



TYPICAL DESIGN PROCESS

Site

Budget

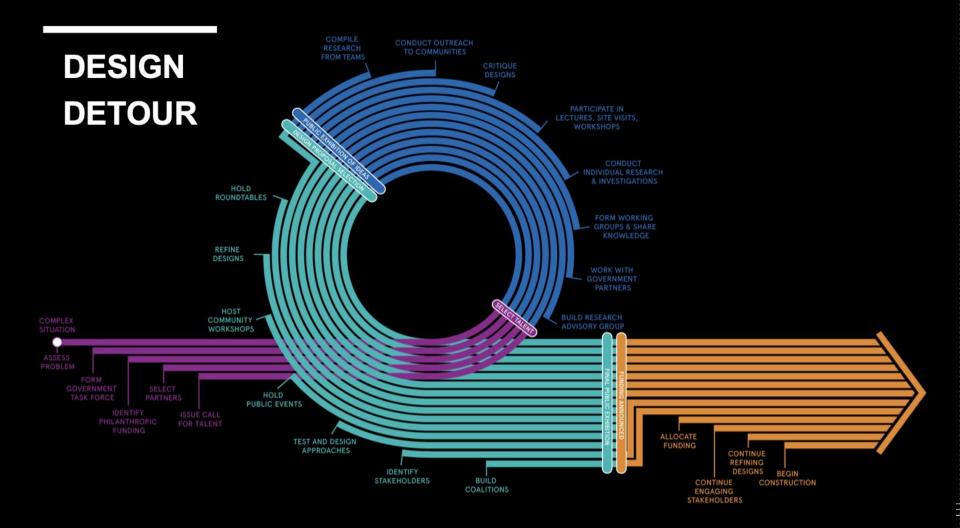
Program

Square Footage

Timeline







REGIONAL PROJECTS: \$4.3 Billion Climate Infrastructure

NEW YORK CITY:

- \$335M: The BIG U in Manhattan, NY
- \$20M: Lifelines in Hunts Point, Bronx, NY

NEW JERSEY:

- \$230M: Resist, Delay, Store, Discharge in Hoboken, Weehawken, Jersey City, NJ
- \$150M: New Meadowlands in Little Ferry, Moonachie,Carlstadt, Teterboro, NJ

NEW YORK STATE:

- \$125MLiving with the Bay in Nassau County, Long Island
- \$60M: Living Breakwaters in Tottenville, Staten Island, NY

CONNECTICUIT

\$10M: Resilient Bridgeport in Bridgeport, CT



HR&A Advisors, I with Cooper, Rober Asbury Park, NJ: Rock Living with the Bay: MIT CAU + ZUS + City + Regional Park Resist, Delay, Store, Dischart & Comprehensive Strate PennDesign/OLIN Sasaki/Rutgers/Arug Resilience + The Beach Union Beach, Asbury Pa SCAPE/Landscap with Yale ARCADIS Blue Dunes - The Future o Coastal Protection

PLACE-BASED ENGAGEMENTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

- Athens: Promoted stewardship for Lycabettus Hill
- Atlanta, GA: Developed a student design competition for Ted Turner Drive Resilience Corridor
- Amman: RBD_U program on waste, water, transportation
- Boulder, CO: Created a resilient and sustainable mobile home park, and later designing a collaborative process to address COVID needs
- **Boston, MA:** Proposed a citywide plan to create resilience districts

Juarez, MX: Executed a design competition for Juan Gabriel Plaza

- Los Angeles, CA: Collaborated with stakeholders to create climate-forward building codes
- Mexico City: Developed a master plan framework for Xochimilco
- **Oakland, CA:** Implemented a workshop series on effective engagement
- San Juan, PR: Convened experts and the community for a master plan process
- **Singapore:** Promoted a community led plan to build social resilience to address flash floods



"Vermont's a little unique," Harrington said. "We don't deal with major disasters on a regular basis."

--Michael Harrington, Commissioner Department of Labor September 6, 2023

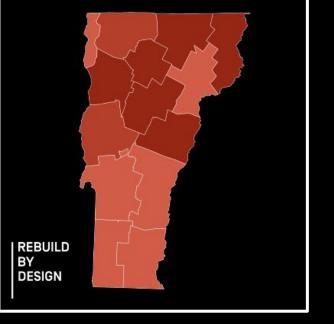




ATLAS OF DISASTER: VERMONT KEY FINDINGS 2011-2021

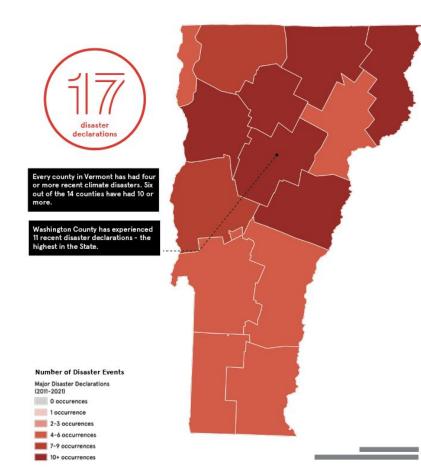
- Experienced 17 federally declared major disasters due to extreme weather between 2011-2021.
- **15** of those events were due to **tropical storms and flooding**.
- Ranked 5th in the country for per capita post-disaster federal assistance.
- Ranked 7th in the country for number of recent disaster occurrences (tied with Alabama, Texas, & West Virginia)
- Every county has had 4 or more recent major disasters, and 6 counties have had at least 10.
- Washington County has had the highest number of disaster declarations in the state: 11 disasters.





DISASTER OCCURRENCES 2011–2021

FEDERALLY DECLARED CLIMATE DISASTERS BY COUNTY



FEDERAL ASSISTANCE 2011-2021

POST-DISASTER PUBLIC ASSISTANCE AND HAZARD MITIGATION FUNDS OBLIGATED BY COUNTY FOR CLIMATE DISASTERS

\$370 Migations \$37.5M HUD CDBG-DR Funds \$37.5M HUD CDBG-DR Funds \$370M FEMA + HUD assistance \$593 per capita cost

Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation Federal Share Obligated (2011-2021)

\$0 to \$100K

\$100K to \$1M

\$1M to \$10M

\$10M to \$50M

\$50M to \$100M

\$100M to \$1B

\$1B to \$9B



		NT

TOTAL: 17 DI	ASTERS						201	1				20	12		201	13			20	14			201	5		201	7	l.	201	8		201	9	2020	0	2021	
HUD CDBG-D	R: \$39.5 M	CE: \$370 M	1995: 50	FLOODING	0 4001	PLOODING		1022: TROPICAL		4043: SEVERE S FLOOD	TORNS AND	4000: DEVERE ST	ORM, TORMADO,	4120: SEVERE S	IDANS AND	4140: BEVERE		4153: SEVERE W		4170: DEVERE ST		4207: SEVERE WH	TER STORM	4232: SEVERE STOR	THE AND	4330: SEVERE ST		4358: SEVERE STORM	AND	4380: DEVERS ST FLOODIN	ORM AND	4445: SEVERE STO FLOODIN		4474: SEVERE STO FLOODEN		4621: SEVERE STO FLOODING	MM AND
County Name	# of Climate Disasters 2011-2021	Total FEMA Obligations	PA Oblige	form HM Obligatio	ene PA.Obi	gallona HM Ob	Agadom 7	A Obligations	HM Obligations	PA Obligations	HM Obligations	PA Obligations	Hill Obligations	PA Obligations	en Chilgalione	PA Obligations	HM Obligations	PA Obligations	IN Obligations	PA Obligations H	N Obligations	PA Obligations H	H Obligations	M Obligations Hill	Obligations	PA Obligations H	Obligations	PA Obligations Hill Ob	lignions	M. Obligations 18	d Obligations	PA Obligations If	Al Obligations f	A Obligations If	d Obligations	PA Obligationa HM	Obligations
Distantide .		17 \$127,175,1	110 56,7	7,749 \$11	536	8074,418	\$19,715	\$63,255,000	\$4,573,057	\$20,985	\$31	6 \$22.133	\$554	\$44,010	\$13,453	\$1,289,572	\$10,000	\$5,127.641	\$30,583	\$4005,000	\$123	\$249,737	\$6,505	\$125,000	\$7,540	\$2,000,002	\$59,054	\$2,853,844	\$79,404	\$1,591,600	\$47,705	\$3,003,296	\$13,913	54,145,482	\$15,000	\$67,665	and the second second
Addson County		8 \$7,833,8	134 \$2	0,912 \$236	1.548			\$3,626,573	\$1,038,141			\$129,638	50									3140,105	\$0	\$795,504	\$0	\$001,505	\$0	\$99,643	\$0					\$249,000	\$0		
Bennington County		4 \$7,597,5	198					\$6,339,256	\$1,001,021																	\$70,005	\$0					\$134,389	\$52,125			\$0	
Caledonia County	S	6 \$4,328,1	185			152,698	50	\$2,242,702	\$113,495							\$229,522	50	\$48,095	\$7,313	\$74,000	50	\$45,105	50			\$371,917	\$0						1000			100	
Chiltenden County		511,879.8	193 52,4	10,950 \$225				\$409,607	\$1,291,054					\$1,456,903		\$1,254,214		\$58.577				\$230,295		\$484,504						\$1,495,243				\$2,342,083			
Eners County	1 de 1 de 1	10 \$2,263.1	60 52	1,202	\$0 \$	293.995	50	\$52,197	90					\$147,740	50			\$2	\$12,854	\$229,750	- 50	\$0	\$0					50	\$0		(and 1)	\$25,450	- 40	50	40		(
Franklin County		8 \$4,400,0	14 \$2	80,082	10			\$300,874	\$592,394	\$600,020		0						\$855,900	50	\$113,227	50	50	50					\$149,230	\$0					\$1,498,085	\$0		
Grand Iale County		5 \$542.5	184 \$9	12,554	50		_	\$0	90	1000000								90	50		100		10					\$9	\$0	50	\$0				1		
Lancille County		10 \$9,848,8		19,201 \$28				\$1,530,312	\$1,230,209			\$283,102		\$255,965	\$127,080			\$81,703		\$766,450		\$2,202,073								\$40,781				\$2,108,180			
Orange County																\$740,802						\$94,472										\$500,901					
Orleans County	10	10 \$4,319,4		11,248	10			\$1,920,725				\$602,691	10			\$118,950	\$0	\$156,765	\$12,054	\$104,766	50	\$25,156	50					\$2,400	\$0	50	\$2			\$1,001,541	10		/
Rulland County		5 \$20,195,6						\$12,181,097	\$3,619,509							\$190,851	50					\$247,197	\$76,787			\$1,413,582	\$310,664				_	\$1,922,985	\$145,065				
Whattington County	14 (A	11 \$23,598,4		60,6127	10 1	154,000	\$91,571	89,115,274	\$3,735,841	\$220,072				15 11		\$995,625	50	5		\$172,431	\$0	\$400,117	\$325,650			\$773,641	\$100,667	\$593,921	80	\$115,963	\$2	\$234,543		\$824,439	10		
Windham County	-	4 \$33,445,5						\$28,690,917	\$3,501,209	\$105,280		0											-					\$1,075,220	\$0							\$74,007	
Windoor County	-	5 \$58,177,3					_	\$43,722,013	\$7,781,951							\$1,340,300	\$36,013	-				\$182,575	\$0	and the second se	-	\$3,018,473	\$0			Contraction of the local division of the loc	_	\$2,085,119	\$0	-			
Total FEMA Allocat		\$300,552,6	100 \$13,7	10,004 \$500			\$111,255	\$209,216,271	\$30,384,704					\$1,914,503	\$140,505	\$6,182,975	\$54,219		\$63,634	\$1,024,525		\$3,949,093	\$411,222	\$1,405,101		\$11,919,636	\$540,400	\$5,125,698	\$79,404				\$211.133	\$12,571,185	\$10,009		

VERMONT

TOTAL: 17 DIS FEMA PA + HM						20	11				
HUD CDBG-DR FEMA + HUD A	: \$39.5 M	E: \$370 M	1995: SEVERE FLOO		4001: SEVERE FLOO		4022: TROPICAL	STORM IRENE	4043: SEVERE FLOC		4066: SEVE A
County Name	# of Climate Disasters 2011-2021	Total FEMA Obligations	PA Obligations	HM Obligations	PA Obligations	HM Obligations	PA Obligations	HM Obligations	PA Obligations	HM Obligations	PA Obliga
Statewide	17	\$127,173,118	\$6,777,749	\$11,338	\$674,418	\$19,715	\$93,255,030	\$4,573,057	\$20,995	\$316	\$
Addison County	8	\$7,833,824	\$288,312	\$236,548			\$3,628,573	\$1,638,141			\$12
Bennington County	4	\$7,597,696					\$6,339,296	\$1,001,021			
Caledonia County	6	\$6,326,165			\$3,152,698	\$0	\$2,242,702	\$113,495			
Chittenden County	10	\$11,879,816	\$2,460,958	\$225,772			\$439,637	\$1,291,054			
Essex County	10	\$2,269,186	\$391,202	\$0	\$1,396,986	\$0	\$52,197	\$0		j i	
Franklin County	8	\$4,400,614	\$290,862	\$0			\$300,874	\$592,394	\$600,020	\$0	
Grand Isle County	5	\$642,564	\$642,564	\$0			\$0	\$0			
Lamoille County	10	\$9,648,677	\$909,281	\$28,458			\$1,536,312	\$1,230,209			\$20
Orange County	10	\$11,123,688			\$167,667	\$0	\$5,790,765	\$549,046			
Orleans County	10	\$6,319,426	\$1,111,248	\$0			\$1,920,785	\$657,688			\$60
Rutland County	5	\$20,115,836					\$12,181,097	\$3,619,559			
Washington County	11	\$23,598,405	\$836,627	\$0	\$5,154,030	\$91,571	\$9,115,274	\$3,735,881	\$220,072	\$0	
Windham County	4	\$33,446,662					\$28,690,917	\$3,501,209	\$105,280	\$0	
Windsor County	5	\$58,177,312					\$43,722,813	\$7,781,951			
Total FEMA Allocation	n	\$330,552,989	\$13,708,804	\$502,116	\$10,545,799	\$111,286	\$209,216,271	\$30,284,704	\$946,367	\$316	\$1,0 ⁻

SOCIAL VULNERABILITY INDEX 2011-2021

AREAS OF GREATEST SOCIAL VULNERABILITY

ENERGY RELIABILITY 2011–2021

COUNTIES AT GREATEST RISK OF POWER OUTAGES

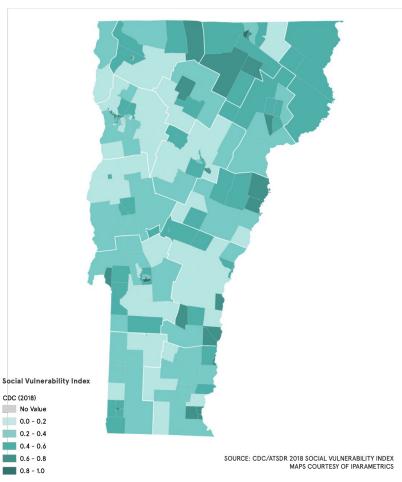
0 - 60 minutes

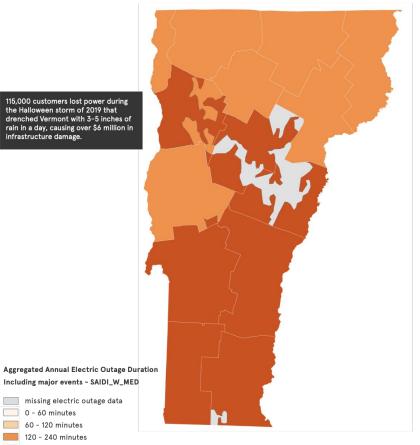
60 - 120 minutes

120 - 240 minutes

240 - 456 minutes

456- 7,700 minutes

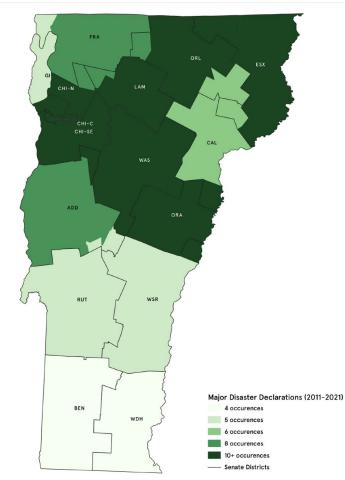




SOURCE: U.S. ENERGY INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION MAPS COURTESY OF APTIM

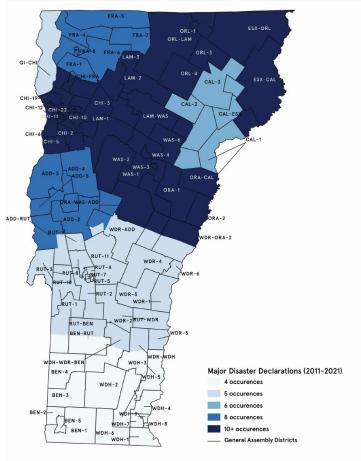
VT SENATE DISTRICTS

MAJOR DISASTER DECLARATIONS 2011-2021



VT GENERAL ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS

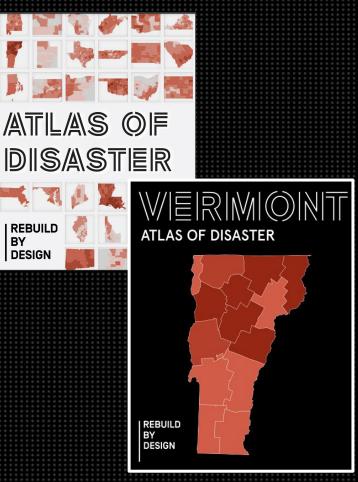
MAJOR DISASTER DECLARATIONS 2011-2021



SOURCE: FEMA 2021; VT LEGISLATIVE BOUNDARIES MAPS COURTESY OF IPARAMETRICS

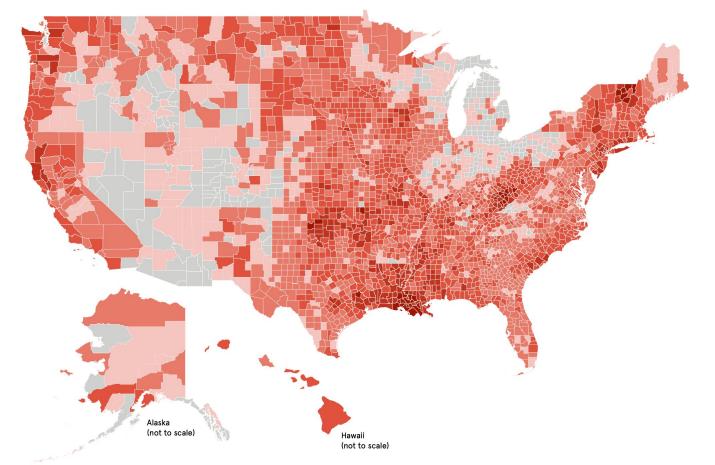
ATLAS OF DISASTER

- County-level data for the entire U.S. over 300 maps
- Status of current disaster and adaptation practices, and discussion of what should be changed
- 3. Cost of Inaction
- 4. Guide for States to build a Collaborative Program
- 5. New Finance tools
- 6. Cost Benefit Reform
- 7. Recommendations



Created in partnership with APTIM and iParametrics

U.S. DISASTER OCCURRENCES 2011-2021



90% of counties in the U.S. have had a federal disaster declaration due to extreme weather between 2011-2021.

(not to scale)

Hawaii (not to scale)

CLIMATE CHANGE IS COMING

RIEBUIILID BY DIESIGNI

CLIMATE CHANGE IS COMING

RIEBUIILID BY DIESIGINI



VERMONT NEEDS SUSTAINABLE SOURCES OF LONG-TERM CLIMATE ADAPTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING.

CAPACITY OF A TWO PERCENT SURCHARGE P&C INSURANCE

	TOTAL INSURED P&C	TOTAL INSURED WITHOUT MED MAL AND WC	TWO PERCENT SURCHARGE WITHOUT BONDING	TWO PERCENT SURCHARGE WITH 10-YEAR BONDING(IN BILLIONS)
Total 50 States	\$695,509,700	\$629,385,861	\$12,587,717	\$287.1
Alabama	\$9,464,513	\$8,948,954	\$178,979	\$4.1
Alaska	\$1,655,434	\$1,402,346	\$28,047	\$0.6
Arizona	\$12,414,975	\$11, 338, 136	\$226,763	\$5.1
Arkansas	\$5,706,307	\$5,396,813	\$107,936	\$2.4
California	\$84,880,338	\$72,448,508	\$1,448,970	\$32.9
Colorado	\$14,285,006	\$13,069,112	\$261,382	\$5.9
Connecticut	\$8,992,575	\$8,131,839	\$162,637	\$3.7
Delaware	\$2,906,697	\$2,664,456	\$53,289	\$1.2
Florida	\$55,576,482	\$51,794, 341	\$1,035,887	\$23.5
Georgia	\$22,954,861	\$20,953,153	\$419,063	\$9.5
Hawaii	\$2,701,615	\$2,381,525	\$47,631	\$1.1
Idaho	\$3,231,796	\$2,759,183	\$55,184	\$1.3
Illinois	\$27,060,540	\$24,181,953	\$483,639	\$11.0
Indiana	\$12,037,170	\$11,100,606	\$222,012	\$5.0
lowa	\$6,790,563	\$6,069,738	\$121,395	\$2.8
Kansas	\$6,980,593	\$6,511,683	\$130,234	\$3.0
Kentucky	\$8,042,654	\$7,361,013	\$147,220	\$3.3
Louisiana	\$12,396,192	\$11, 411, 646	\$228,233	
Maine	\$2,476,882			
Maryland	\$12,684,730	011,021,000	0200,001	
Massachusetts	\$16,354,175	\$14,721,756	\$294,435	
Michigan	\$20,817,467	\$19,547,615	\$390,952	\$8.9
Minnesota	\$12,462,639	\$11, 416, 765	\$228,335	\$5.2

	TOTAL INSURED P&C	TOTAL INSURED WITHOUT MED MAL AND WC	TWO PERCENT SURCHARGE WITHOUT BONDING	TWO PERCENT SURCHARGE WITH 10-YEAR BONDING(IN BILLIONS)
Mississippi	\$5,591,834	\$5,192,253	\$103,845	\$2.4
Missouri	\$12,677,046	\$11,576,608	\$231, 532	\$5.3
Montana	\$2,603,859	\$2, 293, 122	\$45,862	\$1.0
Nebraska	\$5,246,314	\$4,842,941	\$96,859	\$2.2
Nevada	\$6,256,046	\$5,736,060	\$114,721	\$2.6
New Hampshire	\$2,594,294	\$2, 323, 267	\$46,465	\$1.1
New Jersey	\$22,875,472	\$19,993,159	\$399,863	\$9.1
New Mexico	\$3,749,295	\$3,392,114	\$67,842	\$1.5
New York	\$47,566,816	\$42		
North Carolina	\$17,059,009	\$15,		
North Dakota	\$2,616,611	\$2,1	Q	600
Ohio	\$17,7 38,127	\$17,	•	
Oklahoma	\$8,605,457	\$7,8		
Oregon	\$7,732,347	\$6,1	illio	n/10
Pennsylvania	\$26,196,056	\$22		
Rhode Island	\$2,644,794	\$2,:		
South Carolina	\$10,636,489	\$9,7		
South Dakota	\$2,555,563	\$2.3	Ve	ears
Tennessee	\$12,534,747	\$11,		
Texas	\$61,402,995	\$58		
Utah	\$5,405,102	\$4,898,669	\$97,973	\$2.2
Vermont	\$1,506,858	\$1,302,233	\$26,045	\$0.6
Virginia	\$14,885,228	\$13,589,738	\$271,795	\$6.2
Washington	\$16,288,384	\$13,551,966	\$271,039	\$6.2
West Virginia	\$3,165,210	\$2,795,077	\$55,902	\$1.3
Wisconsin	\$11,213,538	\$9,196,595	\$183,932	\$4.2
Wyoming	\$1,288,005	\$1,263,939	\$25,279	\$0.6

INFRASTRUCTURE RESILIENCE CHARGE BENEFITS

- Progressive, by surcharging property wealth protection.
- Would go directly back to making those insured assets more resilient.
- Could decrease certain insurance premiums.
 FEMA's community rating program will reward community-wide actions that lower risk by reducing flood insurance premiums 5% - 45%
- The investment can seed a new industry and support thousands of jobs



The National Guard

INSTITUTIONALIZING EQUITY INTO THE PROGRAM

The surcharge could be instituted on the types of insurance that would broadly be impacted by climate, and not on lines such as workers compensation or medical malpractice.

It could also exempt the lowest income policy holders and affordable housing.

\Box		_
		72
		6
M		(0)
IUUI	~	
	ഞ	_
		-

		Broadly	
		supporting	
P& C Insurance: Written Premium	Vermont	policy	
Source			
YEAR: 2019	1 440 999		
Fire	\$32,092	\$32,092	
Allied lines (accounts receivable, data-			
processing equipment, water damage and	***	*** ***	
vandalism)	\$16,603	\$16,603	
Crop Total	\$3,043	\$3,043	
Multiple Peril Crop Federal flood	\$3,041 \$4,634	\$3,041 \$4,634	
Private Flood	\$4,634	\$4,634	
Farmowners			
	\$15,600	\$15,600	
Homeowners multiple peril	\$212,610 \$145,376	\$212,610	
Commercial multiple peril Total Comm'l Multi Pri (Liab)	\$145,376	\$145,376 \$55,325	
Comm'l Multi Pri (Non-Liab)	\$90,051	\$90.051	
Mortgage guaranty	\$90,051	\$12,409	
Ocean Marine	\$12,409	\$12,409	
Inland Marine	\$49,736		
Medical professional liability	\$17,034		
Earthquake	\$28,697	\$28,697	
Workers Comp. Total	\$187,591	420,007	
Workers' compensation	\$185,438		
Excess worker comp.	\$2,153		
Other liability Total	\$110,454	\$110,454	
Oth Liab (Claims)	\$38,710	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Oth Liab (Occurrence)	\$71,744		
Products liability	\$6,387		
Automobile Total	\$473,912	\$473,912	
Comm'l Auto Phys	\$28,590	\$28,590	
Oth Comm'l Auto Liab	\$49,860	\$49,860	
Oth Pvt Pass Auto Liab	\$186,550	\$186,550	
Pvt Pass Auto Phys Damage	\$208,911	\$208,911	
Aircraft (all perils)	\$1,624		
Fidelity (fraudulant acts)	\$3,550		
Surety (guarantor for project completion)	\$8,791		
Burglary and theft	\$646		
Boiler and machinery	\$5,259	\$5,259	
Credit	\$2,755		
Warranty	\$8,818		
Agg. Write-ins for other lines/Other P&C	\$140,220		
Accident & Health Total	\$14,560		
Group A&H	\$12,971		
Grted Renewable A&H	\$1,035		
Oth A&H	\$546		
	\$1,506,858	Total	
1.5 percent surcharge	\$22,603		

INSURANCE SURCHARGE BILLS VERMONT S.145 / H.105

SUGGESTED REVISIONS:

Determine the surcharge through a percentage instead of a set amount. This will ensure that the fund will grow over time and be responsive to the needs.

Define where the types of projects the fund will support Example: The NYS Bond Act included buckets such as \$1.1 Billion for water infrastructure, \$250 Million for retreat, \$650 Million for Open Space Conservation and Recreation, etc. this will ensure that the money goes to its intended uses and voters will support.



Atlas of Disaster, 2022

CREATE A STATE SUPERFUND H.809/S259

- Holds polluters accountable for profiting on the back of our health and environment
- Direct policy connection those who made the mess should fund the cleanup
- Can raise \$2.5 Billion



million in estimated crop losses spurred a federal disaster declaration for 10 Vermont counties in 2020, due to severe drought conditions.

RIEBUIILD BY DIESIGNI

RECENT VOTER-APPROVED BALLOT MEASURES

YEAR	LOCALITY	AMOUNT	PURPOSE	STATU
2022	New York	\$4.2 billion bond	Ecological and Climate Resilience	67.5%
2021	Denver, CO	\$40 million per year	Raised the city's sales tax by 0.25% to address climate – both mitigation and adaptation efforts. 50% of the fund is directed toward underserved communities	62.34%
2021	Maine	\$100 million bond	Municipal, regional and state infrastructure adaptation improvements that support public safety and emergency management and infrastructure resiliency	72%
2021	<u>Virginia Beach,</u> <u>VA</u>	\$567.5 million bond	Design and construction of flood mitigation measures as part of a comprehensive flood protection program	72.72%
2020	<u>Key Biscayne,</u> FL (Miami-Dade <u>County)</u>	\$100 million bond	\$40 million for mitigating the effects of sea level rise and flooding, \$23 million for protecting the beaches and shoreline, and more than \$35 million to harden and place infrastructure underground to withstand hurricanes.	56.55%
2018	<u>California</u>	\$4 billion bond	Environmental and recreational purposes	57.59%
2018	<u>Harris County,</u> TX	\$2.5 billion bond	Flood damage reduction projects	85%
2018	<u>San Francisco</u> Bay Area, CA	\$425 million bond	Seismic strengthening and flood protection projects for the hundred-year-old Embarcadero seawall and other critical infrastructure	82.7%
2017	<u>Miami, FL</u>	\$400 million	Sea-Level Rise and Flood Prevention, Roadways, Parks and Cultural Facilities, Public Safety and Affordable Housing	55%
2016	San Francisco Bay Area, CA	\$12 parcel tax to raise approximately \$25 million annually, or \$500 million over twenty years	San Francisco Bay: wetlands restoration to address clean water, pollution prevention, and habitat restoration	69%
2012	Rhode Island	\$20 million	Bond for environmental and recreational purposes	69.8%

COMMUNITIES ARE VOTING FOR ADAPTATION FUNDING

Atlas of Disaster, 2022

NYS ENVIRONMENTAL BOND ACT

Created the research, strategy, and coalition that led former Governor Andrew Cuomo to create the **\$3 billion** Environmental Bond Act that provides ecological restoration and flood resilience.

Governor Kathy Hochul, recognizing additional needs, recently proposed to increase the Bond Act to **\$4.2 billion**.

The Bond Act was approved by voters in **November 2022**.

Hochul wants environmental bond to grow to \$4 billion

The massive bond act is slated to go before voters in November 2022





Cuomo pitches 'Restore Mother Nature' bond act

\$3 Billion for wetlands restoration, green energy and other plans





THIS IS NOT EASY: WE CAN WORK TOGETHER

Mobilize investments in climate infrastructure

2 Shift investments from post-disaster to pre-disaster



Catalyze collaborative planning processes that bring together businesses, residents, and the broader VT community



QUESTIONS

Johanna Lawton, Project Manager:

jlawton@rebuildbydesign.org

REBUILD BY DESIGN