1 TO THE HONORABLE SENATE:

2	The Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs to
3	which was referred Senate Bill No. 103 entitled "An act relating to amending
4	the prohibitions against discrimination" respectfully reports that it has
5	considered the same and recommends that the bill be amended by striking out
6	all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
7	Sec. 1. 21 V.S.A. § 495 is amended to read:
8	§ 495. UNLAWFUL EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE
9	(a) It shall be unlawful employment practice, except where a bona fide
10	occupational qualification requires persons of a particular race, color, religion,
11	national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, ancestry, place of birth,
12	age, crime victim status, or physical or mental condition:
13	(1) For any employer, employment agency, or labor organization to
14	harass or discriminate against any individual because of race, color, religion,
15	ancestry, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, place of birth,
16	crime victim status, or age or against a qualified individual with a disability;.
17	* * *
18	(3) For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly or
19	refer for employment or to otherwise harass or discriminate against any
20	individual because of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, sex, sexual

1	orientation, gender identity, place of birth, crime victim status, or age or
2	against a qualified individual with a disability;.
3	(4) For any labor organization, to limit, segregate, or qualify its
4	membership with respect to any individual because of race, color, religion,
5	ancestry, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, place of birth,
6	crime victim status, or age to discriminate against any individual or against a
7	qualified individual with a disability or to limit, segregate, or qualify its
8	membership; or against a qualified individual with a disability.
9	* * *
10	(7) For any employer, employment agency, labor organization, or
11	person seeking employees to discriminate between employees on the basis of
12	sex, race, or national origin or against a qualified individual with a disability
13	by paying wages to employees of one sex, race, or national origin or an
14	employee who is a qualified individual with a disability at a rate less than the
15	rate paid to employees of the other sex or a different race or national origin or
16	without the physical or mental condition of the qualified individual with a
17	disability for equal work that requires equal skill, effort, and responsibility and
18	is performed under similar working conditions. An employer who is paying
19	wages in violation of this section shall not reduce the wage rate of any other
20	employee in order to comply with this subsection.

1	(A) An employer may pay different wage rates under this subsection
2	when the differential wages are made pursuant to:
3	* * *
4	(iv) A bona fide factor other than sex, race, national origin, or
5	physical or mental condition. An employer asserting that differential wages
6	are paid pursuant to this subdivision $(7)(A)(iv)$ shall demonstrate that the factor
7	does not perpetuate a sex-based differential in compensation, based on sex,
8	race, national origin, or physical or mental condition; is job-related with
9	respect to the position in question; and is based upon a legitimate business
10	consideration.
11	* * *
12	(8) Retaliation prohibited. An employer, employment agency, or labor
13	organization shall not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against
14	any employee because the employee:
15	* * *
16	(i) An agreement to settle a claim of a violation of subsection (a) of this
	(1) All agreement to settle a claim of a violation of subsection (a) of this
17	section shall not prohibit, prevent, or otherwise restrict the employee from
17 18	
	section shall not prohibit, prevent, or otherwise restrict the employee from
18	section shall not prohibit, prevent, or otherwise restrict the employee from working for the employer or any parent company, subsidiary, division, or

1	(j) An employee shall not be required to demonstrate the existence of
2	another employee or individual to whom the employee's treatment can be
3	compared in determining whether a violation of the provisions of this section
4	occurred.
5	(k) Notwithstanding any State or federal judicial precedent to the contrary:
6	(1) harassment and discrimination need not be severe or pervasive to
7	constitute a violation of this section; and
8	(2) behavior that a reasonable employee with the same protected
9	characteristic would consider to be a petty slight or trivial inconvenience shall
10	not constitute unlawful harassment or discrimination pursuant to this section.
11	Sec. 2. 21 V.S.A. § 495d is amended to read:
12	§ 495d. DEFINITIONS
13	As used in this subchapter:
14	* * *
15	(13)(A) "Sexual harassment" is a form of sex discrimination and means
16	unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or,
17	physical, written, auditory, or visual conduct of a sexual nature when:
18	(A)(i) submission to that conduct is made either explicitly or
19	implicitly a term or condition of employment;

1	(B)(ii) submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is
2	used as a component of the basis for employment decisions affecting that
3	individual; or
4	(C)(iii) the conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially
5	interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating,
6	hostile, or offensive work environment.
7	(B) Sexual harassment need not be severe or pervasive in order to be
8	unlawful pursuant to this subchapter.
9	* * *
10	(16) "Harass" means to engage in unwelcome conduct based on an
11	employee's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender
12	identity, ancestry, place of birth, age, crime victim status, or physical or mental
13	condition that interferes with the employee's work or creates a work
14	environment that is intimidating, hostile, or offensive. In determining whether
15	conduct constitutes harassment:
16	(A) The determination shall be made on the basis of the record as a
17	whole, according to the totality of the circumstances, and a single incident may
18	constitute unlawful harassment.
19	(B) Incidents that may be harassment shall be considered in the
20	aggregate with varying types of conduct and conduct based on multiple
21	characteristics viewed in totality, rather than in isolation.

1	(C) Conduct may constitute harassment, regardless of whether:
2	(i) the complaining employee is the individual being harassed;
3	(ii) the complaining employee acquiesced or otherwise submitted
4	to or participated in the conduct;
5	(iii) the conduct is also experienced by others outside the
6	protected class involved in the conduct;
7	(iv) the complaining employee was able to continue carrying out
8	the employee's job duties and responsibilities despite the conduct;
9	(v) the conduct resulted in a physical or psychological injury; or
10	(vi) the conduct occurred outside the workplace.
11	Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. § 4501 is amended to read:
12	§ 4501. DEFINITIONS
13	As used in this chapter:
14	* * *
15	(12)(A) "Harass" means to engage in unwelcome conduct that detracts
16	from, undermines, or interferes with a person's:
17	(i) use of a place of public accommodation or any of the
18	accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of a place of public
19	accommodation because of the person's race, creed, color, national origin,
20	marital status, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability; or

1	(ii) terms, conditions, privileges, or protections in the sale or rental
2	of a dwelling or other real estate, or in the provision of services or facilities in
3	connection with a dwelling or other real estate, because of the person's race,
4	sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed,
5	color, national origin, or disability, or because the person intends to occupy a
6	dwelling with one or more minor children, or because the person is a recipient
7	of public assistance, or because the person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault,
8	or stalking.
9	(B) Notwithstanding any judicial precedent to the contrary, harassing
10	conduct need not be severe or pervasive to be unlawful pursuant to the
11	provisions of this chapter. In determining whether conduct constitutes
12	unlawful harassment:
13	(i) The determination shall be made on the basis of the record as a
14	whole, according to the totality of the circumstances, and a single incident may
15	constitute unlawful harassment.
16	(ii) Incidents that may be harassment shall be considered in the
17	aggregate with varying types of conduct and conduct based on multiple
18	characteristics viewed in totality, rather than in isolation.
19	(iii) Conduct may constitute unlawful harassment, regardless of
20	whether:
21	(I) the complaining person is the person being harassed;

1	(II) the complaining person acquiesced or otherwise submitted
2	to or participated in the conduct;
3	(III) the conduct is also experienced by others outside the
4	protected class involved in the conduct;
5	(IV) despite the conduct, the complaining person was able to:
6	(aa) use the place of public accommodation or any of the
7	accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of the place of public
8	accommodation; or
9	(bb) enjoy the benefit of applicable terms, conditions,
10	privileges, or protections in the sale or rental of the dwelling or other real
11	estate, or to obtain services or facilities in connection with the dwelling or
12	other real estate;
13	(V) the conduct resulted in a physical or psychological injury;
14	<u>or</u>
15	(VI) the conduct occurred outside the place of public
16	accommodation or the dwelling or other real estate.
17	(C) Behavior that a reasonable person with the same protected
18	characteristic would consider to be a petty slight or trivial inconvenience shall
19	not constitute unlawful harassment or discrimination pursuant to this chapter.

1	(D) The provisions of this subdivision (12) shall not apply to any
2	action brought under this chapter pursuant to the provisions of 16 V.S.A.
3	<u>§ 570f.</u>
4	Sec. 4. 9 V.S.A. § 4503 is amended to read:
5	§ 4503. UNFAIR HOUSING PRACTICES
6	* * *
7	(d)(1) As used in this section, "harass" means to engage in unwelcome
8	conduct that detracts from, undermines, or interferes with the person's terms,
9	conditions, privileges, or protections in the sale or rental of a dwelling or other
10	real estate, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with a
11	dwelling or other real estate, because of the person's race, sex, sexual
12	orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national
13	origin, or disability, or because the person intends to occupy a dwelling with
14	one or more minor children, or because the person is a recipient of public
15	assistance, or because the person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or
16	stalking.
17	(2) Notwithstanding any judicial precedent to the contrary, harassing
18	conduct need not be severe or pervasive to be unlawful pursuant to the
19	provisions of this section. In determining whether conduct constitutes
20	unlawful harassment:

1	(A) The determination shall be made on the basis of the record as a
2	whole, according to the totality of the circumstances, and a single incident may
3	constitute unlawful harassment.
4	(B) Incidents that may be harassment shall be considered in the
5	aggregate with varying types of conduct and conduct based on multiple
6	characteristics viewed in totality, rather than in isolation.
7	(C) Conduct may constitute unlawful harassment, regardless of
8	whether:
9	(i) the complaining person is the person being harassed;
10	(ii) the complaining person acquiesced or otherwise submitted to
11	or participated in the conduct;
12	(iii) the conduct is also experienced by others outside the
13	protected class involved in the conduct;
14	(iv) the complaining person was able to enjoy the benefit of
15	applicable terms, conditions, privileges, or protections in the sale or rental of
16	the dwelling or other real estate, or to obtain services or facilities in connection
17	with the dwelling or other real estate, despite the conduct;
18	(v) the conduct resulted in a physical or psychological injury; or
19	(vi) the conduct occurred outside the dwelling or other real estate.
20	(3) behavior that a reasonable person with the same protected
21	characteristic would consider to be a petty slight or trivial inconvenience shall

1	not constitute unlawful harassment or discrimination pursuant to this section.
2	[Repealed.]
3	Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE
4	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.
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11	(Committee vote:)
12	
13	Senator
14	FOR THE COMMITTEE