1	H.422
2	Introduced by Representatives Masland of Thetford, Branagan of Georgia,
3	Holcombe of Norwich, and Olson of Starksboro
4	Referred to Committee on
5	Date:
6	Subject: Conservation and development; solid waste; landfills; groundwater
7	monitoring; laboratory testing
8	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require the
9	Secretary of Natural Resources to require the testing of groundwater samples at
10	the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory (State Laboratory) when
11	sampling occurs at a site where hazardous materials were released. Testing at
12	the State Laboratory would not be required if the State Laboratory lacks the
13	ability to conduct the necessary testing, or, when approved by the Secretary of
14	Natural Resources, testing at a private laboratory would result in significant
15	costs savings to the State or the owner of the contaminated site.
16 17	An act relating to testing of groundwater samples from contaminated sites at the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory
18	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
19	Sec. 1. FINDINGS
20	The General Assembly finds that:

21

1	(1) groundwater testing in proximity to sites contaminated by hazardous
2	materials is critically important to protecting public and private water supply
3	sources;
4	(2) high-quality laboratory analysis of water samples from groundwater
5	monitoring wells at contaminated sites must be a mandatory component of
6	oversight of the monitoring of contaminated sites;
7	(3) at contaminated sites where a post closure fund is available to pay
8	for groundwater monitoring, it is in the best interests of the State and the entity
9	responsible for the site to keep the cost of groundwater testing low so as to
10	ensure that the cost of groundwater monitoring will not exhaust funding
11	available from the post closure fund;
1112	available from the post closure fund; (4) using the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory (State
12	(4) using the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory (State
12 13	(4) using the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory (State Laboratory) to conduct the testing of groundwater samples from contaminated
12 13 14	(4) using the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory (State Laboratory) to conduct the testing of groundwater samples from contaminated sites assists in keeping monitoring costs lower than if testing of samples
12 13 14 15	(4) using the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory (State Laboratory) to conduct the testing of groundwater samples from contaminated sites assists in keeping monitoring costs lower than if testing of samples occurred at private laboratories;
12 13 14 15 16	(4) using the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory (State Laboratory) to conduct the testing of groundwater samples from contaminated sites assists in keeping monitoring costs lower than if testing of samples occurred at private laboratories; (5) the State and all water users that might be affected by contamination
12 13 14 15 16	(4) using the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory (State Laboratory) to conduct the testing of groundwater samples from contaminated sites assists in keeping monitoring costs lower than if testing of samples occurred at private laboratories; (5) the State and all water users that might be affected by contamination in their drinking water supply will benefit from timely, affordable, and

State Laboratory in order to allow for the lowest cost possible for testing.

1	Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 6608 is amended to read:
2	§ 6608. RECORDS; REPORTS; MONITORING
3	(a) For purposes of implementation of this chapter, the Secretary shall
4	adopt, and revise as appropriate, rules that prescribe:
5	(1) the establishment and maintenance of such records;
6	(2) the making of such reports;
7	(3) the taking of such samples, and the performing of such tests or
8	analyses;
9	(4) the installing, calibrating, using, and maintaining of such monitoring
10	equipment or methods; and
11	(5) the providing of such other information as may be necessary.
12	* * *
13	(g) When the Secretary under this chapter requires groundwater monitoring
14	of a site where hazardous materials were released, the Secretary shall require
15	that the testing of groundwater samples from the contaminated site occurs at
16	the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory unless:
17	(1) the State Agricultural and Environmental Laboratory lacks the
18	ability to conduct the necessary testing; or
19	(2) testing at a private laboratory would result in significant costs
20	savings to the State or the owner of the contaminated site, as approved by the
21	Secretary.

- 1 Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE
- 2 This act shall take effect on passage.