

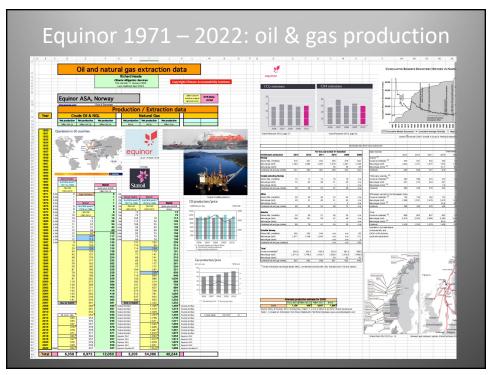
#### Carbon Majors: the process

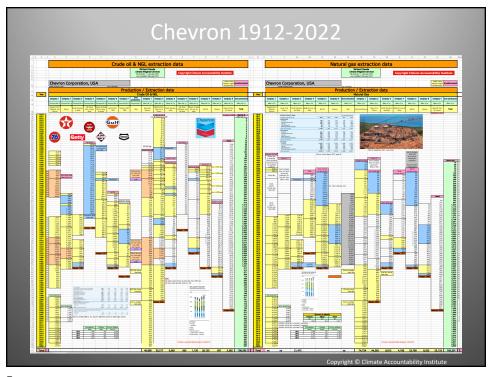
- Entity threshold of ≥8 MtC in recent year: 105 Carbon Major entities:
  - 64 investor-owned companies (IOCs)
  - 35 state-owned entities (SOEs
  - 9 govt-run coal ministries, in FSU, China, Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Poland, North Korea.
  - 42 coal producers, 73 petroleum, 75 natural gas, 5 cement
- Earliest production records available, from ~1900 for major investorowned companies, 1970s for most state-owned entities
- Gather entity data on oil, natural gas, coal, and cement production
  - Annual reports, company histories, SEC filings, entity websites
  - Oil Gas Journal, EIA data, National Mining Association, World Oil, etc
- Enter production data in million bbl oil, Bcf natural gas, tonnes coal
- Account for mergers and acquisitions (attributed to extant entity)
- Deduct non-energy uses of carbon products (~8% for oil, eg petrochems)
- Apply robust and peer-reviewed emission factors
- Quantify both direct Scope 1 and indirect Scope 3 (product) emissions

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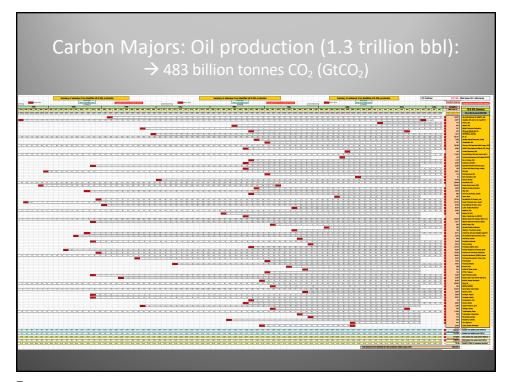


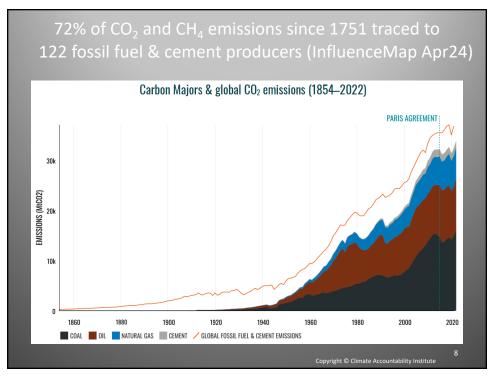


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### Quantifying scope 1 & 3 emissions

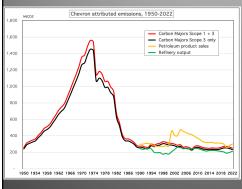
- Estimates scope 3 emissions from production and use of petroleum products & natural gas as intended
- Deducts for net non-energy uses of petroleum
- Accounts for natural gas liquids (lower EF)
- Accounts for natural gas and coal production
- Scope 1 operational emissions (average ~12% of total):
  - CO<sub>2</sub> from flaring
  - CO<sub>2</sub> from gas processing
  - CO<sub>2</sub> from own fuel use in refineries, equipment, field ops
  - Methane from natural gas & oil production & pipelines etc.

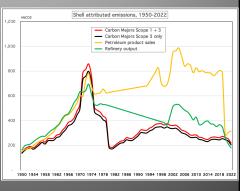




## Production-based vs refining & product sales

- Carbon Majors is based on net equity production (red & black)
- Based on refinery output (green)
- Based on petroleum product sales: typically >prodn (ochre)





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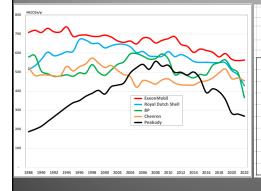
### Carbon Majors 1995-2022

73 companies meet 1 GtCO2 threshold

Five largest investor-owned companies 1988-2022 (left)

Ten leading companies 1995-2022

Percent of global fossil fuel emissions – not adjusted for non-energy global GHG



	Global Fossil Fuel & Cement	950,196	MtCO2e
	Top 10 Carbon Majors	1995-2022	
		MtCO2e	% of global FF
1	Saudi Aramco, Saudi Arabia	45,548	4.79%
2	ExxonMobil, USA	18,092	1.90%
3	Shell, UK	16,485	1.73%
4	BP, UK	14,609	1.54%
5	Chevron, USA	13,430	1.41%
6	Peabody Energy, USA	12,064	1.27%
7	Petroleos de Venezuela	10,600	1.12%
8	TotalEnergies, France	10,060	1.06%
9	ConocoPhillips, USA	8,154	0.86%
10	Equinor, Norway	6,694	0.70%
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# Climate knowledge

- Evolution of climate knowledge:
  - Fossil fuel companies knew of, or willfully ignored, evidence of dangerous interference with global climate since 1950s & 1960s (Franta, 2018; Pres Johnson Sci Adv Cmte, 1965; Moynihan, 1969)
  - Hansen Senate testimony in June 1988
  - Incontrovertible evidence of human-caused climate change
  - Formation of the IPCC in 1988
  - UN Framework Convention on Climate Change in 1992
  - First UN Conference of the Parties (COP) in 1995
- Data on FF company historical contributions are publicly available from <1950s to 2022; 2023 data will be public 2024; 2024 data in 2Q 2025.

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