H 454

1	H.454
2	Introduced by Representatives Toof of St. Albans Town, McCoy of Poultney,
3	Taylor of Milton, Dobrovich of Williamstown, and Quimby of
4	Lyndon
5	Referred to Committee on
6	Date:
7	Subject: Education; school districts; education finance; property taxes; Agency
8	of Education; State Board of Education
9	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to transform
10	Vermont's education governance, quality, and finance systems. It would create
11	five school districts to govern the public education system for the entire State,
12	each governed by a school board and operated by a central office. This bill
13	also proposes to transform Vermont's education financing system to a
14	foundation formula, with a base amount of \$13,200.00 per student, in fiscal
15	year 2025, with additional weights based on student need, school scale, and
16	district sparsity, developed based on an evidence-based model that has been
17	adjusted to the Vermont context.

An act relating to transforming Vermont's education governance, quality, and finance systems

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1	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
2	Tindings and Intent
3	Sec. 1. FINDINGS; INTENT
4	The Ceneral Assembly finds that:
5	(1) The study commissioned in 2024 titled "An Evidence-Based
6	Approach to Identifying an Adequate Education Spending Level in Vermont"
7	by Allan Odden and Lawrence O. Picus evaluated Vermont education spending
8	against research-informed best practices. The evidence-based model is
9	designed to identify an array of staffing and resources that high-performing
10	schools need to provide every student with robust opportunities to meet
11	college and career-ready standards. Performing to those standards would
12	substantially improve student achievement and reduce demographic related
13	performance gaps.
14	(2) The evidence-based model represents an adequate model for the
15	level of education funding necessary to improve student achievement. It was
16	developed by experts in education funding with more than 25 years of
17	experience across the United States in determining how to adequately fund
18	schools, meaning providing a level of resources that would enable schools to
19	provide every student with an equal opportunity to learn to high performance
20	standards. The State has a Constitutional obligation to ensure that all stude ts
21	are provided a quality education on a reasonably equal basis, without regard to

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1	town of residence. Doing so will require significant change to the current
2	system of education.
3	Vermont's current funding model equalizes school district's ability
4	to raise education taxes, leveling out the distinctions in property wealth among
5	districts. The current funding system does not provide equalized education
6	dollars to districts. The choice to spend or not spend equitable amounts of
7	education funding per sudent across the State rests with individual districts.
8	Spending patterns demonstrate that many districts do not utilize the tax
9	equalization mechanisms to increase spending, even in the districts with the
10	most demonstrated student need.
11	(4) Vermont's current school and school district sizes do not align with
12	the Evidence-Based Model, and contribute o higher costs that are not fully
13	addressed by the Model. In order to ensure the Model can be implemented in
14	a way that improves education quality, the State must be organized into larger
15	school districts that are responsible for approximately a minimum 3,900
16	students, a population that represents the minimum to achieve efficiency in
17	delivering the Evidence-Based Model.
18	(5) Additionally, larger school districts, consistent with State level
19	guidance for school size, average class size, and budgetary priorities, must
20	examine the appropriate number of schools for the student population,

geography, student need, and community desires of the school district.

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1	(6) The intent of the proposed five districts is to charge school boards to
2	represent a diverse set of student and community needs to promote equitable
3	budgeting and district policies and to create central offices that provide
4	specialized esources and support for students and teachers in alignment with
5	best practices for teaching and learning.
6	Sec. 2. 16 V.S.A. § 43 is amended to read:
7	§ 43. FEDERAL EDUCATION AID FUNDS; ADMINISTRATION; LOCAL
8	EDUCATION AGENCY
9	(a) The Agency, as sole state agency, may administer federal funds made
10	available to the State under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of
11	1965, Public L. No. 89-10, as amended, and the No Child Left Behind Act of
12	2001, Public L. No. 107-110. Those funds may be accepted and shall be
13	distributed and accounted for by the State Treasurer in accordance with that
14	law and rules and regulations of the United States issued under it if there is
15	conflict between that law or those rules and regulations and the laws of this
16	State.
17	(b) For purposes of distribution of funds under this section, supervisory
18	union school district shall be a local education agency as that term it defined in
19	20 U.S.C. § 7801(26).
20	(c) For purposes of determining student performance and application of
21	consequences for failure to meet standards and for provision of compensatory

schools and ensure compliance.

1	and remodial corvices nursuant to 20 IISC 88 6211 6218 a supervisory
2	unit a school district shall be a local education agency.
3	Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 212 is amended to read:
4	§ 212. SECRETARY'S DUTIES GENERALLY
5	The Secretary shall articulate a long-term strategic vision for educational
6	services in the State, through engagement of the education community; shall
7	execute those policies adopted by the State Board in the legal exercise of its
8	powers; and shall:
9	(1) Coordinate the educational work of the public schools with higher
10	education in the State.
11	(2) Identify the educational goals of the public schools, provide
12	alternative methods of attaining those goals, and promote education in the
13	State.
14	(3) Evaluate the program of instruction in the public schools Establish,
15	through rulemaking, education and district quality standards to evaluate the
16	quality of instruction and operations in the public and school choice schools.
17	(4) Advise the General Assembly concerning proposed laws affecting
18	the public schools.
19	(5) Supervise and direct the execution of the laws relating to the public

by the State under the provisions of this title for public schools.

- (1) Arrange conferences and summer schools for superintendents and teachers and employ suitable speakers, lecturers, and instructors for the same; fix the amount of tuition for the instruction; provide for educational gatherings, institutes, summer schools, and other supplementary educational activities; and provide for cooperation with the Board of Libraries established by 22 V.S.A. § 602 or the State Librarian.
- (8) Inform citizens of the condition of and opportunities within the public education system and provide other educational publicity for the enlightenment and well-being of the citizens of the State Provide clear, transparent and high quality information to citizens regarding the condition and opportunities within the public education system.
- (9) Establish requirements for information to be submitted by school districts, including necessary statistical data and other information, and ensure, to the extent possible, that data are reported in a uniform way. Data collected under this subdivision shall include budget surplus amounts, reserve fund amounts, and information concerning the purpose and use of any reserve funds.
- (10) Make recommendations to school boards regarding transportation policies.

or students. It is the intent of this subdivision that the Secretary shall make

good faith effort to compile a complete list of the information to be made

ovorloblo I)	we to the difficult nature of compiling such a list, it is also the
intent that fa	ilure to include relevant information on the list shall not constitute
grounds for a	an action against the Secretary.
(15) \(\)	nnually, with the Commissioner of Health, shall jointly inform
superintende	ents and principals of appropriate practices regarding students with
life-threateni	ing allergies and chronic illnesses; and prepare and distribute
policies, train	ning materials, and school guidelines for managing students with
life-threateni	ing allergies and chronic illnesses, including family
responsibilit	ies, school responsibilities, and student responsibilities.
(16) A	Annually, convene a meeting of directors of Vermont educator
preparation p	programs and representatives of school boards, superintendents,
principals, ed	ducators, and the Vermont Standards Board to determine subject
and geograpl	hic areas in which there is a critical need for educators and to
discuss ways	s to meet the need.
(17) E	Encourage and facilitate collaboration among school districts and
supervisory (unions to share information and expertise regarding low-incidence
special educa	ation needs.
(18) A	Annually, inform superintendents and principals of regional
resources ava	ailable to assist schools to provide instruction in cardiopulmonary

resuscitation and the use of automated external deflormators and provide

undated information to the education of	mmunity	roger	ding th	o provi	cion
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con prehensive health education.					

- (19) Establish an information clearinghouse and accessible database to help districts share information about educational programs and practices that improve student performance. Educational programs and practices include those designed to create and sustain a safe learning environment.
- (20) Develop, in consultation with the Secretary of State, and make available to school boards sample ballot language for issues that may be decided by Australian ballot and for which no statutory language exists.
- (21) Prepare a budget for the Agency and submit it to the Governor after review by the State Board.
- (22) Annually, prior to September 1, present the Governor's education policy priorities to the State Board.
- (23) Make regulations governing the attendance and records of attendance of all students and the deportment of students attending public schools.
- (24) Implement and continually update standards for student performance in appropriate content areas and at appropriate intervals in the continuum from kindergarten to grade 12 and methods of assessment to determine attainment of the standards for student performance. The standards shall be rigorous, challenging, and designed to prepare students to participate

1	in and contribute to the democratic process and to compete in the alphal
2	marketplace. The standards shall include a standard for reading level
3	proficiency for students completing grade three.
4	(25) By rule, determine statewide graduation standards.
5	(26) Provide oversight for adult education and literacy programs and
6	perform all the duties and powers prescribed by law pertaining to adult
7	education and literacy and to act as the State approval agency for educational
8	institutions conducting programs of adult education and literacy.
9	(27) Report annually on the condition of education statewide and on a
10	school district basis. The report shall include information on attainment of
11	standards for student performance adopted under subdivision (24) of this
12	section, the number and types of complaints of hazing, harassment, or bullying
13	made pursuant to chapter 9, subchapter 5 of this title and responses to the
14	complaints; financial resources and expenditures; and community social
15	indicators. The report shall be organized and presented in a way that is easily
16	understandable by the general public and that enables each school and school
17	district to determine its strengths and weaknesses. To the extend consistent
18	with State and federal privacy laws and regulations, data on hazing,
19	harassment, or bullying incidents shall be disaggregated by incident type.
20	including disaggregation by ethnic groups, racial groups, religious groups,
21	gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability status, and English

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1	language learner status. The Secretary shall use the information in the report
2	to determine whether students in each school and school district are provided
3	educational opportunities substantially equal to those provided in other schools
4	and school districts pursuant to subsection 165(b) of this title.
5	(28) Ensure that Vermont's students, including students enrolled in
6	secondary career technical education, have access to a substantially equal
7	educational opportunity by developing a system to evaluate the equalizing
8	effects of Vermont's education finance system and education quality standards
9	under section 165 of this title.
10	Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 164 is amended to read:
11	§ 164. STATE BOARD; GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES
12	The State Board shall engage local school coard members and the broader
13	education community and, consistent with the provisions of this title, its own
14	rules, and rules adopted by the Secretary, establish and regularly update
15	contribute to a long-term strategic vision articulated by the Secretary of
16	Education for the delivery of educational services in Vermont; udvise the
17	General Assembly, the Governor, and the Secretary of Education on high-
18	priority educational policies and issues as they arise; and act in accordance
19	with legislative mandates, including the adoption of rules and executing
20	special assignments. In addition to other specified duties, the Board shall.

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1	(1) Establish such advisory commissions as in the judgment of the
2	Board will be of assistance to it in carrying out its duties. Advisory
3	commission members shall serve with or without compensation at the
4	discretion of the Board but shall receive actual expenses incurred in pursuance
5	of their duties.
6	(2) Have the authority to enter into agreements with school districts,
7	municipalities, states, the United States, foundations, agencies, or individuals
8	for service, educational programs, or research projects.
9	(3) Examine and determine all appeals that by law are made to it and
10	prescribe rules of practice in respect thereto, not inconsistent with law.
11	(4) [Repealed.]
12	(5) [Repealed.]
13	(6) Make regulations governing the attendance and records of
14	attendance of all students and the deportment of students attending public
15	schools. [Repealed.]
16	(7) Adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to carry out the powers
17	and duties of the Board as directed by the General Assembly, within the
18	limitations of legislative intent.
19	(8) [Repealed.]
20	(9) Implement and continually update standards for student performance

in appropriate content areas and at appropriate intervals in the continuum from

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1	kindergerten to grade 12 and methods of assessment to determine attainment of
2	the tandards for student performance. The standards shall be rigorous,
3	challenging, and designed to prepare students to participate in and contribute
4	to the demogratic process and to compete in the global marketplace. The
5	standards shall include a standard for reading level proficiency for students
6	completing grade three. [Repealed.]
7	(10) [Repealed.]
8	(11) If deemed advis ble, determine educational standards for admission
9	to and graduation from the public schools. [Repealed.]
10	(12) [Repealed.]
11	(13) Be the State Board for the program of adult education and literacy
12	and perform all the duties and powers prescribed by law pertaining to adult
13	education and literacy and to act as the State approval agency for educational
14	institutions conducting programs of adult education and literacy. [Repealed.]
15	(14) Adopt rules for approval of independent schools. [Repealed.]
16	(15) Establish criteria governing the establishment of a system for the
17	receipt, deposit, accounting, and disbursement of all funds by supervisory
18	unions and school districts. [Repealed.]
19	(16) In cooperation with the Secretary, ensure that the Agency develops
20	information, plans, and assistance to aid in making technology and
21	telecommunications available and coordinated in all school districts. The State

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funds designated for the development or expansion of distance learning
technologies. The guidelines shall encourage, consistent with any terms or
conditions established by the funding source, collaboration between schools
and school districts to realize economic and educational efficiencies.
[Repealed.]
(17) Report annually on the condition of education statewide and on a
supervisory union and school district basis. The report shall include
information on attainment of standards for student performance adopted under
subdivision (9) of this section, number and types of complaints of hazing,
harassment, or bullying made pursuant o chapter 9, subchapter 5 of this title
and responses to the complaints, financial r sources and expenditures, and
community social indicators. The report shall be organized and presented in a
way that is easily understandable by the general public and that enables each
school, school district, and supervisory union to determine its strengths and
weaknesses. To the extent consistent with State and federal privacy laws and
regulations, data on hazing, harassment, or bullying incidents shall be
disaggregated by incident type, including disaggregation by ethnic groups,
racial groups, religious groups, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity

disability status, and English language learner status. The Secretary shall us

the information in the report to determine whether students in each school,

cahaal district and supervisory union are provided educational appartunities	·c
sub tantially equal to those provided in other schools, school districts, and	
supervisory unions pursuant to subsection 165(b) of this title. [Repealed.]	
(18) Ensure that Vermont's students, including students enrolled in	
secondary careel technical education, have access to a substantially equal	
educational opportunity by developing a system to evaluate the equalizing	
effects of Vermont's education finance system and education quality standard	rds
under section 165 of this title [Repealed.]	
(19) [Repealed.]	
(20) Pursuant to section 806g of this title, constitute the State Counci	i 1
for the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children	n
and appoint to the Council a Compact Commissioner and Military Family	
Education Liaison, who may be the same person. The Board may appoint	
additional members.	
(21) Report annually to the Governor and the General Assembly on t	he
progress the Board has made on the development of education policy for the	e
State in the execution of its enumerated duties.	
(22) Administer a statewide contract to provide annual training to	
school board members on educational leadership and the roles and	\

responsibilities of the school district board. The State Board will select an

1	appropriate training wender to speak to the Vermont context and to be
2	informed by research-based best practices.
3	(23) Annually, review each school district's adopted equity budget
4	policy, and coordinate with school districts on the content and implementation
5	considerations for those policies.
6	(24) Annually, review the outcome of the District Quality Standards
7	evaluation of school board proficiency published by the Agency of Education.
8	The State Board shall convene public discussions with each school district to
9	identify areas for improvement and to define the role of the school board in
10	improving districtwide practices.
11	Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 165 is amended as follows:
12	§ 165. EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS; EQUAL EDUCATIONAL
13	OPPORTUNITIES; INDEPENDENT SCHOOL MEETING
14	EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS
15	(a) In order to carry out Vermont's policy that all Vermont children will be
16	afforded educational opportunities that are substantially equal in quality, each
17	Vermont public school, including each career technical center, shall meet the
18	following education quality standards:
19	(1) The school, through a process including parents, teachers, students,
20	and community members, develops, implements, and annually updates a
21	continuous improvement pian to improve student performance within the

(E)-(G) [Repealed.]

school. The plan shall include goals and objectives for improved student
learning and educational strategies and activities to achieve its goals. The planting and educational strategies and activities to achieve its goals.
shall also address the effectiveness of efforts made since the previous
continuous improvement plan to ensure the school maintains a safe, orderly,
civil, and positive learning environment that is free from harassment, hazing,
and bullying. The school shall assess student performance under the plan
using a method or methods of assessment developed under subdivision 164(9
of this title.
(2) The school, at least annually, reports student performance results to
community members in a format selected by the school board. In the case of
regional career technical center, the community means the school districts in
the service region. The school report shall include:
(A) Information indicating progress toward meeting standards from
the most recent measure taken.
(B) [Repealed.]
(C) Information indicating progress toward meeting the goals of an
annual continuous improvement plan.
(D) Any other statistical information about the school or community
that the school board deems necessary to place student performance results in
context.

(H) A description of how the school ensures that each student receives appropriate career counseling and program information regarding availability of education and apprenticeship program offerings at career technical centers.

- (I) [Repealed.]
- (J) If the school is a secondary school, information and supporting data presented in a manner designed to protect student confidentiality on the dropout and graduation rates.
- (K) Data provided by the Secretary that enable a comparison with other schools, or school districts if school level data are not available, for cost-effectiveness. The Secretary shall establish which data are to be included pursuant to this subdivision and, notwithstanding that the other elements of the report are to be presented in a format selected by the school board, shall develop a common format to be used by each school in presenting the data to community members. The Secretary shall provide the most recent data available to each school no not later than October 1 of each year. Data to be presented include student-to-teacher ratio, administrator-to-student ratio, administrator-to-teacher ratio, and cost per pupil.
- (3) The school substantially meets standards adopted by rule of the State

1	schools. The standards shall address those aspects of the following that are
2	most closely associated with improving student performance:
3	(A) school leadership, staffing, and support services, and average
4	minimum class sizes that shall require that for grades four through 12 average
5	class sizes to be equivalent to a teacher to student ratio of 1:25 and for grades
6	kindergarten through three shall be equivalent to a teacher to student ratio of
7	<u>15:1;</u>
8	(B) instructional practices and curriculum leadership, content, and
9	coordination;
10	(C) educational materials and school facilities;
11	(D) access to current technology.
12	(4) The school shall provide for and the staff shall use needs-based
13	professional development designed to improve he quality of education
14	provided to the students and directly connected to standards for student
15	performance established by the State Board Agency of Education and any

(5) The school uses staff evaluation to advance educational performance objectives.

other educational performance goals established by the school board.

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(6) The school ensures that students receive appropriate career counseling and program information regarding the availability of education and apprenticeship program offerings at career technical centers. In addition,

the school, if it is a secondary school, offers a genuine opportunity to access

career technical education programs.

- (1) The school ensures that students are furnished educational services in accordance with any State or federal entitlements and in a nondiscriminatory manner.
- (8) The school maintains a safe, orderly, civil, and positive learning environment that is free from hazing, harassment, and bullying, and is based on sound instructional and classroom management practices and clear discipline policies that are consistently and effectively enforced.
- Vermont public school are provided educational opportunities substantially equal to those provided in other public schools. If the Secretary determines that a school is not meeting the education quality standards listed in subsection (a) of this section or that the school is making insulficient progress in improving student performance in relation to the standards for student performance set forth in subdivision 164(9) of this title, he we she the Secretary shall describe in writing actions that a district must take in order to meet either or both sets of standards and shall provide technical assistance to the school. If the school fails to meet the standards or make sufficient progress within two years of the determination, the Secretary shall recommend to the State Board one or more of the following actions.

- 1 (1) the Agency continue to provide technical assistance for one more
 2 cycle of review;
 - (2) the State Board adjust supervisory union boundaries or responsibilities of the superintendency pursuant to section 242 of this title;
 - (3) the Secretary assume administrative control of an individual school, or school district, or supervisory union, including budgetary control to ensure sound financial practices, only to the extent necessary to correct deficiencies;
 - (4) the State Board close an individual school or schools and require that the school district pay tuition to another public school or an approved independent school pursuant to chapter 21 of this title assign students to a different school operated by the district; or
 - (5) the State Board require two or more school districts to consolidate their governance structures.
 - (c) The State Board, after offering the school board an opportunity for a hearing, shall either dismiss the Secretary's recommendation or order that one or more of the actions listed in subsection (b) of this section be taken. The action ordered by the State Board shall be the least intrusive consistent with the need to provide students attending the school substantially equal educational opportunities. A school board aggrieved by an order of the State Board may appear the order in accordance with the Rules of Civil Frocedure.

standards process, or

(d) Nothing in this coation shall be construed to entitle any student to	
educational programs or services identical to those received by students	in the
same of any other school district. Further, nothing in this section shall c	reate a
private right of action.	
(e) If the Secretary determines at any time that the failure of a school	l to
meet the education quality standards listed in subsection (a) of this section	on is
severe or pervasive, potentially results in physical or emotional harm to	
students or significant deprivation of equal education opportunities, and	the
school has either unreasonably refused to remedy the problem or its effort	orts
have proved ineffective, he or she the Secretary may recommend to the	State
Board one or more of the actions listed in subsection (b) of this section.	The
State Board shall then follow the procedure of subsection (c) of this sect	tion.
(f) In order to be designated an independent school meeting education	n
quality standards, an independent school shall participate in the education	m
quality standards process of subsection (b) of this section. An independe	ent
school shall receive technical assistance in accordance with the provision	ns of
subsection (b), but shall not be subject to subdivisions (b)(2) (4) of this	
section. The school shall be an independent school meeting education qu	uality
standards unless the State Board, after opportunity for hearing, finds the	ŧ
(1) the school has discontinued its participation in the education of	Juan'ty
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1	(2) two or more years following a determination that the school is not
2	meeting the education quality standards or that the school is making
3	insufficient progress in improving student performance, the school fails to
4	meet the standards or make sufficient progress toward meeting the standards.
5	[Repealed.]
6	(g) In addition to the education quality standards provided in subsection (a)
7	of this section, each Vermont school district shall meet the school district
8	quality standards adopted by rule of the Agency of Education regarding the
9	business, facilities management, and governance practices of school districts.
10	These standards shall include a process for school district quality reviews to be
11	conducted by the Agency of Education. Annually, the Secretary shall publish
12	metrics regarding the outcomes of school district quality reviews.
13	Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. § 166 is amended to read:
14	§ 166. APPROVED AND RECOGNIZED INDEXENDENT SCHOOLS;
15	INDEPENDENT SCHOOL SERVING AS SCHOOL CHOICE
16	SCHOOL FOR GRADES 9–12
17	(a) Authority. An independent school may operate and provide elementary
18	education or secondary education if it is either approved or recognized or
19	designated as a school choice school as set forth in this section.
20	(b) Approved independent schools. On application, the State Board share

approve an independent school that offers elementary or secondary education

if it finds after apportunity for bearing that the school provides a minimum
course of study pursuant to section 906 of this title and that it substantially
complies with all statutory requirements for approved independent schools and
the Board's rules for approved independent schools. An independent school
that intends to accept public tuition shall be approved by the State Board only
on the condition that the school agrees, notwithstanding any provision of law
to the contrary, to enroll any student who requires special education services
and who is placed in or referred to the approved independent school as an
appropriate placement and least restrictive environment for the student by the
student's individualized education program team or by the local education
agency; provided, however, that this requirement shall not apply to an
independent school that limits enrollment to students who are on an
individualized education program or a plan under Section 504 of the
Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, and was are enrolled pursuant to
a written agreement between the local education agency and the school. Except
as provided in subdivision (6) of this subsection, the Board's rules must at
minimum require that the school have the resources required to meet its stated
objectives, including financial capacity, faculty who are qualified by training
and experience in the areas in which they are assigned, and physical facilities
and special services that are in accordance with any State or federal law or
regulation. Approval may be granted without State Board evaluation in the

case of any school accredited by a private. State or regional accress	
recognized by the State Board for accrediting purposes, provided th	at the State
Board shall determine that the school complies with all student enro	llment
provisions required by law.	
(1) On application, the State Board shall approve an independ	lent school
that offers kinderga ten but no other graded education if it finds, aft	er
opportunity for hearing, that the school substantially complies with	the
Board's rules for approved independent kindergartens. The State Bo	oard may
delegate to another State agency the authority to evaluate the safety	and
adequacy of the buildings in which kindergartens are conducted but	-shall
consider all findings and recommendations of any such agency in m	aking its
approval decision.	
(2) Approvals under this subsection (b) shall be for a term es	tablished
by rule of the Board but not greater than five years.	
(3) A approved independent school shall provide to the paren	t-or
guardian responsible for each of its students, prior to accepting any	money for
a student, an accurate statement in writing of its status under this se	etion and a
copy of this section. Failure to comply with this provision may crea	t e a
permissible inference of false advertising in violation of 13 V.S.A.	} 2005.
(4) Each approved independent school shall provide to the Se	ecretary on

October i of each year the names, genders, dates of birth, and addresses of its

enrolled students. Within seven days of the termination of a student's enrollment, the school choice school shall notify the Secretary of the name and address of the student. The Secretary shall notify the appropriate school officials as provided in section 1126 of this title.

(5) The state Board may revoke, suspend, or impose conditions upon the approval of an approved independent school, after having provided an opportunity for a hearing, for substantial failure to comply with the minimum course of study, for failure to demonstrate that the school has the resources required to meet its stated objectives, for failure to comply with statutory requirements or the Board's rules for approved independent schools, or for failure to report under subdivision (4) of this subsection (b). Upon that revocation or suspension, students required to attend school who are enrolled in that school shall become truant unless they expell in a public school, an approved or recognized independent school, or a home study program.

(6) This subdivision (6) applies to an independent school located in Vermont that offers a distance learning program and that, because of its structure, does not meet some or all the rules of the State Board for approved independent schools. In order to be approved under this subdivision, a school shall meet the standards adopted by rule of the State Board for approved independent schools that can be applied to the applicant school and any other standards or rules adopted by the State Board regarding these types of schools

tuition payments from public school districts under chapter 21 of this title.

(A) Approval for independent residential schools under this subsection is also contingent upon proof of the school's satisfactory completion of an annual fire safety inspection by the Department of Public Safety or its designee pursuant to 20 V.S.A chapter 173, subchapter 2. A certificate executed by the inspecting entity, declaring satisfactory completion of the inspection and identifying the date by which a new inspection must occur, shall be posted at the school in a public location. The school shall provide a copy of the certificate to the Secretary of Education after each annual inspection. The school shall pay the actual cost of the inspection unless waived or reduced by the inspecting entity.

- (8)(A) If an approved independent school experiences any of the following financial reporting events during the period of its approved status, the school shall notify the Secretary of Education within five days after its knowledge of the event unless the failure is de minimis:
- (i) the school's failure to file its federal or State tax re urns when due, after permissible extension periods have been taken into account;
- (ii) the school's failure to meet its payroll obligations as they are due or to pay federal or State payroll tax obligations as they are due,

purposes;

1	(iii) the school's failure to maintain required retirement	
2	convibutions;	
3	(iv) the school's use of designated funds for nondesignated	

- (v) he school's inability to fully comply with the financial terms of its secured installment debt obligations over a period of two consecutive months, including the school's failure to make interest or principal payments as they are due or to maintain any required financial ratios;
- (vi) the withdrawal or conditioning of the school's accreditation on financial grounds by a private, State, or regional agency recognized by the State Board for accrediting purposes; or
- (vii) the school's insolvency, as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 2286(a).
 - (B)(i) If the Secretary reasonably believes that an approved independent school lacks financial capacity to meet its stated objectives during the period of its approved status, then the Secretary shall notify the school in writing of the reasons for this belief and permit the school a reasonable opportunity to respond.
 - (ii) If the Secretary, after having provided the school a reasonable opportunity to respond, does not find that the school has satisfactorily responded or demonstrated its financial capacity, the Secretary may establish a

1	ravious toom that with the concent of the cohool includes a member of the
2	Council of Independent Schools, to:
3	(I) conduct a school visit to assess the school's financial
4	capacity;
5	(II) obtain from the school such financial documentation as the
6	review team requires to perform its assessment; and
7	(III) submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the
8	State Board.
9	(iii) If the State Board concludes that an approved independent
10	school lacks financial capacity to meet its stated objectives during the period
11	of its approved status, the State Board may take any action that is authorized
12	by this section.
13	(iv) In considering whether an independent school lacks financial
14	capacity to meet its stated objectives during the period of its approved status
15	and what actions the State Board should take if it makes this finding, the State
16	Board may consult with, and draw on the analytical resources of, the Vermont
17	Department of Financial Regulation.
18	(C) Information provided by an independent school under this
19	subsection that is not already in the public domain is exempt from public
20	inspection and copying under the Public Records Act and shall be kept
21	confidential. [Repealed.]

	2025	Page 30 of 41:
1	(a) School Chaice Schools An independent school	l may be designated as a

2	School Choice School to serve grades 9–12 by the school district in which it is
3	geographically located. In order to be eligible for designation, an independent
4	school shall be certified by the Agency of Education as meeting the following
5	criteria:
6	(1) use of State standardized assessments;
7	(2) implementation of minimum State graduation requirements;
8	(3) the provision of special education services to all enrolled students
9	to the same extent as would be required of a public school operated by a
10	school district;
11	(4) completion of an annual single audit by a certified public
12	accountant, which shall be submitted to the Atency of Education;
13	(5) maintenance of minimum financial reserves, in an amount to be
14	established by rules adopted by the Agency of Education;
15	(6) compliance with the school choice school requirements of the
16	Education Quality Standards as defined by the Secretary through rule making;
17	(7) compliance with school safety requirements in chapter 33 of this
18	title;
19	(8) adherence in all policies and operations with nondiscrimination
20	requirements of 9 v.S.A. chapter 139,

1	(0) adoption of haracement hazing and bullying provention policies
2	required by chapter 9, subchapter 5 of this title; except that the board shall
3	follow is own procedures for adopting policy;
4	(10) the school annually announces a capacity for incoming students
5	to attend on a publicly funded basis in the following school year;
6	(11) the school was an approved independent school on July 1, 2025;
7	(12) the school's enrollment is at least 51 percent comprised of
8	students attending on a district-funded tuition basis as of July 1, 2025,
9	(13) the school has a policy to govern a nondiscriminatory lottery
10	system for determining which students may enroll in the school on a publicly
11	funded basis when student interest exceeds capacity; and
12	(14) the school offers due process protections prior to suspending or
13	expelling a student attending on a publicly funded basis that are at least as
14	comprehensive as those required of public schools in section 1162 of this title.
15	(e)(d) Recognized independent schools. Upon filing an enrollment notice,
16	a recognized independent school may provide elementary or secondary
17	education in Vermont. The enrollment notice shall be on a form provided by
18	the Secretary and shall be filed with the Secretary no earlier than three months
19	before the beginning of the school year for the public schools in the town in
20	which the applicant proposes to locate.

1	(1) The arrallment notice shall contain the following information and
2	assurances:
3	(A) a statement that the school will be in session an amount of time
4	substantially equivalent to that required for public schools;
5	(B) a detailed description or outline of the minimum course of study
6	for each grade level he school offers and how the annual assessment of each
7	student will be performed; and
8	(C) assurances that.
9	(i) the school will prepare and maintain attendance records for
10	each student enrolled or regularly attending classes;
11	(ii) at least once each year, the school will assess each student's
12	progress, and will maintain records of that assessment, and present the result of
13	that assessment to each student's parent or guardian;
14	(iii) the school's educational program will include the minimum
15	course of study set forth in section 906 of this title;
16	(iv) the school will have teachers and materials sufficient to carry
17	out the school's educational program; and
18	(v) the school will meet such State and federal laws and
19	regulations concerning its physical facilities and health and safety matters a
20	are applicable to recognized independent schools.

whether the school would be able to meet the requirements set forth in this subsection (e)(d), the Secretary may call a hearing. At the hearing, the school shall establish that it can meet the requirements for recognized independent schools. Failure to do so shall result in a finding by the Secretary that the school must take specified action to come into compliance within a specified time frame or the children enrolled must attend another recognized independent school, a public school, an approved independent school, or a home study program, or be declared truant unless absent with legal excuse.

- (3) A recognized independent school shall provide to each student's parent or guardian a copy of its currently filed statement of objectives and a copy of this section. The copy shall be provided when the student enrolls or before September 1, whichever comes later. Failure to comply with this subsection may create a permissible inference of faire advertising in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2005.
- (4) A recognized independent school shall renew its invollment notice annually. An independent school shall be recognized for a period not to exceed five years by the Secretary without need for filing an annual enrollment notice if:
- (A) it is recognized by an organization approved by the State Boald for the purpose of recognizing such school, or

(B) it is accredited by a private, state, or regional agency approved by the State Board for accrediting purposes; provided, however, nothing in this subdivision (4) shall be construed to prohibit the Secretary from initiating a hearing under this subsection (e)(d).

- (5) If the Secretary has information that creates significant doubt about whether the school, once in operation, is meeting the requirements for recognized independent schools, the Secretary may call a hearing. At the hearing, the school shall establish that it has met the requirements for recognized independent schools. Failure to do so shall result in a finding by the Secretary that:
- (A) the school may not be in operation for the remainder of the school year and that the children are truant unless absent with legal excuse or enrolled in a public school, an independent school, another recognized independent school, or a home study program; or
- (B) the school must take specified action to come into compliance within a specified time frame or the school will not be permitted to operate for the remainder of the school year.
- (6) Each recognized independent school shall provide to the Necretary on October 1 of each year the names, genders, dates of birth, and addresses of its enrolled students. Within seven days of the termination of a student's emoliment, the recognized independent school shall notify the Secretary of the

1 pame and address of the student. The Secretary shall notify the appropriate
2 school officials as provided in section 1126 of this title.

- (3) After the filing of the enrollment notice or at a hearing, if the school is unable to comply with any specific requirements due to deep religious conviction shared by an organized group, the Secretary may waive such requirements if hear she the Secretary determines that the educational purposes of this subsection are being or will be substantially met.
- (8) A recognized independent school shall provide to the parent or guardian responsible for each of its students, prior to accepting any money for a student, an accurate statement in writing of its status under this section and a copy of this section. Failure to comply with this provision may create a permissible inference of false advertising in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2005.
- (9) Each school choice school designated by a school district pursuant to school shall provide to the Secretary on October 1 of each year the names, genders, dates of birth, and addresses of its enrolled students. Within seven days following the termination of a student's enrollment, the school choice school shall notify the Secretary of the name and address of the student. The Secretary shall notify the appropriate school officials as provided in section 1126 of this title.
- (10) Approval for independent residential schools under this subsection is also contingent upon proof of the school's satisfactory completion of an

opplied t	ire cofety increation by the Department of Public Sofety or ite
designee	e pursuant to 20 V.S.A. chapter 173, subchapter 2. A certificate
execute	by the inspecting entity, declaring satisfactory completion of the
inspection	on and identifying the date by which a new inspection must occur,
shall be	posted t the school in a public location. The school shall provide a
copy of	the certificate to the Secretary of Education after each annual
inspection	on. The school shall pay the actual cost of the inspection unless waived
or reduc	ed by the inspecting entity.
(d)(e	Council of Independent Schools. A Council of Independent Schools
is create	d consisting of 11 members no fewer than three of whom shall be
represer	ntatives of recognized independent schools. The Secretary shall appoin
nine me	mbers from within the independent schools' community. The Secretar
shall ap _l	point two members from the public-at-large. Each member shall serve
for two	years and may be reappointed for up to an additional two terms. The
Council	shall adopt rules for its own operation. A chair shall be elected by and
from an	nong the members. The duties of the Council shall it clude advising the
Secretar	y on policies and procedures with respect to independent schools. No
hearing	shall be initiated under this section before the State Board & by the
Secretar	y until the recommendations of the Council have been sought and
received	l. The recommendations of the Council, including any minority
ICDOLIN.	shall be admissible at the hearing. [Repealed.]

1	(a)(f) Harassment hazing and hullying policies. The heard of trustees of
2	an approved or a recognized independent school operating in Vermont shall
3	adopt h rassment, hazing, and bullying prevention policies; establish
4	procedures for dealing with harassment, hazing, and bullying of students; and
5	provide notice of these. The provisions of chapter 9, subchapter 5 of this title
6	for public schools shall apply to this subsection, except that the board shall
7	follow its own procedules for adopting policy.
8	(f)(g) Tuition bills. An approved independent school that accepts students
9	for whom the district of residence pays tuition under chapter 21 of this title
10	shall bill the sending district monthly for a State-placed student and shall not
11	bill the sending district for any month it which the State-placed student was
12	not enrolled. [Repealed.]
13	(g)(h) Tuition students; assessments. An approved independent school that
14	accepts students for whom the district of residence pays tuition under chapter
15	21 of this title shall use the assessment or assessments required under
16	subdivision 164(9) of this title to measure attainment of standards for student
17	performance of those students. In addition, the school shall provide data
18	related to the assessment or assessments as required by the Secretary
19	[Repealed.]
20	Sec. 7. AGENCY OF EDUCATION STUDY OF COOPERATIVE
21	EDUCATION SERVICES AND THERATEUTIC FROOKAIVIS,

1	STATEWIDE SALANI SCHEDULE, NEI ONI
2	The Agency of Education shall convene superintendents, directors of
2	The Agency of Education shall convene superintendents, directors of
3	therapetitic independent schools, special education directors and other experts
4	in the opinion of the Agency to study the need for cooperative education
5	services and the oversight of therapeutic schools within the governance
6	framework created by this Act. The Agency shall submit a summary of its
7	findings and recommended legislative language to the House Committee on
8	Education and the Senate Committee on Education on or before December 15,
9	2025. The Agency shall also submit recommendations for legislative language
10	to implement a statewide salary schidule with its report.
11	Sec. 8. 16 V.S.A. § 241 is amended to lead:
12	§ 241. APPOINTMENT
13	(a) Each supervisory union school district board, with the advice of the
14	Secretary, may shall employ a superintendent of schools.
15	(b) A superintendent shall be employed by written contract for a term not
16	to exceed five years nor less than one year and shall work the number of hours
17	required by contract, performing the duties designated in the contract or
18	assigned by the board. A superintendent of schools may be dismissed for
19	cause or as specified in the contract of employment.

(c) Not later than May 15 of a year in which an incumbent superintended's

contract of employment expires, the supervisory union school district board

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shall meet to renew or get otherwise upon the superintendent's contract. If a
supervisory union employs a superintendent, the supervisory union board sha
specify and assign the duties of a superintendent. If the supervisory union
board does not hire a superintendent, the board may assign any duties assigne
to the superintendent under this title to the school principal or principals in th
supervisory union or to other qualified persons designated by the board.
Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 242 is amended to read:
§ 242. DUTIES OF SUPERINTENDENTS
The superintendent shall be the chief executive officer for the supervisory
union board and for each school board within the supervisory union, and shal
(1) Carry out the policies adopted by the school boards board relating t
the educational or business affairs of the school district or supervisory union,
and develop procedures to do so.
(2) Prepare, for adoption by a local the school board, plans to achieve
the educational goals and objectives established by the school district.
(3)(A) Nominate a candidate for employment by the school district or
supervisory union if the vacant position requires a licensed employee;
provided, if the appropriate board declines to hire a candidate, then the
superintendent shall nominate a new candidate;
(B) select nonlicensed employees to be employed by the district θ
Sumervisory minus and

electorate of the district. [Repealed.]

(C) dismiss licensed and poplicensed employees of a school district
or the supervisory union as necessary, subject to all procedural and other
protections provided by contract, collective bargaining agreement, or provision
of State and federal law.
(4)(A) Provide data and information required by the Secretary and by
using a format approved by the Secretary to:
(i) Report sudgetary data for the subsequent school year and fiscal
year.
(ii) Report all final cial operations within the supervisory union
district to the Secretary and State Board for the preceding school year on or
before August 15 of each year.
(iii) Report all financial operations for each member the school
district to the Secretary and State Board for the preceding school year on or
before August 15 of each year.
(B) Prepare for each district an itemized report detailing the portion
of the proposed supervisory union budget for which the district would be
assessed for the subsequent school year identifying the component costs by
category and explaining the method by which the district's share for each cost
was calculated; and provide the report to each district at least 14 days before a
budget, including the supervisory union assessment, is voted on by the

1	(5) Work with the school hoards of the member districts to develop and
2	board to implement policies regarding minimum and optimal average class
3	sizes for regular and career technical education classes consistent with section
4	165 of this litle and rules adopted by the Agency. The policies may be
5	supervisory union-wide, may be course- or grade-specific, and may reflect
6	differences among school districts due to geography or other factors.
7	(6) Arrange for the provision of the professional training required in
8	subsection 561(b) of this title.
9	(7) Provide for the general supervision of the public schools in the
10	supervisory union or district.
11	* * * School Governance * * *
12	Sec. 10. REPEAL
13	16 V.S.A. chapter 7 (supervisory unions) is repealed on July 1, 2027.
14	Sec. 11. NEW UNION SCHOOL DISTRICTS
15	The Vermont school districts and supervisory unions then in effect shall be
16	dissolved on July 1, 2027 and succeeded by five unified union school districts.
17	Not later than 30 days following the enactment of this section, the Secretary of
18	Education shall certify the designation of the newly created school districts
19	pursuant to section 713 of this title.
20	Sec. 12. 16 V.S.A. § 2 is added to read:
21	§ 2. MEMBERSHIF OF FIVE UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICTS

1	A C AT DUN 1 7/17 /
2	(1) The member districts of the Barre SD, Central Vermont SU,
3	Harwood UUSD, Lamoille North MUUSD, Lamoille South UUSD,
4	Montpelier Roxbury School District, Orange Southwest SU, Orleans
5	Southwest SU, Orleans Southwest SU, Washington Central School District,
6	and White River Valley School District shall constitute the Winooski Valley
7	UUSD.
8	(2) The member districts of the Bennington-Rutland SU, Greater
9	Rutland County SU, Mill River UUSD, Rutland City SD, Rutland Northeast
10	UUSD, Slate Valley UUSD, Southwest Vermont UUSD, and Southwest Tech
11	Center shall constitute the Southwest Vermont UUSD.
12	(3) The member districts of Hartford SD, Mountain Views UUSD,
13	River Valley Tech Center, Springfield SD, Two Rivers SD, Windham Central
14	SU, Windham Northeast SU, Windham Southeast SU, Windham Southwest
15	SU, and Windsor Southeast SU shall constitute the Southeast Vermont UUSD
16	(4) The member districts of Caledonia Central SU, Esex North SU,
17	Kingdom East UUSD, North Country SU, Orange East SU, Orleans Central
18	UUSD, and St. Johnsbury SD shall constitute the Northeast Vermont UUSD.
19	(5) The Addison Central SD, Addison Northwest SD, Burlington SD,
20	Champlain Valley SD, Colchester SD, Essex Westford ECUUSD, Franklin
21	Northeast 50, Frankfin West 50, Orand Isle 50, Lincoln School District,

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1	Manla Pun CD Milton CD Franklin Northwest CII Mount Mansfield CD
2	Patricia Hanaford Tech Center, South Burlington SD, and Winooski SD shall
3	constitute the Champlain Valley UUSD.
4	Sec. 13. 16 V.S.A. § 563 is amended to read:
5	§ 563. POWERS OF SCHOOL BOARDS; FORM OF VOTE
6	The school board of a school district, in addition to other duties and
7	authority specifically assigned by law:
8	(1) Shall determine the educational policies of the school district. Board
9	policies shall be of general application to the district and shall be in writing,
10	codified, and made available to the public. Board policies shall be adopted at
11	regular or special school board meetings. A school board shall give public
12	notice of its intent to adopt a board policy, staring the substance of the
13	proposed policy, at least ten days prior to its adoption. A school board may
14	also approve or disapprove rules and regulations proposed by the principal or
15	superintendent for the conduct and management of public chools in the
16	district.
17	(2) May take any action that is required for the sound administration of
18	the school district. The Secretary, with the advice of the Attorney General,
19	upon application of a school board, shall decide whether any action
20	contemplated or taken by a school board under this subdivision is required for

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1	the cound administration of the district and is proper under this subdivision
2	The Secretary's decision shall be final.
3	(3) Shall have the possession, care, control, and management of the
4	property of the school district, subject to the authority vested in the electorate
5	or any school district official.
6	(4) [Repealed]
7	(5) Shall keep the school buildings and grounds in good repair, suitably
8	equipped, insured, and in safe and sanitary condition at all times. The school
9	board shall regulate or prohibit firearms or other dangerous or deadly weapons
10	on school premises. At a minimum a school board shall adopt and implement
11	a policy at least consistent with section 1166 of this title and 13 V.S.A. § 4004,
12	relating to a student who brings a firearm to or possesses a firearm at school.
13	(6) Shall have discretion to furnish instruction to students who have
14	completed a secondary education and to administer early educational
15	programs.
16	(7) May relocate or discontinue use of a schoolhouse or facility, subject
17	to the provisions of sections 821 and 822 of this title.
18	(8) Shall establish and maintain a system for receipt, deposit,
19	disbursement, accounting, control, and reporting procedures that meets the

criteria established by the State Board pursuant to subdivision 164(15) Age

pursuant to section 105(g) of this title and that ensures that air payments are

1 lawful and in accordance with a budget adopted or amended by the school

board. The school board may authorize a subcommittee, the superintendent of schools or a designated employee of the school board to examine claims against the district for school expenses and draw orders for the payment of those claims. Such orders shall state definitely the purpose for which they are drawn and shall serve as full authority to the treasurer to make such payments. It shall be lawful for a school board to submit to its treasurer a certified copy of those portions of the board minutes, properly signed by the clerk and chair, or a majority of the board, showing to whom and for what purpose each payment is to be made by the treasurer, and such certified copy shall serve as full authority to the treasurer to make the payments as thus approved.

- (9) Shall establish with the advice and consent of the Auditor of Accounts and the Secretary a system of accounts for the proper control and reporting of school district finances and for stating the annual financial condition of the school district.
- (10) Shall prepare and distribute to the electorate, not less than ten days prior to the district's annual meeting, a report of the conditions and needs of the district school system, including the superintendent's, supervisory union treasurer's, and school district treasurer's annual report for the previous school year and the balance of any reserve funds established pursuant to 24 V.S.A.

electorate in lieu of distributing the report. If the electorate of the school district votes to provide notice of availability, it must specify how notice of availability thall be given, and such notice of availability shall be provided to the electorate at least 30 days before the district's annual or special meeting. [Repealed.]

(11)(A) Shall prepare and distribute <u>publish</u> annually a proposed budget for the next school year according to such major categories as may from time to time be prescribed by the Secretary. <u>The board shall hold not fewer than two informational meetings at which the public can comment on the proposed budget.</u>

(B) [Repealed.]

(C) At a school district's annual or special meeting, the electorate may vote to provide notice of availability of the school budget required by this subdivision to the electorate in lieu of distributing the budget. If the electorate of the school district votes to provide notice of availability, it must specify how notice of availability shall be given, and such notice of availability shall be provided to the electorate at least 30 days before the district's annual meeting. The proposed budget shall be prepared and distributed at least ten days before a sum of money is voted on by the electorate. Any proposed

1	hudget shall show the following information in a format prescribed by the
2	Secretary:
3	(i) all revenues from all sources, and expenses, including as
4	separate items any assessment for a supervisory union of which it is a member
5	and any tuition to be paid to a career technical center; and including the report
6	required in subdivision 242(4)(D) of this title itemizing the component costs of
7	the supervisory union as essment;
8	(ii) the specific amount of any deficit incurred in the most
9	recently closed fiscal year and he was deficit was or will be remedied;
10	(iii) the anticipated homestead tax rate and the percentage of
11	household income used to determine income sensitivity in the district as a
12	result of passage of the budget, including those portions of the tax rate
13	attributable to supervisory union assessments; and
14	(iv) the definition of "education spending," the number of pupils
15	and number of equalized pupils in the school district, and the district's
16	education spending per equalized pupil in the proposed budget and in each of
17	the prior three years. [Repealed.]
18	(D) The board shall present the budget to the voters by means of a
19	ballot in the following form:
20	"Article #1 (School Dudget).

1	Shall the voters of the school district approve the school board to expend \$
2	, which is the amount the school board has determined to be necessary
3	for the ensuing fiscal year?
4	The District estimates that this proposed budget, if approved, will
5	result in per pupil education spending of \$, which is%
6	higher/lower than per pupil education spending for the current year."
7	[Repealed.]
8	(12) Shall employ such persons as may be required to carry out the
9	work of the school district pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 242(3) of
10	this title.
11	(13) [Repealed.]
12	(14) Shall provide, at the expense of the district, subject to the approval
13	of the superintendent, all text books, learning materials, equipment, and
14	supplies.
15	(15) Shall exercise the general powers given to a legislative branch of a
16	municipality.
17	(16) May execute contracts on behalf of the school district, recluding
18	contracts providing for binding arbitration, by its chair or any person
19	designated whose appointment is recorded in the minutes of the board.
20	(17)-(18) [Repealed.]

(10)) Shall allow any high school student who mosts the academic
requirem	nents of the high school to graduate and receive a diploma in less than
four year	rs.
(20	2) Shall establish policies and procedures designed to avoid the
appearan	ace of board member conflict of interest.
(2)	1) Shall have the authority to engage in short-term borrowing to cover
the costs	of those portions of projects approved by the State Board and that
will be r	eimbursed by the State Board under sections 3447–3456 of this title
but whic	h payments will be delayed. However, the board shall borrow under
this subd	livision only amounts that it yould receive if the State Board could
fund its	obligation and may borrow no earlier than the time it would have
received	the funds. The State shall not pay for costs of borrowing funds under
this subd	livision.
(22	2) May apply for grants and may accept and expend grants or gifts.
The boar	rd shall include, in its annual report, a description of all grants or gifts
accepted	during the year and associated expenditures.
(23	3) May, at the expense of the district, present informational materials
to the ele	ectorate on any matter to be voted. However, such materials shall be
limited t	o those that are reasonably designed to inform, educate, and explan to

the electorate the board's position on the matter.

State Board of Education Agency of Education, will integrate home study students into its schools through enrollment in courses, participation in cocurricular and extracurricular activities, and use of facilities.

(25) Shall, if it is a school board of a school district that maintains a secondary school, upon request, award a high school diploma to any Vermont resident who served in the military in World War II, the Korean War, or during the Vietnam era, was honor bly separated from active federal military service, and does not hold a high school diploma. The State Board Agency of Education shall develop and make available an application form for veterans who wish to request a high school diploma.

(26) [Repealed.]

(27) Annually, shall inform each secondary student and the student's parents or guardians of the right to opt out of the federal requirement that student contact information be provided to military recruiters or institutions of higher education pursuant to 20 U.S.C. § 7908(a). A school board shall enable the secondary student and the student's parents or guardians to disallow provision of student contact information to either military recruiters or institutions of higher education, while allowing provision of information to the other. For purposes of As used in this subdivision, "secondary student" means a student in grade 3, 10, 11, or 12.

1	(28) Annually shall inform students and their parents or guardians of
2	their options for school choice under applicable laws or policy.
3	(29) Shall assign an employee to annually:
4	(A) inform parents of students with life-threatening allergies and life
5	threatening chronic illnesses of applicable provisions of Section 504 of the
6	Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and other applicable federal statutes, State statutes,
7	federal regulations, and State rules;
8	(B) inform appropriate school staff of their responsibilities; and
9	(C) provide necessary training to carry out these responsibilities.
10	(30) May make available school facilities and equipment for specified
11	public purposes if such purposes appear, in the judgment of the board, to be in
12	the best interests of the district and are an efficient, economical, and
13	appropriate use of the facilities and equipment.
14	(31) Subject to the requirements of section 571 of this title, may enter
15	into contracts with other school boards to provide joint programs, services,
16	facilities, and professional or other staff.
17	(32) May enter into a contract or contracts with a school offering a

distance learning program that is approved by one or more accrediting

vermont pursuant to subdivision 100(0)(0) of this title.

agencies recognized by the U.S. Department of Education or is approved in

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1	(23) Establish a district wide our joulum. The our joulum shall most the
2	requirements adopted by the Agency of Education under subdivision
3	165(a)(3)(B) of this title.
4	(34) Assist each school in the district to follow the curriculum as
5	adopted under the requirements of the Agency of Education pursuant to
6	subdivision 165(a)(3)(B) of this title.
7	(35) In accordance with criteria established by the Agency of Education
8	establish and implement a plan for receiving and disbursing federal and State
9	funds distributed by the Agency of Education, including funds awarded under
10	P.L. 89-10, the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as amended.
11	(36) Provide professional development programs or arrange for the
12	provision of them, or both, for teachers, administrators, and staff within the
13	district, which may include programs offered solely to one school or other
14	component of the entire district to meet the specific needs or interests of that
15	component; a district has the discretion to provide financial assistance outside
16	the negotiated agreements for teachers' professional development activities.
17	(37) Provide special education services to resident students and
18	compensatory and remedial services and provide or coordinate the provision of
19	other educational services as directed by the Agency.
20	(38) Employ a person or persons qualified to provide financial and
21	student data management services.

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1	(20) Provide the following services in a manner that promotes the
2	efficient use of financial and human resources:
3	(A) manage a system to procure and distribute goods and operationa
4	services;
5	(B) manage construction projects;
6	(C) provide financial and student data management services,
7	including grant writing and fundraising as requested;
8	(D) negotiate with teachers and administrators, pursuant to chapter
9	57 of this title, and with other school personnel, pursuant to 21 V.S.A. chapter
10	<u>22;</u>
11	(E) provide transportation or arrange for the provision of
12	transportation, or both, to schools within the district, consistent with rules
13	adopted by the Agency of Education; and
14	(F) provide human resources management support.
15	(40) Adopt district-wide truancy policies consistent with the model
16	protocols developed by the Secretary.
17	* * * Transition to New Districts * * *
18	Sec. 14. 16 V.S.A. chapter 11 is amended to read:
19	Chapter 11. Union School Districts
20	***
21	§ 702. DEFINITIONS

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(3) "Forming districts" means all school districts, including union school districts, that are located within the geographical boundaries of a proposed of voter-approved union school district, or districts that are named by the General Assembly to be merged into a new union district on July 1, 2027, prior to the operational date of the union school district, which will potentially merge or have merged to form the new union school district.

**

(15) "New union district" shall refer to a school district created by the General Assembly that shall assume operations on July 1, 2027.

§ 706. PROPOSAL TO FORM STUDY COMMITTEE; BUDGET AND

MEMBERSHIP ATTENDANCE IN ACADEMIC YEAR 2027–2028

(a) Establishment of committee. When the boards of two or more school districts vote to establish a study committee to study the advisability of forming a union school district or are petitioned to do so by at least five percent of voters in the school district, the boards shall meet with the superintendent or superintendents of each school district. With the advice of the superintendent or superintendents, the boards shall establish a budget for the study committee's work and shall determine the number of persons to serve on the study committee pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

the established budget and membership on the study committee shall be the same as the proportion of the school district's equalized pupils to the total equalized pupils of all school districts intending to participate formally in the study committee. As used in this subsection, "equalized pupils" has the same meaning as in section 4001 of this title.

- (c) Existing union s hool districts.
- (1) Existing union elementary or union high school district; proposed unified union school district. The board of an existing union elementary or union high school district votes to participate in a study committee to consider formation of a unified union school district, or is petitioned by the voters to do so, then:
- (A) The interests of the existing union school district shall be represented by its member districts on the study columittee.
- (B) Any warning and vote on the study committee budget pursuant to section 707 of this chapter and the warning and vote on any resulting proposal to form a unified union school district pursuant to section 710 shall be at the member district level.
- (C) If the existing union school district does not have any member districts because all towns for which it is organized are members of both a union elementary school district and a union high school district, then the

1 evicting union cohool district shall represent its own into

2 con mittee, and the towns within it shall not participate on its behalf.

(D) If a town is a member of both a union elementary school district and a union high school district, is not independently organized as a district that is responsible for the education of students in any grade, and does not have a town school district board, then notwithstanding other provisions to the contrary:

- (i) To the extent possible, the boards of the union elementary and union high school districts of which the town is a member shall make a reasonable attempt, jointly, to appoint a member to the study committee who resides in the town.
- (ii) The legislative body or appropriate officer of the town shall perform electoral functions, including warning meetings and conducting the voting process, ordinarily performed by and in men ber districts on behalf of a union school district.
- (2) Existing unified union school district; proposed unified union school district. If the board of a unified union school district votes to participate in a study committee to consider formation of a new unified union school district rather than the enlargement of the existing unified union school district pursuant to section 721 (joining an existing union school district) of this chapter, or is petitioned by the voters to do so, then.

	(A) The exist	ing unified union	rachaal district	chall raprocent it	COWN
		- C		1	
into act	a on the study o	ommittae and th	a towng within	it shall not partic	inata
microsi	s on the study c	ommuce, and th	ie towns within	it shan not partie	rpate
on its b	chalf.				

- (B) To the extent possible, the board of the existing unified union school district shall make a reasonable attempt to appoint members to the study committee who reside in each town within the district.
- (C) Any warning and vote on the study committee budget pursuant to section 707 of this chapter and the warning and vote of the electorate on any resulting proposal to form a new unified union school district pursuant to section 710 shall proceed pursuant to the provisions for commingled Australian ballot voting as set forth in subcrapter 3 (unified union school districts) of this chapter.
- (3) Existing union elementary or union high school district; proposed union elementary or union high school district. If the board of an existing union elementary or union high school district votes to participate in a study committee to consider formation of a new union elementary or union high school district rather than enlarging the existing union school district pursuant to section 721 (joining an existing union school district) of this chapter, or is petitioned by the voters to do so, then.

(A) The existing union school district shall represent its own interests on the study committee, and the member districts of the existing union school district shall not participate on its behalf.

(B) To the extent possible, the board of the existing union school district shall make a reasonable attempt to appoint members to the study committee who reside in each of the member districts within the existing union school district.

(C) Any warning and vote on the study committee budget pursuant to section 707 of this chapter and the warning and vote of the electorate on any resulting proposal to form a new union elementary or union high school district pursuant to section 710 of this chapter shall proceed pursuant to the provisions for commingled Australian ballot voting as set forth in subchapter 4 (union elementary and union high school districts) of this chapter.

In academic year 2027–2028, each student in the new union district will attend the school that a student residing in that town would have attended in academic year 2026–2027; provided, however, that the superintendent may grant a parent's or guardian's request for student enrollment in a different school operated by the new union district based on individual student circumstances and the superintendent's determination of the school's capacity to serve the child. Additionally, the superintendent may adjust student

attendance locations to respond to unforescen circumstances, such as facilities
failures.
§ 707. APPROVAL OF STUDY BUDGET; APPOINTMENT OF STUDY
COMMITTEE; PARTICIPATION FINANCES
(a) Proposed budget exceeding \$50,000.00.
(1) If the proposed budget established in section 706 of this chapter
exceeds \$50,000.00, then subject to the provisions of that section the board of
each potentially participating school district shall warn the district's voters to
meet at an annual or special school district meeting to vote whether to
appropriate funds necessary to support the district's financial share of a study
committee's costs. The meeting in each school district shall be warned for the
same date. The warning in each school district shall contain an identical
article in substantially the following form:
Shall the school district of
appropriate funds necessary to support the school district's financial share of a
study to determine the advisability of forming a union school district with
some or all of the following school districts:
? It is estimated that the
school district's share, if air

of the Identified school districts that to portionally will be
\$ The total proposed budget,
to be shored by all participating school districts is
\$
(2) If the vote in subdivision (1) of this subsection is in the affirmative
in two or more school districts, then the boards of the affirming school districts
shall appoint a study committee consisting of the number of persons
determined pursuant to section 706 (proposed study committee budget and
membership) of this chapter. At least one current board member from each
participating school district shall be appointed to the study committee. The
board of a school district appointing more than one person to the study
committee may appoint residents of the school district who are not members of
the board to any of the remaining seats.
(3) The sums expended for study purposes under this section shall be
considered part of the approved cost of any project in which the union school
district, if created, participates pursuant to chapter 123 of this litle.
Indebtedness, including capital debt. The new union district shall assume all
indebtedness that may exist on June 30, 2027, including capital debt and
including both principal and interest, of the forming districts.
(b) Γτοροςεά συάχει ποι εκτετάίης \$50,000.00.

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exceed \$50,000.00, then the boards of the participating school districts shall appoint a study committee consisting of the number of persons determined inder that section. At least one current board member from each participating school district shall be appointed to the study committee. The board of a school district appointing more than one person to the study committee may appoint residents of the school district who are not members of the board to any of the remaining seats. (2) The sums expended for st dy purposes under this section shall be considered part of the approved cost of any project in which the union school district, if created, participates pursuant to chapter 123 of this title. Operating fund surpluses. The new union district shall a sume all operating surpluses, deficits, and fund balances of the forming districts that may exist at the close of business on June 30, 2027. (c) Additional costs. (1) If the voters approve a budget that exceeds \$50,000.00 but the study committee later determines that its budget is likely to exceed the projected, voter-approved amount, then the boards of all participating school districts shall obtain voter approval for the amounts exceeding the previously appro

budget in the manner set forth in subdivision (a)(1) of this section before the

1	ctudy committee obligates or expends sums in excess of the initial voter
2	apploved amount.
3	(2) If a proposed budget does not exceed \$50,000.00 at the time the school
4	boards appoint members to the study committee, but the study committee later
5	determines that its total budget is likely to exceed \$50,000.00, then the boards
6	of all participating school districts shall obtain voter approval for the amounts
7	exceeding \$50,000.00 in the manner set forth in subdivision (a)(1) of this
8	section before the study committee obligates or expends funds in excess of
9	\$50,000.00. Reserve funds. The new union district shall apply any reserve
10	fund for the fund's specific purpose, if identified, unless otherwise determined
11	through appropriate legal procedures.
12	(d) Grants. Costs to be paid by State, federal, or private grants shall not be
13	included when calculating whether a study committee's budget or proposed
14	budget exceeds \$50,000.00. Transfer of debt and funds. The forming districts
15	shall transfer the debt and funds specified in this section to the new union
16	district on or before June 30, 2027 in accordance with procedures and
17	timelines established by the new union district board.
18	(e) Subsequent appointments of persons to the study committee; valuncy.
19	(1) Subject to the requirement that each school board appoint at least

one current member of the board, the board of a participating school district

1	chall annount a narron reciding in the cahool district to the chief committee it
2	one of the school district's seats is vacant because a study committee member:
3	(A) is no longer a member of the school district's board and was the
4	sole board member appointed by that school district;
5	(B) has resigned from or is no longer able to serve on the study
6	committee; or
7	(C) has not attended three consecutive study committee meetings
8	without providing notice to the study committee chair of the reason for each
9	absence and obtaining a determination of the study committee members that
10	the absences were reasonable.
11	(2) Notice under subdivision (1)(C) of this subsection shall be given in
12	advance of absences whenever possible. [Repealed.]
13	(f) Formal participation in study committee.
14	(1) A school district shall not be a formal participant in and appoint
15	members to more than one study committee created under this chapter at any
16	one point in time.
17	(2) A school district shall not formally withdraw its participation in an
18	existing study committee after the school district has appointed members to
19	that committee until the study committee dissolves pursuant to subsection
20	708(e) of this chapter. [Repealed.]
21	(g) Additional formal participants.

(1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (f) of this section, a school district may join as an additional formal participant in a study committee after creation of the committee if:

(A) the school district's board has requested the committee's approval to participate after either a vote of the school district's board or a petition by five percent of the school district's voters and if the study committee votes to approve formal participation by the district; or

- (B) the study contrittee has voted to ask the school district to participate formally and either the board of the school district votes to approve formal participation or is petitioned by five percent of the school district's voters to do so.
- (2) A school district that becomes a formal participant in an existing study committee pursuant to this subsection is subject to the provisions of section 706 (proposed study committee budget and membership) of this chapter regarding financial and representational proportionality and to all other requirements of study committees set out in this chapter. [Lepealed.]
 - (h) Informal participation by other school districts.
- (1) The board of a school district that is not a formal participant in an existing study committee may authorize one or more of the board's members to contact the study committee to discuss whether it may be advisable to meiude the school district within a proposal to form a new union school

2025 Page 6

1	district as an "advisable" district, as described in section 708 (necessary and
2	advisable districts) of this chapter.
3	(2) An existing study committee may authorize one or more of its
4	members to contact the board of one or more additional school districts that
5	are not formal participants in the committee to discuss whether it may be
6	advisable to include the school district within a proposal to form a new union
7	school district as an "acvisable" district.
8	(3) An existing study committee may invite representatives of a
9	nonparticipating school district's board to participate informally in the study
10	committee's deliberations.
11	(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the board of a
12	school district from authorizing informal exploration between and among the
13	boards of school districts prior to the formation of a study committee.
14	[Repealed.]
15	§ 708. STUDY COMMITTEE; NECESSARY AND ADVISABLE
16	DISTRICTS; CONTENTS OF STUDY COMMITTEE REPORT AND
17	PROPOSED ARTICLES; DISSOLUTION OF COMMITTEE REAL
18	AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
19	(a) Study committee; process.
20	(1) The superintendent shall convene a study committee's first meeting
21	when the committee's members are appointed. If the participating districts are

mambare at more than ane cunervicery union than the cunerintendente chall
dec de which of their number shall convene the meeting. The study committee
members shall elect a chair who shall notify the Secretary in writing of the
committee creation and the chair's election within 30 days following the vote
of the committee's creation.
(2) Staff of the supervisory union or unions shall provide administrative
assistance to the study committee.
(3) The Secretary shall cooperate with the study committee and is
authorized to make Agency starf available to provide technical assistance to
the committee.
(4) The study committee is a public body pursuant to 1 V.S.A. § 310(4)
and is subject to the requirements of 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 2.
(5) Although a study committee should by to achieve consensus,
committee decisions shall be reached by a majority of all committee members
present and voting. Transfer of property to the new union district. Not later
than June 30, 2027, the forming districts shall convey to the new union district,
for the sum of one dollar and other good and valuable consideration, and
subject to the encumbrances of record, all of their school-related real and
personal property, including all land, buildings, and contents.
(b) Necessary and advisable school districts. If a study committee decides

to recommend formation of a union school district, then it shall determine

2 "ne essary" or "advisable" to formation	ion
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- "Necessary" school district.
- (A) The study committee shall identify a school district as "necessary" to formation of the union school district only if the school district is a formal participant in the study committee.
 - (B) Subject to the provisions of subsection 706(c) of this chapter, the school board of a "necessary" school district is required to warn a vote of the electorate under sections 710 (vote to form union school district) and 711 (initial members of union school district board election) of this chapter.
 - (C) A proposed union school district is formed only if the voters voting in each "necessary" school district vote to approve formation.
- (2) "Advisable" school district.
 - (A) The study committee may identify any school district as "advisable" to formation of the union school district even if the school district is not a formal participant in the study committee.
 - (B) The school board of an "advisable" school district is not required to warn a vote of the electorate under sections 710 (vote to form union school district) and 711 (initial members of union school district board election) of this chapter, except upon application of 10 percent of the voters in the school district.

formation of a new union school district.
(3) Existing union elementary or union high school district.
Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection, an existing union
elementary or union high school district is "necessary" to the formation of a
unified union school district even though its interests are represented by its
member districts pursuant to subdivision 706(c)(1) (study committee budget
and membership for existing union school districts) of this chapter.
Subsequent sale of real property to town in which it is located, in any year in
the future. Subject to any provision of law relating to duties of the new union
district and to the sale of buildings in this title or any other title of the Vermont
Statutes Annotated, if the new union district board determines, in its
discretion, that the real property, including land and buildings, conveyed to it
by one or more of the forming districts will not be used for direct delivery of
education in at least one grade or for any other purpose related to operation of
the new union district, then the new union district shall offer for sale such real
property to the town in which the real property is located, for the sum of one
dollar, subject to all encumbrances of record, the assumption or payment of all
outstanding bonds and notes, and the repayment of any school construction aid
or grants required by State law. The conveyance of any of the above school
properties shall be conditioned upon the town owning and using the real

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property for community and public purposes for a minimum of five years. If
the town elects to sell the real property prior to five years of ownership, then
the town shall compensate the new union district for all capital improvements
and renovations initiated after July 1, 2027 and prior to the sale to the town. If
a town elects not to acquire ownership of such real property, then the new
union district shall tell the property pursuant to State law and upon such terms
and conditions as established by the new union district board.
(c) Proposal to form union school district; report and proposed articles of
agreement. If a study committee determines that it is advisable to propose
formation of a union school district, then it shall prepare a report analyzing the
strengths and challenges of the current structures of all "necessary" and
"advisable" school districts and outlining the ways in which a union school
district promotes the State policy set forth in section 701 of this chapter. The
study committee shall also prepare proposed articles of agreement that, if
approved pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, shall serve as the operating
agreement for the new union school district. At a minimum articles of
agreement shall state:
(1) The name of any school district the study committee considers
"necessary" to formation of the proposed union school district.
(2) The name of any school district the study committee considers

advisable to include in the proposed union school district.

(2)	The legal n	ama ar tampa	romi logal nan	aa by which t	no union school

- 1 (3) The legal name or temporary legal name by which the union school 2 district shall be known.
 - The grades, if any, that the proposed union school district will operate and the grades, if any, for which it will pay tuition.
 - (5) The cost and general location of any proposed new school buildings to be constructed and the cost and general description of any proposed renovations to existing school buildings.
 - (6) A plan for the first year of the union school district's operation for transportation of students, assignment of staff, and use of curriculum that is consistent with existing contracts, collective bargaining agreements, and other provisions of law. The board of the union school district, if formed, shall make all subsequent decisions regarding transportation, staff, and curriculum subject to existing contracts, collective bargaining agreements, and other provisions of law.
 - (7) A list of the indebtedness of each "necessary and "advisable" district, which the union school district shall assume.
 - (8) The specific pieces of real property of each "necessary" and "advisable" district that the union school district shall acquire, their valuation, and how the union school district shall pay for them.
 - (9) Consistent with the proportional representation requirements of the Equal Protection Clause of the U.S. Constitution, the method or methods of

subjections 711(c	d) (unified union school district), (e) (union elementary or
union high schoo	l district), and (f) (weighted voting) of this chapter.
(10) The to	erm of office for each member initially elected to the union
school district to	ard, to be arranged so that one-third expire on the day of the
second annual me	eeling of the union school district, one-third on the day of the
third annual meet	ting, and one-third on the day of the fourth annual meeting, or
as near to that pro	oportion as possible.
(11) The d	ate on which the proposal to create the union school district
and the election o	of initial union school district board members will be
submitted to the	voters.
(12) The d	ate on which the union school district will be solely
responsible for th	ne education of its resident students in the grades for which it
is organized and	will begin operating any schools, paying any tuition, and
providing educati	ional services.
(13) Whetl	her the election of board members, election of school district
officers, votes on	the union school district budget, or votes on other public
questions, or any	two or more of these, shall be by Australian ballot
(14) Any o	other matters that the study committee considers pertinent.
Subsequent sale o	of real property conveyed by forming district that was a union
SCHOOL HISTICA - 111	any year in the future. Notwithstanding subsection (b) of

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this section and any other provision of law to the contrary if the new union
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district board determines, in its discretion, that the real property, including land
and buildings, conveyed to it by a forming district that was a union school
district on June 30, 2027 will not be used for direct delivery of education in at
least one grade or for any other purpose related to operation of the new union
district, then the new union district shall sell the property pursuant to State law
and upon such terms and conditions as are established by the new union
district board.
district board.
(d) No proposal to form a union school district. If a study committee
(a) The proposar to form a district. If a study committee

- (d) No proposal to form a union school district. If a study committee determines that it is inadvisable to propose formation of a union school district, then its members shall vote to dissolve the committee. If the study committee members vote to dissolve, then the chair shall notify the Secretary in writing of the vote. [Repealed.]
 - (e) Dissolution of study committee.
- (1) If a study committee proposes formation of a union school district pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, then the committee shall cease to exist when the clerk of each school district voting on a proposal to establish the union school district has certified the results of the vote to the Secretary pursuant to subsection 713(a) of this chapter.
- (2) If a study committee determines that it is inadvisable to propose formation of a union school district, then the committee shall cease to exist

1	when the chair notifies the Secretary of the committee's vote pursuent to
2	sub ection (d) of this section. [Repealed.]
3	§ 709. REVIEW BY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARDS;
4	CONSIDERATION AND APPROVAL BY STATE BOARD OF
5	EDUCATION TRANSPORTATION, EMPLOYEES, AND
6	CONTRACTS IN ACADEMIC YEAR 2027–2028
7	(a) If a study commettee determines that it is advisable to propose
8	formation of a union school district, then the committee shall transmit its
9	report and proposed articles of agreement to the school board of each school
10	district that the report identifies as either "necessary" or "advisable" to
11	formation of the proposed union school district. Each board may review the
12	report and proposed articles and may provide its comments to the study
13	committee. The study committee has sole authority to determine the contents
14	of the report and proposed articles and to decide whether to submit them to the
15	State Board under subsection (b) of this section. In academic year 2027–2028
16	the new union district shall provide for the transportation of students,
17	assignment of staff, and implementation of curriculum in a manner that is
18	consistent with the contracts, collective bargaining agreements, and provisions
19	of law that are in effect during that academic year.
20	(b) If a study committee determines that it is advisable to propose
21	formation of a union school district, then the committee shall transmit the

report and proposed articles of agreement to the Secretary who shall submit
them with recommendations to the State Board. The new union district,
through its board, shall comply with chapter 53, subchapter 3 of this title,
regarding recognition of the representatives of employees of the respective
forming districts, as the representatives of the employees of the new union
district, and shall commence negotiations pursuant to chapter 57 of this title
for teachers and 21 V.S.A. chapter 22 for other employees. In the absence of
new collective bargaining agreements on July 1, 2027, the new union district
shall comply with the pre-existing master agreements pursuant to chapter 53,
subchapter 3 of this title.
(c) (1) The State Board:
(A) shall consider the study committee's report and proposed articles
of agreement and the Secretary's recommendations;
(B) shall provide the study committee an opportunity to be heard;
(C) may ask the Secretary or the study committee, or both, to make
further investigation and may consider any other information the State Board
deems to be pertinent; and
(D) may request that the study committee amend the report or the
proposed articles of agreement, or both.
(2) If the State Board finds that formation of the proposed union school

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and alians with the nalisy set forth in section 701 of this title then it shall
approve the study committee's report and proposed articles of agreement,
togethe, with any amendments, as the final report and proposed articles of
agreement, and shall give notice of its action to the study committee. The new
union district shall honor all individual employment contracts that are in place
in the forming districts on June 30, 2027 until their respective termination
dates; provided, however, that if a forming district enters into the contract on
or after May 1, 2025, then this subsection shall apply only if the contract
expires on or before July 1, 2029.
(d) The chair of the study committee shall file a copy of the approved final
report and proposed articles of agreement with the clerk of each school district
identified as "necessary" or "advisable" at hast 30 days prior to the vote of the
electorate on whether to form the union school district. [Repealed.]
§ 710. VOTE TO FORM UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT TRANSITIONAL
<u>BOARD</u>
Subject to the provisions of subsections 706(c) (proposal to form study
committee; existing union school districts) and 708(b) (study committee;
necessary and advisable districts) of this chapter, the voters of each school
district identified as "necessary" or "advisable" shall vote whether to form the
proposed union school district, as follows:

(1) The vote shall be held on the date specified in the final report.

1	(2) The vote shall be by Australian hallet
2	(3) The vote shall be at separate school district meetings held on the
3	same dav.
4	(4) The opportunity for early and absentee voting pursuant to 17 V.S.A.
5	§§ 2531–2550 shall be provided.
6	(5) The board or each school district voting on the proposal shall warn the
7	vote either as a special meeting of the school district or as part of its annual
8	meeting.
9	(a) Creation of transitional coard; term of existence. Until the voters of the
10	new union district elect the members of the initial board of directors as set
11	forth in section 711 of this title, and those members are sworn in and assume
12	their duties, the individuals serving on December 15, 2025 on the boards of the
13	forming districts identified in section 2 of this title, including the board of any
14	forming district that is a union school district on that date, shall designate one
15	of their members to serve on a transitional board of directors for the new union
16	district (transitional board). The transitional board shall be comprised of the
17	designee from each forming district.
18	(b) Initial meeting of transitional board. The superintendent of the
19	supervisory union of which a majority of the forming districts are members
20	shall convene the first meeting of the transitional board to occur no later than
21	January 10, 2020. The agenda for this first meeting of the transitional ovard

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1	shall include the election by the transitional board members of one of their
2	members to serve as chair of the transitional board and one of their members
3	to serve as clerk of the transitional board.
4	(c) Purpose and authority of transitional board. During the period of its
5	existence, the transitional board shall serve as the new union district's school
6	board and shall perform all functions required of and have all authority granted
7	to the transitional board in this chapter and the new union district board in this
8	title and otherwise by law.
9	(d) Specific duties of transitional board.
10	(1) In addition to any responsibilities of the new union district board
11	that can, should, or must be performed before the initial members of that board
12	are elected and assume office, the transitional board shall perform the
13	following functions:
14	(A) prepare a draft of the proposed fiscal year 2028 budget of the
15	new union district, which the transitional board shall provide to the new union
16	district board for consideration at the first meeting of the new mion district
17	board; and
18	(B) prepare a short list of superintendent candidates.
19	(2) With respect to the transitional board's duties in this section, the
20	transitional board shall have the assistance of the Agency of Education,

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1	including dedicated recourses to be paid by transitional funds set aside by the
2	Agency for these purposes.
3	§ 711. VOTE TO ELECT INITIAL MEMBERS OF THE UNION SCHOOL
4	DISTRICT BOARD
5	(a) Election of initial members of union school district board. At the
6	meeting warned to vote on formation of a union school district under section
7	710 of this chapter, the voters shall also elect the initial members who will
8	serve on the board of the union school district if the voters approve the
9	district's formation.
10	(1) The vote to elect the initial members shall be by Australian ballot.
11	(2) The opportunity for early and absentee voting pursuant to 17 V.S.A.
12	§§ 2531 2550 shall be provided. Representation on new union district board.
13	The new union district board shall be composed of five individuals elected
14	from the district. The members shall be elected pursuant to proportionate
15	voting districts. Petitions for candidates for initial school district board
16	membership shall be submitted on the same timeline and in the same manner
17	as candidates for the General Assembly. Elections for school board shall be
18	held on general election day 2026. Each new union district board member
19	shall serve for a period of four years or until his or her successor is elected and
20	qualified, as required by State law.

(h) Parrecentation and term length. Initial membership on a union school
district board shall be pursuant to the method of representation set forth in the
articles of agreement, for the terms specified in that document, and pursuant to
the provisions of this section and subdivisions 708(c)(9) and (10) (study
committee; proposed articles of agreement; apportionment and terms) of this
ehapter. Swearing n and assumption of duties. Within 14 days after the
initial board members are elected, the transitional board shall provide for a
meeting of the initial board members. Prior to the date of the meeting, newly
elected members shall be sworn in by a town clerk within the boundaries of
the district and shall assume office opon being sworn in.
(c) Operational definitions. As used in subsections (d) and (e) of this
section, any term not defined in section 702 of this chapter shall have its plain
meaning, except as provided in this subsection.
(1) If, pursuant to section 425 (other town school district officers) of
this title, the voters of a school district have elected a district clerk who is not
also the clerk of the town served by the school district, then "town clerk"
means the elected clerk of that school district.
(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, if a petential
forming district is an existing unified union school district, then:
(A) Reference to the voters of the "school district" means the voters

of each town within the existing unified union school district, who shall vote at

a location in their town of recidence that is identified in the warning issued by the existing unified union school district; provided, however, that the total of all votes cast in the towns shall determine the modified at-large and at-large election of initial board members pursuant to subdivisions (d)(2) (proposed unified union district; modified at-large), (d)(3) (proposed union district; at-large), (e)(2) (proposed union elementary or union high school district; modified at-large), and (v)(3) (proposed union elementary or union high school district; at-large) of this section, as well as whether the existing unified union school district.

(B) "Town clerk" means the clerk of each town within the existing unified union school district; provided, however, that the town clerk of each town shall transmit the name of each duly notainated candidate to the clerk of the existing unified union school district, who shall prepare the unified union school district ballot for that town and transmit the ballot to the town clerk to make available to the voters.

(3) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) (clerk of school discrict) of this subsection, if a town is a member of both a union elementary school district and a union high school district, is not independently organized as a district that is responsible for the education of students in any grade, and does not have a town school district board, then.

	(A) reference to the voters of the "cahool district" means the voters
of the f	sown that is the member of both existing union school districts, who
or the t	own that is the member of both existing union school districts, who
shall v	e at a location in their town of residence that is identified in the
warnin	g issted by:

- (i) the existing union elementary school district if the voters are voting on a proposed unified union school district or a proposed union elementary school district; or
- (ii) the existing union high school district if the voters are voting on a proposed union high school district; and
- (B) "town clerk" means the clerk of the town that is a member of both existing union school districts; provided, however, that the town clerk shall transmit the name of each duly nominated candidate to the clerk of the union school district identified in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), who shall prepare the ballot for that town and transmit the ballot to the town clerk to make available to the voters. First meeting. At the first meeting of initial members of the new union district board:
 - (1) The members shall elect a chair of the board and clerk of the board.
- (2) The members of the former transitional board shall present the draft fiscal year 2028 budget to the new union district board together with any supporting data or other documentation.

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1	(2) The members of the former transitional board shall present a
2	summary of hiring actions and recommendations for the position of
3	superin endent for the district.
4	(d) Proposed unified union school district. Subject to the provisions of
5	subsections 70c(c) (existing union school districts) and 708(b) (necessary and
6	advisable school districts) of this chapter, the voters of each school district
7	identified as "necessary" or "advisable" shall vote whether to elect initial
8	board members of a proposed unified union school district, as follows:
9	(1) Proportional to town population. When representation on the board
10	of a proposed unified union school district is apportioned to each potential
11	town within the proposed district in a number that is closely proportional to
12	the town's relative population:
13	(A) Voters of each school district identified as either "necessary" or
14	"advisable" to formation of the proposed unified union school district shall file
15	a petition nominating a candidate for the office of unified union school district
16	board member based on town population. A petition shall be valid only if:
17	(i) the candidate is a current voter of the town;
18	(ii) the petition identifies the term of office for which the
19	candidate is nominated;
20	(iii) the petition is signed by at least 30 voters residing in the towr
21	or one percent of the legal voters in the town, whichever is less,

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2	which the condidate recides not later than 5:00 nm, on the givth Manday
2	which the candidate resides not later than 5:00 p.m. on the sixth Monday
3	preceding the day of the election; and
4	v) the candidate files with the town clerk a written consent to the
5	printing of the condidate's name on the ballot.
6	(B) The to vn clerk shall place the name of each duly nominated
7	candidate on the ballot to be presented to the voters of the school district.
8	(C) The voters of the school district for the town in which the
9	candidate resides shall elect as mony board members to the unified union
10	school board as are apportioned based on the town's population.
11	(2) Modified at-large model: allocation to town; at-large representation.
12	When representation on the board of a proposed unified union school district is
13	allocated to each potential town within the proposed district, but the allocation
14	is not closely proportional to the town's relative population and the board
15	member is elected at-large:
16	(A) Voters of each school district identified as either 'necessary" or
17	"advisable" to formation of the proposed unified union school district shall file
18	a petition nominating a candidate for the office of unified union school district
19	board member allocated to the voters' town. A petition shall be valid only is:
20	(i) the candidate is a current voter of the town,

1	(ii) the notition identifies the term of office for which the
2	can lidate is nominated;
3	(iii) the petition is signed by at least 30 voters residing in the town
4	or one percent of the legal voters in the town, whichever is less;
5	(iv) the voters file the petition with the town clerk of the town in
6	which the candidate resides not later than 5:00 p.m. on the sixth Monday
7	preceding the day of the election; and
8	(v) the candidate files with the town clerk a written consent to the
9	printing of the candidate's name on the ballot.
10	(B) Upon receipt of a petrion for a unified union school district
11	board member allocated to a potential twn within the proposed district but to
12	be elected at-large under the modified at-large model, the town clerk shall
13	place the name of the duly nominated candidate on the ballot to be presented
14	to the voters of the school district and shall notify the town clerks preparing
15	the ballots for the voters of each of the other "necessary" school districts and
16	of each "advisable" school district voting on formation of the proposed unified
17	union school district to place the candidate's name on the ballot presented to
18	the voters in those districts. Alternatively, at their discretion, the to vn clerks
19	may meet jointly to prepare a uniform ballot.
20	(C) The voters of each "necessary" school district and of each
21	advisable school district voting on formation of the proposed unified union

1	school district shall vote for the heard members to be elected at large under the
•	5
)	modified at-large model; provided, however, that ballots shall be included in
_	modified at range model, provided, nowever, that burious sharr be meruded in

3 the calculation of total votes cast pursuant to the provisions of subdivision

4 714(a)(2) (calculation of votes) of this chapter.

- (3) At-large representation. When representation on the board of a proposed unified union school district is not apportioned or allocated to the potential towns within the proposed district pursuant to subdivision (1) (proportional to town population) or (2) (modified at-large) of this subsection and the board member is elected at-large:
- (A) The voters of one or more school districts identified as "necessary" to formation of the proposed unified union school district shall file a petition nominating a candidate for the office of unified union school district board member at-large. A petition shall be valid only if:
- (i) the candidate is a current voter of a school district identified as "necessary" to the formation of the proposed union school district;
- (ii) the petition identifies the term of office for which the candidate is nominated;
- (iii) the petition is signed by at least 60 voters residing in one or more school districts identified as "necessary" to the formation of the proposed unified union school district or one percent of the legal voters residing in the

1	combined "necessary" cohool districts that would form the proposed unified
2	union school district, whichever is less;
3	(iv) the voters file the petition with the town clerk in the
4	"necessary" school district in which the candidate resides not later than 5:00
5	p.m. on the sixth Monday preceding the day of the election; and
6	(v) the candidate files with the town clerk a written consent to the
7	printing of the candidate's name on the ballot.
8	(B) Upon receipt of a petition for a unified union school district
9	board member elected at-large, the town clerk shall place the name of the duly
10	nominated candidate on the ballot to be presented to the voters of the school
11	district and shall notify the town clerks preparing the ballots for the voters of
12	each of the other "necessary" school districts and of each "advisable" school
13	district voting on formation of the proposed unified union school district to
14	place the candidate's name on the ballot presented to the voters in those
15	districts. Alternatively, at their discretion, the town clerks may meet jointly to
16	prepare a uniform ballot.
17	(C) The voters of each "necessary" school district and of each
18	"advisable" school district voting on formation of the proposed unified union
19	school district shall vote for the members to be elected at-large; provided,
20	however, that ballots shall be included in the calculation of total votes cast

1	nursuant to the provisions of subdivision $TM(a)(2)$ (coloulation of votes) of
2	this chapter. [Repealed.]
3	(e) Proposed union elementary or union high school district. Subject to the
4	provisions of subsections 706(c) (existing union school districts) and 708(b)
5	(necessary and advisable school districts) of this chapter, the voters of each
6	school district identified as "necessary" or "advisable" shall vote whether to
7	elect initial board members of the proposed union school district, as follows:
8	(1) Proportional to town population. When representation on the board
9	of a proposed union elementary or union high school district is apportioned to
10	each potential member district of the proposed district in a number that is
11	closely proportional to the potential member district's relative population:
12	(A) Voters of each school district identified as either "necessary" or
13	"advisable" to formation of the proposed union school district shall file a
14	petition nominating a candidate for the office of union school district board
15	member representing the potential member district. A petition shall be valid
16	only if:
17	(i) the candidate is a current voter of the potential men ber
18	district;
19	(ii) the petition identifies the term of office for which the
20	candidate is nominated,

1	(iii) the notition is signed by at least 30 vectors residing in the
2	potential member district or one percent of the legal voters in the district,
3	whichever is less;
4	iv) the petition is filed with the town clerk not later than 5:00
5	p.m. on the sixth Monday preceding the day of the election; and
6	(v) the condidate files with the town clerk a written consent to the
7	printing of the candidate's name on the ballot.
8	(B) The town clerk shall place the name of each duly nominated
9	candidate on the ballot to be presented to the voters of the potential member
10	district.
11	(C) The voters of the district shall elect as many board members as
12	are apportioned to the potential member district based on population.
13	(2) Modified at-large model: allocation to twn; at-large representation.
14	When representation on the board of a proposed union elementary or union
15	high school district is allocated to each potential member district, but the
16	allocation is not closely proportional to the potential member district's relative
17	population and the board member is elected at-large:
18	(A) Voters of each school district identified as either "necessary" or
19	"advisable" to formation of the proposed union school district shall file a
20	petition nominating a candidate for the office of union school district board

mambar allocat	ed to the notential me	ember district. A natition shall be w	مانط
	1	1	
only if:			

- (i) the candidate is a current voter of the potential member district;
- 5 (ii) the petition identifies the term of office for which the 6 candidate is nominated;
 - (iii) the petition is signed by at least 30 voters residing in the potential member district of one percent of the legal voters in the district, whichever is less;
 - (iv) the petition is filed with the town clerk of the school district in which the candidate resides not later than 5:00 p.m. on the sixth Monday preceding the day of the election; and
 - (v) the candidate files with the town clerk a written consent to the printing of the candidate's name on the ballot.
 - (B) Upon receipt of a petition for union school district board member allocated to a potential member district but to be elected at large under the modified at-large mode, the town clerk shall place the name of the duly nominated candidate on the ballot to be presented to the voters of the potential member district and shall notify the town clerks preparing the ballots for the voters of each of the other "necessary" school districts and of each "advisable" school district voting on formation of the proposed union school district to

prepare uniform ballot.

districts. Alternatively, at their discretion, the town clerks may meet jointly to

(C) The voters of each "necessary" school district and of each "advisable" school district voting on formation of the proposed unified union school district shall vote for the board members to be elected at-large under the modified at-large model; provided, however, that ballots shall be included in the calculation of total votes cast pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 714(a)(2) (calculation of votes) of this chapter.

- (3) At-large representation. When representation on the board of a proposed union elementary or union high school district board is not apportioned or allocated to the potential member districts pursuant to subdivision (1) (proportional to town population) or (2) (modified at large) of this subsection and the board member is elected at-large:
- (A) The voters of one or more school districts identified as "necessary" to the formation of the proposed union school district shall file a petition nominating a candidate for the office of union school district board member at-large. A petition shall be valid only if:
- (i) the candidate is a current voter of a school district identified as necessary to the formation of the proposed union school district,

1	(ii) the potition identifies the term of office for which the
2	candidate is nominated;
3	(iii) the petition is signed by at least 60 voters residing in one or
4	more school districts identified as "necessary" to the formation of the proposed
5	union school district or one percent of the legal voters residing in the
6	combined "necessaly" school districts that would form the proposed union
7	school district, whichever is less;
8	(iv) the petition is filed with the town clerk in the "necessary"
9	school district in which the candidate resides not later than 5:00 p.m. on the
10	sixth Monday preceding the day of the election; and
11	(v) the candidate files with the town clerk a written consent to the
12	printing of the candidate's name on the ballot.
13	(B) Upon receipt of a petition for a union school district board
14	member to be elected at-large, the town clerk shall place the name of the duly
15	nominated candidate on the ballot to be presented to the voters of the school
16	district and shall notify the town clerks preparing the ballot, for the voters of
17	each of the other "necessary" school districts and of each "advisable" school
18	district voting on formation of the proposed union school district to place the
19	candidate's name on the ballot presented to the voters in those districts.
20	Alternatively, at their discretion, the town clerks may meet jointly to prepare a
21	uniform bailot.

1	(C) The voters of each "necessary" school district and of each
2	"advisable" school district voting on formation of the proposed union school
3	district shall vote for the board members to be elected at-large; provided,
4	however, that ballots shall be included in the calculation of total votes cast
5	pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 714(a)(2) (calculation of votes) of
6	this chapter. [Repealed.]
7	(f) Weighted voting If representation on a union school district board is
8	apportioned based upon population pursuant to subdivision (d)(1) or (e)(1) of
9	this section, then the union school district may achieve proportionality through
10	a system of weighted voting. [Repealed.]
11	§ 712. CONTENTS OF WARNING ON VOTES TO ESTABLISH THE
12	UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT AND ELECT THE INITIAL
13	MEMBERS OF THE UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD
14	PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF PROPOSED FISCAL
15	YEAR 2028 BUDGET
16	The warning for each school district meeting to vote on formation of a
17	union school district shall contain two articles in substantially the following
18	form. The language used in Article 1 shall be the same for each "n cessary"
19	and "advisable" district voting on formation of the new district. Article II of
20	the warning shall not include names of candidates for the union school district
21	board.

$\overline{}$		
The voters of the		
School Dis	strict are hereby n	otified and warned to meet at
$\overline{}$	on the	day of
\longrightarrow	, 20	, to vote by Australian ball
between the hours of	\	, at which time the pol
open, and	, a	t which time the polls will close
the following articles	of business:	
Article I. FORMATIO	ON OF UNION S	CHOOL DISTRICT
Shall the	•	
School Dis	strict, which the p	roposed articles of agreement ha
identified as ["necess	ary" or "advisabl	e"] to the formation of the propo
union school district,	join with the sch	ool district[s] of
		and
		, which are identified
"necessary" to forma	tion, and potentia	lly the school district[s] of
		and
		, which are identified

1	provided in Title 16. Vermont Statutes Annotated upon the following
2	conditions and agreements:
3	(a) Graves. The union school district shall be organized to provide for the
4	education of resident students in grades through
5	and shall assume full and sole responsibility therefor on July 1,
6	20
7	(b) Operation of schools. The union school district shall operate and manage
8	one or more schools offering instruction in grades through
9	[Amend as necessary if the district will pay tuition for any or all
10	grades for which it is organized.]
11	(c) Union school district board. [State method by which representation of each
12	member of the union school board is to be determined pursuant to section 711
13	(vote to elect initial members) of this chapter.]
14	(d) Assumption of debts and ownership of school property. The union school
15	district shall assume the indebtedness of forming districts, require the school
16	properties of the forming districts, and pay for them, all as specified in the
17	final report and proposed articles of agreement.
18	(e) Final report. The provisions of the final report and proposed articles of
19	agreement approved by the State Board of Education on theday
20	oî , 20 , which is on file in the office of

1	the clark of each school district named in this warning shall govern the union
2	school district.
3	Article IV ELECTION OF INITIAL MEMBERS OF THE UNION
4	SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD
5	To elect a total of (_) member(s) to serve as initial
6	members of the proposed union school district board for the terms established
7	in the final report and proposed articles of agreement: [Amend as necessary to
8	reflect method for determining school board membership pursuant to section
9	711 (vote to elect initial members) of this chapter.]
10	(a) [Insert number] Board Member[s] to serve until the second
11	annual meeting of the union school district, in 20
12	(b) [Insert number] Board Member[s] to serve until the third
13	annual meeting of the union school district, in 20
14	(c) [Insert number] Board Member[s] to serve until the fourth
15	annual meeting of the union school district, in 20 Pursuant to
16	the provisions of chapter 133 of this title, the new union district beard shall
17	consider and adopt a proposed fiscal year 2028 budget to, based on the
18	anticipated funding for fiscal year 2028, provide for the operations of the
19	iisiici.

1	
2	UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT; RECORDING BY SECRETARY OF
3	STATE
4	(a) Within 45 days after the vote or 15 days after a vote to reconsider the
5	original vote under 17 V.S.A. § 2661, whichever is later, the clerk of each
6	school district voting on the proposal to form a union school district shall
7	certify the results of that vote to the Secretary of Education. The clerk shall
8	submit the certification regar less of whether the district voters approved the
9	proposed formation of a union servool district. [Repealed.]
10	(b) If the voters voting in each school district identified as "necessary" to
11	formation of the proposed union school district vote to form the district, then
12	the "necessary" school districts constitute a union school district, together with
13	any school district designated as "advisable" that lotes to form the proposed
14	union sehool district. [Repealed.]
15	(c) If the voters approve formation of a union school district pursuant to
16	subsection (b) of this section, then upon receiving the certification of each
17	clerk pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, but not sooner than 30 days
18	after the initial vote, the Not later than July 1, 2025, the Secretary shall
19	designate the newly formed district each of the new union districts as a union
20	school district. The Secretary shall certify that designation and send the

1 certification together with the clarks' certifications a copy of this Act to the

2 Secretary of State, who shall record the certification.

(d) When the Secretary of State records the certification of the Secretary of Education, the union school district shall be a body politic and corporate with the powers incident to a municipal corporation, shall be known by the name or number given in the recorded certification, by that name or number may sue and be sued, and may hold and convey real and personal property for the use of the union school district. The recorded certification shall be notice to all parties of the formation of the union school district with all the powers incident to such a district as provided in this title.

(e) The Secretary of State shall file a tertified copy of the recorded certification with the clerk of each member district of a new union elementary or union high school district and with the town clerk of each town within a new unified union school district. The Secretary of State shall file the certified copies not later than 14 days after the date on which the Secretary of Education certifies the existence of the union school district to the Secretary of State. Filing a certified copy with each clerk shall be prima facie evidence of full compliance with the requirements for the formation of a union school district as set forth in this subchapter.

(c) Dusiness to be transacted.

1	
2	TRANSACTED COMMENCEMENT OF OPERATIONS
3	(a) Meeting. The union school district shall hold an organizational meeting
4	within 60 days after the Secretary of State files the certified copy of the
5	recorded certification with each clerk pursuant to subsection 713(e) of this
6	chapter.
7	(b) Notice.
8	(1) The Secretary of Education shall prepare and execute a warning for
9	the organizational meeting. The warning shall give notice of the day, hour,
10	and location of the meeting and shall itemize the business to be transacted.
11	(2) The Secretary of Education shall cansmit the signed warning to the
12	superintendent, who shall post the warning in at least one public place in each
13	town within the union school district and shall cause the warning to be
14	published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the towns within the
15	union school district. Posting and publication shall be made not more than 40
16	days nor less than 30 days before the date of the meeting.
17	(3) The union school district shall bear the cost of posting and
18	publishing the warning.
19	(c) Dusiness to be transacted.

1	(1) The Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary shall call the
2	organizational meeting to order and the registered voters shall consider the
3	following items of business:
4	(A) Elect a temporary presiding officer and a temporary clerk of the
5	union school district from among the voters present at the organizational
6	meeting.
7	(B) Adopt Robert's or other rules of order, which shall govern the
8	parliamentary procedures of the organizational meeting and all subsequent
9	meetings of the union school district.
10	(C) Elect a moderator of the union school district from among the
11	voters.
12	(D) Elect a clerk of the union school district from among the voters
13	or vote to authorize the school board to appoint a clerk of the union school
14	district from among the voters.
15	(E) Elect a treasurer of the union school district or vote to authorize
16	the school board to appoint a treasurer of the union school district. The
17	treasurer may also be the supervisory union treasurer and need not be a
18	resident of the union school district.
19	(F) Determine the date and location of the union school district's
20	annual meeting, which shall be not earlier than February 1 nor later than June
21	1, if not previously determined by the voter-approved articles of agreement.

before the voters.

(C) Determine whether compensation shall be paid to the moderator
clerk, and treasurer of the union school district elected at the organizational
meeting and at subsequent annual meetings of the union school district and, if
so, the amount to be paid to them.
(H) Determine whether compensation shall be paid to members of
the union school district board and, if so, the amount to be paid to them.
(I) Establish provisions for payment by the union school district of
any expense incurred or to be incurred by or on behalf of the district for the
period between the date on which the voters approved formation of the union
school district and the first annual meeting of the union district.
(J) Determine whether to authorize the initial board of the union
school district to borrow money pending releipt of payments from the
Education Fund by the issuance of its note payable not later than one year
from the date of the note. Regardless of whether the voters provide this
authorization, the initial board is authorized to borrow sufficient funds to meet
pending obligations until the voters approve a budget for the initial year of
operation pursuant to subdivision 716(b)(3) of this chapter.
(K) Transact any other business, the subject matter of which has been
included in the warning, that the voters have power to transact at any argual or

special meeting and transact any nonbinding business that may legally com-

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temporary clerk, moderator, district clerk, or district treasurer, the voters may, by acclamation, instruct an officer to elect the nominee by casting one ballot, and upon the ballot being cast, the nominee shall be legally elected and shall thereupon be sworn. (3) The elect d officers listed in subdivisions (1)(A) (temporary presiding officer and temporary clerk), (C) (moderator of the union school district), (D) (clerk of the union school district), and (E) (treasurer of the union school district) of this subsection shall be sworn in before entering upon the duties of their offices and a record hade by the district clerk. They shall assume office upon being sworn in. The officers listed in subdivisions (1)(C), (D), and (E) of this subsection shall serve terms as set forth in section 735 (unified union school districts; officers) or 753 union elementary and union high school district; officers) of this chapter unless he voters extend the term length up to three years. (4) Any member of the union school district board not sworn in before the organizational meeting pursuant to section 714 of this chapter may be sworn in at or after the organizational meeting. The new union district, through its board, has and shall exercise all of the authority that is necessary for it prepare for full educational operations beginning on July 1, 2027. On or before June 30, 2027, the new union district board shall perform all planning,

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troncitional	and other related duties neededary to begin onerations of the new
union distri	ct on July 1, 2027, including preparing for and negotiating
contrac ual	agreements, and transacting any other lawful business that comes
before the	oard, provided however, that the exercise of such authority by the
new union o	district shall not be construed to limit or alter the authority or
responsibili	ties of each forming district, which shall remain responsible for
providing for	or the education of its resident students until July 1, 2027.

§ 724. WIT	THDRAWAL FROM OR DISSOLUTION OF A UNIFIED
UN	ION SCHOOL DISTRICT
(a) Defi	nition. As used in this section, "petitioning town" means the town
within a uni	ified union school district that seeks to withdraw from the union
district purs	suant to the provisions of this section.
(b) With	ndrawal study committee.
(1) T	to initiate the process set forth in this section, the voters residing in
the petition	ing town shall submit petitions to the clerk of the unified union
school distr	ict indicating the petitioners' desire to withdraw the petitioning
town from t	the union district. Individual petitions shall be signed by at least
five percent	of the voters residing in each of the towns within the union schoo
district, with	h each town having its own petition. The petitioners shall submit
each petitio	ir to that town's town clerk for verification of the voting

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registrot	ion status of the signors. On a form propted by the Secretary of State's
Office, a	and appended to each petition, shall be the names of three voters
residing	in the petitioning town to serve on a withdrawal study committee and
a signed	statement by each of the three named voters consenting to serve.
Once ea	ch petition has been verified by the subject town clerk, the petitioners
shall sub	omit the peth ons to the clerk of the unified union school district.
(2)) Within 30 days after receiving the petition, the board of the union
district s	shall recognize the creation of the withdrawal study committee and
shall app	point a board subcommittee to serve as a liaison between the board and
the with	drawal study committee and to represent the interests of the union
district.	
(3)) Within 30 days after the board's appointment of the liaison
subcomi	mittee, the superintendent of the union discrict shall convene the first
formal n	neeting of the withdrawal study committee. The study committee shall
elect one	e committee member to serve as chair.
(4)) Before beginning any analysis under subsection (c) of this section or
seeking	technical or analytical services from the union district staff or
supervis	ory union staff, or both, the withdrawal study committee shall btain a
letter of	commitment from a supervisory union board to explore the provision
oî super	visory union services if withdrawar is ultimately approved.

1	(5) The withdrawal study committee is a public hady pursuant to 1
2	V.S.A. § 310(4) and is subject to the requirements of chapter 5, subchapter 2
3	of that title.
4	(c) Analysis. The withdrawal study committee shall evaluate the strengths
5	and challenges of the current union district structure and consider the ways in
6	which the union district promotes or fails to promote the State policy set forth
7	in section 701 of this chapter. At a minimum, the withdrawal study committee
8	shall evaluate:
9	(1) the educational advantages and disadvantages likely to result from
10	the proposed withdrawal of the petrioning town from the union district:
11	(A) on the students residing in the proposed new school district; and
12	(B) on the students remaining in the union district if withdrawal is
13	approved;
14	(2) the educational advantages and disadvantages likely to result from
15	the continued inclusion of the petitioning town as a town within the union
16	district:
17	(A) on the students residing in the petitioning town; and
18	(B) on the students residing in the other towns within the union
19	district;
20	(3) the financial advantages and disadvantages likely to result from the
21	proposed withdrawai of the petitioning town from the union district.

1	(1) on the toppayore reciding in the proposed new school district, and
2	(B) on the taxpayers remaining in the union district if withdrawal is
3	approved;
4	(4) the financial advantages and disadvantages likely to result from the
5	continued inclusion of the petitioning town as a town within the union district:
6	(A) on the expayers residing in the petitioning town; and
7	(B) on the taxp vers residing in the other towns within the union
8	district;
9	(5) the likely operational and financial viability and sustainability of:
10	(A) the proposed new school district; and
11	(B) the union district if withdra val is approved;
12	(6) any other advantages and disadvantages of withdrawal, including
13	any advantages and disadvantages to the students and taxpayers of the region
14	and the State; and
15	(7) the potential source of supervisory union services for the proposed
16	new school district, including discussions with the board of any supervisory
17	union to which the report of the withdrawal study committee might propose
18	assignment.
19	(d) Report, including a plan for withdrawal; decision not to prepare report.
20	(1) Report supporting withdrawai.

(A) If after conducting the analysis required by subsection (a) of this
section, the withdrawal study committee votes to advance the withdrawal
process as further outlined in this section, then the committee shall prepare a
report, which it shall deliver electronically to the union district board and
which the superintendent shall publish on the district's website.
(B) At a Minimum, the report shall include:
(i) the analysis conducted pursuant to subsection (c) of this
section, describing the ways in which the data and analysis:
(I) support with trawal; and
(II) do not support the continuation of the union district in its
current configuration;
(ii) the proposed financial terms of withdrawal, including the
proposed ownership of buildings and other asses and the proposed
responsibility for financial and other contractual obligations, including debts;
(iii) a plan, including a detailed timeline, for the actions the
proposed new school district would take to ensure that, on a proposed
operational date, it could provide for the education of its students in
prekindergarten through grade 12 by operating all grades, tuitioning all grades,
or operating some grades and tuitioning the remainder, in a manner that will
meet educational quality standards as required by section 165 of this title, and
including, if applicable, the process by which the proposed new school district

1 would evalore formation of a new union school district with one or more other

2 seh ol districts in the region and would integrate or condition any votes to

withdray with votes on formation of a new union district; and

iv) a proposal, including analysis, for the potential source of supervisory union services for the proposed new school district, including, if applicable to the proposal:

(I) a recommendation of one or more potential supervisory unions to which the State Board could assign the proposed new school district; and

(II) a statement from the board of the potential supervisory union or unions regarding the ability and villingness to accept the proposed new school district as a member district.

(C) Within 45 days following receipt of the withdrawal study committee report, the union district board shall invite the members of the withdrawal study committee to attend a regularly scheduled meeting of the board to present the contents of its report and to answer any questions posed by the board. The board shall also invite the members of the liaison subcommittee to share any analysis and conclusions at the meeting. The withdrawal study committee has sole authority to determine the contents of its report.

1	(2) Decision not to propose withdrawel. If after conducting the
2	analysis required by subsection (c) of this section, the withdrawal study
3	committee votes not to approve advancement of the withdrawal process, then:
4	(A) the withdrawal study committee shall prepare a brief written
5	statement explaining the reasons underlying the votes supporting and not
6	supporting advancement, which it shall deliver electronically to the union
7	district board and which the superintendent shall publish on the district's
8	website;
9	(B) within 45 days following receipt of the withdrawal study
10	committee report, the union district board shall invite the members of the
11	withdrawal study committee to attend a regularly scheduled meeting of the
12	board to present the contents of the written tatement and to answer any
13	questions posed by the board; and
14	(C) the withdrawal study committee shall sease to exist upon
15	adjournment of the union district board's meeting.
16	(e) Secretary and State Board.
17	(1) Secretary. If the study committee voted to proceed pursuant to
18	subdivision (d)(1) of this section, then within 30 days after attending the union
19	district board meeting pursuant to subdivision (d)(1)(C) of this section, it shall
20	deliver its report electronically to the Secretary for review. The liaison
21	subcommittee may also submit a report outiling its analysis and conclusions.

1	The Secretary shall submit the report or reports, with recommendations, to the
2	State Board.
3	(2) State Board review. The State Board:
4	(A) shall consider the report or reports and the Secretary's
5	recommendations;
6	(B) shall plovide representatives of the withdrawal study committee
7	and the liaison subcommittee an opportunity to be heard;
8	(C) may, in its discretion, take testimony from other individuals and
9	entities;
10	(D) may ask the Secretary, the withdrawal study committee, or the
11	liaison subcommittee to make further investigation and may consider any other
12	information the State Board deems to be pertinent; and
13	(E) may request the members of the with drawal study committee to
14	amend the report.
15	(3) State Board action.
16	(A) Advisory opinion with positive recommendation. If the State
17	Board finds that the withdrawal proposal contained in the report, including the
18	most feasible options for the provision of supervisory union services to the
19	proposed new school district, is in the best interests of the State, the region, the
20	students, and the school districts and aligns with the policy set forth in section

1	701 of this title, then within 00 days after receiving the report of the study
2	con mittee the State Board shall:
3	(i) issue an opinion recommending approval of the withdrawal
4	proposal;
5	(ii) provide a preliminary assessment of most feasible options for
6	the provision of supervisory union services to the proposed new school district
7	if withdrawal is approved by the voters; and
8	(iii) make any other finding or declaration, and approve any other
9	motion, related and necessary to the withdrawal proposal.
10	(B) Advisory opinion with negative recommendation. If the State
11	Board finds that the withdrawal proposal contained in the report, including the
12	most feasible options for the provision of supervisory union services to the
13	proposed new school district, is not in the best interests of the State, the
14	region, the students, and the school districts or does not align with the policy
15	set forth in section 701 of this title, or both, then within 90 days after receiving
16	the report of the study committee the State Board shall:
17	(i) issue an opinion recommending disapproval of the withdrawal
18	proposal, including a written statement detailing the reasons supporting that
19	conclusion,

1	(ii) provide a proliminary assessment of most feasible entions for
2	the provision of supervisory union services to the proposed new school district
3	if wither awal is approved by the voters; and
4	iii) make any other finding or declaration and approve any other
5	motion related and necessary to the withdrawal proposal.
6	(f) Vote of the electorate.
7	(1) Vote following positive recommendation of the State Board.
8	(A) Within 30 days after receipt of the State Board's written
9	recommendation, the superintendent shall file the withdrawal study
10	committee's report, the State Board's written recommendation, and any report
11	of the liaison subcommittee with the clerk of the union district and the town
12	clerk of each town within the union district.
13	(B) Within 90 days after the clerk of the union district receiving the
14	reports and recommendations described in subdivision (A) of this subsection,
15	the voters of the union district, including those residing in the petitioning
16	town, shall vote whether to approve withdrawal as set forth in the report. The
17	question shall be determined by Australian ballot and shall proceed pursuant to
18	sections 737 (warnings of unified union school district meetings) and 789-741
19	(vote by Australian ballot) of this chapter. The ballots shall not be
20	commingied.

approved by a majority vote of the union district voters living in each town within the district, including the petitioning town. If a majority of the voters in one or more towns within the union district do not vote in favor of

withdrawal, they the proposed withdrawal shall not occur.

- (D) Within 45 days after the vote or 15 days after a vote to reconsider the original vote under 17 V.S.A. § 2661, whichever is later, the elerk of each town within the union district shall certify the results of the vote to the Secretary of Education, and the Secretary shall advise the State Board of the certified results. Each clerk shall submit the certification regardless of whether the voters in that town approved withdrawal. The withdrawal study committee shall cease to exist when each clerk has submitted a certification to the Secretary.
 - (2) Vote following negative recommendation of the State Board.
- (A) The superintendent shall file the withdrawal study committee's report, the State Board's written recommendation, and any report of the liaison subcommittee with the clerk of the union district and with the town clerk of each town within the union district.
- (B) The union district voters residing in the petitioning town shall vote whether to withdraw from the union district pursuant to the terms set forth in the report.

	(i) The question shall be determined by Australian hallet and shall
proteed	pursuant to sections 737 (warnings of unified union school district
meeting	s) and 739–741 (vote by Australian ballot) of this chapter.
	(ii) The withdrawal proposal shall proceed to a vote in each of the
other to	wns within the union district only if approved by a majority of the
ınion di	strict voters residing in the petitioning town present and voting yes or
10 on th	e warned question. If a majority of the voters in the petitioning town
do not v	ote in favor of withdrawal, then the proposed withdrawal shall not
occur.	
	(C) Within 45 days after the vote in subdivision (B) of this
subdivis	tion (f)(2) or 15 days after a voluto reconsider the original vote under
17 V.S.	1. § 2661, whichever is later, the clerk of the petitioning town shall
certify t	he results of the vote to the Secretary of State who shall record the
certifica	te and give notice of the vote to the clerk of the union district, the
clerks o	f each of the other towns within the union district, and the Secretary of
Education	on. The clerk of the petitioning town shall submit the certification
regardle	ss of whether the voters in the petitioning town approved withdrawal.
The witl	hdrawal study committee shall cease to exist upon submission of the
certifica	tion.
	(D) If the union district voters residing in the petitioning town

approve the withdrawai proposai pursuant to subdivision (b) of this

subdivision (f)(2) then within 00 days after receiving notice of the
certification as required in subdivision (C) of this subdivision (f)(2), the voters
of the union district residing in each of the other towns shall vote on the same
day whether to approve withdrawal of the petitioning town as set forth in the
final report.
(i) The question shall be determined by Australian ballot and shall
proceed pursuant to sections 737 (warnings of unified union school district
meetings) and 739 741 (voe by Australian ballot) of this chapter. The ballots
shall not be commingled.
(ii) Withdrawal from the union district shall occur if the question
is approved by a majority vote of the union district voters living in each of the
other towns within the union district. If a majority of the voters in one or
more towns within the union district do not vote in favor of withdrawal, then
the proposed withdrawal shall not occur.
(E) Within 45 days after the vote in subdivision (D) of this
subdivision (f)(2) or 15 days after a vote to reconsider the original vote under
17 V.S.A. § 2661, whichever is later, the clerk of each of the other towns
within the union district shall certify the results of the vote to the Secretary of
Education, and the Secretary shall advise the State Board of the certified
results. Each clerk shall submit the certification regardless of whether the

voters in that town approved withdrawal. The withdrawal study committee

1	shall coose to exist when each clark has submitted a contitionation to the
2	Secretary.
3	(g) Election of potential board members. On the day on which they vote
4	whether to approve withdrawal, the union district voters residing in the
5	petitioning town shall also vote for three individual registered voters from the
6	petitioning town to serve as the initial members of the proposed new school
7	district's board if withdrawal is approved. The nomination and election of the
8	initial members shall proceed pursuant to subdivision 730(a)(1) of this chapter
9	(election of board members under the proportional to town model by
10	Australian ballot). The term of office for each initial member shall be
11	arranged so that one term expires on the day of the second annual meeting of
12	the proposed new school district, one term expires on the day of the third
13	annual meeting, and one term expires on the day of the fourth annual meeting.
14	(h) State Board's duties if withdrawal is approved. If the union district
15	voters approve withdrawal pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, then upon
16	receiving notice from the Secretary pursuant to subdivision (f)(1)(D) or
17	(f)(2)(E) of this section, the State Board shall:
18	(1) Declare the withdrawal approved as of the date of the Board
19	meeting; provided, however, that withdrawal shall not be final until the dat
20	identified in the voter-approved proposal of withdrawal.

1	(2) Declare the creation and existence of the new school district,
2	effective on the date of the Board's declaration; provided, however, that:
3	(A) the new school district shall assume full and sole responsibility
4	for the education of its resident students on the date identified in the voter-
5	approved proposal of withdrawal; and
6	(B) until the identified operational date, the new school district shall
7	exist for the sole purposes of:
8	(i) convening an organizational meeting of the voters of the new
9	school district to prepare the district to assume its responsibilities;
10	(ii) organizing the school board of the new school district, which
11	shall be responsible for preparing a proposed budget for the fiscal year
12	beginning on the identified operational date
13	(iii) approving the budget of the new school district for the fiscal
14	year beginning on the identified operational date; and
15	(iv) taking any other actions necessary, as district voters or as a
16	school board, for the new school district to assume full responsibility for
17	providing for the education of the district's resident students in all grades,
18	prekindergarten through grade 12, on the identified operational date
19	(3) Determine or set a schedule for determining the manner in which
20	supervisory union services will be provided to the new school district, to be

effective on the district's identified operational date.

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1	(A) In addition to the considerations set forth in section 261 of this
2	title when the State Board makes its determination, it shall consider the
3	potential positive and negative consequences on all affected districts and
4	supervisory unions if supervisory union services were provided to the new
5	school district in a manner that required:
6	(i) a union district serving as its own supervisory district to
7	become a member of a multidistrict supervisory union; or
8	(ii) a neighboring supervisory union to accept one or more
9	additional districts that the supervisory union testifies it is not able to
10	accommodate.
11	(B) If assigned to a multidistrict supervisory union, then the board of
12	the new school district may appoint its men bers to the supervisory union
13	board pursuant to section 266 of this title, when they may participate as
14	nonvoting members of that board until the new school district's operational
15	date.
16	(i) Certification; Secretary of State. If the State Board declares the creation
17	and existence of a new school district pursuant to subdivision (1)(2) of this
18	section, then within 30 days following such action the Secretary of Education
19	shall certify the adjustment of the towns within the union district to the
20	Secretary of State. When the Secretary of State records the certification of the
21	Secretary of Education, the towns within the union district shall be adjusted

accordingly provided however that the voter approved proposal of
with drawal shall establish the date on which withdrawal shall be final, the new
school district shall assume full and sole responsibility for the education of its
resident students, and the union school district shall no longer have
responsibility for the education of those students. Not more than 14 days after
the date the Secretary of Education certifies the adjustment, the Secretary of
State shall file a certified copy of the recorded certification with the clerk of
the union district and the clork for the town in which the new school district is
located. Filing a certified copy with the clerks shall be prima facie evidence of
full compliance with the requirements for adjusting the union school district by
withdrawal as set forth in this section.

(j) Timing of action.

- (1) The voters residing in any town within a union district shall not initiate the withdrawal process set forth in this section within the first year after the latter of the operational date of a newly formed union district or, if applicable, the operational date of a union district adjusted jursuant to subsection (i) of this section.
- (2) If a petitioning town's action to withdraw from a union school district is unsuccessful, then the voters residing in that town shall not in tiate a new withdrawal action under this section until two years after either a withdrawal study committee votes not to approve advancement of the

	6

1	withdrowel process or the vote by the voters that concluded the initial
2	with drawal action. [Repealed.]
3	* * *
4	Sec. 15. 16 V.S.A. § 564 is added to read:
5	§ 564. SCHOOL ADVISORY COMMITTEES
6	(a) Each school district shall establish a local school advisory committee
7	for each school. These committees shall have membership from parents,
8	community members and students to represent the gender, racial, and
9	socioeconomic diversity of the chool community, and shall serve in an
10	advisory role to the school administration.
11	(b) Building level principals will administer the application and
12	membership process for the school advisory committees. School advisory
13	committees shall provide input to the school board on equitable budgeting
14	parameters and feedback on the proposed school district budget each year.
15	(c) A school advisory committee shall, through the administration of the
16	building level principal, direct a designated portion of the funding allocated to
17	the school it represents. Annually, the school board shall determine the
18	amount that each school advisory committee will have authority to direct,
19	which shall be equitable with respect to school size or school budget size.
20	Before funds are expended, the school board shall approve the proposed plan
21	developed by the school advisory committee.

1	Sac 16 16 VS A & 821 is amended to read:
2	§ 821. SCHOOL DISTRICT TO MAINTAIN PUBLIC ELEMENTARY
3	SCHOOLS OR PAY TUITION
4	(a) Each school district shall maintain one or more approved schools within
5	the district in which elementary education for its resident students in
6	kindergarten through grade six is provided unless:
7	(1) the electorate authorizes the school board to provide for the
8	elementary education of the students by paying tuition in accordance with law
9	to one or more public elementary schools in one or more school districts;
10	(2) the school district is organized to provide only high school education
11	for its students; or
12	(3) the General Assembly provides o herwise.
13	(b) A school board shall adopt a policy on htra-district grade K-8 choice
14	and update the policy as appropriate. The policy shall state whether and to
15	what extent resident students in elementary grades can choose a school
16	operated by the school district other than the school designated by the district
17	for the student's town of residence.
18	(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, without previous
19	authorization by the electorate, a school board in a district that operates an
20	elementary school may pay tuition for elementary students who reside near
21	public elementary school in an adjacent district upon request of the student's

1	parent or quardien, if in the heard's judgment the student's advection can be
2	mole conveniently furnished there due to geographic considerations. Within 30
3	days or the board's decision, a parent or guardian who is dissatisfied with the
4	decision of the board under this subsection may request a determination by the
5	Secretary, who shall have authority to direct the school board to pay all, some,
6	or none of the student's tuition and whose decision shall be final. [Repealed.]
7	(d) Notwithstanding subdivision (a)(1) of this section, the electorate of a
8	school district that does not maintain an elementary school may grant general
9	authority to the school board to pay tuition for an elementary student at an
10	approved independent elementary school or an independent school meeting
11	education quality standards pursuant to sections 823 and 828 of this chapter
12	upon notice given by the student's parent ox legal guardian before April 15 for
13	the next academic year. [Repealed.]
14	Sec. 17. 16 V.S.A. § 822 is amended to read:
15	§ 822. SCHOOL DISTRICT TO MAINTAIN PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS OR
16	PAY TUITION; SCHOOL CHOICE SCHOOLS
17	(a) Each school district shall maintain one or more approved high schools
18	in which high school education is provided for its resident students unless:
19	(1) the electorate authorizes the school board to close an existing high
20	school and to provide for the high school education of its students by paying
21	tuition to a public high school, an approved independent high school, or an

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1	independent school meeting education quality standards, to be selected by the
2	parents or guardians of the student, within or outside the State; or
3	(2) the school district is organized to provide only elementary education
4	for its students.
5	(b) For purposes of this section, a school district that is organized to
6	provide kindergarter through grade 12 and maintains a program of education
7	for only the first eight years of compulsory school attendance shall be
8	obligated to pay tuition for its resident students for at least four additional
9	years. A school board shall designate at least one public or independent school
10	that operates grades nine through 12 to receive incoming students. This school
11	shall be known as a school choice school. The school board is not required to
12	designate an independent school if it instead designates one or more public
13	schools. If the school choice school designated by the district is an
14	independent school, it shall first be certified by the Agency of Education as
15	meeting the school choice school requirements in section 166 of this title. Any
16	such designation shall be for a period of five years.
17	(1) After reviewing the portfolio of school options for grides nine
18	through 12 in the district, the school board shall adopt a policy on grade nine
19	through 12 school choice and update the policy as appropriate. The policy
20	shall take into consideration historic patterns of attendance, capacity of
21	schools, and attendance and geographic needs of the district, along with

student interest for specialized educational programming. The policy shall
stan a number of resident students in grades nine through 12 that can
participate in school choice, which shall be not less than 10 percent of the
number of resident students in grades nine through 12 for a given year.
(2) If the district will operate one or more of its public schools as a
school choice school, then the school board shall annually announce the
capacity for incoming sudents to attend each such school or schools.
(c)(1) A school district may both maintain a high school and furnish high
school education by paying tuit on:
(A) to a public school as in the judgment of the school board may
best serve the interests of the students; or
(B) to an approved independent school or an independent school
meeting education quality standards if the school board judges that a student
has unique educational needs that cannot be served within the district or at a
nearby public school Subject to the provisions of subsection (a)(1) of this
section, if more than the allowable number of students wish to participate in
school choice, then the district shall use a nondiscriminatory lot ery system for
determining which students may participate in school choice.
(2) The judgment of the board shall be final in regard to the institution
the students may attend at public cost. Subject to the provisions of subdivision

(a)(2) of this section, if more than the allowable number of students wish to

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1	wantian to a canoni annica canoni aparatra hy the dictinar than the dictinar chair
2	use a nondiscriminatory lottery system for determining which students may
3	transfer to the school choice school.
4	(A) the district shall give preference to the school choice request of a
5	student whose request to participate in school choice was denied in a prior
6	year;
7	(B) the district shall give preference to siblings of students who are
8	currently enrolled in the school choice school;
9	(C) the district shall give preference to students who reside closer to
10	the school choice school than a different school operated by the district.
11	Sec. 18. REPEALS
12	16 V.S.A. § 822a (public high school choics) and 16 V.S.A. § 823
13	(elementary tuition) are repealed on July 1, 2027.
14	Sec. 19. 16 V.S.A. § 824 is amended to read:
15	§ 824. HIGH SCHOOL TUITION PAYMENT TO SCHOOL CHOICE
16	<u>SCHOOLS</u>
17	(a) Tuition Payment for high school students attending a school choice
18	school that is an independent school as defined in section 166 of this title shall
19	be paid by the school district in which the student is a resident Agency of
20	Education in an amount equal to the weighted base education amount per

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shall establish rules to govern the schedule and procedures for such payments.

- (b) Except as otherwise provided for technical students, the district shall pay the full tuition charged its students attending a public high school in Vermont or an adjoining state or a public or approved independent school in Vermont functioning as an approved area career technical center, or an independent school meeting education quality standards; provided:
- (1) If a payment made to a public high school or an independent school meeting education quality standards is three percent more or less than the calculated net cost per secondary publi in the receiving school district or independent school for the year of attendance then the district or school shall be reimbursed, credited, or refunded pursuant to section 836 of this title.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of the subsection or of subsection 825(b) of this title, the board of the receiving public school district, public or approved independent school functioning as an area career technical center, or independent school meeting education quality standards may enter into tuition agreements with the boards of sending districts that have terms differing from the provisions of those subsections, provided that the receiving district or school must offer identical terms to all sending districts, and further provided that the statutory provisions apply to any sending district that declines the

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1	(a) The district shall pay an amount not to exceed the everage announced
2	tuition of Vermont union high schools for the year of attendance for its
3	students enrolled in an approved independent school not functioning as a
4	Vermont area career technical center, or any higher amount approved by the
5	electorate at an acqual or special meeting warned for that purpose.
6	[Repealed.]
7	Sec. 20. 16 V.S.A. § 1071 is amended to read:
8	§ 1071. SCHOOL YEAR AND SCHOOL DAY
9	(a) Minimum number of days. Except as provided in this section, each
10	public school shall be maintained and operated for:
11	(1) At least 175 180 student attendance days in each school year. For
12	purposes of this section, a majority of students expolled in a school must be
13	recorded on the school roll as in attendance on any day counted as a student
14	attendance day.
15	(2) At least five teacher in-service education days, during which time
16	activities shall be conducted without students present in order to increase the
17	competency of the staff, improve the curriculum of the school, enable eachers
18	to attend State educational meetings, or disseminate student progress
19	information to parents of the community.

1 (h) Hours of operation. Within the minimum set by the State Board

- Agency of Education, the school board shall fix the number of hours that shall constitute a school day, subject to change upon the order of the State Board.
 - beyond the control of the school board, it may petition the State Board Agency of Education for a valver of the requirements of this section. The petition shall be filed with the State Board within 10 days of each occurrence and not later than June 15 of the school year involved; and the State Board shall act on the petition at its next meeting Agency on a form provided by the Agency. If the petition is approved and a waiver granted, the school district shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements of this section. If the State Board fails to act at that meeting, the petition shall be deemed to have been approved and the waiver granted.
 - (d) [Repealed.]

(e) Regional calendar. Before April 1 of each year, the superintendents of schools and the headmasters of public schools not managed by school boards in an area shall meet, and by majority vote, establish a uniform calendar within that area for the following school year. The Secretary shall establish a single statewide calendar. The calendar shall be published before May 1 of each year for the following school year. The calendar shall include student attendance days, periods of vacation, horidays, and teacher in-service education days and

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1	chall comply with subsection (a) of this section. Unless normiffed by the
2	Secretary, no area served by a regional career technical center shall be divided
3	into two or more calendar regions.
4	(f) Additional days. Nothing in this section prohibits a school from
5	scheduling additional days for student attendance or teacher in-service
6	education. However, those days shall not conflict with any applicable school
7	calendar.
8	(g) Upon application of one or more school districts, after approval by the
9	voters of each such district, the Sate Board Agency may grant a waiver of the
10	requirements of subsection (a) of this section if it is satisfied that equivalent
11	educational programming will be maintained or improved. The waiver may be
12	granted for any purpose, including the conservation of energy.
13	Sec. 21. 16 V.S.A. § 1121 is amended to read:
14	§ 1121. ATTENDANCE BY CHILDREN OF SCHOOL AGE REQUIRED
15	A person having the control of a child between the ages of six five and 16
16	years shall cause the child to attend a public school, an approved or recognized
17	independent school, an approved education program, or a home study program
18	for the full number of days for which that school is held, unless the child:
19	(1) is mentally or physically unable so to attend; or
20	(2) has completed the tenth grade, or

1	(3) is avaised by the superintendent or a majority of the school directors
2	as provided in this chapter; or
3	(a) is enrolled in and attending a postsecondary school, as defined in
4	subdivision 176(b)(1) of this title, which is approved or accredited in Vermont
5	or another state
6	* * * State Funding of Public Education * * *
7	Sec. 22. TRANSITION YEAR ONE FUNDING
8	In fiscal year 2026, each school district shall receive the funding approved
9	by its electorate pursuant to 16 V.S.A. chapter 133.
10	Sec. 23. TRANSITION YEAR TWO FUNDING
11	In fiscal year 2027, each school district shall receive an amount equal to the
12	funding received in fiscal year 2026, multiplied by three percent. Payments
13	shall be made consistent with 16 V.S.A. § 4011.
14	Sec. 24. 16 V.S.A. chapter 133 is amended to read.
15	CHAPTER 133. STATE FUNDING OF PUBLIC EDUCATION
16	Subchapter 1. General Provisions
17	§ 4000. STATEMENT OF POLICY
18	(a) The intent of this chapter is to make educational opportunity available
19	to each student in each town on substantially equal terms, in accordance with
20	the Vermont Constitution and the Vermont Supreme Court decision of

rebruary 5, 1997, Brigham v. State of vermont.

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§ 401. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Average daily membership" of a school district or, if needed in order to calculate the appropriate homestead tax rate, of the municipality as defined in 32 V.S.A § 5401(9), in any year means:
- (A) The full-time equivalent enrollment of students, as defined by the State Board Agency by rule, who are legal residents of the district or municipality attending a school owned and operated by the district, attending a public school outside the district under section 822a of this title, or for whom the district pays tuition to one or more approved independent schools or public schools outside the district during the annual census period. The census period consists of the 11th day through the 30th day of the school year in which school is actually in session.
- (B) The full-time equivalent enrollment in the year before the last census period, of any State-placed students as defined in subdivision 11(a)(28) of this title. A school district that provides for the education of its students by paying tuition to an approved independent school or public school cutside the district shall not count a State-placed student for whom it is paying tuition for purposes of determining average daily membership. A school district that it receiving the full amount, as defined by the State Board Agency by rule, of the

student's education costs under subsection 2050(a) of this title shall not count
· · ·
the tudent for purposes of determining average daily membership. A State-
placed student who is counted in average daily membership shall be counted as
a student for the nurnoses of determining weighted student count

- (C) The full-time equivalent enrollment for each prekindergarten child as follows: If a child is enrolled in 10 or more hours of prekindergarten education per week or receives 10 or more hours of essential early education services per week, the child shall be counted as one full-time equivalent pupil. If a child is enrolled in six or more but fewer than 10 hours of prekindergarten education per week or if a child receives fewer than 10 hours of essential early education services per week, the child shall be counted as a percentage of one full-time equivalent pupil, calculated as one multiplied by the number of hours per week divided by ten. A child enrolled in prekindergarten education for fewer than six hours per week shall not be included in the district's average daily membership. There is no limit on the total number of children who may be enrolled in prekindergarten education or who receive essential early education services.
- (2) "Equalized grand list" has the same meaning that equalized education property tax grand list has in 32 V.S.A. chapter 135.

(8) [Repealed.]

(6) "Education enonding" "magne the amount of the cahool district
budget, any assessment for a joint contract school, career technical center
payments made on behalf of the district under subsection 1561(b) of this title,
and any amount added to pay a deficit pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 1523(b) that is
paid for by the chool district, but excluding any portion of the school budget
paid for from any other sources such as endowments, parental fundraising,
federal funds, nongovernmental grants, or other State funds such as special
education funds paid under chapter 101 of this title.
(A) [Repealed.]
(B) For all bonds approved by voters prior to July 1, 2024, voter-
approved bond payments toward principal and interest shall not be included in
"education spending" for purposes of calculating excess spending pursuant to
32 V.S.A. § 5401(12). [Repealed.]
(7) "Long-term membership" of a school district in any school year
means the:
(A) average of the district's average daily membership, excluding
full-time equivalent enrollment of State-placed students, over two school
years, the latter of which is the current school year, plus
(B) full-time equivalent enrollment of State-placed students for the
most recent of the two years.

which the governing board is publicly elected. A public school may maintain
evening or summer school for its students and it shall be considered a public
school.
(10) "School district" means a town school district, city school district,
incorporated school district, the member school districts of an interstate school
district, a union school district, a unified union district, or an unorganized
town or gore.
(11) "School year" means year beginning on July 1 and ending on the
following June 30.
(12) "Weighted long-term member hip" of a school district in any
school year means the long-term membership adjusted pursuant to section
4010 of this title.
(13) "Base education amount Categorical base amount" means a number
used to calculate categorical grants awarded under this title that is equal to
\$6,800.00 per equalized pupil, adjusted as required under section 4011 of this
title.
(14) "Per pupil education spending" of a school district in any school
year means the per pupil education spending of that school district as
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determined under subsection 4010(1) of this title. [Repealed.]

§ 4002. PAYMENT; ALLOCATION

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1	(15) "Prokindergarten shild" means a three or four year old shild who
2	is expolled in a prekindergarten program offered by or through a school district
3	pursuant to rules adopted under section 829 of this title or who is receiving
4	essential early education services offered pursuant to section 2956 of this title.
5	Prekindergarter child also means a five-year-old child who otherwise meets
6	the terms of this definition if that child is not yet eligible for or enrolled in
7	kindergarten.
8	(16) "Base amount" means a per pupil amount of \$13,200.00 in fiscal
9	year 2025, which shall be adjusted for inflation annually on or before
10	November 15 by the Secretary of Education. As used in this subdivision,
11	"adjusted for inflation" means adjusting the base dollar amount by the most
12	recent New England Economic Project cumulative price index, as of
13	November 15, for state and local government purchases of goods and services,
14	from fiscal year 2025 through the fiscal year for which the amount is being
15	determined.
16	(17) "Foundation formula amount" means the base amount multiplied
17	by the school district's weighted long-term membership as determined under
18	16 V.S.A. § 4010.

(a) State and federal funds appropriated for services delivered by the

supervisory union school district and payable through the Agency shall be paid

1	to the order of the cunervicory union cohool district and administered in
2	accordance with the plan adopted under subdivision 261a(4) of this title.
3	Funding for special education services under section 2969 of this title shall be
4	paid to the supervisory unions school districts in accordance with that section.
5	(b) The Secretary shall notify the superintendent or chief executive officer
6	of each supervisory union school district in writing of federal or State funds
7	disbursed to member school districts.
8	§ 4003. CONDITIONS
9	(a) No school district shall receive any aid under this chapter unless that
10	school district complies with the previsions of law relative to teachers'
11	salaries, appointment of superintendents detailed financial reports to the
12	Agency, and any other requirements of law.
13	(b) Aid to any district shall not be denied unless the district unreasonably
14	refuses to comply with the requirements of law. Any school district denied aid
15	by reason of the provisions of this section shall have the right within 60 days
16	from the date of such denial to appeal to the Superior Court in the county
17	where the district is situated.
18	Subchapter 2. General State Funding of Public Education
19	§ 4010. DETERMINATION OF WEIGHTED LONG-TERM MEMBERSHIP
20	AND PER PUPIL EDUCATION SPENDING
21	(a) Definitions. As used in this section.

1	(1) "FI nunile" manne nunile described under section 1012 of this title
2	(2) "FPL" means the Federal Poverty Level.
3	(3) "Weighting categories" means the categories listed under subsection
4	(b) of this section.
5	(b) Determination of average daily membership and weighting categories.
6	On or before the first day of December during each school year, the Secretary
7	shall determine the avelage daily membership, as defined in subdivision
8	4001(1) of this title, of each school district for the current school year and
9	shall perform the following tasks.
10	(1) Using average daily membership, list for each school district the
11	number of:
12	(A) pupils in prekindergarten;
13	(B) pupils in kindergarten through grade five;
14	(C) pupils in grades six through eight;
15	(D) pupils in grades nine through 12;
16	(E) pupils whose families are at or below 185 percent of FPL, using
17	the highest number of pupils in the district:
18	(i) that meet this definition under the universal income declaration
19	form; or
20	(ii) who are directly certified for free and reduced-priced meals
21	and

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2	(2)(A) Identify all school districts that have low population density,
3	measured by the number of persons per square mile residing within the land
4	area of the geographic boundaries of the district as of July 1 of the year of
5	determination, equaling:
6	(i) fewer than 36 persons per square mile;
7	(ii) 36 or more persons per square mile but fewer than 55 persons
8	per square mile; or
9	(iii) 55 or more persons per square mile but fewer than 100
10	persons per square mile.
11	(B) Population density data shall be based on the best available U.S.
12	Census data as provided to the Agency of Education by the Vermont Center for
13	Geographic Information.
14	(C) Using average daily membership, list for each school district that
15	has low population density the number of pupils in each of subdivisions
16	(A)(i)–(iii) of this subdivision (2).
17	(3)(A) Identify all school districts that have one or more small schools,
18	which are schools that have an average two-year enrollment of:
19	(i) fewer than 100 pupils; or
20	(ii) 100 or more pupils but fewer than 250 pupils For each school
21	district, identify any school with fewer than 450 students.

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	(B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2), "everage two
year enro	llment" means the average enrollment of the two most recently
complete	d school years, and "enrollment" means the number of pupils who are
enrolled i	n a school operated by the district on October 1. A pupil shall be
counted a	s one whether the pupil is enrolled as a full-time or part-time student.
[Repealed	1.]
((C) Using average two-year enrollment, list for each school district
that has a	small school the number of pupils in each of subdivisions (A)(i) (ii)
of this sul	odivision (3). [Repealed]
(c) Re	eporting on weighting categories to the Agency of Education. Each
school dis	strict shall annually report to the Agency of Education by a date
establishe	ed by the Agency the information needed in order for the Agency to
compute 1	the weighting categories under subsection (b) of this section for that
district. I	n order to fulfill this obligation, a school district that pays public
tuition on	behalf of a resident student (sending district) to public school in
another so	chool district, an approved independent school, or an out-of-state
school (ea	ach a receiving school) may request the receiving school to collect
this infor	mation on the sending district's resident student, and if requested, the
receiving	school shall provide this information to the sending district in a
timely ma	inner.

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1	(d) Determination of weighted long term membership. For each weighting
2	category except the small schools weighting category under subdivision (b)(3)
3	of this section, the Secretary shall compute the weighting count by using the
4	long-term membership, as defined in subdivision 4001(7) of this title, in that
5	category.
6	(1) The Secretary shall first apply grade level weights. Each pupil
7	included in long-term membership shall count as one, multiplied by the
8	following amounts:
9	(A) prekindergarten negative 0.54;
10	(B) grades six through eight 0.36; and
11	(C) grades nine through 12 39. [Repealed.]
12	(2) The Secretary shall next apply a veight for pupils whose family is at
13	or below 185 percent of FPL. Each pupil included in long-term membership
14	whose family is at or below 185 percent of FPL shall receive an additional
15	weighting amount of $1.03 \ \underline{0.75}$.
16	(3) The Secretary shall next apply a weight for EL papils. Each EL
17	pupil included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting
18	amount of $2.49 \ 1.50$.
19	(4) The Secretary shall then apply a weight for pupils living in low
20	population density school districts. Each pupil included in long-term
21	membership residing in a low population density school district, measured by

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the number of persons per square mile residing within the land error of the
geographic boundaries of the district as of July 1 of the year of determination,
shall reveive an additional weighting amount of:
(A) 0.15, where the number of persons per square mile is fewer than
36 persons;
(B) 0.12, where the number of persons per square mile is 36 or more
but fewer than 55 persons; or
(C) 0.07, where the number of persons per square mile is 55 or more
but fewer than 100.
(5) The Secretary shall lastly apply a weight for pupils who attend a an
eligible small school. If the number of persons per square mile residing within
the land area of the geographic boundaries of a school district as of July 1 of
the year of determination is 55 or fewer, then, For each pupil listed under
subdivision (b)(3)(C) of this section (pupils who attend small schools)÷
(A) where the school has fewer than 100 pupil, in average two-year
enrollment, the school district shall receive an additional weighting amount of
0.21 for each pupil included in the small school's average two-year
enrollment; or
(B) where the small school has 100 or more but fewer than 25
pupils, the school district shall receive an additional weighting amount of 0.07
for each pupil included in the small school's average two-year emoliment,

1	each student in an aligible small school will receive a weighted ETE that is the
2	result of applying the following formula to each eligible small school: (-
3	0.158*Latural log of (school enrollment)) +0.964 with the result rounded to
4	two decimal places.
5	(6) A school district's weighted long-term membership shall equal long-
6	term membership plus the cumulation of the weights assigned by the Secretary
7	under this subsection.
8	(e) Hold harmless. A district's weighted long-term membership shall in no
9	case be less than 96 and one-harf percent of its actual weighted long-term
10	membership the previous year prior to making any adjustment under this
11	subsection. [Repealed.]
12	(f) Determination of per pupil education spending. As soon as reasonably
13	possible after a school district budget is approved by voters, the Secretary shall
14	determine the per pupil education spending for the lext fiscal year for the
15	school district. Per pupil education spending shall equal a school district's
16	education spending divided by its weighted long-term membership.
17	[Repealed.]
18	(g) Guidelines. The Secretary shall develop guidelines to enable clear and
19	consistent identification of pupils to be counted under this section.
20	(h) Updates to weights, base education amount and transportation
21	payments. On or before January 1, 2027 and on or before January 1 of every

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fifth year thereafter the Agency of Education and the Joint Fiscal Office sha	11
calculate, based on their consensus view, updates to the weights and the base	<u>;</u>
education amount to account for cost changes underlying those weights and to	<u>the</u>
cost of providing a high quality education and shall issue a written report on	
their work to the House and Senate Committees on Education, the House	
Committee on Way and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance. The	;
General Assembly shall update the weights under this section, the base	
education amount, and transportation reimbursement categorical aid amounts	<u>s</u>
under section 4016 of this title not less than every five years and the	
implementation date for the updated weights and transportation reimburseme	ent
categorical aid amount shall be delayed by a year in order to provide school	
districts with time to prepare their budgets. Updates to the weights may	
include recalibration, recalculation, adding or eliminating weights, or any	
combination of these actions.	
(i) On or before July 1, 2026 the Secretary shall, through rule-making,	
establish eligibility criteria for students that may receive the small school	
adjustment as defined in subdivision (d)(5) of this section.	
§ 4011. EDUCATION PAYMENTS	
(a) Annually, the General Assembly shall appropriate funds to pay hr	
statewide education spending the foundation formula amount as defined und	<u>er</u>
subdivision 4001(17) of this title and the State guarantee as defined under	7

22 V S A 8 5401(10) and a partian of the base education categorical aid
 amount for each adult education and secondary credential program student as
 defined in subsection (f) of this section.

- (b) For each fiscal year, the <u>categorical aid</u> base <u>education</u> amount shall be \$6,800.00, increased by the most recent New England Economic Project Cumulative Price Index, as of November 15, for state and local government purchases of goods and services from fiscal year 2005 through the fiscal year for which the amount is being determined, plus an additional one-tenth of one percent.
- (c) Annually, each school district shall receive an education spending payment its foundation formula amount as defined under subdivision 4001(17) of this title and its State guarantee, if applicable to that school district, as defined under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(19) for support of education costs. An unorganized town or gore shall receive an amount equal to its per pupil education spending for that year for each student. No school district shall receive more than its education spending the amount under this subsection.
- (d) [Repealed.]
- (e) [Repealed.]

(f) Annually, the Secretary shall pay to a local adult education and literacy provider, as defined in section 942 of this title, that provides an adult education and secondary credential program an amount equal to 26 percent of the

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cotagorical aid amount for each student who completes the diagnostic portions
of the program, based on an average of the previous two years; 40 percent of
the payment required under this subsection shall be from State funds
appropriated from the Education Fund and 60 percent of the payment required
under this subsection shall be from State funds appropriated from the General
Fund.
(g) The Secretary shall pay to a school district a percentage of the base
education amount for each resident student for whom the district is paying a
technical tuition to a regional career technical center but who is not enrolled in
the district and therefore not counted in the average daily membership of the
district. The percentage of the base education amount to be paid shall be the
percentage of the student's full-time equivalent attendance at the career
technical center multiplied by 87 percent. [Repeated.]
(h) The Secretary shall make all payments required by subchapter 5 of
chapter 23 of this title.
(i) Annually, on or before October 1, the Secretary shall send to school
boards for inclusion in town reports and publish on the Agency we site the
following information:
(1) the statewide average district per pupil education spending for th
current fiscal year, and

1	(2) a statewide comparison of student teacher ratios among schools that
2	are similar in number of students and number of grades.
3	* * *
4	§ 4013. ENGLISH LEARNERS SERVICES; STATE AID
5	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:
6	(1) "Applicable federal laws" mean the Equal Education Opportunities
7	Act (20 U.S.C. § 1703), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
8	§§ 2000d et seq.), and Title I and III of the Elementary and Secondary
9	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. §§ 6301 et seq. and 20 U.S.C. §§ 6801 et
10	seq.), each as amended.
11	(2) "EL services" mean instructional and support personnel and services
12	that are required under applicable federal laws for EL students and their
13	families.
14	(3) "EL students" or "EL pupils" mean students who have been
15	identified as English learners through the screening projecols required under
16	20 U.S.C. § 6823(b)(2).
17	(b) Required EL services. Each school district shall:
18	(1) screen students to determine which students are EL students and
19	therefore qualify for EL services;
20	(2) assess and monitor the progress of EL students;
21	(3) provide EL services,

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and

Education shall:

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- 2 federal categorical aid and local education spending to provide EL services;
- 3 (5) report expenditures on EL services annually to the Agency of 4 Education through the financial reporting system as required by the Agency;
- 6 (6) evaluate the effectiveness of their EL programs and report
- educational outcomes of EL students as required by the Agency and applicable federal laws.
- 9 (c) Agency of Education support and quality assurance. The Agency of
 - (1) provide guidance and program support to all school districts with EL students as required under applicable federal law including:
 - (A) professional development resources for EL teachers and support personnel; and
 - (B) information on best practices and nationally recognized language development standards; and
 - (2) prescribe, collect, and analyze financial and student outcome data from school districts to ensure that districts are providing high-quality EL services and expending sufficient resources to provide these services.

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1	(d) Catagorical aid. In addition to the EL weight under contion ANN of this
2	title a school district that has, as determined annually on October 1 of the
3	year:
4	(1) one to five EL students enrolled shall receive State aid of
5	\$25,000.00 for that school year; or
6	(2) six to 25 PL students enrolled shall receive State aid of \$50,000.00
7	for that school year. [Repealed.]
8	(e) Annual appropriation. Annually, the General Assembly shall include in
9	its appropriation for statewide education spending under subsection 4011(a) of
10	this title an appropriation to provide aid to school districts for EL services
11	under this section. [Repealed.]
12	(f) Payment. On or before November 1 of each year, the State Treasurer
13	shall withdraw from the Education Fund, based on warrant of the
14	Commissioner of Finance and Management, and shall forward to each school
15	district the aid amount it is owed under this section. [Repealed.]
16	* * *
17	§ 4015. MERGER SUPPORT FOR MERGED DISTRICTS
18	(a) A school district that was voluntarily formed under 2010 Act, and
19	Resolves No. 153, 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 156, or 2015 Acts and
20	Resolves No. 46, each as amended, and received a merger support gram shair

continue to receive that marge	r clinn	art are	nt cubicat	to the provide	ione in
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subjection (c) of this section.					

(t) A school district that was involuntarily formed under the Final Report of Decisions and Order on Statewide School District Merger Decisions Pursuant to Act 46, Sees. 8(b) and 10 dated November 28, 2018 and that received a small schools grant in fiscal year 2020 shall receive an annual merger support grant in that amount, subject to the provisions in subsection (c) of this section.

(c)(1) Payment of a merger support grant under this section shall not be made in any year that the school district receives a small school weight under section 4010 of this title.

(2) Payment of a merger support grant under this section shall continue annually unless explicitly repealed by the General Assembly; provided, however, that the Secretary shall discontinue payment of the grant in the fiscal year following the cessation of operations of the school that made the district originally eligible for the grant, and further provided that in the building that houses the school that made the district originally eligible for the grant is consolidated with another school into a renovated or new school building, then the Secretary shall continue to pay the grant during the repayment term of any bonded indebtedness incurred in connection with the consolidation-related renovation or construction. [Repealed.]

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(a) A school district or supervisory union that incurs allowable
transpoltation expenditures shall receive a transportation reimbursement grant
each year. The grant shall be equal to 50 ± 00 percent of allowable
transportation expenditures; provided, however, that in any year the total
amount of grants under this subsection shall not exceed the total amount of
adjusted base year transportation grant expenditures. The total amount of base
year transportation grant expanditures shall be \$10,000,000.00 for fiscal year
1997, increased each year thereafter by the annual price index for state and
local government purchases of goods and services. If in any year the total
amount of the grants under this subsection exceed the adjusted base year
transportation grant expenditures, the amount of each grant awarded shall be
reduced proportionately. Transportation grants paid under this section shall be
paid from the Education Fund and shall be added to education spending
payment receipts paid under section 4011 of this title.

(b) In As used in this section, "allowable transportation expenditures" means the costs of transporting students to and from school for regular classroom services and shall not include expenditures for transporting students participating in curricular activities that take place off the school grounds of for transporting students participating in cocurricular activities. The State

1	Poord Agency of Education through rulemaking shall further define
2	allowable transportation expenditures by rule.
3	(c) A district or supervisory union may apply and the Secretary may pay
4	for extraord nary transportation expenditures incurred due to geographic or
5	other conditions such as the need to transport students out of the school district
6	to attend another school because the district does not maintain a public school.
7	The State Board Agency of Education shall define extraordinary transportation
8	expenditures by rule. The total amount of base year extraordinary
9	transportation grant expenditures shall be \$250,000.00 for fiscal year 1997,
10	increased each year thereafter by the annual price index for state and local
11	government purchases of goods and services. Extraordinary transportation
12	expenditures shall not be paid out of the funds appropriated under subsection
13	(b) of this section for other transportation expenditures. Grants paid under this
14	section shall be paid from the Education Fund and shall be added to education
15	spending payment receipts paid under section 4011 of this title.
16	***
17	§ 4025. EDUCATION FUND
18	(a) The Education Fund is established to comprise the following:
19	(1) all revenue paid to the State from the statewide education tax on
20	nomiomestead and homestead property under 32 V.S.A. chapter 135, which

1 shall not include any revenue raised

2 under 32 V.S.A. § 5402(f);

3 ***

- (b) Mories in the Education Fund shall be used for the following:
- (1) To make payments to school districts and supervisory unions for the support of education in accordance with the provisions of section 4028 of this title, other provisions of this chapter, the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 135, and the Flexible Pathways Initiative established by section 941 of this title, but excluding adult education and literacy programs under section 945 of this title.
- (2) To cover the cost of fund auditing, accounting, revenue collection, and of short-term borrowing to meet fund cash flow requirements.
- (3) To make payments required under 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(1) and only that portion attributable to education taxes, as determined by the Commissioner of Taxes, of payments required under 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(3). The State Treasurer shall withdraw funds from the Education Fund upon warrants issued by the Commissioner of Finance and Management based on information supplied by the Commissioner of Taxes. The Commissioner of Finance and Management may draw warrants for disbursements from the Fund in anticipation of receipts. All balances in the Fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain a part of the Fund. Interest accruing from the Fund shall remain in the Fund. [Repeated.]

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§ 4026. EDUCATION FUND BUDGET STABILIZATION RESERVE;

CREATION AND PURPOSE

4 ***

(e) The enact nent of this chapter and other provisions of the Equal Educational Opportunity Act of which it is a part have been premised upon estimates of balances of levenues to be raised and expenditures to be made under the act for such purpos's as education spending payments, categorical State support grants, provisions for property tax income sensitivity, payments in lieu of taxes, current use value applaisals, tax stabilization agreements, the stabilization reserve established by this section, and for other purposes. If the stabilization reserve established under this section should in any fiscal year be less than 5.0 percent of the prior fiscal year's appropriations from the Education Fund, as defined in subsection (b) of this section, the Joint Fiscal Committee shall review the information provided pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402b and provide the General Assembly its recommendations for change necessary to restore the stabilization reserve to the statutory level provided in subsection (b) of this section.

§ 4027. EDUCATION FUND TRANSFER AMOUNTS

(h) Annually on or before June 1, each superintendent shall report to the
Agency, on a form prescribed by the Secretary, each education budget that was
adopted by May 1 for the following fiscal year by the member districts of the
supervisory union and for which no petition for reconsideration has been filed.
A superintendent shall report a budget adopted following May 1, to the
Agency, between 30 to 40 days following adoption or, if a petition for
reconsideration has been filed, within 10 days of final adoption of the budget
the final adopted budget approved by the district school board.
§ 4028. FUND PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS
(a) On or before September 10, December 10, and April 30 of each school
year, one-third of the education spending payment under section 4011 of this
title base amount as determined under subdivision 4001(17) of this title and
any State guarantee as defined under 32 V.S.A. § 5401(19) shall become due
to school districts, except that districts that have not adopted a budget by 30
days before the date of payment under this subsection shall receive one-quarter
of the base education amount and upon adoption of a budget shall receive
additional amounts due under this subsection.
(b) Payments made for special education under chapter 101 of this title, for
career technical education under chapter 37 of this title, and for other and and
categorical grants paid for support of education shall also be from the
Education Fund.

(a)(1) Any district that has adopted a school hudget that includes high
spending, as defined in 32 V.S.A. § 5401(12), shall, upon timely notice, be
authorized to use a portion of its high spending penalty to reduce future
education spending:
(A) by entering into a contract with an operational efficiency
consultant or a final cial systems consultant to examine issues such as
transportation arrangements, administrative costs, staffing patterns, and the
potential for collaboration with other districts;
(B) by entering into a contract with an energy or facilities
management consultant; or
(C) by engaging in discussion, with other school districts about
reorganization or consolidation for better service delivery at a lower cost.
(2) To the extent approved by the Secretary, the Agency shall pay the
district from the property tax revenue to be generated by the high spending
increase to the district's spending adjustment as estimated by the Secretary, up
to a maximum of \$5,000.00. For the purposes of this subsection, "timely
notice" means written notice from the district to the Secretary by September
30 of the budget year. If the district enters into a contract with a consultant
pursuant to this subsection, the consultant shall not be an employee of the

district or of the Agency. A copy of the consultant's final recommendations or

a copy of the district's recommendations regarding reorganization, as

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appropriate shall be submitted to the Socretary and each affected town shall
3,
include in its next town report an executive summary of the consultant's or
district final recommendations and notice of where a complete copy is
available. No district is authorized to obtain funds under this section more than
one time in every five years. [Repealed.]
(d) The Joint Fiscal Office shall prepare a fiscal note for any legislation
that requires a supervisory union or school district to perform any action with
an associated cost, but does not provide money or a funding mechanism for
fulfilling that obligation. Any fiscal note prepared under this subsection shall
be completed not later than the date that the legislation is considered for a vote
in the first committee to which it is referred.
* * *

§ 4030. DATA SUBMISSION; CORRECTIONS

- (a) Upon discovering an error or change in data submitted to the Secretary for the purpose of determining payments to or from the Education Fund, a school district shall report the error or change to the Secretary is soon as possible. Any budget deficit or surplus due to the error or change shall be carried forward to the following year.
- (b) The Secretary shall use data submitted on or before January 15 prior to the fiscal year that begins the following July 1 in order to calculate the

v.S.A. § 5402(a)(2).

1	amounts due each school district for any fiscal year for transportation aid due
2	under section 4016 of this title.
3	(c) The Secretary shall use data corrections regarding approved district
4	budget amounts submitted on or before June 15 prior to the fiscal year that
5	begins the following July 1, in order to calculate the education payments due
6	under section 4011 of this title. However, the Secretary may use data
7	submitted after June 15 and prior to July 15 due to unusual or exceptional
8	circumstances as determined by the Secretary.
9	(d) The Secretary shall not use data corrected due to an error submitted
10	following the deadlines to recalculate weighted long-term membership under
11	section 4010 of this title. The Secretary shall not adjust average daily
12	membership counts if an error or change is reported more than three fiscal
13	years following the date that the original data was due.
14	(e) The State Board Agency of Education may adopt rules as necessary to
15	implement the provisions of this section.
16	§ 4031. UNORGANIZED TOWNS AND GORES
17	(a) For a municipality that, as of January 1, 2004, is an unorganized town
18	or gore, its education property tax spending adjustment under 32 V.S.A
19	§ 5401(13) shall be one for purposes of determining the tax rate under 32

1	(h) For purposes of a claim for property tox credit under 22 VS A chapter
2	154 by a taxpayer in a municipality affected under this section, the applicable
3	percent ge shall not be multiplied by a spending adjustment under 32 V.S.A.
4	§ 5401(13). [Repealed.]
5	* * Education Property Tax Rate Formula * * *
6	Sec. 25. 32 V.S.A. § 5401 is amended to read:
7	§ 5401. DEFINITIONS
8	As used in this chapter:
9	***
10	(7) "Homestead":
11	(A) "Homestead" means the principal dwelling and parcel of land
12	surrounding the dwelling, owned and occupied by a resident individual as the
13	individual's domicile or owned and fully leased on April 1, provided the
14	property is not leased for more than 182 days out of the calendar year or, for
15	purposes of the renter credit under subsection 6066(b) of this title, is rented
16	and occupied by a resident individual as the individual's do nicile.
17	* * *
18	(8) "Education spending" means "education spending" as defined in 16
19	V.S.A. § 4001(6).
20	***
21	(12) —Excess spending—means.

(A) The per pupil spending amount of the district's education
spending, as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(6), plus any amount required to be
added from a capital construction reserve fund under 24 V.S.A. § 2804(b).
(E) In excess of 118 percent of the statewide average district per
pupil education spending increased by inflation, as determined by the

Secretary of Education on or before November 15 of each year based on the passed budgets to date. As used in this subdivision, "increased by inflation" means increasing the statewide average district per pupil education spending for fiscal year 2025 by the most recent New England Economic Project eumulative price index, as of November 15, for state and local government purchases of goods and services, from iscal year 2025 through the fiscal year for which the amount is being determined. [Repealed.]

(13)(A) "Education property tax spending adjustment" means the greater of one or a fraction in which:

(i)(A) the numerator is the district's per pupil education spending plus excess spending for the school year, and

(ii)(B) the denominator is the property dollar equivalent yield for the school year, as defined in subdivision (15) of this section, multiplied by the statewide adjustment.

(B) "Education income tax spending adjustment" means the greater of one or a fraction in which the numerator is the district's per pupil education

1	spending plus aveces spending for the school year, and the denominator is the
2	income dollar equivalent yield for the school year, as defined in subdivision
3	(16) of this section. [Repealed.]
4	* * *
5	(15) "Property dollar equivalent yield" means the amount of per pupil
6	education spending that would result in a district having a homestead tax rate
7	of \$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value. [Repealed.]
8	(16) "Income dollar equivalent yield" means the amount of per pupil
9	education spending that would result in a district having an income percentage
10	in subdivision 6066(a)(2) of this title of 2.0 percent. [Repealed.]
11	(17) "Statewide adjustment" means the ratio of the aggregate education
12	property tax grand list of all municipalities to the aggregate value of the
13	equalized education property tax grand list of all municipalities. [Repealed.]
14	(18) "School district-approved spending" means the spending that a
15	school district approves in excess of the foundation formula amount as defined
16	in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(17) for the fiscal year and for which no existing revenue
17	source is available, provided that no school district shall approve spending in
18	excess of a certain percentage, to be determined annually, of the school
19	district's foundation formula amount for the fiscal year.
20	(19) "State guarantee" means an amount equal to the school district
21	State guarantee rate multiplied by the school district's approved spending.

1	(20) "State guarantee rate" means one minus the ratio of the entirinated
2	aggregate equalized education property tax grand list of the municipal
3	members of a school district per the average daily membership as defined
4	under 16 V.S.A. § 4001(1) of that school district in the following fiscal year to
5	the anticipated aggregate equalized education property tax grand list of the
6	municipal members of a school district per the average daily membership as
7	defined under 16 V.S.A § 4001(1) of that school district that is the median in
8	the State in the following fixeal year, provided that no school district's State
9	guarantee rate under this subdivision shall be less than zero.
10	Sec. 26. 32 V.S.A. § 5402 is amended to read:
11	§ 5402. EDUCATION PROPERTY TAX LIABILITY
12	(a) A statewide education tax is imposed on all nonhomestead and
13	homestead property at the following rates:
14	(1) The tax rate for nonhomestead property shall be \$1.59 per \$100.00
15	divided by the statewide adjustment.
16	(2) The tax rate for homestead property shall be \$1.00 multiplied by the
17	education property tax spending adjustment for the municipality per \$100.00
18	of equalized education property value as most recently determined under
19	section 5405 of this title. The homestead property tax rate for each

municipality that is a member of a union or unified union school district shall

be calculated as required under subsection (e) of this section a rate sufficient to

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after accounting for the forecasted available revenues and the State guarantee.

It is the intention of the General Assembly that the statewide education tax rate under this section shall be adopted for each fiscal year by act of the General Assembly.

- (b) The statewise education tax shall be calculated as follows:
- (1) The Commissioner of Taxes shall determine for each municipality the education tax rates rate under subsection (a) of this section divided by the number resulting from dividing the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal by the statewide adjustment. The legislative body in each municipality shall then bill each properly taxpayer at the homestead or nonhomestead rate determined by the Commissioner under this subdivision, multiplied by the education property tax grand ist value of the property, properly classified as homestead or nonhomestead property and without regard to any other tax classification of the property. Statewide education property tax bills shall show the tax due and the calculation of the rate determined under subsection (a) of this section, divided by the number resulting 1 om dividing the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal by the statewide adjustment, multiplied by the current grand list value of the property to be taxed. Statewide education property tax bills shall also include language provided by the Commissioner pursuant to subsection 5405(g) of this title.

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the tame manner as taxes assessed under chapter 133 of this title with no tax classification other than as homestead or nonhomestead property; provided, however, that the tax levied under this chapter shall be billed to each taxpayer by the municipality in a manner that clearly indicates the tax is separate from any other tax assessed and collected under chapter 133, including an itemization of the separate taxes due. The bill may be on a single sheet of paper with the statewide edication tax and other taxes presented separately and side by side.

- (3) If a district has not voted a budget by June 30, an interim homestead education tax shall be imposed at the base rate determined under subdivision (a)(2) subsection (a) of this section, divided by the number resulting from dividing the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal by the statewide adjustment, but without regard to any spending adjustment under subdivision 5401(13) of this title. Within 30 days after a budget is adopted and the deadline for reconsideration has passed, the Commissioner shall determine the municipality's homestead tax rate as required under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (c)(1) The treasurer of each municipality shall by December 1 of the year in which the tax is levied and on June 1 of the following year pay to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Education Fund one-half of the municipality's

1 statewide nonhomesteed toy and one half of the municipality's homestee

- 2 education tax, as determined under subdivision (b)(1) of this section.
 - nonhomestead education tax payment and its net homestead education tax

 payment to the State based on grand list information received by the Secretary

 not later than the March 15 prior to the June 1 net payment. Payment shall be
 accompanied by a return prescribed by the Secretary of Education. Each

 municipality may retain 0.225 of one percent of the total education tax

 collected, only upon timely remittance of net payment to the State Treasurer or

 to the applicable school district or districts. Each municipality may also retain

 \$15.00 for each late property tax credit claim filed after April 15 and before

 September 2, as notified by the Department of Taxes, for the cost of issuing a

 new property tax bill.
 - (d) [Repealed.]

- (e) The Commissioner of Taxes shall determine a homestead education tax rate for each municipality that is a member of a union or unified union school district as follows:
- (1) For a municipality that is a member of a unified union school district, use the base rate determined under subdivision (a)(2) of this section and a spending adjustment under subdivision 5401(13) of this title based upor the per pupil education spending of the unified union.

(2) For a municipality that is a member of a union school district

(A) Determine the municipal district homestead tax rate using the base rate determined under subdivision (a)(2) of this section and a spending adjustment under subdivision 5401(13) of this title based on the per pupil education spending in the municipality who attends a school other than the union school.

(B) Determine the union district homestead tax rate using the base rate determined under subdivision (a)(2) of this section and a spending adjustment under subdivision 5 to 1(13) of this title based on the per pupil education spending of the union school district.

(C) Determine a combined homestead tax rate by calculating the weighted average of the rates determined under subdivisions (A) and (B) of this subdivision (2), with weighting based upon the ratio of union school long-term membership, as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(7), from the member municipality to total long-term membership of the member municipality; and the ratio of long-term membership attending a school other than the union school to total long-term membership of the member municipality. Total long-term membership of the member municipality is based on the number of pupils who are legal residents of the municipality and attending school at public expense. If necessary, the Commissioner may adopt a rule to clarify and racilitate implementation of this subsection (c). [Repealed.]

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nonhomestead property in each member municipality of a school district that approves spending pursuant to subdivision 5401(18) of this chapter. The Commissioner of Taxes shall determine the school district spending tax rate for each school district at a rate sufficient to raise the amount of the school district's approved pending as certified by the Secretary of Education after accounting for any State guarantee due to the school district. The legislative body in each member municipality shall then bill each property taxpayer at the rate determined by the Commissioner under this subsection multiplied by the current grand list value of the property to be taxed. The bill shall show the tax due and the calculation of the rate. (2) The school district spending tax ssessed under this subsection shall be assessed and collected in the same manner at taxes assessed under chapter 133 of this title with no tax classification other than as homestead or nonhomestead property; provided, however, that the tax levied under this chapter shall be billed to each taxpayer by the municipality in a manner that clearly indicates the tax is separate from any other tax assessed and collected under chapter 133 and the statewide education property tax under this section, including an itemization of the separate taxes due. The bill may be on a single sheet of paper with the school district spending tax, the statewide education tax, and other taxes presented separately and side by side.

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1	(2) The transurer of each municipality shall pay all revenue raised from
2	the school district spending tax imposed under this subsection to its school
3	district pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 426.
4	Sec. 27. 32 V.S.A. § 5402b is amended to read:
5	§ 5402b. <u>BASE AMOUNT;</u> STATEWIDE EDUCATION TAX YIELDS
6	RATE; RECOMMENDATION OF THE COMMISSIONER
7	(a) Annually, not later than December 1, the Commissioner of Taxes, after
8	consultation with the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of Administration,
9	and the Joint Fiscal Office, shall estimate the base amount as defined in 32
10	V.S.A. § 4001(16) for the following fiscal year and calculate and recommend a
11	property dollar equivalent yield, an income dollar equivalent yield, and a
12	nonhomestead property tax rate statewide education property tax rate pursuant
13	to subdivision 5402(a)(1) of this chapter for the following fiscal year. In
14	making these calculations, the Commissioner shall assume the statutory
15	reserves are maintained at five percent pursuant to 16 VS.A. § 4026:
16	(1) the homestead base tax rate in subdivision 5402(a)(2) of this title is
17	\$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value;
18	(2) the applicable percentage in subdivision 6066(a)(2) of this title is
19	2.0;
20	(3) the statutory reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and this section were
21	maintained at five percent,

1	(1) the percentage change in the average education tox bill applied to
2	nonhomestead property and the percentage change in the average education tax
3	bill of comestead property and the percentage change in the average education
4	tax bill for expayers who claim a credit under subsection 6066(a) of this title
5	are equal;
6	(5) the equalized education grand list is multiplied by the statewide
7	adjustment in calculating the property dollar equivalent yield; and
8	(6) the nonhomestead rate is divided by the statewide adjustment.
9	(b) For each fiscal year, the property dollar equivalent yield and the
10	income dollar equivalent yield shall be the same as in the prior fiscal year,
11	unless set otherwise by the General Assembly. [Repealed.]
12	(c) Annually, on or before December 1, the Joint Fiscal Office shall
13	prepare and publish an official, annotated copy of the Education Fund
14	Outlook. The Emergency Board shall review the Outlook at its meetings. As
15	used in this section, "Education Fund Outlook" means the projected revenues
16	and expenses associated with the Education Fund for the following fiscal year,
17	including projections of different categories of educational expenses and costs.
18	(d) Along with the recommendations made under this section, the
19	Commissioner shall include the range of per pupil school district-approved
20	spending between all districts in the State for the previous year.

- Sec. 28. 32 V.S.A. § 5404a(b)(1) is amended to read:
- (b)(ii) An agreement affecting the education property tax grand list defined under subsection (a) of this section shall reduce the municipality's education property tax liability under this chapter for the duration of the agreement or exemption without extension or renewal, and for a maximum of 10 years. A municipality a property tax liability under this chapter shall be reduced by any difference between the amount of the education property taxes collected on the subject property and the amount of education property taxes that would have been collected on such property if its fair market value were taxed at the equalized nonhomestead rate for the tax year.
 - Sec. 29. 32 V.S.A. § 5405(g) is amended to read
 - (g) The Commissioner shall provide to municipalities for the front of property tax bills the district homestead property tax rate before equalization, the nonresidential tax rate before equalization, and the calculation process that creates the equalized homestead and nonhomestead tax rates rate. The Commissioner shall further provide to municipalities for the back of property tax bills an explanation of the common level of appraisal, including its origin and purpose.

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Sec. 30. 32 VS A & 5/110(a) is amended to read:

g) If the property identified in a declaration under subsection (b) of this section's not the taxpayer's homestead or if the owner of a homestead fails to declare a homestead as required under this section, the Commissioner shall notify the municipality, and the municipality shall issue a corrected tax bill that may, as determined by the governing body of the municipality, include a penalty of up to three pircent of the education tax on the property. However, if the property incorrectly declared as a homestead is located in a municipality that has a lower homestead tax ate than the nonhomestead tax rate or if an undeclared homestead is located in municipality that has a lower nonhomestead tax rate than the homestead tax rate, then the governing body of the municipality may include a penalty of up to eight percent of the education tax liability on the property. If the Commission r determines that the declaration or failure to declare was with fraudulen intent, then the municipality shall assess the taxpayer a penalty in an amount equal to 100 percent of the education tax on the property, plus any interest and late-payment fee or commission that may be due. Any penalty imposed under this section and any additional property tax interest and late-payment fee or con mission shall be assessed and collected by the municipality in the same manner property tax under chapter 133 of this title. Notwithstanding section 4772 d tins title, issuance of a corrected our issued under this section does not extend

the time for payment of the original hill nor relieve the toppayer of any interest				
or penalties associated with the original bill. If the corrected bill is less than				
the original bill and there are also no unpaid current year taxes, interest, or				
penalties and no past year delinquent taxes or penalties and interest charges,				
any overpayment shall be reflected on the corrected tax bill and refunded to				
the taxpayer. [Repet led.]				
* * * Statewide Property Tax Credit Repeal; Homestead Exemption				
Created * * *				
Sec. 31. 32 V.S.A. § 5400 is amended to read:				
§ 5400. STATUTORY PURPOSES * * *				
(c) The statutory purpose of the exemption for qualified housing in				
subdivision 5404a(a)(6) of this title is to ensure that taxes on this rent-				
restricted housing provided to Vermonters of low and moderate income are				
more equivalent to property taxed using the State as a homestead rate property				
and to adjust the costs of investment in rent-restricted housing to reflect more				
accurately the revenue potential of such property.				
* * *				
(j) The statutory purpose of the homestead property tax exemption in				
subdivision 6066(a)(1) of this title is to reduce the property tax liability for				
vermont households with low and moderate household income.				

|--|

S.A. chapter 134 is amended to read.

3 <u>MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAX</u> CREDIT, AND RENTER CREDIT 4 § 6061. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Property Municipal property tax credit" means a credit of the prior tax year's statewide or municipal property tax liability or a homestead owner eredit, as authorized under section subdivision 6066(a)(2) of this title, as the context requires chapter.

* *

- (8) "Annual tax levy" means the property taxes levied on property taxable on April 1 and without regard to the year in which those taxes are due or paid. [Repealed.]
- (9) "Taxable year" means the calendar year preceding the year in which the claim is filed.
- (10) [Repealed.]
 - (11) "Housesite" means that portion of a homestead, as lefined under subdivision 5401(7) of this title but not under subdivision 5401(7)(G) of this title, that includes as much of the land owned by the claimant surrounding the dwelling as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home, but in

1	dwalling units not more than two gares per dwalling unit up to a maximum of
2	10 acres per parcel.
3	(12) "Claim year" means the year in which a claim is filed under this
4	chapter.
5	(13) "Homestead" means a homestead as defined under subdivision
6	5401(7) of this title, but not under subdivision 5401(7)(G) of this title, and
7	declared on or before October 15 in accordance with section 5410 of this title.
8	(14) "Statewide education tax rate" means the homestead education
9	property tax rate multiplied by the municipality's education spending
10	adjustment under subdivision 5402(v)(2) of this title and used to calculate
11	taxes assessed in the municipal fiscal year that began in the taxable year.
12	[Repealed.]
13	* * *
14	(21) "Homestead property tax exemption" means a reduction in the
15	amount of housesite value subject to the statewide education tax and the school
16	district spending tax in the claim year as authorized under sections 6066 and
17	6066a of this chapter.
18	§ 6062. NUMBER AND IDENTITY OF CLAIMANTS; APPORTONMENT
19	***
20	(d) Whenever a housesite is an integral part of a larger unit such as a farm
21	or a muiti-purpose or muiti-dwelling building, property taxes paid shall be that

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1	percentage of the total property tox as the value of the housesite is to the total
2	value. Upon a claimant's request, the listers shall certify to the claimant the
3	value of his or her the claimant's homestead and housesite.
4	* * *
5	§ 6063. CLAIM AS PERSONAL; CREDIT AND EXEMPTION AMOUNT
6	AT TIME OF TRANSFER
7	(a) The right to file a laim under this chapter is personal to the claimant
8	and shall not survive his or her the claimant's death, but the right may be
9	exercised on behalf of a claimant by his or her the claimant's legal guardian or
10	attorney-in-fact. When a claimant dies after having filed a timely claim, the
11	municipal property tax credit and the homestead exemption amount shall be
12	credited applied to the homestead property tax liability of the claimant's estate
13	as provided in section 6066a of this title.
14	(b) In case of sale or transfer of a residence, after April 1 of the claim year
15	(1) any municipal property tax credit amounts amount related to that
16	residence shall be allocated to the seller transferor at closing unless the parties
17	otherwise agree;
18	(2) any homestead property tax exemption related to that residence
19	based on the transferor's age and household income under subdivision
20	0000(a)(1) of this chapter shall cease to be in effect upon transfer, and

(3) a transfered who is aligible to declare the residence as a homestead
but for the requirement to own the residence on April 1 of the claim year shall
notwithstanding subdivision 5401(7) and subsection 5410(b) of this title, be
eligible to apply for a homestead property tax exemption in the claim year
when the transfer occurs by filing with the Commissioner of Taxes a
homestead declaration pursuant to section 5410 of this title and a claim for
exemption on or before the due date prescribed under section 6068 of this
<u>chapter</u> .

* * *

§ 6065. FORMS; TABLES; NOTICES

- (a) In administering this chapter, the Commissioner shall provide suitable claim forms with tables of allowable claims instructions, and worksheets for claiming a homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax credit.
- (b) Prior to June 1, the Commissioner shall also prepare and supply to each town in the State notices describing the homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax credit for inclusion in property tax bills. The notice shall be in simple, plain language and shall explain how to file for a homestead property tax exemption and a municipal property tax credit, where to find assistance filing for a credit or an exemption, or both, and any other related miormation as determined by the Commissioner. The notice shall direct

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1	toxpoyers to a resource where they can find versions of the notice translated
2	into the five most common non-English languages in the State. A town shall
3	include such notice in each tax bill and notice of delinquent taxes that it mails
4	to taxpayers who own in that town a residential property, without regard for
5	whether the property was declared a homestead pursuant to subdivision
6	5401(7) of this title.
7	(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, towns
8	that use envelopes or mailers not able to accommodate notices describing the
9	homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax credit may
10	distribute such notices in an alternative manner.
11	§ 6066. COMPUTATION OF <u>HOMEST AD</u> PROPERTY TAX
12	EXEMPTION, MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAX CREDIT, AND
13	RENTER CREDIT
14	(a) An eligible claimant who owned the homestead on April 1 of the year
15	in which the claim is filed shall be entitled to a credit for the prior year's
16	homestead property tax liability amount determined as follows
17	(1)(A) For a claimant with household income of \$90,000.00 or more:
18	(i) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized
19	value of the housesite in the taxable year;
20	(ii) minus (iî iess) the sum of.

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2	yea: plus
3	(II) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized
4	value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$225,000.00.
5	(B) Fer a claimant with household income of less than \$90,000.00
6	but more than \$47,00.00, the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the
7	equalized value of the rousesite in the taxable year, minus (if less) the sum of:
8	(i) the income percentage of household income for the taxable
9	year; plus
10	(ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized
11	value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$400,000.00.
12	(C) For a claimant whose household income does not exceed
13	\$47,000.00, the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value
14	of the housesite in the taxable year, minus the lessen of:
15	(i) the sum of the income percentage of household income for the
16	taxable year plus the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized
17	value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$400,000.00; or
18	(ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the qualized
19	value of the housesite in the taxable year reduced by \$15,000.00.
20	(2) "Income percentage" in this section means two percent, multiplied
21	by the education income tax spending adjustment under subdivision

1	5401(13)(P) of this title for the property tox year that begins in the claim year
2	for the municipality in which the homestead residence is located
3	An eligible claimant who owned the homestead on April 1 of the
4	claim year shall be entitled to a homestead property tax exemption in the claim
5	year in an amount determined as follows:
6	(A) for a claimant whose household income is equal to or less than
7	\$47,000.00 and who is \$5 years of age or more as of December 31 of the year
8	in which the claimant's household income is taken into account, the exemption
9	shall be 70 percent of the claiment's housesite value, provided the exempt
10	amount of housesite value shall not exceed \$200,000.00;
11	(B) for a claimant whose household income is equal to or less than
12	\$47,000.00 and who is less than 65 years of age as of December 31 of the year
13	in which the claimant's household income is taken into account, the exemption
14	shall be 60 percent of the claimant's housesite value provided the exempt
15	amount of housesite value shall not exceed \$200,000.00
16	(C) for a claimant whose household income is greater than
17	\$47,000.00 but equal to or less than \$90,000.00, the exemption shall be 50
18	percent of the claimant's housesite value, provided the exempt amount of
19	housesite value shall not exceed \$200,000.00;
20	(D) for a claimant whose household income is greater than
21	\$90,000.00 but equal to or less than \$123,000.00, the exemption shall be 10

1	percent of the eleiment's housesite value	provided the exempt amount of
2	housesite value shall not exceed \$50,000.	.00; and
3	(E) for a claimant whose house	chold income is greater than
4	\$125,000.00, no amount of housesite val	ue shall be exempt under this section.
5	(3)(2) A An eligible claimant who	o owned the homestead on April 1 of
6	the claim year and whose household inco	ome does not exceed \$47,000.00 shall
7	also be entitled to an additional a credit a	mount from against the claimant's
8	municipal taxes for the upcoming fiscal y	year that is equal to the amount by
9	which the municipal property taxes for the	ne municipal fiscal year that began in
10	the taxable year upon the claimant's house	sesite exceeds a percentage of the
11	claimant's household income for the tal	ible year as follows:
12	If household income (rounded	then the taxpayer is entitled to
13	to the nearest dollar) is:	credit for the
14		reduced property tax in excess of
15		this percent
16		of that income
17	\$0.00 — 9,999.00	1.50
18	\$10,000.00 — 47,000.00	3.00
19	(4) A claimant whose household in	ncome does not exceed \$47,000,00
20	shall also be entitled to an additional cree	lit amount from the claimant's

statewide education tax for the upcoming fiscal year that is equal to the

1	amount by which the advection property tox for the municipal fiscal year that
2	began in the taxable year upon the claimant's housesite, reduced by the credit
3	amount determined under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, exceeds a
4	percentage of the claimant's household income for the taxable year as follows:
5	If household income (rounded then the taxpayer is entitled to
6	to the nearest dollar) is: credit for the reduced property tax
7	in excess of this percent of that
8	income:
9	\$0.00 9,999.00 0.5
10	\$10,000.00 <u>24,999.00</u> 1.5
11	\$25,000.00 47,000.00 2.0
12	(5)(3) In no event shall the homesterd property tax exemption provided
13	for in subdivision (1) of this subsection reduce the housesite value below zero.
14	In no event shall the municipal property tax credit provided for in subdivision
15	(3) or (4) (2) of this subsection exceed the amount of the reduced municipal
16	property tax. The credits under subdivision (4) of this subsection shall be
17	calculated considering only the tax due on the first \$400,000.00 in equalized
18	housesite value.
19	(b)(1) An eligible claimant who rented the homestead shall be elititled
20	to a credit for the taxable year in an amount not to exceed \$2,500.00, to be
21	Calculated as follows.

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1	the state of the s
2	to be eligible for an adjustment exemption or credit under this chapter,
3	the claimant:
4	(1) must have been domiciled in this State during the entire taxable
5	year;
6	(2) may not be a person claimed as a dependent by any taxpayer under
7	the federal Internal Revenue Code during the taxable year; and
8	(3) in the case of a renter, shall have rented property for at least six
9	calendar months, which need not be consecutive, during the taxable year.
10	(d) The owner of a mobile home that is sited on a lot not owned by the
11	homeowner may include an amount determined under subdivision 6061(7) of
12	this title as allocable rent paid on the lot with the amount of property taxes
13	paid by the homeowner on the home for the purpose of computation of eredits
14	the municipal property tax credit under subdivision (a)(3)(2) of this section,
15	unless the homeowner has included in the claim an amount of property tax on
16	common land under the provisions of subsection (e) of this vection.
17	(e) Property taxes paid by a cooperative, not including a mobile home park
18	cooperative, allocable to property used as a homestead shall be attributable to
19	the co-op member for the purpose of computing the eredit of property tox

liability of the co-op member under this section. Property owned by a

pro rate chara of any common land owned or leased by the cooperative, not to
exceed the two-acre housesite limitation. The share of the cooperative's
assessed value attributable to the housesite shall be determined by the
cooperative and specified annually in a notice to the co-op member. Property
taxes paid by a mobile home park cooperative, allocable to property used as a
housesite, shall be attributed to the owner of the housesite for the purpose of
computing the eredit or property tax liability of the housesite owner under this
section. Property owned by the mobile home park cooperative and declared as
a housesite may only include common property of the cooperative contiguous
with at least one mobile home lot in the park, not to exceed the two-acre
housesite limitation. The share attributable to any mobile home lot shall be
determined by the cooperative and specified in the cooperative agreement. $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$
co-op member who is the housesite owner shall be entitled to a property tax
credit in an amount determined by multiplying the property taxes allocated
under this subsection by the percentage of the exemption for which the
housesite owner's household income qualifies under subdivision (a)(1) of this
section.
(f) [Repealed.]
(g) Notwithstanding subsection (d) of this section, if the land surrounding a
homestead is owned by a nonprofit corporation or community land trust with

tax exempt status under 20 U.S.C. § 501(c)(5), the homeowner may include an

property tax credit under subsection (a) of this section shall be calculated

without regard to any exemption under subdivision 3802(11) of this title.

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100000. DETERMINATION OF HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX

EXEMPTION AND MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAX CREDIT

- (a) Annually, the Commissioner shall determine the homestead property tax exemption and the municipal property tax credit amount under section 6066 of this title, related to a homestead owned by the claimant, based on the prior taxable year's income and for the municipal property tax credit, crediting property taxes paid in the prior year, and for the homestead property tax exemption, exempting the housesite value in the claim year. The Commissioner shall notify the nunicipality in which the housesite is located of the amount of the homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax credit for the claimant for homestead property tax liabilities on a monthly basis. The municipal property tax credit of claimant who was assessed property tax by a town that revised the dates of its fiscal year, however, is the excess of the property tax that was assessed in the last 12 months of the revised fiscal year, over the adjusted property tax of the claimant for the revised fiscal year, as determined under section 6066 of this title, related a homestead owned by the claimant.
- (b) The Commissioner shall include in the total homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax credit amount determined under subsection (a) of this section, for credit to the taxpayer for homestead statewide education property tax and school district spending tax habilities,

- this title and setoff under section 5934 of this title, which the taxpayer has
 directed to be used for payment of property taxes.
 - (c) The Commissioner shall notify the municipality of any claim and refund amounts unresolved by November 1 at the time of final resolution, including adjudication, if any; provided, however, that towns will not be notified of any additional credit amounts after November 1 of the claim year, and such amounts shall be paid to the claimant by the Commissioner.
 - (d) [Repealed.]

- (e) At the time of notice to the nunicipality, the Commissioner shall notify the taxpayer of the <u>homestead</u> property tax <u>eredit exemption</u> amount determined under subdivision 6066(a)(1) of this title, the amount determined under subdivision 6066(a)(3) of this title,; any additional <u>municipal property</u> credit amounts amount due the homestead owner under section <u>subdivision</u> 6066(a)(2) of this title; the amount of income tax refund, if any, allocated to payment of <u>homestead statewide education</u> property tax liabilities; and any late-claim reduction amount.
- (f)(1) For taxpayers and amounts stated in the notice to towns of or before July 1, municipalities shall create and send to taxpayers a homestead property tax bill, instead of the bill required under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of this title providing the total amount allocated to payment of homestead statewide

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shall apply the amount of the homestead property tax exemption allocated
under this chapter to current year property taxes in equal amounts to each of
the taxpayers' property tax installments that include education taxes and the
amount of the nunicipal property tax credit allocated under this chapter to
current year municipal property taxes in equal amounts to each of the
taxpayers' property tax installments that include municipal taxes.
Notwithstanding section 4772 of this title, if a town issues a corrected bill as a
result of the notice sent by the Commissioner under subsection (a) of this
section, issuance of the corrected new bill does not extend the time for
payment of the original bill nor relieve he taxpayer of any interest or penalties
associated with the original bill. If the corrected bill is less than the original
bill, and there are also no unpaid current year taxes, interest, or penalties, and
no past year delinquent taxes or penalties and interest charges, any
overpayment shall be reflected on the corrected tax bill and refunded to the
taxpayer.
(2) For homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax
credit amounts for which municipalities receive notice after November 1,
municipalities shall issue a new homestead property tax bill with notice to the
taxpayer of the total amount allocated to payment of homestead property tax

credit amount determined for the taxpayer shall be allocated first to current year housesite value and property tax on the homestead parcel, next to current-year homes ead parcel penalties and interest, next to any prior year homestead parcel penalties and interest, and last to any prior year housesite value and property tax on the homestead parcel. No homestead property tax exemption or municipal credit shall be allocated to a housesite value or property tax liability for any year after the year for which the claim or refund allocation was filed. No municipal tax-reduction incentive for early payment of taxes shall apply to any amount allocated to the property tax bill under this chapter.

- (4) If the homestead property tax exemption or the municipal property tax credit amount as described in subsection (e) of this section exceeds the property tax, penalties, and interest due for the turrent and all prior years, the municipality shall refund the excess to the taxpayer, without interest, within 20 days of the first date upon which taxes become due and payable or 20 days after notification of the exemption or credit amount by the Commissioner of Taxes, whichever is later.
- (g) The Commissioner of Taxes shall pay monthly to each municipality the amount of <u>municipal</u> property tax credit of which the municipality was last notified related to municipal property tax on homesteads within that <u>municipality</u>, as determined by the Commissioner of Taxes.

8 6067 CDEDIT CLAIM LIMITATIONS

- (a) Claimant. Only one individual per household per taxable year shall be entitled to a a homestead exemption claim or property tax credit claim, or both, under this chapter.
- (b) Other states. An individual who received a homestead exemption or credit with respect to property taxes assessed by another state for the taxable year shall not be entitled to receive a credit under this chapter.
- (c) Dollar amount. No expayer claimant shall receive a renter credit under subsection 6066(b) of this title in excess of \$2,500.00. No taxpayer claimant shall receive a municipal property tax credit under subdivision 6066(a)(3)(2) of this title greater than \$2,400.00 or cumulative credit under subdivisions 6066(a)(1)-(2) and (4) of this title greater than \$5,600.00.

§ 6068. APPLICATION AND TIME FOR FILING

(a) A homestead property tax exemption or municipal property tax credit claim or request for allocation of an income tax refund to homestead statewide education property tax payment shall be filed with the Commissioner on or before the due date for filing the Vermont income tax return, without extension, and shall describe the school district in which the homestead property is located and shall particularly describe the homestead property for which the exemption or credit or allocation is sought, including the school parter account number prescribed in subsection 5404(b) of this title. A tenter

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1	gradit claim shall be filed with the Commissioner on or before the due date for
	files the Vomment in some tay notume without extension
2	filing the Vermont income tax return, without extension.
3	(b)(1) If the a claimant files a municipal property tax credit claim after
4	October 15 but on or before March 15 of the following calendar year, the
5	municipal property tax credit under this chapter:
6	(1)(A) shall be reduced in amount by \$150.00, but not below \$0.00;
7	(2)(B) shall be issued directly to the claimant; and
8	(3)(C) shall not require the municipality where the claimant's property
9	is located to issue an adjusted homestead property tax bill.
10	(2) If a claimant files a homestead property tax exemption claim under
11	this chapter after October 15 but on or before March 15 of the following
12	calendar year, the claimant shall pay a penalty of \$150.00 and the municipality
13	where the claimant's property is located shall not be equired to issue an
14	adjusted property tax bill.
15	(c) No request for allocation of an income tax refund or for a renter credit
16	claim may be made after October 15. No homestead property tax exemption
17	or municipal property tax credit claim may be made after March 15 of the
18	calendar year following the due date under subsection (a) of this section.
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8 6070 DISALLOWED CLAIMS

A claim shall be disallowed if the claimant received title to his or her the claimant's homestead primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this chapter.

§ 6071. EXCESSIVE AND FRAUDULENT CLAIMS

- (a) In any case is which it is determined under the provisions of this title that a claim is or was excessive and was filed with fraudulent intent, the claim shall be disallowed in full and the Commissioner may impose a penalty equal to the amount claimed. A disarowed claim may be recovered by assessment as income taxes are assessed. The assessment, including assessment of penalty, shall bear interest from the data the claim was credited against property tax or income tax or paid by the State until repaid by the claimant at the rate per annum established from time to time by the Commissioner pursuant to section 3108 of this title. The claimant in that case, and any person who assisted in the preparation of filing of such excessive claim or supplied information upon which the excessive claim was prepared, with fraudulent intent, shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00 or be imprisoned not more than one year, or both.
- (b) In any case in which it is determined that a claim is or was excessive, the Commissioner may impose a 10 percent penalty on such excess, and if the claim has been paid or credited against property tax or income tax otherwise

1	payable the municipal property tox credit or homostead exemption shall be
2	reduced or canceled and the proper portion of any amount paid shall be
3	similarly recovered by assessment as income taxes are assessed, and such
4	assessment shall bear interest at the rate per annum established from time to
5	time by the Commissioner pursuant to section 3108 of this title from the date
5	of payment or, in the case of credit of a municipal property tax bill under

(c) In any case in which a hor estead is rented by a person from another person under circumstances deemed by the Commissioner to be not at armslength, the Commissioner may determine the rent constituting property tax for purposes of this chapter. [Repealed.]

section 6066a of this title from December 1 of the year in which the claim is

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filed until refunded or paid.

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§ 6073. REGULATIONS RULES OF THE COMMISSIONER

The Commissioner may, from time to time, issue adopt, amend, and withdraw regulations rules interpreting and implementing this chapter.

§ 6074. AMENDMENT OF CERTAIN CLAIMS

At any time within three years after the date for filing claims under subsection 6068(a) of this chapter, a claimant who filed a claim by October 15 may file to amend that claim with regard to housesite value, housesite

1 advection to bousesite municipal to and awarship percentage or to correct

- 2 the mount of household income reported on that claim.
- 3 * * * Conforming Revisions; Property Tax Credit Repeal * * *
- 4 Sec. 33. 1 V.S.A. § 1608 is amended to read:
- 5 § 1608. ELIGIBILITY FOR PROPERTY TAX RELIEF
- Members of cooperative housing corporations shall be eligible to apply for and receive a homestead property tax adjustment exemption and municipal property tax credit under 32 V.S.A. § 6066, subject to the conditions of eligibility set forth therein.
- 10 Sec. 34. 32 V.S.A. § 3102(j) is amended to read:

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- (j) Tax bills prepared by a municipality under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of 11 this title showing only the amount of total tax due shall not be considered 12 13 confidential return information under this section. For the purposes of calculating eredits the homestead property tax exemption and the municipal 14 property tax credit under chapter 154 of this title, information provided by the 15 16 Commissioner to a municipality under subsection 6066a(a) of this title and 17 information provided by the municipality to a taxpayer under subsection 18 6066a(f) shall be considered confidential return information under his section. 19 Sec. 35. 32 V.S.A. § 3206(b) is amended to read:
 - (b) As used in this section, "extraordinary relief" means a remedy that is within the power of the Commissioner to grant under this title, a remedy that

1	companyates for the result of inaccurate elessification of property as
2	hon estead or nonhomestead pursuant to section 5410 of this title through no
3	fault or the taxpayer, or a remedy that makes changes to a taxpayer's
4	homestead property tax exemption, municipal property tax credit, or renter
5	credit claim necessary to remedy the problem identified by the Taxpayer
6	Advocate.
7	* * * Education Fund Advisory Committee * * *
8	Sec. 36. REPEAL; EDUCATION FUND ADVISORY COMMITTEE
9	The following are repealed in July 1, 2025:
10	(1) 32 V.S.A. § 5414 (Creation; Education Fund Advisory Committee).
11	(2) 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 183, Sec. 12 (Education Fund
12	Advisory Committee sunset).
13	* * * Effective Dates * * *
14	Sec. 37. EFFECTIVE DATES
15	(a) The following sections shall take effect on passage:
16	(1) Sec. 1 (findings and intent);
17	(2) Sec. 2 (16 V.S.A. § 43);
18	(3) Sec. 3 (16 V.S.A. § 212);
19	(4) Sec. 4 (16 V.S.A. § 164);
20	(5) Sec. 5 (16 V.S.A. § 165);
21	(6) Sec. 7 (inerapeutic schools and salary schedule report),

1	(7) Cas IN (range) of 16 V C A shanter 7);
2	(8) Sec. 11 (new union school districts);
3	(x) Sec. 12 (16 V.S.A. § 2);
4	(10) Sec. 14 (16 V.S.A. chapter 11);
5	(11) Sec. 18 (repeals of 16 V.S.A. §§ 822a and 823);
6	(12) Sec. 22 (transition year one funding);
7	(13) Sec. 23 (transition year two funding);
8	(14) Sec. 36 (Education Fund Advisory Committee); and
9	(15) Sec. 37 (effective dates).
10	(b) The following sections shall take effect on July 1, 2027:
11	(1) Sec. 6 (16 V.S.A. § 166);
12	(2) Sec. 8 (16 V.S.A. § 241);
13	(3) Sec. 9 (16 V.S.A. § 242);
14	(4) Sec. 13 (16 V.S.A. § 563);
15	(5) Sec. 15 (16 V.S.A. § 564);
16	(6) Sec. 16 (16 V.S.A. § 821);
17	(7) Sec. 17 (16 V.S.A. § 822);
18	(8) Sec. 19 (16 V.S.A. § 824);
19	(9) Sec. 20 (16 V.S.A. § 1071);
20	(10) Sec. 21 (16 V.S.A. § 1121);
21	(11) Sec. 24 (10 v.S.A. chapter 199),

1	(12) Sec. 25 (22 VS A & 5401).	
2	(13) Sec. 26 (32 V.S.A. § 5402);	
3	(14) Sec. 27 (32 V.S.A. § 5402b);	
4	(15) Sec. 28 (32 V.S.A. § 5404a);	
5	(16) Sec. 29 (32 V.S.A. § 5405);	
6	(17) Sec. 30 (32 V.S.A. § 5410),	
7	(18) Sec. 31 (32 VS.A. § 5400);	
8	(19) Sec. 32 (32 V.S.A. chapter 154);	
9	(20) Sec. 33 (11 V.S.A. § 1608);	
10	(21) Sec. 34 (32 V.S.A. § 3102); and	
11	(22) Sec. 35 (32 V.S.A. § 3200).	_

* * * Findings and Intent * *

Sec. 1. FINDINGS; INTENT; PLAN

(a) The General Assembly finds that:

(1) In 1997, the first piece of law the General Assembly enacted in response to the Brigham decision stated, "[t]he right to public education is integral to Vermont's constitutional form of government and its guarantees of political and civil rights...[and] fundamental for the success of Vermont's children in a rapidly-changing society and global marketplace as well as the State's own economic and social prosperity." To F.S.A. § 1.

- (2) From the very first attempt at creating a basic frame of government.

 Veryont's founders chose to include a right to public education, the only governmental service included in Vermont's first Constitution of 1777.
- (3) As the U.S. Supreme Court stated in Brown v. Board of Education, 347 U.S. 483 (1954), "education is perhaps the most important function of state and local governments...[i]t is required in the performance of our most basic public responsibilities...[i]t is the very foundation of good citizenship."
- (5) The most enduring legacy of Brigham v. State, 166 Vt. 246 (1997) is the State's responsibility to ensure substantially equal educational opportunities for all Vermont students.
- (6) The education system is still reeling from the effects of a global pandemic, yet the same challenges that have faced Vermont's education system remain. Thirty to 40 years ago, Vermont educated more than 110,000 students each year. Today, there are approximately 84,000 students in the public education system. Many schools have lost a significant number of students and, with them, the ability to offer robust services and programs at every school. Vermont's youth need to be prepared for a rapidly evolving future.
- (7) Vermonters deserve an exceptional educational system that is stable and predictable and where a student's home address does not dictate the quality of education they receive. School district size and boundaries, school size, and class size are all influential factors in shaping the quality of

depends on teacher quality, resource availability, and the unique strengths of local communities. Change in our educational system is needed. Systems are made of people, so change must come carefully and thoughtfully, with meaningful engagement by all Vermonters.

(b) Intent; plan.

- (1) To ensure each student is provided substantially equal educational opportunities that will prepare them to thrive in a 21st-century world, it is the intent of the General Assembly to work strategically, intentionally, and thoughtfully to ensure that each inexemental change made to Vermont's public education system provides strength and support to its only constitutionally required governmental service.
 - (2) It is further the intent of the General Assembly to:
- (A) in the 2026 session, enact new, large, school district boundaries and begin the process to create voting wards within each school district to ensure school board membership is apportioned in such a manner as to achieve substantially equal weighting of the votes of all voters in the election of school board members;
- (B) provide or enable the provision of the necessary staffing, resources, and support to the Agency of Education, the Secretary of State's Office, town cierks, and other integral parties to the election system to hold the

first school board member elections within the newly created school districts in November 2028; and

- (C) provide or enable the provision of the necessary staffing, resources, and support to the Agency of Education, State Board of Education, and other integral parties to ensure that the necessary guidance and funding is in place to allow for a smooth and successful transition between the operation of Vermont's current 119 school districts to the new, larger school districts, with new school districts assuming responsibility for the education of all resident students on July 1, 2020.
 - * * * Commission on the Future of Public Education * * *
- Sec. 2. 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 18\square Sec. 1 is amended to read:

Sec. 1. THE COMMISSION ON THE FYTURE OF PUBLIC EDUCATION; REPORTS

(a) Creation. There is hereby created the Commission on the Future of Public Education in Vermont. The right to education is fundamental for the success of Vermont's children in a rapidly changing society and global marketplace as well as for the State's own economic and social prosperity. The Commission shall study the provision of education in Vermont and make recommendations for a statewide vision for Vermont's public education system to ensure that all students are afforded substantially equal educational opportunities in an efficient, sustainable, and stable education system. The

necessary to make Vermont's educational vision a reality for all Vermont students

- (b) Membership. The Commission shall be composed of the following members and, to the extent possible, the members shall represent the State's geographic, gender, racial, and ethnic diversity:
- (1) <u>Voting members. The following members shall be voting members of</u> the Commission:
 - (A) the Secretary of Elucation or designee;
 - (2)(B) the Chair of the State Roard of Education or designee;
 - (3)(C) the Tax Commissioner or designee;
- (4)(D) one current member of the Rouse of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House;
- (5)(E) one current member of the Senate, appointed by the Committee on Committees;
- (6) (F) one representative from the Vermont School Boards Association (VSBA), appointed by the VSBA Executive Director;
- (7) (G) one representative from the Vermont Principals' Association (VPA), appointed by the VPA Executive Director;
- (8)(H) one representative from the Vermont Superintendents Association (VSA), appointed by the VSA Executive Director,

- $\frac{(0)(1)}{(1)}$ one representative from the Vermont National Education (Association (VTNEA), appointed by the VTNEA Executive Director;
- (10)(J) one representative from the Vermont Association of School Business Officials (VASBO) with experience in school construction projects, appointed by the President of VASBO;
- (H)(K) the Chair of the Census-Based Funding Advisory Group, created under 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173;
- $\frac{(12)(L)}{L}$ the Executive Director of the Vermont Rural Education Collaborative; and
- (13)(M) one representative from the Vermont Independent Schools Association (VISA), appointed by the President of VISA.
- (2) Nonvoting members. The following members shall be nonvoting members of the Commission who shall be appointed on or before July 15, 2025 and all of whom shall have extensive experience working within the Vermont public education system. Appointing authorities shall coordinate to ensure that, to the extent possible, each of the five nonvoting members represents a different geographic region of the State.
- (A) Two members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House, one of whom shall be a retired or former Vermont superintendent of a supervisory union with multiple member school districts and one of whom shall

former school board member.

- (B) Two members shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees one of whom shall be a retired or former Vermont superintendent and one of whom shall be a retired or former Vermont school business manager.
- (C) One member shall be appointed by the Governor and shall be a retired or former Vermont superintendent.
- shall appoint two members of the Commission, the Committee on Committees shall appoint two members of the Commission, and the Governor shall appoint two members of the Commission, and the Governor shall appoint two members of the Commission to serve as members of a steering group. The steering group shall provide leadership to the Commission and shall work with a consultant or consultants to analyze the issues, challenges, and opportunities facing Vermont's public education system, as well as develop and propose a work plan to formalize the process through which the Commission shall seek to achieve its final recommendations. The formal work plan shall be approved by a majority of the Commission members. The steering group shall form a subcommittee of the Commission to address education finance topics in greater depth and may form one or more additional subcommittees of the Commission to address other key topics in greater depth, as necessary. The steering group

may appoint non Commission members to the education finance subcommittee All other subcommittees shall be composed solely of Commission members.

- (d) Vollaboration and information review.
- (1) The Commission shall may seek input from and collaborate with key stakeholders, as directed by the steering group. At a minimum, the Commission shall consult with:
 - (A) the Department of Mental Health;
 - (B) the Department of Labor;
 - (C) the President of the University of Vermont or designee;
- (D) the Chancellor of the Vermont State Colleges Corporation or designee;
- (E) a representative from the Prekindergarten Education Implementation Committee;
 - (F) the Office of Racial Equity;
- (G) a representative with expertise in the Community Schools model in Vermont;
 - (H) the Vermont Youth Council;
 - (I) the Commission on Public School Employee Health Benefits; and
 - (J) an organization committed to ensuring equal representation and

educanonai equny.

- (2) The Commission shall also review and take into consideration existing educational laws and policy, including legislative reports the Commission deems relevant to its work and, at a minimum, 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 46, 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 127, and 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 76.
- (e) Duties of the Commission. The Commission shall study Vermont's public education system and make recommendations to ensure all students are afforded quality educational opportunities in an efficient, sustainable, and equitable education system that will enable students to achieve the highest academic outcomes. The result of the Commission's work shall be a recommendation for a statewide vision for Vermont's public education system, with recommendations for the policy changes necessary to make Vermont's educational vision a reality recommendations for the State-level education governance system, including the roles and responsibilities of the Agency of Education and the State Board of Education. In creating and making its recommendations, the Commission shall engage in the following:
- (1) Public engagement. The Commission shall conduct not fewer than 14 public meetings to inform the work required under this section. It least one meeting of the Commission as a whole or a subcommittee of the Commission shall be held in each county. The Commission shall publish a draft of its final recommendations on or before October 1, 2023, solicit public feedback, and

final recommendations to the General Assembly, the Commission shall include all public feedback received as an addendum to its final report. The public feedback process shall include:

- (A) a minimum 30-day public comment period, during which time the Commission shall accept written comments from the public and stakeholders; and
- (B) a public outreach plan that maximizes public engagement and includes notice of the availability of language assistance services when requested.
- (2) Policy considerations. In developing its recommendations, the Commission shall consider and prioritize the following topics:
- (A) Governance, resources, and administration. The Commission shall study and make recommendations regarding education governance at the State level, including the role of the Agency of Education in the provision of services and support for the education system. Recommendations under this subdivision (A) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (i) whether changes need to be made to the structure of the Agency of Education, including whether it better serves the recommended education vision of the State as an agency or a department;
 - (ii) what are the staffing needs of the Agency of Education,

- (iii) whether changes need to be made to the composition, role and function of the State Board of Education to better serve the recommended education vision of the State; and
- (iv) what roles, functions, or decisions should be a function of local control and what roles, functions, or decisions should be a function of control at the State Lyel; and
- (v) the effective integration of career and technical education in the recommended education vision of the State.
- (B) Physical size and footprint of the education system. The Commission shall study and make recommendations regarding how the unique geographical and socioeconomic needs of different communities should factor into the provision of education in Vermont, taking into account and building upon the recommendations of the State Aid to School Construction Working Group. Recommendations under this subdivision (B) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (i) an analysis and recommendation for the most efficient and effective number and location of school buildings, school arstricts, and supervisory unions needed to achieve Vermont's vision for education, provided that if there is a recommendation for any change, the recommendation Shall metude an implementation plan,

- (ii) an analysis of the capacity and ability to staff all public schools with a qualified workforce, driven by data on class-size recommendations;
- (iii) analysis of whether, and if so, how, collaboration with Vermont's postsecondary schools may support the development and retention of a qualified educator workforce;
- (iv) an analysis of the current town tuition program and whether, and if so, what, changes are necessary to meet Vermont's vision for education, including the legal and financial impact of funding independent schools and other private institutions, including consideration of the following:
- (I) the role designation, under 16 V.S.A. § 827, should play in the delivery of public education; and
- (II) the financial impact to the Education Fund of public dollars being used in schools located outside Vermont; and
- (v) an analysis of the current use of private therapeutic schools in the provision of special education services and whether and if so, what, changes are necessary to meet Vermont's special education needs, including the legal and financial impact of funding private therapeutic schools.

 [Repealed.]
- (C) The role of public schools. The Commission shall study and

Recommendations under this subdivision (C) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- (i) how public education in Vermont should be delivered;
- (ii) whether Vermont's vision for public education shall include the provision of wrap around supports and collocation of services;
- (iii) whether, and if so, how, collaboration with Vermont's postsecondary schools may support and strengthen the delivery of public education; and
- (iv) what the consequences are for the Commission's recommendations regarding the role of public schools and other service providers, including what the role of public schools means for staffing, funding, and any other affected system, with the goal of most efficiently utilizing State funds and services and maximizing federal funding. [Repealed.]
- (D) Education finance system. The Commission shall explore the efficacy and potential equity gains of changes to the education finance system, including weighted educational opportunity payments as a method to fund public education. The Commission's recommendations shall be interded to result in an education funding system designed to afford substantially equal access to a quality basic education for all vermont students in accordance with

State v. Reigham, 166 Vt. 246 (1007). Recommendations under this subdivision (D) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- (i) allowable uses for the Education Fund that shall ensure sustainable and equitable use of State funds;
- (ii) the method for setting tax rates to sustain allowable uses of the Education Fund;
- (iii) whether, and if so, what, alternative funding models would create a more affordable, sustainable, and equitable education finance system in Vermont, including the consideration of a statutory, formal base amount of per pupil education spending and whether school districts should be allowed to spend above the base amount;
- (iv) adjustments to the excess spending threshold, including recommendations that target specific types of spending;
- (v) the implementation of education spending caps on different services, including administrative and support services and categorical aid;
- (vi) how to strengthen the understanding and connection between school budget votes and property tax bills;
- (vii) adjustments to the property tax credit thresholds to better much need to the benefit,

(viii) a system for ongoing manitoring of the Education Fund and Vermont's education finance system, to include consideration of a standing Education Fund advisory committee;

- (ix) an analysis of the impact of healthcare <u>health care</u> costs on the Education Fund, including recommendations for whether, and if so, what, changes need to be made to contain costs; and
- (x) implementation details for any recommended changes to the education funding system. [Repealed.]
- (E) Additional considerations. The Commission may consider any other topic, factor, or issue that it deems relevant to its work and recommendations.
- (f) Reports. The Commission shall prepare and submit to the General Assembly the following:
- (1) a formal, written work plan, which shall include a communication plan to maximize public engagement, on or before September 15, 2024;
- (2) a written report containing its preliminary findings and recommendations, including short-term cost containment considerations for the 2025 legislative session, on or before December 15, 2024; <u>and</u>
- (3) a written report containing its final findings and recommendations for a statewide vision for Vermont's public education system and the policy

of his section, on or before December 1, 2025; and

proposed legislative language to advance any recommendations for the education funding system on or before December 15, 2025.

- (g) Assistance. The Agency of Education shall contract with one or more independent consultants or facilitators to provide technical and legal assistance to the Commission for the work required under this section. For the purposes of scheduling meetings and providing administrative assistance, the Commission shall have the assistance of the Agency of Education. The Agency shall also provide the educational and financial data necessary to facilitate the work of the Commission. School districts shall comply with requests from the Agency to assist in data collections.
 - (h) Meetings.
- (1) The Secretary of Education shall call the first meeting of the Commission to occur on or before July 15, 2024.
- (2) The Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore shall jointly select a Commission chair.
 - (3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
- (4) Meetings shall be conducted in accordance with Vermont's Open Meeting Law pursuant to 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 2.
 - (3) The Commission shall cease to exist on December 31, 2023.

- (i) Comparation and wimbursament. Mambers of the Commission shall be intitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than 30 meetings, including subcommittee meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Agency of Education.
- (j) School district boundary subcommittee. There is created a subcommittee of the Commission to be composed of the five nonvoting members of the Commission that shall determine the most efficient number of school districts and proposed boundary lines, based on educational research; Vermont's geographic and cultural landscape; historic attendance patterns; and a comprehensive analysis of school locations, conditions, and capacity.
 - (1) Duties of the district boundaries succommittee.
- (A) The subcommittee shall recommend not more than three school district boundary proposals to the General Assembly. The proposed school district boundaries shall:
 - (i) increase equitable access to educational oppor unity;
- (ii) maximize opportunities for modern, regional middle and high schools, with the least disruption to students;
- (iii) provide access to education for their resident student in grades kindergarien through 12,

- (iv) provide access to earner and technical education (CTE) for all eligible students;
- (v) to the extent practical, not separate towns within school districts as those boundaries exist on July 1, 2025;
- (vi) to the extent practical, consider the availability of regional services for students, such as designated agencies, and how those services would integrate into the new proposed school district boundaries;
- (vii) to the extent practical, result in school districts with a minimum average daily membership of approximately 4,000 students; and
- (viii) to the extent practical, consider historic attendance patterns in geographic areas that do not operate public schools at all grade levels from kindergarten through grade 12.
- (B) The subcommittee may consider and make recommendations for the optimal location of schools, including CTE programs, to meet the requirements contained in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1).
- (C) The subcommittee shall provide regular updates to the Commission regarding its work.
- (D) The subcommittee shall have the sole authority to determine the contents of the report and maps required under subdivision (4) of this subsection (j). The Commission may provide us own comments to the

advandum to the report of the subcommittee or as a separate report.

- Public engagement. The district boundary subcommittee shall engage and coordinate with the Commission's public engagement subcommittee and the public engagement consultant to maximize public input and feedback regarding the development of the proposed new school district boundaries.
- (3) Assistance. The district boundary subcommittee shall have the assistance of the Agency of Digital Services, Vermont Center for Geographic Information, which may also retain the services of one or more independent third parties to provide facilitation and mediation services to the subcommittee.
- (4) Report and maps. On or before December 1, 2025, the district boundary subcommittee shall submit the following to the House and Senate Committees on Education, the House Committee on Sovernment Operations and Military Affairs, the Senate Committee on Government Operation, the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance:
- (A) Report. The district boundary subcommittee shall submit a written report with the subcommittee's proposed new school district boundaries. The report shall detail how each proposed option meets the requirements of subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection (j).

- (B) Maps The subcommittee shall also submit detailed maps for each school district boundary proposal, which, in addition to the school district boundaries themselves, shall include:
- (i) average daily membership for each proposed school district for the 2023–2024 school year;
 - (ii) the member towns for each school district;
- (iii) the location of public schools and nontherapeutic approved independent schools that are eligible to receive public tuition as of July 1, 2025, and the grades operated by each of those schools;
 - (iv) the five-year facility condition index score for each school;
 - (v) PCB testing score for each school; and
- (vi) 10-year change in enrollment between 2013 and 2023 for each school.

* * * Scale * * *

Sec. 3. SCALE; INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to transform education in Vermont by leveraging attainable and research-based scale to increase equity of opportunity and promote efficiency and affordability.

Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 165 is amended to read:

§ 165. EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS; EQUAL EDUCATIONAL

OLI ORTONITIES, INDELENDENT SCHOOL WIEETING

EDUCATION OUALITY STANDARDS

(x) In order to carry out Vermont's policy that all Vermont children will be afforded educational opportunities that are substantially equal in quality, each Vermont public school, including each career technical center, shall meet the following education quality standards:

* * *

- (9) The school complies with average class size minimum standards; provided, however, that when class size minimums apply to content areas, an individual class may be smaller than the minimum average. As used in this subdivision, "content area" means a group of courses within a specific licensing endorsement area.
 - (A) Class size standards.
- (i) The average class size minimum for kindergarten classes shall be 12 students.
- (ii) The average class size minimum for grades one through four shall be 15 students.
- (iii) The average class size minimum for grades five it rough 12 in all required content area classes shall be 18 students.
- (iv) Multiage classrooms for grades kindergarten through eight shall be ilmited to two grade levels per classroom.

- courses, advanced placement courses, courses that require specialized equipment, and driver's education classes shall be excluded from the class size minimum requirements in this subdivision (9). Small group services for the purpose of providing special education, supplemental or targeted academic intervention, or English learner instruction shall also be excluded from the class size minimum requirements in this subdivision (9).
- (vi) Class sizes shall not exceed the maximum occupancy limits established by local and State fire codes, including egress and safety requirements.
- (B) Waivers. If a school board determines that it operates a school that is unable to comply with the class size minimum standards due to geographic isolation, or a school has developed an implementation plan to meet the standards contained in this subdivision (9) that may include consolidation or merger, the school board may ask the State Board of Education to grant it waiver from this subdivision (9). The State Board shall define what qualifies as geographic isolation in its rules adopted pursuant to subdivision (a)(3) of this section. The State Board's decision shall be final.
- (C) State Board action. If the Secretary determines that a school is not meeting the class size minimum standards set forth in this subdivision (9)

(b) of this section, regardless of whether the school is meeting all other education quality standards. The State Board shall then follow the procedure of subsection (c) of this section.

- (b) Annually, the Secretary shall determine whether students in each Vermont public school are provided educational opportunities substantially equal to those provided in other public schools. If the Secretary determines that a school is not meeting the education quality standards listed in subsection (a) of this section or that the school is making insufficient progress in improving student performance in relation to the standards for student performance set forth in subdivision 164(2) of this title, he or she the Secretary shall describe in writing actions that a discrict must take in order to meet either or both sets of standards and shall provide technical assistance to the school. If the school fails to meet the standards or make sufficient progress within two years of following the determination, the Secretary shall recommend to the State Board one or more of the following actions:
- (1) the Agency continue to provide technical assistance for one more cycle of review;
- (2) the State Board adjust supervisory union boundaries or responsibilities of the superimendency pursuant to section 201 of this title,

- (3) the Secretary assume administrative control of an individual school school district, or supervisory union, including budgetary control to ensure sound financial practices, only to the extent necessary to correct deficiencies;
- (4) The State Board close an individual school or schools and require that the school district pay tuition to another public school or an approved independent school pursuant to chapter 21 of this title; or
- (5) the State Board require two or more school districts to consolidate their governance structures.
- (c) The State Board, after offering the school board an opportunity for a hearing, shall either dismiss the Secretary's recommendation or order that one or more of the actions listed in subsection (b) of this section be taken. The action ordered by the State Board shall be the least intrusive consistent with the need to provide students attending the school substantially equal educational opportunities. A school board aggrieved by an order of the State Board may appeal the order in accordance with the Rures of Civil Procedure.

* * *

(e) If the Secretary determines at any time that the failure of a school to meet the education quality standards listed in subsection (a) of this section is severe or pervasive, potentially results in physical or emotional narm to students or significant deprivation of equal education opportunities, and the school has either unreasonably refused to remedy the problem or us efforts

Board one or more of the actions listed in subsection (b) of this section. The State Board shall then follow the procedure of subsection (c) of this section.

* * *

(g) In addition to the education quality standards provided in subsection (a) of this section, each Vermont school district shall meet the school district quality standards adopted by rule of the Agency of Education regarding the business, facilities management, and governance practices of school districts. These standards shall include a process for school district quality reviews to be conducted by the Agency of Education. Annually, the Secretary shall publish metrics regarding the outcomes of school district quality reviews.

Sec. 5. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH EDNCATION QUALITY STANDARDS; STATE BOARD ACTION

Notwithstanding 16 V.S.A. § 165(b)(4) and (5) and any other provision of law to the contrary, the State Board shall be prohibited from ordering school district consolidation or school consolidation if a school fails to comply with class size minimum education quality standards and the resulting consolidation would result in school construction costs in excess of the applicable district's capital reserve account until the General Assembly establishes new school district boundaries and takes further action regarding the consequences for failure to meet education quality standards.

See 6 STATE ROADD OF FOUCATIONS BUILTS DEPORT

(v) Rules.

(1) The State Board of Education shall initiate rulemaking to amend the Education Quality Standards rule 2000 series, Agency of Education, Education Quality Standards (22-000-003), pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25:

- (A) on or before August 1, 2026, to ensure compliance with the class size minimum standards set pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 165(a)(9); and
- (B) On or before July 1, 2027, to adopt standards for statewide proficiency-based graduation requirements based on standards adopted by the State Board and recommendations from the Agency of Education.
- (2) On or before August 1, 2026, the State Board of Education shall initiate rulemaking to amend the approved independent school rule 2200 series, Agency of Education, Independent School Program Approval (22-000-004), pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, to require approved independent schools that intend to accept public tuition to comply with the class size minimum standards set pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 165(a)(9). The amenaments shall also create a process for review by the State Board for failure to meet the class size minimum requirements and the corresponding actions the Board may take for such noncompliance; provided, however, that the Board shall provide an approved independent school a substantially similar opportunity to come into

public school.

(b) Report. On or before December 1, 2025, the State Board of Education shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Education with proposed standards for schools to be deemed "small by necessity."

Sec. 7. SCHOOL SIZE, INTENT

- (a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to encourage the efficient use of public funds to modernize school infrastructure to deliver identified 21st century educational goals.
- (b) It is further the intent of the General Assembly that each public school operating grades six through 12, or some subset of those grades, shall have a minimum average daily membership of at least 450 students, at least in part by providing a robust State aid for school construction program that is driven by standards for quality for public schools, geographic accessibility, statewide enrollment trends, and capacity and scale that support substantially equal educational opportunities for all Vermont students.

Sec. 8. PROHIBITION ON SCHOOL CLOSURE AND TRANSITION TO PAYING TUITION

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a school district stall be prohibited from closing an existing public school and then providing for the

public or approved independent school chosen by the parents of the district's students. If a school district that closes an existing public school is unable to provide for the education of its affected resident students in a different school or schools operated by the district, the school district shall provide for the education of its resident students by designating three or fewer public schools to serve as the public school or schools of the district, in accordance with the process contained in 16 V.S. 4. § 827.

Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 3440 is add d to read:

§ 3440. STATEMENT OF POLICI

It is the intent of this chapter to encourage the efficient use of public funds to modernize school infrastructure in arignment with current educational needs. School construction projects supported by this chapter should be developed taking consideration of standards of quarity for public schools under section 165 of this title and prioritizing cost, geographic accessibility, 21st century education facilities standards, statewide enrollment trends, and capacity and scale that support best educational practices. Further, it is the intent of this chapter to encourage the use of existing infrastructure to meet the needs of Vermont students. Joint construction projects between two or more school districts and consolidation of buildings within a district where feasible and educationally appropriate are encouraged.

See 10 16 US 1 & 2112 is added to ward.

§ 3 42. STATE AID FOR SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

The Agency of Education shall be responsible for implementing the State

Aid for School Construction Program according to the provisions of this

chapter. The Agency shall be responsible for:

- (1) reviewing all preliminary applications for State school construction aid and issuing an approval or denial in accordance with section 3445 of this chapter;
- (2) adopting rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 pertaining to school construction and capital outlay, including rules to specify a point prioritization methodology and a bonus incentive structure aligned with the legislative intent expressed in section 3440 of this title;
- (3) including as part of its budget submitted to the Governor pursuant to subdivision 212(21) of this title its annual school construction funding request;
- (4) developing a prequalification and review process for project delivery consultants and architecture and engineering firms specializing in prekindergarten through grade 12 school design, renovation, or construction and maintaining a list of such prequalified firms and consultants;
- (5) providing technical assistance and guidance to school districts and supervisory unions on all phases of school capital projects,

- (6) providing technical advice and assistance, training, and education to school districts, supervisory unions, general contractors, subcontractors, construction or project managers, designers, and other vendors in the planning, maintenance, and establishment of school facility space;
- (7) maintaining a current list of school construction projects that have received preliminary approval, projects that have received final approval, and the priority points awarded to each project;
- (8) collecting, maintaining, and making publicly available quarterly progress reports of all ongoing school construction projects that shall include, at a minimum, the costs of the project and the time schedule of the project;
- (9) recommending policies and procedures designed to reduce borrowing for school construction programs at both State and local levels;
- (10) conducting a needs survey at least every five years to ascertain the capital construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and other capital needs for all public schools and maintaining such data in a publicly accessible format;
- (11) developing a formal enrollment projection wodel or using projection models already available;
- (12) encouraging school districts and supervisory unions to investigate opportunities for the maximum utilization of space in and around the district or supervisory union,

- (13) collecting and maintaining a clearinghouse of prototypical school plans, as appropriate, that may be consulted by eligible applicants;
- (1.4) retaining the services of consultants, as necessary, to effectuate the roles and responsibilities listed within this section; and
- (15) not vithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), annually on or before December

 15, submitting a written report to the General Assembly regarding the status

 and implementation of the State Aid for School Construction Program,

 including the data required to be collected pursuant to this section.

Sec. 11. 16 V.S.A. § 3443 is added to read:

§ 3443. STATE AID FOR SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION ADVISORY BOARD

(a) Creation. There is hereby created the State Aid for School Construction

Advisory Board, which shall advise the Agency on the implementation of the

State Aid for School Construction Program in accordance with the provisions

of this chapter, including the adoption of rules, setting of statewide priorities,

criteria for project approval, and recommendations for project approval and

prioritization.

(b) Membership.

(1) Composition. The Board shall be composed of the following eight members:

(A) Jour members who shall serve as ex officio members.

- (i) the State Tuescurer or decigned:
- (ii) the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services or designed:
- <u>(iii) the Executive Director of the Vermont Bond Bank or</u>

 <u>designee; and</u>
 - (iv) the Chair of the State Board of Education or designee; and
- (B) four members, none of whom shall be a current member of the General Assembly, who shall serve four-year terms as follows:
- (i) two members, appointed by the Speaker of the House, each of whom shall have expertise in education or construction, real estate, or finance and one of whom shall represent a supervisory union; and
- (ii) two members, appointed by the Committee on Committees, each of whom shall have expertise in education of construction, real estate, or finance and one of whom shall be an educator.
 - (2) Members with four-year terms.
- (A) A member with a term limit shall serve a term of four years and until a successor is appointed. A term shall begin on January 1 of the year of appointment and run through December 31 of the last year of the term. Terms of these members shall be staggered so that not all terms expire at the same time.

- (B) A vacancy created before the expiration of a term shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the unexpired portion of the term.
- (C) A member with a term limit shall not serve more than two consecutive term. A member appointed to fill a vacancy created before the expiration of a term shall not be deemed to have served a term for the purpose of this subdivision (C).
- (c) Duties. The Board shall advise the Agency on the implementation of the State Aid for School Construction Program in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, including:
 - (1) rules pertaining to school construction and capital outlay;
 - (2) project priorities;
- (3) proposed legislation the Board deems desirable or necessary related to the State Aid for School Construction Program, the provisions of this chapter, and any related laws;
- (4) policies and procedures designed to reduce borrowing for school construction programs at both State and local levels;
- (5) development of a formal enrollment projection model or the consideration of using projection models already available,

- (6) processes and procedures necessary to apply for receive, administer and comply with the conditions and requirements of any grant, gift, appropriation of property, services, or monies;
- (7) We collection and maintenance of a clearinghouse of prototypical school plans that may be consulted by eligible applicants and recommended incentives to utilize such prototypes;
- (8) the determination of eligible cost components of projects for funding or reimbursement, including partial or full eligibility for project components for which the benefit is shared between the school and other municipal and community entities;
- (9) development of a long-term vision for a statewide capital plan in accordance with needs and projected funding;
- (10) collection and maintenance of data on all public school facilities in the State, including information on size, usage, expollment, available facility space, and maintenance;
- (11) advising districts on the use of a needs survey to ascertain the capital construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and other capital needs for schools across the State; and
- (12) encouraging school districts and supervisory unions to investigate opportunities for the maximum utilization of space in and around the district or supervisory union.

- (d) Mootings
- (1) The State Treasurer shall call the first meeting of the Board to occur on or before January 1, 2026.
 - (2) The Board shall select a chair from among its members.
 - (3) A maj rity of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
 - (4) The Board shall meet not more than six times per year.
- (e) Assistance. The Board shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Education.
- (f) Compensation and reimcursement. Members of the Board shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than xix meetings per year.
- Sec. 12. PROSPECTIVE REPEAL OF STATE AID FOR SCHOOL

 CONSTRUCTION ADVISORY BOARD
- 16 V.S.A. § 3443 (State Aid for School Construction Advisory Board) is repealed on July 1, 2035.
- Sec. 13. 16 V.S.A. § 3444 is added to read:
- § 3444. SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION AID SPECIAL FUND
- (a) Creation. There is created the School Construction Aid Special Fund, to be administered by the Agency of Education. Monies in the Fund shall be used for the purposes of.

- (1) awarding aid to school construction projects under section 3115 of this title;
- (2) awarding grants through the Facilities Master Plan Grant Program established in section 3441 of this title;
- (3) funding administrative costs of the State Aid for School Construction

 Program; and
 - (4) awarding emergency aid under section 3445 of this title.
 - (b) Funds. The Fund shall consist of:
- (1) any amounts transferred or appropriated to it by the General Assembly; and
 - (2) any interest earned by the Fund
- Sec. 14. 16 V.S.A. § 3445 is added to read:
- § 3445. APPROVAL AND FUNDING OF SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

 PROJECTS
 - (a) Construction aid.
- (1) Preliminary application for construction aid. A school district eligible for assistance under section 3447 of this title that intends to construct or purchase a new school, or make extensive additions or alterations to its existing school, and desires to avail itself of State school construction aid Shall submit a written preliminary application to the Secretary. A preliminary

application shall include information required by the Agency by rule and shall specify the need for and purpose of the project.

- Approval of preliminary application.
- (A) When reviewing a preliminary application for approval, the Secretary shall consider:
- (i) regional educational opportunities and needs, including school

 building capacities cross school district boundaries, and available

 infrastructure in neighboring communities;
 - (ii) economic efficiencies;
- (iii) the suitability of an existing school building to continue to meet educational needs; and
 - (iv) statewide educational initiatives.
 - (B) The Secretary may approve a preliminary application if:
- (i)(I) the project or part of the project fulfills a need occasioned by:
- (aa) conditions that threaten the health or safety of students or employees;
- (bb) facilities that are inadequate to provide programs required by State or federal law or regulation;
- (cc) excessive energy use resulting from the design of a

(dd) deterioration of an existing huilding: or

- (II) the project results in consolidation of two or more school buildings and will serve the educational needs of students in a more cost-effective and educationally appropriate manner as compared to individual projects constructed separately;
- (ii) the need addressed by the project cannot reasonably be met by another means;
- (iii) the proposed type, kind, quality, size, and estimated cost of the project are suitable for the proposed curriculum and meet all legal standards;
- (iv) the applicant achieves the level of "proficiency" in the school district quality standards regarding facilities management adopted by rule by the Agency; and
- (v) the applicant has completed a facilities master planning process that:
 - (I) engages robust community involvement;
 - (II) considers regional solutions;
 - (III) evaluates environmental contaminants; and
- (IV) produces a facilities master plan that unives the applicant's vision statement, educational needs, enrollment projections, renovation needs, and construction projects.

- (3) Priorities Following approval of a preliminary application and provided that the district has voted funds or authorized a bond for the total estimated cost of a project, the Agency, with the advice of the State Aid for School Construction Advisory Board, shall assign points to the project as prescribed by rule of the Agency so that the project can be placed on a priority list based on the number of points received.
- (4) Request for Legislative appropriation. The Agency shall submit its annual school construction funding request to the Governor as part of its budget pursuant to subdivision 212(21) of this title. Following submission of the Governor's recommended buaget to the General Assembly pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 306, the House Committee on Education and the Senate Committee on Education shall recommend a total school construction appropriation for the next fiscal year to the General Assembly.
 - (5) Final approval for construction aid.
- (A) Unless approved by the Secretary for good cause in advance of commencement of construction, a school district shall not begin construction before the Secretary approves a final application. A school district may submit a written final application to the Secretary at any time following approval of a preliminary application.
- (B) The Secretary may approve a final application for a project provided that.

- (i) the project has received preliminary approval
- (ii) the district has voted funds or authorized a bond for the total estimated cost of the project;
- supervision by persons competent in the building trades;
- (iv) the district has provided for construction financing of the project during a period prescribed by the Agency;
 - (v) the project has otherwise met the requirements of this chapter;
- (vi) if the proposed project includes a playground, the project includes a requirement that the design and construction of playground equipment follow the guidelines set forth in the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission Handbook for Public Playground Sufety; and
- (vii) if the total estimated cost of the proposed project is less than \$50,000.00, no performance bond or irrevocable letter of credit shall be required.
- (C) The Secretary may provide that a grant for a high school project is conditioned upon the agreement of the recipient to provide high school instruction for any high school pupil living in an area prescribed by the Agency who may elect to attend the school.

- (D) A district may begin construction upon receipt of final approval.

 However, a district shall not be reimbursed for debt incurred due to borrowing of funds in anticipation of aid under this section.
 - (6) Avard of construction aid.
- (A) The base amount of an award shall be 20 percent of the eligible debt service cost of a project. Projects are eligible for additional bonus incentives as specified in rule for up to an additional 20 percent of the eligible debt service cost.
- (B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (6), "eligible debt service cost" of a project means the product of the lifetime cost of the bond authorized for the project and the ratio of the approved cost of a project to the total cost of the project.
- (b) Emergency aid. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Secretary may grant aid for a project the Secretary deems to be an emergency in the amount of 30 percent of eligible project costs, up to a maximum eligible total project cost of \$300,000.00.

Sec. 15. 16 V.S.A. § 3446 is added to read:

§ 3446. APPEAL

Any municipal corporation as defined in section 3447 of this title aggricved by an order, allocation, or award of the Agency of Education may, within 50

days, appeal to the Superior Court in the county in which the project is located.

- Sec. 16. TRANSFER OF RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; TRANSFER OF RULES
- (a) The standard authority to adopt rules by the State Board of Education pertaining to school construction and capital outlay adopted under 16 V.S.A. § 3448(e) and 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 is transferred from the State Board of Education to the Agency of Education.
- (b) All rules pertaining to school construction and capital outlay adopted by the State Board of Education wader 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 prior to July 1, 2026 shall be deemed the rules of the Agency of Education and remain in effect until amended or repealed by the Agency of Education pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.
- (c) The Agency of Education shall provide notice of the transfer to the Secretary of State and the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules in accordance with 3 V.S.A. § 848(d)(2).

Sec. 17. REPEALS

- (a) 16 V.S.A. § 3448 (approval of funding of school construction projects; renewable energy) is repealed on July 1 2026.
 - (b) 16 V.S.A. § 3448a (appeal) is repealed on July 1, 2026.

Sec. 10. 10 v.S.A. y 020 is amenaea io reaa.

S 222 THITION TO ADDROVED SCHOOLS: ACE: ADDEAL

- (a) A school district shall not pay the tuition of a student except to:
 - 🚺 a public school, <u>located in Vermont;</u>
 - (2) ar approved independent school, that:
 - (A) is located in Vermont;
- (B) is approved under section 166 of this title on or before July 1, 2025;
- (C) has at least \$1 percent of its student enrollment composed of students attending on a district funded tuition basis pursuant to chapter 21 of this title as of July 1, 2025; and
- (D) complies with the minimum class size requirements contained in subdivision 165(a)(9) of this title and State Board rule; provided, however, that if a school is unable to comply with the class size minimum standards due to geographic isolation or a school has developed in implementation plan to meet the class size minimum requirements, the school way ask the State Board to grant it a waiver from this subdivision (D), which decision shall be final;
 - (3) an independent school meeting education quality standards;
 - (4) a tutorial program approved by the State Board;
 - (5) an approved education program, or;
- (6) an independent school in another state or country approved under the laws of that state or country, that compiles with the reporting requirement

under subsection 1010(e) of this title, a public school located in another state;
or

- (a) a therapeutic approved independent school located in Vermont or another state or country that is approved under the laws of that state or country.
- (b) nor shall payment Payment of tuition on behalf of a person shall not be denied on account of age.
- (c) Unless otherwise provided, a person who is aggrieved by a decision of a school board relating to eligibility for tuition payments, the amount of tuition payable, or the school the person way attend, may appeal to the State Board and its decision shall be final.
- (d) As used in this section, "therapertic approved independent school" means an approved independent school that limits enrollment for publicly funded students residing in Vermont to students who are on an individualized education program or plan under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, or who are enrolled pursuant to a written agreement between a local education agency and the school or pursuant to a court order.

 Sec. 19. TUITION TRANSITION

A school district that pays tuition pursuant to the provisions of N. V.S.A. chapter 21 in effect on June 30, 2025 shall continue to pay tuition on behalf of a resident student enrolled for the 2024–2023 school year in or who has been

inaspendent school subject to the provisions of 16 V.S.A. § 828 in effect on June 36, 2025, until such time as the student graduates from that school.

* * * Statewide Cohesion * * *

Sec. 20. STATLWIDE COHESION; INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to consolidate structures and systems that are foundational to the administration of education.

Sec. 21. AGENCY OF EDUCATION; SCHOOL CALENDAR; GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS; REPORT

(a) Statewide graduation requirements. On or before January 1, 2026, the Agency of Education shall recommend to the State Board of Education standards for statewide proficiency-based graduation requirements based on standards adopted by the State Board.

(b) Statewide school calendar.

- (1) On or before January 15, 2027, the Secretary of Education shall develop and publish a statewide calendar for the public schools of the State, including career and technical centers, that shall be in effect in the 2028–2029 academic year and after.
- (2) On or before January 15, 2027, the Secretary shall present to the House and Senate Committees on Education a list of the statutory amendments necessary to effect the intent of this subsection.

- (c) Pepart On or before December 1 2025, the Agency of Education shall submit a written report and recommended legislative language, as applicable, to the Avuse and Senate Committees on Education with the following:
- (1) In consultation with educators and administrators, a proposed implementation plan for statewide financial data and student information systems.
- (2) Recommendations for a school construction division within the Agency of Education, including position descriptions and job duties for each position within the division, a detailed description of the assistance the division would provide to the field, and the overall role the Agency would play within a State aid to school construction program.
- (3) A progress report regarding the development of clear, unambiguous guidance that would be provided to school officials and school board members regarding the business processes and transactions that would need to occur to facilitate school district mergers into larger, consolidated school districts, including the merging of data systems, asset and liability transfers, and how to address collective bargaining agreements for both educators and staff. The report shall include a detailed description of how the Agency will provide support and consolidation assistance to the field in each of these areas and an

estimate of the costs associated with such work.

(1) In consultation with superintendents directors of therapeutic inaccendent schools, special education directors, and, in the opinion of the Agency, other experts, recommendations for the need for cooperative education services and the oversight of therapeutic schools within the school governance framework both at a state and local level.

* * * State-Level Governance * * *

Sec. 22. STATE-LEVEL GOVERNANCE; INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to ensure that the State Board of Education is the independent, transparent, and public facing body for public education and to ensure the Board maintains its ability provide an important outlet for the public to engage in the rulemaking process and regularly provide public comment regarding the state of Vermont's education system.

Sec. 23. 16 V.S.A. § 161 is amended to read:

§ 161. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION; APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS; TERM; VACANCY

The State Board shall consist of ten 10 members. Two of the members shall be secondary students, one of whom shall be a full member and the other of whom shall be a junior member who may not vote. All Eight members shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senant One member shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House and one member shall be appointed by the Senate Commutees. In the appointment of

the nonetudent members, priority shall be given to the selection of persons with a demonstrated commitment to ensuring quality education for Vermont students. To the extent possible, the members shall represent the State's geographic, gender, racial, and ethnic diversity. The Secretary shall serve on the State Boarasas a nonvoting member.

- (1) Upon the expiration of the respective terms of those members of the Board previously appointed, excluding the student members, the Governor appointing authority that wade the initial appointment to the expired term shall, biennially in the month of February with the advice and consent of the Senate, as applicable, appoint members for terms of six years. The terms shall begin March 1 of the year in which the appointments are made. A member serving a term of six years shall not be eligible for reappointment for successive terms.
- (2) In the event of any vacancy occurring in the membership of the Board, the Governor appointing authority that made the initial appointment to the vacated term shall fill the vacancy with a qualified person whose appointment shall be for the unexpired portion of the term.
- (3) Biennially, the Board shall choose a member of the Board to be its chair.
- (4) Annually, using an application process that is open and accessible to all eligible students, the Governor shall appoint a vermont secondary school

following taking office, to serve on the State Board for two years, beginning on July 1 of the year of appointment. The student member shall not vote during the first year and shall be a full and voting member during the second year of his or her the student's term.

- Sec. 24. TRANSITION PERIOD APPOINTMENTS; STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
- (a) Members currently serving on the State Board of Education may continue to serve for the duration of the term to which they were appointed.
- (b) Beginning on July 1, 2025, as terms of currently serving members expire, appointments of successors shall be made in accordance with the considerations and appointment authority contained in 16 V.S.A. § 161.
- (1) The Speaker of the House shall make the first appointment to a vacant or expired seat that occurs after July 1, 2025 and shall make any subsequent appointments to fill the vacated or expired term for that same seat after the initial transition period appointment.
- (2) The Senate Committee on Committees shall make the second appointment to a vacant or expired seat that occurs after July 1, 2025 and shall make any subsequent appointments to fill the vacated or expired term for that same seat after the initial transition period appointment.

- (3) The Governor shall make the third appointment, with the advice and convent of the Senate, to a vacant or expired seat that occurs after July 1, 2025 and shall make any subsequent appointments to fill the vacated or expired term for that same seat after the initial transition period appointment.
- (c) Once the first three appointments after July 1, 2025 are made in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, the Governor shall make all subsequent appointments for the remaining five non-student seats, with the advice and consent of the Synate, in accordance with 16 V.S.A. § 161.

Sec. 25. 16 V.S.A. § 162 is amended to read:

§ 162. REMOVAL OF BOARD MAMBERS

After notice and hearing, the Governor may remove a member of the State Board for incompetency, failure to discharge his or her the member's duties, malfeasance, illegal acts, or other cause inimical to the welfare of the public schools; and in case of such removal, he or she the appointing authority that made the initial appointment shall appoint a person to fill the unexpired term.

Sec. 26. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION; REVIEW OF NULES;

APPROPRIATION

(a) The State Board of Education shall review each rule series the State

Board is responsible for and make a determination as to the continuing need

for, appropriateness of, or need for updating of said rules. On or before

December 1, 2020, the State Board of Education shall submit a written report

for rules that are no longer needed and a plan to update rules that are still necessary, including the order in which the Board proposes to update the rules and any associated costs or staffing needs.

(b) The sum of \$200,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Agency of Education in fiscal year 2026 to provide the State Board of Education with the staying and resources necessary to review and update the Board's rules.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 27. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) This section and Secs. 1 (findings; intent; plan) and 2 (Commission on the Future of Public Education) shall take effect on passage.
- (b) Secs. 3 (scale; intent), 6 (SBE rules; report), 7 (school size; intent), 8 (school closure), 11 (16 V.S.A. § 3443), 12 (school construction advisory board sunset), 18 (18 V.S.A. § 828), 19 (tuition transition), 20 (statewide cohesion; intent), 21 (AOE report; school calendar; graduation requirements), 22 (statelevel governance; intent), 23 (16 V.S.A. § 161), 24 (SBE appointments transition), 25 (16 V.S.A. § 162), and 26 (SBE rule review; appropriation) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.
- (c) Secs. 4 (class size minimums), 5 (failure to comply with class size minimums), 9 (school construction policy), 10 (10 v.s.A. § 3442), 13 (10

rulemaking authority), and 17 (repeals) shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

* * * Findings and Intent * * *

Sec. 1. FINDINGS; INTENT; PLAN

- (a) The General Assembly finds that:
- (1) In 1997, the first piece of law the General Assembly enacted in response to the Brigham decision stated, "[t]he right to public education is integral to Vermont's constitutional form of government and its guarantees of political and civil rights...[and] fundamental for the success of Vermont's children in a rapidly-changing society and global marketplace as well as the State's own economic and social prosperity." 16 V.S.A. § 1.
- (2) From the very first attempt at creating a basic frame of government,

 Vermont's founders chose to include a right to public education, the only

 governmental service included in Vermont's first Constitution of 1777.
- (3) As the U.S. Supreme Court stated in Brown v. Board of Education, 347 U.S. 483 (1954), "education is perhaps the most important function of state and local governments...[i]t is required in the performance of our most basic public responsibilities...[i]t is the very foundation of good citizenship."
- (4) The most enduring legacy of Brigham v. State, 166 Vt. 246 (1997) is the State's responsibility to ensure substantially equal educational opportunities for all Vermont students.

- (5) The education system is still reeling from the effects of a global pandemic, yet the same challenges that have faced Vermont's education system remain. Thirty to 40 years ago, Vermont educated more than 110,000 students each year. Today, there are approximately 84,000 students in the public education system. Many schools have lost a significant number of students and, with them, the ability to offer robust services and programs at every school. Vermont's youth need to be prepared for a rapidly evolving future.
- (6) Vermonters deserve an exceptional educational system that is stable and predictable and where a student's home address does not dictate the quality of education they receive. School district size and boundaries, school size, and class size are all influential factors in shaping the quality of instruction and overall student outcomes. The effectiveness of our schools depends on teacher quality, resource availability, and the unique strengths of local communities. Change in our educational system is needed. Systems are made of people, so change must come carefully and thoughtfully, with meaningful engagement by all Vermonters.

(b) Intent; plan.

(1) To ensure each student is provided substantially equal educational opportunities that will prepare them to thrive in a 21st-century world, it is the intent of the General Assembly to work strategically, intentionally, and thoughtfully to ensure that each incremental change made to Vermont's public

education system provides strength and support to its only constitutionally required governmental service.

- (2) It is further the intent of the General Assembly to:
 - (A) in the 2026 session:
- (i) enact new, larger school district boundaries that would be effective July 1, 2027;
- (ii) enact updates to career and technical education governance systems, both at the local and statewide levels, that are reflective of the larger public education governance transformation to new, larger school districts;
- (iii) create a coordinated and coherent statewide strategy for career and technical education that is responsive to students and the State's workforce needs and that provides opportunities for more integration between career and technical education and traditional high school work;
- (iv) enact student-centered updates to career and technical education funding within a foundation formula that does not create competition between sending schools and career and technical education programs for available funds; and
- (v) begin the process to create voting wards within each school district to ensure school board membership is apportioned in such a manner as to achieve substantially equal weighting of the votes of all voters in the election of school board members;

- (B) provide or enable the provision of the necessary staffing, resources, and support to the Agency of Education, the Secretary of State's Office, town clerks, and other integral parties to the election system to hold the first school board member elections within the newly created school districts in a special election in March 2028; and
- (C) provide or enable the provision of the necessary staffing, resources, and support to the Agency of Education, State Board of Education, and other integral parties to ensure that the necessary guidance and funding is in place to allow for a smooth and successful transition between the operation of Vermont's current 119 school districts to the new, larger school districts, with new school districts assuming responsibility for the education of all resident students on July 1, 2029.
 - * * * Commission on the Future of Public Education * * *
- Sec. 2. 2024 Acts and Resolves No. 183, Sec. 1 is amended to read:
 - Sec. 1. THE COMMISSION ON THE FUTURE OF PUBLIC EDUCATION; REPORTS
- (a) Creation. There is hereby created the Commission on the Future of Public Education in Vermont. The right to education is fundamental for the success of Vermont's children in a rapidly changing society and global marketplace as well as for the State's own economic and social prosperity. The Commission shall study the provision of education in Vermont and make

recommendations for a statewide vision for Vermont's public education system to ensure that all students are afforded substantially equal educational opportunities in an efficient, sustainable, and stable education system. The Commission shall also make recommendations for the strategic policy changes necessary to make Vermont's educational vision a reality for all Vermont students.

- (b) Membership. The Commission shall be composed of the following members and, to the extent possible, the members shall represent the State's geographic, gender, racial, and ethnic diversity:
- (1) <u>Voting members. The following members shall be voting members of</u> the Commission:
 - (A) the Secretary of Education or designee;
 - (2)(B) the Chair of the State Board of Education or designee;
 - (3)(C) the Tax Commissioner or designee;
- (4)(D) one current member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House;
- (5)(E) one current member of the Senate, appointed by the Committee on Committees:
- (6) (F) one representative from the Vermont School Boards Association (VSBA), appointed by the VSBA Executive Director;

- (7) (G) one representative from the Vermont Principals' Association (VPA), appointed by the VPA Executive Director;
- (8)(H) one representative from the Vermont Superintendents Association (VSA), appointed by the VSA Executive Director;
- (9)(1) one representative from the Vermont National Education Association (VTNEA), appointed by the VTNEA Executive Director;
- (10)(J) one representative from the Vermont Association of School Business Officials (VASBO) with experience in school construction projects, appointed by the President of VASBO;
- (H)(K) the Chair of the Census-Based Funding Advisory Group, created under 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173;
- (12)(L) the Executive Director of the Vermont Rural Education Collaborative; and
- (13)(M) one representative from the Vermont Independent Schools

 Association (VISA), appointed by the President of VISA.
- (2) Nonvoting members. The following members shall be nonvoting members of the Commission who shall be appointed on or before July 15, 2025 and all of whom shall have exercise experience working within the Vermont public education system. Appointing authorities shall coordinate to ensure that, to the extent possible, each of the five nonvoting members represents a different geographic region of the State.

- one of whom shall be a retired or former Vermont superintendent of a supervisory union with multiple member school districts and one of whom shall be either a retired or former Vermont school business manager or a retired or former school board member.
- (B) Two members shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees, one of whom shall be a retired or former Vermont superintendent and one of whom shall be a retired or former Vermont school business manager.
- (C) One member shall be appointed by the Governor and shall be a retired or former vermont superimendent.
- (2) Nonvoting members. The following nine members shall be nonvoting members of the Commission who shall be appointed on or before July 15, 2025:
- (A) Nonlegislative members. There shall be five nonlegislative, nonvoting members, all of whom shall have extensive experience working within the Vermont public education system. Appointing authorities shall coordinate to ensure that, to the extent possible, each of the five nonvoting members represents a different geographic region of the State.
- (i) Two members, appointed by the Speaker of the House, one of whom shall be a retired or former Vermont superintendent of a supervisory

union with multiple member school districts and one of whom shall be either a retired or former Vermont school business manager or a retired or former school board member.

- (ii) Two members, appointed by the Committee on Committees, one of whom shall be a retired or former Vermont superintendent and one of whom shall be a retired or former Vermont school business manager.
- (iii) One member, appointed by the Governor, who shall be a retired or former Vermont superintendent.
- (B) Legislative members. There shall be four legislative, nonvoting members.
- (i) Two current members of the House of Representatives, not all from the same political party or same school district, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House.
- (ii) Two current members of the Senate, not all from the same political party or same school district, who shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees.
- (c) Steering group. On or before July 1, 2024, the Speaker of the House shall appoint two members of the Commission, the Committee on Committees shall appoint two members of the Commission, and the Governor shall appoint two members of the Commission to serve as members of a steering group. The steering group shall provide leadership to the Commission and shall work with

a consultant or consultants to analyze the issues, challenges, and opportunities facing Vermont's public education system, as well as develop and propose a work plan to formalize the process through which the Commission shall seek to achieve its final recommendations. The formal work plan shall be approved by a majority of the Commission members. The steering group shall form a subcommittee of the Commission to address education finance topics in greater depth and may form one or more additional subcommittees of the Commission to address other key topics in greater depth, as necessary. The steering group may appoint non-Commission members to the education finance subcommittee. All other subcommittees shall be composed solely of Commission members.

- (d) Collaboration and information review.
- (1) The Commission shall may seek input from and collaborate with key stakeholders, as directed by the steering group. At a minimum, the Commission shall consult with:
 - (A) the Department of Mental Health;
 - (B) the Department of Labor;
 - (C) the President of the University of Vermont or designee;
- (D) the Chancellor of the Vermont State Colleges Corporation or designee;
- (E) a representative from the Prekindergarten Education Implementation Committee;

- (F) the Office of Racial Equity;
- (G) a representative with expertise in the Community Schools model in Vermont;
 - (H) the Vermont Youth Council;
 - (I) the Commission on Public School Employee Health Benefits; and
- (J) an organization committed to ensuring equal representation and educational equity.
- (2) The Commission shall also review and take into consideration existing educational laws and policy, including legislative reports the Commission deems relevant to its work and, at a minimum, 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 46, 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173, 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 127, and 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 76.
- (e) Duties of the Commission. The Commission shall study Vermont's public education system and make recommendations to ensure all students are afforded quality educational opportunities in an efficient, sustainable, and equitable education system that will enable students to achieve the highest academic outcomes. The result of the Commission's work shall be a recommendation for a statewide vision for Vermont's public education system, with recommendations for the policy changes necessary to make Vermont's educational vision a reality recommendations for the State-level education governance system, including the roles and responsibilities of the Agency of

Education and the State Board of Education. In creating and making its recommendations, the Commission shall engage in the following:

- (1) Public engagement. The Commission shall conduct not fewer than 14 public meetings to inform the work required under this section. At least one meeting of the Commission as a whole or a subcommittee of the Commission shall be held in each county. The Commission shall publish a draft of its final recommendations on or before October 1, 2025, solicit public feedback, and incorporate such feedback into its final recommendations. When submitting its final recommendations to the General Assembly, the Commission shall include all public feedback received as an addendum to its final report. The public feedback process shall include:
- (A) a minimum 30-day public comment period, during which time the Commission shall accept written comments from the public and stakeholders; and
- (B) a public outreach plan that maximizes public engagement and includes notice of the availability of language assistance services when requested.
- (2) Policy considerations. In developing its recommendations, the Commission shall consider and prioritize the following topics:
- (A) Governance, resources, and administration. The Commission shall study and make recommendations regarding education governance at the

State level, including the role of the Agency of Education in the provision of services and support for the education system. Recommendations under this subdivision (A) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- (i) whether changes need to be made to the structure of the Agency of Education, including whether it better serves the recommended education vision of the State as an agency or a department;
 - (ii) what are the staffing needs of the Agency of Education;
- (iii) whether changes need to be made to the composition, role, and function of the State Board of Education to better serve the recommended education vision of the State; and
- (iv) what roles, functions, or decisions should be a function of local control and what roles, functions, or decisions should be a function of control at the State level; and , including whether there should be a process for the community served by an elementary school to have a voice in decisions regarding school closures and, if so, recommendations for what that process shall entail
- (v) the effective integration of career and technical education in the recommended education vision of the State.
- (B) Physical size and footprint of the education system. The Commission shall study and make recommendations regarding how the unique geographical and socioeconomic needs of different communities should factor

into the provision of education in Vermont, taking into account and building upon the recommendations of the State Aid to School Construction Working Group. Recommendations under this subdivision (B) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- (i) an analysis and recommendation for the most efficient and effective number and location of school buildings, school districts, and supervisory unions needed to achieve Vermont's vision for education, provided that if there is a recommendation for any change, the recommendation shall include an implementation plan;
- (ii) an analysis of the capacity and ability to staff all public schools with a qualified workforce, driven by data on class-size recommendations:
- (iii) analysis of whether, and if so, how, collaboration with Vermont's postsecondary schools may support the development and retention of a qualified educator workforce;
- (iv) an analysis of the current town tuition program and whether, and if so, what, changes are necessary to meet Vermont's vision for education, including the legal and financial impact of funding independent schools and other private institutions, including consideration of the following:
- (I) the role designation, under 16 V.S.A. § 827, should play in the delivery of public education; and

- (II) the financial impact to the Education Fund of public dollars being used in schools located outside Vermont; and
- (v) an analysis of the current use of private therapeutic schools in the provision of special education services and whether, and if so, what, changes are necessary to meet Vermont's special education needs, including the legal and financial impact of funding private therapeutic schools.

 [Repealed.]
- (C) The role of public schools. The Commission shall study and make recommendations regarding the role public schools should play in both the provision of education and the social and emotional well-being of students. Recommendations under this subdivision (C) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
 - (i) how public education in Vermont should be delivered;
- (ii) whether Vermont's vision for public education shall include the provision of wraparound supports and collocation of services;
- (iii) whether, and if so, how, collaboration with Vermont's postsecondary schools may support and strengthen the delivery of public education; and
- (iv) what the consequences are for the Commission's recommendations regarding the role of public schools and other service providers, including what the role of public schools means for staffing,

funding, and any other affected system, with the goal of most efficiently utilizing State funds and services and maximizing federal funding. [Repealed.]

- (D) Education finance system. The Commission shall explore the efficacy and potential equity gains of changes to the education finance system, including weighted educational opportunity payments as a method to fund public education. The Commission's recommendations shall be intended to result in an education funding system designed to afford substantially equal access to a quality basic education for all Vermont students in accordance with State v. Brigham, 166 Vt. 246 (1997). Recommendations under this subdivision (D) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (i) allowable uses for the Education Fund that shall ensure sustainable and equitable use of State funds;
- (ii) the method for setting tax rates to sustain allowable uses of the Education Fund:
- (iii) whether, and if so, what, alternative funding models would create a more affordable, sustainable, and equitable education finance system in Vermont, including the consideration of a statutory, formal base amount of per pupil education spending and whether school districts should be allowed to spend above the base amount;
- (iv) adjustments to the excess spending threshold, including recommendations that target specific types of spending;

- (v) the implementation of education spending caps on different services, including administrative and support services and categorical aid;
- (vi) how to strengthen the understanding and connection between school budget votes and property tax bills;
- (vii) adjustments to the property tax credit thresholds to better match need to the benefit;
- (viii) a system for ongoing monitoring of the Education Fund and

 Vermont's education finance system, to include consideration of a standing

 Education Fund advisory committee;
- (ix) an analysis of the impact of healthcare <u>health care</u> costs on the Education Fund, including recommendations for whether, and if so, what, changes need to be made to contain costs; and
- (x) implementation details for any recommended changes to the education funding system. [Repealed.]
- (E) Additional considerations. The Commission may consider any other topic, factor, or issue that it deems relevant to its work and recommendations.
- (f) Reports. The Commission shall prepare and submit to the General Assembly the following:
- (1) a formal, written work plan, which shall include a communication plan to maximize public engagement, on or before September 15, 2024;

- (2) a written report containing its preliminary findings and recommendations, including short-term cost containment considerations for the 2025 legislative session, on or before December 15, 2024; and
- (3) a written report containing its final findings and recommendations for a statewide vision for Vermont's public education system and the policy changes necessary to make that educational vision a reality based on its analysis of the State-level governance topics contained in subdivision (e)(2)(A) of this section, on or before December 1, 2025; and
- (4) proposed legislative language to advance any recommendations for the education funding system on or before December 15, 2025.
- (g) Assistance. The Agency of Education shall contract with one or more independent consultants or facilitators to provide technical and legal assistance to the Commission for the work required under this section. For the purposes of scheduling meetings and providing administrative assistance, the Commission shall have the assistance of the Agency of Education. The Agency shall also provide the educational and financial data necessary to facilitate the work of the Commission. School districts shall comply with requests from the Agency to assist in data collections.

(h) Meetings.

(1) The Secretary of Education shall call the first meeting of the Commission to occur on or before July 15, 2024.

- (2) The Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore shall jointly select a Commission chair.
 - (3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
- (4) Meetings shall be conducted in accordance with Vermont's Open Meeting Law pursuant to 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 2.
 - (5) The Commission shall cease to exist on December 31, 2025.
- (i) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Commission shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than 30 meetings, including subcommittee meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Agency of Education.
- (j) School district boundary subcommittee. There is created a subcommittee of the Commission to be composed of the mine nonvoting members of the Commission that shall determine the most efficient number of school districts and proposed boundary lines, based on educational research; Vermont's geographic and cultural landscape; historic attendance patterns; the distribution of equalized grand list value per pupil; the provision of career and technical education; and a comprehensive analysis of school locations, conditions, and capacity.
 - (1) Duties of the district boundaries subcommittee.

- (A) The subcommittee shall recommend not more than three school district boundary proposals to the General Assembly and may consult with the Vermont Association of Career and Technical Education Directors regarding how to incorporate career and technical education into the proposals. The proposed school district boundaries shall:
 - (i) increase equitable access to educational opportunity;
- (ii) maximize opportunities for modern, regional middle and high schools, with the least disruption to students;
- (iii) provide access to education for their resident students in grades kindergarten through 12;
- (iv) provide access to career and technical education (CTE) for all eligible students;
- (v) to the extent practical, not separate towns within school districts as those boundaries exist on July 1, 2025;
- (vi) to the extent practical, consider the availability of regional services for students, such as designated agencies, and how those services would integrate into the new proposed school district boundaries;
- (vii) to the extent practical, result in school districts with a minimum average daily membership of approximately 4,000 students; and

- (viii) to the extent practical, consider historic attendance patterns in geographic areas that do not operate public schools at all grade levels from kindergarten through grade 12.
- (B) The subcommittee may consider and make recommendations for the optimal location of schools, including CTE programs, to meet the requirements contained in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1).
- (C) The subcommittee shall provide regular updates to the Commission regarding its work.
- (D) The subcommittee shall have the sole authority to determine the contents of the report and maps required under subdivision (4) of this subsection (j). The Commission may provide its own comments to the subcommittee and the relevant committees of jurisdiction, either as an addendum to the report of the subcommittee or as a separate report.
- (2) Public engagement. The district boundary subcommittee shall engage and coordinate with the Commission's public engagement subcommittee and the public engagement consultant to maximize public input and feedback regarding the development of the proposed new school district boundaries.
- (3) Assistance. The district boundary subcommittee shall have the assistance of the Agency of Digital Services, Vermont Center for Geographic Information, which may also retain the services of one or more independent

third parties to provide facilitation and mediation services to the subcommittee.

- (4) Report and maps. On or before December 1, 2025, the district boundary subcommittee shall submit the following to the House and Senate Committees on Education, the House Committee on Government Operations and Military Affairs, the Senate Committee on Government Operations, the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance:
- (A) Report. The district boundary subcommittee shall submit a written report with the subcommittee's proposed new school district boundaries. The report shall detail how each proposed option meets the requirements of subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection (j).
- (B) Maps. The subcommittee shall also submit detailed maps for each school district boundary proposal, which, in addition to the school district boundaries themselves, shall include:
- (i) average daily membership for each proposed school district for the 2023–2024 school year;
 - (ii) the member towns for each school district;
- (iii) the location of public schools and nontherapeutic approved independent schools that are eligible to receive public tuition as of July 1, 2025, and the grades operated by each of those schools;
 - (iv) the five-year facility condition index score for each school;

- (v) PCB testing score for each school; and
- (vi) 10-year change in enrollment between 2013 and 2023 for each school.
 - * * * School District Voting Ward Task Force * * *
- Sec. 2a. SCHOOL DISTRICT VOTING WARD TASK FORCE; REPORT;

 MAPS
- (a) Creation. There is created the School District Voting Ward Task Force to create voting district wards within the new school districts contemplated by this act, to ensure school board membership is apportioned in such a manner as to achieve substantially equal weighting of the votes of all voters in the choice of school board members.
- (b) Membership. The Task Force shall be composed of the following members who shall have substantial understanding of Vermont geography, trade, travel, social interaction, and Vermont's public education system:
 - (1) the Secretary of State or designee, who shall be the chair;
- (2) three members, who shall be appointed by the Vermont Municipal Clerk Treasurer Association;
- (3) two members, appointed by the Vermont School Boards Association; and
- (4) the Director of the Vermont Center for Geographic Information or designee.

- (c) Powers and duties. On or before October 15, 2025, the Task Force shall consult with the school district boundary subcommittee created in Sec. 2 of this act to gain an understanding of the status of the work of the subcommittee and to determine whether the subcommittee has one or more boundary proposals ready for the Task Force to begin the work of creating voting wards. Using the boundary proposals of the subcommittee, the Task Force shall, following the principles of apportionment followed by the legislative apportionment board, make recommendations to the General Assembly to achieve voting districts within each school district that are compact, contiguous, and drawn to achieve substantially equal weighting of votes and that meet the requirements of applicable State and federal law. If at any time during the work of the Task Force the General Assembly enacts new school district boundaries, or it appears clear the General Assembly is focused on only one proposal, the Task Force shall focus its work and recommendations to align with the work of the General Assembly. The Task Force's recommendations shall include:
- (1) the optimal number of school board members per school board to maximize public representation and democratic input while maintaining effective school board size; and
- (2) boundaries for school district voting wards within each school district, with alternative options if necessary, including detailed maps clearly

and unambiguously delineating ward boundaries that respect current municipal boundary lines.

(d) Assistance. The Task Force shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Secretary of State's office and the technical assistance of the Agency of Digital Services, Vermont Center for Geographic Information. The Task Force may contract for such expert services as may be necessary to carry out its duties.

(e) Meetings.

- (1) The Secretary of State shall call the first meeting of the Task Force to occur on or before July 15, 2025.
 - (2) The Secretary of State shall be the chair.
 - (3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
 - (4) The Task Force shall cease to exist on June 30, 2026.
- (f) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Task Force shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than 10 meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the Secretary of State's office.

* * * Scale * * *

Sec. 3. SCALE; INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to transform education in Vermont by leveraging attainable and research-based scale to increase equity of opportunity and promote efficiency and affordability.

- Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 165 is amended to read:
- § 165. EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS; EQUAL EDUCATIONAL

 OPPORTUNITIES; INDEPENDENT SCHOOL MEETING

 EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS
- (a) In order to carry out Vermont's policy that all Vermont children will be afforded educational opportunities that are substantially equal in quality, each Vermont public school, including each career technical center, shall meet the following education quality standards:

* * *

- (9) The school complies with average class size minimum standards; provided, however, that when class size minimums apply to content areas, an individual class may be smaller than the minimum average. As used in this subdivision, "content area" means a group of courses within a specific licensing endorsement area.
 - (A) Class size standards.
- (i) The average class size minimum for kindergarten classes shall be 12 students.

- (ii) The average class size minimum for grades one through four shall be 15 students.
- (iii) The average class size minimum for grades five through 12 in all required content area classes shall be 18 students.
- (iv) Multiage classrooms for grades kindergarten through eight shall be limited to two grade levels per classroom.
- (v) Prekindergarten, career and technical education, flexible pathways, terminal courses, advanced placement courses, courses that require specialized equipment, and driver's education classes shall be excluded from the class size minimum requirements in this subdivision (9). Small group services for the purpose of providing special education, supplemental or targeted academic intervention, or English learner instruction shall also be excluded from the class size minimum requirements in this subdivision (9).
- (vi) Class sizes shall not exceed the maximum occupancy limits established by local and State fire codes, including egress and safety requirements.
- (B) Waivers. If a school board determines that it operates a school that is unable to comply with the class size minimum standards due to geographic isolation, or a school has developed an implementation plan to meet the standards contained in this subdivision (9) that may include consolidation or merger, the school board may ask the State Board of

Education to grant it waiver from this subdivision (9). The State Board shall define what qualifies as geographic isolation in its rules adopted pursuant to subdivision (a)(3) of this section. The State Board's decision shall be final.

- (C) State Board action. If the Secretary determines that a school is not meeting the class size minimum standards set forth in this subdivision (9) over the course of two consecutive school years, the Secretary shall recommend to the State Board one or more of the actions listed in subsection (b) of this section, regardless of whether the school is meeting all other education quality standards. The State Board shall then follow the procedure of subsection (c) of this section.
- (b) Annually, the Secretary shall determine whether students in each Vermont public school are provided educational opportunities substantially equal to those provided in other public schools. If the Secretary determines that a school is not meeting the education quality standards listed in subsection (a) of this section or that the school is making insufficient progress in improving student performance in relation to the standards for student performance set forth in subdivision 164(9) of this title, he or she the Secretary shall describe in writing actions that a district must take in order to meet either or both sets of standards and shall provide technical assistance to the school. If the school fails to meet the standards or make sufficient progress

within two years of following the determination, the Secretary shall recommend to the State Board one or more of the following actions:

- (1) the Agency continue to provide technical assistance for one more cycle of review;
- (2) the State Board adjust supervisory union boundaries or responsibilities of the superintendency pursuant to section 261 of this title;
- (3) the Secretary assume administrative control of an individual school, school district, or supervisory union, including budgetary control to ensure sound financial practices, only to the extent necessary to correct deficiencies;
- (4) the State Board close an individual school or schools and require that the school district pay tuition to another public school or an approved independent school pursuant to chapter 21 of this title; or
- (5) the State Board require two or more school districts to consolidate their governance structures.
- (c) The State Board, after offering the school board an opportunity for a hearing, shall either dismiss the Secretary's recommendation or order that one or more of the actions listed in subsection (b) of this section be taken. The action ordered by the State Board shall be the least intrusive consistent with the need to provide students attending the school substantially equal educational opportunities. A school board aggrieved by an order of the State Board may appeal the order in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure.

* * *

(e) If the Secretary determines at any time that the failure of a school to meet the education quality standards listed in subsection (a) of this section is severe or pervasive, potentially results in physical or emotional harm to students or significant deprivation of equal education opportunities, and the school has either unreasonably refused to remedy the problem or its efforts have proved ineffective, he or she the Secretary may recommend to the State Board one or more of the actions listed in subsection (b) of this section. The State Board shall then follow the procedure of subsection (c) of this section.

* * *

(g) In addition to the education quality standards provided in subsection (a) of this section, each Vermont school district shall meet the school district quality standards adopted by rule of the Agency of Education regarding the business, facilities management, and governance practices of school districts. These standards shall include a process for school district quality reviews to be conducted by the Agency of Education. Annually, the Secretary shall publish metrics regarding the outcomes of school district quality reviews.

Sec. 5. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS; STATE BOARD ACTION

Notwithstanding 16 V.S.A. § 165(b)(4) and (5) and any other provision of law to the contrary, the State Board shall be prohibited from ordering school

district consolidation or school consolidation if a school fails to comply with class size minimum education quality standards and the resulting consolidation would result in school construction costs in excess of the applicable district's capital reserve account until the General Assembly establishes new school district boundaries and takes further action regarding the consequences for failure to meet education quality standards.

- Sec. 6. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION; RULES; REPORT

 (a) Rules.
- (1) The State Board of Education shall initiate rulemaking to amend the Education Quality Standards rule 2000 series, Agency of Education, Education Quality Standards (22-000-003), pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25:
- (A) on or before August 1, 2026, to ensure compliance with the class size minimum standards set pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 165(a)(9); and
- (B) on or before July 1, 2027, to adopt standards for statewide proficiency-based graduation requirements based on standards adopted by the State Board and recommendations from the Agency of Education, which shall take effect beginning in the 2027–2028 school year for the graduating class of 2031 and every graduating class thereafter.
- (2) On or before August 1, 2026, the State Board of Education shall initiate rulemaking to amend the approved independent school rule 2200 series, Agency of Education, Independent School Program Approval (22-000-

- 004), pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, to require approved independent schools that intend to accept public tuition to comply with the class size minimum standards set pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 165(a)(9). The amendments shall also create a process for review by the State Board for failure to meet the class size minimum requirements and the corresponding actions the Board may take for such noncompliance; provided, however, that the Board shall provide an approved independent school a substantially similar opportunity to come into compliance with class size minimum standards that it would provide to a public school.
- (b) Report. On or before December 1, 2025, the State Board of Education shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Education with proposed standards for schools to be deemed "small by necessity."

Sec. 7. SCHOOL SIZE; INTENT

- (a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to encourage the efficient use of public funds to modernize school infrastructure to deliver identified 21st century educational goals.
- (b) It is further the intent of the General Assembly that each public school operating grades six through 12, or some subset of those grades, shall have a minimum average daily membership of at least 450 students, at least in part by providing a robust State aid for school construction program that is driven by

standards for quality for public schools, geographic accessibility, statewide enrollment trends, and capacity and scale that support substantially equal educational opportunities for all Vermont students.

Sec. 8. PROHIBITION ON SCHOOL CLOSURE AND TRANSITION TO PAYING TUITION

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a school district shall be prohibited from closing an existing public school and then providing for the education of its resident students by paying tuition for its students to attend a public or approved independent school chosen by the parents of the district's students. If a school district that closes an existing public school is unable to provide for the education of its affected resident students in a different school or schools operated by the district, the school district shall provide for the education of its resident students by designating three or fewer public schools to serve as the public school or schools of the district. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if designation is required pursuant to this section, the designation process contained in 16 V.S.A. § 827 shall apply to schools operating grades kindergarten through grade 12, or any subset of grades therein.

Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 3440 is added to read:

§ 3440. STATEMENT OF POLICY

It is the intent of this chapter to encourage the efficient use of public funds to modernize school infrastructure in alignment with current educational needs. School construction projects supported by this chapter should be developed taking consideration of standards of quality for public schools under section 165 of this title and prioritizing cost, geographic accessibility, 21st century education facilities standards, statewide enrollment trends, and capacity and scale that support best educational practices. Further, it is the intent of this chapter to encourage the use of existing infrastructure to meet the needs of Vermont students. Joint construction projects between two or more school districts and consolidation of buildings within a district where feasible and educationally appropriate are encouraged.

Sec. 10. 16 V.S.A. § 3442 is added to read:

§ 3442. STATE AID FOR SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

The Agency of Education shall be responsible for implementing the State

Aid for School Construction Program according to the provisions of this

chapter. The Agency shall be responsible for:

- (1) reviewing all preliminary applications for State school construction aid and issuing an approval or denial in accordance with section 3445 of this chapter;
- (2) adopting rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 pertaining to school construction and capital outlay, including rules to specify a point prioritization

methodology and a bonus incentive structure aligned with the legislative intent expressed in section 3440 of this title;

- (3) including as part of its budget submitted to the Governor pursuant to subdivision 212(21) of this title its annual school construction funding request;
- (4) developing a prequalification and review process for project delivery consultants and architecture and engineering firms specializing in prekindergarten through grade 12 school design, renovation, or construction and maintaining a list of such prequalified firms and consultants;
- (5) providing technical assistance and guidance to school districts and supervisory unions on all phases of school capital projects;
- (6) providing technical advice and assistance, training, and education to school districts, supervisory unions, general contractors, subcontractors, construction or project managers, designers, and other vendors in the planning, maintenance, and establishment of school facility space;
- (7) maintaining a current list of school construction projects that have received preliminary approval, projects that have received final approval, and the priority points awarded to each project;
- (8) collecting, maintaining, and making publicly available quarterly progress reports of all ongoing school construction projects that shall include, at a minimum, the costs of the project and the time schedule of the project;

- (9) recommending policies and procedures designed to reduce borrowing for school construction programs at both State and local levels;
- (10) conducting a needs survey at least every five years to ascertain the capital construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and other capital needs for all public schools and maintaining such data in a publicly accessible format;
- (11) developing a formal enrollment projection model or using projection models already available;
- (12) encouraging school districts and supervisory unions to investigate opportunities for the maximum utilization of space in and around the district or supervisory union;
- (13) collecting and maintaining a clearinghouse of prototypical school plans, as appropriate, that may be consulted by eligible applicants;
- (14) retaining the services of consultants, as necessary, to effectuate the roles and responsibilities listed within this section; and
- (15) notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), annually on or before December

 15, submitting a written report to the General Assembly regarding the status

 and implementation of the State Aid for School Construction Program,

 including the data required to be collected pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 11. 16 V.S.A. § 3443 is added to read:
- § 3443. STATE AID FOR SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION ADVISORY
 BOARD

- (a) Creation. There is hereby created the State Aid for School Construction Advisory Board, which shall advise the Agency on the implementation of the State Aid for School Construction Program in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, including the adoption of rules, setting of statewide priorities, criteria for project approval, and recommendations for project approval and prioritization.
 - (b) Membership.
- (1) Composition. The Board shall be composed of the following eight members:
 - (A) four members who shall serve as ex officio members:
 - (i) the State Treasurer or designee;
- (ii) the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services or designee;
- (iii) the Executive Director of the Vermont Bond Bank or designee; and
 - (iv) the Chair of the State Board of Education or designee; and
- (B) four members, none of whom shall be a current member of the General Assembly, who shall serve four-year terms as follows:
- (i) two members, appointed by the Speaker of the House, each of whom shall have expertise in education or construction, real estate, or finance and one of whom shall represent a supervisory union; and

- (ii) two members, appointed by the Committee on Committees, each of whom shall have expertise in education or construction, real estate, or finance and one of whom shall be an educator.
 - (2) Members with four-year terms.
- (A) A member with a term limit shall serve a term of four years and until a successor is appointed. A term shall begin on January 1 of the year of appointment and run through December 31 of the last year of the term. Terms of these members shall be staggered so that not all terms expire at the same time.
- (B) A vacancy created before the expiration of a term shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the unexpired portion of the term.
- (C) A member with a term limit shall not serve more than two consecutive terms. A member appointed to fill a vacancy created before the expiration of a term shall not be deemed to have served a term for the purpose of this subdivision (C).
- (c) Duties. The Board shall advise the Agency on the implementation of the State Aid for School Construction Program in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, including:
 - (1) rules pertaining to school construction and capital outlay;
 - (2) project priorities;

- (3) proposed legislation the Board deems desirable or necessary related to the State Aid for School Construction Program, the provisions of this chapter, and any related laws;
- (4) policies and procedures designed to reduce borrowing for school construction programs at both State and local levels;
- (5) development of a formal enrollment projection model or the consideration of using projection models already available;
- (6) processes and procedures necessary to apply for, receive, administer, and comply with the conditions and requirements of any grant, gift, appropriation of property, services, or monies;
- (7) the collection and maintenance of a clearinghouse of prototypical school plans that may be consulted by eligible applicants and recommended incentives to utilize such prototypes;
- (8) the determination of eligible cost components of projects for funding or reimbursement, including partial or full eligibility for project components for which the benefit is shared between the school and other municipal and community entities;
- (9) development of a long-term vision for a statewide capital plan in accordance with needs and projected funding;

- (10) collection and maintenance of data on all public school facilities in the State, including information on size, usage, enrollment, available facility space, and maintenance;
- (11) advising districts on the use of a needs survey to ascertain the capital construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and other capital needs for schools across the State; and
- (12) encouraging school districts and supervisory unions to investigate opportunities for the maximum utilization of space in and around the district or supervisory union.

(d) Meetings.

- (1) The Chair of the State Board of Education shall call the first meeting of the Board to occur on or before September 1, 2025.
- (2) The Board shall select a chair from among its members at the first meeting.
 - (3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
 - (4) The Board shall meet not more than six times per year.
- (e) Assistance. The Board shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Education.
- (f) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Board shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than six meetings per year.

- (g) Report. On or before December 15, 2025, the Board shall submit a written report to the House Committees on Education and on Ways and Means and the Senate Committees on Education and on Finance on recommendations for addressing the transfer of any debt obligations from current school districts to future school districts as contemplated by Vermont's education transformation.
- Sec. 12. PROSPECTIVE REPEAL OF STATE AID FOR SCHOOL

 CONSTRUCTION ADVISORY BOARD
- 16 V.S.A. § 3443 (State Aid for School Construction Advisory Board) is repealed on July 1, 2035.
- Sec. 13. 16 V.S.A. § 3444 is added to read:

§ 3444. SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION AID SPECIAL FUND

- (a) Creation. There is created the School Construction Aid Special Fund, to be administered by the Agency of Education. Monies in the Fund shall be used for the purposes of:
- (1) awarding aid to school construction projects under section 3445 of this title;
- (2) awarding grants through the Facilities Master Plan Grant Program established in section 3441 of this title;
- (3) funding administrative costs of the State Aid for School Construction

 Program; and

- (4) awarding emergency aid under section 3445 of this title.
- (b) Funds. The Fund shall consist of:
- (1) any amounts transferred or appropriated to it by the General Assembly;
- (2) any amounts deposited in the Fund from the Supplemental District
 Spending Reserve; and
 - (3) any interest earned by the Fund.
- *Sec. 14. 16 V.S.A. § 3445 is added to read:*

§ 3445. APPROVAL AND FUNDING OF SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

- (a) Construction aid.
- (1) Preliminary application for construction aid. A school district eligible for assistance under section 3447 of this title that intends to construct or purchase a new school, or make extensive additions or alterations to its existing school, and desires to avail itself of State school construction aid shall submit a written preliminary application to the Secretary. A preliminary application shall include information required by the Agency by rule and shall specify the need for and purpose of the project.
 - (2) Approval of preliminary application.
- (A) When reviewing a preliminary application for approval, the Secretary shall consider:

- (i) regional educational opportunities and needs, including school

 building capacities across school district boundaries, and available

 infrastructure in neighboring communities;
 - (ii) economic efficiencies;
- (iii) the suitability of an existing school building to continue to meet educational needs; and
 - (iv) statewide educational initiatives.
 - (B) The Secretary may approve a preliminary application if:
- (i)(I) the project or part of the project fulfills a need occasioned by:
- (aa) conditions that threaten the health or safety of students or employees;
- (bb) facilities that are inadequate to provide programs

 required by State or federal law or regulation;
- (cc) excessive energy use resulting from the design of a building or reliance on fossil fuels or electric space heat; or
 - (dd) deterioration of an existing building; or
- (II) the project results in consolidation of two or more school buildings and will serve the educational needs of students in a more cost-effective and educationally appropriate manner as compared to individual projects constructed separately;

- (ii) the need addressed by the project cannot reasonably be met by another means;
- (iii) the proposed type, kind, quality, size, and estimated cost of the project are suitable for the proposed curriculum and meet all legal standards;
- (iv) the applicant achieves the level of "proficiency" in the school district quality standards regarding facilities management adopted by rule by the Agency; and
- (v) the applicant has completed a facilities master planning process that:
 - (I) engages robust community involvement;
 - (II) considers regional solutions;
 - (III) evaluates environmental contaminants; and
- (IV) produces a facilities master plan that unites the applicant's vision statement, educational needs, enrollment projections, renovation needs, and construction projects.
- (3) Priorities. Following approval of a preliminary application and provided that the district has voted funds or authorized a bond for the total estimated cost of a project, the Agency, with the advice of the State Aid for School Construction Advisory Board, shall assign points to the project as

prescribed by rule of the Agency so that the project can be placed on a priority list based on the number of points received.

- (4) Request for legislative appropriation. The Agency shall submit its annual school construction funding request to the Governor as part of its budget pursuant to subdivision 212(21) of this title. Following submission of the Governor's recommended budget to the General Assembly pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 306, the House Committee on Education and the Senate Committee on Education shall recommend a total school construction appropriation for the next fiscal year to the General Assembly.
 - (5) Final approval for construction aid.
- (A) Unless approved by the Secretary for good cause in advance of commencement of construction, a school district shall not begin construction before the Secretary approves a final application. A school district may submit a written final application to the Secretary at any time following approval of a preliminary application.
- (B) The Secretary may approve a final application for a project provided that:
 - (i) the project has received preliminary approval;
- (ii) the district has voted funds or authorized a bond for the total estimated cost of the project;

- (iii) the district has made arrangements for project construction supervision by persons competent in the building trades;
- (iv) the district has provided for construction financing of the project during a period prescribed by the Agency;
 - (v) the project has otherwise met the requirements of this chapter;
- (vi) if the proposed project includes a playground, the project includes a requirement that the design and construction of playground equipment follow the guidelines set forth in the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission Handbook for Public Playground Safety; and
- (vii) if the total estimated cost of the proposed project is less than \$50,000.00, no performance bond or irrevocable letter of credit shall be required.
- (C) The Secretary may provide that a grant for a high school project is conditioned upon the agreement of the recipient to provide high school instruction for any high school pupil living in an area prescribed by the Agency who may elect to attend the school.
- (D) A district may begin construction upon receipt of final approval.

 However, a district shall not be reimbursed for debt incurred due to borrowing of funds in anticipation of aid under this section.
 - (6) Award of construction aid.

- (A) The base amount of an award shall be 20 percent of the eligible debt service cost of a project. Projects are eligible for additional bonus incentives as specified in rule for up to an additional 20 percent of the eligible debt service cost. Amounts shall be awarded annually.
- (B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (6), "eligible debt service cost" of a project means the product of the lifetime cost of the bond authorized for the project and the ratio of the approved cost of a project to the total cost of the project.
- (b) Emergency aid. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Secretary may grant aid for a project the Secretary deems to be an emergency in the amount of 30 percent of eligible project costs, up to a maximum eligible total project cost of \$300,000.00.

Sec. 15. 16 V.S.A. § 3446 is added to read:

§ 3446. APPEAL

Any municipal corporation as defined in section 3447 of this title aggrieved by an order, allocation, or award of the Agency of Education may, within 30 days, appeal to the Superior Court in the county in which the project is located.

Sec. 16. TRANSFER OF RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; TRANSFER OF RULES

- (a) The statutory authority to adopt rules by the State Board of Education pertaining to school construction and capital outlay adopted under 16 V.S.A. § 3448(e) and 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 is transferred from the State Board of Education to the Agency of Education.
- (b) All rules pertaining to school construction and capital outlay adopted by the State Board of Education under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 prior to July 1, 2026 shall be deemed the rules of the Agency of Education and remain in effect until amended or repealed by the Agency of Education pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.
- (c) The Agency of Education shall provide notice of the transfer to the Secretary of State and the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules in accordance with 3 V.S.A. § 848(d)(2).

Sec. 17. REPEALS

- (a) 16 V.S.A. § 3448 (approval of funding of school construction projects; renewable energy) is repealed on July 1, 2026.
 - (b) 16 V.S.A. § 3448a (appeal) is repealed on July 1, 2026.
- *Sec. 18. 16 V.S.A.* § 828 is amended to read:
- § 828. TUITION TO APPROVED SCHOOLS; AGE; APPEAL
 - (a) A school district shall not pay the tuition of a student except to:
 - (1) a public school, located in Vermont;
 - (2) an approved independent school, that:

- (A) is located in Vermont;
- (B) is approved under section 166 of this title on or before July 1, 2025;
- (C) has at least 51 percent of its student enrollment composed of students attending on a district-funded tuition basis pursuant to chapter 21 of this title during the 2024–2025 school year; and
- (D) complies with the minimum class size requirements contained in subdivision 165(a)(9) of this title and State Board rule; provided, however, that if a school is unable to comply with the class size minimum standards due to geographic isolation or a school has developed an implementation plan to meet the class size minimum requirements, the school may ask the State Board to grant it a waiver from this subdivision (D), which decision shall be final;
 - (3) an independent school meeting education quality standards;
 - (4) a tutorial program approved by the State Board,
 - (5) an approved education program, or;
- (6) an independent school in another state or country approved under the laws of that state or country, that complies with the reporting requirement under subsection 4010(c) of this title, a public school located in another state;

- (7) a therapeutic approved independent school located in Vermont or another state or country that is approved under the laws of that state or country.
- (b) nor shall payment Payment of tuition on behalf of a person shall not be denied on account of age.
- (c) Unless otherwise provided, a person who is aggrieved by a decision of a school board relating to eligibility for tuition payments, the amount of tuition payable, or the school the person may attend, may appeal to the State Board and its decision shall be final.
- (d) As used in this section, "therapeutic approved independent school" means an approved independent school that limits enrollment for publicly funded students residing in Vermont to students who are on an individualized education program or plan under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, or who are enrolled pursuant to a written agreement between a local education agency and the school or pursuant to a court order.

 Sec. 19. TUITION TRANSITION

A school district that pays tuition pursuant to the provisions of 16 V.S.A. chapter 21 in effect on June 30, 2025 shall continue to pay tuition on behalf of a resident student enrolled for the 2024–2025 school year in or who has been accepted for enrollment for the 2025–2026 school year by an approved

independent school subject to the provisions of 16 V.S.A. § 828 in effect on June 30, 2025, until such time as the student graduates from that school.

* * * Statewide Cohesion * * *

Sec. 20. STATEWIDE COHESION; INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to consolidate structures and systems that are foundational to the administration of education.

Sec. 21. AGENCY OF EDUCATION; SCHOOL CALENDAR; GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS; REPORT

- (a) Statewide graduation requirements. On or before January 1, 2026, the Agency of Education shall recommend to the State Board of Education standards for statewide proficiency-based graduation requirements based on standards adopted by the State Board.
 - (b) Statewide school calendar.
- (1) On or before January 15, 2027, the Secretary of Education shall develop and publish a statewide calendar for the public schools of the State, including career and technical centers, that shall be in effect in the 2028–2029 academic year and after.
- (2) On or before January 15, 2027, the Secretary shall present to the House and Senate Committees on Education a list of the statutory amendments necessary to effect the intent of this subsection.

- (c) Report. On or before December 1, 2025, the Agency of Education shall submit a written report and recommended legislative language, as applicable, to the House and Senate Committees on Education with the following:
- (1) In consultation with educators and administrators, a proposed implementation plan for statewide financial data and student information systems.
- (2) Recommendations for a school construction division within the Agency of Education, including position descriptions and job duties for each position within the division, a detailed description of the assistance the division would provide to the field, and the overall role the Agency would play within a State aid to school construction program.
- (3) A progress report regarding the development of clear, unambiguous guidance that would be provided to school officials and school board members regarding the business processes and transactions that would need to occur to facilitate school district mergers into larger, consolidated school districts, including the merging of data systems, asset and liability transfers, and how to address collective bargaining agreements for both educators and staff. The report shall include a detailed description of how the Agency will provide support and consolidation assistance to the field in each of these areas and an estimate of the costs associated with such work.

(4) In consultation with superintendents, directors of therapeutic independent schools, special education directors, and, in the opinion of the Agency, other experts, recommendations for the need for cooperative education services and the oversight of therapeutic schools within the school governance framework both at a State and local level.

* * * State-Level Governance * * *

Sec. 22. STATE-LEVEL GOVERNANCE; INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to ensure that the State Board of Education is the independent, transparent, and public facing body for public education and to ensure the Board maintains its ability provide an important outlet for the public to engage in the rulemaking process and regularly provide public comment regarding the state of Vermont's education system.

Sec. 23. 16 V.S.A. § 161 is amended to read:

§ 161. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION; APPOINTMENT OF

MEMBERS; TERM; VACANCY

The State Board shall consist of ten 10 members. Two of the members shall be secondary students, one of whom shall be a full member and the other of whom shall be a junior member who may not vote. All Eight members, including the two student members, shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. One member shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House and one member shall be appointed by the Senate

Committee on Committees. In the appointment of the nonstudent members, priority shall be given to the selection of persons with a demonstrated commitment to ensuring quality education for Vermont students. To the extent possible, the members shall represent the State's geographic, gender, racial, and ethnic diversity. The Secretary shall serve on the State Board as a nonvoting member.

- (1) Upon the expiration of the respective terms of those members of the Board previously appointed, excluding the student members, the Governor appointing authority that made the initial appointment to the expired term shall, biennially in the month of February with the advice and consent of the Senate, as applicable, appoint members for terms of six years. The terms shall begin March 1 of the year in which the appointments are made. A member serving a term of six years shall not be eligible for reappointment for successive terms.
- (2) In the event of any vacancy occurring in the membership of the Board, the Governor appointing authority that made the initial appointment to the vacated term shall fill the vacancy with a qualified person whose appointment shall be for the unexpired portion of the term.
- (3) Biennially, the Board shall choose a member of the Board to be its chair.

- (4) Annually, using an application process that is open and accessible to all eligible students, the Governor shall appoint a Vermont secondary school student who will continue to be a secondary student for at least two years following taking office, to serve on the State Board for two years, beginning on July 1 of the year of appointment. The student member shall not vote during the first year and shall be a full and voting member during the second year of his or her the student's term.
- Sec. 24. TRANSITION PERIOD APPOINTMENTS; STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
- (a) Members currently serving on the State Board of Education may continue to serve for the duration of the term to which they were appointed.
- (b) Beginning on July 1, 2025, as terms of currently serving members expire, appointments of successors shall be made in accordance with the considerations and appointment authority contained in 16 V.S.A. § 161.
- (1) The Speaker of the House shall make the first appointment to a vacant or expired seat that occurs after July 1, 2025 and shall make any subsequent appointments to fill the vacated or expired term for that same seat after the initial transition period appointment.
- (2) The Senate Committee on Committees shall make the second appointment to a vacant or expired seat that occurs after July 1, 2025 and

shall make any subsequent appointments to fill the vacated or expired term for that same seat after the initial transition period appointment.

- (3) The Governor shall make the third appointment, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to a vacant or expired seat that occurs after July 1, 2025 and shall make any subsequent appointments to fill the vacated or expired term for that same seat after the initial transition period appointment.
- (c) Once the first three appointments after July 1, 2025 are made in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, the Governor shall make all subsequent appointments for the remaining five non-student seats, with the advice and consent of the Senate, in accordance with 16 V.S.A. § 161.

Sec. 25. 16 V.S.A. § 162 is amended to read:

§ 162. REMOVAL OF BOARD MEMBERS

After notice and hearing, the Governor may remove a member of the State Board for incompetency, failure to discharge his or her the member's duties, malfeasance, illegal acts, or other cause inimical to the welfare of the public schools; and in case of such removal, he or she the appointing authority that made the initial appointment shall appoint a person to fill the unexpired term.

Sec. 26. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION; REVIEW OF RULES;

APPROPRIATION

(a) The State Board of Education shall review each rule series the State

Board is responsible for and make a determination as to the continuing need

for, appropriateness of, or need for updating of said rules. On or before December 1, 2026, the State Board of Education shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Education with its recommendation for rules that are no longer needed and a plan to update rules that are still necessary, including the order in which the Board proposes to update the rules and any associated costs or staffing needs.

(b) The sum of \$200,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Agency of Education in fiscal year 2026 to provide the State Board of Education with the contracted resources necessary to review and update the Board's rules.

* * * Tuition * * *

Sec. 27. 16 V.S.A. § 823 is amended to read:

§ 823. ELEMENTARY TUITION

(a) Tuition for elementary students shall be paid by the district in which the student is a resident. The district shall pay the full tuition charged its students attending a public elementary school to a receiving school an amount equal to the base amount contained in subdivision 4001(16) of this title multiplied by the sum of one and any weights applicable to the resident student under section 4010 of this title, for each resident student attending the receiving school. If a payment made to a public elementary school is three percent more or less than the calculated net cost per elementary pupil in the receiving school district for

the year of attendance, the district shall be reimbursed, credited, or refunded pursuant to section 836 of this title. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection or of subsection 825(b) of this title, the boards of both the receiving and sending districts may enter into tuition agreements with terms differing from the provisions of those subsections, provided that the receiving district must offer identical terms to all sending districts, and further provided that the statutory provisions apply to any sending district that declines the offered terms.

- (b) Unless the electorate of a school district authorizes payment of a higher amount at an annual or special meeting warned for the purpose, the tuition paid to an approved independent elementary school or an independent school meeting education quality standards shall not exceed the least of:
- (1) the average announced tuition of Vermont union elementary schools for the year of attendance;
- (2) the tuition charged by the approved independent school for the year of attendance; or
- (3) the average per-pupil tuition the district pays for its other resident elementary students in the year in which the student is enrolled in the approved independent school. [Repealed.]

Sec. 28. REPEALS

16 V.S.A. §§ 824 (high school tuition), 825 (maximum tuition rate; calculated net cost per pupil defined), 826 (notice of tuition rates; special education charges), and 836 (tuition overcharge or undercharge) are repealed on July 1, 2029.

* * * Adult Education Funding * * *

Sec. 29. 16 V.S.A. § 4011 is amended to read:

§ 4011. EDUCATION PAYMENTS

- (a) Annually, the General Assembly shall appropriate funds to pay for statewide education spending and a portion of a base education amount for each adult education and secondary credential program student.
- (b) For each fiscal year, the base education amount shall be \$6,800.00, increased by the most recent New England Economic Project Cumulative Price Index, as of November 15, for state and local government purchases of goods and services which shall be adjusted for inflation annually on or before November 15 by the Secretary of Education. As used in this subsection, "adjusted for inflation" means adjusting the base education amount by the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) implicit price deflator for state and local government consumption expenditures and gross investment published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, from fiscal year 2005 through the fiscal year for which the amount is being

determined, plus an additional one-tenth of one percent and rounding upward to the nearest whole dollar amount.

* * *

provider, as defined in section 942 of this title, that provides an adult education and secondary credential program from funds appropriated for this subsection to the Agency in an amount equal to 26 percent of the base education amount for each student who completes the diagnostic portions of the an adult education and secondary credential program, based on an average of the previous two years; 40, the Secretary shall pay to a local adult education and literacy provider, as defined in section 942 of this title, that provides an adult education and secondary credential program an amount that shall be calculated pursuant to the funding formula contained in the State Board of Education adult education rules. Forty percent of the payment required under this subsection shall be from State funds appropriated from the Education shall be from State funds appropriated from the General Fund.

* * *

Sec. 30. ADULT EDUCATION; FUNDING; REPORT

(a) On or before December 1, 2025, the Agency of Education, in consultation with local adult education and literacy providers, shall submit a

written report to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs, and the House and Senate Committees on Education with recommendations to modernize adult education funding to ensure funds are distributed equitably across all regions of the State.

- (b) For fiscal year 2026, the Agency of Education shall negotiate in good faith to extend the existing contracts with local adult education and literacy providers for a term of one year. The Agency shall endeavor to maintain the terms of the existing contracts to the greatest extent possible.
- Sec. 31. STATE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION DELIVERY; AGENCY OF EDUCATION; REPORT
- (a) On or before September 1, 2025, the Agency of Education shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Education, the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance addressing the factors contributing to growth in extraordinary special education reimbursement costs. The report shall include detailed information regarding the current state of special education delivery in Vermont, including an update on the implementation of special education changes enacted pursuant to 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173 (Act 173). The report shall include a description of the current state of support for students with

disabilities in Vermont and recommended changes to structure, practice, and law with the goal of:

- (1) improving the delivery of special education services and managing the rising extraordinary special education costs as Vermont's special education finance system transitions from a census block grant to a weight for special education costs;
- (2) ensuring better, more inclusive services in the least restrictive environment in a way that makes efficient and effective use of limited resources while resulting in the best outcomes;
- (3) responding to the challenges of fully implementing Act 173 and the lessons learned from implementation efforts to date;
- (4) ensuring that the delivery of special education is responsive to student needs; and
- (5) addressing drivers of growth of extraordinary expenditures in special education.

(b) The report shall include:

(1) An analysis of the costs of and services provided for students with extraordinary needs in specialized settings, separated by school-district-operated specialized programs, independent nonprofit programs, and independent for-profit programs. The report shall include a geographic map

with the location of all specialized programs within the State of Vermont, as well as the following information for each individual specialized program:

- (A) disability categories served;
- (B) grade levels served;
- (C) the number of students with IEPs and the average duration of time each student spent in the program over the last 10 years;
- (D) average cost per pupil, inclusive of extraordinary spending and any costs in excess of general tuition rates;
- (E) years of experience, training, and tenure of licensed special education staff;
- (F) a review of the findings of all investigations conducted by the Agency of Education; and
- (G) a review of the Agency's public assurance capabilities, with respect to special education programs in all settings, and an analysis of the effectiveness of current oversight or rule, and recommended changes if needed.
- (2) An evaluation of the state of implementation of Act 173, including examples of where implementation has been successful, where it has not, and why.
- (3) Identification of drivers of accelerating costs within the special education system.
 - (4) Identification of barriers to the success of students with disabilities.

- (5) A description of how specialized programs for students with extraordinary needs operated by school districts, independent nonprofit schools, and independent for-profit schools are funded, with an analysis of the benefits and risks of each funding model.
- (6) An assessment of whether Vermont's current special education laws ensure equitable access for all students with disabilities to education alongside their peers in a way that is consistent with the Vermont education quality standards for public schools and the right to a free appropriate public education (FAPE) under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400–1482.
- (7) A review of the capacity of the Agency to support and guide school districts on the effective support of students with disabilities, as well as compliance with federal law, which shall include:
- (A) a review of final reports of investigations conducted by the Agency in school-district-operated specialized programs, independent nonprofit programs, and independent for-profit programs in the previous 10 years and an evaluation of what practices could reduce adverse findings in these settings;
- (B) an assessment of the ability of the State to ensure State resources are used in the most efficient and effective way possible to support the success

of students with disabilities and their access to a free and appropriate public education;

- (C) a review of any pending and recent federal findings against the State or school districts, as well as progress on corrective actions;
- (D) a review of the Agency's staffing and capacity to review and conduct monitoring and visits to schools, especially independent settings;
- (E) a description of the process and status of reviews and approvals

 of approved independent schools that provide special education and

 therapeutic schools; and
- (F) recommendations for whether the Agency has capacity to ensure timely review of approved independent schools and provide sufficient oversight for specialized programs in nonprofit independent schools and for-profit independent schools.
- (8) Recommendations for needed capacity at the Agency to provide technical assistance and support to school districts in the provision of special education services.
- (9) An analysis of whether more strategic support for better primary first instruction and more successful implementation of Act 173 needs to be in place for a weighted funding model for special education to succeed, including a suggested transition timeline, with indicators, to be incorporated into the Agency's strategic plan.

(10) If warranted, a review of options for changes to practice, structure, and law that ensure students with disabilities are provided access to quality education, in the least restrictive environment, in a cost-effective way that is consistent with State and federal law, which may include a review of the possible role of BOCES and the impact of larger districts on effective, high-quality support for students with disabilities.

Sec. 32. SPECIAL EDUCATION STRATEGIC PLAN; AGENCY OF EDUCATION

(a) Strategic plan. In consultation with the State Advisory Panel on Special Education established under 16 V.S.A. § 2945, the Agency of Education shall develop a three-year strategic plan for the delivery of special education services in Vermont. The strategic plan shall include unambiguous measurable outcomes and a timeline for implementation. The strategic plan shall be informed by the analysis and findings of the report required of the Agency under Sec. 31 of this act and be designed to ensure successful implementation of 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 173 (Act 173) and provide the supports and processes that need to be in place for the transition to a weighted funding model for special education to succeed, including a suggested transition timeline, with benchmarks for success. The strategic plan shall also include contingency recommendations for special education funding in the event federal special education funding under the Individuals with Disabilities

Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400–1482, is no longer available or transitions to a system that requires more planning and management on the part of the State to ensure funds are distributed equitably.

(b) Reports.

- (1) On or before December 1, 2025, the Agency shall submit the threeyear strategic plan created pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to the House and Senate Committees on Education, the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance.
- (2) On or before December 1 of 2026, 2027, 2028, and 2029, the Agency shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Education, the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance with a detailed update on the Agency's implementation of its strategic plan and any recommendations for legislative changes needed to ensure a successful transition to a weighted funding model and continued successful implementation of Act 173.

Sec. 33. POSITION; AGENCY OF EDUCATION

(a) Establishment of one new permanent, classified position is authorized in the Agency of Education in fiscal year 2026, to support development and implementation of the three-year strategic plan required under Sec. 32 of this act.

- (b) The sum of \$150,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Agency of Education's base budget in fiscal year 2026 for the purposes of funding the position created in subsection (a) of this section. The Agency shall include funding for this permanent position in their annual base budget request in subsequent years.
 - * * * State Funding of Public Education * * *

Sec. 34. 16 V.S.A. § 4001 is amended to read:

§ 4001. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Average daily membership" of a school district or, if needed in order to calculate the appropriate homestead tax rate, of the municipality as defined in 32 V.S.A. § 5401(9), in any year means:

* * *

(6) "Education spending" means the amount of the school district budget, any assessment for a joint contract school, career technical center payments made on behalf of the district under subsection 1561(b) of this title, and any amount added to pay a deficit pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 1523(b) that is paid for by the school district, but excluding any portion of the school budget paid for from any other sources such as endowments, parental fundraising, federal funds, nongovernmental grants, or other State funds such as special education funds paid under chapter 101 of this title.

(A) [Repealed.]

(B) For all bonds approved by voters prior to July 1, 2024, voter-approved bond payments toward principal and interest shall not be included in "education spending" for purposes of calculating excess spending pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5401(12). [Repealed.]

* * *

- (13) "Base education Categorical base amount" means a number used to calculate categorical grants awarded under this title that is equal to \$6,800.00 per equalized pupil, adjusted as required under section 4011 of this title.
- (14) "Per pupil education spending" of a school district in any school year means the per pupil education spending of that school district as determined under subsection 4010(f) of this title. [Repealed.]

* * *

(16) "Base amount" means a per pupil cost-factor amount of \$15,033.00, which shall be adjusted for inflation annually on or before November 15 by the Secretary of Education. As used in this subdivision, "adjusted for inflation" means adjusting the base dollar amount by the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) implicit price deflator for state and local government consumption expenditures and gross investment published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis,

from fiscal year 2025 through the fiscal year for which the amount is being determined, and rounding upward to the nearest whole dollar amount.

(17) "Educational opportunity payment" means the base amount multiplied by the school district's weighted long-term membership as determined under section 4010 of this title.

Co. 35. 16 V.S.A. \$ 4010 is amended to read.

- § 40.00. DETERMINATION OF WEIGHTED LONG-TERM MEMBERSHIP

 AND PER PUPIL EDUCATION SPENDING EDUCATION

 OPPORTUNITY PAYMENT
 - (a) Definitions. As used in this section:
 - (1) "EL pupils" me ins pupils described under section 4013 of this title.
 - (2) "FPL" means the Fe Veral Poverty Level.
- (3) "Weighting categories" means the categories listed under subsection (b) of this section.
- (4) "Child with a disability" has the same meaning as in section 2942 of this title.
 - (5) "Disability" means any of:
- (A) a specific learning disability or a speech or language impairment, each of which is identified as "low cost";
- (B) an emotional disturbance, intellectual disability, or other health

- orthopedic impairment, traumatic brain injury, or visual impairment, each of which is identified as "high cost."
- (6) English language proficiency level" means each of the English language proficiency levels published as a standardized measure of academic language proficiency in WIDA ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 and available to members of the WIDA consortium of state departments of education.
- (7) "Newcomer or SLIFE" means a pupil identified as a New American or as a student with limited or incrrupted formal education.
- (b) Determination of average daily membership and weighting categories. On or before the first day of December arring each school year, the Secretary shall determine the average daily membership, as defined in subdivision 4001(1) of this title, of each school district for the current school year and shall perform the following tasks.
- (1) Using using average daily membership, list for each school district the number of:
 - (A) pupils in prekindergarten;
 - (B) pupils in kindergarten through grade five;
 - (C) pupils in grades six through eight;
 - (D) pupils in grades nine inrough 12,

 $\frac{(E)(1)}{(E)}$ pupils whose families are at or below 185 percent of EPL, using the highest number of pupils in the district:

- (i)(A) that meet this definition under the universal income declaration form; or
- $\frac{(ii)}{(B)}$ who are directly certified for free and reduced-priced meals;
- (F)(2) EL pupils that have been most recently assessed at an English language proficiency level of
 - (A) Level 1;
 - (B) Level 2 or 3;
 - (C) Level 4; or
 - (D) Level 5 or 6;
 - (3) EL pupils that are identified as Newcon, er or SLIFE; and
 - (4) Children with a disability whose disability is identified as:
 - (A) low cost;
 - (B) medium cost; or
- (C) high cost, provided that a child with multiple disabilities shall be counted solely under this subdivision (C).
- (2)(A) Identify all school districts that have low population density,

determination, equaling:

- (i) fewer than 36 persons per square mile;
- (ii) 36 or more persons per square mile but fewer than 55 persons per square mile; or
- (iii) 53 or more persons per square mile but fewer than 100 persons per square mile.
- (B) Population density data shall be based on the best available U.S.

 Census data as provided to the Azency of Education by the Vermont Center for Geographic Information.
- (C) Using average daily membership, list for each school district that has low population density the number of pupils in each of subdivisions (A)(i)—(iii) of this subdivision (2).
- (3)(A) Identify all school districts that have one or more small schools, which are schools that have an average two-year enrollment of:
 - (i) fewer than 100 pupils; or
 - (ii) 100 or more pupils but fewer than 250 pupils.
- (B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), "average twoyear enrollment" means the average enrollment of the two most recently completed school years, and "enrollment" means the number of pupils who

counted as one whether the pupil is enrolled as a full-time or part-time student.

- (C) Using average two-year enrollment, list for each school district that has a small school the number of pupils in each of subdivisions (A)(i) (ii) of this subdivision (3).
- (c) Reporting on weighting categories to the Agency of Education. Each school district shall annually report to the Agency of Education by a date established by the Agency the information needed in order for the Agency to compute the weighting categories under subsection (b) of this section for that district. In order to fulfill this obligation, a school district that pays public tuition on behalf of a resident student (sending district) to a public school in another school district, an approved independent school, or an out-of-state school (each a receiving school) may request the receiving school to collect this information on the sending district's resident student, and if requested, the receiving school shall provide this information to the sending district in a timely manner.
- (d) Determination of weighted long-term membership. For each weighting category except the small schools weighting category under subdivision (b)(3) of this section, the Secretary shall compute the weighting count by using the long-term membership, as defined in subdivision 4001(7) of this title, in that category.

- (1) The Secretary shall first apply grade level weights. Each pupil included in long-term membership shall count as one, multiplied by the following amounts:
 - (A) prekindergarten negative 0.54;
 - (B) grades six through eight 0.36; and
 - (C) grade nine through 12 0.39. [Repealed.]
- (2) The Secretary shall next apply a weight for pupils whose family is at or below 185 percent of FRL. Each pupil included in long-term membership whose family is at or below 185 percent of FPL shall receive an additional weighting amount of 1.03 1.02.
- (3) The Secretary shall next apply a weight for EL pupils. Each EL pupil included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount, based on the EL pupil's English language proficiency level, of 2.49:
 - (A) 2.11, if assessed as Level 1;
 - (B) 1.41, if assessed as Level 2 or 3;
 - (C) 1.20, if assessed as Level 4; or
 - (D) 0.12, if assessed as Level 5 or 6.
- (4) The Secretary shall then apply a weight for pupils living in low population density school districts. Each <u>EL</u> pupil that is a Newcomer or <u>SLIFE</u> included in long-term membership residing in a low population density school district, measured by the number of persons per square mile residing

within the land area of the geographic boundaries of the district as of July 1 of the wear of determination, shall receive an additional weighting amount of:

0.42

- (A) 0.15, where the number of persons per square mile is fewer than 36 persons;
- (B) 0.12, where the number of persons per square mile is 36 or more but fewer than 55 persons; or
- (C) 0.07, where the number of persons per square mile is 55 or more but fewer than 100.
- (5) The Secretary shall lastly apply a weight for pupils who attend a small school. If the number of persons per square mile residing within the land area of the geographic boundaries of a school district as of July 1 of the year of determination is 55 or fewer, then, for each pupil listed under subdivision (b)(3)(C) of this section (pupils who attend small schools) Each child with a disability included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount, based on the cost level associated with the child's disability, of:
- (A) where the school has fewer than 100 pupils in average two-year enrollment, the school district shall receive an additional weighting amount of 0.21 for each pupil included in the small school's average two-year enrollment 0.70. If the disability is identified as low costs or

- pup \(\frac{1}{3}\), the school district shall receive an additional weighting amount of 0.07 for each pupil included in the small school's average two-year enrollment 1.35, if the disability is identified as medium cost; or
 - (C) 2. 9, if the disability is identified as high cost.
- (6) A school district's weighted long-term membership shall equal long-term membership plus the cumulation of the weights assigned by the Secretary under this subsection.
- (e) Hold harmless. A district's weighted long-term membership shall in no case be less than 96 and one-half percent of its actual weighted long-term membership the previous year prior to making any adjustment under this subsection.
- (f) Determination of per pupil education spending educational opportunity payment. As soon as reasonably possible after a school district budget is approved by voters, the Secretary shall determine the per pupil education spending for the next fiscal year for the school district. Per pupil education spending shall equal a school district's education spending divided by its weighted long-term membership The Secretary shall determine each school district's educational opportunity payment by multiplying the school district's weighted long-term membership determined under subsection (d) of this section by the base amount.

(h) Updates to weights, base amount, and transportation reimbursement. On or before January 1, 2027 2026 and on or before January 1 of every fifth year thereafter, the Agency of Education and the Joint Fiscal Office shall calculate, based on Neir consensus view, updates to the weights and the base amount, including any inflationary measure, to account for cost changes underlying those weights and shall issue a written report on their work to the House and Senate Committees on Education, the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance. The General Assembly shall update the weights under this section, the base amount, and transportation reimbursement under section 4016 of this title not less than every five years and the implementation date for the rodated weights and transportation reimbursement shall be delayed by a year in each to provide school districts with time to prepare their budgets. Updates to the weights may include recalibration, recalculation, adding or eliminating weights, on any

Sec. 35. 16 V.S.A. § 4010 is amended to read:

§ 4010. DETERMINATION OF WEIGHTED LONG-TERM MEMBERSHIP AND PER PUPIL EDUCATION SPENDING EDUCATION OPPORTUNITY PAYMENT

(a) Definitions. As used in this section:

- (1) "EL pupils" means pupils described under section 4013 of this title.
- (2) "FPL" means the Federal Poverty Level.
- (3) "Weighting categories" means the categories listed under subsection (b) of this section.
- (4) "Child with a disability" has the same meaning as in section 2942 of this title.
 - (5) "Disability" means any of:
- (A) a specific learning disability or a speech or language impairment, each of which is identified as "Category A";
- (B) an emotional disturbance, intellectual disability, developmental delay, or other health impairment, each of which is identified as "Category B"; or
- (C) autism spectrum disorder, deaf-blindness, hearing impairment, orthopedic impairment, traumatic brain injury, or visual impairment, each of which is identified as "Category C."
- (6) "English language proficiency level" means each of the English language proficiency levels published as a standardized measure of academic language proficiency in WIDA ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 and available to members of the WIDA consortium of state departments of education.
- (7) "Newcomer or SLIFE" means a pupil identified as a New American or as a student with limited or interrupted formal education.

- (b) Determination of average daily membership and weighting categories. On or before the first day of December during each school year, the Secretary shall determine the average daily membership, as defined in subdivision 4001(1) of this title, of each school district for the current school year and shall perform the following tasks.
- (1) Using using average daily membership, list for each school district the number of:
 - (A) pupils in prekindergarten;
 - (B) pupils in kindergarten through grade five;
 - (C) pupils in grades six through eight;
 - (D) pupils in grades nine through 12;
- (E)(1) pupils whose families are at or below 185 percent of FPL, using the highest number of pupils in the district:
- $\frac{(i)(A)}{(A)}$ that meet this definition under the universal income declaration form; or
- (ii)(B) who are directly certified for free and reduced-priced meals;
- (F)(2) EL pupils that have been most recently assessed at an English language proficiency level of:
 - (A) Level 1;
 - (B) Level 2 or 3;

- (C) Level 4; or
- (D) Level 5 or 6;
- (3) EL pupils that are identified as Newcomer or SLIFE; and
- (4) Children with a disability whose disability is identified as:
 - (A) Category A;
 - (B) Category B; or
- (C) Category C, provided that a child with multiple disabilities shall be counted solely under this subdivision (C).
- (2)(A) Identify all school districts that have low population density, measured by the number of persons per square mile residing within the land area of the geographic boundaries of the district as of July 1 of the year of determination, equaling:
 - (i) fewer than 36 persons per square mile;
- (ii) 36 or more persons per square mile but fewer than 55 persons per square mile; or
- (iii) 55 or more persons per square mile but fewer than 100 persons per square mile.
- (B) Population density data shall be based on the best available U.S. Census data as provided to the Agency of Education by the Vermont Center for Geographic Information.

- (C) Using average daily membership, list for each school district that has low population density the number of pupils in each of subdivisions (A)(i) (iii) of this subdivision (2).
- (3)(A) Identify all school districts that have one or more small schools, which are schools that have an average two-year enrollment of:
 - (i) fewer than 100 pupils; or
 - (ii) 100 or more pupils but fewer than 250 pupils.
- (B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), "average twoyear enrollment" means the average enrollment of the two most recently completed school years, and "enrollment" means the number of pupils who are enrolled in a school operated by the district on October 1. A pupil shall be counted as one whether the pupil is enrolled as a full-time or part-time student.
- (C) Using average two-year enrollment, list for each school district that has a small school the number of pupils in each of subdivisions (A)(i) (ii) of this subdivision (3).
- (c) Reporting on weighting categories to the Agency of Education. Each school district shall annually report to the Agency of Education by a date established by the Agency the information needed in order for the Agency to compute the weighting categories under subsection (b) of this section for that district. In order to fulfill this obligation, a school district that pays public tuition on behalf of a resident student (sending district) to a public school in

another school district, an approved independent school, or an out-of-state school (each a receiving school) may request the receiving school to collect this information on the sending district's resident student, and if requested, the receiving school shall provide this information to the sending district in a timely manner.

- (d) Determination of weighted long-term membership. For each weighting category except the small schools weighting category under subdivision (b)(3) of this section, the Secretary shall compute the weighting count by using the long-term membership, as defined in subdivision 4001(7) of this title, in that category.
- (1) The Secretary shall first apply grade level weights. Each pupil included in long-term membership shall count as one, multiplied by the following amounts:
 - (A) prekindergarten negative 0.54;
 - (B) grades six through eight 0.36; and
 - (C) grades nine through 12 0.39. [Repealed.]
- (2) The Secretary shall next apply a weight for pupils whose family is at or below 185 percent of FPL. Each pupil included in long-term membership whose family is at or below 185 percent of FPL shall receive an additional weighting amount of 1.03 1.02.

- (3) The Secretary shall next apply a weight for EL pupils. Each EL pupil included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount, based on the EL pupil's English language proficiency level, of 2.49:
 - (A) 2.11, if assessed as Level 1;
 - (B) 1.41, if assessed as Level 2 or 3;
 - (C) 1.20, if assessed as Level 4; or
 - (D) 0.12, if assessed as Level 5 or 6.
- (4) The Secretary shall then apply a weight for pupils living in low population density school districts. Each EL pupil that is a Newcomer or SLIFE included in long-term membership residing in a low population density school district, measured by the number of persons per square mile residing within the land area of the geographic boundaries of the district as of July 1 of the year of determination, shall receive an additional weighting amount of: 0.42
- (A) 0.15, where the number of persons per square mile is fewer than 36 persons;
- (B) 0.12, where the number of persons per square mile is 36 or more but fewer than 55 persons; or
- (C) 0.07, where the number of persons per square mile is 55 or more but fewer than 100.

- (5) The Secretary shall lastly apply a weight for pupils who attend a small school. If the number of persons per square mile residing within the land area of the geographic boundaries of a school district as of July 1 of the year of determination is 55 or fewer, then, for each pupil listed under subdivision (b)(3)(C) of this section (pupils who attend small schools) Each child with a disability included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount, based on the categorization of the child's disability, of:
- (A) where the school has fewer than 100 pupils in average two-year enrollment, the school district shall receive an additional weighting amount of 0.21 for each pupil included in the small school's average two-year enrollment 0.79, if the disability is identified as Category A; or
- (B) where the small school has 100 or more but fewer than 250 pupils, the school district shall receive an additional weighting amount of 0.07 for each pupil included in the small school's average two-year enrollment 1.89, if the disability is identified as Category B; or

(C) 2.49, if the disability is identified as Category C.

(6) A school district's weighted long-term membership shall equal long-term membership plus the cumulation of the weights assigned by the Secretary under this subsection.

- (e) Hold harmless. A district's weighted long-term membership shall in no case be less than 96 and one-half percent of its actual weighted long-term membership the previous year prior to making any adjustment under this subsection.
- (f) Determination of per pupil education spending educational opportunity payment. As soon as reasonably possible after a school district budget is approved by voters, the Secretary shall determine the per pupil education spending for the next fiscal year for the school district. Per pupil education spending shall equal a school district's education spending divided by its weighted long-term membership The Secretary shall determine each school district's educational opportunity payment by multiplying the school district's weighted long-term membership determined under subsection (d) of this section by the base amount.

* * *

(h) Updates to weights, base amount, and transportation reimbursement.

On or before January 1, 2027 2026 and on or before January 1 of every fifth year thereafter, the Agency of Education and the Joint Fiscal Office shall calculate, based on their consensus view, updates to the weights and the base amount, including any inflationary measure, to account for cost changes underlying those weights and shall issue a written report on their work to the House and Senate Committees on Education, the House Committee on Ways

and Means, and the Senate Committee on Finance. The General Assembly shall update the weights under this section, the base amount, and transportation reimbursement under section 4016 of this title not less than every five years and the implementation date for the updated weights and transportation reimbursement shall be delayed by a year in order to provide school districts with time to prepare their budgets. Updates to the weights may include recalibration, recalculation, adding or eliminating weights, or any combination of these actions.

Sec. 36. 16 V.S.A. § 4011 is amended to read:

§ 4011. EDUCATION PAYMENTS

- (a) Annually, the General Assembly shall appropriate funds to pay for statewide education spending each school district's educational opportunity payment and supplemental district spending, as defined in 32 V.S.A. § 5401, the small schools and sparsity support grants under section 4019 of this chapter, and a portion of a base education categorical base amount for each adult education and secondary credential program student.
- (b) For each fiscal year, the <u>categorical</u> base <u>education</u> amount shall be \$6,800.00, which shall be adjusted for inflation annually on or before November 15 by the Secretary of Education. As used in this subsection, "adjusted for inflation" means adjusting the categorical base dollar amount by the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) implicit price deflator

for state and local government consumption expenditures and gross investment published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, from fiscal year 2005 through the fiscal year for which the amount is being determined, and rounding upward to the nearest whole dollar amount.

- (c) Annually, each school district shall receive an education spending payment for support of education costs its educational opportunity payment determined pursuant to subsection 4010(f) of this chapter and a dollar amount equal to its supplemental district spending, if applicable to that school district, as defined in 32 V.S.A. § 5401. An unorganized town or gore shall receive an amount equal to its per pupil education spending for that year for each student. No district shall receive more than its education spending amount.
 - (d) [Repealed.]
 - (e) [Repealed.]
- (f) Annually, the Secretary shall pay to a local adult education and literacy provider, as defined in section 942 of this title, that provides an adult education and secondary credential program an amount equal to 26 percent of the categorical base education amount for each student who completes the diagnostic portions of the program, based on an average of the previous two years; 40 percent of the payment required under this subsection shall be from State funds appropriated from the Education Fund and 60 percent of the

payment required under this subsection shall be from State funds appropriated from the General Fund.

* * *

- (i) Annually, on or before October 1, the Secretary shall send to school boards for inclusion in town reports and publish on the Agency website the following information:
- (1) the statewide average district per pupil education spending for the current fiscal year; and
- (2) a statewide comparison of student-teacher ratios among schools that are similar in number of students and number of grades.
- Sec. 37. 16 V.S.A. § 4019 is added to read:

§ 4019. SMALL SCHOOLS; SPARSE SCHOOL DISTRICTS;

SUPPORT GRANTS

- (a) Definitions. As used in this section:
- (1) "Enrollment" means the number of students who are enrolled in a school operated by the school district on October 1. A student shall be counted as one whether the student is enrolled as a full-time or part-time student.
 - (2) "Small school" means a school that:
 - (A) has fewer than 100 pupils in two-year average enrollment; and

- (B) has been determined by the State Board of Education, on an annual basis, to be "small by necessity" under standards consistent with those submitted to the General Assembly pursuant to Sec. 6(b) of this act.
- (3) "Sparse school district" means a school district where the number of persons per square mile residing within the land area of the geographic boundaries of the district as of July 1 of the year of determination is fewer than 55 persons.
- (4) "Two-year average enrollment" means the average enrollment of the two most recently completed school years.
- (b) Small schools support grant. Annually, the Secretary shall pay a small schools support grant to each school district for each small school within the school district in an amount determined by multiplying the two-year average enrollment in the small school by \$3,157.00.
- (c) Sparsity support grant. Annually, the Secretary shall pay a sparsity support grant to each sparse school district in an amount determined by multiplying the two-year average enrollment of each public school in the school district by \$1,954.00.
- (d) Inflationary adjustment. Each dollar amount under subsections (b) and
 (c) of this section shall be adjusted for inflation annually on or before

 November 15 by the Secretary. As used in this subsection, "adjusted for inflation" means adjusting the dollar amount by the National Income and

Product Accounts (NIPA) implicit price deflator for state and local government consumption expenditures and gross investment published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, from fiscal year 2025 through the fiscal year for which the amount is being determined, and rounding upward to the nearest whole dollar amount.

Sec. 38. 16 V.S.A. § 4025 is amended to read: § 4025. EDUCATION FUND

- (a) The Education Fund is established to comprise the following:
- (1) all revenue paid to the State from the statewide education tax on nonhomestead and homestead property under 32 V.S.A. chapter 135;
- (2) all revenue paid to the State from the supplemental district spending tax imposed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402(f);

* * *

(b) Monies in the Education Fund shall be used for the following:

* * *

(3) To make payments required under 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(1) and only that portion attributable to education taxes, as determined by the Commissioner of Taxes, of payments required under 32 V.S.A. § 6066(a)(3). The State Treasurer shall withdraw funds from the Education Fund upon warrants issued by the Commissioner of Finance and Management based on information supplied by the Commissioner of Taxes. The Commissioner of

Finance and Management may draw warrants for disbursements from the Fund in anticipation of receipts. All balances in the Fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain a part of the Fund. Interest accruing from the Fund shall remain in the Fund.

* * *

Sec. 39. 16 V.S.A. § 4026 is amended to read:

§ 4026. EDUCATION FUND BUDGET STABILIZATION RESERVE; CREATION AND PURPOSE

* * *

(e) The enactment of this chapter and other provisions of the Equal Educational Opportunity Act of which it is a part have been premised upon estimates of balances of revenues to be raised and expenditures to be made under the act for such purposes as education spending payments, categorical State support grants, provisions for property tax income sensitivity, payments in lieu of taxes, current use value appraisals, tax stabilization agreements, the stabilization reserve established by this section, and for other purposes. If the stabilization reserve established under this section should in any fiscal year be less than 5.0 percent of the prior fiscal year's appropriations from the Education Fund, as defined in subsection (b) of this section, the Joint Fiscal Committee shall review the information provided pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402b and provide the General Assembly its recommendations for change

necessary to restore the stabilization reserve to the statutory level provided in subsection (b) of this section.

Sec. 40. 16 V.S.A. § 4028 is amended to read:

§ 4028. FUND PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS

- (a) On or before September 10, December 10, and April 30 of each school year, one-third of the education spending payment under section 4011 of this title each school district's educational opportunity payment as determined under subsection 4010(f) of this chapter and supplemental district spending, as defined in 32 V.S.A. § 5401, shall become due to school districts, except that districts that have not adopted a budget by 30 days before the date of payment under this subsection shall receive one-quarter of the base education amount and upon adoption of a budget shall receive additional amounts due under this subsection.
- (b) Payments made for special education under chapter 101 of this title, for career technical education under chapter 37 of this title, and for other aid and categorical grants paid for support of education shall also be from the Education Fund.
- (c)(1) Any district that has adopted a school budget that includes high spending, as defined in 32 V.S.A. § 5401(12), shall, upon timely notice, be authorized to use a portion of its high spending penalty to reduce future education spending:

- (A) by entering into a contract with an operational efficiency consultant or a financial systems consultant to examine issues such as transportation arrangements, administrative costs, staffing patterns, and the potential for collaboration with other districts;
- (B) by entering into a contract with an energy or facilities management consultant; or
- (C) by engaging in discussions with other school districts about reorganization or consolidation for better service delivery at a lower cost.
- (2)—To the extent approved by the Secretary, the Agency shall pay the district from the property tax revenue to be generated by the high spending increase to the district's spending adjustment as estimated by the Secretary, up to a maximum of \$5,000.00. For the purposes of this subsection, "timely notice" means written notice from the district to the Secretary by September 30 of the budget year. If the district enters into a contract with a consultant pursuant to this subsection, the consultant shall not be an employee of the district or of the Agency. A copy of the consultant's final recommendations or a copy of the district's recommendations regarding reorganization, as appropriate, shall be submitted to the Secretary, and each affected town shall include in its next town report an executive summary of the consultant's or district's final recommendations and notice of where a complete copy is

available. No district is authorized to obtain funds under this section more than one time in every five years. [Repealed.]

* * *

Sec. 41. 16 V.S.A. § 563 is amended to read:

§ 563. POWERS OF SCHOOL BOARDS; FORM OF VOTE

The school board of a school district, in addition to other duties and authority specifically assigned by law:

* * *

(11)(A) Shall prepare and distribute annually a proposed budget for the next school year according to such major categories as may from time to time be prescribed by the Secretary.

(B) [Repealed.]

(C) At a school district's annual or special meeting, the electorate may vote to provide notice of availability of the school budget required by this subdivision to the electorate in lieu of distributing the budget. If the electorate of the school district votes to provide notice of availability, it must specify how notice of availability shall be given, and such notice of availability shall be provided to the electorate at least 30 days before the district's annual meeting. The proposed budget shall be prepared and distributed at least ten 10 days before a sum of money is voted on by the electorate. Any proposed budget shall show the following information in a format prescribed by the Secretary:

- (i) all revenues from all sources, and expenses, including as separate items any assessment for a supervisory union of which it is a member and any tuition to be paid to a career technical center; and including the report required in subdivision 242(4)(D) of this title itemizing the component costs of the supervisory union assessment;
- (ii) the specific amount of any deficit incurred in the most recently closed fiscal year and how the deficit was or will be remedied;
- (iii) the anticipated homestead statewide education tax rate and the percentage of household income used to determine income sensitivity in the district as a result of passage of the budget, including those portions of the tax rate attributable to supervisory union assessments, as adjusted for each tax classification pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402; and
- (iv) the definition of "education spending supplemental district spending," the number of pupils and number of equalized pupils in long-term membership of the school district, and the district's education spending per equalized pupil supplemental district spending in the proposed budget and in each of the prior three years; and
 - (v) the supplemental district spending yield.
- (D) The board shall present the budget to the voters by means of a ballot in the following form:

"Article #1 (School Budget):

Shall the voters of the school district approve the school board
to expend \$, which is the amount the school board has determined to
be necessary in excess of the school district's educational opportunity payment
for the ensuing fiscal year?
The District estimates that this proposed budget, if
approved, will result in per pupil education supplemental district spending of
\$, which is% higher/lower than per pupil education
supplemental district spending for the current year, and a supplemental district
spending tax rate of per \$100.00 of equalized education property
value."

Sec. 42. REPEALS

- (a) 16 V.S.A. § 4031 (unorganized towns and gores) is repealed.
- (b) 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 127, Sec. 8 (suspension of excess spending penalty, hold harmless provision, and ballot language requirement) is repealed.
 - (c) 16 V.S.A. § 2961 (census grant; special education) is repealed.
- Sec. 43. 16 V.S.A. § 4032 is added to read
- § 4032. SUPPLEMENTAL DISTRICT SPENDING RESERVE
- (a) There is hereby created the Supplemental District Spending Reserve within the Education Fund. Any recapture, as defined in 32 V.S.A. § 5401,

paid to the Education Fund as part of the revenue from the supplemental district spending tax imposed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402(f) shall be reserved within the Supplemental District Spending Reserve.

- (b) In any fiscal year in which the amounts raised through the supplemental district spending tax imposed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5402(f) are insufficient to cover payment to each school district of its supplemental district spending, the Supplemental District Spending Reserve shall be used by the Commissioner of Finance and Management to the extent necessary to offset the deficit as determined by generally accepted accounting principles.
- (c) Any funds remaining in the Supplemental District Spending Reserve at the close of the fiscal year after accounting for the process under subsection (b) of this section shall be transferred into the School Construction Aid Special Fund established in section 3444 of this title.

Sec. 44. AGENCY OF EDUCATION; TRANSPORTATION REIMBURSEMENT GUIDELINES

On or before December 15, 2025, the Agency of Education shall submit a written report to the House Committees on Ways and Means and on Education and the Senate Committees on Finance and on Education on clear and equitable guidelines for minimum transportation to be provided and covered by transportation reimbursement grant under 16 V.S.A. § 4016 as part of Vermont's education transformation.

Sec. 45. REPORT; JOINT FISCAL OFFICE; INFLATIONARY MEASURES; PREKINDERGARTEN EDUCATION FUNDING

- (a) On or before December 15, 2025, the Joint Fiscal Office shall submit a report to the House Committees on Ways and Means and on Education and the Senate Committees on Finance and on Education that analyzes the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) implicit price deflator for state and local government consumption expenditures and gross investment published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and alternative inflationary measures that may be applied to state education funding systems. As part of the report, the Joint Fiscal Office shall analyze options and provide considerations for selecting an inflationary measure appropriate to Vermont's education funding system.
- (b) On or before December 15, 2025, the Joint Fiscal Office shall submit a report to the House Committee on Ways and Means, the Senate Committee on Finance, and the House and Senate Committees on Education on the current funding systems for prekindergarten education, the Child Care Financial Assistance Program, or any other early care and learning systems. The report shall review financial incentives in these existing early care and learning systems. As part of the report, the Joint Fiscal Office shall provide considerations for changing the funding streams associated with these early

care and learning systems to align with the education transformation initiatives envisioned in this act.

* * * Education Property Tax Rate Formula * * *

Sec. 46. 32 V.S.A. § 5401 is amended to read:

§ 5401. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(8) "Education spending" means "education spending" as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(6). [Repealed.]

- (12) "Excess spending" means:
- (A) The per pupil spending amount of the district's education spending, as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(6), plus any amount required to be added from a capital construction reserve fund under 24 V.S.A. § 2804(b).
- (B) In excess of 118 percent of the statewide average district per pupil education spending increased by inflation, as determined by the Secretary of Education on or before November 15 of each year based on the passed budgets to date. As used in this subdivision, "increased by inflation" means increasing the statewide average district per pupil education spending for fiscal year 2025 by the most recent New England Economic Project cumulative price index, as of November 15, for state and local government

purchases of goods and services, from fiscal year 2025 through the fiscal year for which the amount is being determined. [Repealed.]

- (13)(A) "Education property tax spending adjustment" means the greater of one or a fraction in which the numerator is the district's per pupil education spending plus excess spending for the school year, and the denominator is the property dollar equivalent yield for the school year, as defined in subdivision (15) of this section.
- (B) "Education income tax spending adjustment" means the greater of one or a fraction in which the numerator is the district's per pupil education spending plus excess spending for the school year, and the denominator is the income dollar equivalent yield for the school year, as defined in subdivision (16) of this section. [Repealed.]

- (15) "Property dollar equivalent yield" means the amount of per pupil education spending that would result if the homestead tax rate were \$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value and the statutory reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and section 5402b of this title were maintained. [Repealed.]
- (16) "Income dollar equivalent yield" means the amount of per pupil education spending that would result if the income percentage in subdivision 6066(a)(2) of this title were 2.0 percent and the statutory reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and section 5402b of this title were maintained. [Repealed.]

- (17) "Statewide adjustment" means the ratio of the aggregate education property tax grand list of all municipalities to the aggregate value of the equalized education property tax grand list of all municipalities. [Repealed.]
- (18) "Recapture" means the amount of revenue raised through imposition of the supplemental district spending tax pursuant to subsection 5402(f) of this chapter that is in excess of the school district's supplemental district spending.
- (19) "Supplemental district spending" means the spending that the voters of a school district approve in excess of the school district's educational opportunity payment, as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(17), for the fiscal year, provided that the voters of a school district other than an interstate school district shall not approve spending in excess of 10 percent of the school district's educational opportunity payment for the fiscal year.
- (20) "Supplemental district spending yield" means the amount of property tax revenue per long-term membership as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(7) that would be raised in the school district with the lowest taxing capacity using a supplemental district spending tax rate of \$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value.
- (21) "Per pupil supplemental district spending" means the per pupil amount of supplemental district spending resulting from dividing a school

district's supplemental district spending by its long-term membership as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(7).

- (22) "School district with the lowest taxing capacity" means the school district other than an interstate school district anticipated to have the lowest aggregate equalized education property tax grand list of its municipal members per long-term membership as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(7) in the following fiscal year.
- Sec. 47. 32 V.S.A. § 5402 is amended to read:
- § 5402. EDUCATION PROPERTY TAX LIABILITY
- (a) A statewide education tax is imposed on all nonhomestead and homestead property at the following rates:
- (1) The tax rate for nonhomestead property shall be \$1.59 per \$100.00 divided by the statewide adjustment.
- (2) The tax rate for homestead property shall be \$1.00 multiplied by the education property tax spending adjustment for the municipality per \$100.00 of equalized education property value as most recently determined under section 5405 of this title. The homestead property tax rate for each municipality that is a member of a union or unified union school district shall be calculated as required under subsection (e) of this section. a rate sufficient to cover expenditures from the Education Fund under 16 V.S.A. § 4025(b) other than supplemental district spending, after accounting for the forecasted

available revenues. It is the intention of the General Assembly that the statewide education tax rate under this section shall be adopted for each fiscal year by act of the General Assembly. The statewide education tax rate shall be adjusted for homestead property and each general class of nonhomestead property provided under section 4152a of this title as follows:

If the tax classification of the	then the statewide education tax rate
property subject to taxation is:	is multiplied by a factor of:
<u>Homestead</u>	<u>1.0</u>
Nonhomestead, Apartment	<u>1.0</u>
Nonhomestead, Nonresidential	<u>1.0</u>
Nonhomestead, Residential	<u>1.0</u>

- (b) The statewide education tax shall be calculated as follows:
- (1) The Commissioner of Taxes shall determine for each municipality the education tax rates under subsection (a) of this section divided by the number resulting from dividing the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal by the statewide adjustment. The legislative body in each municipality shall then bill each property taxpayer at the homestead or nonhomestead applicable rate determined by the Commissioner under this subdivision, multiplied by the education property tax grand list value of the property, properly classified as homestead or nonhomestead property and without regard to any other tax classification of the property not authorized

under this chapter. Statewide education property tax bills shall show the tax due and the calculation of the rate determined under subsection (a) of this section, divided by the number resulting from dividing the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal by the statewide adjustment, multiplied by the current grand list value of the property to be taxed. Statewide education property tax bills shall also include language provided by the Commissioner pursuant to subsection 5405(g) of this title.

- (2) Taxes assessed under this section shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as taxes assessed under chapter 133 of this title with no tax classification other than as homestead or nonhomestead property those required by this section; provided, however, that the tax levied under this chapter shall be billed to each taxpayer by the municipality in a manner that clearly indicates the tax is separate from any other tax assessed and collected under chapter 133, including an itemization of the separate taxes due. The bill may be on a single sheet of paper with the statewide education tax and other taxes presented separately and side by side.
- (3) If a district has not voted a budget by June 30, an interim homestead education tax shall be imposed at the base rate determined under subdivision (a)(2) of this section, divided by the number resulting from dividing the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal by the statewide adjustment, but without regard to any spending adjustment under subdivision

- 5401(13) of this title. Within 30 days after a budget is adopted and the deadline for reconsideration has passed, the Commissioner shall determine the municipality's homestead tax rate as required under subdivision (1) of this subsection. [Repealed.]
- (c)(1) The treasurer of each municipality shall by December 1 of the year in which the tax is levied and on June 1 of the following year pay to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Education Fund one-half of the municipality's statewide nonhomestead tax and one-half of the municipality's homestead education tax, as determined under subdivision (b)(1) of this section.
- (2) The Secretary of Education Commissioner of Taxes shall determine each municipality's net nonhomestead education tax payment and its net homestead education tax payment to the State based on grand list information received by the Secretary Commissioner not later than the March 15 prior to the June 1 net payment. Payment shall be accompanied by a return prescribed by the Secretary of Education Commissioner of Taxes. Each municipality may retain 0.225 of one percent of the total education tax collected, only upon timely remittance of net payment to the State Treasurer or to the applicable school district or districts. Each municipality may also retain \$15.00 for each late property tax credit claim filed after April 15 and before September 2, as notified by the Department of Taxes, for the cost of issuing a new property tax bill.

- (d) [Repealed.]
- (e) The Commissioner of Taxes shall determine a homestead education tax rate for each municipality that is a member of a union or unified union school district as follows:
- (1) For a municipality that is a member of a unified union school district, use the base rate determined under subdivision (a)(2) of this section and a spending adjustment under subdivision 5401(13) of this title based upon the per pupil education spending of the unified union.
 - (2) For a municipality that is a member of a union school district:
- (A) Determine the municipal district homestead tax rate using the base rate determined under subdivision (a)(2) of this section and a spending adjustment under subdivision 5401(13) of this title based on the per pupil education spending in the municipality who attends a school other than the union school.
- (B) Determine the union district homestead tax rate using the base rate determined under subdivision (a)(2) of this section and a spending adjustment under subdivision 5401(13) of this title based on the per pupil education spending of the union school district.
- (C) Determine a combined homestead tax rate by calculating the weighted average of the rates determined under subdivisions (A) and (B) of this subdivision (2), with weighting based upon the ratio of union school long-

term membership, as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(7), from the member municipality to total long-term membership of the member municipality; and the ratio of long-term membership attending a school other than the union school to total long-term membership of the member municipality. Total long-term membership of the member municipality is based on the number of pupils who are legal residents of the municipality and attending school at public expense. If necessary, the Commissioner may adopt a rule to clarify and facilitate implementation of this subsection (e). [Repealed.]

and nonhomestead property in each member municipality of a school district that approves spending pursuant to a budget presented to the voters of a school district under 16 V.S.A. § 563. The Commissioner of Taxes shall determine the supplemental district spending tax rate for each school district by dividing the school district's per pupil supplemental district spending as certified by the Secretary of Education by the supplemental district spending yield. The legislative body in each member municipality shall then bill each property taxpayer at the rate determined by the Commissioner under this subsection, divided by the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal and multiplied by the current grand list value of the property to be taxed. The bill shall show the tax due and the calculation of the rate.

- (2) The supplemental district spending tax assessed under this subsection shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as taxes assessed under chapter 133 of this title with no tax classification other than as homestead or nonhomestead property; provided, however, that the tax levied under this chapter shall be billed to each taxpayer by the municipality in a manner that clearly indicates the tax is separate from any other tax assessed and collected under chapter 133 and the statewide education property tax under this section, including an itemization of the separate taxes due. The bill may be on a single sheet of paper with the supplemental district spending tax, the statewide education tax, and other taxes presented separately and side by side.
- (3) The treasurer of each municipality shall on or before December 1 of the year in which the tax is levied and on or before June 1 of the following year pay to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Education Fund one-half of the municipality's supplemental district spending tax, as determined under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (4) The Commissioner of Taxes shall determine each municipality's net supplemental district spending tax payment to the State based on grand list information received by the Commissioner not later than the March 15 prior to the June 1 net payment. Payment shall be accompanied by a return prescribed by the Commissioner of Taxes. Each municipality may retain 0.225 of one

percent of the total supplemental district spending tax collected, only upon timely remittance of net payment to the State Treasurer or to the applicable school district.

Sec. 48. 32 V.S.A. § 5402b is amended to read:

§ 5402b. STATEWIDE EDUCATION TAX YIELDS RATE;

SUPPLEMENTAL DISTRICT SPENDING YIELD;

RECOMMENDATION OF THE COMMISSIONER

- (a) Annually, not later than December 1, the Commissioner of Taxes, after consultation with the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of Administration, and the Joint Fiscal Office, shall calculate and recommend a property dollar equivalent yield, an income dollar equivalent yield, and a nonhomestead property tax rate the statewide education property tax rate pursuant to subsection 5402(a) of this chapter and the supplemental district spending yield for the following fiscal year. In making these calculations, the Commissioner shall assume: the statutory reserves are maintained at five percent pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and the amounts in the Supplemental District Spending Reserve are unavailable for any purpose other than that specified in 16 V.S.A. § 4032(b)
- (1) the homestead base tax rate in subdivision 5402(a)(2) of this title is \$1.00 per \$100.00 of equalized education property value;

- (2) the applicable percentage in subdivision 6066(a)(2) of this title is 2.0;
- (3) the statutory reserves under 16 V.S.A. § 4026 and this section were maintained at five percent;
- (4) the percentage change in the average education tax bill applied to nonhomestead property and the percentage change in the average education tax bill of homestead property and the percentage change in the average education tax bill for taxpayers who claim a credit under subsection 6066(a) of this title are equal;
- (5) the equalized education grand list is multiplied by the statewide adjustment in calculating the property dollar equivalent yield; and
 - (6) the nonhomestead rate is divided by the statewide adjustment.
- (b) For each fiscal year, the property dollar equivalent supplemental district spending yield and the income dollar equivalent yield shall be the same as in the prior fiscal year, unless set otherwise by the General Assembly.

- (d) Along with the recommendations made under this section, the Commissioner shall include:
 - (1) the base amount as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(16);

- (2) for each school district, the estimated long-term membership, weighted long-term membership, and aggregate equalized education property tax grand list of its municipal members;
- (3) for each school district, the estimated aggregate equalized education property tax grand list of its municipal members per long-term membership;
 - (4) the estimated school district with the lowest taxing capacity; and
- (5) the range of per pupil <u>supplemental district</u> spending between all districts in the State for the previous year.

- * * * Conforming Revisions; Statewide Property Tax Rate * * *

 Sec. 49. 32 V.S.A. § 5404a(b)(1) is amended to read:
- (b)(1) An agreement affecting the education property tax grand list defined under subsection (a) of this section shall reduce the municipality's education property tax liability under this chapter for the duration of the agreement or exemption without extension or renewal, and for a maximum of 10 years. A municipality's property tax liability under this chapter shall be reduced by any difference between the amount of the education property taxes collected on the subject property and the amount of education property taxes that would have been collected on such property if its fair market value were taxed at the equalized nonhomestead rate for the tax year.

Sec. 50. 32 V.S.A. § 5405(g) is amended to read:

(g) The Commissioner shall provide to municipalities for the front of property tax bills the district homestead property statewide education tax rate before equalization, the nonresidential tax rate before equalization, and the calculation process that creates the equalized homestead and nonhomestead tax rates. The Commissioner shall further provide to municipalities for the back of property tax bills an explanation of the common level of appraisal, including its origin and purpose.

* * * Statewide Property Tax Credit Repeal; Homestead Exemption

Created * * *

Sec. 51. 32 V.S.A. § 5400 is amended to read:

§ 5400. STATUTORY PURPOSES

* * *

(c) The statutory purpose of the exemption for qualified housing in subdivision 5404a(a)(6) of this title is to ensure that taxes on this rent-restricted housing provided to Vermonters of low and moderate income are more equivalent to property taxed using the State as a homestead rate property and to adjust the costs of investment in rent-restricted housing to reflect more accurately the revenue potential of such property.

- (j) The statutory purpose of the homestead property tax exemption in subdivision 6066(a)(1) of this title is to reduce the property tax liability for Vermont households with low and moderate household income.
- Sec. 52. 32 V.S.A. chapter 154 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 154. HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX <u>EXEMPTION</u>, <u>MUNICIPAL</u> <u>PROPERTY TAX</u> CREDIT, AND RENTER CREDIT

§ 6061. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Property Municipal property tax credit" means a credit of the prior tax year's statewide or municipal property tax liability or a homestead owner credit, as authorized under section subdivision 6066(a)(2) of this title, as the context requires chapter.

- (8) "Annual tax levy" means the property taxes levied on property taxable on April 1 and without regard to the year in which those taxes are due or paid. [Repealed.]
- (9) "Taxable year" means the calendar year preceding the year in which the claim is filed.
 - (10) [Repealed.]
- (11) "Housesite" means that portion of a homestead, as defined under subdivision 5401(7) of this title but not under subdivision 5401(7)(G) of this

title, that includes as much of the land owned by the claimant surrounding the dwelling as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home, but in no event more than two acres per dwelling unit, and, in the case of multiple dwelling units, not more than two acres per dwelling unit up to a maximum of 10 acres per parcel.

- (12) "Claim year" means the year in which a claim is filed under this chapter.
- (13) "Homestead" means a homestead as defined under subdivision 5401(7) of this title, but not under subdivision 5401(7)(G) of this title, and declared on or before October 15 in accordance with section 5410 of this title.
- (14) "Statewide education tax rate" means the homestead education property tax rate multiplied by the municipality's education spending adjustment under subdivision 5402(a)(2) of this title and used to calculate taxes assessed in the municipal fiscal year that began in the taxable year. [Repealed.]

* * *

(21) "Homestead property tax exemption" means a reduction in the amount of housesite value subject to the statewide education tax and the supplemental district spending tax in the claim year as authorized under sections 6066 and 6066a of this chapter.

§ 6062. NUMBER AND IDENTITY OF CLAIMANTS; APPORTIONMENT

* * *

(d) Whenever a housesite is an integral part of a larger unit such as a farm or a multi-purpose or multi-dwelling building, property taxes paid shall be that percentage of the total property tax as the value of the housesite is to the total value. Upon a claimant's request, the listers shall certify to the claimant the value of his or her the claimant's homestead and housesite.

* * *

§ 6063. CLAIM AS PERSONAL; CREDIT <u>AND EXEMPTION</u> AMOUNT AT TIME OF TRANSFER

- (a) The right to file a claim under this chapter is personal to the claimant and shall not survive his or her the claimant's death, but the right may be exercised on behalf of a claimant by his or her the claimant's legal guardian or attorney-in-fact. When a claimant dies after having filed a timely claim, the municipal property tax credit and the homestead exemption amount shall be eredited applied to the homestead property tax liability of the claimant's estate as provided in section 6066a of this title.
- (b) In case of sale or transfer of a residence, after April 1 of the claim year:

- (1) any <u>municipal</u> property tax credit amounts <u>amount</u> related to that residence shall be allocated to the seller <u>transferor</u> at closing unless the parties otherwise agree:
- (2) any homestead property tax exemption related to that residence based on the transferor's household income under subdivision 6066(a)(1) of this chapter shall cease to be in effect upon transfer; and
- (3) a transferee who is eligible to declare the residence as a homestead but for the requirement to own the residence on April 1 of the claim year shall, notwithstanding subdivision 5401(7) and subsection 5410(b) of this title, be eligible to apply for a homestead property tax exemption in the claim year when the transfer occurs by filing with the Commissioner of Taxes a homestead declaration pursuant to section 5410 of this title and a claim for exemption on or before the due date prescribed under section 6068 of this chapter.

* * *

§ 6065. FORMS; TABLES; NOTICES

- (a) In administering this chapter, the Commissioner shall provide suitable claim forms with tables of allowable claims, instructions, and worksheets for claiming a homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax credit.
- (b) Prior to June 1, the Commissioner shall also prepare and supply to each town in the State notices describing the homestead property tax

exemption and municipal property tax credit for inclusion in property tax bills. The notice shall be in simple, plain language and shall explain how to file for a homestead property tax exemption and a municipal property tax credit, where to find assistance filing for a credit or an exemption, or both, and any other related information as determined by the Commissioner. The notice shall direct taxpayers to a resource where they can find versions of the notice translated into the five most common non-English languages in the State. A town shall include such notice in each tax bill and notice of delinquent taxes that it mails to taxpayers who own in that town a residential property, without regard for whether the property was declared a homestead pursuant to subdivision 5401(7) of this title.

- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, towns that use envelopes or mailers not able to accommodate notices describing the homestead <u>property tax exemption and municipal property</u> tax credit may distribute such notices in an alternative manner.
- § 6066. COMPUTATION OF <u>HOMESTEAD</u> PROPERTY TAX

 <u>EXEMPTION, MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAX</u> CREDIT, AND

 RENTER CREDIT
- (a) An eligible claimant who owned the homestead on April 1 of the year in which the claim is filed shall be entitled to a credit for the prior year's homestead property tax liability amount determined as follows:

- (1)(A) For a claimant with household income of \$90,000.00 or more:
- (i) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year;
 - (ii) minus (if less) the sum of:
- (I) the income percentage of household income for the taxable year; plus
- (II) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$225,000.00.
- (B) For a claimant with household income of less than \$90,000.00 but more than \$47,000.00, the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year, minus (if less) the sum of:
- (i) the income percentage of household income for the taxable vear; plus
- (ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$400,000.00.
- (C) For a claimant whose household income does not exceed \$47,000.00, the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year, minus the lesser of:
- (i) the sum of the income percentage of household income for the taxable year plus the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year in excess of \$400,000.00; or

- (ii) the statewide education tax rate, multiplied by the equalized value of the housesite in the taxable year reduced by \$15,000.00.
- (2) "Income percentage" in this section means two percent, multiplied by the education income tax spending adjustment under subdivision 5401(13)(B) of this title for the property tax year that begins in the claim year for the municipality in which the homestead residence is located
- (1) An eligible claimant who owned the homestead on April 1 of the claim year shall be entitled to a homestead property tax exemption in the claim year in an amount determined as follows:
- (A) for a claimant whose household income is equal to or less than \$25,000.00, the exemption shall be 95 percent of the claimant's housesite value;
- (B) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$25,000.00 but equal to or less than \$47,000.00, the exemption shall be 90 percent of the claimant's housesite value;
- (C) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$47,000.00 but equal to or less than \$50,000.00, the exemption shall be 80 percent of the claimant's housesite value;
- (D) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$50,000.00 but equal to or less than \$60,000.00, the exemption shall be 70 percent of the claimant's housesite value;

- (E) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$60,000.00 but equal to or less than \$70,000.00, the exemption shall be 60 percent of the claimant's housesite value;
- (F) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$70,000.00 but equal to or less than \$80,000.00, the exemption shall be 50 percent of the claimant's housesite value;
- (G) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$80,000.00 but equal to or less than \$90,000.00, the exemption shall be 40 percent of the claimant's housesite value;
- (H) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$90,000.00 but equal to or less than \$100,000.00, the exemption shall be 30 percent of the claimant's housesite value;
- (I) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$100,000.00 but equal to or less than \$110,000.00, the exemption shall be 20 percent of the claimant's housesite value;
- (J) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$110,000.00 but equal to or less than \$115,000.00, the exemption shall be 10 percent of the claimant's housesite value; and
- (K) for a claimant whose household income is greater than \$115,000.00, no amount of housesite value shall be exempt under this section.

(3)(2) A An eligible claimant who owned the homestead on April 1 of the claim year and whose household income does not exceed \$47,000.00 shall also be entitled to an additional a credit amount from against the claimant's municipal taxes for the upcoming fiscal year that is equal to the amount by which the municipal property taxes for the municipal fiscal year that began in the taxable year upon the claimant's housesite exceeds a percentage of the claimant's household income for the taxable year as follows:

If household income (rounded then the taxpayer is entitled to

to the nearest dollar) is: credit for the

reduced property tax in excess of

this percent

of that income:

\$0.00 — 9,999.00

\$10,000.00 - 47,000.00 3.00

(4) A claimant whose household income does not exceed \$47,000.00 shall also be entitled to an additional credit amount from the claimant's statewide education tax for the upcoming fiscal year that is equal to the amount by which the education property tax for the municipal fiscal year that began in the taxable year upon the claimant's housesite, reduced by the credit amount determined under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, exceeds a percentage of the claimant's household income for the taxable year as follows:

If household income (rounded	then the taxpayer is entitled to
to the nearest dollar) is:	credit for the reduced property tax
	in excess of this percent of that
	income:
\$0.00 9,999.00	0.5
\$10,000.00 24,999.00	1.5
\$25,000.00 47,000.00	2.0

(5)(3) In no event shall the homestead property tax exemption provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection reduce the housesite value below zero. In no event shall the <u>municipal property tax</u> credit provided for in subdivision (3) or (4)(2) of this subsection exceed the amount of the reduced <u>municipal</u> property tax. The credits under subdivision (4) of this subsection shall be calculated considering only the tax due on the first \$400,000.00 in equalized housesite value.

(4) Each dollar amount in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be adjusted for inflation annually on or before November 15 by the Commissioner of Taxes. As used in this subdivision, "adjusted for inflation" means adjusting the dollar amount by the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) implicit price deflator for state and local government consumption expenditures and gross investment published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, from fiscal year 2025 through the

fiscal year for which the amount is being determined, and rounding upward to the nearest whole dollar amount.

(b)(1) An eligible claimant who rented the homestead shall be entitled to a credit for the taxable year in an amount not to exceed \$2,500.00, to be calculated as follows:

* * *

- (c) To be eligible for an adjustment exemption or credit under this chapter, the claimant:
- (1) must have been domiciled in this State during the entire taxable year;
- (2) may not be a person claimed as a dependent by any taxpayer under the federal Internal Revenue Code during the taxable year; and
- (3) in the case of a renter, shall have rented property for at least six calendar months, which need not be consecutive, during the taxable year.
- (d) The owner of a mobile home that is sited on a lot not owned by the homeowner may include an amount determined under subdivision 6061(7) of this title as allocable rent paid on the lot with the amount of property taxes paid by the homeowner on the home for the purpose of computation of eredits the municipal property tax credit under subdivision (a)(3)(2) of this section, unless the homeowner has included in the claim an amount of property tax on common land under the provisions of subsection (e) of this section.

(e) Property taxes paid by a cooperative, not including a mobile home park cooperative, allocable to property used as a homestead shall be attributable to the co-op member for the purpose of computing the credit of property tax liability of the co-op member under this section. Property owned by a cooperative declared as a homestead may only include the homestead and a pro rata share of any common land owned or leased by the cooperative, not to exceed the two-acre housesite limitation. The share of the cooperative's assessed value attributable to the housesite shall be determined by the cooperative and specified annually in a notice to the co-op member. Property taxes paid by a mobile home park cooperative, allocable to property used as a housesite, shall be attributed to the owner of the housesite for the purpose of computing the eredit of property tax liability of the housesite owner under this section. Property owned by the mobile home park cooperative and declared as a housesite may only include common property of the cooperative contiguous with at least one mobile home lot in the park, not to exceed the two-acre housesite limitation. The share attributable to any mobile home lot shall be determined by the cooperative and specified in the cooperative agreement. A co-op member who is the housesite owner shall be entitled to a property tax credit in an amount determined by multiplying the property taxes allocated under this subsection by the percentage of the exemption for which the

housesite owner's household income qualifies under subdivision (a)(1) of this section.

- (f) [Repealed.]
- (g) Notwithstanding subsection (d) of this section, if the land surrounding a homestead is owned by a nonprofit corporation or community land trust with tax exempt status under 26 U.S.C. \S 501(c)(3), the homeowner may include an allocated amount as property tax paid on the land with the amount of property taxes paid by the homeowner on the home for the purposes of computation of the credit property tax liability under this section. The allocated amount shall be determined by the nonprofit corporation or community land trust on a proportional basis. The nonprofit corporation or community land trust shall provide to that homeowner, by January 31, a certificate specifying the allocated amount. The certificate shall indicate the proportion of total property tax on the parcel that was assessed for municipal property tax and for statewide property tax and the proportion of total value of the parcel. A homeowner under this subsection shall be entitled to a property tax credit in an amount determined by multiplying the property taxes allocated under this subsection by the percentage of the exemption for which the homeowner's household income qualifies under subdivision (a)(1) of this section.
- (h) A homestead owner shall be entitled to an additional property tax credit amount equal to one percent of the amount of income tax refund that the

claimant elects to allocate to payment of homestead statewide education property tax under section 6068 of this title.

(i) Adjustments The homestead property tax exemption and the municipal property tax credit under subsection (a) of this section shall be calculated without regard to any exemption under subdivision 3802(11) of this title.

§ 6066a. DETERMINATION OF <u>HOMESTEAD</u> PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION AND MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAX CREDIT

(a) Annually, the Commissioner shall determine the homestead property tax exemption and the municipal property tax credit amount under section 6066 of this title, related to a homestead owned by the claimant, based on the prior taxable year's income and for the municipal property tax credit, crediting property taxes paid in the prior year, and for the homestead property tax exemption, exempting the housesite value in the claim year. The Commissioner shall notify the municipality in which the housesite is located of the amount of the homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax credit for the claimant for homestead property tax liabilities on a monthly basis. The municipal property tax credit of a claimant who was assessed property tax by a town that revised the dates of its fiscal year, however, is the excess of the property tax that was assessed in the last 12 months of the revised fiscal year, over the adjusted property tax of the claimant for the revised fiscal

year, as determined under section 6066 of this title, related to a homestead owned by the claimant.

- (b) The Commissioner shall include in the total homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax credit amount determined under subsection (a) of this section, for credit to the taxpayer for homestead statewide education property tax and supplemental district spending tax liabilities, any income tax overpayment remaining after allocation under section 3112 of this title and setoff under section 5934 of this title, which the taxpayer has directed to be used for payment of property taxes.
- (c) The Commissioner shall notify the municipality of any claim and refund amounts unresolved by November 1 at the time of final resolution, including adjudication, if any; provided, however, that towns will not be notified of any additional credit amounts after November 1 of the claim year, and such amounts shall be paid to the claimant by the Commissioner.

(d) [Repealed.]

(e) At the time of notice to the municipality, the Commissioner shall notify the taxpayer of the <u>homestead</u> property tax <u>eredit</u> <u>exemption</u> amount determined under subdivision 6066(a)(1) of this title, the amount determined under subdivision 6066(a)(3) of this title,; any additional <u>municipal property</u> credit <u>amounts</u> <u>amount</u> due the homestead owner under <u>section</u> <u>subdivision</u> 6066(a)(2) of this title; the amount of income tax refund, if any, allocated to

payment of homestead statewide education property tax liabilities; and any late-claim reduction amount.

(f)(1) For taxpayers and amounts stated in the notice to towns on or before July 1, municipalities shall create and send to taxpayers a homestead property tax bill, instead of the bill required under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of this title, providing the total amount allocated to payment of homestead statewide education property tax liabilities and notice of the balance due. Municipalities shall apply the amount of the homestead property tax exemption allocated under this chapter to current year property taxes in equal amounts to each of the taxpayers' property tax installments that include education taxes and the amount of the municipal property tax credit allocated under this chapter to current year municipal property taxes in equal amounts to each of the taxpayers' property tax installments that include municipal taxes. Notwithstanding section 4772 of this title, if a town issues a corrected bill as a result of the notice sent by the Commissioner under subsection (a) of this section, issuance of the corrected new bill does not extend the time for payment of the original bill nor relieve the taxpayer of any interest or penalties associated with the original bill. If the corrected bill is less than the original bill, and there are also no unpaid current year taxes, interest, or penalties, and no past year delinquent taxes or penalties and interest charges, any

overpayment shall be reflected on the corrected tax bill and refunded to the taxpayer.

- (2) For homestead property tax exemption and municipal property tax credit amounts for which municipalities receive notice after November 1, municipalities shall issue a new homestead property tax bill with notice to the taxpayer of the total amount allocated to payment of homestead property tax liabilities and notice of the balance due.
- credit amount determined for the taxpayer shall be allocated first to current year housesite value and property tax on the homestead parcel, next to current-year homestead parcel penalties and interest, next to any prior year homestead parcel penalties and last to any prior year housesite value and property tax on the homestead parcel. No homestead property tax exemption or municipal credit shall be allocated to a housesite value or property tax liability for any year after the year for which the claim or refund allocation was filed. No municipal tax-reduction incentive for early payment of taxes shall apply to any amount allocated to the property tax bill under this chapter.
- (4) If the homestead property tax exemption or the municipal property tax credit amount as described in subsection (e) of this section exceeds the property tax, penalties, and interest due for the current and all prior years, the municipality shall refund the excess to the taxpayer, without interest, within 20

days of the first date upon which taxes become due and payable or 20 days after notification of the <u>exemption or</u> credit amount by the Commissioner of Taxes, whichever is later.

(g) The Commissioner of Taxes shall pay monthly to each municipality the amount of <u>municipal</u> property tax credit of which the municipality was last notified related to municipal property tax on homesteads within that municipality, as determined by the Commissioner of Taxes.

§ 6067. CREDIT CLAIM LIMITATIONS

- (a) Claimant. Only one individual per household per taxable year shall be entitled to a <u>homestead exemption claim or</u> property tax credit <u>claim</u>, <u>or both</u>, under this chapter.
- (b) Other states. An individual who received a homestead exemption or credit with respect to property taxes assessed by another state for the taxable year shall not be entitled to receive a credit under this chapter.
- (c) Dollar amount. No taxpayer claimant shall receive a renter credit under subsection 6066(b) of this title in excess of \$2,500.00. No taxpayer claimant shall receive a municipal property tax credit under subdivision $6066(a)\frac{3}{2}$ of this title greater than \$2,400.00 or cumulative credit under subdivisions $6066(a)\frac{3}{2}$ and 600000.

§ 6068. APPLICATION AND TIME FOR FILING

- (a) A homestead property tax exemption or municipal property tax credit claim or request for allocation of an income tax refund to homestead statewide education property tax payment shall be filed with the Commissioner on or before the due date for filing the Vermont income tax return, without extension, and shall describe the school district in which the homestead property is located and shall particularly describe the homestead property for which the exemption or credit or allocation is sought, including the school parcel account number prescribed in subsection 5404(b) of this title. A renter credit claim shall be filed with the Commissioner on or before the due date for filing the Vermont income tax return, without extension.
- (b)(1) If the <u>a</u> claimant files a <u>municipal property tax credit</u> claim after October 15 but on or before March 15 of the following calendar year, the <u>municipal property tax credit under this chapter:</u>
 - (1)(A) shall be reduced in amount by \$150.00, but not below \$0.00;
 - (2) (B) shall be issued directly to the claimant; and
- (3)(C) shall not require the municipality where the claimant's property is located to issue an adjusted homestead property tax bill.
- (2) If a claimant files a homestead property tax exemption claim under this chapter after October 15 but on or before March 15 of the following calendar year, the claimant shall pay a penalty of \$150.00 and the

municipality where the claimant's property is located shall not be required to issue an adjusted property tax bill.

(c) No request for allocation of an income tax refund or for a renter credit claim may be made after October 15. No homestead property tax exemption or municipal property tax credit claim may be made after March 15 of the calendar year following the due date under subsection (a) of this section.

* * *

§ 6070. DISALLOWED CLAIMS

A claim shall be disallowed if the claimant received title to his or her the claimant's homestead primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this chapter.

§ 6071. EXCESSIVE AND FRAUDULENT CLAIMS

(a) In any case in which it is determined under the provisions of this title that a claim is or was excessive and was filed with fraudulent intent, the claim shall be disallowed in full and the Commissioner may impose a penalty equal to the amount claimed. A disallowed claim may be recovered by assessment as income taxes are assessed. The assessment, including assessment of penalty, shall bear interest from the date the claim was credited against property tax or income tax or paid by the State until repaid by the claimant at the rate per annum established from time to time by the Commissioner pursuant to section 3108 of this title. The claimant in that case, and any person who assisted in

the preparation of filing of such excessive claim or supplied information upon which the excessive claim was prepared, with fraudulent intent, shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00 or be imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

(b) In any case in which it is determined that a claim is or was excessive, the Commissioner may impose a 10 percent penalty on such excess, and if the claim has been paid or credited against property tax or income tax otherwise payable, the municipal property tax credit or homestead exemption shall be reduced or canceled and the proper portion of any amount paid shall be similarly recovered by assessment as income taxes are assessed, and such assessment shall bear interest at the rate per annum established from time to time by the Commissioner pursuant to section 3108 of this title from the date of payment or, in the case of credit of a municipal property tax bill under section 6066a of this title, from December 1 of the year in which the claim is filed until refunded or paid.

* * *

§ 6073. REGULATIONS RULES OF THE COMMISSIONER

The Commissioner may, from time to time, issue adopt, amend, and withdraw regulations rules interpreting and implementing this chapter.

§ 6074. AMENDMENT OF CERTAIN CLAIMS

At any time within three years after the date for filing claims under subsection 6068(a) of this chapter, a claimant who filed a claim by October 15

may file to amend that claim with regard to housesite value, housesite education tax, housesite municipal tax, and ownership percentage or to correct the amount of household income reported on that claim.

Sec. 53. DEPARTMENT OF TAXES; HOMESTEAD DECLARATION; SAMPLE FORM;

On or before December 15, 2025, the Department of Taxes shall provide to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance suggestions for updating the homestead declaration under 32 V.S.A. § 5410 to address the implementation of the homestead exemption under section 19 of this act, which may be provided as a sample form.

- * * * Conforming Revisions; Property Tax Credit Repeal * * *
- *Sec. 54. 11 V.S.A.* § 1608 is amended to read:

§ 1608. ELIGIBILITY FOR PROPERTY TAX RELIEF

Members of cooperative housing corporations shall be eligible to apply for and receive a homestead property tax adjustment exemption and municipal property tax credit under 32 V.S.A. § 6066, subject to the conditions of eligibility set forth therein.

Sec. 55. 32 V.S.A. § *3102(j) is amended to read:*

(j) Tax bills prepared by a municipality under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of this title showing only the amount of total tax due shall not be considered confidential return information under this section. For the purposes of

calculating eredits the homestead property tax exemption and the municipal property tax credit under chapter 154 of this title, information provided by the Commissioner to a municipality under subsection 6066a(a) of this title and information provided by the municipality to a taxpayer under subsection 6066a(f) shall be considered confidential return information under this section. Sec. 56. 32 V.S.A. § 3206(b) is amended to read:

- (b) As used in this section, "extraordinary relief" means a remedy that is within the power of the Commissioner to grant under this title, a remedy that compensates for the result of inaccurate classification of property as homestead or nonhomestead pursuant to section 5410 of this title through no fault of the taxpayer, or a remedy that makes changes to a taxpayer's homestead property tax exemption, municipal property tax credit, or renter credit claim necessary to remedy the problem identified by the Taxpayer Advocate.
 - * * * Future Review of Foundation Formula * * *
- Sec. 57. 32 V.S.A. § 5414 is amended to read:

§ 5414. CREATION; EDUCATION FUND ADVISORY COMMITTEE

(a) Creation. There is created the Education Fund Advisory Committee to monitor Vermont's education financing system, conduct analyses, assist with the transformation of Vermont's education finance system, and perform the duties under subsection (c) of this section.

* * *

- (c) Powers and duties.
- (1) Annually, on or before December 15, the Committee shall make recommendations to the General Assembly regarding:
- (A) updating the weighting factors using the weighting model and methodology used to arrive at the weights enacted under 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 127, which may include recalibration, recalculation, adding or eliminating weights, or any combination of these actions, as necessary;
- (B) changes to, or the addition of new or elimination of existing, categorical aid, as necessary;
- (C) changes to income levels eligible for a property tax credit under section 6066 of this title;
 - (D) means to adjust the revenue sources for the Education Fund;
- (E) means to improve equity, transparency, and efficiency in education funding statewide;
 - (F) the amount of the Education Fund stabilization reserve;
 - (G) school district use of reserve fund accounts;
- (H) <u>national best practices for addressing intra-school district effects</u> of a foundation formula, including through the use of weighting factors;
- (I) whether to transition from a cost-based foundation formula to an evidence-based foundation formula; and

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(J) any other topic, factor, or issue the Committee deems relevant to its work and recommendations.

* * *

Sec. 58. 16 V.S.A. § 4001 is amended to read:

§ 4001. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

amount of \$15,033.00 10,000.00, which shall be adjusted for inflation annually on or before November 15 by the Secretary of Education. As used in this subdivision, "adjusted for inflation" means adjusting the base dollar amount by the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) implicit price deflator for state and local government consumption expenditures and gross investment published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, from fiscal year 2025 through the fiscal year for which the amount is being determined, and rounding upward to the nearest whole dollar amount.

* * *

Soc 50 16 1/S/A & ADD is amonded to read

§ 4010. DETERMINATION OF WEIGHTED LONG-TERM MEMBERSHIP

AND EDUCATION OF FOR FUNITE FAINENT

- (1) Determination of weighted long-term membership. For each weighting categor, the Secretary shall compute the weighting count by using the long-term membership, as defined in subdivision 4001(7) of this title, in that category.
 - (1) [Repealed]
- (2) Each pupil included in long-term membership whose family is at or below 185 percent of FPL shall receive an additional weighting amount of 1.02 1.00.
- (3) Each EL pupil included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount, based on the EL pupil's English language proficiency level, of:
 - (A) 2.11 1.00, if assessed as Level 1;
 - (B) 1.41 1.00, if assessed as Level 2 or 3;
 - (C) 1.20 1.00, if assessed as Level 4; or
 - (D) $0.12 \ 1.00$, if assessed as Level 5 or 6.
- (4) Each EL pupil that is a Newcomer or SLIFE included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount of 0.42 $\underline{100}$.
- (5) Each child with a disability included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount, based on the cost level associated with the child's alsolity, of.

- (1) 0.70.1.00 if the disability is identified as low costs
- (B) $\frac{1.35}{1.00}$, if the disability is identified as medium cost; or
- (C) $\frac{2.49}{1.00}$, if the disability is identified as bigh cost.

Sec. 59. 16 V.S.A. § 4010 is amended to read:

§ 4010. DETERMINATION OF WEIGHTED LONG-TERM MEMBERSHIP AND EDUCATION OPPORTUNITY PAYMENT

* * *

- (d) Determination of weighted long-term membership. For each weighting category, the Secretary shall compute the weighting count by using the long-term membership, as defined in subdivision 4001(7) of this title, in that category.
 - (1) [Repealed.]
- (2) Each pupil included in long-term membership whose family is at or below 185 percent of FPL shall receive an additional weighting amount of 1.02 1.00.
- (3) Each EL pupil included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount, based on the EL pupil's English language proficiency level, of:
 - (A) 2.11 1.00, if assessed as Level 1;
 - (B) 1.41 1.00, if assessed as Level 2 or 3;

- (C) 1.20 1.00, if assessed as Level 4; or
- (D) $0.12 \ 1.00$, if assessed as Level 5 or 6.
- (4) Each EL pupil that is a Newcomer or SLIFE included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount of 0.42 1.00.
- (5) Each child with a disability included in long-term membership shall receive an additional weighting amount, based on the categorization of the child's disability, of:
 - (A) $0.79 \ 1.00$, if the disability is identified as Category A;
 - (B) 1.35 1.00, if the disability is identified as Category B; or
 - (C) $2.49 \underline{1.00}$, if the disability is identified as Category C.

* * *

* * * Property Classification * * *

Sec. 60. 32 V.S.A. § 4152 is amended to read:

§ 4152. CONTENTS

- (a) When completed, the grand list of a town shall be in such form as the Director prescribes and shall contain such information as the Director prescribes, including:
- (1) In alphabetical order, the name of each real property owner and each owner of taxable personal property.
 - (2) The last known mailing address of all such owners.

(3) A brief description of each parcel of taxable real estate in the town, including a classification assigned pursuant to section 4152a of this title. "Parcel" As used in this subdivision, "parcel" means a separate and sellable lot or piece of real estate. Parcels may be combined to represent all contiguous land in the same ownership, together with all improvements thereon.

* * *

Sec. 61. 32 V.S.A. § 4152a is added to read:

§ 4152a. PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATIONS

- (a) The grand list of a town shall include one or more tax classifications for each parcel of real estate. A parcel shall be classified using one of the general classes of real estate listed under subsection (b) of this section and based on the considerations set forth in this section and by guidance provided by the Division of Property Valuation and Review. The listers and assessors shall annually update the grand list to include a tax classification not later than June 1 of every year, using information submitted to the Department of Taxes pursuant to this section. The tax classification may be updated after June 1 when a taxpayer files, or corrects an erroneously filed, homestead declaration after June 1.
 - (b) A parcel shall be assigned one or more of the following general classes:

 (1) Homestead;

- (2) Nonhomestead apartment;
- (3) Nonhomestead nonresidential; and
- (4) Nonhomestead residential.
- (c) As used in this section:
- (1) "Homestead" means a parcel, or portion of a parcel, declared as a homestead on or before October 15 in accordance with section 5410 of this title for the current year.
- (2) "Nonhomestead apartment" means a parcel, or portion of a parcel, with one or more dwelling units, for which a landlord certificate was filed in the previous year pursuant to section 6069 of this title, and the landlord attested that the unit would be leased to a long-term tenant for a minimum of six months in the current year.
- (3) "Nonhomestead nonresidential" means a parcel, or portion of a parcel, that does not qualify as "homestead," "nonhomestead apartment," or "nonhomestead residential" under this section.
- (4) "Nonhomestead residential" means a parcel, or portion of a parcel, with one or more dwelling units, habitable on a year-round basis, for which a homestead was not declared in accordance with section 5410 of this title for the current year, and a landlord certificate was not filed pursuant to section 6069 of this title in which the landlord attested that the unit would be leased to a long-term tenant for a minimum of six months in the current year.

- (d) A parcel with two or more portions qualifying for different tax classifications under this section shall be classified proportionally based on the percentage of floor space used.
- (1) In the case of a homestead with 25 percent or less of floor space used for a business purpose, the parcel shall be classified as a homestead pursuant to subdivision 5401(a)(7)(F) of this title.
- (2) If a portion of floor space is used for more than one purpose, the use in which the floor space is most often used shall be considered the primary use and the floor space shall be dedicated to that use for purposes of tax classification.
- (e) The Commissioner shall amend existing forms, and publish new forms, as needed to gather the necessary attestations and declarations required under this section.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the tax treatment or enrollment eligibility of property as it relates to use value appraisal under chapter 124 of this title.
- (g) Persons aggrieved by a decision to classify property for taxation purposes under this section may appeal in the manner provided for property valuation appeals under this title.
- Sec. 61a. PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATIONS; TRANSITION; DATA
 COLLECTION

For calendar year 2028, the Commissioner of Taxes shall amend and create forms so that taxpayers report information on the use of their property for such property to be classified as homestead, nonhomestead residential, nonhomestead apartment, nonhomestead nonresidential, or a proportional classification of those uses. The information collected, and classifications determined, shall align with the definitions and requirements of section 61 of this act. The Commissioner shall use the information to determine and assign a tax classification for every grand list parcel and, on or before October 1, 2028, the Commissioner shall provide that information to the Joint Fiscal Office.

Sec. 61b. PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATIONS IMPLEMENTATION REPORT

The Commissioner of Taxes shall study the implementation of new property tax classifications under this act and identify any further actions required by the Department of Taxes, Vermont municipalities, and the General Assembly to successfully implement the new tax classification system on the timeline established by this act. The issues considered by the Commissioner shall include any needed changes to existing forms, whether new forms or taxpayer filings are needed, and how the Department could identify parcels with dwelling units that do not have an affiliated homestead declaration or landlord certificate on file. On or before December 15, 2026, the Commissioner of

Taxes shall submit a study report detailing the Commissioner's findings under this section to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance.

- * * * Regional Assessment Districts * * *
- Sec. 62. 32 V.S.A. chapter 121, subchapter 1A is added to read:

Subchapter 1A. Statewide and Regional Property Assessment

§ 3415. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly in adopting this subchapter to create regional assessment districts so that:

- (1) properties on grand lists are regularly reappraised;
- (2) property data collection is consistent and standardized across the State; and
- (3) property valuation is conducted by trained and certified individuals and firms.

§ 3416. REGIONAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS; ESTABLISHMENT

(a) There are hereby established 12 regional assessment districts, whose member municipalities shall fully and jointly reappraise their grand lists every six years pursuant to subsection 3417(b) of this subchapter. Member municipalities shall contract jointly with one or more third parties to conduct reappraisals.

(b) Each county shall constitute one regional assessment district, except that Franklin and Grand Isle Counties shall constitute one district and Essex and Orleans Counties shall constitute one district.

§ 3417. STANDARD GUIDELINES; PROCEDURES; RULEMAKING

- (a) The Director of Property Valuation and Review shall establish standard guidelines and procedures, and may adopt rules, for regional assessment districts, including:
- (1) guidelines for contracting with third parties to conduct or assist with reappraisals, including standard reappraisal contract terms;
 - (2) standards for the collection and recordation of parcel data;
- (3) requirements relating to information technology, including standards for data software contracts and computer-assisted mass appraisal systems; and
- (4) standardized practices for a full reappraisal, including cases in which physical inspections are unnecessary and how technology is to be utilized.
- (b) The Director of Property Valuation and Review shall establish a schedule for each regional assessment district to fully reappraise every six years. The Director, at the Director's discretion, may alter the reappraisal schedule for a regional assessment district or for one or more of a regional assessment district's member municipalities.

* * * Transition to Regional Assessment Districts * * *

- Sec. 63. TRANSITION; ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT
- (a) Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 4041a or any other provision of law to the contrary:
- (1) the Director of Property Valuation and Review shall not order any new municipal reappraisals of grand list properties on and after January 1, 2027;
- (2) a reappraisal order for which a municipality does not have a contract in place before January 1, 2030 shall no longer have the force and effect of law on and after January 1, 2030; and
- (3) a municipality shall not enter into a new reappraisal contract on or after January 1, 2027.
- (b) On or before every January 15 from January 15, 2027 to January 15, 2030, the Commissioner of Taxes shall submit a report to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance relating to the progress made in preparing for the implementation of this act.

Sec. 64. REGIONAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT STAKEHOLDER WORKING GROUP

On or before January 15, 2026, the Department of Taxes, in consultation with relevant stakeholders, shall submit recommendations to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance advising on the implementation of regional assessment districts and on the development

of guidelines, procedures, and rules needed to effectuate a regionalized reappraisal system. The recommendations will include an analysis of the advantages and disadvantages of having the State take full responsibility for regionalized appraisals. In making its recommendation, the Department of Taxes shall provide suggestions for legislative language that address:

- (1) the authority or authorities who will contract for and conduct reappraisals;
- (2) the authority or authorities who will hear and decide property valuation appeals;
- (3) amendments necessary to conform statute to the change from an April 1 to January 1 grand list assessment date; and
- (4) any other recommended revisions to achieve a regionalized reappraisal system.
 - * * * Grand List Assessment Date * * *
- Sec. 65. 32 V.S.A. § 5405 is amended to read:
- § 5405. DETERMINATION OF EQUALIZED EDUCATION PROPERTY

 TAX GRAND LIST AND COEFFICIENT OF DISPERSION
- (a) Annually, on or before April January 1, the Commissioner shall determine the equalized education property tax grand list and coefficient of dispersion for each municipality in the State; provided, however, that for purposes of equalizing grand lists pursuant to this section, the equalized

education property tax grand list of a municipality that establishes a tax increment financing district shall include the fair market value of the property in the district and not the original taxable value of the property, and further provided that the unified towns and gores of Essex County may be treated as one municipality for the purpose of determining an equalized education property grand list and a coefficient of dispersion, if the Director determines that all such entities have a uniform appraisal schedule and uniform appraisal practices.

- (b) The sum of all municipal equalized education property tax grand lists shall be the equalized education property tax grand list for the State.
- (c) In determining the fair market value of property that is required to be listed at fair market value, the Commissioner shall take into consideration those factors required by section 3481 of this title. The Commissioner shall value property as of April January 1 preceding the determination and shall take account of all homestead declaration information available before October 1 each year.

* * *

Sec. 66. 32 V.S.A. § 3481(1)(B) is amended to read:

(B) For residential rental property that is subject to a housing subsidy covenant or other legal restriction, imposed by a governmental, quasi-governmental, or public purpose entity, on rents that may be charged, fair

market value shall be determined by an income approach using the following elements:

- (i) market rents with utility allowance adjustments for the geographic area in which the property is located as determined by the federal office of Housing and Urban Development or in the case of properties authorized under 42 U.S.C. § 1437, 12 U.S.C. § 1701q, 42 U.S.C. § 1485, 12 U.S.C. § 1715z-1, 42 U.S.C. § 1437f, and 24 CFR Part 882 Subpart D and E, the higher of contract rents (meaning the amount of federal rental assistance plus any tenant contribution) and HUD market rents;
- (ii) actual expenses incurred with respect to the property that shall be provided by the property owner in a format acceptable to the Commissioner and certified by an independent third party, such as a certified public accounting firm or public or quasi-public funding agency;
- (iii) a vacancy rate that is 50 percent of the market vacancy rate as determined by the U.S. Census Bureau with local review by the Vermont Housing Finance Agency; and
- (iv) a capitalization rate that is typical for the geographic area determined and published annually prior to April January 1 by the Division of Property Valuation and Review after consultation with the Vermont Housing Finance Agency.

Sec. 67. 32 V.S.A. § 3482 is amended to read:

§ 3482. PROPERTY LISTED AT ONE PERCENT

Except as otherwise provided, all real and personal estate shall be set in the list at one percent of its listed value on April January 1, of the year of its appraisal.

Sec. 68. 32 V.S.A. § 3485 is amended to read:

§ 3485. RECORDS TO BE KEPT RELATING TO DEEDS AND MORTGAGES

- (a) Annually on April January 1, town municipal clerks shall furnish the listers with copies of the property tax returns filed by the clerk under section 9610 of this title relating to deeds that were filed for record during the year ending on the first day of such month. However, upon request in writing by the listers, on or before the 15th day of each month, town municipal clerks shall furnish the listers with copies of the property transfer tax returns to deeds that were filed for record during the next preceding calendar month.
- (b) Failure on the part of the town municipal clerk to furnish the copies required under subsection (a) of this section shall not render the town liable in damages to any person. A town municipal clerk who willfully fails to furnish the copies required under subsection (a) of this section shall be fined \$10.00 for each offense.

Sec. 69. 32 V.S.A. § 3603(a) is amended to read:

- (a) Construction equipment and other personal estate used in the construction or repair of highways, dams, reservoirs, public utilities, or buildings shall be listed and taxed on the same basis as other personal estate in the town in which it is located on April January 1. Such equipment brought into the State after April January 1 and prior to December 15 of any year shall be taxed as other personal estate for that year in the town in which it is first used for a normal full work shift. The owner or person in charge of any equipment enumerated in this section shall, upon request of the Treasurer or tax collector of any municipality, present evidence that it has been listed for tax purposes in a municipality in this State. The Transportation Board and other State agencies shall insert in all contracts for construction a term by which the contractor agrees to pay taxes assessed under this section and section 4151 of this title.
- Sec. 70. 32 V.S.A. § 3610(b) is amended to read:
- (b) The listers of each town and the appraisers of each unorganized town and gore shall list every perpetual lease in a separate record in which shall be shown as to each lease a brief description of the leased land, the fair market value of the land as appraised by them, the name of the lessor, the annual rental payable under the lease, and as of April January 1 of each year the name and address of the lessee. If for any reason the lease is exempt under subsection (d) of this section, the reason for the exemption shall be noted.

Sec. 71. 32 V.S.A. § 3613 is amended to read:

The State of Vermont shall have the same right to appeal from the appraisal of the listers <u>and assessors</u> and from the decision of the <u>Board of Civil Authority</u> a <u>regional property valuation board</u> as is given to any interested individual as provided by chapter 131 of this title.

Sec. 72. 32 V.S.A. § 3618(c)(2) is amended to read:

(2) "Net book value" of property means the cost less depreciation of the property as shown on the federal income tax return required to be filed with the federal authorities on or nearest in advance of April January 1 in any year.

Sec. 73. 32 V.S.A. § 3651 is amended to read:

§ 3651. GENERAL RULE

Taxable real estate shall be set in the list to the last owner or possessor thereof on April January 1 in each year in the town, village, school, and fire district where it is situated.

Sec. 74. 32 V.S.A. § 3691 is amended to read:

§ 3691. GENERAL RULE

Taxable tangible personal estate shall be set in the list to the last owner thereof on April January 1 in each year, in the town, village, school, and fire district where such property is situated, with the exception that such personal estate situated within this State owned by persons residing outside the State or by persons unknown to the listers shall be set in the list to the person having

the same in charge, in the town, village, school, and fire district where the same is situated and shall be holden for all taxes assessed on such list. However, tangible personal estate owned by nonresident persons or corporation, and used in this State by the State or a department or institution thereof, under lease, contract or other agreement, written or oral, may be set in the list in the town where so used, to such nonresident owner.

Sec. 75. 32 *V.S.A.* § 3692(b) is amended to read:

(b) A trailer coach shall be taxed as real property by the town in which it is located notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section if it is situated in the town on the same trailer site or camp site for more than 180 days during the 365 days prior to April January 1. A trailer coach shall not be taxed as real property if it is stored on property on which the owner resides in another dwelling as a permanent residence.

Sec. 76. 32 V.S.A. § 3708 is amended to read:

§ 3708. PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES FOR LANDS HELD BY THE

AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES

* * *

(b) The State shall annually pay to each municipality a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) that shall be the base payment as set forth under this section, for all ANR land, excluding buildings or other improvements thereon, as of April January 1 of the current year.

- (c) The State shall establish the base payment for all ANR land, excluding buildings or other improvements thereon, as follows;
- (1) On parcels acquired before April 1, 2016, 0.60 percent of the fair market value as appraised by the Director of Property Valuation and Review as of April 1 of fiscal year 2015;
- (2) On parcels acquired on or after April 1, 2016, the municipal tax rate of the fair market value as assessed on April January 1 in the year of acquisition by the municipality in which it is located.

* * *

Sec. 77. 32 V.S.A. § 3755 is amended to read:

§ 3755. ELIGIBILITY FOR USE VALUE APPRAISALS

* * *

- (b) Managed forestland shall be eligible for use value appraisal under this chapter only if:
- (1) The land is subject to a forest management plan, subject to a conservation management plan in the case of lands certified under 10 V.S.A. § 6306(b), that is filed in the manner and form required by the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation and that:

* * *

(D) Provides for continued conservation management, reserve forestland management, or forest crop production on the parcel for 10 years.

An initial forest management plan or conservation management plan must be filed with the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation on or before October 1 and shall be effective for a 10-year period beginning the following April January 1. Prior to expiration of a 10-year plan and on or before April January 1 of the year in which the plan expires, the owner shall file a new conservation or forest management plan for the next succeeding 10 years to remain in the program.

* * *

(3) There has not been filed with the Director an adverse inspection report by the Department stating that the management of the tract is contrary to the forest management plan, conservation management plan, or contrary to the minimum acceptable standards for forest or conservation management. The management activity report shall be on a form prescribed by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation in consultation with the Commissioner of Taxes and shall be signed by all the owners and shall contain the tax identification numbers of all the owners. All information contained within the management activity report shall be forwarded to the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation, except for any tax identification number included in the report. If any owner satisfies the Department that he or she was prevented by accident, mistake, or misfortune from filing an initial or revised management plan that is required to be filed on or before October 1, or a management plan

update that is required to be filed on or before April January 1 of the year in which the plan expires, or a management activity report that is required to be filed on or before February 1 of the year following the year when the management activity occurred, the owner may submit that management plan or management activity report at a later date; provided, however, no initial or revised management plan shall be received later than December 31, and no management plan update shall be received later than one year after April January 1 of the year the plan expires, and no management activity report shall be received later than March 1.

* * *

Sec. 78. 32 V.S.A. § 3756(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Director shall notify the applicant not later than April January 15 of the Director's decision to classify or refusal to classify the applicant's property as eligible for use value appraisal. In the case of a refusal, the Director shall state the reasons therefor in the notification.

Sec. 79. 32 V.S.A. § 3758 is amended to read:

§ 3758. APPEALS

(a) Whenever the Director denies in whole or in part any application for classification as agricultural land or managed forestland or farm buildings, or grants a different classification than that applied for, or the Director or assessing officials fix a use value appraisal or determine that previously

classified property is no longer eligible or that the property has undergone a change in use, the aggrieved owner may appeal the decision of the Director to the Commissioner within 30 days of the decision, and from there to Superior Court in the county in which the property is located.

- (b) Any owner who is aggrieved by the determination of the fair market value of classified land for the purpose of computing the land use change tax may appeal in the same manner as an appeal of a grand list valuation.
- (c) Whenever the Director denies a request for an exemption from the terms of the definition of a "farmer" as provided in subsection 3756(j) of this title, the aggrieved person may appeal the decision of the Director to the Commissioner within 30 days of the decision, and from there to the Superior Court in the county in which the property is located.

* * *

Sec. 80. 32 V.S.A. § 3802a is amended to read:

§ 3802a. REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE INSURANCE INFORMATION

Before April January 1 of each year, owners of property exempt from taxation under subdivisions 3802(4), (6), (9), (12), and (15) and under subdivisions 5401(10)(D), (F), (G), and (J) of this title shall provide their local assessing officials with information regarding the insurance replacement cost of the exempt property or with a written explanation of why the property is not insured.

- *Sec.* 81. 32 *V.S.A.* § 3850(*d*) is amended to read:
- (d) If a dwelling unit is certified as blighted under subsection (b) of this section, the exemption shall take effect on the April January 1 following the certification of the dwelling unit.
- Sec. 82. 32 V.S.A. § 4001(a) is amended to read:
- (a) Annually on April January 1, at the expense of the State, the Director shall furnish to the several town municipal clerks and boards of appraisers for unorganized towns and gores inventory forms sufficient in number to meet the requirements of this chapter. Such forms shall be formulated by the Director and, among other things, shall contain suitable interrogatories requiring each taxpayer to furnish therein a brief statement of all of each taxpayer's taxable property, real and personal, and such other information, including income and expense information with respect to any income-producing properties, as will enable the listers or appraisers to appraise such part thereof as is required by law to be by them appraised, and to make up the abstract of individual lists and grand list in the manner prescribed by law.
- Sec. 83. 32 V.S.A. § 4041 is amended to read:

§ 4041. EXAMINATION OF PROPERTY; APPRAISAL

On April January 1, the listers and assessors shall proceed to take up such inventories and make such personal examination of the property that they are required to appraise as will enable them to appraise it at its fair market value.

When a board of listers is of the opinion that expert advice or assistance is needed in making any appraisal required by law, it may, with approval of selectboard the legislative body of the municipality or by vote of the town municipality, employ such assistance.

Sec. 84. 32 V.S.A. § 4044 is amended to read:

§ 4044. APPRAISAL OF PERSONALTY ON APRIL JANUARY 1

Unless otherwise provided, the taxable personal estate contained in the inventory shall be appraised by the listers at its fair market value on April January 1.

Sec. 85. 32 V.S.A. § 4045 is amended to read:

§ 4045. APPRAISAL ON OTHER THAN APRIL JANUARY 1

If any business is normally operated for a period less than 12 consecutive months and is not in operation on April January 1, an inventory shall be filed with the listers at least 15 days prior to the anticipated annual suspension of such business and the stock in trade shall be appraised for the period of operation so as to represent an average of values of such property during that period in which the business has been carried on.

Sec. 86. 32 V.S.A. § 4052(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Director shall establish by rule reasonable qualifications for approval and training requirements, which shall include successful completion of educational and training courses approved by the Director and, in the case

of an appraiser hired to do a townwide reappraisal in one or more municipalities, at least one year's experience with an appraiser who has satisfactorily completed townwide similar reappraisals.

Sec. 87. 32 V.S.A. § 5401(7) is amended to read:

(7) "Homestead":

(A) "Homestead" means the principal dwelling and parcel of land surrounding the dwelling, owned and occupied by a resident individual as the individual's domicile or owned and fully leased on April January 1, provided the property is not leased for more than 182 days out of the calendar year or, for purposes of the renter credit under subsection 6066(b) of this title, is rented and occupied by a resident individual as the individual's domicile.

* * *

(G) For purposes of homestead declaration and application of the homestead property tax rate, "homestead" also means a residence that was the homestead of the decedent at the date of death and, from the date of death through the next April January 1, is held by the estate of the decedent and not rented.

* * *

Sec. 88. 32 V.S.A. § 5404a(a)(6) is amended to read:

(6) An exemption of a portion of the value of a qualified rental unit parcel. An owner of a qualified rental unit parcel shall be entitled to an

exemption on the education property tax grand list of 10 percent of the grand list value of the parcel, multiplied by the ratio of square footage of improvements used for or related to residential rental purposes to total square footage of all improvements, multiplied by the ratio of qualified rental units to total residential rental units on the parcel. "Qualified rental units" means residential rental units that are subject to rent restriction under provisions of State or federal law but excluding units subject to rent restrictions under only one of the following programs: Section 8 moderate rehabilitation, Section 8 housing choice vouchers, or Section 236 or Section 515 rural development rental housing. A municipality shall allow the percentage exemption under this subsection upon presentation by the taxpayer to the municipality, by April January 1, of a certificate of education grand list value exemption obtained from the Vermont Housing Finance Agency (VHFA). VHFA shall issue a certificate of exemption upon presentation by the taxpayer of information that VHFA and the Commissioner shall require. A certificate of exemption issued by VHFA under this subsection shall expire upon transfer of the building, upon expiration of the rent restriction, or after 10 years, whichever first occurs; provided, however, that the certificate of exemption may be renewed after 10 years and every 10 years thereafter if VHFA finds that the property continues to meet the requirements of this subsection.

Sec. 89. 32 V.S.A. § 5406(b) is amended to read:

- (b) Not later than April January 1 of each year, the Director shall certify to the Secretary of Education the equalized education property value and coefficient of dispersion for the prior year of every municipality of the State. Sec. 90. 32 V.S.A. § 5410 is amended to read:
- § 5410. DECLARATION OF HOMESTEAD
- (a) A homestead owner shall declare ownership of a homestead for purposes of education property tax.
- (b) Annually, on or before the due date for filing the Vermont income tax return, without extension, each homestead owner shall, on a form prescribed by the Commissioner, which shall be verified under the pains and penalties of perjury, declare the owner's homestead, if any, as of, or expected to be as of, April January 1 of the year in which the declaration is made.
- (c) In the event that an unsigned but otherwise completed homestead declaration is filed with the declarant's signed State income tax return, the Commissioner may treat such declaration as signed by the declarant.
- (d) The Commissioner shall provide a list of homesteads in each town to the town municipal listers and assessors by May 15. The listers and assessors shall notify the Commissioner by June 1 of any residences on the Commissioner's list that do not qualify as homesteads. The listers and assessors shall separately identify homesteads in the grand list.

* * *

* * * Miscellaneous Tax * * *

Sec. 91. 32 V.S.A. § 6066a(f)(1) is amended to read:

(f)(1) For taxpayers and amounts stated in the notice to towns on or before July 1, municipalities shall create and send to taxpayers a homestead property tax bill, instead of the bill required under subdivision 5402(b)(1) of this title, providing the total amount allocated to payment of homestead education property tax liabilities and notice of the balance due. Nothing in this subdivision, however, shall be interpreted as altering the requirement under subdivision 5402(b)(2) of this title that the statewide education homestead tax be billed in a manner that is stated clearly and separately from any other tax. Municipalities shall apply the amount allocated under this chapter to current year property taxes in equal amounts to each of the taxpayers' property tax installments that include education taxes. Notwithstanding section 4772 of this title, if a town issues a corrected bill as a result of the notice sent by the Commissioner under subsection (a) of this section, issuance of the corrected new bill does not extend the time for payment of the original bill nor relieve the taxpayer of any interest or penalties associated with the original bill. If the corrected bill is less than the original bill, and there are also no unpaid current year taxes, interest, or penalties, and no past year delinquent taxes or penalties and interest charges, any overpayment shall be reflected on the corrected tax bill and refunded to the taxpayer.

Sec. 92. 32 V.S.A. § 5252 is amended to read:

§ 5252. LEVY AND NOTICE OF SALE; SECURING PROPERTY

(a) When the collector of taxes of a town or of a municipality within it has for collection a tax assessed against real estate in the town and the taxpayer owes a minimum of \$1,500.00 and is delinquent for a period longer than one year, the collector may extend a warrant on such land. However, no warrant shall be extended until a delinquent taxpayer is given an opportunity to enter a written reasonable repayment plan pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. If a collector receives notice from a mobile home park owner pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6248(b), the collector shall, within 15 days after the notice, commence tax sale proceedings to hold a tax sale within 60 days after the notice. If the collector fails to initiate such proceedings, the town may initiate tax sale proceedings only after complying with 10 V.S.A. § 6249(f). If the tax collector extends the warrant, the collector shall:

* * *

Sec. 93. 32 V.S.A. § 4465 is amended to read:

§ 4465. APPOINTMENT OF PROPERTY VALUATION HEARING OFFICER; OATH; PAY

When an appeal to the Director is not withdrawn or forwarded by the Director to Superior Court pursuant to subsection 4461(a) of this title, the Director shall refer the appeal in writing to a person not employed by the

Director, appointed by the Director as hearing officer. The Director shall have the right to remove a hearing officer for inefficiency, malfeasance in office, or other cause. In like manner, the Director shall appoint a hearing officer to fill any vacancy created by resignation, removal, or other cause. Before entering into their duties, persons appointed as hearing officers shall take and subscribe the oath of the office prescribed in the Constitution, which oath shall be filed with the Director. The Director Commissioner of Taxes shall pay each hearing officer a sum not to exceed \$150.00 per diem for each day wherein hearings are held \$38.00 per hour plus a cost-of-living adjustment in an amount equal to any adjustment approved for exempt employees by the Secretary of Administration, together with reasonable expenses as the Director Commissioner may determine. A hearing officer may subpoena witnesses, records, and documents in the manner provided by law for serving subpoenas in civil actions and may administer oaths to witnesses.

Sec. 94. 32 V.S.A. § 5402(c)(2) is amended to read:

(2) The Secretary of Education shall determine each municipality's net nonhomestead education tax payment and its net homestead education tax payment to the State based on grand list information received by the Secretary not later than the March 15 prior to the June 1 net payment. Payment shall be accompanied by a return prescribed by the Secretary of Education. Each municipality may retain 0.225 of one percent of the total education tax

collected, only upon timely remittance of net payment to the State Treasurer or to the applicable school district or districts. Each municipality may also retain \$15.00 for each late property tax credit claim filed after April 15 and before September 2, as notified by the Department of Taxes, for the cost of issuing a new property tax bill.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 95. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) This section and the following sections shall take effect on passage:
 - (1) Sec. 1 (findings; intent; plan);
 - (2) S.c. 2 (Commission on the Future of Public Education),
 - (3) Sec. 29 (16 V.S.A. § 4011(f));
 - (4) Sec. 30 (adult education funding report);
 - (5) Sec. 44 (transportation reimbursement guidelines);
 - (6) Sec. 45 (inflationary meas res; prekindergarten; reports);
 - (7) Sec. 53 (homestead declaration sample form);
 - (8) Sec. 61a (tax classification data; transition);
 - (9) Sec. 63 (RAD transition; annual progress report);
 - (10) Sec. 64 (RAD stakeholder working group);
 - (11) Sec. 91 (correction of inadvertently removed language),
 - (12) Sec. 92. (minimum debt for tax sales); and

(13) Sec. 94. (property tax creati tate jee).

- (a) This section and the following sections shall take effect on passage:
 - (1) Sec. 1 (findings; intent; plan);
 - (2) Sec. 2 (Commission on the Future of Public Education);
 - (3) Sec. 2a (School District Voting Ward Task Force);
 - (4) Sec. 29 (16 V.S.A. § 4011(f));
 - (5) Sec. 30 (adult education funding report);
 - (6) Sec. 44 (transportation reimbursement guidelines);
 - (7) Sec. 45 (inflationary measures; prekindergarten; reports);
 - (8) Sec. 53 (homestead declaration sample form);
 - (9) Sec. 61a (tax classification data; transition);
 - (10) Sec. 61b (property tax classifications implementation report)
 - (11) Sec. 63 (RAD transition; annual progress report);
 - (12) Sec. 64 (RAD stakeholder working group);
 - (13) Sec. 91 (correction of inadvertently removed language);
 - (14) Sec. 92 (minimum debt for tax sales); and
 - (15) Sec. 94 (property tax credit late fee).
- (b) The following sections shall take effect on July 1, 2025:
 - (1) Sec. 3 (scale; intent);
 - (2) Sec. 6 (SBE rules; report);
 - (3) Sec. 7 (school size; intent);
 - (4) Sec. 8 (school closure);

- (5) Sec. 11 (16 V.S.A. § 3443);
- (6) Sec. 12 (School Construction Advisory Board sunset);
- (7) Sec. 18 (16 V.S.A. § 828);
- (8) Sec. 19 (tuition transition);
- (9) Sec. 20 (statewide cohesion; intent);
- (10) Sec. 21 (AOE report; school calendar; graduation requirements);
- (11) Sec. 22 (State-level governance; intent);
- (12) Sec. 23 (16 V.S.A. § 161);
- (13) Sec. 24 (SBE appointments transition);
- (14) Sec. 25 (16 V.S.A. § 162);
- (15) Sec. 26 (SBE rule review; appropriation);
- (16) Sec. 31 (special education report);
- (17) Sec. 32 (AOE special education strategic plan);
- (18) Sec. 33 (AOE position); and
- (19) Sec. 93 (PVR hearing officer pay).
- (c) The following sections shall take effect on July 1, 2026:
 - (1) Sec. 4 (class size minimums);
 - (2) Sec. 5 (failure to comply with class size minimums);
 - (3) Sec. 9 (school construction policy);
 - (4) Sec. 10 (16 V.S.A. § 3442);
 - (5) Sec. 13 (16 V.S.A. § 3444);

- (6) Sec. 14 (16 V.S.A. § 3445);
- (7) Sec. 15 (16 V.S.A. § 3446);
- (8) Sec. 16 (transfer of rulemaking authority); and
- (9) Sec. 17 (repeals).
- (d) Sec. 48 (December 1 letter) shall take effect on July 1, 2028.
- (e) The following sections shall take effect on January 1, 2029:
 - (1) Sec. 60 (tax classifications; contiguous parcels on grand list); and
 - (2) Sec. 61 (property classification).
- (f) The following sections shall take effect on July 1, 2029, provided that the new school districts contemplated by this act have assumed responsibility for the education of all resident students:
 - (1) Secs. 27 (16 V.S.A. § 823) and 28 (repeals);
 - (2) Secs. 34–43 (transition to cost-factor foundation formula);
- (3) Secs. 46 and 47 and 49 and 50 (statewide education tax; supplemental district spending tax);
- (4) Secs. 51 and 52 and 54–56 (property tax credit repeal; creation of homestead exemption); and
- (5) Sec. 57 (Education Fund Advisory Committee; review of foundation formula).
 - (g) The following sections shall take effect on January 1, 2030:
 - (1) Sec. 62 (regional assessment districts); and

- (2) Secs. 65–90 (grand list assessment date).
- (h) Secs. 58 and 59 (transition to evidence-based foundation formula) shall take effect upon:
- (1) development and review of an evidence-based foundation formula by professional judgment panels;
- (2) compliance by 90 percent of Vermont classes with class-size minimum standards set in the education quality standards;
- (3) compliance by 90 percent of Vermont school buildings with school size standards set in the education quality standards; and
- (4) implementation of a multitiered system of supports in each classroom in each Vermont school.