### Efficiency Vermont Testimony Senate Natural Resources 1.31.22

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### Who we are

- Statewide\* energy efficiency utility
- Help Vermont transition to more affordable, low carbon energy use through education, incentives, and support for our clean energy workforce
- U.S. Environmental Protection
   Agency ENERGY STAR Sustained
   Excellence partner











#### **Efficiency Vermont**



Upstream
Supply Chain
Engagement



Education, Promotion & 1:1 Guidance



Rebates, Incentives & Financing



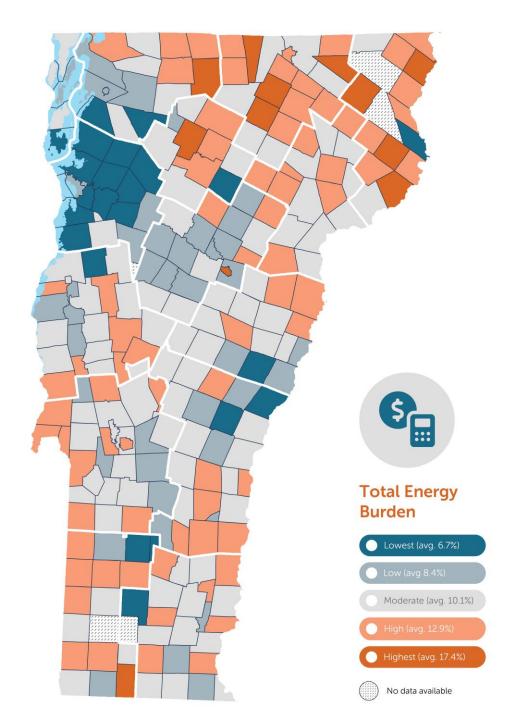
Engineering & Project Support



Partnerships

# Energy Burden in Vermont



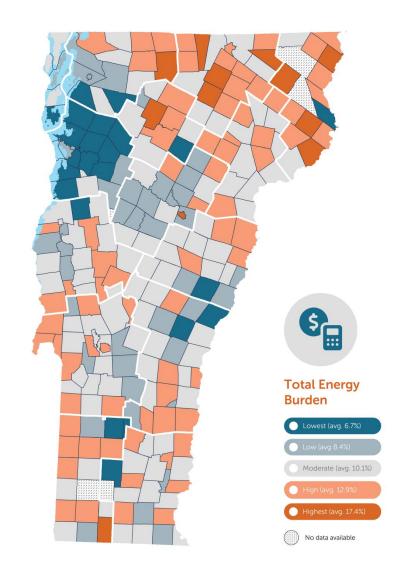


## Understanding energy burden

How does energy burden help us understand energy equity?



Energy burdened households may have a harder time paying energy bills and accessing solutions that could reduce energy bills. They may also feel more significant impacts from the effects of climate change hitting Vermont today.



## 2019 Energy Burden Report – key findings

Share of energy spending, by sector (statewide average)

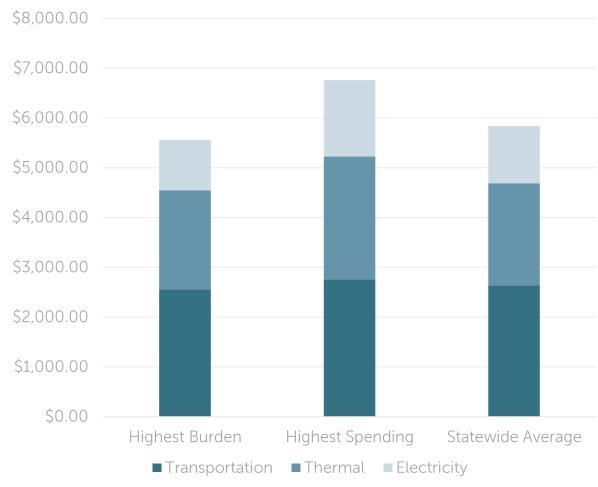


# Using less, paying more

Communities with the highest energy burden are not necessarily consuming more.

Energy spending in these towns is below statewide averages.

## Spending Patterns for Highest-Burden and Highest-Spending Towns



## The current system is inequitable

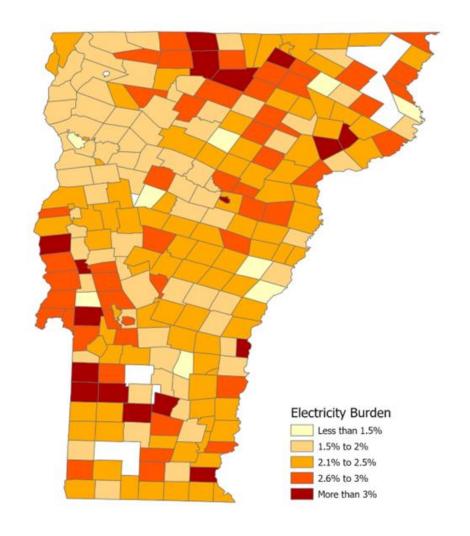
Have you done any energy efficiency projects or actions in your home?



## 2023 Energy Burden Report Update

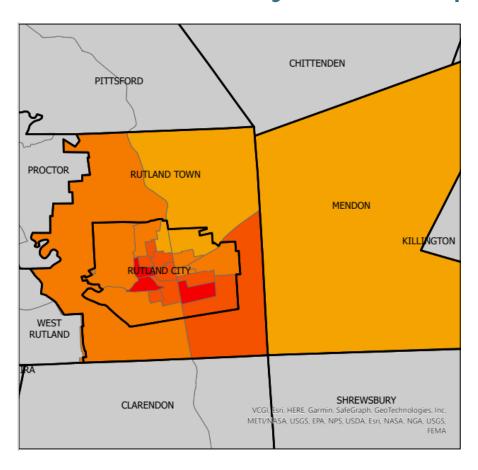
#### Preview of Initial Findings

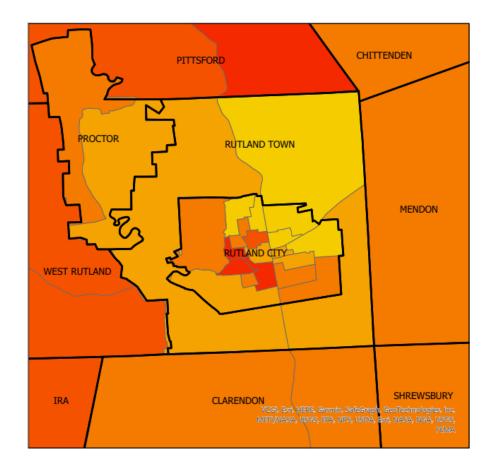
- Currently working on the analyses for electricity and transportation
- Still waiting on thermal data set
- Town-level results will be similar to 2019
- Census block level data will enable a much more detailed picture, especially for more populated areas



## 2023 Energy Burden Report Update

Rutland: Electricity and Transportation Burden





## Inflation Reduction Act Overview





### The Inflation Reduction Act

\$733B bill focused on heath, taxes, & climate

- Passed along party lines, President Biden held big kickoff event on September 13, 2022.
- \$369B in climate and clean energy investments- The most significant climate bill in America's history.
- Experts estimate the bill could reduce net U.S. GHG emissions 42% by 2030!
- A mix of grants, loans, and tax incentives.





## **Key Initial Considerations**

#### 10-year timeline

- VT will receive \$59M in consumer home energy rebate programs.
- Most funds have to be spent by 9/30/31.
- Most new tax breaks through 9/30/32.
- Some notable exceptions.

## Rebate Programs thru SEOs

- DOE will send SEOs block grants to for programs based on SEP formula.
  - Exact timing still TBD.
- LMI defined as up to 150% of AMI in most cases.
- Plans MUST be submitted by 8/15/24- or lose access to funds.

## Climate Justice Opportunities

- Justice 40 40% of funds to LMI & underserved communities.
- shape will be, VT very active-but technical assistance a must (similar to WRAP program).
- More guidance coming soon from EPA.



# Residential Energy Efficiency Tax Credit (25C)

Updated Version Launched 1/1/23

Consortium for Energy Efficiency Standards

#### Incentive Levels

- Electric Panel- \$600
- Energy Audit- \$150
- Weatherization- \$1200
- Heat Pump/ Heat Pump Water Heater- \$200

# Construction Efficiency Tax Credit (45L & 179D)

Also went into effect 1/1/22

179D- \$1.88 sq/ft tax credit for new construction or renovations

#### 45L New Construction Efficiency Credit

- Provides SF and MF homebuilders with a \$2,000/unit tax credit for meeting certain energy savings requirements.
- Some limited 2022 retroactivity....call your accountant!
- Bigger savings for reaching DOE's Zero Energy Ready Home (ZERH) standard.

# IRA Rebate Programs: EE & Electrification Opportunities

Program Name (DOE)	VT Funding Amount	Next Milestone
Home Energy Performance- Based Whole-House Rebates (HOMES).	\$29.4 million (SEOs can use up to 20% of these funds for planning, admin, and technical assistance)	RFI issued- due 3/2 Funding *expected* to start flowing in Q3 or Q4 of 2023
High-Efficiency Electric Homes and Rebates Act (HEEHRA).	\$29.2 million (SEOs can use up to 20% of these funds for planning, admin, and technical assistance)	RFI issued- due 3/2 Funding *expected* to start flowing in Q3 or Q4 of 2023
State-Based Home Energy Efficiency Contractor Training Grants (HOPE)	\$200 million nationally	TBD

### IRA Highlights: Key Climate Justice Funding

Program Name (DOE)	Funding Amount	Next Milestone
Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (aka "Green Bank")	\$27 billion (\$20B for financial and technical assistance, \$7B for grant to LMI and disadvantaged communities)	-Funding announcement due by 2/12/23 -Grants for LMI to "to deploy or benefit from zero-emissions technologies" -Funds MUST be awarded by 9/24
Climate Pollution Reduction Grants	\$5 billion (\$250 million in grants to states for developing plans to reduce GHG, & \$4.75 billion to states to implement plans)	Grants to EPA for use before 9/2026
Environmental and Climate Justice Block Grants	\$3 billion	-Grants to EPA for use before 9/2026 -Eligible activities: low/no emission technologies and WFD.

### High Efficiency Electric Homes and Rebates Act

- Authorizes \$29.2 million to VT through 9/30/31 to provide funding to State Energy Office for the HEERA program.
- **SEOs can use up to 20%** of these funds for planning, admin, and technical assistance. All States must submit a detailed plan to DOE to implement the rebate program. Due 8/2024.
- Max per equipment Rebates as follows, with the total maximum allowable amount \$14,000:
  - Heat pump water heater \$1,750
  - Heat pump for space heating and cooling \$8,000
  - Electric stove \$840
  - Heat pump clothes dryer \$840
  - Insulation, air sealing, ventilation \$1,600
- **LMI ONLY**: 50% of costs covered for households with income between 80-150% of AMI. 100% of costs covered for households with incomes below 80% of AMI.
- Rebates <u>cannot be combined</u> with rebates from other federal grant programs—including rebates from the HOMES program.

# Home Energy Performance based Whole-House Rebates

- Authorizes **\$29.4 million to VT** through 9/30/31 to provide funding to State Energy Office for the HEERA program.
- **SEOs can use up to 20%** of these funds for planning, admin, and technical assistance. All States must submit a detailed plan to DOE to implement the rebate program. Due 8/2024.
- Rebates for energy efficiency and electrification upgrades, doubled for LMI (defined as less than 80% AMI) single-family and multifamily buildings with more than 50% LMI occupants
  - Lesser of \$4,000 per home (\$8,000 for LMI) or unit or 50% of the project cost (80% for LMI) if project achieves modeled energy savings greater than 35%
  - Lesser of \$2,000 per home (\$4,000 for LMI) or unit or 50% of the project cost (80% for LMI) if project achieves modeled energy savings between 20-35%
  - Payment rate per kWh equal to \$2,000 for a 20% reduction in energy use for the average home in the state for measured energy savings greater than 15%
- Rebates <u>cannot be combined</u> with rebates from other federal grant programs.
- Contractor incentive of \$200 for servicing an underserved area.

## **IRA Bill Key Considerations**

#### **Unregulated Fuels**

How do you measure that in Vermont?

How do you integrate that with national guidelines from DOE?

How much flexibility will the state have?

**Integration with Existing Programs** 

What does this mean for Tier III?

What does this mean for the EEU model?

Complexity of Income Verification

How do you prevent fraud?

At the same time, how do you make the system easy enough for all Vermonters to use?

### Workforce & Supply Chain

Are there enough clean energy workers to perform this work?

How hard will it be to get equipment when all 50 states get \$\$ at the same time?

# Affordable Heat Act





## **Key Points**

1

Efficiency Vermont is supportive of the broad goals behind efforts to create a Clean Heat Standard: It has the potential to provide both societal and customer benefits.

2

Weatherization and fuel switching create the greatest societal <u>and</u> customer benefits when they are combined.

3

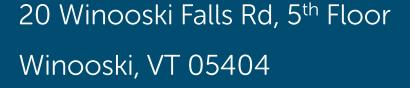
<u>PUC's Act 62 report</u>: "Collect a Thermal Efficiency Benefit Charge on the sale of fuel oil, propane, and kerosene...Gradually increase the fuel tax to benefit more low-income Vermonters...Support the existing resilient ecosystem of program administrators and market actors."

### Affordable Heat Act Policy Considerations

- 1. How would Default Delivery Agent (DDA) system interact with existing EEU structure?
  - Overlap with EEU and T3 eligible measures, and existing TAG characterizations?
  - How to properly set the alternative compliance level?
- 2. How can DDA track which fuel dealers are in and which are out?
  - Would this lead to a massive compliance monitoring function?
  - How do you track customers who jump between fuel dealers?
- 3. How to implement quickly and cost-effectively?
  - Use existing program delivery platforms or establish new ones?
  - Who measures results, and how?
  - How do you define low income measures that can be funded by non-compliance payments?

## Questions?

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