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TO THE	HOUSE OF	FREPRESEN	JTATIVES.
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- The Committee on General and Housing to which was referred Senate Bill

 No. 103 entitled "An act relating to amending the prohibitions against

 discrimination" respectfully reports that it has considered the same and

 recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by

 striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the

 following:
- 8 Sec. 1. 21 V.S.A. § 495 is amended to read:
- 9 § 495. UNLAWFUL EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE
 - (a) It shall be unlawful employment practice, except where a bona fide occupational qualification requires persons of a particular race, color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, ancestry, place of birth, age, crime victim status, or physical or mental condition:
 - (1) For any employer, employment agency, or labor organization to harass.or discriminate against any individual because of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, place of birth, crime victim status, or age or against a qualified individual with a disability; <a href="https://example.com/harass-or-alean-employer-new-place-new-pl

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(3) For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly or refer for employment or to otherwise <u>harass or</u> discriminate against any individual because of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, sex, sexual

orientation, gender identity, place of birth, crime victim status, or age or against a qualified individual with a disability;

(4) For any labor organization, to limit, segregate, or qualify its membership with respect to any individual because of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, place of birth, crime victim status, or age to discriminate against any individual or against a qualified individual with a disability or to limit, segregate, or qualify its membership; or against a qualified individual with a disability.

* * *

(7) For any employer, employment agency, labor organization, or person seeking employees to discriminate between employees on the basis of sex, race, national origin, sexual orientation, or gender identity or against a qualified individual with a disability by paying wages to employees of one sex, race, national origin, sexual orientation, or gender identity or an employee who is a qualified individual with a disability at a rate less than the rate paid to employees of the other sex or a different race, national origin, sexual orientation, or gender identity or without the physical or mental condition of the qualified individual with a disability for equal work that requires equal skill, effort, and responsibility and is performed under similar working conditions. An employer who is paying wages in violation of this section shall

1	not reduce the wage rate of any other employee in order to comply with this
2	subsection.
3	(A) An employer may pay different wage rates under this subsection
4	when the differential wages are made pursuant to:
5	* * *
6	(iv) A bona fide factor other than sex, race, national origin, sexual
7	orientation, gender identity, or physical or mental condition. An employer
8	asserting that differential wages are paid pursuant to this subdivision $(7)(A)(iv)$
9	shall demonstrate that the factor does not perpetuate a sex-based differential in
10	compensation, based on sex, race, national origin, sexual orientation, gender
11	identity, or physical or mental condition; is job-related with respect to the
12	position in question; and is based upon a legitimate business consideration.
13	***
14	(C) Nothing in this subdivision (a)(7) shall be construed to:
15	(i) create any new rights for an employer to inquire about a
16	characteristic of an employee that is otherwise unknown to the employer upon
17	which pay discrimination is prohibited pursuant to the provisions of this
18	subdivision (a)(7); or
19	(ii) diminish an employee's right to privacy under any other law,
20	or pursuant to an applicable contract or collective bargaining agreement.

1	(8) Retaliation prohibited. An employer, employment agency, or labor
2	organization shall not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against
3	any employee because the employee:
4	* * *
5	(i) An agreement to settle a claim of a violation of subsection (a) of this
6	section shall not prohibit, prevent, or otherwise restrict the employee from
7	working for the employer or any parent company, subsidiary, division, or
8	affiliate of the employer. Any provision of an agreement to settle a claim of a
9	violation of subsection (a) of this section that violates this subsection shall be
10	void and unenforceable with respect to the individual who made the claim.
11	(j) Except for claims alleging a violation of subdivision (a)(7) of this
12	section or disparate impact discrimination an employee shall not be required to
13	demonstrate the existence of another employee or individual to whom the
14	employee's treatment can be compared to establish a violation of this section.
15	(k) Notwithstanding any State or federal judicial precedent to the contrary:
16	(1) harassment and discrimination need not be severe or pervasive to
17	constitute a violation of this section; and
18	(2) behavior that a reasonable employee with the same protected
19	characteristic would consider to be a petty slight or trivial inconvenience shall
20	not constitute unlawful harassment or discrimination pursuant to this section.

1	Sec. 2. 21 V.S.A. § 495d is amended to read:
2	§ 495d. DEFINITIONS
3	As used in this subchapter:
4	* * *
5	(13)(A) "Sexual harassment" is a form of sex discrimination and means
6	unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or.
7	physical, written, auditory, or visual conduct of a sexual nature when:
8	(A)(i) submission to that conduct is made either explicitly or
9	implicitly a term or condition of employment;
10	(B)(ii) submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is
11	used as a component of the basis for employment decisions affecting that
12	individual; or
13	(C)(iii) the conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially
14	interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating,
15	hostile, or offensive work environment.
16	(B) Sexual harassment need not be severe or pervasive in order to be
17	unlawful pursuant to this subchapter.
18	* * *
19	(16) "Harass" means to engage in unwelcome conduct based on an
20	employee's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender
21	identity, ancestry, place of birth, age, crime victim status, or physical or mental

1	condition that interferes with the employee's work or creates a work
2	environment that is intimidating, hostile, or offensive. In determining whether
3	conduct constitutes harassment:
4	(A) The determination shall be made on the basis of the record as a
5	whole, according to the totality of the circumstances, and a single incident may
6	constitute unlawful harassment.
7	(B) Incidents that may be harassment shall be considered in the
8	aggregate with varying types of conduct and conduct based on multiple
9	characteristics viewed in totality rather than in isolation.
10	(C) Conduct may constitute harassment, regardless of whether:
11	(i) the complaining employee is the individual being harassed;
12	(ii) the complaining employee acquiesced or otherwise submitted
13	to or participated in the conduct;
14	(iii) the conduct is also experienced by others outside the
15	protected class involved in the conduct;
16	(iv) the complaining employee was able to continue carrying out
17	the employee's job duties and responsibilities despite the conduct;
18	(v) the conduct resulted in a physical or psychological injury; or
19	(vi) the conduct occurred outside the workplace.
20	Sec. 3. 9 V.S.A. § 4501 is amended to read:
21	§ 4501. DEFINITIONS

1	As used in this chapter:
2	* * *
3	(12)(A) "Harass" means to engage in unwelcome conduct that detracts
4	from, undermines, or interferes with a person's:
5	(i) use of a place of public accommodation or any of the
6	accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of a place of public
7	accommodation because of the person's race, creed, color, national origin,
8	marital status, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability; or
9	(ii) terms, conditions, privileges, or protections in the sale or rental
10	of a dwelling or other real estate, or in the provision of services or facilities in
11	connection with a dwelling or other real estate, because of the person's race,
12	sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed,
13	color, national origin, or disability, or because the person intends to occupy a
14	dwelling with one or more minor children, or because the person is a recipient
15	of public assistance, or because the person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault,
16	or stalking.
17	(B) Notwithstanding any judicial precedent to the contrary, harassing
18	conduct need not be severe or pervasive to be unlawful pursuant to the
19	provisions of this chapter. In determining whether conduct constitutes
20	unlawful harassment:

1	(i) The determination shall be made on the basis of the record as a
2	whole, according to the totality of the circumstances, and a single incident may
3	constitute unlawful harassment.
4	(ii) Incidents that may be harassment shall be considered in the
5	aggregate with varying types of conduct and conduct based on multiple
6	characteristics viewed in totality rather than in isolation.
7	(iii) Conduct may constitute unlawful harassment, regardless of
8	whether:
9	(I) the complaining person is the person being harassed;
10	(II) the complaining person acquiesced or otherwise submitted
11	to or participated in the conduct;
12	(III) the conduct is also experienced by others outside the
13	protected class involved in the conduct;
14	(IV) despite the conduct, the complaining person was able to:
15	(aa) use the place of public accommodation or any of the
16	accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of the place of public
17	accommodation; or
18	(bb) enjoy the benefit of applicable terms, conditions,
19	privileges, or protections in the sale or rental of the dwelling or other real
20	estate, or to obtain services or facilities in connection with the dwelling or
21	other real estate;

1	(V) the conduct resulted in a physical or psychological injury;
2	<u>or</u>
3	(VI) the conduct occurred outside the place of public
4	accommodation or the dwelling or other real estate.
5	(C) Behavior that a reasonable person with the same protected
6	characteristic would consider to be a petty slight or trivial inconvenience shall
7	not constitute unlawful harassment or discrimination pursuant to this chapter.
8	(D) The provisions of this subdivision (12) shall not apply to any
9	action brought under this chapter pursuant to the provisions of 16 V.S.A.
10	<u>§ 570f.</u>
11	Sec. 4. 9 V.S.A. § 4503 is amended to read:
12	§ 4503. UNFAIR HOUSING PRACTICES
13	* * *
14	(d)(1) As used in this section, "harass" means to engage in unwelcome
15	conduct that detracts from, undermines, or interferes with the person's terms,
16	conditions, privileges, or protections in the sale or rental of a dwelling or other
17	real estate, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with a
18	dwelling or other real estate, because of the person's race, sex, sexual
19	orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national
20	origin, or disability, or because the person intends to occupy a dwelling with
21	one or more minor children, or because the person is a recipient of public

l	assistance, or because the person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or
2	stalking.
3	(2) Notwithstanding any judicial precedent to the contrary, harassing
4	conduct need not be severe or pervasive to be unlawful pursuant to the
5	provisions of this section. In determining whether conduct constitutes
6	unlawful harassment:
7	(A) The determination shall be made on the basis of the record as a
8	whole, according to the totality of the circumstances, and a single incident may
9	constitute unlawful harassment.
10	(B) Incidents that may be harassment shall be considered in the
11	aggregate with varying types of conduct and conduct based on multiple
12	characteristics viewed in totality, rather than in isolation.
13	(C) Conduct may constitute unlawful harassment, regardless of
14	whether:
15	(i) the complaining person is the person being harassed;
16	(ii) the complaining person acquiesced or otherwise submitted to
17	or participated in the conduct;
18	(iii) the conduct is also experienced by others outside the
19	protected class involved in the conduct;
20	(iv) the complaining person was able to enjoy the benefit of
21	applicable terms, conditions, privileges, or protections in the sale or rental of

1	the dwelling or other real estate, or to obtain services or facilities in connection
2	with the dwelling or other real estate, despite the conduct;
3	(v) the conduct resulted in a physical or psychological injury; or
4	(vi) the conduct occurred outside the dwelling or other real estate.
5	(3) behavior that a reasonable person with the same protected
6	characteristic would consider to be a petty slight or trivial inconvenience shall
7	not constitute unlawful harassment or discrimination pursuant to this section.
8	[Repealed.]
9	Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE
10	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.
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15	(Committee vote:)
16	
17	Representative
18	FOR THE COMMITTEE