1 H.321

2 Introduced by Representatives Birong of Vergennes and Boyden of Cambridge

3 Referred to Committee on

4 Date:

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5 Subject: Cannabis; cannabis establishments

Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to clarify that cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of administrative rules adopted by the Cannabis Control Board may be seized by law enforcement and is subject to forfeiture; to require fingerprint-based state and national criminal history record check on any person prior to issuance of a cannabis establishment identification card; to amend the definition of "hemp" to comport with the Title 6 definition; to require the Board to adopt rules for cannabis retailers regarding requirements and criteria governing licensee applications to change ownership, control, or location; to authorize the Board to repeat criminal background checks; to establish a procedure for receivership of a cannabis establishment for a period of time in cases of death, disability, bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, assignment for the benefit of creditors, shareholder or LLC member disputes, license interruption, or other exceptional circumstances rendering one or more owners incapable of performing, or ineligible to perform, the duties of a licensee; to establish a new trim and harvest service license with an annual fee of \$500.00; to require cannabis cultivators to

include on cannabis packaging a "harvested on" date reflecting the date the cultivator harvested the cannabis and a "packed on" date reflecting the date the

product was packaged for sale; to require cannabis retailers that collect

4 cannabis excise tax to inform the Department of Taxes before transferring the

business to a new entity; and to create a new position, Enforcement Attorney,

within the Cannabis Control Board.

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- An act relating to miscellaneous cannabis amendments
- 8 It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
- 9 Sec 1 7 VS A 8 832 is amended to read.
- 10 § 832. CANNABIS POSSESSED UNLAWFULLY SUBJECT TO SEIZURE
- 11 AND PORFEITURE
- Cannabis possessed mlawfully in violation of this title <u>or administrative</u>
- rules adopted pursuant to this title may be seized by law enforcement and is
- subject to forfeiture.
- Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 844 is amended to read:
- 16 § 844. AUTHORITY FOR CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS
- 17 (a) The Board shall establish a user agreement with the Vernant Crime
- Information Center in accordance with 20 V.S.A. chapter 117 for the purpose
- 19 of obtaining vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history

1	records and ariminal history records from the Federal Rureau of Investigation
2	as required by chapters 33 (cannabis establishments) and 37 (medical cannabis
3	dispensaries) of this title.
4	(b) A fingerprint-based state and national criminal history record check
5	shall be conducted for each natural person prior to being issued a cannabis
6	establishment identification card pursuant to chapter 33 (cannabis
7	establishments) of this title or a medical cannabis dispensary identification
8	card pursuant to chapter 37 (medical cannabis dispensaries) of this title. The
9	Board may require that such record checks be completed as a condition
10	precedent to license renewal.
11	Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 861(23) is amended to read:
12	(23)(A) "Hemp products" or "hemp-infused products" means all
13	products with the federally defined tetrahydrocannabinol concentration level
14	for hemp derived from, or made by, processing hemp plants or plant parts that
15	are prepared in a form available for commercial sale, including cosmetics,
16	personal care products, food intended for animal or human consumption, cloth
17	cordage, fiber, fuel, paint, paper, construction materials, plastics, and any
18	product containing one or more hemp-derived cannabinoids, such as
19	Cannabidioi.

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2	products" and "hemp-infused products" do not include any substance,
3	manufacturing intermediary, or product that:
4	i) is prohibited or deemed a regulated cannabis product by
5	administrative rule of the Cannabis Control Board; or
6	(ii) contains more than 0.3 percent total tetrahydrocannabinol on a
7	dry-weight basis.
8	(C) A hemp-derived product or substance that is excluded from the
9	definition of "hemp products" or "hemp-infused products" pursuant to
10	subdivision (B) of this subdivision (28) shall be considered a cannabis product
11	as defined by 7 V.S.A. § 831(3); provided however, that a person duly
12	licensed or registered by the Cannabis Control Board lawfully may possess
13	such products in conformity with the person's license or hemp processor
14	registration.
15	Sec. 4. 7 V.S.A. § 881 is amended to read:
16	§ 881. RULEMAKING; CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS
17	(a) The Board shall adopt rules to implement and administer this chapter in
18	accordance with subdivisions (1) — (8) (9) of this subsection.
19	(1) Rules concerning any cannabis establishment shall include:
20	(A) the form and content of ficense and renewal applications,

1	(B) qualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably
2	related to the operation of a cannabis establishment, including:
3	(i) a requirement to submit an operating plan, which shall include
4	information concerning:
5	(1) the type of business organization, the identity of its
6	controlling owners and principals, and the identity of the controlling owners
7	and principals of its affiliates; and
8	(II) the sources, amount, and nature of its capital, assets, and
9	financing; the identity of its financiers; and the identity of the controlling
10	owners and principals of its financiers;
11	(ii) a requirement to file an amendment to its operating plan in the
12	event of a significant change in organization operation, or financing; and
13	(iii) the requirement for a fingerprint-based criminal history
14	record check and regulatory record check pursuant o section 883 of this title;
15	(C) oversight requirements, including provisions to ensure that a
16	licensed establishment complies with State and federal regulatory requirements
17	governing insurance, securities, workers' compensation, unemployment
18	insurance, and occupational health and safety;
19	(D) inspection requirements;
20	(E) records to be kept by licensees and the required availability of the
21	records,

1	(=) http://mail.am.in.mig.m.p.mame;
2	(G) security requirements, including any appropriate lighting,
3	physical security, video, and alarm requirements;
4	(H) health and safety requirements;
5	(I) regulation of additives to cannabis and cannabis products,
6	including cannabidal derived from hemp and substances that are toxic or
7	designed to make the product more addictive, more appealing to persons under
8	21 years of age, or to misled consumers;
9	(J) procedures for seed-to-sale traceability of cannabis, including any
10	requirements for tracking software;
11	(K) regulation of the storage and transportation of cannabis;
12	(L) sanitary requirements;
13	(M) procedures for the renewal of a livense, which shall allow
14	renewal applications to be submitted up to 90 days prior to the expiration of
15	the cannabis establishment's license;
16	(N) procedures for suspension and revocation of a license;
17	(O) requirements for banking and financial transactions, including
18	provisions to ensure that the Board, the Department of Financial Revulation,
19	and financial institutions have access to relevant information concerning
20	licensed establishments to comply with State and federal regulatory
21	requirements,

1	(D) disabours or aligibility requirements for a financiar its owners
2	and principals, and its affiliates, which may include:
3	(i) requirements to disclose information to a licensed
4	establishment, the Board, or the Department of Financial Regulation;
5	(ii) a minimum age requirement and a requirement to conduct a
6	background check for natural persons;
7	(iii) requirements to ensure that a financier complies with
8	applicable State and federal laws governing financial institutions, licensed
9	lenders, and other financial service providers; and
10	(iv) any other requirements, conditions, or limitations on the type
11	or amount of loans or capital investments made by a financier or its affiliates,
12	which the Board, in consultation with the Department of Financial Regulation,
13	determines are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general
14	welfare;
15	(Q) policies and procedures for conducting outreach and promoting
16	participation in the regulated cannabis market by diverse groups of individuals,
17	including those who have been disproportionately harmed by cannabis
18	prohibition;
19	(R) advertising and marketing; and
20	(S) requirements for cannabis control testing of hemp, hemp-infused
21	products, cannabis, and cannabis products, and

1	(T) requirements and criteria governing licenses applications to
2	change ownership, control, or location.
3	* * *
4	(9) Rules concerning trim and harvest services shall include:
5	(A) requirements for verification of the licenses of clients;
6	(B) essential content and permissible terms of written service
7	contracts, including provisions for security and diversion prevention;
8	(C) provisions to ensure safe and lawful transportation and lodging
9	of travelling personnel;
10	(D) essential content of employee health, safety, and skills training,
11	including first aid and recognition of common pests and pathogens;
12	(E) requirements appropriate to minimize the risk of pest and
13	pathogen transmission; and
14	(F) procedures for documenting lawful compensation.
15	***
16	Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 883 is amended to read:
17	§ 883. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND RECORD CHECKS; APPLICANTS
18	(a) The Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a
19	copy of a fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state
20	criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Burdau
21	of investigation for each ficense applicant, principal of an applicant, and

repeated for good cause or with prudent frequency as determined by the Board.

(b) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether an applicant should be denied a cannabis establishment license

because of his dr her the applicant's criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety

or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses

shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.

- (c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section or subsection 844(b) of this title, if required records are notreasonably available to the Board due to circumstances beyond its control, with the consent of the applicant, the Board may accept third-party criminal background checks submitted by an applicant for a cannabis establishment license or renewal in lieu of obtaining the records from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation from a reputable commercial provider. Any such third-party background check shall:
- (1) be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, and

1	(2) include a multistate and multi-jurisdiction criminal record locator
2	Consumer credit scores shall not be a basis for license denial.
3	Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 884 is amended to read:
4	§ 884. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFICATION CARD
5	(a) Every owner, principal, and employee of a cannabis establishment shall
6	obtain an identification card issued by the Board. A person may apply for an
7	identification card prior to obtaining employment with a licensee. An
8	employee identification card shall authorize the person to work for any
9	licensee.
10	(b)(1)(A) Prior to issuing the identification card to an owner or principal of
11	a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime
12	Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont fingerprint-based criminal
13	history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history
14	records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
15	(B) Prior to issuing the identification card to an employee of a
16	cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain a copy of a lingerprint-based
17	identity history summary record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
18	(2) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining
19	whether a person should be denied a cannabis establishment identification card
20	because of his or her the person's criminal history record based on factors that

demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or

1	the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nanviolent drug offences shall
2	not automatically disqualify an applicant.
3	(c) Once an identification card application has been submitted, a person the
4	Board, for good cause, may serve issue a temporary permit authorizing the
5	applicant to serve as an employee of a cannabis establishment pending the
6	background check, provided the person is supervised in his or her duties by
7	someone who is a cardholder. The Board shall issue a temporary permit to the
8	person for this purpose, which shall expire upon the issuance of the
9	identification card or disqualification of the person in accordance with this
10	section Good cause exists if, among other reasons, the application is
11	reasonably expected to take more than 12 days to process.
12	(d) An identification card shall expire one year after its issuance or, in the
13	case of owners and principals, upon the expiration of the cannabis
14	establishment's license, whichever occurs first.
15	Sec. 7. 7 V.S.A. § 886 is added to read:
16	§ 886. RECEIVERSHIP; SPECIAL PERMITTING; IMMUNITY
17	(a) When a cannabis establishment becomes distressed, it may abruptly
18	lose authority or ability to possess commercial quantities of cannabis. It is the
19	purpose of this section to empower the Civil Division of the Superior Cour
20	and the Board to oversee the orderly unwinding of cannabis establishments,

1	including lawful disposition of inventory in liqu of forfaiture in case of
2	functional distress or interruption in active licensure.
3	(b)(1) An individual may be appointed as receiver, representative, executor.
4	administrator, guardian, conservator, trustee, or assignee, to temporarily
5	operate a canna is establishment on the licensed premises for a period of time
6	determined by the Loard in cases of death, disability, bankruptcy, insolvency,
7	receivership, assignment for the benefit of creditors, shareholder or LLC
8	member disputes, license in terruption, or other exceptional circumstances
9	rendering one or more owners heapable of performing, or ineligible to
10	perform, the duties of a licensee. Such appointee shall be at least 21 years of
11	age.
12	(2)(A) Such appointee shall not be permitted to conduct licensed
13	activities without the express authorization of the Board, which may be
14	granted upon submission and approval of a written equest for the authority to
15	temporarily conduct licensed activities. The written request shall include
16	information or disclosures required by the Board, including
17	(i) name;
18	(ii) valid identification;
19	(iii) phone number;
20	(iv) mailing address;
21	(v) email address,

1	(vi) Coold County number
2	(vii) the name of the person on whose behalf the appointee is
3	appoint d;
4	viii) proof that such appointee is the legal receiver,
5	representative, executor, administrator, guardian, conservator, trustee, or
6	assignee, and;
7	(ix) any direct or indirect interests held by that appointee in a
8	cannabis license, registration or permit.
9	(B) The Board may adopt rules governing appointment and the
10	process and qualifications.
11	(3) Authorization to conduct licensed activities by the appointee is
12	conditioned on compliance with these regulations, including restrictions on
13	ownership and other interests, approval by the Board, and the authorization
14	shall not constitute a guarantee of license issuance or renewal by the Board.
15	(4) Any licensee or person who files, or against whom is filed, any
16	action or proceeding, or who seeks an appointment, as set forth in subdivision
17	(1) of this subsection, is required to serve the Board with original notice of the
18	action or proceeding and provide the Board with opportunity to be heard
19	regarding the appointment. Such notice shall be provided to employees upon
20	commencement of such proceeding for a receivership. A ficensee surrendering

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2	closures and layoffs.
3	(c) When no licensed custodian can be found to take custody of or
4	transport cannabis or cannabis products, the Board, in its sole discretion, may
5	issue a special permit temporarily authorizing an unlicensed designee of
6	suitable ability and judgment to possess, transport, or dispose of cannabis and
7	cannabis products as specified by the terms of the permit. The permit shall be
8	printed on official Board letterhead, bear the signature of the Chair of the
9	Board, state clearly a means of proupt authentication by law enforcement and
10	licensees, and specify start and end dates and times.
11	(d) A person acting as a duly appointed receiver or in conformity with the
12	terms of a special Board permit issued pursuant o subsection (c) of this
13	section shall be immune from civil and criminal liability in relation to
14	possession, transportation, or transfer of cannabis within he borders of this
15	State. The Board shall not be liable for economic losses resulting from
16	forfeiture, seizure, sequestration, sale stoppage, transportation, storage, or
17	destruction of cannabis or cannabis products.
18	Sec. 8. 7 V.S.A. § 901 is amended to read:
19	9 301. GENERAL PROVISIONS

1	(a) Except as otherwise permitted by law, a person shall not engage in the
2	cultivation, preparation, processing, packaging, transportation, testing, or sale
3	of cannobis or cannabis products without obtaining a license from the Board.
4	(b) All licenses shall be valid for one year and expire at midnight on the
5	eve of the anniversary of the date the license was issued. A licensee may
6	apply to renew the license annually.
7	(c) Applications for licenses and renewals shall be submitted on forms
8	provided by the Board and hall be accompanied by the fees provided for in
9	section 910 of this title.
10	(d)(1) There shall be seven eigh types of licenses available:
11	(A) a cultivator license;
12	(B) a propagator license;
13	(C) a wholesaler license;
14	(D) a product manufacturer license;
15	(E) a retailer license;
16	(F) a testing laboratory license; and
17	(G) a trim and harvest service license; and
18	(H) an integrated license.
19	(2)(A) The Board shall develop tiers for:
20	(i) cultivator licenses based on the plant canopy size of the

cultivation operation or plant count for breeding stock, and

1	(ii) ratailar licansas
2	(B) The Board may develop tiers for other types of licenses.
3	(3(A) Except as provided in subdivisions (B) and (C) of this
4	subdivision (3), an applicant and its affiliates may obtain a maximum of one
5	type of each type of license as provided in subdivisions $(1)(A) - (F)(G)$ of this
6	subsection (d). Each license shall permit only one location of the
7	establishment, however a trim and harvest service licensee may provide
8	services at multiple other licensed cannabis establishments.
9	(B) An applicant and its affiliates that control a dispensary registered
10	on April 1, 2022 may obtain one integrated license provided in subdivision
11	(1)(G)(H) of this subsection (d) or a maximum of one of each type of license
12	provided in subdivisions (1)(A)–(F) of this subsection (d). An integrated
13	licensee may not hold a separate cultivator, propagator, wholesaler, product
14	manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory license, and no applicant or its
15	affiliates that control a dispensary shall hold more than one integrated license.
16	An integrated license shall permit only one location for each of the types of
17	activities permitted by the license: cultivation, propagator, wholesale
18	operations, product manufacturing, retail sales, and testing.
19	(C) An applicant and its affiliates may obtain multiple testing
20	laboratory licenses.

	_ (a) A dispensary that obtains a retailer license or an integrated license
1	(a) A dispensive that obtains a rateilar license or an integrated license
2	pursuant to this chapter shall maintain the dispensary and retail operations in
3	manner that protects patient and caregiver privacy in accordance with rules
4	adopted by the Board.
5	(f) Each lice see shall obtain and maintain commercial general liability
6	insurance in accordance with rules adopted by the Board. Failure to provide
7	proof of insurance to the Board, as required, may result in revocation of the
8	license.
9	(g) All licenses may be renewed according to procedures adopted through
10	rulemaking by the Board.
11	(h) [Repealed.]
12	Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 904 is amended to read:
13	§ 904. CULTIVATOR LICENSE
14	* * *
15	(d) Each cultivator shall create packaging for its cannaxis.
16	(1) Packaging shall include:
17	(A) The name and registration number of the cultivator.

(B) The strain and variety of cannabis contained.

(C) The potency of the cannabis represented by the amount of

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1	(D) A "produced on" date reflecting the date that the cultivator
2	find hed producing the cannabis "harvested on" date reflecting the date the
3	cultivator harvested the cannabis and a "packed on" date reflecting the date the
4	product was packaged for sale.
5	(E) Appropriate warnings as prescribed by the Board in rule.
6	(F) Any additional requirements contained in rules adopted by the
7	Board in accordance with this chapter. Rules shall take into consideration that
8	different labeling requirements may be appropriate depending on whether the
9	cannabis is sold to a wholesaler product manufacturer, or retailer.
10	(2) Packaging shall not be designed to appeal to persons under 21 years
11	of age.
12	* * *
13	Sec. 10. 7 V.S.A. § 904b is amended to read:
14	§ 904b. PROPAGATION CULTIVATOR LICENSI
15	(a) A propagation cultivator licensed under this section may:
16	(1) cultivate not more than 3,500 square feet of cannibis clones,
17	immature cannabis plants, or mature cannabis plants;
18	(2) test, transport, and sell cannabis clones and immature cannabis
19	plants to licensed cultivators and retailers; and
20	(3) test, transport, and sell cannabis seeds that meet the federal
21	definition of hemp to a licensed cultivator or retailer or to the public.

1	(h) A licenced propagation cultivator shall not cultivate mature connehic
2	plants for the purpose of producing, harvesting, transferring, or selling
3	cannable flower for or to any person.
4	Sec. 11. 7 V.S.A. § 904c is added to read:
5	§ 904c. TRIM AND HARVEST SERVICE LICENSE
6	A trim and harvest service licensed under this section may contract with
7	cultivators licensed under section 904 or 904a of this chapter, on a seasonal or
8	temporary basis, to supply specified cannabis maintenance services within the
9	scope of each client-cultivator's license.
10	Sec. 12. 7 V.S.A. § 910 is amended to read:
11	§ 910. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT FEE SCHEDULE
12	The following fees shall apply to each person or product licensed by the
13	Board:
14	* * *
15	(8) Trim and harvest services. Trim and harvest tervices shall be
16	assessed an annual licensing fee of \$500.00.
17	(9) Employees. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall be
18	assessed an annual a biennial licensing fee of \$50.00 for each employee.
19	(9)(10) Products. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall
20	be assessed an annual a biennial product licensing fee of \$50.00 for every type
21	of cannabis and cannabis product that is sold in accordance with this chapter.

of cannabis and cannabis product that is sold in accordance with this chapter.

1	The Roard may issue longer product registrations, provoted at the same cost
2	per year, for products it deems low risk and shelf stable. Such products may
3	be defiled and distinguished in readily accessible published guidance.
4	(10)(1) Local licensing fees. Cannabis establishments licensed by the
5	Board shall be assessed an annual local licensing fee of \$100.00 in addition to
6	each fee assessed under subdivisions (1)–(7) of this section. Local licensing
7	fees shall be distributed to the municipality in which the cannabis
8	establishment is located pursuant to section 846(c) of this title.
9	(11)(12) One-time fees Application fee.
10	(A) All applicants for a calmabis establishment license shall be
11	assessed an initial one-time application fee of \$1,000.00.
12	(B) An applicant may choose to be assessed an initial one-time intent
13	to-apply fee of \$500.00. If the applicant subsequently seeks a license within
14	one year after paying the intent-to-apply fee, the initial one-time application
15	fee of \$1,000.00 shall be reduced by \$500.00.
16	Sec. 13. 32 V.S.A. § 3260 is amended to read:
17	§ 3260. BULK SALES
18	(a) Whenever a person (transferor) required to collect or withhold a trust
19	tax pursuant to chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233 of this title shall make any sale,
20	transfer, long-term lease, or assignment (transfer) in bulk of any part or the
21	whole of the assets of a business, otherwise than in the ordinary course of the

days before taking possession of the subject of the transfer or before payment therefore if earlier, notify the Commissioner in writing of the proposed sale and of the price, terms, and conditions thereof whether or not the transferor has represented to or informed the transferee that the transferor owes any trust tax pursuant to chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233 and whether or not the transferee has knowledge that such taxes are owed, and whether any taxes are in fact owed.

- (b) Whenever the transferee Stall fail to give notice to the Commissioner as required by subsection (a) of this section, or whenever the Commissioner shall inform the transferee that a possible claim for tax exists, any sums of money, property, or choses in action, or other consideration, which the transferee is required to transfer over to or for the transferor, shall be subject to a first priority right and lien for any taxes theretofore or thereafter determined to be due from the transferor to the State, and the transferee is forbidden to transfer the consideration to or for the transferor to the extent of the amount of the State's claim.
- (c) For failure to comply with this section, the transferee shall be personally liable for the payment to the State of any taxes theretofore or thereafter determined to be due to the State from the transferor and the liability

1	may be accessed and enforced in the same manner as the liability for tax under
2	chapter 151, <u>207,</u> 225, or 233.
3	Sec. 14, 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Secs E.240.5 and E.240.6 are
4	amended to read:
5	Sec. E.240.3 [Deleted.]
6	Sec. E.240.6. [Leleted.]
7	Sec. 15. 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Sec. H.100 is amended to read:
8	Sec. H.100. EFFECTIVE DATES
9	***
10	(b) [Deleted.]
11	* * *
12	Sec. 16. ISSUANCE OF RETAILER LICENSES
13	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Cannabis Control Board
14	shall not issue any new retailer licenses until July 1, 2027, provided that:
15	(1) annual renewals of retailer licenses that were originally issued prior
16	to February 1, 2025 may be issued;
17	(2) amendments to and early renewals of retailer licenses that were
18	originally issued prior to February 1, 2025 may be issued in the cast of
19	changes in location of the licensed retailer where the proposed new location
20	would be permissible as a new licensed location pursuant to rules adopted by
21	the board under f v.s.A. \S 881(a)(3)(1),

1	(2) amandments to and early renewals of retailer licenses that were
2	originally issued prior to February 1, 2025 may be issued in the case of
3	changes in coatrol of the licensed retailer; and
4	(4) the Board way issue new retailer licenses prior to July 1, 2027 if, at
5	the time of such issuance, the number of licensed retailers is fewer than the
6	number of 80 locations.
7	Sec. 17. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD: ENFORCEMENT ATTORNEY;
8	POSITION
9	One full-time, permanent, exempt position of Enforcement Attorney is
10	authorized in the Cannabis Control Board in fiscal year 2025.
11	Sec. 18. EFFECTIVE DATE
12	Tins act shall take effect on passage.

Sec. 1. 7 V.S.A. § 832 is amended to read:

§ 832. CANNABIS POSSESSED UNLAWFULLY SUBJECT TO SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE

Cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of this title <u>as administrative</u> rules adopted pursuant to this title may be seized by law enforcement and is subject to forfeiture.

Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 844 is amended to read:

- Information Center in accordance with 20 V.S.A. chapter 117 for the purpose of obtaining Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation as required by chapters 33 (cannabis establishments) and 37 (medical cannabis dispensaries) of this title.
- (b) A fingerprint-based state and national criminal history record check shall be conducted for each natural person prior to being issued a cannabis establishment identification card pursuant to chapter 33 (cannabis establishments) of this title or a medical cannabis dispensary identification card pursuant to chapter 37 (medical cannabis dispensaries) of this title. The Board may require that such record checks be completed as a condition precedent to license renewal.

Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 861(23) is amended to read:

(23)(A) "Hemp products" or "hemp-infused products" means all products with the federally defined tetrahydrocannabinol concentration level for hemp derived from, or made by, processing hemp plants or plant parts that are prepared in a form available for commercial sale, including cosmetics, personal care products, food intended for animal or human consumption, tion, cordage, fiber, fuei, paint, paper, construction materials, plastics, and

canabidiol.

- (B) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (23), "hemp products" and "hemp-infused products" do not include any substance, manufacturing intermediary, or product that:
- (i) is prohibited or deemed a regulated cannabis product by administrative rule of the Cannabis Control Board; or
- (ii) contains more than 0.3 percent total tetrahydrocannabinol on a dry-weight basis.
- (C) A hemp-derived product or substance that is excluded from the definition of "hemp products" or Nhemp-infused products" pursuant to subdivision (B) of this subdivision (23) shall be considered a cannabis product as defined by subdivision 831(3) of this title; provided, however, that a person duly licensed or registered by the Cannabis Control Board lawfully may possess such products in conformity with the person's license or hemp processor registration.
- Sec. 4. 7 V.S.A. § 881 is amended to read:
- § 881. RULEMAKING; CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS
- (a) The Board shall adopt rules to implement and administer this shapter in accordance with subdivisions (1)—(8)(9) of this subsection.
 - (1) Kutes concerning any cannaois estaotishment shatt include.

(1) the form and content of license and renoval applications:

- (B) qualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a cannabis establishment, including:
- *i)* a requirement to submit an operating plan, which shall include information concerning:
- (I) the type of business organization, the identity of its controlling owners and principals, and the identity of the controlling owners and principals of its affiliates; and
- (II) the sources, amount, and nature of its capital, assets, and financing; the identity of its financiers; and the identity of the controlling owners and principals of its financiers;
- (ii) a requirement to file an amendment to its operating plan in the event of a significant change in organization, operation, or financing; and
- (iii) the requirement for a fingerprin based criminal history record check and regulatory record check pursuant to section 883 of this title;
- (C) oversight requirements, including provisions in ensure that a licensed establishment complies with State and federal regulatory requirements governing insurance, securities, workers' compensation, unemployment insurance, and occupational health and safety;

(D) inspection requirements,

- (E) records to be kept by licensees and the required availability of the records;
 - (F) employment and training requirements;
- (6) security requirements, including any appropriate lighting, physical security video, and alarm requirements;
 - (H) health and safety requirements;
- (I) regulation of additives to cannabis and cannabis products, including cannabidiol derived from hemp and substances that are toxic or designed to make the product more addictive, more appealing to persons under 21 years of age, or to mislead consumers;
- (J) procedures for seed-to-side traceability of cannabis, including any requirements for tracking software;
 - (K) regulation of the storage and tran portation of cannabis;
 - (L) sanitary requirements;
- (M) procedures for the renewal of a license, which shall allow renewal applications to be submitted up to 90 days prior to the expiration of the cannabis establishment's license;
 - (N) procedures for suspension and revocation of a license,
- (O) requirements for banking and financial transactions, including provisions to ensure that the Board, the Department of Financial Regulation, and financial institutions have access to relevant information concerning

requirements;

- (P) disclosure or eligibility requirements for a financier, its owners and principals, and its affiliates, which may include:
- (i) requirements to disclose information to a licensed establishment, the Loard, or the Department of Financial Regulation;
- (ii) a minimum age requirement and a requirement to conduct a background check for natural persons;
- (iii) requirements to ensure that a financier complies with applicable State and federal laws governing financial institutions, licensed lenders, and other financial service providers; and
- (iv) any other requirements, conditions, or limitations on the type or amount of loans or capital investments made by a financier or its affiliates, which the Board, in consultation with the Department of Financial Regulation, determines are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general welfare;
- (Q) policies and procedures for conducting outreach and promoting participation in the regulated cannabis market by diverse groups of individuals, including those who have been disproportionately harved by cannabis prohibition;

- (S) requirements for cannabis control testing of homp, homp infused products, cannabis, and cannabis products; and
- (T) requirements and criteria governing licensee applications to change ownership, control, or location.

* * *

(5) Rules concerning retailers shall include:

* * *

(F) location or siting requirements that increase the geographic distribution of new cannabis retail establishments based on regional population, and market needs, and community input; and

* * *

- (9) Rules concerning trim and harvest services shall include:
 - (A) requirements for verification of the licenses of clients;
- (B) essential content and permissible terms of written service contracts, including provisions for security and diversion prevention;
- (C) provisions to ensure safe and lawful transportation and lodging of travelling personnel;
- (D) essential content of employee health, safety, and skills training, including first aid and recognition of common pests and pathogens;
- (E) requirements appropriate to minimize the risk of pest and pathogen transmission, and

(F) proceedings for documenting lawful componention

* * *

Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 883 is amended to read:

§ 883. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND RECORD CHECKS; APPLICANTS

- (a) The Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of a fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for each vicense applicant, principal of an applicant, and person who controls an applicant who is a natural person. Checks may be repeated for good cause or with pradent frequency as determined by the Board.
- (b) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether an applicant should be denied a cannabis establishment license because of his or her the applicant's criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.
- (c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section or subsection 844(b) of this title, if required records are not reasonably available to the board due to circumstances beyond its control, with the consent of the applicant, the Board may accept third-party criminal background checks submitted by an applicant

fing rprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation from a reputable commercial provider. Any such third-party background check shall:

- (1) be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act; and
- (2) include a multistate and multi-jurisdiction multijurisdiction criminal record locator. Consumer credit scores shall not be a basis for license denial.

 Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 884 is amended to read.

 § 884. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFICATION CARD
- (a) Every owner, principal, and employee of a cannabis establishment shall obtain an identification card issued by the Board. A person may apply for an identification card prior to obtaining employment with a licensee. An employee identification card shall authorize the person to work for any licensee.
- (b)(1)(A) Prior to issuing the identification card to an owner or principal of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont fingerprint-based criminal

records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

- (B) Prior to issuing the identification card to an employee of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain a copy of a fingerprint-based identity history summary record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (2) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether a person should be denied a cannabis establishment identification card because of his or her the person's criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.
- (c) Once an identification card application has been submitted, a person the Board, for good cause, may serve issue a temporary permit authorizing the applicant to serve as an employee of a cannabis establishment pending the background check, provided the person is supervised in his or her duties by someone who is a cardholder. The Board shall issue a temporary permit to the person for this purpose, which shall expire upon the issuence of the identification card or disqualification of the person in accordance with this section. Good cause exists if, among other reasons, the application is

reasonably expected to take more than 12 days to process,

- (d) An identification card shall expire one year after its issuance or in the cast of owners and principals, upon the expiration of the cannabis establishment's license, whichever occurs first.
- Sec. 7. 7 V.S.A. § 886 is added to read:

§ 886. INCAPA SITY OR DISTRESS; SPECIAL PERMITTING;

IMMUNITY

- (a) It is the purpose of this section to authorize the Board to effectively oversee cannabis establishments and the persons authorized to operate such establishments in case of incapacity of a principal, dysfunction, operating distress, interruption in licensure, abrupt closure, or judicial intervention including receivership.
- (b) The Board may issue a special permit temporarily authorizing a licensed or unlicensed designee of suitable ability and judgment to temporarily operate a cannabis establishment, or to possess, exansport, or dispose of cannabis and cannabis products, as specified by the terms of the permit. The permit shall be printed on official Board letterhead, bear the signature of the Chair of the Board, state clearly a means of prompt authentication by law enforcement and licensees, and specify start and end dates and threes. A person's eligibility for a permit under this subsection (b) shall not be limited by subdivision 301(a)(5) of this title.

- permit issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be immune from civil and criminal liability in relation to possession, transportation, or transfer of cannabis within the borders of this State. The Board shall not be liable for economic losses resulting from forfeiture, seizure, sequestration, sale stoppage, transportation, storage, or destruction of cannabis or cannabis products.
- (d) If appropriate to facilitate judicial proceedings involving a cannabis establishment or its principals, including an action for receivership, a State court of competent jurisdiction may request that the Board determine whether a person is suited by background and qualifications to hold a special permit issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section for a purpose specified by the court. In the alternative, the court may ask that the Board recommend such person.
- Sec. 8. 7 V.S.A. § 901 is amended to read:
- § 901. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- (a) Except as otherwise permitted by law, a person shall not engage in the cultivation, preparation, processing, packaging, transportation, testing, or sale of cannabis or cannabis products without obtaining a license from the Board.
- (b) All licenses shall be valid for one year and expire at midnight on the eve of the anniversary of the date the license was issued. A licensee may apply to renew the license annually.

- provided by the Board and shall be accompanied by the fees provided for in section 210 of this title.
 - (d)(1) Nere shall be seven eight types of licenses available:
 - (A) a ultivator license;
 - (B) a propagator license;
 - (C) a wholesaler license;
 - (D) a product manufacturer license;
 - (E) a retailer license;
 - (F) a testing laboratory livense; and
 - (G) a trim and harvest service license; and
 - (H) an integrated license.
 - (2)(A) The Board shall develop tiers for.
- (i) cultivator licenses based on the plant canopy size of the cultivation operation or plant count for breeding stock; and
 - (ii) retailer licenses.
 - (B) The Board may develop tiers for other types of licenses.
- (3)(A) Except as provided in subdivisions (B) and (C) of this subdivision (3), an applicant and its affiliates may obtain a maximum of one type of each type of license as provided in subdivisions (1)(A)—(F)(G) of this subsection (d).

lice sed cannabis establishments.

- (B) An applicant and its affiliates that control a dispensary registered on April 1, 2022 may obtain one integrated license provided in subdivision (1)(G)(H) of this subsection (d) or a maximum of one of each type of license provided in subdivisions (1)(A)-(F) of this subsection (d). An integrated licensee may not hold a separate cultivator, propagator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory license, and no applicant or its affiliates that control a dispensary shall hold more than one integrated license. An integrated license shall permit only one location for each of the types of activities permitted by the license: cultivation, propagator, wholesale operations, product manufacturing, retail sales, and testing.
- (C) An applicant and its affiliates may obtain multiple testing laboratory licenses.
- (e) A dispensary that obtains a retailer license or an integrated license pursuant to this chapter shall maintain the dispensary and retail operations in a manner that protects patient and caregiver privacy in accordance with rules adopted by the Board.
- (f) Each licensee shall obtain and maintain commercial general liability

proof of insurance to the Roard, as required, may result in reposation of the liceuse.

- (g) All licenses may be renewed according to procedures adopted through rulemaking by the Board.
 - (h) [Repealed.]
- Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 994 is amended to read:
- § 904. CULTIVATOR NCENSE

* * *

- (d) Each cultivator shall create packaging for its cannabis.
 - (1) Packaging shall include:
 - (A) The name and registration number of the cultivator.
 - (B) The strain and variety of cannabis contained.
- (C) The potency of the cannabis represented by the amount of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol in milligrams total and per serving.
- (D) A "produced on" date reflecting the date that the cultivator finished producing the cannabis "harvested on" date reflecting the date the cultivator harvested the cannabis and a "packed on" date reflecting the date the product was packaged for sale.
 - (E) Appropriate warnings as prescribed by the Board in rule.
- (F) Any additional requirements contained in rules adopted by the

different labeling requirements may be appropriate depending on whether the cantabis is sold to a wholesaler, product manufacturer, or retailer.

Packaging shall not be designed to appeal to persons under 21 years of age.

* * *

Sec. 10. 7 V.S.A. § 204b is amended to read:

§ 904b. PROPAGATION CULTIVATOR LICENSE

- (a) A propagation cultivator licensed under this section may:
- (1) cultivate not more than 3,500 square feet of cannabis clones, immature cannabis plants, or mature cannabis plants;
- (2) test, transport, and sell carnabis clones and immature cannabis plants to licensed cultivators and retailers; and
- (3) test, transport, and sell cannabis seeds that meet the federal definition of hemp to a licensed cultivator or retailer or to the public.
- (b) A licensed propagation cultivator shall not cultivate mature cannabis plants for the purpose of producing, harvesting, transferring, or selling cannabis flower for or to any person.

Sec. 11. 7 V.S.A. § 904*c* is added to read:

§ 904c. TRIM AND HARVEST SERVICE LICENSE

A trim and harvest service licensed under this section may contract with cultivators licensed under section 904 or 904a of this chapter, on a seasonal or

score of each client-cultivator's license.

Sec. 12. 7 V.S.A. § 910 is amended to read:

§ 910. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT FEE SCHEDULE

The following fees shall apply to each person or product licensed by the Board:

* * *

- (8) <u>Trim and harvest services. Trim and harvest services shall be</u> assessed an annual licensing fet of \$500.00.
- (9) Employees. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall be assessed an annual licensing fee of \$50.00 for each employee. The Board shall offer one-year and two-year employee licenses.
- (9)(10) Products. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall be assessed an annual product licensing fee of \$50.00 for every type of cannabis and cannabis product that is sold in accordance with this chapter.

 The Board may issue longer product registrations, prorated at the same cost per year, for products it deems low risk and shelf stable. Such products may be defined and distinguished in readily accessible published guidance.
- (10)(11) Local licensing fees. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall be assessed an annual local licensing fee of \$100.00 in addition to each fee assessed under subdivisions (1)–(7) of this section. Local licensing

for shall be distributed to the municipality in which the cannobise establishment is located pursuant to section 846(c) of this title.

- (14)(12) One-time fees Application fee.
- (A) All applicants for a cannabis establishment license shall be assessed an initial one-time application fee of \$1,000.00.
- (B) An applicant may choose to be assessed an initial one-time intent-to-apply fee of \$500.00. If the applicant subsequently seeks a license within one year after paying the intent-to-apply fee, the initial one-time application fee of \$1,000.00 shell be reduced by \$500.00.

Sec. 13. 32 V.S.A. § 3260 is amenaed to read: § 3260. BULK SALES

(a) Whenever a person (transferor) required to collect or withhold a trust tax pursuant to chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233 of this title shall make any sale, transfer, long-term lease, or assignment (transfer) in bulk of any part or the whole of the assets of a business, otherwise than in the ordinary course of the business, the purchaser, transferee or assignee (transferee) shall, at least 10 days before taking possession of the subject of the transfer or before payment therefore if earlier, notify the Commissioner in writing of the proposed sale and of the price, terms, and conditions thereof whether or not the transferor has represented to or informed the transferee that the transferor owes any trust tax

has knowledge that such taxes are aved, and whether any taxes are in fact

- (b) Whenever the transferee shall fail to give notice to the Commissioner as required by subsection (a) of this section, or whenever the Commissioner shall inform the transferee that a possible claim for tax exists, any sums of money, property, or choses in action, or other consideration, which the transferee is required to transfer over to or for the transferor, shall be subject to a first priority right and lien for any taxes theretofore or thereafter determined to be due from the transferor to the State, and the transferee is forbidden to transfer the consideration to or for the transferor to the extent of the amount of the State's claim.
- (c) For failure to comply with this section, the transferee shall be personally liable for the payment to the State of any taxes theretofore or thereafter determined to be due to the State from the transferor and the liability may be assessed and enforced in the same manner as the liability for tax under chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233.

* * *

Sec. 13a. 32 V.S.A. § 7702 is amended to read:

§ 7702. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter unless the context otherwise requires:

derived from, or containing tobacco or nicotine, whether natural or synthetic, and including nicotine alkaloids and nicotine analogs, that is intended for human consumption by smoking, chewing, or in any other manner, including products sold as a tobacco substitute, as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 1001(8), and including any liquids, whether nicotine based or not, or delivery devices sold separately for use with a tobacco substitute, but shall not include cigarettes, little cigars, roll-your-own tobacco, snuff, new smokeless tobacco as defined in this section, or cannabis products as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 831.

* * *

(20) "New smokeless tobacco" means any tobacco product manufactured from, derived from, or containing tobacco or nicotine, whether natural or synthetic, including nicotine alkalot's and nicotine analogs, that is not intended to be smoked, has a moisture content of less than 45 percent, or is offered in individual single-dose tablets or other discrete single-use units.

* * *

Sec. 14. 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 6d, as amended by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 90, is further amended to read:

Sec. 6d. [Deleted.]

Sec. 15. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; ENFORCEMENT ATTORNEY;

authorized in the Cannabi. Control Board in fiscal year 2026.

Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Sec. 1. 7 V.S.A. § 832 is amended to read:

§ 832. CANNABIS POSSESSED UNLAWFULLY SUBJECT TO SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE

Cannabis possessed unlawfully in violation of this title <u>or administrative</u> <u>rules adopted pursuant to this title</u> may be seized by law enforcement and is subject to forfeiture.

Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 844 is amended to read:

§ 844. AUTHORITY FOR CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS

- (a) The Board shall establish a user agreement with the Vermont Crime Information Center in accordance with 20 V.S.A. chapter 117 for the purpose of obtaining Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation as required by chapters 33 (cannabis establishments) and 37 (medical cannabis dispensaries) of this title.
- (b) A fingerprint-based state and national criminal history record check shall be conducted for each natural person prior to being issued a cannabis establishment identification card pursuant to chapter 33 (cannabis

establishments) of this title or a medical cannabis dispensary identification card pursuant to chapter 37 (medical cannabis dispensaries) of this title. The Board may require that such record checks be completed as a condition precedent to license renewal.

Sec. 2a. [Deleted.]

Sec. 2b. 10 V.S.A. § 325u is amended to read:

§ 325u. VERMONT LAND ACCESS AND OPPORTUNITY BOARD

* * *

(b) Organization of Board. The Board shall be composed of:

* * *

- (10) one member, appointed by the Vermont Developmental Disabilities Council; and
 - (11) one member, appointed by Vermont Psychiatric Survivors; and
 - (12) one member, appointed by Migrant Justice.

* * *

Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 861(23) is amended to read:

(23)(A) "Hemp products" or "hemp-infused products" means all products with the federally defined tetrahydrocannabinol concentration level for hemp derived from, or made by, processing hemp plants or plant parts that are prepared in a form available for commercial sale, including cosmetics, personal care products, food intended for animal or human consumption,

cloth, cordage, fiber, fuel, paint, paper, construction materials, plastics, and any product containing one or more hemp-derived cannabinoids, such as cannabidiol.

- (B) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (23), "hemp products" and "hemp-infused products" do not include any substance, manufacturing intermediary, or product that:
- (i) is prohibited or deemed a regulated cannabis product by administrative rule of the Cannabis Control Board; or
- (ii) contains more than 0.3 percent total tetrahydrocannabinol on a dry-weight basis.
- (C) A hemp-derived product or substance that is excluded from the definition of "hemp products" or "hemp-infused products" pursuant to subdivision (B) of this subdivision (23) shall be considered a cannabis product as defined by subdivision 831(3) of this title; provided, however, that a person duly licensed or registered by the Cannabis Control Board lawfully may possess such products in conformity with the person's license or hemp processor registration.

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§ 881. RULEMAKING, CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS

(a) The Board shall adopt rules to implement and administer this chapter in accordance with subdivisions (1)—(8)(9) of this subsection.

- (1) Pules concoming any canadis establishment shall include:
 - (A) the form and content of license and renewal applications;
- (B) qualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably related to the operation of a cannabis establishment, including:
- (i) a requirement to submit an operating plan, which shall include information concerving:
- (I) the type of business organization, the identity of its controlling owners and principals, and the identity of the controlling owners and principals of its affiliates; and
- (II) the sources, amount, and nature of its capital, assets, and financing; the identity of its financies; and the identity of the controlling owners and principals of its financiers;
- (ii) a requirement to file an amenament to its operating plan in the event of a significant change in organization, operation, or financing; and
- (iii) the requirement for a fingerprint based criminal history record check and regulatory record check pursuant to section 883 of this title;
- (C) oversight requirements, including provisions to ensure that a licensed establishment complies with State and federal regulatory requirements governing insurance, securities, workers' compensation, unemployment insurance, and occupational health and safety;

(D) inspection requirements,

- (E) records to be kept by licensees and the required availability of the records;
 - (F) employment and training requirements;
- (6) security requirements, including any appropriate lighting, physical security video, and alarm requirements;
 - (H) health and safety requirements;
- (1) regulation of additives to cannabis and cannabis products, including cannabidiol derived from hemp and substances that are toxic or designed to make the product more addictive, more appealing to persons under 21 years of age, or to mislead consumers;
- (J) procedures for seed-to-side traceability of cannabis, including any requirements for tracking software;
 - (K) regulation of the storage and transportation of cannabis;
 - (L) sanitary requirements;
- (M) procedures for the renewal of a license, which shall allow renewal applications to be submitted up to 90 days prior to the expiration of the cannabis establishment's license;
 - (N) procedures for suspension and revocation of a license
- (O) requirements for banking and financial transactions, including provisions to ensure that the Board, the Department of Financial Regulation,

requirements;

- (P) disclosure or eligibility requirements for a financier, its owners and principals, and its affiliates, which may include:
- (i) requirements to disclose information to a licensed establishment, the Loard, or the Department of Financial Regulation;
- (ii) a minimum age requirement and a requirement to conduct a background check for natural persons;
- (iii) requirements to ensure that a financier complies with applicable State and federal laws governing financial institutions, licensed lenders, and other financial service providers; and
- (iv) any other requirements, conditions, or limitations on the type or amount of loans or capital investments made by a financier or its affiliates, which the Board, in consultation with the Department of Financial Regulation, determines are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general welfare;
- (Q) policies and procedures for conducting outreach and promoting participation in the regulated cannabis market by diverse groups of individuals, including those who have been disproportionately harmed by cannabis prohibition;

- (S) requirements for cannabis control testing of homp, home infused products; and
- (T) requirements and criteria governing licensee applications to change ownership, control, or location.

* * *

(5) Rules concerning retailers shall include:

* * *

(F) location or siting requirements that increase the geographic distribution of new cannabis retail establishments based on regional population and, market needs, and community input; and

* * *

- (9) Rules concerning trim and harvest services shall include:
 - (A) requirements for verification of the licenses of clients;
- (B) essential content and permissible terms of written service contracts, including provisions for security and diversion prevention;
- (C) provisions to ensure safe and lawful transportation and lodging of travelling personnel;
- (D) essential content of employee health, safety, and skills training, including first aid and recognition of common pests and pathogens;
- (E) requirements appropriate to minimize the risk of pest and pathogen transmission, and

(E) procedures for documenting lawful compansation

Sec. 4. [Deleted.]

Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 883 is amended to read:

§ 883. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND RECORD CHECKS; APPLICANTS

- (a) The Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of a fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for each license applicant, principal of an applicant, and person who controls an applicant who is a natural person. Checks may be repeated for good cause or with prudent frequency as determined by the Board.
- (b) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether an applicant should be denied a cannabis establishment license because of his or her the applicant's criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.
- (c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section or subsection 844(b) of this title, if required records are not reasonably available to the Board due to circumstances beyond its control, with the consent of the applicant, the Board may accept third-party criminal background checks submitted by an applicant

for a cannabis establishment license or renewal in lieu of obtaining the records
from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont
fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history
records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation
from a reputable commercial provider. Any such third-party background check
shall:

- (1) be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act; and
- (2) include a multistate and multi-jurisdiction multijurisdiction criminal record locator. Consumer credit scores shall not be a basis for license denial.

 Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 884 is amended to read:

§ 884. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFICATION CARD

- (a) Every owner, principal, and employee of a cannabis establishment shall obtain an identification card issued by the Board. A person may apply for an identification card prior to obtaining employment with a licensee. An employee identification card shall authorize the person to work for any licensee.
- (b)(1)(A) Prior to issuing the identification card to an owner or principal of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person's Vermont fingerprint-based criminal

history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

- (B) Prior to issuing the identification card to an employee of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain a copy of a fingerprint-based identity history summary record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (2) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether a person should be denied a cannabis establishment identification card because of his or her the person's criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.
- (c) Once an identification card application has been submitted, a person the Board, for good cause, may serve issue a temporary permit authorizing the applicant to serve as an employee of a cannabis establishment pending the background check, provided the person is supervised in his or her duties by someone who is a cardholder. The Board shall issue a temporary permit to the person for this purpose, which shall expire upon the issuance of the identification card or disqualification of the person in accordance with this section. Good cause exists if, among other reasons, the application is reasonably expected to take more than 12 days to process.

- (d) An identification card shall expire one year after its issuance or, in the case of owners and principals, upon the expiration of the cannabis establishment's license, whichever occurs first.
- *Sec.* 7. 7 *V.S.A.* § 886 is added to read:

§ 886. INCAPACITY OR DISTRESS; SPECIAL PERMITTING;

<u>IMMUNITY</u>

- (a) It is the purpose of this section to authorize the Board to effectively oversee cannabis establishments and the persons authorized to operate such establishments in case of incapacity of a principal, dysfunction, operating distress, interruption in licensure, abrupt closure, or judicial intervention including receivership.
- (b) The Board may issue a special permit temporarily authorizing a licensed or unlicensed designee of suitable ability and judgment to temporarily operate a cannabis establishment, or to possess, transport, or dispose of cannabis and cannabis products, as specified by the terms of the permit. The permit shall be printed on official Board letterhead, bear the signature of the Chair of the Board, state clearly a means of prompt authentication by law enforcement and licensees, and specify start and end dates and times. A person's eligibility for a permit under this subsection shall not be limited by subdivision 901(d)(3) of this title.

- (c) A person acting in conformity with the terms and scope of a special permit issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be immune from civil and criminal liability in relation to possession, transportation, or transfer of cannabis within the borders of this State. The Board shall not be liable for economic losses resulting from forfeiture, seizure, sequestration, sale stoppage, transportation, storage, or destruction of cannabis or cannabis products.
- (d) If appropriate to facilitate judicial proceedings involving a cannabis establishment or its principals, including an action for receivership, a State court of competent jurisdiction may request that the Board determine whether a person is suited by background and qualifications to hold a special permit issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section for a purpose specified by the court. In the alternative, the court may ask that the Board recommend such person.

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§ 901. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- (a) Except as otherwise permitted by law, a person shall not engage in the cultivation, preparation, processing packaging, transportation, testing, or sale of cannabis or cannabis products without obtaining a license from the Board.
- (b) All licenses shall be valid for one year and expire at midnight on the eve of the anniversary of the date the license was issued. A licensee may apply to renew the license annually.

- provided by the Board and shall be accompanied by the fees provided for in section 210 of this title.
 - (d)(1) Nere shall be seven eight types of licenses available:
 - (A) a ultivator license;
 - (B) a propagator license;
 - (C) a wholesaler license;
 - (D) a product manufacturer license;
 - (E) a retailer license;
 - (F) a testing laboratory livense; and
 - (G) a trim and harvest service license; and
 - (H) an integrated license.
 - (2)(A) The Board shall develop tiers for.
- (i) cultivator licenses based on the plant canopy size of the cultivation operation or plant count for breeding stock; and
 - (ii) retailer licenses.
 - (B) The Board may develop tiers for other types of licenses.
- (3)(A) Except as provided in subdivisions (B) and (C) of this subdivision (3), an applicant and its affiliates may obtain a maximum of one type of each type of license as provided in subdivisions (1)(A)—(F)(G) of this subsection (d).

lice sed cannabis establishments.

- (B) An applicant and its affiliates that control a dispensary registered on April 1, 2022 may obtain one integrated license provided in subdivision (1)(G)(H) of this subsection (d) or a maximum of one of each type of license provided in subdivisions (1)(A)-(F) of this subsection (d). An integrated licensee may not hold a separate cultivator, propagator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory license, and no applicant or its affiliates that control a dispensary shall hold more than one integrated license. An integrated license shall permit only one location for each of the types of activities permitted by the license: cultivation, propagator, wholesale operations, product manufacturing, retail sales, and testing.
- (C) An applicant and its affiliates may obtain multiple testing laboratory licenses.
- (e) A dispensary that obtains a retailer license or an integrated license pursuant to this chapter shall maintain the dispensary and retail operations in a manner that protects patient and caregiver privacy in accordance with rules adopted by the Board.
- (f) Each licensee shall obtain and maintain commercial general liability

proof of insurance to the Board, as required, may result in revocation of the license.

- (g) All licenses may be renewed according to procedures adopted through rulemaking by the Board.
 - (n) [Kepealea.]

Sec. 8. [Deleted.]

Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 904 is amended to read:

§ 904. CULTIVATOR LICENSE

* * *

- (d) Each cultivator shall create packaging for its cannabis.
 - (1) Packaging shall include:
 - (A) The name and registration number of the cultivator.
 - (B) The strain and variety of cannabis contained.
- (C) The potency of the cannabis represented by the amount of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol in milligrams total and per serving.
- (D) A "produced on" date reflecting the date that the cultivator finished producing the cannabis "harvested on" date reflecting the date the cultivator harvested the cannabis and a "packed on" date reflecting the date the product was packaged for sale.
 - (E) Appropriate warnings as prescribed by the Board in rule.

- (F) Any additional requirements contained in rules adopted by the Board in accordance with this chapter. Rules shall take into consideration that different labeling requirements may be appropriate depending on whether the cannabis is sold to a wholesaler, product manufacturer, or retailer.
- (2) Packaging shall not be designed to appeal to persons under 21 years of age.

* * *

Sec. 10. 7 V.S.A. § 904b is amended to read:

§ 904b. PROPAGATION CULTIVATOR LICENSE

- (a) A propagation cultivator licensed under this section may:
- (1) cultivate not more than 3,500 square feet of cannabis clones, immature cannabis plants, or mature cannabis plants;
- (2) test, transport, and sell cannabis clones and immature cannabis plants to licensed cultivators <u>and retailers</u>; and
- (3) test, transport, and sell cannabis seeds that meet the federal definition of hemp to a licensed cultivator or retailer or to the public.
- (b) A licensed propagation cultivator shall not cultivate mature cannabis plants for the purpose of producing, harvesting, transferring, or selling cannabis flower for or to any person.

Sec. 11 7 VS 1 & OMe is added to read.

A trim and harvest service licensed under this section may contract with cultivators licensed under section 904 or 904a of this chapter, on a seasonal or temporary basis, to supply specified cannabis manner ance services within the scope of each chem-cultivator's license.

Sec. 11. [Deleted.]

Sec. 12 7 VC 1 & 010 is amonded to read

§ 9№ CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT FEE SCHEDULE

The following fees shall apply to each person or product licensed by the Board:

* * *

- (8) <u>Trim and har est services</u>. <u>Trim and harvest services shall be</u> assessed an annual licensing fet of \$500.00.
- (9) Employees. Cannabis establishments licensed by the Board shall be assessed an annual licensing fee of \$50.00 for each employee. The Board shall offer one-year and two-year employee licenses.
- (9)(10) Products. Cannabis establishments insensed by the Board shall be assessed an annual product licensing fee of \$50.00 for every type of cannabis and cannabis product that is sold in accordance with this chapter.

 The Board may issue longer product registrations, prorated at the same cost per year, for products it deems low risk and shelf stable. Such products may be defined and distinguished in readily accessible published guidance.

Boara shall be assessed an annual local licensing fee of \$100.00 in addition to each fee assessed under subdivisions (1)–(7) of this section. Local licensing fees shall be distributed to the municipality in which the cannabis establishment is located pursuant to section 846(c) of this title.

(11)(12) One-time fees Application fee.

- (A) All applicants for a cannubis establishment license shall be assessed an initial one-time application fee of \$1,890.00.
- (B) An applicant may choose to be assessed an initial one-time intent-to-apply fee of \$500.00. If the applicant subsequently seeks a license within one year after paying the intent-to-apply fee, the initial one-time application fee of \$1,000.00 shull be reduced by \$300.00.

Sec. 12. [Deleted.]

Sec. 12a. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD REPORT; PROPOSAL FOR FEES AND APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2027

(a) On or before November 15, 2025, the Cannabis Control Board shall submit to the House Committees on Ways and Means and on Government Operations and Military Affairs and the Senate Committees on Finance and on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a report that includes the following information:

- (1) a summary of all cannabis fees in effect in fiscal year 2026, including the amounts of revenue derived from each fee in fiscal year 2025;
 - (2) a projection of the fee revenues in fiscal year 2026;
- (3) any available information regarding comparable fees in other jurisdictions;
- (4) any polices or trends that might affect the viability of the fee amount; and
- (5) a recommendation regarding how the cannabis establishment fee schedule as set forth in 7 V.S.A. § 910 may be adjusted to better promote the intent of the General Assembly to encourage participation in the regulated cannabis market by small local farmers and social equity applicants.
- (b) As part of the report required under subsection (a) of this section, the Cannabis Control Board shall recommend whether a portion of the cannabis excise tax established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 7902 should be allocated to the Cannabis Business Development Fund for uses as provided pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 987 and the Vermont Land Access and Opportunity Board to fulfill the duties of the Board.
- Sec. 13. 32 V.S.A. § 3260 is amended to read: § 3260. BULK SALES
- (a) Whenever a person (transferor) required to collect or withhold a trust tax pursuant to chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233 of this title shall make any sale,

transfer, long-term lease, or assignment (transfer) in bulk of any part or the whole of the assets of a business, otherwise than in the ordinary course of the business, the purchaser, transferee or assignee (transferee) shall, at least 10 days before taking possession of the subject of the transfer or before payment therefore if earlier, notify the Commissioner in writing of the proposed sale and of the price, terms, and conditions thereof whether or not the transferor has represented to or informed the transferee that the transferor owes any trust tax pursuant to chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233 and whether or not the transferee has knowledge that such taxes are owed, and whether any taxes are in fact owed.

- (b) Whenever the transferee shall fail to give notice to the Commissioner as required by subsection (a) of this section, or whenever the Commissioner shall inform the transferee that a possible claim for tax exists, any sums of money, property, or choses in action, or other consideration, which the transferee is required to transfer over to or for the transferor, shall be subject to a first priority right and lien for any taxes theretofore or thereafter determined to be due from the transferor to the State, and the transferee is forbidden to transfer the consideration to or for the transferor to the extent of the amount of the State's claim.
- (c) For failure to comply with this section, the transferee shall be personally liable for the payment to the State of any taxes theretofore or

thereafter determined to be due to the State from the transferor and the liability may be assessed and enforced in the same manner as the liability for tax under chapter 151, 207, 225, or 233.

* * *

Sec. 13a. 32 V.S.A. § 7702 is amended to read:

§ 7702. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter unless the context otherwise requires:

* * *

(15) "Other tobacco products" means any product manufactured from, derived from, or containing tobacco or nicotine, whether natural or synthetic, including nicotine alkaloids and nicotine analogs, that is intended for human consumption by smoking, chewing, or in any other manner, including products sold as a tobacco substitute, as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 1001(8), and including any liquids, whether nicotine based or not, or delivery devices sold separately for use with a tobacco substitute, but shall not include cigarettes, little cigars, roll-your-own tobacco, snuff, new smokeless tobacco as defined in this section, or cannabis products as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 831.

* * *

(20) "New smokeless tobacco" means any tobacco product manufactured from, derived from, or containing tobacco <u>or nicotine</u>, <u>whether natural or synthetic, including nicotine alkaloids and nicotine analogs</u>, that is

not intended to be smoked, has a moisture content of less than 45 percent, or is offered in individual single-dose tablets or other discrete single-use units.

* * *

Sec. 14. 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 6d, as amended by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 90, is further amended to read:

Sec. 6d. [Deleted.]

Sec. 15. [Deleted.]

Sec. 15a. CANNARIS SHOWCASE EVENT DERMIT DILOT

(a) A licensed retail cannabis establishment in good standing with the Board may apply to the Board for a cannabis showcase event permit. Multiple retailers may apply and be granted permission to participate in each event, but the Board shall allow not more than five events between July 1, 2025 and December 31, 2026, and such events shall be issued in geographically dispersed locations.

(b) A permit issued under this section shall authorize the recipient to coordinate, oversee, and be the responsible administrator of a single, defined commercial event, held at a defined access-controlled location, for a defined period not to exceed 24 hours, at which cannabis or cannabis products lawfully may be purchased and possessed by screened participants acting in conformity with terms set out by the board in the issued permit.

- (c) To be eligible for a cannabic chowcase event permit, an applicant retail can about the second section of the second s
- (A) written approval to pursue a permit in the proposed location, from the cannabis control commission created by the municipality pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 863, if one exists, or from the local legislative body or designee;
- (2) partnership with a minimum of three tier 1 or tier 2 licensed cultivators or product nanufacturers that are in good standing with the Board and wholly independent of the retail cannabis establishment and its affiliates who will be showcased at the event;
- (3) a commitment that the reguler will not offer for sale any cannabis or cannabis products produced from a cultivator license or product manufacturer license held by the retailer;
- (4) a transparent revenue-sharing agreement that, in the Board's sole judgment, meaningfully promotes the goals of the General Assembly to promote market access for small cultivators;
- (5) a security plan to ensure intoxicated persons or persons under 21 years of age cannot access the space subject to the permit, that the premises are secured from diversion or inversion, and that the premises lawfully may be used for the purpose intended;
- (6) a product sale plan that describes quantities and types of cannibis and cannabis products that will be offered for sale and explains how they will

confirmity with State law and Board rule;

- (7) actual capacity and intent to administer and enforce and apply the required plan.
- (8) proof of commercially reasonable insurance for the proposed event; and
- (9) compliance with such other requirements as the Board may prescribe.
- (d) Deviation from security and sales plans, product tracking and taxation requirements, or permit terms shall be a violation subject to adverse licensing action consistent with Board rules.
- (e) Permittee cannabis establishments shall be assessed a fee of \$250.00 to apply for a Cannabis Showcase Event Permit of which 50 percent shall be distributed to the host municipality and 50 percent shall be deposited in the Cannabis Regulation Fund.
- (f) The Board shall prioritize social equity applicants, as defined by 7 V.S.A. § 911 and any related rules, when deciding whether to approve an application under this section.

Sec. 15a. [Deleted.]

See 15h CANNARIS RETAIL SALES REPORT

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The Cannabia Control Roand shall monitor and evaluate events authorized

under Sec. 15a of this act. On or before January 15, 2026, the Board shall

provide an interim report and, on or before January 15, 2027, a final report to

the House Committee or Government Operations and Military Affairs and the

Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs on

a concise assessment of the benefits, ch. llenges, and administrative viability of

offering cannabis retail sales at events outside the confines of a retail cannabis

establishment. The Board may recommend best practices for, among other

considerations, security, inventory tracking, tax enforcment, permit

administration, local government coordination, and optimizing market access

jor sman cunivators.

Sec. 15b. [Deleted.]

Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.