1	S.3
2	Introduced by Senator Hashim
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Trusts; transfer of property to trust; creditor's claims
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to provide that
7	when property owned by spouses as tenants by the entirety is transferred into a
8	trust, each spouse retains the same immunity from creditor claims against the
9	property that the spouses had before they transferred the property into the trust.
10	An act relating to the transfer of property to a trust
11	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
12	Sec. 1. 14A V.S.A. § 505 is amended to read:
13	§ 505. CREDITOR'S CLAIM AGAINST SETTLOR
14	(a) Whether or not the terms of a trust contain a spendthrift provision, the
15	following rules apply:
16	(1) During the lifetime of the settlor, the property of a revocable trust is
17	subject to claims of the settlor's creditors.
18	(2) With respect to an irrevocable trust, a creditor or assignee of the
19	settlor may reach the maximum amount that can be distributed to or for the
20	settlor's benefit. If a trust has more than one settlor, the amount the creditor or
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assignee of a particular settlor may reach shall not exceed the settlor's interest
in the portion of the trust attributable to that settlor's contribution. This
subdivision shall not apply to an irrevocable "special needs trust" established
for a disabled person as described in 42 U.S.C. § 1396p(d)(4) or similar federal
law governing the transfer to such a trust.

(3) After the death of a settlor, and subject to the settlor's right to direct the source from which liabilities will be paid, the property of a trust that was revocable at the settlor's death is subject to claims of the settlor's creditors, costs of administration of the settlor's estate, the expenses of the settlor's funeral and disposal of remains, and statutory allowances to a surviving spouse and children to the extent the settlor's probate estate is inadequate to satisfy those claims, costs, expenses, and allowances.

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(c)(1) Property held by spouses as tenants by the entirety that is conveyed to the spouses' jointly or separately held revocable or irrevocable trusts, and any proceeds of the sale or disposition of the property, shall be immune from the claims of the spouses' separate creditors to the same extent as the property would have been if it had remained held by the spouses as tenants by the entirety if the following apply:

(A) the spouses are married to each other;

1	(B) the property is held in the trust or trusts, or has been deeded out
2	of the trust to the spouses as tenants by the entirety;
3	(C) if the trust is a joint trust, the trust may be revoked by either
4	spouse acting alone but may be amended only by action of both spouses; and
5	(D) the property is the spouses' property, including if:
6	(i) both spouses are current beneficiaries of one joint trust that
7	holds the entire property; or
8	(ii) each spouse is a current beneficiary of a separate trust and the
9	two separate trusts, together, hold the entire property, whether or not other
10	persons are also current or future beneficiaries of the trust or trusts.
11	(2)(A) Property at any time held in a tenants by the entirety trust shall
12	have the same immunity from the claims of a separate creditor of either settlor
13	as the property would have if it were held outside the trust by the settlors as
14	tenants by the entirety unless otherwise provided in writing by the settlor or
15	settlors who transferred the property to the trust. The property shall be treated
16	in all respects as tenants by the entirety property, including for purposes of
17	federal and state bankruptcy laws.
18	(B) Property held in a tenants by the entirety trust shall cease to
19	receive immunity from the claims of creditors upon the dissolution of the
20	settlors' marriage by a court.

1	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this title, on the effective date of this
2	subsection:
3	(A) this subsection (c) applies to all trusts created before, on, or after
4	the effective date of this subsection;
5	(B) this subsection (c) applies to all judicial proceedings concerning
5	trusts commenced on or after the effective date of this subsection.
7	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
3	This act shall take effect on passage.