# Senate Calendar

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2024

## SENATE CONVENES AT: 11:30 A.M.

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#### ORDERS OF THE DAY

### **ACTION CALENDAR**

### **NEW BUSINESS**

## Third Reading

H. 839.

An act relating to fiscal year 2024 budget adjustments.

## Proposal of amendment to H. 839 to be offered by Senator Wrenner before Third Reading

Senator Wrenner moves that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:

<u>First</u>: By striking out Sec. 47 in its entirety and by inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 47 to read as follows:

Sec. 47. 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185, Sec. B.1100, as amended by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. C.115, is further amended to read:

## Sec. B.1100 FISCAL YEAR 2023 ONE-TIME GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS

\* \* \*

- (b) \$11,000,000 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Public Safety for regional dispatch funding. The funds are subject to the following conditions:
- (1) Up to \$1,000,000 shall be available for the retention of technical experts to assist the <u>Public Safety Communications</u> Task Force with the analysis and planning required by <u>Sec. C.112 of this act 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. C.114</u> and to fund the administrative expenses incurred by the Public Safety Communications Task Force. If the Task Force determines in calendar year 2023 that additional funding is necessary to achieve its purposes, it may submit a request to the Joint Fiscal Committee. The Joint Fiscal Committee is authorized to approve up to an additional \$1,000,000.
- (2) Up to \$4,500,000 shall be available to provide funding for pilot projects pursuant to Sec. C.112(f), of this act 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. C.114(f).

- (3) Any remaining amounts not obligated pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection (b) shall be held in reserve remain unobligated and unexpended until approval to expend the funds is authorized by further enactment of the General Assembly.
- (4) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Department of Public Safety In order to extract the greatest value from the limited State and federal dollars currently available for public safety communications modernization, it is the intent of the General Assembly that all such funding is expended in an efficient and complementary manner. To that end, the Commissioner of Public Safety shall seek to draw and deploy the \$9,000,000 in Congressionally Directed Spending to support Vermont's transition to a modernized, regional communications network in a manner that coordinates with and advances, to the greatest extent possible, the goals of a statewide public safety communications system developed by the Public Safety Communications Task Force. The Commissioner of Public Safety shall consult with promptly inform the Public Safety Communications Task Force as the federal parameters for expending the funds become available and as the Commissioner develops a and, if necessary, revises the plan to expend such funds. The Commissioner shall solicit recommendations from the Task Force regarding the plan, including any revisions to the plan, the implementation schedule, and specific expenditures Expenditures of the funds must be authorized by the Task Force. The Task Force shall only authorize an expenditure upon making a determination that such expenditure is in accordance with interim plans for the transition to statewide regional emergency communications and in a manner that ensures usefulness and integration with any not-yet completed plans required by 2023 Acts and Resolves No. 78, Sec. C.114. In addition, the Commissioner shall update the Joint Fiscal Committee on planned expenditures.

\* \* \*

<u>Second</u>: By striking out Sec. 48 in its entirety and by inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 48 to read as follows:

## Sec. C.114 PUBLIC SAFETY COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM; DISPATCH; INVENTORY; DESIGN

(a) The General Assembly finds that protecting public safety and welfare is an essential function of State government and it is in the public interest to establish a statewide reliable, secure, and interoperable public safety communications system, comprising integrated 911 call-taking and regional dispatch systems, and to ensure that the system is equitably and sustainably financed and universally accessible by all persons throughout the State.

- (b) It is not the intent of the General Assembly to establish a public safety communications system that disrupts or in any way jeopardizes the exceptional dispatch services currently in place or the existing 911 system, but rather to support, enhance, strengthen, and build upon those efforts and initiatives.
- (c) The transition to a public safety communications system as specified in subsection (a) of this section shall be overseen and managed by the temporary Public Safety Communications Task Force established in subsection (d) of this section.
- (d)(1) There is established a Public Safety Communications Task Force to oversee and manage all phases of the development, design, and implementation of a statewide public safety communications system as required by this section.
  - (2) The Task Force shall consist of seven 11 members as follows:
- (A) the Executive Director of the Enhanced 911 Board, who shall serve as Co-Chair or designee;
- (B) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee, who shall serve as Co-Chair;
- (C) one two municipal officials appointed by the Executive Director of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns;
- (D) one representative from a public safety answering point overseen by a municipal police department appointed by the Vermont Association of Chiefs of Police;
- (E) one emergency medical technician or paramedic appointed by the Vermont State Ambulance Association;
- (F) one firefighter appointed by the Vermont State Firefighters' Association; and
- (G) the Chair of the Regional Dispatch Working Group established by the General Assembly in 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 185;
  - (H) one sheriff appointed by the Vermont Sheriffs' Association;
- (I) one regional emergency planner appointed by the Vermont Association of Planning and Development Agencies; and
- (J) one representative appointed by the Vermont Communications Union District Association.

- (3) At its initial organizational meeting <u>as an 11-member Task Force</u> the Task Force shall elect from among its members a <u>chair and a</u> vice chair. Meetings may be held at the call of a <u>Co-Chair the Chair</u> or at the request of two members. A majority of sitting members shall constitute a quorum, and action taken by the Task Force may be authorized by a majority of the members present and voting. Except for those members regularly employed by the State, members are entitled to a per diem in the amount of \$150 for each day spent in the performance of their duties. All members, including members otherwise regularly employed by the State, shall receive their actual and necessary expenses when away from home or office upon their official duties pursuant to this section. A vacancy shall be filled by the respective appointing authority. If the Chair of the Regional Dispatch Working Group declines to participate as a member of the Task Force, the Task Force shall appoint one member who shall have expertise relevant to the purposes of this section.
- (4) The Task Force is authorized to retain a <u>project program</u> manager and one or more <u>additional</u> consultants with relevant expertise in public safety communications technology, design, <u>governance</u>, <u>law</u>, and financing to assist with the requirements of this section. <u>The program manager shall not be a direct competitor of the other consultants</u>.
- (5) The Department of Public Safety shall provide the Task Force with administrative services and support.
- (6)(A) The Task Force, in consultation with the Secretary of Administration, shall develop procedures and best practices for State agency cooperation and coordination on matters of overlapping jurisdiction. The primary purpose of this subdivision is to ensure the Task Force has access to expertise and data related to its mission, including expertise within and data maintained by the Department of Public Service, the Agency of Digital Services, the Division of Emergency Preparedness, Response and Injury within the Department of Health, the Department of Taxes, the Agency of Transportation, the Enhanced 911 Board, and the Department of Public Safety.
- (B) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to waive any privilege or protection otherwise afforded information by law due solely to the fact that the information is shared with the Task Force pursuant to this subdivision.
- (7) All meetings of the Task Force shall be open to the public and conducted in accordance with the Vermont Open Meeting Law. All records of the Task Force are subject to the Vermont Public Records Act.

- (8) The Task Force shall cease to exist when a State entity authorized by legislative enactment to permanently oversee and manage the public safety communications system becomes operational.
- (e) The establishment of a statewide public safety communications system shall occur in essentially three phases, which include data collection and analysis, design, and implementation. Certain aspects of each phase may occur simultaneously as deemed appropriate by the Task Force.
- (1) Data collection and analysis. On or before September 15, 2024 May 15, 2025, the Task Force shall conduct a complete inventory and assessment of all aspects of dispatch service currently provided in Vermont and, to the extent possible, dispatch service currently provided outside Vermont for response agencies located in Vermont, which shall include:
- (A) an inventory of all existing dispatch infrastructure and equipment, including facilities, hardware, software, applications, and land mobile radio systems, referring to and incorporating any existing relevant data collected by a State or municipal entity;
- (B) the number of full-time and part-time personnel currently performing dispatch service, taking into account personnel who have other responsibilities in addition to providing dispatch service;
- (C) the current total spending on dispatch service in Vermont that includes and itemizes for each municipality and dispatch center all federal, State, and municipal appropriations and fees, every contract for dispatch or first responder service, and projected budgets;
- (D) identification of the communications dead zones in the State, meaning those areas that lack the infrastructure to support public safety land-mobile-radio communications or cellular voice and data service, or both, and taking into consideration all cell towers, including those that are part of the FirstNet statewide public safety radio access network; cellular mapping efforts conducted by the Department of Public Service; and any existing, relevant mapping data collected by a dispatch center or other entity;
- (E) with the assistance of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, a needs assessment to determine where and to what extent there are gaps in dispatch service or significant challenges to the delivery of dispatch service and to identify those municipalities that are likely to be most affected by either the curtailment of dispatch service from the two State-run public safety answering points or from a new financing mechanism for the continuation of such service;

- (F) an assessment of the <u>service</u> <u>services</u> provided by each dispatch center and identification of particular challenges or vulnerabilities, if any, including with regard to workforce, failover procedures, communications technology, costs, and governance; and
- (G) collection and assessment of any other information the Task Force deems relevant.
- (2) Design. On or before January 15, 2024 September 15, 2024, the Task Force shall develop findings and recommendations related to draft elements of a preliminary design for a public safety communications system, including identification of a proposed implementation timeline and any additional data and resources needed to develop a final design on or before December 15, 2024 September 15, 2025. The final design shall include:
- (A) technical and operational standards and protocols that ensure an interoperable and resilient system that incorporates computer-aided dispatch systems and land mobile radios;
- (B) technology life-cycle standards to ensure system and database upgrades are timely, sufficiently financed, and properly managed;
  - (C) system and database security and cybersecurity standards;
- (D) continuity of operations standards and best practices that encompass failover procedures and other system redundancies to ensure the continuous performance of mission-critical operations;
- (E) workforce training standards and other staffing best practices that support the retention and well-being of dispatch personnel;
- (F) a resource allocation plan that ensures dispatch service is available in all regions of the State, including the establishment of new dispatch centers or expanded capacity and capability of existing dispatch centers, if deemed appropriate by the Task Force;
  - (G) a process for annually reviewing the budgets of dispatch centers;
- (H) a recommended governance model to ensure effective State and regional oversight, management, and continuous improvement of the system, including identification of staffing or operational needs to support such oversight and management of the system;
- (I) cost estimates for implementing the system in Vermont, including operational and capital costs;
- (J) options for sustainably and equitably structuring the financing of the public safety communications system, taking into consideration:

- (i) existing budgets for regional and local dispatch;
- (ii) the population, grand list, and call volume of each municipality;
  - (iii) existing and potential State funding streams;
- (iv) available federal funding opportunities for public safety agencies and emergency communications systems, including equipment, network infrastructure, and services;
- (v) financing models adopted in other jurisdictions for public safety communications systems; and
- (vi) any other standards or procedures deemed necessary or appropriate by the Task Force.
- (f)(1) If the Task Force determines that sufficient minimum technical and operational standards have been developed to warrant the funding of one or more pilot projects, the Task Force may submit for approval a pilot project plan to the Joint Fiscal Committee in calendar year 2023 in calendar year 2024.
- (2) Pilot projects eligible for funding under this subsection may include new regional dispatch centers or expanded capacity at existing regional dispatch centers, provided the Task Force determines the pilot demonstrates project readiness and is otherwise consistent with the standards and purposes of this section.
- (3) In evaluating proposed pilot projects, the Task Force shall give a high priority to projects in geographical areas of the State that presently face significant challenges with respect to reliably providing dispatch service.
- (4) The pilot project plan shall include a description of each proposed project, the resources needed, and an explanation of how the project will align with, inform, and further the development of a statewide public safety communications system and ensure transparency and accountability particularly with respect to the expenditure of State funds pursuant to this subsection.
- (5) The Joint Fiscal Committee is authorized to approve up to \$4,500,000.00 in total for pilot projects authorized by this subsection.
- (g) On or before January 15, 2024 September 14, 2024, the Task Force shall submit a progress report on the data collection and analysis required by subdivision (e)(1) of this section, the findings and recommendations required by subdivision (e)(2) of this section, and a description and status report of any pilot projects funded pursuant to subsection (f) of this section in a written

report to the Senate Committees on Government Operations and on Finance and the House Committees on Government Operations and Military Affairs, on Ways and Means, and on Environment and Energy. On or before December 15, 2024 September 15, 2025, the Task Force shall submit to the same legislative committees a written report containing its final design plan as required by subdivision (e)(2) of this section.

(h) All activities described in this section are "information technology activities" as defined in 3 V.S.A. § 3301(b)(2) and, as such, are subject to the record keeping, strategic planning, and independent expert review requirements specified in 3 V.S.A. § 3303(b)-(c).

#### **NOTICE CALENDAR**

## **Committee Bill for Second Reading**

### **Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment**

S. 309.

An act relating to miscellaneous changes to laws related to the Department of Motor Vehicles, motor vehicles, and vessels.

By the Committee on Transportation. (Senator Perchlik for the Committee.)

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Perchlik for the Committee on Transportation.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

\* \* \* Transporters \* \* \*

Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. § 4 is amended to read:

§ 4. DEFINITIONS

\* \* \*

(8)(A)(i) "Dealer" means a person, partnership, corporation, or other entity engaged in the business of selling or exchanging new or used motor vehicles, snowmobiles, motorboats, or all-terrain vehicles. A dealer may, as part of or incidental to such business, repair such vehicles or motorboats, sell parts and accessories, or lease or rent such vehicles or motorboats. "Dealer" shall does not include a finance or auction dealer or a transporter.

- (ii)(I) For a dealer in new or used cars or motor trucks, "engaged in the business" means having sold or exchanged at least 12 cars or motor trucks, or a combination thereof, in the immediately preceding year, or 24 in the two immediately preceding years.
- (II) For a dealer in snowmobiles, motorboats, or all-terrain vehicles, "engaged in the business" means having sold or exchanged at least one snowmobile, motorboat, or all-terrain vehicle, respectively, in the immediately preceding year or two in the two immediately preceding years.
- (III) For a dealer in trailers, semi-trailers, or trailer coaches, "engaged in the business" means having sold or exchanged at least one trailer, semi-trailer, or trailer coach in the immediately preceding year or a combination of two such vehicles in the two immediately preceding years. However, the sale or exchange of a trailer with a gross vehicle weight rating of 3,500 pounds or less shall be excluded under this subdivision (III).
- (IV) For a dealer in motorcycles or motor-driven cycles, "engaged in the business" means having sold or exchanged at least one motorcycle or motor-driven cycle in the immediately preceding year or a combination of two such vehicles in the two immediately preceding years.

\* \* \*

## (42)(A) "Transporter" means:

- (i) a person engaged in the business of delivering vehicles of a type required to be registered from a manufacturing, assembling, or distributing plant to dealers or sales agents of a manufacturer;
- (ii) a person regularly engaged in the business of towing trailer coaches, owned by them or temporarily in their custody, on their own wheels over public highways, or towing office trailers owned by them or temporarily in their custody, on their own wheels over public highways;
- (iii) a person regularly engaged and properly licensed for the short-term rental of "storage trailers" owned by them and who move these storage trailers on their own wheels over public highways;
- (iv) a person regularly engaged in the business of moving modular homes over public highways;
- (v) dealers, owners of motor vehicle auction sites, and automobile repair shop owners when engaged in the transportation of motor vehicles to and from their place of business for repair purposes; or
- (vi) the following, provided that the transportation and delivery of motor vehicles is a common and usual incident to their business:

- (I) persons towing overwidth trailers owned by them in connection with their business;
- (II) persons whose business is the repossession of motor vehicles; and
- (III) persons whose business involves moving vehicles from the place of business of a registered dealer to another registered dealer, or between a motor vehicle auction site and a registered dealer or another motor vehicle auction site, leased vehicles to the lessor at the expiration of the lease, or vehicles purchased at the place of auction of an auction dealer to the purchaser; and
- (IV) persons who sell or exchange new or used motor vehicles but who are not engaged in business as that phrase is defined in subdivision (8)(A)(ii) of this section.

\* \* \*

Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 491 is amended to read:

## § 491. TRANSPORTER APPLICATION; ELIGIBILITY; USE OF TRANSPORTER PLATES

- (a) A transporter may apply for and the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, in his or her the Commissioner's discretion, may issue a certificate of registration and a general distinguishing number plate. Before a person may be registered as a transporter, he or she the person shall present proof self-certify the following on a form provided by the Commissioner:
  - (1) of compliance with section 800 of this title; and
- (2) that he or she the person either owns or leases a permanent place of business located in this State where business will be conducted during regularly established business hours and the required records stored and maintained.
- (b) When he or she a transporter displays thereon his or her the transporter's registration plate, a the transporter or his or her the transporter's employee or contractor may transport a motor vehicle owned by the transporter, repossessed, or temporarily in the transporter's custody, and it shall be considered to be properly registered under this title. Transporter's A transporter's registration plates shall not be used for any other purposes and shall not be used by the holder of such number plates for personal purposes.

## Sec. 3. 23 V.S.A. § 4(80) is amended to read:

An "all-surface vehicle" or "ASV" means any non-highway recreational vehicle, except a snowmobile, when used for cross-country travel on trails or on any one of the following or combination of the following: land, water, snow, ice, marsh, swampland, and natural terrain. vehicle shall be designed for use both on land and in water, with or without tracks, shall be capable of flotation and shall be equipped with a skid-steering system, a sealed body, a fully contained cooling system, and six or up to eight tires designed to be inflated with an operating pressure not exceeding 10 pounds per square inch as recommended by the manufacturer. An allsurface vehicle shall have a net weight of 1,500 pounds or less, shall have a width of 75 inches or less, shall be equipped with an engine of not more than 50 horsepower, and shall have a maximum speed of not more than 25 miles per hour. An ASV when operated in water shall be considered to be a motorboat and shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 29, subchapter 2 of this title. An ASV operated anywhere except in water shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 31 of this title.

\* \* \* Record Keeping \* \* \*

## Sec. 4. 23 V.S.A. § 117 is added to read:

## § 117. RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS; CERTIFICATES OF TITLE

- (a) Original records. Original certificate of title records, including surrendered certificates of title and requests for salvage title, as issued pursuant to chapters 21 and 36 of this title, shall be maintained as an electronic image or electronic copy or other form of image, which allows for the tracing of anything for which the Department of Motor Vehicles issues a certificate of title, for a period of five years.
- (b) Electronic format. Records of title shall be maintained in a format, determined by the Commissioner, that allows for the tracing of anything for which the Department of Motor Vehicles issues a certificate of title.

### Sec. 5. 23 V.S.A. § 2017(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Commissioner shall maintain a record of all certificates of title issued and of all exempt vehicle titles issued under a distinctive title number assigned to the vehicle; under the identification number of the vehicle; alphabetically, under the name of the owner; and, in the discretion of the Commissioner, by any other method the Commissioner determines. The original records may be maintained on microfilm or electronic imaging pursuant to section 117 of this title.

- Sec. 6. 23 V.S.A. § 2027(c) is amended to read:
- (c) The Commissioner shall file and retain for five years every surrendered certificate of title so as to permit the tracing of title of the corresponding vehicles pursuant to section 117 of this title.
- Sec. 7. 23 V.S.A. § 2092 is amended to read:

## § 2092. ISSUANCE OF SALVAGE TITLE

The Commissioner shall file and maintain in the manner provided in section 2017 117 of this title each application received and when satisfied as to its genuineness and regularity and that the applicant is entitled to the issuance of a salvage certificate of title, shall issue a salvage certificate of title to the vehicle.

- Sec. 8. 23 V.S.A. § 3810(b)(1) is amended to read:
- (b)(1) The Commissioner shall maintain at his or her central office a record of all certificates of title issued by him or her:
- (A) under a distinctive title number assigned to the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle;
- (B) under the identification number of the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle;
- (C) alphabetically, under the name of the owner; and, in the discretion of the Commissioner, by any other method he or she determines the Commissioner pursuant to section 117 of this title.
- Sec. 9. 23 V.S.A. § 3820(c) is amended to read:
- (c) The Commissioner shall file and retain every surrendered certificate of title for five years. The file shall be maintained so as to permit the tracing of title of the vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle designated pursuant to section 117 of this title.
  - \* \* \* Registration; Residents \* \* \*
- Sec. 10. 23 V.S.A. § 301 is amended to read:
- § 301. PERSONS REQUIRED TO REGISTER
- (a) Residents, except as provided in chapter 35 of this title, shall annually register motor vehicles owned or leased for a period of more than 30 days and operated by them, unless currently registered in Vermont.

- (b) Temporary residents and foreign partnerships, firms, associations, and corporations having a place of business in this State may annually register motor vehicles owned or leased for a period of more than 30 days and operated by them or an employee.
- (c) Notwithstanding this section, a resident who has moved into the State from another jurisdiction shall register his or her the resident's motor vehicle within 60 days of after moving into the State. A person
- (d) An individual shall not operate a motor vehicle nor draw a trailer or semi-trailer on any highway unless such vehicle is registered as provided in this chapter. Vehicle owners who have apportioned power units registered in this State under the International Registration Plan are exempt from the requirement to register their trailers in this State.

## (e) As used in this section:

- (1) "Resident" means an individual living in the State who intends to make the State the individual's place of domicile either permanently or for an indefinite number of years.
- (2) "Temporary resident" means an individual living in the State for a particular purpose involving a defined period, including students, migrant workers employed in seasonal occupations, and individuals employed under a contract with a fixed term, provided that the motor vehicle will be used in the State on a regular basis.

### Sec. 11. 23 V.S.A. § 303(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Commissioner or his or her the Commissioner's duly authorized agent shall register a motor vehicle, trailer, or semi-trailer when that is required or permitted to be registered in Vermont upon application therefor, on a form prescribed by the Commissioner that is filed with the Commissioner, showing such motor vehicle to be properly equipped and in good mechanical condition, is filed with him or her, and accompanied by the required registration fee and evidence of the applicant's ownership of the vehicle in such form as the Commissioner may reasonably require. Except for State or municipal vehicles, registrants and titled owners shall be identical.

\* \* \* Weight Limitations on Low-Number Plates \* \* \*

## Sec. 12. 23 V.S.A. § 304(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Commissioner shall issue registration numbers 101 through 9999, which shall be known as reserved registration numbers, for pleasure cars, motor trucks that are registered at the pleasure car rate for less than 26,001 pounds, and motorcycles in the following manner:

- (4) A person holding a reserved registration number on a pleasure car, a truck that is registered at the pleasure car rate for less than 26,001 pounds, or a motorcycle may be issued the same reserved registration number for the other authorized vehicle types, provided that the person receives no not more than one such plate or set of plates for each authorized vehicle type.
  - \* \* \* License Plates; Registration; Prorated Refunds \* \* \*

Sec. 13. 23 V.S.A. § 327 is amended to read:

## § 327. REFUND WHEN PLATES NOT USED

Subject to the conditions set forth in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) (1)–(4) of this section, the Commissioner may cancel the registration of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or motorboat when the owner returns to the Commissioner either the number plates, if any, or the registration certificate. Upon cancellation of the registration, the Commissioner shall notify the Commissioner of Finance and Management, who shall issue a refund as follows:

- (1) For registrations eancelled <u>canceled</u> prior to the beginning of the registration period, the refund is the full amount of the fee paid, less a charge of \$5.00.
- (2) For registrations eancelled canceled within 30 days of after the date of issue, the refund is the full amount of the fee paid, less a charge of \$5.00. The owner of a motor vehicle must prove to the Commissioner's satisfaction that the number plates have not been used or attached to a motor vehicle.
- (3) For registrations <u>eancelled</u> <u>canceled</u> prior to the beginning of the second year of a two-year registration period, the refund is one-half of the full amount of the two-year fee paid, less a charge of \$5.00.
- (4) For registrations canceled prior to conclusion of a five-year registration period, the refund is as follows:
- (A) four-fifths of the full amount of the five-year fee paid less a charge of \$5.00 if canceled prior to the beginning of the second year;
- (B) three-fifths of the full amount of the five-year fee paid less a charge of \$5.00 if canceled prior to the beginning of the third year;
- (C) two-fifths of the full amount of the five-year fee paid less a charge of \$5.00 if canceled prior to the beginning of the fourth year; and
- (D) one-fifth of the full amount of the five-year fee paid less a charge of \$5.00 if canceled prior to the beginning of the fifth year.

## Sec. 14. 23 V.S.A. § 1125 is amended to read:

## § 1125. OBSTRUCTING WINDSHIELDS, AND WINDOWS

- (a) <u>Prohibition.</u> Except as otherwise provided in this section, a <u>person an individual</u> shall not operate a motor vehicle on which material or items have been painted or adhered on or over, or hung in back of, any transparent part of a motor vehicle windshield, vent windows, or side windows located immediately to the left and right of the operator. The prohibition of this section on hanging items shall apply <u>only to shading or tinting material or</u> when a hanging item materially obstructs the driver's view.
- (b) General exemptions. Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a person an individual may operate a motor vehicle with material or items painted or adhered on or over, or hung in back of, the windshield, vent windows, or side windows:
- (1) in a space not over four inches high and 12 inches long in the lower right-hand corner of the windshield;
- (2) in such space as the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may specify for location of any sticker required by governmental regulation;
- (3) in a space not over two inches high and two and one-half inches long in the upper left-hand corner of the windshield;
- (4) if the operator is a person an individual employed by the federal, State, or local government or a volunteer emergency responder operating an authorized emergency vehicle, who places any necessary equipment in back of the windshield of the vehicle, provided the equipment does not interfere with the operator's control of the driving mechanism of the vehicle;
- (5) on a motor vehicle that is for sale by a licensed automobile dealer prior to the sale of the vehicle, in a space not over three inches high and six inches long in the upper left-hand corner of the windshield, and in a space not over four inches high and 18 inches long in the upper right-hand corner of the windshield; or
- (6) if the object is a rearview mirror, or is an electronic toll-collection transponder located either between the roof line and the rearview mirror post or behind the rearview mirror; or
- (7) if the object is shading or tinting material and the visible light transmission of that shading or tinting material is not less than the level of visible light transmission required under 49 C.F.R. § 571.205, as amended.

- (c) Medical exemption. The Commissioner may grant an exemption to the prohibition of this section upon application from a person an individual required for medical reasons to be shielded from the rays of the sun and who attaches to the application a document signed by a licensed physician or optometrist certifying that shielding from the rays of the sun is a medical necessity. The physician or optometrist certification shall be renewed every four years. However, when a licensed physician or optometrist has previously certified to the Commissioner that an applicant's condition is both permanent and stable, the exemption may be renewed by the applicant without submission of a form signed by a licensed physician or optometrist. Additionally, the window shading or tinting permitted under this subsection shall be limited to the vent windows or side windows located immediately to the left and right of the operator. The exemption provided in this subsection shall terminate upon the transfer of the approved vehicle and at that time the applicable window tinting shall be removed by the seller. Furthermore, if the material described in this subsection tears or bubbles or is otherwise worn to prohibit clear vision, it shall be removed or replaced.
- (d) Rear side window obstructions. The rear side windows and the back window may be obstructed only if the motor vehicle is equipped on each side with a securely attached mirror, which that provides the operator with a clear view of the roadway in the rear and on both sides of the motor vehicle.
- (e) Removal. Any shading or tinting material that is painted or adhered on or over, or hung in back of, the windshield, vent windows, or side windows in accordance with subdivision (b)(7) or subsection (c) of this section shall be removed if it tears, bubbles, or is otherwise worn to prohibit clear vision.
- (f) Definition. As used in this section, "visible light transmission" means the amount of visible light that can pass through shading, tinting, or glazing material applied to or within the transparent portion of a window or windshield of a motor vehicle.

### Sec. 15. LEGISLATIVE INTENT; TINTED WINDOWS

It is the intent of the General Assembly that a motor vehicle with shading or tinting material that is not allowed under 23 V.S.A. § 1125, as amended by Sec. 14 of this act, poses a danger to the individual operating the motor vehicle, any passengers in the motor vehicle, and other highway users and that such a motor vehicle shall fail the annual safety inspection required under 23 V.S.A. § 1222.

## Sec. 16. RULEMAKING; PERIODIC INSPECTION MANUAL; TINTED WINDOWS; OUTREACH

- (a) The Department of Motor Vehicles shall, unless extended by the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules, adopt amendments to Department of Motor Vehicles, Inspection of Motor Vehicles (CVR 14-050-022) consistent with the legislative intent in Sec. 15 of this act to be effective not later than the effective date of Sec. 14 of this act. The amendments shall include what level of visible light transmission is required for windshields and the windows to the immediate right and left of the driver under 49 C.F.R. § 571.205 as of the effective date of the amendments.
- (b) The Department of Motor Vehicles, in consultation with the Department of Public Safety, shall implement a public outreach campaign on window tinting to provide information on the prohibitions and exceptions under 23 V.S.A. § 1125, as amended by Sec. 14 of this act, and the requirements of the Inspection of Motor Vehicles (CVR 14-050-022), with amendments adopted under the Administrative Procedure Act consistent with subsection (a) of this section, including what level of visible light transmission is currently required for windshields and the windows to the immediate right and left of the driver under 49 C.F.R. § 571.205. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall start to disseminate information as required under this subsection (b) not later than two months prior to the effective date of Sec. 14 of this act and shall disseminate information on window tinting through email, bulletins, software updates, and the Department of Motor Vehicles' website.

\* \* \* Rusted Brake Rotors; Safety Inspection \* \* \*

## Sec. 17. RUSTED BRAKE ROTORS; LEGISLATIVE INTENT; BULLETIN; CONTACT INFORMATION FOR FAILURES

- (a) Legislative intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly that:
- (1) the Department of Motor Vehicles provide information on the existing definition of "rust" in Department of Motor Vehicles, Inspection of Motor Vehicles (CVR 14-050-022) (Periodic Inspection Manual), which is "a condition of any swelling, delamination, or pitting," to all inspection mechanics certified by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles so there is consistency amongst inspection stations in how the Periodic Inspection Manual is interpreted and applied.

- (2) that the presence of rust on brake rotors, by itself, does not constitute a failure for the purpose of the annual safety inspection required under 23 V.S.A. § 1222 and that the presence of rust that is temporary, also known as surface rust, which sometimes results from the vehicle being parked for a period of time, not be sufficient for a motor vehicle to fail inspection because such rust does not cause diminished braking performance that prevents a motor vehicle from adequately stopping.
- (b) Bulletin. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall issue a clarifying administrative bulletin to all inspection mechanics certified by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles that:
- (1) details the rejection criteria for rotors and drums in the Periodic Inspection Manual;
- (2) explains the difference between surface rust and rust that is considerable for purposes of determining if the rejection criteria are met, which requires that the existing rust be a condition of any swelling, delamination, or pitting; and
- (3) provides information that an inspection mechanic should provide to the owner of a vehicle that fails inspection because of rusting on rotors and drums.
- (c) Contact information. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall include how to contact the Department of Motor Vehicles with questions about the annual safety inspection and the Periodic Inspection Manual on all notices of failure issued by inspection mechanics certified by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles.
  - \* \* \* Emergency Warning Lamps and Sirens \* \* \*
- Sec. 18. 23 V.S.A. § 1251 is amended to read:
- § 1251. SIRENS AND <del>COLORED SIGNAL</del> <u>EMERGENCY WARNING</u> LAMPS; OUT-OF-STATE EMERGENCY AND RESCUE VEHICLES
- (a) <u>Prohibition.</u> A motor vehicle shall not be operated upon a highway of this State equipped with any of the following:
- (1) a siren or signal lamp colored other than amber unless either a permit authorizing this equipment the siren, issued by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, is carried in the vehicle or a permit is not required pursuant to section 1252 of this subchapter;

- (2) an emergency warning lamp unless either a permit authorizing the emergency warning lamp, issued by the Commissioner, is carried in the vehicle or a permit is not required pursuant to section 1252 of this subchapter;
- (3) a blue light of any kind unless either a permit authorizing the blue light, issued by the Commissioner, is carried in the vehicle or a permit is not required pursuant to section 1252 of this subchapter; or
- (4) a lamp or lamps that is not an emergency warning lamp and provides a flashing light in a color other than amber.
- (b) Permit transfer. A permit may be transferred following the same procedure and subject to the same time limits as set forth in section 321 of this title. The Commissioner may adopt additional rules as may be required to govern the acquisition of permits and the use pertaining to sirens and eolored signal emergency warning lamps.
- (b)(c) Exception for vehicles from another state. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, when responding to emergencies, law enforcement vehicles, ambulances, fire vehicles, or vehicles owned or leased by, or provided to, volunteer firefighters or rescue squad members that are registered or licensed by another state or province may use sirens and signal emergency warning lamps in Vermont, and a permit shall not be required for such use, as long as provided the vehicle is properly permitted or otherwise permitted to use the sirens and emergency warning lamps without permit in its home state or province.
- Sec. 19. 23 V.S.A. § 1252 is amended to read:
- § 1252. <u>LAW ENFORCEMENT AND EMERGENCY SERVICES</u>

  <u>VEHICLES</u>; ISSUANCE OF PERMITS FOR SIRENS OR

  <del>COLORED</del> <u>EMERGENCY WARNING</u> LAMPS, OR BOTH; USE
  OF AMBER LAMPS
  - (a) Law enforcement vehicles.
- (1) When satisfied as to the condition and use of the vehicle, the Commissioner shall issue and may revoke, for cause, permits for sirens and colored signal lamps in the following manner Law enforcement vehicles owned and operated by the government. The following are authorized for use, without permit, on all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by the federal government, a municipality, the State, or the Vermont Criminal Justice Council:
- (1)(A) Sirens, blue signal emergency warning lamps, or blue and white signal emergency warning lamps, or a combination thereof, may be authorized for all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a law enforcement

agency, a certified law enforcement officer, or the Vermont Criminal Justice Council.

- (B) A red signal emergency warning lamp or an a red and amber signal emergency warning lamp, or a combination thereof, may be authorized for all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a law enforcement agency, a certified law enforcement officer, or the Vermont Criminal Justice Council, provided that the Commissioner shall require the emergency warning lamp or lamps be is mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.
- (C)(2) Law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a certified law enforcement officer.
- (A) When satisfied as to the condition and use of the vehicle, the Commissioner shall issue and may revoke, for cause, permits for sirens and emergency warning lamps in the following manner:
- (i) sirens, blue emergency warning lamps, or blue and white emergency warning lamps, or a combination thereof; and
- (ii) a red emergency warning lamp or a red and amber emergency warning lamp, provided that the emergency warning lamp is mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.
- (B) No motor vehicle, other than one owned by the applicant, shall be issued a permit until the Commissioner has recorded the information regarding both the owner of the vehicle and the applicant for the permit.
  - (3) Law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a certified constable.
- (A) If the applicant is a The following are authorized for use, without permit, on all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a Vermont Criminal Justice Council certified constable, the application shall be accompanied by a certification by the town clerk that the applicant is the duly elected or appointed constable and attesting that the town for a municipality that has not voted to limit the constable's authority to engage in enforcement activities under 24 V.S.A. § 1936a: a red emergency warning lamp or a red and amber emergency warning lamp, provided that the emergency warning lamp is mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.
- (B) A constable for a municipality that has voted to limit the constable's authority to engage in enforcement activities under 24 V.S.A. § 1936a shall not operate, in the course of the constable's elected duties, a motor vehicle with a siren or an emergency warning lamp.

- (2)(b) Emergency services vehicles.
- (1) Emergency services vehicles owned and operated by the government. The following are authorized for use, without permit, on all emergency services vehicles owned or leased by the federal government, a municipality, or the State:
- (A) sirens and red emergency warning lamps or red and white emergency warning lamps; and
- (B) a blue emergency warning lamp or a blue and amber emergency warning lamp provided that the emergency warning lamp is mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.
- (2) Emergency services vehicles not owned and operated by the government.
- (A) When satisfied as to the condition and use of the vehicle, the Commissioner shall issue and may revoke, for cause, permits for sirens and emergency warning lamps in the following manner:
- (i) Sirens and red emergency warning lamps or red and white signal emergency warning lamps may be authorized for all ambulances and other emergency medical service (EMS) vehicles, vehicles owned or leased by a fire department, vehicles used solely in rescue operations, or vehicles owned or leased by, or provided to, volunteer firefighters and voluntary rescue squad members, including a vehicle owned by a volunteer's employer when the volunteer has the written authorization of the employer to use the vehicle for emergency fire or rescue activities.
- (B)(ii) A blue signal emergency warning lamp or an a blue and amber signal emergency warning lamp, or a combination thereof, may be authorized for all EMS vehicles or vehicles owned or leased by a fire department, provided that the Commissioner shall require the emergency warning lamp or lamps be mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.

### (3) [Repealed.]

- (4)(B) No motor vehicle, other than one owned by the applicant, shall be issued a permit until the Commissioner has recorded the information regarding both the owner of the vehicle and the applicant for the permit.
- (5)(C) Upon application to the Commissioner, the Commissioner may issue a single permit for all the vehicles owned or leased by the applicant.

- (6) Sirens and (c) Restored vehicles. A combination of one or more of red or signal lamps, red and white signal lamps, or sirens and blue signal lamps, or blue and white signal lamps may be authorized for restored emergency or enforcement vehicles used for exhibition purposes. Sirens and lamps authorized under this subdivision subsection may only be activated during an exhibition, such as a car show or parade.
- (b)(d) Amber signal lamps. Amber signal lamps shall be used on road maintenance vehicles, service vehicles, and wreckers and shall be used on all registered snow removal equipment when in use removing snow on public highways, and the amber lamps shall be mounted so as to be visible from all sides of the motor vehicle.
- Sec. 20. 23 V.S.A. § 1254 is added to read:

### § 1254. EMERGENCY WARNING LAMP; DEFINITION

As used in sections 1251–1255 of this subchapter, "emergency warning lamp":

- (1) means a lamp or lamps that provide a flashing light to identify an authorized vehicle on an emergency mission that may be a rotating beacon or pairs of alternately or simultaneously flashing lamps; and
- (2) does not include a lamp or lamps that provide an exclusively amber flashing light.
- Sec. 21. 23 V.S.A. § 1255(b) is amended to read:
- (b) All persons with motor vehicles equipped as provided in subdivisions subsections 1252(a)(1) and (2)(b) of this title subchapter shall use the sirens or eolored signal emergency warning lamps, or both, only in the direct performance of their official duties. When any person individual other than a law enforcement officer is operating a motor vehicle equipped as provided in subdivision subsection 1252(a)(1) of this title subchapter, the eolored signal emergency warning lamps shall be either removed, covered, or hooded. When any person individual other than an authorized emergency medical service vehicle operator, firefighter, or authorized operator of vehicles used in rescue operations is operating a motor vehicle equipped as provided in subdivision 1252(a)(2)(b) of this title subchapter, the colored signal emergency warning lamps shall be either removed, covered, or hooded unless the operator holds a senior operator license.

## Sec. 22. 23 V.S.A. § 4(1) is amended to read:

- (1) "Authorized emergency vehicle" means a vehicle of a fire department, police <u>law enforcement</u> vehicle, public and private ambulance, and a vehicle to which a permit has been issued pursuant to subdivision 1252(a)(1) or (2) equipped as provided in subsections 1252(a) and (b) of this title.
- Sec. 23. 23 V.S.A. § 1050a(b) is amended to read:
- (b) The driver of a vehicle shall yield the right of way to any authorized vehicle obviously and actually engaged in work upon a highway when the vehicle displays flashing lights meeting the requirements of subsection 1252(b)(d) of this title.
  - \* \* \* Child Restraint Systems \* \* \*
- Sec. 24. 23 V.S.A. § 1258 is amended to read:

## § 1258. CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS; PERSONS INDIVIDUALS UNDER AGE 18 YEARS OF AGE

- (a) No person <u>individual</u> shall operate a motor vehicle, other than a type I school bus, in this State upon a public highway unless every occupant under age 18 years of age is properly restrained in a federally approved child passenger restraining restraint system as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 571.213, as may be amended, or a federally approved safety belt, as follows:
- (1) all children a child under the two years of age of one and all children weighing less than 20 pounds, regardless of age, shall be restrained in a rearfacing position, properly secured in a federally approved child passenger restraining rear-facing child restraint system with a harness, which shall not be installed in front of an active air bag as those terms are defined in 49 C.F.R. § 571.213, as may be amended, until the child reaches the weight or height limit of the rear-facing child restraint system as set by the manufacturer;
- (2) a child weighing more than 20 pounds, and who is one year of age or older and under the age of eight five years, of age who is not properly secured in a federally approved rear-facing child restraint system in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be restrained in a child passenger restraining system properly secured in a forward-facing federally approved child restraint system with a harness until the child reaches the weight or height limit of the child restraint system as set by the manufacturer; and

- (3) a child under eight years of age who is not properly secured in a federally approved child restraint system in accordance with subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection shall be properly secured in a booster seat, as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 571.213, as may be amended;
- (4) a child eight through 17 under 18 years of age who is not properly secured in a federally approved child restraint system in accordance with subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection shall be restrained in a safety belt system or a child passenger restraining system;
- (5) a child under 13 years of age shall always, if practical, ride in a rear seat of a motor vehicle; and
- (6) no child shall be secured in a rear-facing child restraint system in the front seat of a motor vehicle that is equipped with an active passenger-side airbag unless the airbag is deactivated.
- (b) A person An individual shall not be adjudicated in violation of this section if:
- (1) the motor vehicle is regularly used to transport passengers for hire, except a motor vehicle owned or operated by a child care facility;
  - (2) the motor vehicle was manufactured without safety belts; or
- (3) the person <u>individual</u> has been ordered by an enforcement officer, a firefighter, or an authorized civil authority to evacuate <u>persons individuals</u> from a stricken area.
  - (c) The civil penalty for violation of this section shall be as follows:
    - (1) \$25.00 for a first violation;
    - (2) \$50.00 for a second violation; and
    - (3) \$100.00 for third and subsequent violations.

## Sec. 25. CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS; PUBLIC OUTREACH CAMPAIGN

(a) The Department of Health, in consultation with the State Highway Safety Office, shall implement a public outreach campaign on car seat safety that builds upon the current Be Seat Smart program; utilizes materials on child safety prepared by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Marketing; is consistent with the recommendations from the American Academy of Pediatrics in the Child Passenger Safety Policy Statement published in 2018; and educates Vermonters on 23 V.S.A. § 1258, as amended by Sec. 24 of this act.

(b) The public outreach campaign shall disseminate information on car seat safety through e-mail; a dedicated web page on car seat safety that is linked through the websites for the Agency of Transportation and the Department of Health; social media platforms; community posting websites; radio; television; and informational materials that can be printed and shall be made available to all pediatricians, obstetricians, and midwives licensed in the State and all Car Seat Inspection Stations in the State.

\* \* \* Exempt Vehicle Title \* \* \*

Sec. 26. 23 V.S.A. § 2001(15) is amended to read:

- (15) "Title or certificate of title" means a written instrument or document that certifies ownership of a vehicle and is issued by the Commissioner or equivalent official of another jurisdiction. These terms do not include an exempt vehicle title authorized to be issued under subdivision 2013(a)(2) of this chapter.
- Sec. 27. 23 V.S.A. § 2002(a)(1) is amended to read:
- (1) for any certificate of title, including a salvage certificate of title, or an exempt vehicle title, \$42.00;
- Sec. 28. 23 V.S.A. § 2012 is amended to read:
- § 2012. EXEMPTED VEHICLES

No certificate of title need be obtained for:

\* \* \*

- (10) a vehicle that is more than 15 years old on January 1, 2024 that has been registered in Vermont and has not had a change in ownership since January 1, 2024.
- Sec. 29. 23 V.S.A. § 2016 is amended to read:

## § 2016. COMMISSIONER TO CHECK IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The Commissioner, upon receiving application for a first certificate of title or exempt vehicle title, shall check the identification number of the vehicle shown in the application against the records of vehicles required to be maintained by section 2017 of this title and against the record of stolen and converted vehicles required to be maintained by section 2084 of this title.

Sec. 30. 23 V.S.A. § 2021 is amended to read:

## § 2021. REFUSAL OF CERTIFICATE

The Commissioner shall refuse issuance of a certificate of title or an exempt vehicle title if any required fee is not paid or if he or she the Commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe that:

\* \* \* Vessels \* \* \*

\* \* Fire Extinguishers \* \* \*

Sec. 31. 23 V.S.A. § 3306 is amended to read:

§ 3306. LIGHTS AND EQUIPMENT

\* \* \*

- (c) Every motorboat, except a motorboat that is less than 26 feet in length, that has an outboard motor and an open construction, and is not carrying passengers for hire shall carry on board, fully charged and in good condition, U.S. Coast Guard-approved hand portable fire extinguishers U.S. Coast Guard-approved hand portable fire extinguishers that are unexpired, fully charged, and in both good and serviceable condition shall be carried on board every motorboat as follows:
- (1) motorboats with no fixed fire extinguisher system in the machinery space and that are:
  - (A) less than 26 feet in length, not less than one extinguisher;
- (B) 26 feet or longer, but less than 40 feet, <u>not less than</u> two extinguishers; <u>and</u>
  - (C) 40 feet or longer, not less than three extinguishers-; and
- (2) motorboats with a fixed fire extinguisher system in the machinery space and that are:
  - (A) less than 26 feet in length, no extinguishers required;
- (B) 26 feet or longer but less than 40 feet, <u>not less than</u> one extinguisher; <u>and</u>
  - (B)(C) 40 feet or longer, <u>not less than</u> two extinguishers.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (c) of this section, motorboats less than 26 feet in length, propelled by outboard motors, and not carrying passengers for hire need not carry portable fire extinguishers if the construction of the boats will not permit the entrapment of explosive or flammable gases or vapors.

- (e)(1) The extinguishers referred to by this section are class B-I or 5-B extinguishers, but one class B-II or 20-B extinguisher may be substituted for two class B-I or 5-B extinguishers.
- (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, motorboats with a model year between 1953 and 2017 with previously approved fire extinguishers that are not in compliance with the types identified in subdivision (1) of this subsection need not be replaced until such time as they are no longer in good and serviceable condition.
- (e)(f) Every marine toilet on board any vessel operated on the waters of the State shall also incorporate or be equipped with a holding tank. Any holding tank or marine toilet designed so as to provide for an optional means of discharge to the waters on which the vessel is operating shall have the discharge openings sealed shut and any discharge lines, pipes, or hoses shall be disconnected and stored while the vessel is in the waters of this State.
- (f)(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the discharge of adequately treated wastes from any vessel operating under the provisions of a valid discharge permit issued by the Department of Environmental Conservation.
- (g)(h) Motorboats operated on waters that the U.S. Coast Guard has determined to be navigable waters of the United States and therefore subject to the jurisdiction of the United States must have lights and other safety equipment as required by U.S. Coast Guard rules and regulations.
  - \* \* \* Vermont Numbering Provisions \* \* \*
- Sec. 32. 23 V.S.A. § 3307(a) is amended to read:
- (a) A motorboat is not required to have a Vermont number under this chapter if it is:
- (1) already covered by a number in effect that has been awarded to it under federal law or a federally approved numbering system of another state if the boat has not been within the State for more than 90 60 days;
- (2) a motorboat from a country other than the United States if the boat has not been within the State for more than 90 60 days;

\* \* \*

## \* \* \* Commercial Driver's Licenses and Permits; Prohibition on Masking or Diversion \* \* \*

Sec. 33. 23 V.S.A. § 4122 is amended to read:

## § 4122. DEFERRING IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE; PROHIBITION ON MASKING OR DIVERSION

- (a) No judge or court, State's Attorney, or law enforcement officer may utilize the provisions of 13 V.S.A. § 7041 or any other program to defer imposition of sentence or judgment if the defendant holds a commercial driver's license or was operating a commercial motor vehicle when the violation occurred and is charged with violating any State or local traffic law other than a parking violation.
- (b) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 384.226, no court, State's Attorney, or law enforcement officer may mask or allow an individual to enter into a diversion program that would prevent a commercial learner's permit holder's or commercial driver's license holder's conviction for any violation, in any type of motor vehicle, of a state or local traffic control law other than parking, vehicle weight, or vehicle defect violations from appearing on the Commercial Driver's License Information System (CDLIS) driver record.

\* \* \* Airbags \* \* \*

Sec. 34. 13 V.S.A. § 2026 is amended to read:

### § 2026. INSTALLATION OF OBJECT IN LIEU OF AIR BAG

- (a) No person shall knowingly:
- (1) manufacture, import, distribute, offer for sale, sell, lease, transfer, install, or reinstall, or knowingly cause to be installed, or cause to be reinstalled: a counterfeit automobile supplemental restraint system component, a nonfunctional airbag, or
- (1) an object in lieu of a vehicle air bag that was designed in accordance with the federal safety regulation an automobile supplement restraint system component, when the object does not comply with the requirements of 49 C.F.R. § 571.208, as amended, for the make, model, and year of a vehicle; or
- (2) an inoperable vehicle air bag, knowing the air bag is inoperable install or reinstall as an automobile supplemental restraint system component anything that causes the diagnostic system for a motor vehicle to fail to warn the motor vehicle operator that an airbag is not installed or fail to warn the motor vehicle operator that a counterfeit automobile supplemental restraint system component or nonfunctional airbag is installed in the motor vehicle.

- (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section shall be imprisoned for not more than three years or fined not more than \$10,000.00, or both.
- (c) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section, and serious bodily injury, as defined in section 1021 of this title, or death results, shall be imprisoned for not more than 15 years or fined not more than \$10,000.00, or both.
- (d) Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to the sale, lease, transfer, installation, or reinstallation of an airbag in a motor vehicle exclusively used for law enforcement.

### (e) As used in this section:

- (1) "Airbag" means an inflatable restraint device for occupants of motor vehicles that is part of an automobile supplemental restraint system.
- (2) "Automobile supplemental restraint system" means a passive inflatable crash protection system that a vehicle manufacturer designs to protect automobile occupants in the event of a collision in conjunction with a seat belt assembly, as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 571.209, and that consists of one or more airbags and all components required to ensure that each airbag:
  - (A) operates as designed in a crash; and
- (B) meets federal motor vehicle safety standards for the specific make, model, and year of manufacture of the vehicle in which the airbag is installed.
- (3) "Counterfeit automobile supplemental restraint system component" means a replacement component, including an airbag, for an automobile supplemental restraint system that without the authorization of a manufacturer, or a person that supplies parts to the manufacturer, displays a trademark that is identical or substantially similar to the manufacturer's or supplier's genuine trademark.
- (4) "Install" and "reinstall" require the completion of installation work related to the automobile supplemental restraint system of a motor vehicle and either:
  - (A) for the motor vehicle to be returned to the owner or operator; or
  - (B) for the transfer of title for the motor vehicle.
  - (5) "Nonfunctional airbag" means a replacement airbag that:
    - (A) was previously deployed or damaged;

- (B) has a fault that the diagnostic system for a motor vehicle detects once the airbag is installed;
  - (C) may not be sold or leased under 49 U.S.C. § 30120(j); or
- (D) includes a counterfeit automobile supplemental restraint system component or other part or object that is installed for the purpose of misleading a motor vehicle owner or operator into believing that a functional airbag is installed.
- (6) "Nonfunctional airbag" does not include an unrepaired deployed airbag or an airbag that is installed in a motor vehicle:
- (A) that is a totaled motor vehicle, as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 2001(14); or
- (B) for which the owner was issued a salvaged certificate of title pursuant to 23 V.S.A. § 2091 or a similar title from another state.

\* \* \* Effective Dates \* \* \*

### Sec. 35. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, this section and Sec. 28 (certificate of title exemptions; 23 V.S.A. § 2012) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2024.
- (b) Secs. 14 and 15 (tinted windows; 23 V.S.A. § 1125) shall take effect on July 1, 2026.
  - (c) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

### **Senate Resolution for Notice**

#### S.R. 15.

Senate resolution relating to adoption of temporary Rule 44A.

**PENDING QUESTION:** Shall the resolution be adopted?

(For Text of resolution, see Senate Journal for Thursday, February 8, 2024, page 90)

## **ORDERED TO LIE**

### S. 94.

An act relating to the City of Barre tax increment financing district.

#### CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR ACTION

#### **Concurrent Resolutions For Action Under Joint Rule 16**

The following joint concurrent resolutions have been introduced for approval by the Senate and House. They will be adopted by the Senate unless a Senator requests floor consideration before the end of the session. Requests for floor consideration should be communicated to the Secretary's Office.

**H.C.R. 148 - 150** (For text of Resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar of February 8, 2024)

#### CONFIRMATIONS

The following appointments will be considered by the Senate, as a group, under suspension of the Rules, as moved by the President *pro tempore*, for confirmation together and without debate, by consent thereby given by the Senate. However, upon request of any senator, any appointment may be singled out and acted upon separately by the Senate, with consideration given to the report of the Committee to which the appointment was referred, and with full debate; <u>and further</u>, all appointments for the positions of Secretaries of Agencies, Commissioners of Departments, Judges, Magistrates, and members of the Public Utility Commission, underlined below, shall be fully and separately acted upon.

<u>Alexander N. Burke</u> of Arlington – Superior Court Judge – Senator Sears for the Committee on Judiciary (2/1/2024)

<u>Susan Ann McManus</u> of Manchester – Superior Court Judge – Senator Sears for the Committee on Judiciary (2/1/2024)

<u>Navah C. Spero</u> of Richmond – Superior Court Judge – Senator Vyhovsky for the Committee on Judiciary (2/1/2024)

### NOTICE OF JOINT ASSEMBLY

Thursday, February 15, 2024 - 10:30 A.M. – House Chamber - Election of an Adjutant and Inspector General, and two legislative Trustees of the Vermont State Colleges Corporation.

The following rules shall apply to the conduct of these elections:

<u>First</u>: All nominations for these offices will be presented in alphabetical order prior to voting.

<u>Second</u>: There will be only one nominating speech of not more than three (3) minutes and not more than two seconding speeches of not more than one (1) minute each for each nominee.

Friday, March 1, 2024 - 10:30 A.M. – House Chamber - Election of a Sergeant at Arms.

Candidates for the position of Sergeant at Arms, must notify the Secretary of State **in writing** of their candidacies not later than Friday, February 23, 2024, by 4:00 P.M., pursuant to the provisions of 2 V.S.A. §12(b). Otherwise their names will not appear on the ballots for these positions.

The following rules shall apply to the conduct of this election:

<u>First</u>: All nominations for this office will be presented in alphabetical order prior to voting.

<u>Second</u>: There will be only one nominating speech of not more than three (3) minutes and not more than two seconding speeches of not more than one (1) minute each for each nominee.

#### JFO NOTICE

Grants and Positions that have been submitted to the Joint Fiscal Committee by the Administration, under 32 V.S.A. §5(b)(3):

JFO #3176: \$250,000.00 to the Agency of Human Services, Department of Mental Health from the National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors. These funds will increase rapid access to behavioral health care by supporting the peer service component of the mental health urgent care clinic being established in Chittenden County. This clinic will offer an alternative to seeking mental health care in emergency departments.

[Received January 11, 2024]

JFO #3177: \$2,543,564.00 to the Agency of Natural Resources, Secretary's Office from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Funding is phase one of a two-phase funding opportunity aimed to support Vermont with climate change mitigation planning efforts. A comprehensive climate action plan will be developed, to overlap with and be synonymous to the required update to Vermont's Climate Action Plan in 2025.

[Received January 12, 2024]

JFO #3178: \$456,436.00 to the Agency of Natural Resources, Secretary's Office from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Funds will support (1) limited-service position, Environmental Analyst IV. This position will serve as administrative lead developing the updated Climate Action Plan with the Vermont Climate Council and perform added work required by the EPA grant. Position is funded through 6/30/2027.

[Received January 11, 2024]

**JFO** #3179: Two (2) limited-service positions. One (1) to the Department of Mental Health, Project AWARE Lead Coordinator and one (1) to the Agency of Education, Project AWARE Co-Coordinator. The positions will liaison to coordinate and expand the state's efforts to develop sustainable infrastructure for school-based mental health. Both positions are fully funded through 9/29/28 from previous SAMHSA grant award JFO #2934.

[Received January 26, 2024]

**JFO** #3180: One (1) limited-service position, Administrative Services Director III, to the Agency of Administration, Recovery Office. Position will ensure that flood recovery projects are integrated with existing state and federal programs. Will also ensure compliance and tracking of already awarded grants as well as those anticipated in the wake of the July 2023 flooding event. Position is funded through already approved JFO Request #3165 as well as Acts 74 (2021) and 185 (2022). The position is fully funded through 7/31/2027.

[Received January 31, 2024]

JFO #3181: \$409,960.00 to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development, Department of Housing and Community Development from the U.S. Department of the Interior/National Park Service. Funds will be used for the preservation, repair, and restoration of the Old Constitution House, located in Windsor, Vermont. The first Constitution of Vermont was adopted on this site, then known as Elijah West's Tavern, on July 8, 1777. [Note: A State match of \$53,714.00 is accomplished within the agency budget through the reduction of a fraction of an existing position base and existing capital bill funds.]

[Received January 31, 2024]

**JFO** #3182: \$125,000.00 to Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Environmental Conservation from the New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission to expand current monitoring of cyanotoxins in Lake Champlain and Vermont inland lakes.

[Received January 31, 2024]

JFO #3183: \$182,500.00 to the Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation. Funds will be used to complete the purchase of a conservation easement on a 183-acre parcel of land in Townshend, Vermont (Peterson Farm). [Note: Remainder of the easement (\$82,500) is supported by a State appropriation agreement between the department and the VHCB. Closing costs, including department staff time, is funded by already budgeted federal funds. Ongoing enforcement costs are managed by the department's

Lands and Facilities Trust Fund. A \$15,000.00 stewardship contribution to this fund will be made by the landowner at the time of the sale.]

[Received January 31, 2024]

JFO #3184: Three (3) limited-service positions to the Agency of Human Services, Department of Health. One (1) Substance Abuse Program Evaluator, funded through 8/31/28; and one (1) Public Health Specialist II, and one (1) Family Service Specialist both funded through 9/29/2024. The positions are fully funded by previously approved JFO requests #3036 and #1891. These positions will support Vermont's Overdose Data to Action program and the Maternal Mortality Review Panel.

[Received January 31, 2024]

**JFO** #3185: \$70,000.00 to the Attorney General's Office from the Sears Consumer Protection and Education Fund to improve accessibility and outreach of the Vermont Consumer Assistance Program to underserved populations in Vermont.

[Received January 31, 2024]

# FOR INFORMATION ONLY CROSSOVER DATES

The Joint Rules Committee established the following crossover deadlines:

- (1) All **Senate/House** bills must be reported out of the last committee of reference (including the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means, except as provided below in (2) and the exceptions listed below) on or before **Friday, March 15, 2024**, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day.
- (2) All **Senate/House** bills referred pursuant to Senate Rule 31 or House Rule 35(a) to the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means must be reported out by the last of those committees on or before Friday, March 22, 2024, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day.

**Note**: The Senate will not act on bills that do not meet these crossover deadlines, without the consent of the Senate Rules Committee.

Exceptions to the foregoing deadlines include the major money bills (Appropriations "Big Bill", Transportation Spending Bill, Capital Construction Bill, Pay Bill, and Miscellaneous Tax Bill).