River Corridors and Floodplains

Mike Kline River Ecologist & Fluvial Geomorphologist

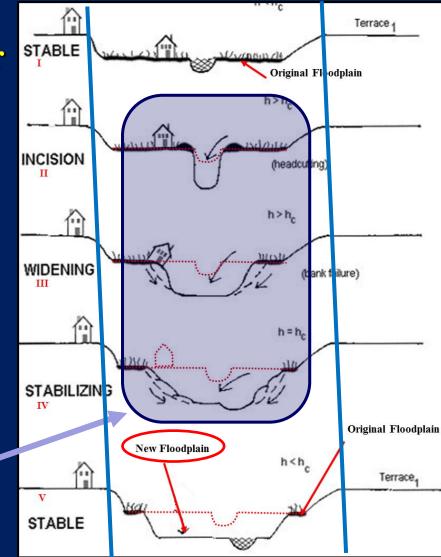


The loss of flood storage and the increase in fluvial erosion

200+ years of channel, floodplain and watershed modifications trigger stream channel evolution:

- Historic deforestation
- Floodplain filling for villages, farms, roads and rails
- ➢ Dams and undersized culverts
- > Snagging, ditching & diversions
- Gravel removal & berming
- Straightening & armoring

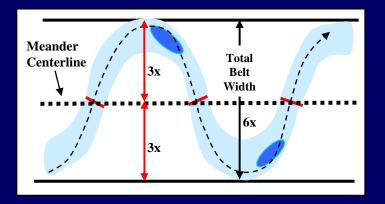
73.5% Streams moderately to severely incised and lacking floodplain connectivity (more erosion -- less storage)



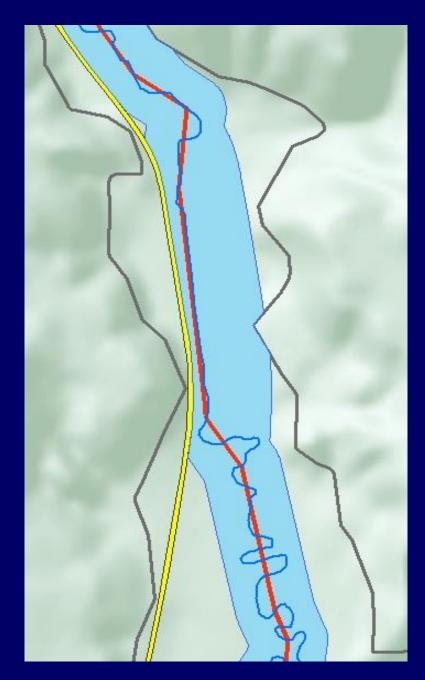
River Corridor Delineation

What is a river corridor?

- Minimal area required for the meander geometry, slope, and active erosion / depositional features of a river's least erosive, vertically stable form.
 - per 10 V.S.A. §1422(12)



• Plus 50' on each side for bank stability as provided by riparian vegetation.



River Corridor Mapping and Policy

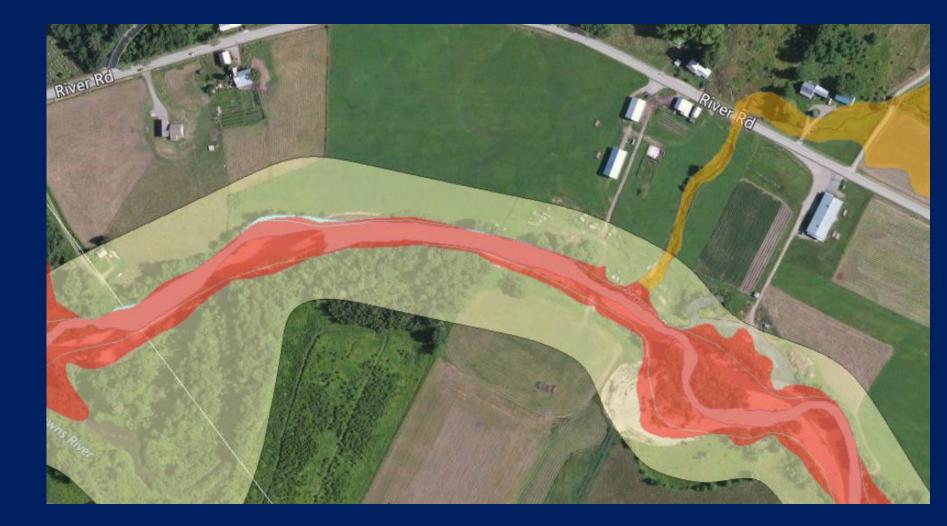
Purpose of River Corridors Minimize erosion hazards and risks to public safety at adjacent and downstream properties.

River Corridor Mapping Delineate with mapping standards that are science-based, consistently applied, and periodically revised.

River Corridor Policy

Apply a No Adverse Impact Standard with options for technical site reviews, mapping appeals and exceptions for infill / redevelopment / functionally dependent uses (e.g., crossings)

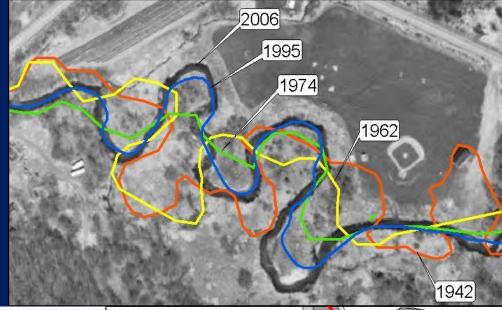
Inundation Maps produced at the height of channel incision

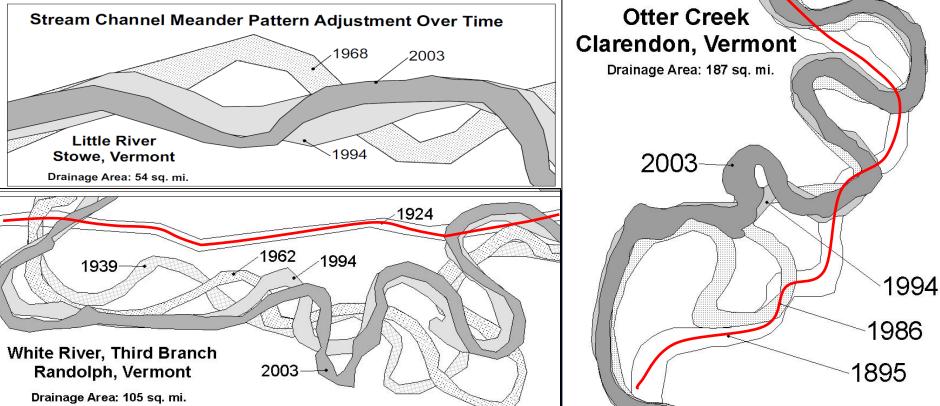


Signal that it's okay to build up to the edge of the river.

Data and maps inform Vermont Policy

Where is Vermont siting its investments?





Erosion along historically channelized streams is the predominate form of road damage in VT



Preserve new river-formed floodplains as much as possible, and the next flood will result in less erosion and downstream flooding.

Technical Assistance to Avoid New Encroachments is Paramount Vermont DEC Rivers Program

River Engineers, Floodplain Managers, and River Scientists

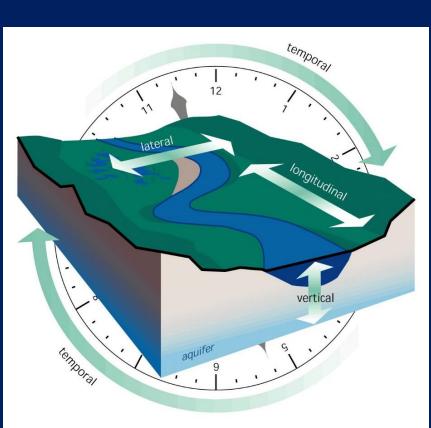
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	AVE
Technical Assistance / Project Review	2,418	2,487	3,634	2,905	2,491	2,787
Permits / Authorizations Issued	824	823	1,053	1,010	981	938
Easements TA / Review	18	21	25	20	13	19
Increase River Corridor Protections						
Easements Completed	6	12	13	12	5	10
TA / Review	1,679	1,845	2,769	1,985	1,768	2,009
Avoid/Limit New Encroachments						
Permits	477	474	643	506	588	538
TA / Review	258	182	241	273	118	214
Improve Flows and River Stability						
Permits	125	106	129	207	86	131
TA / Review	463	439	599	627	592	544
Restore Flows and Nat. River Stability						
Permits	279	231	268	285	302	273

Reconnecting Vermont Rivers 2015 to 2019

Longitudinal 632 Replacing undersized culverts and removing derelict dams

Vertical 154

Berm removals and channel bed restoration to restore floodplain and groundwater connections



Dimensions of the stream corridor. A four-dimensional framework serves as a good starting point for examining stream corridors... In Stream Corridor Restoration: Principles, Processes, and Practices, 10/98.

Interagency Stream Restoration Working Group (FISRWG)(15 Federal agencies of the US).

Lateral 536 Corridor protections, riparian and floodplain restoration projects

Temporal 676 Flow restoration and enhancements at dams and diversions

Thank You

Mike Kline

Questions?

