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1	H.321
2	Introduced by Representatives Birong of Vergennes and Boyden of Cambridge
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Cannabis; cannabis establishments
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to clarify that
7	cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of administrative rules adopted by
8	the Cannabis Control Board may be seized by law enforcement and is subject
9	to forfeiture; to require fingerprint-based state and national criminal history
10	record check on any person prior to issuance of a cannabis establishment
11	identification card; to amend the definition of "hemp" to comport with the
12	Title 6 definition; to require the Board to adopt rules for cannabis retailers
13	regarding requirements and criteria governing licensee applications to change
14	ownership, control, or location; to authorize the Board to repeat criminal
15	background checks; to establish a procedure for receivership of a cannabis
16	establishment for a period of time in cases of death, disability, bankruptcy,
17	insolvency, receivership, assignment for the benefit of creditors, shareholder or
18	LLC member disputes, license interruption, or other exceptional circumstances
19	rendering one or more owners incapable of performing, or ineligible to
20	perform, the duties of a licensee; to establish a new trim and harvest service

license with an annual fee of \$500.00; to require cannabis cultivators to

21

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2	
	cultivator harvested the cannabis and a "packed on" date reflecting the date the
3	product was packaged for sale; to require cannabis retailers that collect
4	cannabis excise tax to inform the Department of Taxes before transferring the
5	business to a new entity; and to create a new position, Enforcement Attorney,
6	within the Cannabis Control Board.
7	An act relating to miscellaneous cannabis amendments
8	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
9	Sec. 1. 7 VS A § 832 is amended to read:
10	§ 832. CANNABIS POSSESSED UNLAWFULLY SUBJECT TO SEIZURE
10 11	§ 832. CANNABIS POSSESSED UNLAWFULLY SUBJECT TO SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE
11	AND FORFEITURE
11 12	AND FORFEITURE Cannabis possessed inlawfully in violation of this title or administrative
11 12 13	AND FORFEITURE Cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of this title or administrative rules adopted pursuant to this title may be seized by law enforcement and is
11 12 13 14	AND FORFEITURE Cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of this title or administrative rules adopted pursuant to this title may be seized by law enforcement and is subject to forfeiture.
11 12 13 14 15	AND FORFEITURE Cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of this title <u>or administrative</u> rules adopted pursuant to this title may be seized by law enforcement and is subject to forfeiture. Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 844 is amended to read:
11 12 13 14 15	AND FORFEITURE Cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of this title <u>or administrative</u> rules adopted pursuant to this title may be seized by law enforcement and is subject to forfeiture. Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 844 is amended to read: § 844. AUTHORITY FOR CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS

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1	records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation
2	as required by chapters 33 (cannabis establishments) and 37 (medical cannabis
3	dispensacies) of this title.
4	(b) A fingerprint-based state and national criminal history record check
5	shall be conducted for each natural person prior to being issued a cannabis
6	establishment identification card pursuant to chapter 33 (cannabis
7	establishments) of this title or a medical cannabis dispensary identification
8	card pursuant to chapter 37 (medical cannabis dispensaries) of this title. The
9	Board may require that such record checks be completed as a condition
10	precedent to license renewal.
11	Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 861(23) is amended to read:
12	(23)(A) "Hemp products" or "hemp-infused products" means all
13	products with the federally defined tetrahydrocannabinol concentration level
14	for hemp derived from, or made by, processing hemp plants or plant parts that
15	are prepared in a form available for commercial sale, including cosmetics,
16	personal care products, food intended for animal or human consumption, cloth,
17	cordage, fiber, fuel, paint, paper, construction materials, plastics, and any
18	product containing one or more hemp-derived cannabinoids, such as
19	Cannabidioi.

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1	(B) Natwithstanding culdivision (A) at this culdivision (A) "hamp
2	products" and "hemp-infused products" do not include any substance,
3	manufacturing intermediary, or product that:
4	(i) is prohibited or deemed a regulated cannabis product by
5	administrative rule of the Cannabis Control Board; or
6	(ii) contains more than 0.3 percent total tetrahydrocannabinol on a
7	dry-weight basis.
8	(C) A hemp-derived product or substance that is excluded from the
9	definition of "hemp products" or "hemp-infused products" pursuant to
10	subdivision (B) of this subdivision (23) shall be considered a cannabis product
11	as defined by 7 V.S.A. § 831(3); provided however, that a person duly
12	licensed or registered by the Cannabis Control Board lawfully may possess
13	such products in conformity with the person's liceuse or hemp processor
14	registration.
15	Sec. 4. 7 V.S.A. § 881 is amended to read:
16	§ 881. RULEMAKING; CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS
17	(a) The Board shall adopt rules to implement and administer this chapter in
18	accordance with subdivisions (1) (8) (9) of this subsection.
19	(1) Rules concerning any cannabis establishment shall include:
20	(A) the form and content of license and renewal applications,

1	(R) qualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably
2	related to the operation of a cannabis establishment, including:
3	(i) a requirement to submit an operating plan, which shall include
4	information concerning:
5	the type of business organization, the identity of its
6	controlling owners and principals, and the identity of the controlling owners
7	and principals of its affiliates; and
8	(II) the sources, amount, and nature of its capital, assets, and
9	financing; the identity of its financiers; and the identity of the controlling
10	owners and principals of its financiers;
11	(ii) a requirement to file an amendment to its operating plan in the
12	event of a significant change in organization operation, or financing; and
13	(iii) the requirement for a fingerprint-based criminal history
14	record check and regulatory record check pursuant o section 883 of this title;
15	(C) oversight requirements, including provisions to ensure that a
16	licensed establishment complies with State and federal regulatory requirements
17	governing insurance, securities, workers' compensation, unemployment
18	insurance, and occupational health and safety;
19	(D) inspection requirements;
20	(E) records to be kept by licensees and the required availability of the
21	records,

1	(E) amployment and training requirements:
2	(G) security requirements, including any appropriate lighting,
3	physical security, video, and alarm requirements;
4	(H) health and safety requirements;
5	(I) regulation of additives to cannabis and cannabis products,
6	including cannabided derived from hemp and substances that are toxic or
7	designed to make the product more addictive, more appealing to persons under
8	21 years of age, or to misled consumers;
9	(J) procedures for seed-to-sale traceability of cannabis, including any
10	requirements for tracking software;
11	(K) regulation of the storage and transportation of cannabis;
12	(L) sanitary requirements;
13	(M) procedures for the renewal of a livense, which shall allow
14	renewal applications to be submitted up to 90 days prior to the expiration of
15	the cannabis establishment's license;
16	(N) procedures for suspension and revocation of a license;
17	(O) requirements for banking and financial transactions, including
18	provisions to ensure that the Board, the Department of Financial Regulation,
19	and financial institutions have access to relevant information concerning
20	licensed establishments to comply with State and federal regulatory
21	requirements,

1	(D) disclosure or aligibility requirements for a financiar its owners
2	and principals, and its affiliates, which may include:
3	(i) requirements to disclose information to a licensed
4	establishment, the Board, or the Department of Financial Regulation;
5	(ii) a minimum age requirement and a requirement to conduct a
6	background check for natural persons;
7	(iii) requirements to ensure that a financier complies with
8	applicable State and federal laws governing financial institutions, licensed
9	lenders, and other financial service providers; and
10	(iv) any other requirements, conditions, or limitations on the type
11	or amount of loans or capital investments made by a financier or its affiliates,
12	which the Board, in consultation with the Department of Financial Regulation,
13	determines are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general
14	welfare;
15	(Q) policies and procedures for conducting outreach and promoting
16	participation in the regulated cannabis market by diverse groups of individuals
17	including those who have been disproportionately harmed by cannabis
18	prohibition;
19	(R) advertising and marketing; and
20	(S) requirements for cannabis control testing of hemp, hemp-infused
21	products, camiabis, and camiabis products, and

1	(T) requirements and criteria governing licenses applications to
2	change ownership, control, or location.
3	* * *
4	(9) Rules concerning trim and harvest services shall include:
5	(A) requirements for verification of the licenses of clients;
6	(B) essential content and permissible terms of written service
7	contracts, including provisions for security and diversion prevention;
8	(C) provisions to ensure safe and lawful transportation and lodging
9	of travelling personnel;
10	(D) essential content of employee health, safety, and skills training,
11	including first aid and recognition of common pests and pathogens;
12	(E) requirements appropriate to minimize the risk of pest and
13	pathogen transmission; and
14	(F) procedures for documenting lawful compensation.
15	* * *
16	Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 883 is amended to read:
17	§ 883. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND RECORD CHECKS; APPLICANTS
18	(a) The Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a
19	copy of a fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state
20	criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Burdau
21	of investigation for each ficense applicant, principal of an applicant, and

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1	harcan who controls an applicant who is a natural parson. I hooks may be
2	repeated for good cause or with prudent frequency as determined by the Board
3	(b) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining
4	whether an applicant should be denied a cannabis establishment license
5	because of his or her the applicant's criminal history record based on factors
6	that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety
7	or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses
8	shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.
9	(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section or subsection 844(b) of
10	this title, if required records are not reasonably available to the Board due to
11	circumstances beyond its control, with the consent of the applicant, the Board
12	may accept third-party criminal background checks submitted by an applicant
13	for a cannabis establishment license or renewal in lieu of obtaining the records
14	from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont
15	fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history
16	records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bure u of Investigation
17	from a reputable commercial provider. Any such third-party background
18	check shall:
19	(1) be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or
20	background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair
21	Credit Reporting Act, and

1	(2) include a multistate and multi-jurisdiction criminal record locator

- 2 Consumer credit scores shall not be a basis for license denial.
- 3 Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 884 is amended to read:

- 4 § 884. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFICATION CARD
 - (a) Every owner, principal, and employee of a cannabis establishment shall obtain an identification card issued by the Board. A person may apply for an identification card prior to obtaining employment with a licensee. An employee identification card shall authorize the person to work for any licensee.
 - (b)(1)(A) Prior to issuing the identification card to an owner or principal of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
 - (B) Prior to issuing the identification card to an employee of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain a copy of a Ingerprint-based identity history summary record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
 - (2) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether a person should be denied a cannabis establishment identification card because of his or her the person's criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or

not utomatically disqualify an applicant.

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1 the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offences shall

- Board, for good cause, may serve issue a temporary permit authorizing the applicant to serve as an employee of a cannabis establishment pending the background check, provided the person is supervised in his or her duties by someone who is a cardholder. The Board shall issue a temporary permit to the person for this purpose, which shall expire upon the issuance of the identification card or disqualification of the person in accordance with this section Good cause exists if, among other reasons, the application is reasonably expected to take more than 12 days to process.
- (d) An identification card shall expire one year after its issuance or, in the case of owners and principals, upon the expiration of the cannabis establishment's license, whichever occurs first.
- 15 Sec. 7. 7 V.S.A. § 886 is added to read:
- § 886. RECEIVERSHIP; SPECIAL PERMITTING; IMMUNITY
- (a) When a cannabis establishment becomes distressed, it may abruptly
 lose authority or ability to possess commercial quantities of cannabis. It is the
 purpose of this section to empower the Civil Division of the Superior Court

and the Board to oversee the orderly unwinding of cannabis establishments,

1 including lewful disposition of inventory in lieu of forfaiture, in case of

2	functional distress or interruption in active licensure.
3	(b)(1) An individual may be appointed as receiver, representative, executor,
4	administrator, guardian, conservator, trustee, or assignee, to temporarily
5	operate a cannabis establishment on the licensed premises for a period of time
6	determined by the Loard in cases of death, disability, bankruptcy, insolvency,
7	receivership, assignment for the benefit of creditors, shareholder or LLC
8	member disputes, license interruption, or other exceptional circumstances
9	rendering one or more owners lacapable of performing, or ineligible to
10	perform, the duties of a licensee. Such appointee shall be at least 21 years of
11	age.
12	(2)(A) Such appointee shall not be permitted to conduct licensed
13	activities without the express authorization of the Board, which may be
14	granted upon submission and approval of a written equest for the authority to
15	temporarily conduct licensed activities. The written request shall include
16	information or disclosures required by the Board, including
17	(i) name;
18	(ii) valid identification;
19	(iii) phone number;
20	(iv) mailing address;

(v) eman address,

1	TATALAN CAMPIN ANTHRON
2	(vii) the name of the person on whose behalf the appointee is
3	appointed;
4	viii) proof that such appointee is the legal receiver,
5	representative, executor, administrator, guardian, conservator, trustee, or
6	assignee, and;
7	(ix) any direct or indirect interests held by that appointee in a
8	cannabis license, registration or permit.
9	(B) The Board may adopt rules governing appointment and the
10	process and qualifications.
11	(3) Authorization to conduct licensed activities by the appointee is
12	conditioned on compliance with these regulations, including restrictions on
13	ownership and other interests, approval by the Board, and the authorization
14	shall not constitute a guarantee of license issuance or renewal by the Board.
15	(4) Any licensee or person who files, or against whom is filed, any
16	action or proceeding, or who seeks an appointment, as set forth in subdivision
17	(1) of this subsection, is required to serve the Board with original notice of the
18	action or proceeding and provide the Board with opportunity to be heard
19	regarding the appointment. Such notice shall be provided to employees upon
20	commencement of such proceeding for a receivership. A ficensee surrendering

its license shall provide its employees any lawfully required wornings of
 closures and layoffs.
 (c) When no licensed custodian can be found to take custody of or

- transport cannabis or cannabis products, the Board, in its sole discretion, may issue a special permit temporarily authorizing an unlicensed designee of suitable ability and judgment to possess, transport, or dispose of cannabis and cannabis products as specified by the terms of the permit. The permit shall be printed on official Board letter read, bear the signature of the Chair of the Board, state clearly a means of prompt authentication by law enforcement and licensees, and specify start and end dates and times.
- (d) A person acting as a duly appointed receiver or in conformity with the terms of a special Board permit issued pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall be immune from civil and criminal liability in relation to possession, transportation, or transfer of cannabis within the borders of this State. The Board shall not be liable for economic losses resulting from forfeiture, seizure, sequestration, sale stoppage, transportation, storage, or destruction of cannabis or cannabis products.
- Sec. 8. 7 V.S.A. § 901 is amended to read:
- 19 g 301. GENERAL I ROVISIONS

1	(a) Except as otherwise permitted by law a person shall not engage in the
2	cultivation, preparation, processing, packaging, transportation, testing, or sale
3	of cannabis or cannabis products without obtaining a license from the Board.
4	(b) All licenses shall be valid for one year and expire at midnight on the
5	eve of the anniversary of the date the license was issued. A licensee may
6	apply to renew the license annually.
7	(c) Applications for licenses and renewals shall be submitted on forms
8	provided by the Board and shall be accompanied by the fees provided for in
9	section 910 of this title.
10	(d)(1) There shall be seven eight types of licenses available:
11	(A) a cultivator license;
12	(B) a propagator license;
13	(C) a wholesaler license;
14	(D) a product manufacturer license;
15	(E) a retailer license;
16	(F) a testing laboratory license; and
17	(G) <u>a trim and harvest service license; and</u>
18	(H) an integrated license.
19	(2)(A) The Board shall develop tiers for:
20	(i) cultivator licenses based on the plant canopy size of the
21	cultivation operation or plant count for breeding stock, and

1	(ii) ratailar licances
2	(B) The Board may develop tiers for other types of licenses.
3	(3(A) Except as provided in subdivisions (B) and (C) of this
4	subdivision (3), an applicant and its affiliates may obtain a maximum of one
5	type of each type of license as provided in subdivisions $(1)(A)$ — $(F)(G)$ of this
6	subsection (d). Each license shall permit only one location of the
7	establishment, however a trim and harvest service licensee may provide
8	services at multiple other licensed cannabis establishments.
9	(B) An applicant and its affiliates that control a dispensary registered
10	on April 1, 2022 may obtain one integrated license provided in subdivision
11	(1)(G)(H) of this subsection (d) or a maximum of one of each type of license
12	provided in subdivisions (1)(A)–(F) of this subsection (d). An integrated
13	licensee may not hold a separate cultivator, propagator, wholesaler, product
14	manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory license, and no applicant or its
15	affiliates that control a dispensary shall hold more than on integrated license.
16	An integrated license shall permit only one location for each of the types of
17	activities permitted by the license: cultivation, propagator, wholesale

(C) An applicant and its affiliates may obtain multiple testing laboratory licenses.

operations, product manufacturing, retail sales, and testing.

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1	(a) A dispensary that obtains a ratailar license or an integrated license
2	pursuant to this chapter shall maintain the dispensary and retail operations in
3	manner that protects patient and caregiver privacy in accordance with rules
4	adopted by the Board.
5	(f) Each lice see shall obtain and maintain commercial general liability
6	insurance in accordance with rules adopted by the Board. Failure to provide
7	proof of insurance to the Board, as required, may result in revocation of the
8	license.
9	(g) All licenses may be renewed according to procedures adopted through
10	rulemaking by the Board.
11	(h) [Repealed.]
12	Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 904 is amended to read:
13	§ 904. CULTIVATOR LICENSE
14	***
15	(d) Each cultivator shall create packaging for its cannadis.
16	(1) Packaging shall include:
17	(A) The name and registration number of the cultivator.
18	(B) The strain and variety of cannabis contained.
19	(C) The potency of the cannabis represented by the amount of

tetranydrocamiaomoi and camiaoidioi in minigrams total and per serving.

1	(D) A "produced on" data reflecting the data that the cultivator
2	finithed producing the cannabis "harvested on" date reflecting the date the
3	cultivator harvested the cannabis and a "packed on" date reflecting the date the
4	product was packaged for sale.
5	(E) Appropriate warnings as prescribed by the Board in rule.
6	(F) Any additional requirements contained in rules adopted by the
7	Board in accordance with this chapter. Rules shall take into consideration that
8	different labeling requirements may be appropriate depending on whether the
9	cannabis is sold to a wholesaler, product manufacturer, or retailer.
10	(2) Packaging shall not be designed to appeal to persons under 21 years
11	of age.
12	* * *
13	Sec. 10. 7 V.S.A. § 904b is amended to read:
14	§ 904b. PROPAGATION CULTIVATOR LICENSI
15	(a) A propagation cultivator licensed under this section may:
16	(1) cultivate not more than 3,500 square feet of cann bis clones,
17	immature cannabis plants, or mature cannabis plants;
18	(2) test, transport, and sell cannabis clones and immature cannabis
19	plants to licensed cultivators and retailers; and
20	(3) test, transport, and sell cannabis seeds that meet the federal
21	definition of hemp to a licensed cultivator of retailer of to the public.

definition of hemp to a licensed cultivator or retailer or to the public.

1	(h) A licensed propagation cultivator shall not cultivate mature connobis		
2	plants for the purpose of producing, harvesting, transferring, or selling		
3	cannable flower for or to any person.		
4	Sec. 11. 7 V.S.A. § 904c is added to read:		
5	§ 904c. TRIM AND HARVEST SERVICE LICENSE		
6	A trim and harvest service licensed under this section may contract with		
7	cultivators licensed under section 904 or 904a of this chapter, on a seasonal or		
8	temporary basis, to supply specified cannabis maintenance services within the		
9	scope of each client-cultivator's license.		
10	Sec. 12. 7 V.S.A. § 910 is amended to read:		
11	§ 910. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT FEE SCHEDULE		
12	The following fees shall apply to each person or product licensed by the		
13	Board:		
14	* * *		
15	(8) Trim and harvest services. Trim and harvest services shall be		
16	assessed an annual licensing fee of \$500.00.		
17	(9) Employees. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall be		
18	assessed an annual a biennial licensing fee of \$50.00 for each employee.		
19	(9)(10) Products. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall		
20	be assessed an annual a biennial product licensing fee of \$50.00 for every type		
21	of cannabis and cannabis product that is sold in accordance with this chapter.		

1	The Roard may issue longer product registrations provoted at the same cost
2	per year, for products it deems low risk and shelf stable. Such products may
3	be defined and distinguished in readily accessible published guidance.
4	(10)(1) Local licensing fees. Cannabis establishments licensed by the
5	Board shall be assessed an annual local licensing fee of \$100.00 in addition to
6	each fee assessed under subdivisions (1)–(7) of this section. Local licensing
7	fees shall be distributed to the municipality in which the cannabis
8	establishment is located pursuant to section 846(c) of this title.
9	(11)(12) One-time fees Application fee.
10	(A) All applicants for a calculation establishment license shall be
11	assessed an initial one-time application fee of \$1,000.00.
12	(B) An applicant may choose to be assessed an initial one-time intent-
13	to-apply fee of \$500.00. If the applicant subsequently seeks a license within
14	one year after paying the intent-to-apply fee, the initial one-time application
15	fee of \$1,000.00 shall be reduced by \$500.00.
16	Sec. 13. 32 V.S.A. § 3260 is amended to read:
17	§ 3260. BULK SALES
18	(a) Whenever a person (transferor) required to collect or withhold a trust
19	tax pursuant to chapter 151, <u>207</u> , 225, or 233 of this title shall make any sale,
20	transfer, long-term lease, or assignment (transfer) in bulk of any part or the
21	whole of the assets of a business, otherwise than in the ordinary course of the

business, the purchaser transferse or assigned (transferse) shall at least 10
5 ()
day before taking possession of the subject of the transfer or before payment
therefore if earlier, notify the Commissioner in writing of the proposed sale
and of the price, terms, and conditions thereof whether or not the transferor
has represented to or informed the transferee that the transferor owes any trust
tax pursuant to chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233 and whether or not the transferee
has knowledge that such taxes are owed, and whether any taxes are in fact
owed.

- (b) Whenever the transferee shall fail to give notice to the Commissioner as required by subsection (a) of this section, or whenever the Commissioner shall inform the transferee that a possible claim for tax exists, any sums of money, property, or choses in action, or other consideration, which the transferee is required to transfer over to or for the transferor, shall be subject to a first priority right and lien for any taxes theretofore or thereafter determined to be due from the transferor to the State, and the transferee is forbidden to transfer the consideration to or for the transferor to the extent of the amount of the State's claim.
- (c) For failure to comply with this section, the transferee shall be personally liable for the payment to the State of any taxes theretofore or thereafter determined to be due to the State from the transferor and the liability

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1	may be accessed and enforced in the same manner as the liability for tay under
2	chapter 151, <u>207,</u> 225, or 233.
3	Sec. 14, 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Secs E.240.5 and E.240.6 are
4	amended to read:
5	Sec. E.240.3 [Deleted.]
6	Sec. E.240.6. [Deleted.]
7	Sec. 15. 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Sec. H.100 is amended to read:
8	Sec. H.100. EFFECTIVE DATES
9	* * *
10	(b) [Deleted.]
11	* * *
12	Sec. 16. ISSUANCE OF RETAILER LICHNSES
13	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Cannabis Control Board
14	shall not issue any new retailer licenses until July 1, 2027, provided that:
15	(1) annual renewals of retailer licenses that were originally issued prior
16	to February 1, 2025 may be issued;
17	(2) amendments to and early renewals of retailer licenses that were
18	originally issued prior to February 1, 2025 may be issued in the cast of
19	changes in location of the licensed retailer where the proposed new location
20	would be permissible as a new licensed location pursuant to rules adopted by
21	the Board under 7 V.S.A. \hat{y} $\hat{o}\hat{o}\hat{1}(\hat{a})(\hat{J})(\hat{\Gamma})$,

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1	(2) amondments to and early renewals of retailer licenses that were
2	originally issued prior to February 1, 2025 may be issued in the case of
3	changes in co. trol of the licensed retailer; and
4	(4) the Board way issue new retailer licenses prior to July 1, 2027 if, at
5	the time of such issuance, the number of licensed retailers is fewer than the
6	number of 80 locations.
7	Sec. 17. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD: ENFORCEMENT ATTORNEY;
8	POSITION
9	One full-time, permanent, exempt position of Enforcement Attorney is
10	authorized in the Cannabis Control Board in fiscal year 2025.
11	Sec. 18. EFFECTIVE DATE

- 12 This act shall take effect on passage.
 - Sec. 1. 7 V.S.A. § 832 is amended to read:
 - § 832. CANNABIS POSSESSED UNLAWFULLY SUBJECT TO SEIZURE
 AND FORFEITURE

Cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of this title <u>or administrative</u> <u>rules adopted pursuant to this title</u> may be seized by law enforcement and is subject to forfeiture.

Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 844 is amended to read:

§ 844. AUTHORITY FOR CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS

- (a) The Board shall establish a user agreement with the Vermont Crime Information Center in accordance with 20 V.S.A. chapter 117 for the purpose of obtaining Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation as required by chapters 33 (cannabis establishments) and 37 (medical cannabis dispensaries) of this title.
- (b) A fingerprint-based state and national criminal history record check shall be conducted for each natural person prior to being issued a cannabis establishment identification card pursuant to chapter 33 (cannabis establishments) of this title or a medical cannabis dispensary identification card pursuant to chapter 37 (medical cannabis dispensaries) of this title. The Board may require that such record checks be completed as a condition precedent to license renewal.

Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 861(23) is amended to read:

(23)(A) "Hemp products" or "hemp-infused products" means all products with the federally defined tetrahydrocannabinol concentration level for hemp derived from, or made by, processing hemp plants or plant parts that are prepared in a form available for commercial sale, including cosmetics, personal care products, food intended for animal or human consumption, cloth, cordage, fiber, fuel, paint, paper, construction materials, plastics, and

any product containing one or more hemp-derived cannabinoids, such as cannabidiol.

- (B) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (23), "hemp products" and "hemp-infused products" do not include any substance, manufacturing intermediary, or product that:
- (i) is prohibited or deemed a regulated cannabis product by administrative rule of the Cannabis Control Board; or
- (ii) contains more than 0.3 percent total tetrahydrocannabinol on a dry-weight basis.
- (C) A hemp-derived product or substance that is excluded from the definition of "hemp products" or "hemp-infused products" pursuant to subdivision (B) of this subdivision (23) shall be considered a cannabis product as defined by subdivision 831(3) of this title; provided, however, that a person duly licensed or registered by the Cannabis Control Board lawfully may possess such products in conformity with the person's license or hemp processor registration.
- Sec. 4. 7 V.S.A. § 881 is amended to read:

§ 881. RULEMAKING; CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS

- (a) The Board shall adopt rules to implement and administer this chapter in accordance with subdivisions (1)—(8)(9) of this subsection.
 - (1) Rules concerning any cannabis establishment shall include:

- (A) the form and content of license and renewal applications;
- (B) qualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a cannabis establishment, including:
- (i) a requirement to submit an operating plan, which shall include information concerning:
- (I) the type of business organization, the identity of its controlling owners and principals, and the identity of the controlling owners and principals of its affiliates; and
- (II) the sources, amount, and nature of its capital, assets, and financing; the identity of its financiers; and the identity of the controlling owners and principals of its financiers;
- (ii) a requirement to file an amendment to its operating plan in the event of a significant change in organization, operation, or financing; and
- (iii) the requirement for a fingerprint-based criminal history record check and regulatory record check pursuant to section 883 of this title;
- (C) oversight requirements, including provisions to ensure that a licensed establishment complies with State and federal regulatory requirements governing insurance, securities, workers' compensation, unemployment insurance, and occupational health and safety;
 - (D) inspection requirements;

- (E) records to be kept by licensees and the required availability of the records;
 - (F) employment and training requirements;
- (G) security requirements, including any appropriate lighting, physical security, video, and alarm requirements;
 - (H) health and safety requirements;
- (I) regulation of additives to cannabis and cannabis products, including cannabidiol derived from hemp and substances that are toxic or designed to make the product more addictive, more appealing to persons under 21 years of age, or to mislead consumers;
- (J) procedures for seed-to-sale traceability of cannabis, including any requirements for tracking software;
 - (K) regulation of the storage and transportation of cannabis;
 - (L) sanitary requirements;
- (M) procedures for the renewal of a license, which shall allow renewal applications to be submitted up to 90 days prior to the expiration of the cannabis establishment's license;
 - (N) procedures for suspension and revocation of a license;
- (O) requirements for banking and financial transactions, including provisions to ensure that the Board, the Department of Financial Regulation, and financial institutions have access to relevant information concerning

licensed establishments to comply with State and federal regulatory requirements;

- (P) disclosure or eligibility requirements for a financier, its owners and principals, and its affiliates, which may include:
- (i) requirements to disclose information to a licensed establishment, the Board, or the Department of Financial Regulation;
- (ii) a minimum age requirement and a requirement to conduct a background check for natural persons;
- (iii) requirements to ensure that a financier complies with applicable State and federal laws governing financial institutions, licensed lenders, and other financial service providers; and
- (iv) any other requirements, conditions, or limitations on the type or amount of loans or capital investments made by a financier or its affiliates, which the Board, in consultation with the Department of Financial Regulation, determines are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general welfare;
- (Q) policies and procedures for conducting outreach and promoting participation in the regulated cannabis market by diverse groups of individuals, including those who have been disproportionately harmed by cannabis prohibition;
 - (R) advertising and marketing; and

- (S) requirements for cannabis control testing of hemp, hemp-infused products, cannabis, and cannabis products; and
- (T) requirements and criteria governing licensee applications to change ownership, control, or location.

* * *

(5) Rules concerning retailers shall include:

* * *

(F) location or siting requirements that increase the geographic distribution of new cannabis retail establishments based on regional population, and market needs, and community input; and

* * *

- (9) Rules concerning trim and harvest services shall include:
 - (A) requirements for verification of the licenses of clients;
- (B) essential content and permissible terms of written service contracts, including provisions for security and diversion prevention;
- (C) provisions to ensure safe and lawful transportation and lodging of travelling personnel;
- (D) essential content of employee health, safety, and skills training, including first aid and recognition of common pests and pathogens;
- (E) requirements appropriate to minimize the risk of pest and pathogen transmission; and

(F) procedures for documenting lawful compensation.

* * *

Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 883 is amended to read:

§ 883. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND RECORD CHECKS; APPLICANTS

- (a) The Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of a fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for each license applicant, principal of an applicant, and person who controls an applicant who is a natural person. Checks may be repeated for good cause or with prudent frequency as determined by the Board.
- (b) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether an applicant should be denied a cannabis establishment license because of his or her the applicant's criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.
- (c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section or subsection 844(b) of this title, if required records are not reasonably available to the Board due to circumstances beyond its control, with the consent of the applicant, the Board may accept third-party criminal background checks submitted by an applicant for a cannabis establishment license or renewal in lieu of obtaining the records

from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation from a reputable commercial provider. Any such third-party background check shall:

- (1) be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act; and
- (2) include a multistate and multi-jurisdiction multijurisdiction criminal record locator. Consumer credit scores shall not be a basis for license denial.

 Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 884 is amended to read:

§ 884. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFICATION CARD

- (a) Every owner, principal, and employee of a cannabis establishment shall obtain an identification card issued by the Board. A person may apply for an identification card prior to obtaining employment with a licensee. An employee identification card shall authorize the person to work for any licensee.
- (b)(1)(A) Prior to issuing the identification card to an owner or principal of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont fingerprint-based criminal

history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

- (B) Prior to issuing the identification card to an employee of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain a copy of a fingerprint-based identity history summary record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (2) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether a person should be denied a cannabis establishment identification card because of his or her the person's criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.
- (c) Once an identification card application has been submitted, a person the Board, for good cause, may serve issue a temporary permit authorizing the applicant to serve as an employee of a cannabis establishment pending the background check, provided the person is supervised in his or her duties by someone who is a cardholder. The Board shall issue a temporary permit to the person for this purpose, which shall expire upon the issuance of the identification card or disqualification of the person in accordance with this section. Good cause exists if, among other reasons, the application is reasonably expected to take more than 12 days to process.

- (d) An identification card shall expire one year after its issuance or, in the case of owners and principals, upon the expiration of the cannabis establishment's license, whichever occurs first.
- *Sec.* 7. 7 *V.S.A.* § 886 is added to read:

§ 886. INCAPACITY OR DISTRESS; SPECIAL PERMITTING;

IMMUNITY

- (a) It is the purpose of this section to authorize the Board to effectively oversee cannabis establishments and the persons authorized to operate such establishments in case of incapacity of a principal, dysfunction, operating distress, interruption in licensure, abrupt closure, or judicial intervention including receivership.
- (b) The Board may issue a special permit temporarily authorizing a licensed or unlicensed designee of suitable ability and judgment to temporarily operate a cannabis establishment, or to possess, transport, or dispose of cannabis and cannabis products, as specified by the terms of the permit. The permit shall be printed on official Board letterhead, bear the signature of the Chair of the Board, state clearly a means of prompt authentication by law enforcement and licensees, and specify start and end dates and times. A person's eligibility for a permit under this subsection (b) shall not be limited by subdivision 901(d)(3) of this title.

- (c) A person acting in conformity with the terms and scope of a special permit issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be immune from civil and criminal liability in relation to possession, transportation, or transfer of cannabis within the borders of this State. The Board shall not be liable for economic losses resulting from forfeiture, seizure, sequestration, sale stoppage, transportation, storage, or destruction of cannabis or cannabis products.
- (d) If appropriate to facilitate judicial proceedings involving a cannabis establishment or its principals, including an action for receivership, a State court of competent jurisdiction may request that the Board determine whether a person is suited by background and qualifications to hold a special permit issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section for a purpose specified by the court. In the alternative, the court may ask that the Board recommend such person.
- Sec. 8. 7 V.S.A. § 901 is amended to read:

§ 901. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- (a) Except as otherwise permitted by law, a person shall not engage in the cultivation, preparation, processing, packaging, transportation, testing, or sale of cannabis or cannabis products without obtaining a license from the Board.
- (b) All licenses shall be valid for one year and expire at midnight on the eve of the anniversary of the date the license was issued. A licensee may apply to renew the license annually.

- (c) Applications for licenses and renewals shall be submitted on forms provided by the Board and shall be accompanied by the fees provided for in section 910 of this title.
 - (d)(1) There shall be seven eight types of licenses available:
 - (A) a cultivator license;
 - (B) a propagator license;
 - (C) a wholesaler license;
 - (D) a product manufacturer license;
 - (E) a retailer license;
 - (F) a testing laboratory license; and
 - (G) a trim and harvest service license; and
 - (H) an integrated license.
 - (2)(A) The Board shall develop tiers for:
- (i) cultivator licenses based on the plant canopy size of the cultivation operation or plant count for breeding stock; and
 - (ii) retailer licenses.
 - (B) The Board may develop tiers for other types of licenses.
- (3)(A) Except as provided in subdivisions (B) and (C) of this subdivision (3), an applicant and its affiliates may obtain a maximum of one type of each type of license as provided in subdivisions (1)(A)—(F)(G) of this subsection (d). Each license shall permit only one location of the establishment, however a

trim and harvest service licensee may provide services at multiple other licensed cannabis establishments.

- (B) An applicant and its affiliates that control a dispensary registered on April 1, 2022 may obtain one integrated license provided in subdivision (1)(G)(H) of this subsection (d) or a maximum of one of each type of license provided in subdivisions (1)(A)–(F) of this subsection (d). An integrated licensee may not hold a separate cultivator, propagator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory license, and no applicant or its affiliates that control a dispensary shall hold more than one integrated license. An integrated license shall permit only one location for each of the types of activities permitted by the license: cultivation, propagator, wholesale operations, product manufacturing, retail sales, and testing.
- (C) An applicant and its affiliates may obtain multiple testing laboratory licenses.
- (e) A dispensary that obtains a retailer license or an integrated license pursuant to this chapter shall maintain the dispensary and retail operations in a manner that protects patient and caregiver privacy in accordance with rules adopted by the Board.
- (f) Each licensee shall obtain and maintain commercial general liability insurance in accordance with rules adopted by the Board. Failure to provide

proof of insurance to the Board, as required, may result in revocation of the license.

- (g) All licenses may be renewed according to procedures adopted through rulemaking by the Board.
 - (h) [Repealed.]
- Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 904 is amended to read:
- § 904. CULTIVATOR LICENSE

* * *

- (d) Each cultivator shall create packaging for its cannabis.
 - (1) Packaging shall include:
 - (A) The name and registration number of the cultivator.
 - (B) The strain and variety of cannabis contained.
- (C) The potency of the cannabis represented by the amount of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol in milligrams total and per serving.
- (D) A "produced on" date reflecting the date that the cultivator finished producing the cannabis "harvested on" date reflecting the date the cultivator harvested the cannabis and a "packed on" date reflecting the date the product was packaged for sale.
 - (E) Appropriate warnings as prescribed by the Board in rule.
- (F) Any additional requirements contained in rules adopted by the Board in accordance with this chapter. Rules shall take into consideration that

different labeling requirements may be appropriate depending on whether the cannabis is sold to a wholesaler, product manufacturer, or retailer.

(2) Packaging shall not be designed to appeal to persons under 21 years of age.

* * *

Sec. 10. 7 V.S.A. § 904b is amended to read:

§ 904b. PROPAGATION CULTIVATOR LICENSE

- (a) A propagation cultivator licensed under this section may:
- (1) cultivate not more than 3,500 square feet of cannabis clones, immature cannabis plants, or mature cannabis plants;
- (2) test, transport, and sell cannabis clones and immature cannabis plants to licensed cultivators and retailers; and
- (3) test, transport, and sell cannabis seeds that meet the federal definition of hemp to a licensed cultivator or retailer or to the public.
- (b) A licensed propagation cultivator shall not cultivate mature cannabis plants for the purpose of producing, harvesting, transferring, or selling cannabis flower for or to any person.

Sec. 11. 7 V.S.A. § 904*c* is added to read:

§ 904c. TRIM AND HARVEST SERVICE LICENSE

A trim and harvest service licensed under this section may contract with cultivators licensed under section 904 or 904a of this chapter, on a seasonal or

temporary basis, to supply specified cannabis maintenance services within the scope of each client-cultivator's license.

Sec. 12. 7 V.S.A. § 910 is amended to read:

§ 910. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT FEE SCHEDULE

The following fees shall apply to each person or product licensed by the Board:

* * *

- (8) <u>Trim and harvest services. Trim and harvest services shall be</u> assessed an annual licensing fee of \$500.00.
- (9) Employees. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall be assessed an annual licensing fee of \$50.00 for each employee. The Board shall offer one-year and two-year employee licenses.
- (9)(10) Products. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall be assessed an annual product licensing fee of \$50.00 for every type of cannabis and cannabis product that is sold in accordance with this chapter.

 The Board may issue longer product registrations, prorated at the same cost per year, for products it deems low risk and shelf stable. Such products may be defined and distinguished in readily accessible published guidance.
- (10)(11) Local licensing fees. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall be assessed an annual local licensing fee of \$100.00 in addition to each fee assessed under subdivisions (1)–(7) of this section. Local licensing

fees shall be distributed to the municipality in which the cannabis establishment is located pursuant to section 846(c) of this title.

(11)(12) One-time fees Application fee.

- (A) All applicants for a cannabis establishment license shall be assessed an initial one-time application fee of \$1,000.00.
- (B) An applicant may choose to be assessed an initial one-time intent-to-apply fee of \$500.00. If the applicant subsequently seeks a license within one year after paying the intent-to-apply fee, the initial one-time application fee of \$1,000.00 shall be reduced by \$500.00.

Sec. 13. 32 V.S.A. § 3260 is amended to read: § 3260. BULK SALES

(a) Whenever a person (transferor) required to collect or withhold a trust tax pursuant to chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233 of this title shall make any sale, transfer, long-term lease, or assignment (transfer) in bulk of any part or the whole of the assets of a business, otherwise than in the ordinary course of the business, the purchaser, transferee or assignee (transferee) shall, at least 10 days before taking possession of the subject of the transfer or before payment therefore if earlier, notify the Commissioner in writing of the proposed sale and of the price, terms, and conditions thereof whether or not the transferor has represented to or informed the transferee that the transferor owes any trust tax pursuant to chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233 and whether or not the transferee

has knowledge that such taxes are owed, and whether any taxes are in fact

owed.

(b) Whenever the transferee shall fail to give notice to the Commissioner as

required by subsection (a) of this section, or whenever the Commissioner shall

inform the transferee that a possible claim for tax exists, any sums of money,

property, or choses in action, or other consideration, which the transferee is

required to transfer over to or for the transferor, shall be subject to a first

priority right and lien for any taxes theretofore or thereafter determined to be

due from the transferor to the State, and the transferee is forbidden to transfer

the consideration to or for the transferor to the extent of the amount of the

State's claim.

(c) For failure to comply with this section, the transferee shall be

personally liable for the payment to the State of any taxes theretofore or

thereafter determined to be due to the State from the transferor and the liability

may be assessed and enforced in the same manner as the liability for tax under

chapter 151, <u>207,</u> 225, or 233.

* * *

Sec. 13a. 32 V.S.A. § 7702 is amended to read:

§ 7702. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter unless the context otherwise requires:

(15) "Other tobacco products" means any product manufactured from, derived from, or containing tobacco or nicotine, whether natural or synthetic, and including nicotine alkaloids and nicotine analogs, that is intended for human consumption by smoking, chewing, or in any other manner, including products sold as a tobacco substitute, as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 1001(8), and including any liquids, whether nicotine based or not, or delivery devices sold separately for use with a tobacco substitute, but shall not include cigarettes, little cigars, roll-your-own tobacco, snuff, new smokeless tobacco as defined in this section, or cannabis products as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 831.

* * *

(20) "New smokeless tobacco" means any tobacco product manufactured from, derived from, or containing tobacco or nicotine, whether natural or synthetic, including nicotine alkaloids and nicotine analogs, that is not intended to be smoked, has a moisture content of less than 45 percent, or is offered in individual single-dose tablets or other discrete single-use units.

* * *

Sec. 14. 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 6d, as amended by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 90, is further amended to read:

Sec. 6d. [Deleted.]

Sec. 15. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; ENFORCEMENT ATTORNEY;

POSITION

One full-time, permanent, exempt position of Enforcement Attorney is authorized in the Cannabis Control Board in fiscal year 2026.

Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.