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January 15, 2024

Representative Michael Marcotte, Chair House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development

Representative Amy Sheldon, Chair House Committee on Environment and Energy

Senator Ann Cummings, Chair Senate Committee on Finance

Senator Christopher Bray, Chair Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy

Re: 2023 Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative Annual Report

Dear Senators and Representatives:

I am pleased to submit the 2023 Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative Annual Report pursuant to 30 V.S.A. §255(e). The report, developed in consultation with the Agency of Natural Resources and the Public Utility Commission, includes information on Vermont's participation in the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative (RGGI), a market-based program intended to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by capping and reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the power sector. This report details the four auctions that take place each year and the revenue generated from the sale of CO<sub>2</sub> allowances.

If you have any questions or concerns upon reading this report, please do not hesitate to contact me or the Director of Efficiency and Energy Resources, Melissa Bailey at Melissa.Bailey@vermont.gov.

Very truly yours,

June 10 ACRAGA 16 CM

Commissioner



A report detailing the implementation and operation of RGGI and the revenues collected and the expenditures made

# 2023 Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative Annual Report

Pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 255(e)

**Department of Public Service** 

January 15, 2024

2023 Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative Annual Report Page 1 of 5

### Report to the Legislature from the Department of Public Service

This Report was prepared pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 255(e) which states:

"On or before January 15 of each year, commencing in 2007, the Department of Public Service in consultation with the Agency of Natural Resources and the Public Utility Commission shall provide to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development, on Energy and Technology, and on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife and the Senate Committees on Finance and on Natural Resources and Energy a report detailing the implementation and operation of RGGI and the revenues collected and the expenditures made under this section, together with recommended principles to be followed in the allocation of funds."

### **Background & Overview of the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative**

The Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative (RGGI) is a cooperative effort by twelve Northeastern and Mid-Atlantic states (Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania<sup>a</sup>, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Virginia) to reduce carbon dioxide emissions – a greenhouse gas that contributes to global climate change – from electricity generation. Central to this initiative is the implementation of a multi-state capand-trade program with a market-based emissions trading system. The RGGI program requires fossil fuel fired electric generating units with a nameplate capacity of 25 MW or larger (15MW or larger in NY) to purchase and retire allowances equal to the amount of CO<sub>2</sub> emitted by the unit. The RGGI "CO2 Emissions from Electricity Generation and Imports in the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative: 2020 Monitoring Report<sup>b</sup>" shows that in 2020, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from RGGI affected units accounted for 78.9% of emissions from all RGGI region fossil generation. Vermont committed to participate in RGGI in 2007 when then Governor Douglas signed the RGGI Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) along with the governors of the other participating states. The Vermont Legislature then enacted statutory provisions to implement the RGGI program in Vermont. Both 30 V.S.A. § 255 and the RGGI MOU directed the Public Utility Commission (PUC) and the Agency of Natural Resources (ANR) to participate in the RGGI program.

The RGGI states individually decide how to distribute CO<sub>2</sub> allowances, with most of the allowances sold through the quarterly centralized auctions. Vermont sells nearly all its allotment of allowances through the auction and allocates the net proceeds from the sale of allowances to fund Vermont programs that promote thermal energy and process fuels efficiency services. Proceeds from the sale of allowances are deposited into the Electric Efficiency Fund pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 209(e)(1)(B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> As of July 25, 2022, the Commonwealth Court of Pennsylvania has blocked Pennsylvania's participation in RGGI. This issue continues to be litigated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> https://www.rggi.org/sites/default/files/Uploads/Electricity-Monitoring-Reports/2020 Elec Monitoring Report.pdf

#### **Auction Results for 2023**

CO<sub>2</sub> Allowance Auction Results - All Participating States, 2023

Auction	Auction	Quantity Offered	Quantity Sold	Clearing
Number	Format			Price
59	Sealed Bid - Uniform Price	21,522,877	21,522,877	\$12.50
60	Sealed Bid - Uniform Price	22,026,639	22,026,639	\$12.73
61	Sealed Bid - Uniform Price	21,948,358	21,948,358	\$13.85
62	Sealed Bid - Uniform Price	27,656,000	27,656,000	\$14.88
Total				\$13.58 [1]

[1] Weighted Average Price

CO<sub>2</sub> Allowance Auction Results - Vermont, 2023<sup>c</sup>

Auction Number	Quantity Sold	Clearing Price	Total Proceeds
Number			
59	104,369	\$12.50	\$1,304,613
60	104,369	\$12.73	\$1,328,617
61	104,369	\$13.85	\$1,445,511
62	129,501	\$14.88	\$1,926,975
	<u> </u>		

[1] Weighted Average Price

Total

In sum, Vermont participated in four market-based auctions for CO<sub>2</sub> allowances in 2023 and sold over 440,000 allowances for a total of more than \$6 million.

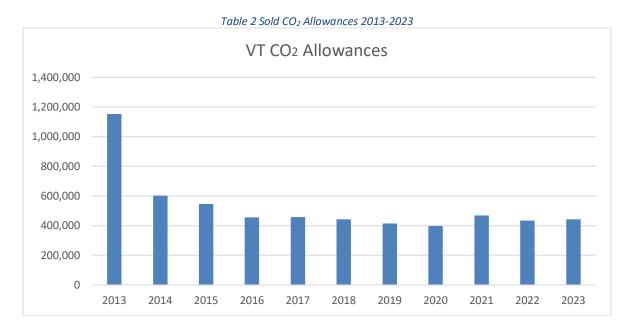
\$13.58<sup>[1]</sup>

\$6,005,715

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Detailed auction results <a href="https://www.rggi.org/Auctions/Auction-Results/Prices-Volumes">https://www.rggi.org/Auctions/Auction-Results/Prices-Volumes</a>



The weighted average price of the allowances in 2022 was \$13.46, while in 2023 it was \$13.58. This, combined with 25,133 additional allowances sold from the CCR in auction 62 resulted in a \$168,207 increase in gross revenue from 2022 to 2023.



2023 represents the third and final year of the fifth control period.

The current RGGI program design includes both a Cost Containment Reserve (CCR) and Emissions Containment Reserve (ECR). The CCR consists of a quantity of allowances (10% of a state's annual base allowance budget) in addition to the cap which are held in reserve. These are made available during an auction if the auction clearing price exceeds a predefined price,

2023 Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative Annual Report Page 4 of 5

indicating that emission reduction costs are higher than were projected. The ECR is a quantity of allowances (10% of a state's annual base budget) that can be withheld from an auction if the auction clearing price is lower than a predefined price, indicating that emission reduction costs are lower than projected.

The CCR trigger price for 2023 was \$14.88. As this price was achieved in Auction 62, 5,656,291 additional allowances were sold. The CCR trigger price is set to increase by 7% annually from 2023. The ECR trigger price for 2023 was \$6.87. No ECR allowances were withheld in 2022. The ECR trigger price is set to increase by 7% annually from 2023.

#### Disbursement of Vermont 2023 RGGI Proceeds

Total Proceeds	\$6,005,715		
Administrative Costs	\$32,631 <sup>d</sup>		
Trustee Costs	\$1,500		
Net Proceeds	\$5,971,585		

Pursuant to statute and the PUC's January 10, 2019, Order<sup>e</sup>, ANR and the Department of Public Service ("Department") can request that appropriate and reasonable administrative costs associated with their administration of RGGI be paid from the auction proceeds. In addition, ANR and the Department may request funds to "stimulate or support investment in the development of innovative carbon emissions abatement technologies that have significant carbon reduction potential."

To date, ANR has requested and received PUC approval for reimbursement for administrative costs directly related to RGGI participation, including staff time and travel, totaling \$32,631 from auctions 59 through 61. At the time this report was completed, no request had been made for reimbursement from auction 62; however, the Department anticipates that any request would likely be less than \$10,000 (based on prior requests) from ANR. The remaining balance of approximately \$6 million from the 2023 auctions will be deposited into the Thermal Energy and Process Fuels (TEPF) program funds within the Electric Efficiency Fund (EEF). No changes are recommended currently regarding the allocation of funds.

Neither the PUC nor the PSD have requested any reimbursement to date and the Department doesn't plan to request any related expenses

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Represents only administrative costs for auctions 59 through 61.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> 2018 updates to the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative auction procedures for Vermont, Case No. 18-4145-INV, Order of 1/10/19. The PUC's Order updated the State's procedures for RGGI auctions consistent with RGGI's 2017 Model Rule.

## **Voluntary Renewable Set-aside Program**

The PUC's January 10, 2019, Order<sup>f</sup> governs the Vermont voluntary renewable set-aside program for RGGI. The set-aside for voluntary renewable programs is available to programs offered by Vermont electric utilities and other qualifying entities that purchase and retire renewable energy credits (RECs) on behalf of Vermont customers. An applicant may submit a written request to the PUC to retire a specified number of CO<sub>2</sub> allowances in the voluntary purchase set-aside account.

The PUC approved the retirement of 6,485 RGGI CO2 allowances in Vermont's set-aside account on behalf of 2022 voluntary renewable programs.<sup>g</sup>

## **Program Review and Participating States Updates**

- The nine states participating in RGGI during the last comprehensive program review completed that review in late 2017 and released a revised Model Rule in early 2018.
- The RGGI states will continue to work through the Third Program Review in 2024. This includes conducting technical analysis, soliciting stakeholder feedback, and drafting an updated Model Rule.

New Jersey resumed their participation in the program in March of 2020. Virginia began participating as the eleventh RGGI member in the auctions in March 2021. The current Virginia administration has announced their intention to withdraw from the program at the end of the current control period in 2023. Litigation is underway that may affect both the schedule and outcome of that process. Pennsylvania has promulgated their regulation for RGGI participation [in March of 2022] but that is currently on hold pending resolution of ongoing legal action within the state.

The continuing upward trend in auction clearing prices observed in 2022 has slowed somewhat in 2023 with the average price over the four auctions only increasing by \$0.11 but still resulting in an overall increase in regional revenue and resultant revenue associated with Vermont's allowances. The electricity market in general, and the RGGI allowance market, remained relatively stable through the COVID-19 pandemic, unlike other energy markets such as those for transportation fuels. The final auction that took place in 2023 achieved the highest clearing prices in the history of RGGI.

f Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> See Order Approving 2021 Approving RGGI Set-Aside Retirement, Case No. 22-2528-PET, Order of 9/12/22.