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TO THE HONORABLE SENATE:
The Committee on Judiciary to which was referred Senate Bill No. 6
entitled "An act relating to custodial interrogation of juveniles" respectfully
reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the bill be
amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu
thereof the following:
Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 5585 is amended to read:
§ 5585. ELECTRONIC RECORDING OF A CUSTODIAL
INTERROGATION DEFINITIONS
(a) As used in this section subchapter:
(1) "Custodial interrogation" means any interrogation:
(A) involving questioning by a law enforcement officer that is
reasonably likely to elicit an incriminating response from the subject; and
(B) in which a reasonable person in the subject's position would
consider the person to be in custody, starting from the moment a person should
have been advised of the person's Miranda rights and ending when the
questioning has concluded.
(2) "Deception" includes the knowing communication of false facts
about evidence, the knowing misrepresentation of the accuracy of the facts, the
knowing misrepresentation of the law, or the knowing communication of

unauthorized statements regarding leniency.

1	(2)(3) "Electronic recording" or "electronically recorded" means an
2	audio and visual recording that is an authentic, accurate, unaltered record of a
3	custodial interrogation, or if law enforcement does not have the current
4	capacity to create a visual recording, an audio recording of the interrogation.
5	(4) "Law enforcement officer" has the same meaning as in 20 V.S.A.
6	<u>§ 2351a.</u>
7	(5) "Government agent" means:
8	(A) a school resource or safety officer; or
9	(B) an individual acting at the request or direction of a school
10	resource or safety officer or a law enforcement officer.
11	(3)(6) "Place of detention" means a building or a police station that is a
12	place of operation for the State police, a municipal police department, county
13	sheriff department, or other law enforcement agency that is owned or operated
14	by a law enforcement agency at which persons are or may be questioned in
15	connection with criminal offenses or detained temporarily in connection with
16	criminal charges pending a potential arrest or citation.
17	(4)(7) "Statement" means an oral, written, sign language, or nonverbal
18	communication.
19	(b)(1) A custodial interrogation that occurs in a place of detention
20	concerning the investigation of a felony or misdemeanor violation of this title
21	shall be electronically recorded in its entirety. Unless impracticable, a custodial

1	interrogation occurring outside a place of detention concerning the
2	investigation of a felony or misdemeanor violation of this title shall be
3	electronically recorded in its entirety.
4	(2) In consideration of best practices, law enforcement shall strive to
5	record simultaneously both the interrogator and the person being interrogated.
6	(c)(1) The following are exceptions to the recording requirement in
7	subsection (b) of this section:
8	(A) exigent circumstances;
9	(B) a person's refusal to be electronically recorded;
10	(C) interrogations conducted by other jurisdictions;
11	(D) a reasonable belief that the person being interrogated did not
12	commit a felony or misdemeanor violation of this title and, therefore, an
13	electronic recording of the interrogation was not required;
14	(E) the safety of a person or protection of the person's identity; and
15	(F) equipment malfunction.
16	(2) If law enforcement does not make an electronic recording of a
17	custodial interrogation as required by this section, the prosecution shall prove
18	by a preponderance of the evidence that one of the exceptions identified in
19	subdivision (1) of this subsection applies. If the prosecution does not meet the
20	burden of proof, the evidence is still admissible, but the court shall provide

1	cautionary instructions to the jury regarding the failure to record the
2	interrogation.
3	Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 5586 is added to read:
4	§ 5586. ELECTRONIC RECORDING OF A CUSTODIAL
5	INTERROGATION
6	(a)(1) A custodial interrogation that occurs in a place of detention
7	concerning the investigation of a felony or misdemeanor violation of this title
8	shall be electronically recorded in its entirety. Unless impracticable, a
9	custodial interrogation occurring outside a place of detention concerning the
10	investigation of a felony or misdemeanor violation of this title shall be
11	electronically recorded in its entirety.
12	(2) In consideration of best practices, law enforcement shall strive to
13	record simultaneously both the interrogator and the person being interrogated.
14	(b)(1) The following are exceptions to the recording requirement in
15	subsection (a) of this section:
16	(A) exigent circumstances;
17	(B) a person's refusal to be electronically recorded;
18	(C) interrogations conducted by other jurisdictions;
19	(D) a reasonable belief that the person being interrogated did not
20	commit a felony or misdemeanor violation of this title and, therefore, an
21	electronic recording of the interrogation was not required;

1	(E) the safety of a person or protection of the person's identity; and
2	(F) equipment malfunction.
3	(2) If law enforcement does not make an electronic recording of a
4	custodial interrogation as required by this section, the prosecution shall prove
5	by a preponderance of the evidence that one of the exceptions identified in
6	subdivision (1) of this subsection applies. If the prosecution does not meet the
7	burden of proof, the evidence is still admissible, but the court shall provide
8	cautionary instructions to the jury regarding the failure to record the
9	interrogation.
10	Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 5587 is added to read:
11	§ 5587. JUVENILES
12	(a) During a custodial interrogation of a person under 22 years of age
13	relating to the commission of a criminal offense or delinquent act, a law
14	enforcement officer or government agent shall not employ threats, physical
15	harm, or deception.
16	(b)(1) Any admission, confession, or statement, whether written or oral,
17	made by a person under 22 years of age and obtained in violation of subsection
18	(a) of this section shall be presumed to be involuntary and inadmissible in any
19	proceeding.

1	(2) The presumption that any such admission, confession, or statement
2	is involuntary and inadmissible may be overcome if the State proves by clear
3	and convincing evidence that the admission, confession, or statement was:
4	(A) voluntary and not induced by a law enforcement officer's or
5	government agent's use of threats, physical harm, or deception prohibited by
6	subsection (a) of this section; and
7	(B) any actions of a law enforcement officer or government agent in
8	violation of subsection (a) of this section did not undermine the reliability of
9	the person's admission, confession, or statement and did not create a
10	substantial risk that the person might falsely incriminate themselves.
11	Sec. 4. 20 V.S.A. § 2359 is amended to read:
12	§ 2359. COUNCIL SERVICES CONTINGENT ON AGENCY
13	COMPLIANCE; GRANT ELIGIBILITY
14	(a) On and after January 1, 2022, a law enforcement agency shall be
15	prohibited from having its law enforcement applicants or officers trained by
16	the Police Academy or from otherwise using the services of the Council if the
17	agency is not in compliance with the requirements for collecting roadside stop
18	data under section 2366 of this chapter, the requirement to report to the Office
19	of Attorney General death or serious bodily injuries under 18 V.S.A.
20	§ 7257a(b), or the requirement to adopt, follow, or enforce any policy required
21	under this chapter.

1	(b) On and after January 1, 2025, a law enforcement agency shall be
2	prohibited from receiving grants, or other forms of financial assistance, if the
3	agency is not in compliance with the requirement to adopt, follow, or enforce
4	the model interrogation policy established by the Council pursuant to section
5	2371 of this title.
6	(c) The Council shall adopt procedures to enforce the requirements of this
7	section, which may allow for waivers for agencies under a plan to obtain
8	compliance with this section.
9	Sec. 5. 20 V.S.A. § 2371 is added to read:
10	§ 2371. STATEWIDE POLICY; INTERROGATION METHODS
11	(a) As used in this section:
12	(1) "Custodial interrogation" has the same meaning as in 13 V.S.A.
13	§ 5585.
14	(2) "Place of detention" has the same meaning as in 13 V.S.A. § 5585.
15	(b) On and after January 1, 2025, each law enforcement agency shall adopt
16	follow, and enforce a model interrogation policy established by the Council,
17	and each law enforcement officer shall comply with the provisions of that
18	policy.
19	(c) The Council shall establish a model interrogation policy that applies to
20	all persons subject to various forms of interrogation, including the following:
21	(1) custodial interrogations occurring in a place of detention;

1	(2) custodial interrogations occurring outside a place of detention;
2	(3) interrogations that are not considered custodial, regardless of
3	location; and
4	(4) the interrogation of individuals with developmental, intellectual, and
5	psychiatric disabilities; substance use disorder; and low literacy levels.
6	(d) The Council shall incorporate the provisions of this section into the
7	training it provides.
8	Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE
9	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.
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15	(Committee vote:)
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17	Senator
18	FOR THE COMMITTEE