910a of this subchapter, to related costs, and to the direct payment of the cost of a housing infrastructure project. Any direct payment shall be subject to the same public vote provisions of section 1910a of this subchapter as apply to debt.
- (b) Education property tax increment. Up to 80 percent of the education property tax increment may be retained for up to 20 years, beginning the first year in which debt is incurred for the housing infrastructure project. Upon incurring the first debt, a municipality shall notify the Department of Taxes and the Vermont Economic Progress Council of the beginning of the retention period of the education property tax increment.
- (c) Municipal property tax increment. Not less than 100 percent of the municipal property tax increment may be retained, beginning the first year in which debt is incurred for the housing infrastructure project.

(d) Excess tax increment.

- (1) Of the municipal and education property tax increments received in any tax year that exceed the amounts committed for the payment of the financing and related costs for a housing infrastructure project, equal portions of each increment may be retained for the following purposes:
 - (A) to prepay principal and interest on the financing;
- (B) to place in a special tax increment financing account required pursuant to subsection 1910b(e) of this subchapter and use for future financing payments; or
 - (C) to use for defeasance of the financing.
- (2) Any remaining portion of the excess education property tax increment shall be distributed to the Education Fund. Any remaining portion

of the excess municipal property tax increment shall be distributed to the city, town, or village budget in the proportion that each budget bears to the combined total of the budgets unless otherwise negotiated by the city, town, or village.

§ 1910d. INFORMATION REPORTING

- (a) A municipality with an active housing infrastructure project shall:
- (1) develop a system, segregated for the housing infrastructure project, to identify, collect, and maintain all data and information necessary to fulfill the reporting requirements of this section;
- (2) provide timely notification to the Department of Taxes and the Vermont Economic Progress Council of any housing infrastructure project debt, public vote, or vote by the municipal legislative body immediately following the debt incurrence or public vote on a form prescribed by the Council, including copies of public notices, agendas, minutes, vote tally, and a copy of the information provided to the public pursuant to subsection 1910a(e) of this subchapter; and
- (3) annually on or before February 15, submit on a form prescribed by the Vermont Economic Progress Council an annual report to the Council and the Department of Taxes, including the information required by subdivision (2) of this subsection if not previously submitted, the information required for annual audit under section 1910e of this subchapter, and any information required by the Council or the Department of Taxes for the report required pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
- (b) Annually on or before April 1, the Vermont Economic Progress Council and the Department of Taxes shall submit a report to the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Finance and the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development and on Ways and Means on housing infrastructure projects approved pursuant to this subchapter, including for each of the following:
 - (1) the date of approval;
 - (2) a description of the housing infrastructure project;
 - (3) the original taxable value of the housing development site;
- (4) the scope and value of projected and actual improvements and developments in the housing development site, including the number of housing units created;
- (5) the number and types of housing units for which a permit is being pursued under 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 (State land use and development plans)

and, for each applicable housing development, the current stage of the permitting process;

- (6) projected and actual incremental revenue amounts;
- (7) the allocation of incremental revenue; and
- (8) projected and actual financing.
- (c) On or before January 15, 2035, the Vermont Economic Progress Council shall submit a report to the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Finance and the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development and on Ways and Means evaluating the success of the Community and Housing Infrastructure Program in achieving its purpose, as stated in section 1907 of this chapter, including by identifying the amount and kinds of housing produced through the Program and by determining whether housing development pursued through the Program meets the project criterion and location criteria of section 1910 of this chapter.

§ 1910e. AUDITING

Annually on or before April 1 until the year following the end of the period for retention of education property tax increment, a municipality with a housing infrastructure project approved under this subchapter shall ensure that the special tax increment financing account required by section 1910b of this subchapter is subject to the annual audit prescribed in section 1681 or 1690 of this title and submit a copy to the Vermont Economic Progress Council. If an account is subject only to the audit under section 1681 of this title, the Council shall ensure a process is in place to subject the account to an independent audit. Procedures for the audit must include verification of the original taxable value and annual and total municipal and education property tax increments generated, expenditures for financing and related costs, and current balance.

§ 1910f. GUIDANCE

- (a) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, after reasonable notice to a municipality and an opportunity for a hearing, may issue decisions to a municipality on questions and inquiries concerning the administration of housing infrastructure projects, statutes, rules, noncompliance with this subchapter, and any instances of noncompliance identified in audit reports conducted pursuant to section 1910e of this subchapter.
- (b) The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall prepare recommendations for the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development prior to any decision issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this

- section. The Council may prepare recommendations in consultation with the Commissioner of Taxes, the Attorney General, and the State Treasurer. In preparing recommendations, the Council shall provide a municipality with a reasonable opportunity to submit written information in support of its position.
- (c) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall review the recommendations of the Council and issue a final written decision on each matter within 60 days following receipt of the recommendations. The Secretary may permit an appeal to be taken by any party to a Superior Court for determination of questions of law in the same manner as the Supreme Court may by rule provide for appeals before final judgment from a Superior Court before issuing a final decision.
- (d) The Vermont Economic Progress Council may adopt rules that are reasonably necessary to implement this subchapter.
 - * * * ANR Report Surface Water Discharges * * *

Sec. 23a. ANR REPORT ON SURFACE WATER DISCHARGES

On or before November 15, 2025, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall submit a report to the General Assembly investigating the steps currently necessary to permit new surface water direct discharges of domestic wastewater in Vermont, identifying funding sources available to support the construction of such projects, and any recommendations for improving or streamlining the process.

Sec. 24. 32 V.S.A. § 3325 is amended to read:

§ 3325. VERMONT ECONOMIC PROGRESS COUNCIL

- (a) Creation. The Vermont Economic Progress Council is created to exercise the authority and perform the duties assigned to it, including its authority and duties relating to:
- (1) the Vermont Employment Growth Incentive Program pursuant to subchapter 2 of this chapter; and
- (2) tax increment financing districts pursuant to 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 5 and section 5404a of this title; and
- (3) housing infrastructure tax increment financing pursuant to 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 7.

* * *

(g) Decisions not subject to review. A decision of the Council to approve or deny an application under subchapter 2 of this chapter, or to approve or deny a tax increment financing district pursuant to 24 V.S.A. chapter 53,

subchapter 5 and section 5404a of this title, or to approve or deny a housing infrastructure project pursuant to 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 7 is an administrative decision that is not subject to the contested case hearing requirements under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 and is not subject to judicial review.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 25. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2025, except that Sec. 4 (Rental Housing Revolving Loan Program), Sec. 7 (repeal; Act 181 prospective landlord certificate changes), and this section shall take effect on passage.

NOTICE CALENDAR

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 231

An act relating to technical corrections to fish and wildlife statutes

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 4001 is amended to read:

§ 4001. DEFINITIONS

Words and phrases used in this part, unless otherwise provided, shall be construed to mean as follows:

* * *

- (6) Pickerel: the great northern pike, chain pickerel, or muskellunge. [Repealed.]
 - (7) Pike perch: walleyed or yellow pike. [Repealed.]

* * *

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 4905 is amended to read:

§ 4905. BIRDS' NESTS AND EGGS; DESTROYING OR ROBBING

A person shall not take or wilfully willfully destroy the nests or eggs of wild birds, other than <u>rock</u> pigeons, the <u>English sparrow</u>, starling, or purple grackle house sparrows, or <u>European starlings</u>, except when necessary to protect buildings and the nests to be removed contain no eggs or chicks and are no longer being used by birds for feeding, or when taken as provided in section 4152 of this title.

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 4502 is amended to read:

§ 4502. UNIFORM POINT SYSTEM; REVOCATION OF LICENSE

- (a) A uniform point system that assigns points to those convicted of a violation of a provision of this part is established. The conviction report from the court shall be prima facie evidence of the points assessed. In addition to other penalties assessed for violation of fish and wildlife statutes, the Commissioner shall suspend licenses issued under this part that are held by a person who has accumulated 10 or more points in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section.
- (b) A person violating provisions of this part shall receive points for convictions in accordance with the following schedule (all sections are in this title of the Vermont Statutes Annotated):
- (1) Except for biological collection violations determined to be nonpoint violations under the rules of the Board, five points shall be assessed for any violation of statutes or rules adopted under this part except those listed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection.
 - (2) Ten points shall be assessed for:

* * *

(I) § 4706. Snaring animals [Repealed.]

* * *

(Y) Appendix § 2; Appendix § 33, section 14.3. Reporting of big game

* * *

- (II) Appendix § 37, as it applies to annual deer limits section 10. Novice season
- (JJ) § 4742a. Youth deer hunting weekend. The points shall be assessed solely against the adult who is accompanying the youth hunter.
- (KK) § 4908. Youth turkey hunting weekend. The points assessed against the adult accompanying the youth hunter.
- (LL) § 4256. Mentored hunting license. The points shall be assessed against the licensed adult who is accompanying the individual holding the mentored hunting license.
 - (MM) § 4827a. Feeding a black bear
 - (NN) § 4826. Taking deer doing damage

- (OO) § 22a. Taking turkey doing damage
- (PP) § 35. Taking moose doing damage
- (QQ) Appendix § 22, section 6.7; Appendix § 33, section 13.1(g); Appendix § 37, section 7.7. Possession or transport of a cocked crossbow in or on a motor vehicle, motorboat, airplane, snowmobile, or other motor-propelled vehicle [Repealed.]
- (RR) Appendix § 7, section 6.3(b). Hunting bear with any dog not listed on the permit [Repealed.]

* * *

- (3) Twenty points shall be assessed for:
- (A) § 4192. General powers and duties; failure to obey warden [Repealed.]

* * *

(I) § 4745. Taking deer big game out of season prohibited

* * *

- (O) Appendix § 7, sections 4.2, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 6.1, 6.2, <u>6.3(b), 6.3(d),</u> 6.3(e), 6.4, 6.5(c), 6.5(d), 7.1, and 7.2, 7.3, and 7.4. Bear, unauthorized taking
- (P) Appendix § 22. Turkey season, excluding: requirements for youth turkey hunting season; section 6.2, and size of shot used or possessed; and section 6.7, transport of cocked crossbow

* * *

(U) Appendix § 37. Deer management rule, excluding requirements for youth deer hunting weekend; requirements for novice season; limitations on feeding of deer; section 7.7, transport of cocked crossbow; reporting big game; and section 11.0, ban of urine and other natural lures

* * *

- (W) § 4711. Crossbow hunting [Repealed.]
- (X) Appendix § 4. Hunting with a crossbow without a permit or license [Repealed.]

* * *

- (Z) Appendix § 44, section 4.6. Use of tooth jawed traps
- (AA) Appendix § 44, section 4.11. Taking furbearers with poison
- (BB) Appendix § 44, section 4.12. Taking furbearers from a den

(CC) § 4716. Holding or conducting a coyote-hunting competition (DD) § 4706. Snaring animals

* * *

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 4705 is amended to read:

§ 4705. SHOOTING FROM MOTOR VEHICLES OR AIRCRAFT; SHOOTING FROM OR ACROSS HIGHWAY; PERMIT

- (a) A person shall not take or attempt to take a wild animal by shooting from a motor vehicle, motorboat, airplane, snowmobile, or other motor-propelled craft or any vehicle drawn by a motor-propelled vehicle except as permitted under subsection (e) of this section.
- (b)(1) A person shall not carry or possess while in or on a vehicle propelled by mechanical power or drawn by a vehicle propelled by mechanical power within the right-of-way of a public highway any of the following:
- (A) a rifle, air rifle, arrow rifle, pre-charged pneumatic rifle, or shotgun containing a loaded cartridge of, shell, or other projectile in the chamber, mechanism, or in a magazine, or clip within a rifle or shotgun, or;
- (B) a muzzle-loading rifle or muzzle-loading shotgun that has been charged with powder and projectile and the ignition system of which has been enabled by having an affixed or attached percussion cap, primer, battery, or priming powder, except as permitted under subsections (d) and (e) of this section-; and
- (C) unless it is uncocked, a crossbow in or on a motor vehicle, motorboat, airplane, snowmobile, or other motor-propelled craft or any vehicle drawn by a motor-propelled vehicle except as permitted under subsection (e) of this section.
- (2) A person who possesses a rifle, crossbow, or shotgun, including a muzzle-loading rifle or muzzle-loading shotgun, in or on a vehicle propelled by mechanical power, or drawn by a vehicle propelled by mechanical power within a right-of-way of a public highway shall upon demand of an enforcement officer exhibit the firearm for examination to determine compliance with this section.

(3) As used in this subsection:

- (A) "Air rifle" means a .22 or larger caliber device that fires a bullet solely by the use of unignited compressed gas as the propellant.
- (B) "Arrow rifle" means a device that fires an arrow or bolt solely by the use of unignited compressed gas as the propellant.

(C) "Pre-charged pneumatic rifle" means an air rifle or arrow rifle for which the propellant is supplied or introduced by means of a source that is physically separate from the air gun or arrow gun.

* * *

Sec. 5. 23 V.S.A. § 3317(b) is amended to read:

(b) Penalty or fine; \$300.00 or \$1,000.00 maximum. A person who violates a requirement under 10 V.S.A. § 1454 shall be subject to enforcement under 10 V.S.A. § 8007 or 8008 or a fine under this chapter, provided that the person shall be assessed a penalty or fine of not more than \$1,000.00 for each violation. A person who violates a rule adopted under 10 V.S.A. § 1424 shall be subject to enforcement under 10 V.S.A. chapter 201 or a fine under this chapter, provided that the person shall be assessed a penalty of not more than \$300.00 for each violation. A person who violates any of the following sections of this title shall be subject to a penalty of not more than \$300.00 for each violation:

* * *

Sec. 6. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION

- (a) The Judicial Bureau is created within the Judicial Branch under the supervision of the Supreme Court.
 - (b) The Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:

* * *

- (19) Violations of rules adopted under 10 V.S.A. § 1424, relating to the use of public waters.
- Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 4255 is amended to read:

§ 4255. LICENSE FEES

(a) Vermont residents may apply for licenses on forms provided by the Commissioner. Fees for each license shall be:

* * *

(c) A permanent or free license may be secured on application to the Department by a person qualifying as follows:

* * *

(2) A person who is legally blind who is a Vermont resident may receive a free permanent fishing license upon submittal of proper proof of blindness as the Commissioner shall require. A person who is legally blind who is a resident in a state that provides a reciprocal privilege for Vermont residents may receive a free one-year fishing license.

- (3) A Vermont resident with paraplegia as defined in subdivision 4001(30) of this title or a permanent, severe, physical mobility disability certified by a physician may receive a free permanent fishing license or, if the person qualifies for a hunting license, a free combination hunting and fishing license. A person with paraplegia or a person certified by a physician to have permanent, severe, physical mobility disability who is a resident of a state that provides a reciprocal privilege for Vermont residents may receive a free one-year fishing license or, if the person qualifies for a hunting license, a free one-year combination fishing and hunting license.
- (4) A Vermont resident who is a veteran of the U.S. Armed Forces and who is, or ever has been, 60 percent disabled as a result of a service-connected disability may receive a free fishing, hunting, or combination hunting and fishing license that shall include all big game licenses, except for a moose license, upon presentation of a certificate issued by the veterans' administration so certifying. A resident of a state that provides a reciprocal privilege for Vermont veterans and who would qualify for a free license under this subdivision if the person were a Vermont resident may receive a free one-year fishing, hunting, or combination hunting and fishing license.
- (5) A person participating in a fishing tournament for Special Olympics may receive a free fishing license valid for that event.

* * *

- (7) A certified citizen of a Native American Indian tribe that has been recognized by the State pursuant to 1 V.S.A. chapter 23 may receive free of charge one or all of the permanent fishing, hunting, or trapping licenses set forth in subdivisions (1)(A)–(D) of this subsection if qualified for the license and upon submission of a current and valid tribal identification card.
- (8) A person with developmental disabilities who is a Vermont resident may receive a free permanent fishing license upon submission to the Commissioner of a statement signed by the person's treating health care provider, as that term is defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9402, certifying that the person meets the definition of a person with development disabilities. "A person with developmental disabilities" has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 9302.

* * *

(n) The Commissioner shall maintain an accounting of lost revenue due to the issuance of free licenses. The Commissioner annually on or before

January 15 shall submit to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Finance and the House Committees on Appropriations and on Ways and Means an accounting of lost revenue from the previous calendar year due to the issuance of free licenses.

Sec. 8. 10 V.S.A. § 4251 is amended to read:

§ 4251. TAKING WILD ANIMALS AND FISH; LICENSE

- (a) Except as provided in sections 4253 and 4254b of this title, a person shall not take wild animals or fish without first having procured a license therefor; provided, however, that a person under 15 years of age may take fish in accordance with this part and regulations of the Board, without first having procured a license therefor.
- (b) The Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife may designate two days each calendar year as "free fishing days" for which no license shall be required. One day shall occur in the open water fishing season and one day shall occur during the ice fishing season.
- (c) The Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife may designate Labor Day weekend each year as "free mentored fishing weekend," during which up to four unlicensed anglers aged 15 years or older can fish with one licensed angler throughout this three-day period.
- Sec. 9. 10 V.S.A. § 4613 is amended to read:

§ 4613. FISHING TOURNAMENTS

- (a) No person or organization shall hold a fishing tournament on the waters of the State without first obtaining a permit from the Department of Fish and Wildlife. Tournaments held on the Connecticut River, excluding Moore and Comerford Reservoirs, that do not utilize an access area in Vermont are not required to obtain a permit from the Department of Fish and Wildlife.
- (b) A fishing tournament means a contest in which anglers pay a fee to enter and in which the entrants compete for a prize based on the quality or size of the fish they catch. A contest may run multiple days, but the days must be consecutive for that contest to be considered a single event. A tournament that limits the entrants to people below 15 years of age or a tournament held as part of a Special Olympics program shall be exempt from paying the fee required under subsection (d) of this section.
- (c) The Commissioner shall adopt rules that establish the procedure for implementation of this section. The rules shall include a provision that an angler may not enter a fish that was caught and confined to an enclosed area prior to the beginning of the tournament.

- (d) The Commissioner shall charge a fee of \$50.00 based on the number of participants for each permit issued under this section and shall deposit the fee collected into the Fish and Wildlife Fund. Tournaments with up to 25 participants shall pay a fee of \$10.00; tournaments with 26 to 50 participants shall pay a fee of \$30.00; and tournaments with more than 50 participants shall pay a fee of \$100.00.
- Sec. 10. 10 V.S.A. § 4518 is amended to read:
- § 4518. BIG GAME VIOLATIONS; THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES; SUSPENSION; VIOLATIONS
- (a) Whoever violates a provision of this part or orders or rules of the Board relating to taking, possessing, transporting, buying, or selling of big game; relating to threatened or endangered species; or relating to the trade in covered animal parts or products that constitutes a big game violation shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00 \$2,000.00 nor less than \$400.00 \$500.00 or imprisoned for not more than 60 days, or both. Upon a second and all subsequent convictions or any conviction while under license suspension related to the requirements of part 4 of this title, the violator shall be fined not more than \$4,000.00 \$5,000.00 nor less than \$2,000.00 or imprisoned for not more than 60 180 days, or both.
 - (b) As used in this section, "big game violation" means:
- (1) violations relating to taking, possessing, transporting, buying, or selling of big game;
- (2) violations of chapter 123 of this title and the rules related to threatened and endangered species;
- (3) violation of section 4280 of this title relating to criminal suspensions;
- (4) violations of chapter 124 of this title relating to the trade in covered animal parts or products;
- (5) interference with hunting, fishing, or trapping in violation of section 4708 of this title; or
- (6) illegal commercial importation or possession of wild animals in violation of section 4709 of this title.
- Sec. 11. 10 V.S.A. § 4552 is amended to read:
- § 4552. JURISDICTION; VENUE

The Vermont Criminal Division of the Superior Court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over fish and wildlife violations with the exception of violations

related to section 4572 and chapters 123 and 124 of this title. Venue for adjudicating fish and wildlife violations shall be the unit of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court having jurisdiction over the geographical area where the offense is stated to have occurred.

Sec. 12. 10 V.S.A. § 4572 is amended to read:

§ 4572. DEFINITIONS

- (a) As used in this subchapter, a minor fish and wildlife violation means:
- (1) a violation of 10 V.S.A. § 4145 (violation of access and landing area rules);
- (2) a violation of 10 V.S.A. § 4251 (taking wild animals and fish without a license);
- (3) a violation of 10 V.S.A. § 4266 (failure to carry a license on person or failure to exhibit license);
- (4) a violation of 10 V.S.A. § 4267 (false statements in license application; altering license; transferring license to another person; using another person's license; or guiding an unlicensed person);
 - (5) a violation of 10 V.S.A. § 4713 (tree or ground stands or blinds); or
 - (6) [Repealed.]
- (7) a violation of a biological collection rule adopted by the Board under part 4 of this title; or
- (8) except for big game offenses and under revocation offenses, any fish and wildlife violation as defined by 10 V.S.A § 4551 and not otherwise listed in this section shall be charged as a minor violation, provided that:
 - (A) the offender has no prior history of fish and wildlife violations;
 - (B) no evidence was seized in relation to the violation;
 - (C) a criminal warrant was not used in relation to the

violation; and

- (D) there is no possibility of forfeiture.
- (b) "Bureau" means the Judicial Bureau as created in 4 V.S.A. § 1102.
- Sec. 13. 10 V.S.A. § 4085 is added to read:

§ 4085. REPTILES AND AMPHIBIANS; TAKING; POSSESSION

(a) A person shall not intentionally take a reptile or amphibian in the State unless authorized by rules adopted under subsection (b) of this section.

- (b) The Commissioner may establish requirements for the following by rule:
- (1) the collection or possession for commercial use, export, or sale of reptiles and amphibians specified by the Commissioner;
- (2) the taking of reptiles or amphibians that have been classified as common, widespread, and abundant, known as S5 ranked species, with stable or increasing populations indicated by data collected or compiled by the Department of Fish and Wildlife;
- (3) the taking of a reptile or amphibian that due to population, risk to other native species, or risk to ecosystems has been identified as requiring a reduction in population; or
- (4) under specified criteria, the taking, collection, or possession of a specified reptile or amphibian for scientific, educational, or noncommercial cultural or ceremonial purposes.
- (c) Rules adopted by the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife under this section shall be designed to maintain the best health, population, and utilization levels of the regulated reptile or amphibian.

Sec. 14. IMPORT, POSSESSION, AND SALE OF REPTILES AND AMPHIBIANS; ENDORSEMENTS

- (a)(1) A person shall not import, possess, or sell in the State a pond slider turtle (Trachemys scripta), provided that:
- (A) a person may continue to possess a turtle that was legally acquired as a pet prior to July 1, 2025 or that was legally acquired from a pet dealer or commercial collection permittee authorized to sell turtles under subdivision (1)(B) of this subsection; or
- (B) a person with a valid pet dealer permit or commercial collection permit may possess and sell a turtle that the person can document they had possession of prior to July 1, 2025.
- (2) A person is prohibited from releasing to the wild a pond slider retained as a pet under this subsection. A violation of the prohibition under this section shall be subject to enforcement as a fish and wildlife violation under Title 10 part 4.
- (b) Subsection (a) of this section shall be repealed on the effective date of a rule adopted by the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife under 10 V.S.A. § 4085 regulating the import, possession, or sale of the pond slider turtle (Trachemys scripta).

- (c) When the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife under 10 V.S.A. § 4085(b) authorizes the taking of a reptile or amphibian by hunting, a hunting license issued under 10 V.S.A. part 4 that authorizes the taking of reptiles and amphibians under the license shall include an endorsement indicating the authorized taking.
- Sec. 15. 10 V.S.A. § 4709 is amended to read:
- § 4709. TRANSPORT, IMPORTATION, POSSESSION, AND STOCKING OF WILD ANIMALS; POSSESSION OF WILD BOAR OR FERAL SWINE
- (a) A person shall not bring into, transport into, transport within, transport through, or possess in the State any live wild bird or animal of any kind, including reptiles, amphibians, or any manner of feral swine, without authorization from the Commissioner or his or her the Commissioner's designee. The importation permit may be granted under such regulations therefor as rules, requirements, or conditions that the Commissioner shall prescribe and only after the Commissioner has made such investigation and inspection of the birds or animals as she or he the Commissioner may deem necessary. The Department may dispose of unlawfully possessed or imported wildlife as it may judge best, and the State may collect treble damages from the violator of this subsection for all expenses incurred.
- (b) No person shall bring into the State from another country, state, or province wildlife illegally taken, transported, or possessed contrary to the laws governing the country, state, or province from which the wildlife originated.
- (c) No person shall place a Vermont-issued tag on wildlife taken outside the State. No person shall report big game in Vermont when the wildlife is taken outside the State.
- (d) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Commissioner or duly authorized agents of the Department of Fish and Wildlife from bringing into the State for the purpose of planting, introducing, or stocking or from planting, introducing, or stocking in the State any wild bird or animal.
- (e) Any person who violates this section may be subject to the penalties set forth in section 4518 of this title and also may be required to pay additional penalties based on reasonable mitigation and potential economic benefit associated with commercial trade.
- (f) The Commissioner may bring an action in the unit of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court having jurisdiction over the geographical area where the offense is stated to have occurred, or the Environmental Division of

the Superior Court, to compel reasonable mitigation and recover economic benefits for commercial collection and trade violations under this subsection.

- (g) Applicants shall pay a permit fee of \$100.00.
- (f)(h)(1) The Commissioner shall not issue a permit under this section for the importation or possession of the following live species, a hybrid or genetic variant of the following species, offspring of the following species, or offspring or a hybrid of a genetically engineered variant of the following species: feral swine, including wild boar, wild hog, wild swine, feral pig, feral hog, old world swine, razorback, Eurasian wild boar, or Russian wild boar (Sus scrofo Linnaeus). A feral swine is:

* * *

Sec. 16. 10 V.S.A. § 5403(a) is amended to read:

- (a) Except as authorized under this chapter, a person shall not:
- (1) take, possess, or transport wildlife or wild plants that are members of a threatened or endangered species; or
 - (2) destroy or adversely impact critical habitat;
- (3) sell or offer for sale in intrastate commerce a threatened or endangered species;
- (4) deliver, receive, carry, transport, or ship a threatened or endangered species in intrastate commerce; or
- (5) import a threatened or endangered species into or export a threatened or endangered species from Vermont.
- Sec. 17. 10 V.S.A. § 5408 is amended to read:

§ 5408. AUTHORIZED TAKINGS; INCIDENTAL TAKINGS; DESTRUCTION OF CRITICAL HABITAT

- (a) Authorized taking. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, after obtaining the advice of the Endangered Species Committee, the Secretary may permit, under such terms and conditions as the Secretary may require as necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter, the taking of a threatened or endangered species, the destruction of or adverse impact on critical habitat, or any act otherwise prohibited by this chapter if done for any of the following purposes:
 - (1) scientific purposes;
- (2) to enhance the propagation or survival of a threatened or endangered species;

- (3) zoological exhibition;
- (4) educational purposes;
- (5) noncommercial cultural or ceremonial purposes; or
- (6) special purposes consistent with the purposes of the federal Endangered Species Act.
- (b) Incidental taking. After obtaining the advice of the Endangered Species Committee, the Secretary may permit, under such terms and conditions as necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter, the incidental taking of a threatened or endangered species or the destruction of or adverse impact on critical habitat if:
 - (1) the taking is necessary to conduct an otherwise lawful activity;
- (2) the taking is attendant or secondary to, and not the purpose of, the lawful activity;
 - (3) the impact of the permitted incidental take is minimized; and
- (4) the incidental taking will not impair the conservation or recovery of any endangered species or threatened species.

* * *

- (k) Public notice. Prior Except for threatened and endangered species listed by the Secretary in accordance with subsection 5410(b) of this title, prior to issuing a permit for an incidental taking and prior to the initial issuance or amendment of a general permit under this section, the Secretary shall provide for public notice of no not fewer than 30 days, opportunity for written comment, and opportunity to request a public informational hearing. The Except for threatened and endangered species listed by the Secretary in accordance with subsection 5410(b) of this title, the Secretary shall post permit applications, permit decisions, and the initial or amended general permits on the website of the Agency of Natural Resources. The Except for threatened and endangered species listed by the Secretary in accordance with subsection 5410(b) of this title, the Secretary also shall provide notice to interested persons who request notice of permit applications, permit decisions, and proposed general permits or proposed amendments to general permits.
 - (1) General permits.
- (1) The Secretary may issue general permits for activities that will not affect the continued survival or recovery of a threatened or endangered species.

* * *

- (6) Prior Except for threatened and endangered species listed by the Secretary in accordance with subsection 5410(b) of this title, prior to issuing an initial or amended general permit under this subsection, the Secretary shall:
 - (A) post a draft of the general permit on the Agency website;
 - (B) provide public notice of at least 30 days; and
 - (C) provide for written comments or a public hearing, or both.
- (7) For applications for coverage under the terms of an issued general permit, the applicant shall provide notice on a form provided by the Secretary. The Except for threatened and endangered species listed by the Secretary in accordance with subsection 5410(b) of this title, the Secretary shall post notice of the application on the Agency website and shall provide an opportunity for written comment, regarding whether the application complies with the terms and conditions of the general permit, for ten 10 days following receipt of the application.

* * *

Sec. 18. 10 V.S.A. § 5410 is amended to read:

§ 5410. LOCATION CONFIDENTIAL

- (a) The Secretary shall not disclose information regarding the specific location of threatened or endangered species sites or habitats except that the Secretary shall disclose information regarding the location of the threatened or endangered species to:
 - (1) to the owner of land upon which the species is located;
- (2) to a potential buyer of land upon which the species is located who has a bona fide contract to buy the land and applies to the Secretary for disclosure of threatened or endangered species information; or
- (3) <u>to</u> qualified individuals or organizations, public agencies, and nonprofit organizations for scientific research or for preservation and planning purposes when the Secretary determines that the preservation of the species is not further endangered by the disclosure; <u>or</u>
- (4) during regulatory processes with the exception of threatened or endangered species listed under subsection (b) of this section.
- (b) The Secretary shall maintain a subset list of threatened and endangered species whose specific names shall not be included in regulatory planning. The subset list shall include threatened or endangered species for which the species names and locations shall not be disclosed because of the risk that the species will be significantly harmed by unauthorized take, such as illegal

collection, commercial trade, human-caused mortality, or destruction of habitat. The list shall be based on the rarity of the species, known collection and commercial trade activities in Vermont and other states or countries, incidents of human-caused mortality or destruction of habitat, and other factors that present a threat to the continued existence of the species.

(c) When the Secretary issues a permit under this chapter to take a threatened or endangered species or destroy or adversely impact critical habitat and when the Secretary designates critical habitat by rule under section 5402a of this title, the Secretary shall disclose only the municipality and general location where the threatened or endangered species or designated critical habitat is located. When the Secretary designates critical habitat under section 5402a of this title, the Secretary shall notify the municipality in which the critical habitat is located and shall disclose the general location of the designated critical habitat.

Sec. 19. 10 V.S.A. § 4829 is amended to read:

§ 4829. PERSON SUFFERING DAMAGE BY DEER OR BLACK BEAR

- (a) A person engaged in the business of farming who suffers damage by deer to the person's crops, fruit trees, or crop-bearing plants on land not posted against the hunting of deer, or a person engaged in the business of farming who suffers damage by black bear to the person's cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, or bees or bee hives on land not posted against hunting or trapping of black bear is entitled to reimbursement for the damage up to an amount not to exceed \$5,000.00 per year, and may apply to the Department of Fish and Wildlife within 72 hours of the occurrence of the damage for reimbursement for the damage. As used in this section, "post" means any signage that would lead a reasonable person to believe that hunting is prohibited on the land.
- (b) As used in this section, a person is "engaged in the business of farming" if he or she earns at least one-half of the farmer's annual gross income from the business of farming, as that term is defined in the Internal Revenue Code, 26 C.F.R. § 1.175-3. [Repealed.]

Sec. 20. 10 V.S.A. § 599a is amended to read:

§ 599a. REPORTS; RULEMAKING

(a) On or before January 15, 2025, the Agency, in consultation with the State Treasurer, shall submit a report to the General Assembly detailing the feasibility and progress of carrying out the requirements of this chapter, including any recommendations for improving the administration of the Program.

- (b) The Agency shall adopt rules necessary to implement the requirements of this chapter, including:
- (1) adopting methodologies using available science and publicly available data to identify responsible parties and determine their applicable share of covered greenhouse gas emissions; and
- (2) requirements for registering entities that are responsible parties and issuing notices of cost recovery demands under the Program; and
 - (3) the Resilience Implementation Strategy, which shall include:
- (A) practices utilizing nature-based solutions intended to stabilize floodplains, riparian zones, lake shoreland, wetlands, and similar lands;
 - (B) practices to adapt infrastructure to the impacts of climate change;
- (C) practices needed to build out early warning mechanisms and support fast, effective response to climate-related threats;
- (D) practices that support economic and environmental sustainability in the face of changing climate conditions; and
- (E) criteria and procedures for prioritizing climate change adaptation projects eligible to receive monies from the Climate Superfund Cost Recovery Program.
- (c) On or before September 15, 2025, the Secretary shall submit to the House Committee on Environment and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy a report summarizing the Agency of Natural Resources' adoption of the Resilience Implementation Strategy. The Strategy shall include:
- (1) practices utilizing nature-based solutions intended to stabilize floodplains, riparian zones, lake shoreland, wetlands, and similar lands;
 - (2) practices to adapt infrastructure to the impacts of climate change;
- (3) practices needed to build out early warning mechanisms and support fast, effective response to climate-related threats;
- (4) practices that support economic and environmental sustainability in the face of changing climate conditions; and
- (5) criteria and procedures for prioritizing climate change adaptation projects eligible to receive monies from the Climate Superfund Cost Recovery Program.
 - (d) In adopting the Strategy, the Agency shall:
 - (1) consult with the Environmental Justice Advisory Council;

- (2) in consultation with other State agencies and departments, including the Department of Public Safety's Division of Vermont Emergency Management, assess the adaptation needs and vulnerabilities of various areas vital to the State's economy, normal functioning, and the health and well-being of Vermonters;
- (3) identify major potential, proposed, and ongoing climate change adaptation projects throughout the State;
- (4) identify opportunities for alignment with existing federal, State, and local funding streams;
- (5) consult with stakeholders, including local governments, businesses, environmental advocates, relevant subject area experts, and representatives of environmental justice focus populations;
- (6) consider components of the Vermont Climate Action Plan required under section 592 of this title that are related to adaptation or resilience, as defined in section 590 of this title; and
- (7) conduct public engagement in areas and communities that have the most significant exposure to the impacts of climate change, including disadvantaged, low-income, and rural communities and areas.
- (d)(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the existing authority of a State agency, department, or entity to regulate greenhouse gas emissions or establish strategies or adopt rules to mitigate climate risk and build resilience to climate change.
- Sec. 21. 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 122, Sec. 3 is amended to read:

Sec. 3. IMPLEMENTATION

- (a) On or before July 1, 2025, the Agency of Natural Resources pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 837 shall file with the Interagency Committee on Administrative Rules the proposed rule for the adoption of the Resilience Implementation Strategy required pursuant to 10 V.S.A § 599a(b)(3). On or before January 1, 2026, the Agency of Natural Resources shall adopt the final rule establishing the Resilience Implementation Strategy required pursuant to 10 V.S.A § 599a(b)(3). [Repealed.]
- (b) On or before July 1, 2026 2027, the Agency of Natural Resources pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 837 shall file with the Interagency Committee on Administrative Rules the proposed rules required pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 599a(b)(1) and (b)(2). On or before January 1, 2027 2028, the Agency of Natural Resources shall adopt the final rule rules required pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 599a(b)(1) and (b)(2).

Sec. 22. 10 V.S.A. § 596 is amended to read:

§ 596. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(7) "Covered greenhouse gas emissions" means the total quantity of greenhouse gases released into the atmosphere during the covered period, expressed in metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent, resulting from the use of fossil fuels extracted or refined by an entity during the covered period.

* * *

(22) "Responsible party" means any entity or a successor in interest to an entity that during any part of the covered period was engaged in the trade or business of extracting fossil fuel or refining crude oil and is determined by the Agency attributable to for more than one billion metric tons of covered greenhouse gas emissions during the covered period. The term responsible party does not include any person who lacks sufficient connection with the State to satisfy the nexus requirements of the U.S. Constitution.

* * *

Sec. 23. 10 V.S.A. § 598(b) is amended to read:

(b) With respect to each responsible party, the cost recovery demand shall be equal to an amount that bears the same ratio to the cost to the State of Vermont and its residents, as calculated by the State Treasurer pursuant to section 599c of this title, from the emission of covered greenhouse gases during the covered period gas emissions as the responsible party's applicable share of covered greenhouse gas emissions bears to the aggregate applicable shares of covered greenhouse gas emissions resulting from the use of fossil fuels extracted or refined during the covered period.

Sec. 24. 10 V.S.A. § 599c is amended to read:

§ 599c. STATE TREASURER REPORT ON THE COST TO VERMONT OF COVERED GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

On or before January 15, 2026 2027, the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Interagency Advisory Board to the Climate Action Office, and with any other person or entity whom the State Treasurer decides to consult for the purpose of obtaining and utilizing credible data or methodologies that the State Treasurer determines may aid the State Treasurer in making the assessments and estimates required by this section, shall submit to the Senate Committees on Appropriations, on Finance, on Agriculture, and on Natural Resources and

Energy and the House Committees on Appropriations; on Ways and Means; on Agriculture, Food Resiliency, and Forestry; and on Environment and Energy an assessment of the cost to the State of Vermont and its residents of the emission of covered greenhouse gases for the period that began on January 1, 1995 and ended on December 31, 2024 gas emissions. The assessment shall include:

* * *

(3) a categorized calculation of the costs that have been incurred and are projected to be incurred in the future within the State of Vermont to abate the effects of covered greenhouse gas emissions from between January 1, 1995 and December 31, 2024 on the State of Vermont and its residents.

Sec. 25. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) This section and Secs. 20–24 (climate superfund act) shall take effect on passage.
 - (b) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2025, except that:
- (1) Sec. 7 (free fishing license; person with developmental disabilities) shall take effect on January 1, 2026; and
- (2) in Sec. 13, 10 V.S.A. § 4085(a) (related to the taking of reptiles and amphibians) shall take effect on January 1, 2027.

H. 238

An act relating to the phaseout of consumer products containing added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * PFAS in Consumer Products * * *

Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. chapter 63, subchapter 12A is amended to read:

Subchapter 12A. PFAS in Consumer Products

§ 2494e. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

- (1) "Adult mattress" means a mattress other than a crib or toddler mattress.
- (2) "Aftermarket stain and water resistant treatments" means treatments for textile and leather consumer products used in residential settings that have been treated during the manufacturing process for stain, oil, and water

resistance, but excludes products marketed or sold exclusively for use at industrial facilities during the manufacture of a carpet, rug, clothing, or shoe.

(3) "Apparel" means any of the following:

(A) Clothing items intended for regular wear or formal occasions, including undergarments, shirts, pants, skirts, dresses, overalls, bodysuits, costumes, vests, dancewear, suits, saris, scarves, tops, leggings, school uniforms, leisurewear, athletic wear, sports uniforms, everyday swimwear, formal wear, onesies, bibs, reusable diapers, footwear, and everyday uniforms for workwear. Clothing items intended for regular wear or formal occasions do not include clothing items for exclusive use by the U.S. Armed Forces, outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions, and personal protective equipment.

(B) Outdoor apparel.

- (4) "Artificial turf" means a surface of synthetic fibers that is used in place of natural grass in recreational, residential, or commercial applications.
- (5) "Cleaning product" means a compound intended for routine cleaning, including general purpose cleaners, bathroom cleaners, glass cleaners, carpet cleaners, floor care products, and hand soaps. "Cleaning product" does not mean an antimicrobial pesticide.
- (6) "Cookware" means durable houseware items used to prepare, dispense, or store food, foodstuffs, or beverages and that are intended for direct food contact, including pots, pans, skillets, grills, baking sheets, baking molds, trays, bowls, and cooking utensils.
- (7) "Dental floss" means a string-like device made of cotton or other fibers intended to remove plaque and food particles from between the teeth to reduce tooth decay. The fibers of the device may be coated with wax for easier use.
- (8) "Fluorine treated container" means a fluorinated treated plastic container.
- (6)(9) "Incontinency protection product" means a disposable, absorbent hygiene product designed to absorb bodily waste for use by individuals 12 years of age and older.
- (7)(10) "Intentionally added" means the addition of a chemical in a product that serves an intended function in the product component "Intentionally added PFAS" means PFAS added to a product regulated under this subchapter or one of its product components to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or quality or to perform a specific function. "Intentionally added PFAS" also includes any degradation byproducts of PFAS

- or PFAS that are intentional breakdown products of an added chemical. For the purposes of this chapter the use of PFAS as a processing agent, mold release agent, or intermediate is considered intentional introduction where PFAS are detected in the final covered product.
- (8)(11) "Juvenile product" means a product designed or marketed for use by infants and children under 12 years of age:
- (A) including a baby or toddler foam pillow; bassinet; bedside sleeper; booster seat; changing pad; infant bouncer; infant carrier; infant seat; infant sleep positioner; infant swing; infant travel bed; infant walker; nap cot; nursing pad; nursing pillow; pacifier; play mat; playpen; play yard; polyurethane foam mat, pad, or pillow; portable foam nap mat; portable infant sleeper; portable hook-in chair; soft-sided portable crib; stroller; toddler mattress; and disposable, single-use diaper; and
- (B) excluding a children's electronic product, such as a personal computer, audio and video equipment, calculator, wireless phone, game console, handheld device incorporating a video screen, or any associated peripheral such as a mouse, keyboard, power supply unit, or power cord; a medical device; or an adult mattress; and
- (C) excluding children's all-terrain vehicles, as that term is defined under 23 V.S.A. § 3801.
- (9)(12) "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in the business of making or assembling a consumer product directly or indirectly available to consumers. "Manufacturer" excludes a distributor or retailer, except when a consumer product is made or assembled outside the United States, in which case a "manufacturer" includes the importer or first domestic distributor of the consumer product.
- (10)(13) "Medical device" has the same meaning given to "device" in 21 U.S.C. § 321.
- (11)(14) "Outdoor apparel" means clothing items intended primarily for outdoor activities, including hiking, camping, skiing, climbing, bicycling, and fishing.
- (12)(15) "Outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions" means outdoor apparel that are extreme and extended use products designed for outdoor sports experts for applications that provide protection against extended exposure to extreme rain conditions or against extended immersion in water or wet conditions, such as from snow, in order to protect the health and safety of the user and that are not marketed for general consumer use. Examples of extreme

and extended use products include outerwear for offshore fishing, offshore sailing, whitewater kayaking, and mountaineering.

- (13)(16) "Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "PFAS" means a class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom.
- (14)(17) "Personal protective equipment" has the same meaning as in section 2494p of this title.
- (15)(18) "Regulated perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "regulated PFAS" means:
- (A) PFAS that a manufacturer has intentionally added to a product and that have a functional or technical effect in the product, including PFAS components of intentionally added chemicals and PFAS that are intentional breakdown products of an added chemical that also have a functional or technical effect in the product; or
- (B) the presence of PFAS in a product or product component at or above 100 parts per million, as measured in total organic fluorine.
- (16)(19) "Rug or carpet" means a fabric marketed or intended for use as a floor covering.
- (17)(20) "Ski wax" means a lubricant applied to the bottom of snow runners, including skis and snowboards, to improve their grip and glide properties.
- (18)(21) "Textile" means any item made in whole or part from a natural, manmade, or synthetic fiber, yarn, or fabric, and includes leather, cotton, silk, jute, hemp, wool, viscose, nylon, or polyester. "Textile" does not include single-use paper hygiene products, including toilet paper, paper towels, tissues, or single-use absorbent hygiene products.
- (19)(22) "Textile articles" means textile goods of a type customarily and ordinarily used in households and businesses, and includes apparel, accessories, handbags, backpacks, draperies, shower curtains, furnishings, upholstery, bedding, towels, napkins, and table cloths. "Textile articles" does not include:
 - (A) a vehicle, as defined in 1 U.S.C. § 4, or its component parts;
 - (B) a vessel, as defined in 1 U.S.C. § 3, or its component parts;
- (C) an aircraft, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 40102(a)(6), or its component parts;

- (D) filtration media and filter products used in industrial applications, including chemical or pharmaceutical manufacturing and environmental control technologies;
 - (E) textile articles used for laboratory analysis and testing; and
 - (F) rugs or carpets.

§ 2494f. AFTERMARKET STAIN AND WATER-RESISTANT TREATMENTS PROHIBITION ON PFAS IN CONSUMER PRODUCTS

- (a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State aftermarket stain and water-resistant treatments for rugs or carpets to which PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.
- (b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products. A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in the State the following consumer products to which PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount:
 - (1) aftermarket stain and water-resistant treatments;
 - (2) artificial turf;
 - (3) cleaning products;
 - (4) cookware;
 - (5) dental floss;
 - (6) incontinency protection products;
 - (7) juvenile products;
 - (8) residential rugs and carpets; or
 - (9) ski wax.
- (b) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in the State textiles or textile articles to which regulated PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.
- (c) The prohibitions under subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall not apply to the sale, offer for sale, distribution for sale, or distribution for use of any of the products listed under subsections (a) and (b) of this section that have been previously used by a consumer for the intended purpose of the product.

§ 2494g. ARTIFICIAL TURF

A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State artificial turf to which:

- (1) PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount; or
- (2) PFAS have entered the product from the manufacturing or processing of that product, the addition of which is known or reasonably ascertainable by the manufacturer.

§ 2494h. COOKWARE

- (a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State cookware to which PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.
 - (b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.

§ 2494i. INCONTINENCY PROTECTION PRODUCT

A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State an incontinency protection product to which PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.

§ 2494j. JUVENILE PRODUCTS

- (a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State juvenile products to which PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.
 - (b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.

§ 2494k. RUGS AND CARPETS

- (a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State a residential rug or carpet to which PFAS have been added in any amount.
 - (b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.

§ 24941. SKI WAX

- (a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State ski wax or related tuning products to which PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.
 - (b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.

§ 2494m. TEXTILES

(a) A manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State a textile or textile article to which regulated PFAS have been intentionally added in any amount.

(b) This section shall not apply to the sale or resale of used products.

§ 2494g. FLUORINE TREATED CONTAINERS

- (a) A manufacturer shall not sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in the State a product listed under subdivisions 2494f(a)(1)–(9) of this title that does not contain intentionally added PFAS but that is sold, offered for sale, distributed for sale, or distributed for use in the State in a fluorine treated container.
- (b) The prohibition under subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to the sale, offer for sale, distribution for sale, or distribution for use of a product that has been previously used by a consumer for the intended purpose of the product.
- (c) Beginning on January 1, 2032, a manufacturer shall not manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in the State a fluorine treated container or any consumer product in a fluorine treated container.

§ 2494n 2494h. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

- (a) The Attorney General may request a certificate of compliance from a manufacturer of a consumer product regulated under this subchapter. Within 60 days after receipt of the Attorney General's request for a certificate of compliance, the manufacturer shall:
- (1) provide the Attorney General with a certificate attesting that the manufacturer's product or products comply with the requirements of this subchapter; or
- (2) notify persons who are selling a product of the manufacturer's in this State that the sale is prohibited because the product does not comply with this subchapter and submit to the Attorney General a list of the names and addresses of those persons notified.
- (b) A manufacturer required to submit a certificate of compliance pursuant to this section may rely upon a certificate of compliance provided to the manufacturer by a supplier for the purpose of determining the manufacturer's reporting obligations. A certificate of compliance provided by a supplier in accordance with this subsection shall be used solely for the purpose of determining a manufacturer's compliance with this section.

§ 2494o 2494i. VIOLATIONS

(a) A violation of this subchapter is deemed to be a violation of section 2453 of this title.

(b) The Attorney General has the same authority to make rules, conduct civil investigations, enter into assurances of discontinuance, and bring civil actions, and private parties have the same rights and remedies, as provided under subchapter 1 of this chapter.

Sec. 2. 9 V.S.A. § 2494e(19) is amended to read:

- (19) "Regulated perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "regulated PFAS" means:
- (A) PFAS that a manufacturer has intentionally added to a product and that have a functional or technical effect in the product, including PFAS components of intentionally added chemicals and PFAS that are intentional breakdown products of an added chemical that also have a functional or technical effect in the product; or
- (B) the presence of PFAS in a product or product component at or above 100 50 parts per million, as measured in total organic fluorine.

Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. § 2494e(3) is amended to read:

- (3) "Apparel" means any of the following:
- (A) Clothing items intended for regular wear or formal occasions, including undergarments, shirts, pants, skirts, dresses, overalls, bodysuits, costumes, vests, dancewear, suits, saris, scarves, tops, leggings, school uniforms, leisurewear, athletic wear, sports uniforms, everyday swimwear, formal wear, onesies, bibs, reusable diapers, footwear, and everyday uniforms for workwear. Clothing items intended for regular wear or formal occasions do not include clothing items for exclusive use by the U.S. Armed Forces, outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions, and personal protective equipment.
 - (B) Outdoor apparel.
 - (C) Outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions.

Sec. 4. ANR REPORT ON PFAS REGULATION

- (a) As used in this section, "perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "PFAS" means a class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom.
- (b) On or before January 15, 2027, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall submit to the House Committees on Environment and on Human Services and the Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy and on Health and Welfare a report regarding the regulation by other states of PFAS in consumer products. The report shall include:

- (1) a summary of programs in other states that regulate PFAS in consumer products, including whether other states have implemented a regulatory program based on the definition of PFAS used in this section;
- (2) if other states have implemented regulatory programs for PFAS, a summary of the effectiveness of the programs, including any obstacles or difficulties these states may have faced in implementing a program, the staffing required for a program, and the time frame under which each state implemented the program;
- (3) a recommendation, based on review of regulatory programs in other states, on whether Vermont should establish a regulatory program for PFAS in consumer products, including the State agency in which such a program should be located, the staffing required, and a time frame for implementation;
- (4) whether other states have prohibited or restricted the use of fluorine treated containers, including a summary of how fluorine treated containers are used or allowed for use in other states;
- (5) any other information that the Secretary determines is necessary for the purpose of informing the General Assembly whether to enact a regulatory program for PFAS in consumer products; and
- (6) a summary of PFAS data in industrial processes, to the extent available, and whether any other state has restricted the use of PFAS-contaminated water in manufacturing.

Sec. 5. REPORTS; PFAS IN COMPLEX DURABLE GOODS; FOOD

- (a)(1) On or before January 15, 2033, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall provide a recommendation to the House Committees on Human Services and on Environment and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Natural Resources and Energy on how to address PFAS in complex durable goods.
- (2) As used in this subsection, "complex durable goods" means a consumer product that is a manufactured good composed of 100 or more manufactured components, with an intended useful life of five or more years, where the product is typically not consumed, destroyed, or discarded after a single use. This includes replacement parts for complex durable goods not subject to a phaseout under this chapter.
- (b)(1) On or before January 15, 2033, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall provide a recommendation to the House Committees on Human Services and on Environment and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Natural Resources and Energy on how to address PFAS in food.

- (2) As used in this subsection, "food" has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 4051.
- (c) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall update the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare, the House Committee on Environment, and the Secretary of Natural Resources on the status of the regulation of PFAS in complex durable goods and in food in other states. The first status report shall be submitted on or before January 15, 2027, as part of the report required under Sec. 4 of this act or as testimony. The second update shall be provided as testimony to the committees on or before January 15, 2029.

Sec. 6. REPEALS

- (a) 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 4 (prospective definition for outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions) is repealed.
- (b) 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 5 (prospective definition of regulated PFAS) is repealed.
- Sec. 7. 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 13 is amended to read:

Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024, except that:

- (1) Sec. 1 (chemicals in cosmetic and menstrual products), Sec. 3 (PFAS in consumer products), Sec. 6 (PFAS in firefighting agents and equipment), and Sec. 7 (chemicals of concern in food packaging) shall take effect on January 1, 2026; and
- (2) Sec. 2 (9 V.S.A. § 2494b) and Sec. 5 (9 V.S.A. § 2494e(15)) shall take effect on July 1, 2027; and
 - (3) Sec. 4 (9 V.S.A. § 2494e(3)) shall take effect on July 1, 2028.
 - * * * PFAS in Firefighting Agents and Equipment * * *

Sec. 8. 9 V.S.A. § 2494p(2) is amended to read:

(2) "Intentionally added" means the addition of a chemical in a product that serves an intended function in the product component. "Intentionally added PFAS" means PFAS added to a product regulated under this subchapter or one of its product components to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or quality or to perform a specific function. "Intentionally added PFAS" also includes any degradation byproducts of PFAS or PFAS that are intentional breakdown products of an added chemical. For the purposes of this chapter the use of PFAS as a processing agent, mold release agent, or intermediate is considered intentional introduction where PFAS are detected in the final covered product.

Sec. 9. 9 V.S.A. § 2494s is amended to read:

- (a) A manufacturer or other person that sells firefighting equipment to any person, municipality, or State agency shall provide written notice to the purchaser at the time of sale, citing to this subchapter, if the personal protective equipment or station wear contains PFAS. The written notice shall include a statement that the personal protective equipment or station wear contains PFAS and the reason PFAS are added to the equipment not sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State any personal protective equipment to which PFAS have been intentionally added.
- (b) The manufacturer or person selling personal protective equipment or station wear and the purchaser of the personal protective equipment or station wear shall retain the notice for at least three years from the date of the transaction. The prohibitions under subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to personal protective equipment that is a respirator or respirator protection equipment, provided that a manufacturer of a respirator or respirator protection equipment shall provide written notice to the purchaser at the time of sale, citing to this subchapter if the respirator or respirator protection equipment contains PFAS. The written notice shall include a statement that the respirator or respirator protection equipment contains PFAS and the reason PFAS are added to the equipment. The manufacturer or person selling respirator or respirator protection equipment and the purchaser of the respirator or respirator protection equipment shall retain the notice for at least three years from the date of the transaction.

Sec. 10. 9 V.S.A. § 2494s is amended to read:

§ 2494s. PROHIBITED SALE OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT CONTAINING PFAS

- (a) A manufacturer or other person that sells firefighting equipment to any person, municipality, or State agency shall not sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this State any personal protective equipment to which PFAS have been intentionally added.
- (b) The prohibitions under subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to personal protective equipment that is a respirator or respirator protection equipment, provided that a manufacturer of a respirator or respirator protection equipment shall provide written notice to the purchaser at the time of sale, eiting to this subchapter if the respirator or respirator protection equipment contains PFAS. The written notice shall include a statement that the respirator or respirator protection equipment contains PFAS and the reason PFAS are added to the equipment. The manufacturer or person selling respirator or respirator protection equipment and the purchaser of the respirator or

respirator protection equipment shall retain the notice for at least three years from the date of the transaction. [Repealed.]

Sec. 11. NOTICE OF PRESENCE OF PFAS IN STATION WEAR PRIOR TO PROHIBITION OF PFAS IN APPAREL

(a) As used in this section:

- (1) "Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "PFAS" has the same meaning as in 9 V.S.A. § 2494p.
- (2) "Station wear" means uniform shirts and pants worn by firefighting personnel in the performance of their duties, often underneath personal protective equipment.
- (b) Prior to the limitation of PFAS in textile articles under 9 V.S.A. chapter 63, subchapter 12A beginning on July 1, 2026 under 9 V.S.A. § 2494f, a manufacturer or other person that sells station wear to any person, municipality, or State agency shall provide written notice to the purchaser at the time of sale, citing to this subchapter, if the station wear contains PFAS. The written notice shall include a statement that station wear contains PFAS and the reason PFAS are added to the station wear. The manufacturer or person selling station wear and the purchaser of station wear shall retain the notice for at least three years from the date of the transaction.

Sec. 12. ANR REPORT ON AVAILABILITY OF PFAS-FREE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

(a) As used in this section:

- (1) "Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances" or "PFAS" means a class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom.
- (2) "Personal protective equipment" means clothing designed, intended, or marketed to be worn by firefighting personnel in the performance of their duties, designed with the intent for use in fire and rescue activities, and includes jackets, pants, shoes, gloves, helmets, and respiratory equipment.
- (b) On or before December 15, 2028, the Agency of Natural Resources, after consultation with the Department of Public Safety, shall report to the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Natural Resources and Energy and the House Committees on Human Service and on Environment regarding the availability of personal protective equipment that does not include PFAS. The report shall include:
- (1) a summary of the general availability in the State of personal protective equipment that does not include PFAS, including whether

respirators that do not include PFAS are generally available to firefighting personnel in Vermont; and

- (2) a summary of the cost of personal protective equipment that does not include PFAS, including whether the personal protective equipment that does not include PFAS is available at comparable costs to personal protective equipment that includes PFAS.
- (c) The Agency of Natural Resources shall submit a copy of the report required under this section to the Vermont League of Cities and Towns to make available to municipal firefighting departments.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) This section and Secs. 4 and 5 (reports to the General Assembly), Sec. 11 (notice of PFAS in station wear), and Sec. 12 (availability of PFAS-free personal protective equipment) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.
- (b)(1) Sec. 1 (PFAS in consumer products) shall take effect on January 1, 2026, except that:
- (A) 9 V.S.A. § 2494e(10) (definition of intentionally added) shall take effect on July 1, 2027;
- (B) 9 V.S.A. § 2494f(a)(3) (cleaning products) and (a)(5) (dental floss) and 9 V.S.A. § 2494g (fluorine treated containers) shall take effect on July 1, 2027; and
 - (C) 9 V.S.A. § 2494f(a)(4) (cookware) shall take effect July 1, 2028.
- (2) Sec. 1 and this section shall supersede those provisions of 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 3 that conflict with the provisions of this act.
 - (c) Sec. 2 (definition of regulated PFAS) shall take effect on July 1, 2027.
 - (d) Sec. 3 (definition of outdoor apparel) shall take effect on July 1, 2028.
- (e) Secs. 6 (repeal of Act 131 provisions) and 7 (amended Act 131 effective dates) shall take effect on January 1, 2026.
- (f) Sec. 8 (definition of intentionally added; PPE containing PFAS) shall take effect January 1, 2026 and shall supersede those provisions of 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 131, Sec. 6 that conflict with the provisions of this act.
- (g) Sec. 9 (prohibition on sale of PPE containing PFAS) shall take effect on July 1, 2029.
- (h) Sec. 10 (prohibition on sale of respirators containing PFAS) shall take effect on July 1, 2032.

For Informational Purposes

H.C.R. Approval Deadline

To guarantee that any 2025 House Concurrent Resolution that has been drafted is printed in a 2025 House Calendar and Addendum, the sponsor of the H.C.R. must return approval of the draft, along with the final list of any cosponsors, to Michael Chernick in the Office of Legislative Counsel by 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, May 14, 2025.

CROSSOVER DATES

The Joint Rules Committee established the following crossover dates:

- (1) All **Senate/House** bills must be reported out of the last committee of reference (including the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means, except as provided below in (2) and the exceptions listed below) on or before **Friday, March 14, 2025**, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day Committee bills must be voted out of Committee by **Friday, March 14, 2025**.
- (2) All **Senate/House** bills referred pursuant to Senate Rule 31 or House Rule 35(a) to the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means must be reported out by the last of those committees on or before **Friday**, **March 21**, **2025**, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day.

Exceptions to the foregoing deadlines include the major money bills (the general Appropriations bill ("The Big Bill"), the Transportation Capital bill, the Capital Construction bill, and the Fee/Revenue bills).

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION (H.C.R.) PROCESS

Joint Rules 16a–16d provide the procedure for the General Assembly to adopt concurrent resolutions pursuant to the Consent Calendar. Here are the steps for Representatives to introduce an H.C.R. and to have it ceremonially read during a House session:

- 1. Meet with Legislative Counselor Michael Chernick regarding your H.C.R. draft request. Come prepared with an idea and any relevant supporting documents.
- 2. Have a date in mind if you want a ceremonial reading. You should meet with Counselor Chernick at least two weeks prior to the week you want your ceremonial reading to happen.

- 3. Counselor Chernick will draft your H.C.R., and Resolutions Editor and Coordinator Jill Pralle will edit it. Upon completion of this process, a paper or electronic copy will be released to you. If a paper copy is released to you, a sponsor signout sheet will also be included.
- 4. Please submit the sponsor list to Counselor Chernick by paper *or* electronically, but not both.
- 5. The final list of sponsors needs to be submitted to Counselor Chernick <u>not</u> later than 12:00 noon the Thursday of the week prior to the H.C.R.'s appearance on the Consent Calendar.
- 6. The Office of Legislative Counsel will then send your H.C.R. to the House Clerk's Office for incorporation into the Consent Calendar and House Calendar Addendum for the following week.
- 7. The week that your H.C.R. is on the Consent Calendar, any presentation copies that you requested will be mailed or available for pickup on Friday, after the House and Senate adjourn, which is when your H.C.R. is adopted pursuant to Joint Rules.
- 8. Your H.C.R. can be ceremonially read during a House session once it is adopted. If you would like to schedule a ceremonial reading, contact Second Assistant Clerk Courtney Reckord to confirm your requested ceremonial reading date.

JOINT FISCAL COMMITTEE NOTICES

Grants and Positions that have been submitted to the Joint Fiscal Committee by the Administration, under 32 V.S.A. §5(b)(3)(D):

- **JFO** #3244: \$2,335,401.00 to the Agency of Human Services, Department of Health from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Funds support continued crisis counseling assistance and training in response to the July 2024 flood event. [Received February 7, 2025]
- JFO #3245: \$250,000.00 to the Agency of Human Services, Department of Health from the National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors. Funds used to provide trainings for crisis staff and to make improvements to the State's crisis system dispatch platform. [Received February 7, 2025]
- **JFO** #3246: 125+ acre land donation valued at \$184,830.00 from Pieter Van Schaik of Cavendish, VT to the Agency of Natural Resources,

- Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation. The acreage will become part of the Lord State Forest. [Received March 24, 2025]
- JFO #3247: \$2,875,419.00 to the Agency of Human Services, Department for Children and Families to support families affected by the July 2024 flood event. The request includes three (3) limited-service positions. Two (2) Emergency Management Specialists to the AHS central office and one (1) Grants and Contract Manager to the Department of Children and Families Positions funded through June 30, 2027. [Received 04/10/2025, expedited review requested 04/10/2025]
- **JFO #3248:** \$35,603.00 to the Vermont Department of Libraries from the Vermont Community Foundation and the dissolution of the VT Public Library Foundation. The grant will provide modest grants to VT libraries with a preference for smaller libraries and for programs and projects that support children and diversity. [Received April 10, 2025]
- **JFO** #3249: \$22.117.00 to the Agency of Human Services, Department of Corrections to ensure compliance with the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA). [Received April 10, 2025]
- **JFO** #3250: \$391,666.00 to the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation from the Northern Border Regional Commission. Funds will support the Vermont Outdoor Recreation Economic Collaboration (VOREC) Program Director as well as VOREC initiatives. [Received April 11, 2025]
- **JFO** #3251: \$50,000.00 to the Agency of Human Services, Central Office from the National Governor's Association. The funds will support state-side improvements of service-to-career pathways, with a focus on emergency responders. [Received April 11, 2025]
- JFO #3252: \$10,000,000.00 to the Vermont Department of Libraries from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The Public Facilities Preservation Initiative grant will provide smaller grants to rural libraries for the completion of necessary capital improvement projects. [Received April 11, 2025]
- JFO #3253: \$20,000.00 to the Vermont Department of Public Safety, Vermont State Police. Funds will be used by the Vermont Boating Law Administrator, with the support of the Vermont Department of Health, to create a comprehensive boating injury data tracking system. [Received May 6, 2025]
- JFO #3254: \$994,435.00 to the Vermont Department Public Safety, Vermont Emergency Management from the Federal Emergency

Management Agency. Funds for emergency work and repair/replacement of disaster damaged facilities during the severe storm and flooding event in Lamoille County from June 22-24, 2024. [Received May 6, 2025]

JFO #3255: \$41,000.00 to the Vermont Agency of Commerce and Community Development, Department of Housing and Community Development. Funds will be used to restore the Baldwin Model K piano, once played by First Lady Grace Coolidge, which now resides in the President Calvin Coolidge State Historic Site in Plymouth, VT. [Received May 6, 2025]