| 1        | H.144   |
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| 2        | Introduced by Representatives Minier of South Burlington, Bos-Lun of                |
| 3        | Westminster, Burkhardt of South Burlington, Dodge of Essex,                         |
| 4        | Hango of Berkshire, Krasnow of South Burlington, Logan of                           |
| 5        | Burlington, and Sibilia of Dover  |
| 6        | Referred to Committee on  |
| 7        | Date:   |
| 8        | Subject: Health; food service establishments; food allergens                        |
| 9        | Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require           |
| 10       | owners and operators of food service establishments to designate employees to       |
| 11       | complete a food allergen training program. It further proposes to require food      |
| 12       | service establishments to post signage regarding food allergens.                    |
|          |   |
|          |   |
| 13<br>14 | An act relating to enhancing food allergen awareness in food service establishments |
|          |   |
| 15       | It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:               |
| 16       | Sec. 1. FINDINGS  |
| 17       | The General Assembly finds that:  |
| 18       | (1) approximately 26 million adults and six million children in the                 |
| 19       | United States have a food allergy that could be life-threatening, including,        |
| 20       | statistically, several thousands of whom are Vermonters;                            |

| 1  | (2) 38 percent of food allergic adults have reported at least one food-          |
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| 2  | allergy-related emergency department visit in their lifetime;                    |
| 3  | (3) approximately 30,000 hospital visits are attributed to food allergies        |
| 4  | each year in the United States; and  |
| 5  | (4) according to the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,            |
| 6  | food allergies cause between 150 and 200 deaths annually and nearly half the     |
| 7  | fatal allergy reactions over a 13-year period were caused by food prepared at a  |
| 8  | restaurant or other food service establishment.                                  |
| 9  | Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 4301 is amended to read:                                     |
| 10 | § 4301. DEFINITIONS  |
| 11 | (a) As used in this chapter:   |
| 12 | * * *  |
| 13 | (15) "Major food allergen" means any of the following:                           |
| 14 | (A) milk, egg, fish, crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, wheat, peanuts,            |
| 15 | sesame, and soybeans; or   |
| 16 | (B) a food ingredient that contains protein derived from a food                  |
| 17 | specified in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (15), except any highly refined |
| 18 | oil derived from a food specified in subdivision (A) or any ingredient derived   |
| 19 | from a highly refined oil derived from a food specified in subdivision (A).      |
| 20 | * * *  |

| 1  | Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 4310 is added to read:                                      |
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| 2  | <u>§ 4310. FOOD ALLERGEN AWARENESS TRAINING</u>                                 |
| 3  | (a) The Commissioner shall designate one or more online food allergen           |
| 4  | training programs for employees of food service establishments. Designated      |
| 5  | programs shall be posted on the Department's website and shall comply with      |
| 6  | the Office of Racial Equity's most recent Language Access Report.               |
| 7  | (b)(1) The owner or operator of a food service establishment that offers        |
| 8  | seating for on-site food consumption shall designate one or more public-facing  |
| 9  | employees and one or more employees involved in food preparation to serve as    |
| 10 | food safety officers while on duty at the food service establishment. A public- |
| 11 | facing food safety officer and food safety officer involved in food preparation |
| 12 | shall be present at a food service establishment during hours of operation.     |
| 13 | (2) The owner or operator of a food service establishment that does not         |
| 14 | offer seating for on-site food consumption shall designate one or more          |
| 15 | employees to serve as food safety officers while on duty at the food service    |
| 16 | establishment. A food safety officer shall be present at the food service       |
| 17 | establishment during hours of operation.  |
| 18 | (c)(1) A food safety officer shall complete a designated food allergen          |
| 19 | training program at intervals determined by the Commissioner in rule.           |

| 1  | (2) The owner or operator of a food service establishment shall assume            |
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| 2  | responsibility for costs related to completing a food allergen training program   |
| 3  | by any food safety officers it employs.   |
| 4  | (d) Upon completion of a food allergen training program, the food safety          |
| 5  | officer shall provide the owner or operator of the food service establishment     |
| 6  | with a written certificate acknowledging successful completion of the program.    |
| 7  | The certificate shall be kept on file at the food service establishment and shall |
| 8  | be available for inspection by the Department upon request.                       |
| 9  | Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 4311 is added to read:  |
| 10 | <u>§ 4311. FOOD ALLERGEN SIGNAGE</u>  |
| 11 | (a)(1) The owner or operator of a food service establishment licensed             |
| 12 | pursuant to section 4351 of this title shall conspicuously post food allergen     |
| 13 | signage in the public-facing section of a food service establishment and where    |
| 14 | food is prepared. The signage shall:  |
| 15 | (A) list the major food allergens;  |
| 16 | (B) indicate how many food safety officers are located on the                     |
| 17 | premise:  |
| 18 | (C) direct customers to advise a food service establishment employee              |
| 19 | of a known food allergy or special dietary requirement;                           |
| 20 | (D) list actions to be taken by the food service establishment if a               |
| 21 | customer informs a food service establishment employee of a food allergy;         |

| 1  | (E) identify symptoms of an allergic reaction, including loss of                  |
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| 2  | consciousness; shortness of breath; itching or tingling in or around the mouth,   |
| 3  | face, scalp, hands, and feet; hives; swelling of the face, eyelids, tongue, lips, |
| 4  | hands, or feet; tightening of the throat; and sudden onset of vomiting, cramps,   |
| 5  | or diarrhea;  |
| 6  | (F) identify actions to be taken if a customer has an allergic reaction;          |
| 7  | and   |
| 8  | (G) any other information related to food allergens that the                      |
| 9  | Commissioner directs by rule.   |
| 10 | (2) A food service establishment may develop and post its own signage             |
| 11 | in compliance with this subsection or obtain and post signage developed by the    |
| 12 | Department.   |
| 13 | (3) All signage developed in accordance with this subsection shall                |
| 14 | comply with the Office of Racial Equity's most recent Language Access             |
| 15 | Report.   |
| 16 | (b) The owner or operator of a food service establishment licensed pursuant       |
| 17 | to section 4351 of this title shall include in all electronic and printed menus a |
| 18 | request that customers advise a food service establishment employee of a          |
| 19 | known food allergy.   |
| 20 | Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE  |
| 21 | This act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.                                       |