1	H.123
2	Introduced by Representative Arsenault of Williston
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Motor vehicles; operation of vehicles; drunken driving; driving while
6	ability impaired
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to create a new
8	civil violation for driving while ability impaired. Under this new violation, a
9	person will commit such an offense when the person's blood alcohol content is
10	not less than 0.06 but not exceeding 0.079. In the proposed bill, a person
11	adjudicated of the civil violation would be subject to a civil penalty of not
12	more than \$500.00 and the same suspension of driving privileges as someone
13	convicted of driving under the influence, but the person would not have an
14	entry on the person's criminal record.
15	An act relating to driving while ability impaired
16	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
17	Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. § 1201 is amended to read:
18	§ 1201. OPERATING VEHICLE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF
19	ALCOHOL OR OTHER SUBSTANCE; CRIMINAL REFUSAL;
20	ENHANCED PENALTY FOR BAC OF 0.16 OR MORE

1	(a) <u>Prohibition</u> . A person shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in
2	actual physical control of any vehicle on a highway:
3	(1) when the person's alcohol concentration is:
4	(A) 0.08 or more; or
5	(B) 0.02 or more if the person is operating a school bus as defined in
6	subdivision 4(34) of this title; or
7	(C) 0.04 or more if the person is operating a commercial vehicle as
8	defined in subdivision 4103(4) of this title; or
9	(2) when the person is under the influence of alcohol; or
10	(3) when the person is under the influence of any other drug or under the
11	combined influence of alcohol and any other drug; or
12	(4) when the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle is impaired by
13	the consumption of alcohol.
14	(b) Previous conviction; criminal refusal. A person who has previously
15	been convicted of a violation of this section shall not operate, attempt to
16	operate, or be in actual physical control of any vehicle on a highway and refuse
17	a law enforcement officer's reasonable request under the circumstances for an
18	evidentiary test where the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person
19	was in violation of subsection (a) of this section.
20	(c) Serious bodily injury or death; criminal refusal. A person shall not

operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical control of any vehicle on a

highway and be involved in a crash or collision resulting in serious bodily injury or death to another and refuse a law enforcement officer's reasonable request under the circumstances for an evidentiary test where the officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person has any amount of alcohol or drugs in his or her the person's system.

(d) Enhanced penalty for BAC of 0.16 or more.

- (1) A person who is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this section when the person's alcohol concentration is proven to be 0.16 or more shall not, for three years from the date of the conviction for which the person's alcohol concentration is 0.16 or more, operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical control of any vehicle on a highway when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.02 or more. The prohibition imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to any other penalties imposed by law.
- (2) A person shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical control of any vehicle on a highway when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.02 or more if the person has previously been convicted of a second or subsequent violation of subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this section within the preceding three years and the person's alcohol concentration for the second or subsequent violation was proven to be 0.16 or greater. A violation

1	of this subsection shall be considered a third or subsequent violation of this
2	section and shall be subject to the penalties of subsection 1210(d) of this title.
3	(e) <u>Limitation on defense.</u> The fact that a person charged with a violation
4	of this section is or has been entitled to use a drug under the laws of this State
5	shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this section.
6	(f) <u>Limitation on prosecution</u> . A person may not be convicted of more than
7	one violation of subsection (a) of this section arising out of the same incident.
8	(g) Affirmative defense. For purposes of this section and section 1205 of
9	this title, the defendant may assert as an affirmative defense that the person
10	was not operating, attempting to operate, or in actual physical control of the
11	vehicle because the person:
12	(1) had no intention of placing the vehicle in motion; and
13	(2) had not placed the vehicle in motion while under the influence or
14	while ability impaired.
15	(h) <u>Definitions.</u>
16	(1) As used in subdivision (a)(3) of this section, "under the influence of
17	a drug" means that a person's ability to operate a motor vehicle safely is
18	diminished or impaired in the slightest degree. This subsection shall not be
19	construed to affect the meaning of the term "under the influence of alcohol."
20	(2) As used in subdivision (a)(4) of this section, "impaired by the

consumption of alcohol" means that a person's blood alcohol concentration is

(b) First offense.

1	not less than 0.06 and not more than 0.079. This subsection shall not be
2	construed to affect the meaning of the term "under the influence of alcohol."
3	(i) Evidence; presumptive admissibility. Evidence of the results of a
4	standardized field sobriety test conducted by a law enforcement officer trained
5	in Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement or a certified Drug
6	Recognition Expert's systematic evaluation of observable signs and symptoms
7	of a person charged with a violation of this section shall be presumptively
8	admissible at trial to demonstrate whether or not the person was operating
9	under the influence in violation of this section.
10	Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 1210 is amended to read:
11	§ 1210. PENALTIES
12	(a) Screening. Before sentencing a defendant under this section, the court
13	may order that the defendant submit to an alcohol assessment screening. Such
14	a screening report may be considered at sentencing in the same manner as a
15	presentence report. At sentencing, the defendant may present relevant
16	evidence, including the results of any independent alcohol assessment that was
17	conducted at the person's own expense. Evidence regarding any such
18	screening or an alcohol assessment performed at the expense of the defendant
19	shall not be admissible for any other purpose without the defendant's consent.

1	(1) A person who violates section 1201 of this title may be fined not
2	more than \$750.00 or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both.
3	(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, a person who
4	violates subdivision 1201(a)(4) of this title shall be subject to a civil violation
5	and fined not more than \$500.00.
6	(c) Second offense. A person convicted of violating section 1201 of this
7	title who has been convicted or adjudicated of another violation of that section
8	within the last 20 years shall be fined not more than \$1,500.00 or imprisoned
9	not more than two years, or both. At least 200 hours of community service
10	shall be performed, or 60 consecutive hours of the sentence of imprisonment
11	shall be served and may not be suspended or deferred or served as a supervised
12	sentence, except that credit for a sentence of imprisonment may be received for
13	time served in a residential alcohol facility pursuant to sentence if the program
14	is successfully completed.
15	(d) Third offense. A person convicted of violating section 1201 of this title
16	who has previously been convicted or adjudicated two times of a violation of
17	that section, including at least one violation within the last 20 years, shall be
18	fined not more than \$2,500.00 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.
19	At least 96 consecutive hours of the sentence of imprisonment shall be served
20	and may not be suspended or deferred or served as a supervised sentence,

except that credit for a sentence of imprisonment may be received for time

served in a residential alcohol facility pursuant to sentence if the program is

successfully completed. The court may impose a sentence that does not

include a term of imprisonment or that does not require that the 96 hours of

imprisonment be served consecutively only if the court makes written findings

on the record that such a sentence will serve the interests of justice and public

safety.

(e) Fourth or subsequent offense.

(1) A person convicted of violating section 1201 of this title who has previously been convicted or adjudicated three or more times of a violation of that section, including at least one violation within the last 20 years, shall be fined not more than \$5,000.00 or imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both. At least 192 consecutive hours of the sentence of imprisonment shall be served and may not be suspended or deferred or served as a supervised sentence, except that credit for a sentence of imprisonment may be received for time served in a residential alcohol treatment facility pursuant to sentence if the program is successfully completed. The court shall not impose a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment unless the court makes written findings on the record that there are compelling reasons why such a sentence will serve the interests of justice and public safety.

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1 (2) The Department of Corrections shall provide alcohol and substance 2 abuse treatment, when appropriate, to any person convicted of a violation of 3 this subsection. 4 (f) Death resulting. 5 (1) If the death of any person results from a violation of section 1201 of 6 this title, the person convicted of the violation shall be fined not more than 7 \$10,000.00 or imprisoned not less than one year nor more than 15 years, or 8 both. The provisions of this subsection do not limit or restrict prosecutions for 9 manslaughter. 10 (2) If the death of more than one person results from a violation of

- (2) If the death of more than one person results from a violation of section 1201 of this title, the operator may be convicted of a separate violation of this subdivision for each decedent.
- (3)(A) If the death of any person results from a violation of section 1201 of this title and the person convicted of the violation previously has been convicted two or more times of a violation of that section, a sentence ordered pursuant to this subsection shall, except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (3), include at least a five-year term of imprisonment. The five-year minimum term of imprisonment required by this subdivision (3)(A) shall be served and may not be suspended, deferred, or served as a supervised sentence. The defendant shall not be eligible for probation, parole, furlough, or

any other type of early release until the expiration of the five-year term of imprisonment.

- (B) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), if the death of any person results from a violation of section 1201 of this title and the person convicted of the violation previously has been convicted two or more times of a violation of that section, the court may impose a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment or that includes a term of imprisonment of less than five years if the court makes written findings on the record that such a sentence will serve the interests of justice and public safety.
 - (g) Injury resulting.
- (1) If serious bodily injury, as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021(2), results to any person other than the operator from a violation of section 1201 of this title, the person convicted of the violation shall be fined not more than \$5,000.00 or imprisoned not more than 15 years, or both.
- (2) If serious bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021(2) results to more than one person other than the operator from a violation of section 1201 of this title, the operator may be convicted of a separate violation of this subdivision for each person injured.
- (3)(A) If serious bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021(2) results to any person other than the operator from a violation of section 1201 of this title and the person convicted of the violation previously has been convicted

two or more times of a violation of section 1201, a sentence ordered pursuant to this subsection shall, except as provided in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (3), include at least a five-year term of imprisonment. The five-year minimum term of imprisonment required by this subdivision (3)(A) shall be served and may not be suspended, deferred, or served as a supervised sentence. The defendant shall not be eligible for probation, parole, furlough, or any other type of early release until the expiration of the five-year term of imprisonment.

- (B) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), if serious bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021(2) results to any person other than the operator from a violation of section 1201 of this title and the person convicted of the violation previously has been convicted two or more times of a violation of section 1201, the court may impose a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment or that includes a term of imprisonment of less than five years if the court makes written findings on the record that such a sentence will serve the interests of justice and public safety.
- (h) Determination of fines. In determining appropriate fines under this section, the court may take into account the total cost to a defendant of alcohol screening, participation in the Alcohol and Driving Education Program and therapy, and the income of the defendant.

(i) Surcharge; Blood and Breath Alcohol Testing Special Fund. A person convicted of violating section 1201 of this title shall be assessed a surcharge of \$60.00, which shall be added to any fine imposed by the court. The court shall collect and transfer such surcharge to the Department of Public Safety for deposit in the Blood and Breath Alcohol Testing Special Fund established by section 1220b of this title.

- (j) Surcharge; Public Defender Special Fund. A person convicted of violating section 1201 of this title shall be assessed a surcharge of \$50.00, which shall be added to any fine or surcharge imposed by the court. The court shall collect and transfer the surcharge assessed under this subsection to the Office of Defender General for deposit in the Public Defender Special Fund, specifying the source of the monies being deposited. The collection procedures described in 13 V.S.A. § 5240 shall be utilized in the collection of this surcharge.
- (k) Surcharge; DUI Enforcement Special Fund. A person convicted of violating section 1201 of this title shall be assessed a surcharge of \$50.00, which shall be added to any fine or surcharge imposed by the court. The court shall collect and transfer the surcharge assessed under this subsection to be credited to the DUI Enforcement Special Fund. The collection procedures described in 13 V.S.A. § 5240 shall be utilized in the collection of this surcharge.

- 1 Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE
- 2 This act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.