# Support for Vermont S. 254

Lelande Rehard, Policy and Programs
Manager
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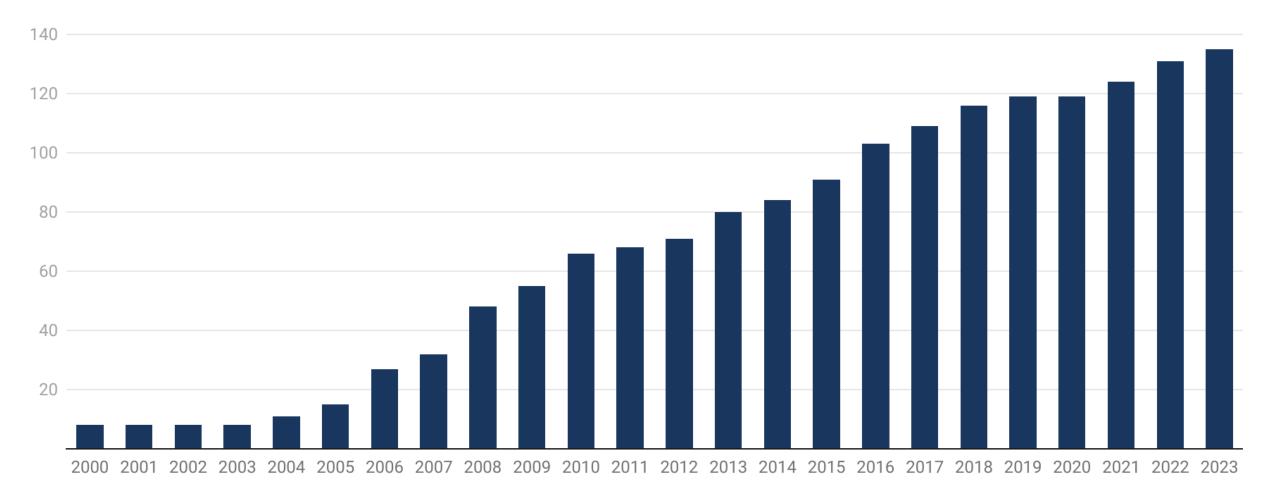
## Who is PSI?

- National nonprofit: 23 years
- Focus: EPR for consumer products and packaging
- Members: state & local govt's /Board of Directors
- Partners: business, non-profits, int'l gov'ts, academic
- Collaborative problem solver
- Multi-stakeholder engagement





#### U.S. EPR LAWS SINCE 2000





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# Why EPR for Batteries?

- Growing number of batteries are used and discarded each year and in an expanding range of products.
- Batteries can release hazardous materials, catch fire or explode.
- Recovering critical minerals in batteries is a high priority for both the industry and government.





# Progress on Battery EPR

**Vermont: 1**st state w/primary (2014)

DC: 1<sup>st</sup> state w/rechargeable & primary (2021)



California: 1<sup>st</sup> state w/e-mobility devices + DC (2022)

Washington: 1<sup>st</sup> state w/study on large format batteries (BESS, EV, etc.) + DC and CA (2023)

**New Jersey:** 1<sup>st</sup> state w/EV battery EPR (2024)



### **Battery EPR Momentum in 2024**

- Li-ion battery fires growing: Besides the direct hazard and cost of battery fires, their frequency is drawing the attention of insurance providers.
- Industry/Coalition Support: PRBA and Call2Recycle join PSI Government members monthly calls.
- Existing battery EPR model (PSI)
- **EU:** Implementation of Revised Battery Regulation is creating momentum in US.





#### S. 254

- **Expand VT's existing law**: VT's current program is successful, but it does not cover rechargable batteries.
  - S. 254 includes rechargeable batteries.
  - Requires rechargeable battery manufacturers to pay their share.
- S. 254 Contains EPR Best Practices
  - Producer created program plan
  - Convenience standards for collection
  - Performance goals
  - Funding for outreach/education
  - Annual reporting
  - Covers administrative costs

