systems

1	S.184
2	Introduced by Senators Gulick, Chittenden and Hashim
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Motor vehicles; traffic enforcement; traffic violations; moving
6	violations; automated law enforcement; traffic cameras; automated
7	license plate recognition systems; automated traffic law enforcement
8	systems
9	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to authorize
10	automated law enforcement in work zones; at locations with an increased
11	incidence of crashes or speeding, or both; and at intersections with traffic
12	control signals through the use of automated traffic law enforcement (ATLE)
13	systems that utilize radar and cameras and, in some instances, automated
14	license plate recognition (ALPR) systems for the enforcement of monetary
15	civil penalty only speeding violations and red-light violations against the
16	registered owner of the violating motor vehicle.
17	An act relating to the use of automated traffic law enforcement (ATLE)

1	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
2	Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. chapter 15 is amended to read:
3	CHAPTER 15. POWERS OF ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
4	Subchapter 1. General Provisions
5	§ 1600. DEFINITION
6	Notwithstanding subdivision 4(4) of this title, as used in this chapter,
7	"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Public Safety.
8	* * *
9	Subchapter 2. Automated Law Enforcement
10	§ 1605. DEFINITIONS
11	As used in this subchapter:
12	(1) "Active data" is distinct from historical data as defined in
13	subdivision (5) of this section and means data uploaded to individual
14	automated license plate recognition system units before operation as well as
15	data gathered during the operation of an ALPR system. Any data collected by
16	an ALPR system in accordance with section 1607 of this subchapter shall be
17	considered collected for a legitimate law enforcement purpose.
18	(2) "Agency" or "law enforcement agency" means an entity of State
19	government authorized under Vermont law to issue a Vermont civil violation
20	complaint for a violation of State motor vehicle laws or rules that employs at

1	least one law enforcement officer certified in ALPR or ATLE operation by the
2	Vermont Criminal Justice Council.
3	(3) "Automated license plate recognition system" or "ALPR system"
4	means a system of one or more mobile or fixed high-speed cameras combined
5	with computer algorithms to convert images of registration number plates into
6	computer-readable data.
7	(4) "Automated traffic law enforcement system" or "ATLE system"
8	means a device with one or more sensors working in conjunction with a speed
9	measuring device to produce recorded images of the rear registration number
10	plates of motor vehicles traveling at more than 10 miles above the speed limit
11	or going through a steady red signal in violation of section 1022 of this title.
12	(5) "Historical data" means any data collected by an ALPR system and
13	stored on the statewide automated law enforcement server operated by the
14	Vermont Justice Information Sharing System of the Department of Public
15	Safety. Any data collected by an ALPR system in accordance with section
16	1607 of this subchapter shall be considered collected for a legitimate law
17	enforcement purpose.
18	(6) "Law enforcement officer" means a State Police officer, municipal
19	police officer, motor vehicle inspector, Capitol Police officer, constable,
20	sheriff, or deputy sheriff certified by the Vermont Criminal Justice Council as
21	a Level II or Level III law enforcement officer under 20 V.S.A. § 2358.

1	(7) "Legitimate law enforcement purpose" applies to access to active or
2	historical data and means investigation, detection, analysis, or enforcement of a
3	crime or of a commercial motor vehicle violation or a person's defense against
4	a charge of a crime or commercial motor vehicle violation, or operation of
5	AMBER alerts or missing or endangered person searches.
6	(8) "Owner" means the registered owner of a motor vehicle or a lessee
7	of a motor vehicle under a lease of one year or more.
8	(9) "Recorded image" means a photograph, microphotograph, electronic
9	image, or electronic video that shows, clearly enough to identify, the rear
10	registration number plate of a motor vehicle that has activated the radar
11	component of an ATLE system by traveling past the ATLE system at more
12	than 10 miles above the speed limit or by going through a steady red signal in
13	violation of section 1022 of this title.
14	(10) "Vermont Intelligence Center analyst" means any sworn or civilian
15	employee who through employment with the Vermont Intelligence Center
16	(VIC) has access to secure storage systems that support law enforcement
17	investigations.
18	§ 1606. AUTOMATED TRAFFIC LAW ENFORCEMENT SYSTEMS;
19	SPEEDING; RED-LIGHT VIOLATIONS
20	(a) Use. Deployment of ATLE systems by Vermont law enforcement
21	agencies is intended to provide automated law enforcement for speeding and

1	red-light violations in instances of insufficient staffing or inherent on-site
2	difficulties in such a way so as to improve work crew safety and reduce traffic
3	crashes resulting from an increased adherence to traffic laws achieved by
4	effective deterrence of potential violators, which could not be achieved by
5	traditional law enforcement methods. Deployment of ATLE systems by
6	Vermont law enforcement agencies is not intended to replace traditional law
7	enforcement personnel, nor is it intended to mitigate problems caused by
8	deficient road design, construction, or maintenance.
9	(b) Operation. A Vermont law enforcement officer shall be certified in
10	ATLE operation by the Vermont Criminal Justice Council in order to operate
11	an ATLE system.
12	(c) Locations. An automated traffic law enforcement system may only be
13	utilized:
14	(1) at a location in the vicinity of a work zone and if the agency with
15	jurisdiction over the location determines, in its sole discretion, that it may be
16	impractical or unsafe to utilize traditional law enforcement methods or that the
17	use of traditional law enforcement personnel has failed to deter violators,
18	provided that:
19	(A) the agency confirms, through a traffic engineering analysis of the
20	proposed location, that the location meets highway safety standards;

1	(B) the ATLE system is not used as a means of combating
2	deficiencies in roadway design or environment;
3	(C) at least two signs notifying members of the traveling public of the
4	use of an ATLE system are in place before any recorded images or other data
5	is collected by the ATLE system;
6	(D) there is a sign at the end of the work zone;
7	(E) the ATLE system is only in operation when workers are present
8	in the work zone and at least one of the signs required under subdivision (C) of
9	this subdivision (1) indicates whether the ATLE system is currently in
10	operation; and
11	(F) there is notice of the use of the ATLE system on the agency's
12	website, including the location and typical hours when workers are present and
13	the ATLE system is in operation;
14	(2) at additional locations with a high incidence of crashes or speeding,
15	or both, if the agency with jurisdiction over the location determines, in its sole
16	discretion, that it may be impractical or unsafe to utilize traditional law
17	enforcement methods or that the use of traditional law enforcement personnel
18	has failed to deter violators, provided that:
19	(A) the Agency of Transportation confirms, through a traffic
20	engineering analysis of the proposed location, that the location meets highway
21	safety standards;

1	(B) the ATLE system is not used as a means of combating
2	deficiencies in roadway design or environment;
3	(C) at least two signs notifying members of the traveling public of the
4	use of an ATLE system are in place before any recorded images or other data
5	is collected by the ATLE system; and
6	(D) there is notice of the use of the ATLE system, including its
7	location, on the Department of Public Safety's and the Agency of
8	Transportation's websites and, as applicable, the municipality with jurisdiction
9	over the location's website; and
10	(3) any intersections controlled by a traffic-control signal, provided that:
11	(A) at least two signs notifying members of the traveling public of
12	the use of an ATLE system are in place before any recorded images or other
13	data is collected by the ATLE system; and
14	(B) there is notice of the use of the ATLE system, including its
15	location, on the Department of Public Safety's and the Agency of
16	Transportation's websites and, as applicable, the municipality with jurisdiction
17	over the location's website.
18	(d) Daily log.
19	(1) The law enforcement agency that deploys an ATLE system in
20	accordance with this section must maintain a daily log for each deployed
21	ATLE system that includes:

1	(A) the date, time, and location of the ATLE system setup; and
2	(B) the name of the law enforcement officer that performed any self-
3	tests required by the ATLE system manufacturer and the results of those self-
4	tests.
5	(2) The daily log shall be retained in perpetuity and admissible in any
6	proceeding for a violation involving ATLE systems deployed by the law
7	enforcement agency.
8	(e) Annual calibration. All ATLE systems shall undergo an annual
9	calibration check performed by a calibration laboratory. The calibration
10	laboratory shall issue a signed certificate of calibration after the annual
11	calibration check, which shall be retained in perpetuity and admissible in any
12	proceeding for a violation involving the ATLE system.
13	(f) Penalty.
14	(1) The owner of the motor vehicle bearing the rear registration number
15	plate captured in a recorded image shall be liable for one of the following civil
16	penalties unless, for the violation in question, the owner is convicted of
17	exceeding the speed limit under chapter 13 of this title, going through a red
18	light in violation of section 1022 of this title, or has a defense under subsection
19	(h) of this section:
20	(A) \$0.00, which shall be exempt from surcharges under 13 V.S.A.
21	§ 7282(a), and a written warning for a first violation within 12 months;

1	(B) for a second violation within 12 months:
2	(i) \$2.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
3	vehicle is going 11-20 miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a non-
4	work zone;
5	(ii) \$4.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
6	vehicle is going 11-20 miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a work
7	zone;
8	(iii) \$2.50 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
9	vehicle is going 21-30 miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a non-
10	work zone;
11	(iv) \$5.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
12	vehicle is going 21-30 miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a work
13	zone;
14	(v) \$4.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
15	vehicle is going 31 or more miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a
16	non-work zone;
17	(vi) \$8.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
18	vehicle is going 31 or more miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a
19	work zone; and
20	(vii) \$75.00 for going through a red light in violation of section
21	1022 of this title; and

1	(C) for a third or subsequent violation within 12 months:
2	(i) \$4.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
3	vehicle is going 11-20 miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a non-
4	work zone;
5	(ii) \$8.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
6	vehicle is going 11–20 miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a work
7	zone;
8	(iii) \$5.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
9	vehicle is going 21-30 miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a non-
10	work zone;
11	(iv) \$10.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
12	vehicle is going 21–30 miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a work
13	zone;
14	(v) \$8.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
15	vehicle is going 31 or more miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a
16	non-work zone;
17	(vi) \$16.00 per mile per hour over the posted speed limit if the
18	vehicle is going 31 or more miles per hour over the posted speed limit in a
19	work zone; and
20	(vii) \$150.00 for going through a red light in violation of section
21	1022 of this title.

1	(2) The owner of the motor vehicle bearing the rear registration number
2	plate captured in a recorded image shall not be deemed to have committed a
3	crime or moving violation unless otherwise convicted under another section of
4	this title, and a violation of this section shall not be made a part of the
5	operating record of the owner or considered for insurance purposes.
6	(g) Notice and complaint.
7	(1) An action to enforce this section shall be initiated by issuing a
8	Vermont civil violation complaint to the owner of a motor vehicle bearing the
9	rear registration number plate captured in a recorded image and mailing the
10	Vermont civil violation complaint to the owner by U.S. mail.
11	(2) The civil violation complaint shall:
12	(A) be based on an inspection of recorded images and data produced
13	by one or more ATLE systems or one or more ATLE and ALPR systems;
14	(B) be issued, sworn, and affirmed by the law enforcement officer
15	that inspected the recorded images and data;
16	(C) enclose copies of applicable recorded images and at least one
17	recorded image showing the rear registration number plate of the motor
18	vehicle;
19	(D) include the date, time, and place of the violation;
20	(E) include the applicable civil penalty amount and the dates, times,
21	and places for any prior violations from the prior 12 months;

1	(F) include the waiver penalty for the violation in question when the
2	Vermont civil violation complaint is issued without the use of an ATLE system
3	and include a clear explanation that had the complaint been issued without the
4	use of an ATLE system the waiver penalty would have been the greater
5	amount; and
6	(G) include written verification that the ATLE system was operating
7	correctly at the time of the violation and the date of the most recent inspection
8	that confirms the ATLE system to be operating properly.
9	(3) In the case of a violation involving a motor vehicle registered under
10	the laws of this State, the civil violation complaint shall be mailed within
11	30 days after the violation to the address of the owner as listed in the records of
12	the Department of Motor Vehicles.
13	(4) In the case of a violation involving a motor vehicle registered under
14	the laws of a jurisdiction other than this State, the notice of violation shall be
15	mailed within 30 days after the discovery of the identity of the owner to the
16	address of the owner as listed in the records of the official in the jurisdiction
17	having charge of the registration of the motor vehicle and shall be invalid
18	unless provided to the owner within 90 days after the violation.
19	(5) The civil violation and complaint shall include the following text:

1	This civil violation and complaint shall be returned personally, by mail, or
2	by an agent duly authorized in writing within 30 days after issuance. A
3	hearing may be obtained upon the written request of the registered owner.
4	(h) Defenses. The following shall be defenses to a violation under this
5	section:
6	(1) that the vehicle was reported to an agency as stolen prior to the time
7	the violation occurred and was not recovered prior to the time the violation
8	occurred;
9	(2) that the individual receiving the notice of violation was no longer the
10	owner at the time of the violation; and
11	(3) that a component of the ATLE system was not properly calibrated or
12	tested at the time of the violation.
13	(i) Contest or payment.
14	(1) Contest. Notwithstanding 4 V.S.A. chapter 29, an owner may,
15	within 30 days after the issuance of the Vermont civil violation complaint,
16	request a hearing in writing on the prescribed form returned to the Vermont
17	Judicial Bureau. Upon receipt, the Bureau shall schedule a hearing and
18	hearings shall be held pursuant to 4 V.S.A. § 1106 and appealable pursuant to
19	4 V.S.A. § 1107.
20	(2) Admission.

1	(A) Notwithstanding 4 V.S.A. chapter 29, failure to request a hearing
2	pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection (i) shall be deemed an admission
3	of responsibility for the violation and, if there is a civil penalty provided in the
4	Vermont civil violation complaint, payment shall be made personally, through
5	an authorized agent, electronically, or by U.S. mail to the Vermont Judicial
6	Bureau within 90 days after the issuance of the Vermont civil violation
7	complaint.
8	(B) Payment of the civil penalty shall operate as a final disposition of
9	the case.
10	(C) If payment is not received by the Vermont Judicial Bureau within
11	90 days after the issuance of the Vermont civil violation complaint, the
12	payment shall be treated as if owed under 4 V.S.A. § 1109 and the Vermont
13	Judicial Bureau may turn the matter over to a designated collection agency.
14	(j) Retention.
15	(1) All recorded images shall be sent to the Department of Public Safety
16	to be retained pursuant to the requirements of subdivision (2) of this
17	subsection. The Department of Public Safety shall maintain the automated
18	traffic law enforcement storage system for Vermont law enforcement agencies.
19	(2) A recorded image shall only be retained for 12 months after the date
20	it was obtained or until the resolution of the applicable violation and the appeal
21	period if the violation is contested. When the retention period has expired, the

1	Department of Public Safety and any law enforcement agency with custody of
2	the recorded image shall destroy it and cause to have destroyed any copies or
3	backups made of the original recorded image.
4	(k) Review process and annual report.
5	(1) The Department of Public Safety, in consultation with the Agency of
6	Transportation, shall establish a review process to ensure that recorded images
7	are used only for the purposes permitted by this section. The Department of
8	Public Safety shall report the results of this review annually on or before
9	January 15 to the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary and on
10	Transportation. The report shall contain the following information based on
11	prior calendar year data:
12	(A) the total number of ATLE system units being operated by law
13	enforcement agencies in the State;
14	(B) the total number of law enforcement officers certified in ATLE
15	operation;
16	(C) all of the locations where an ATLE system was deployed along
17	with the dates and hours that the ATLE system was in operation;
18	(D) the number of violations issued based on recorded images and
19	the outcomes of those violations by category, including first, second, and third
20	and subsequent violations and contested violations;

1	(E) the number of recorded images each agency submitted to the
2	automated traffic law enforcement storage system;
3	(F) the total amount paid in civil penalties; and
4	(G) any recommended changes for the use of ATLE systems in
5	<u>Vermont.</u>
6	(2) Notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), the annual report required under
7	this section shall continue to be required if an ATLE system is deployed in the
8	State unless the General Assembly takes specific action to repeal the report
9	requirement.
10	(l) Limitations.
11	(1) ATLE systems shall only record violations of this section and shall
12	not be used for any other surveillance purposes.
13	(2) Recorded images shall only be accessed to determine if a violation
14	of this section was committed in the prior 12 months.
15	(3)(A) Recorded images are exempt from public inspection and copying
16	under the Public Records Act
17	(B) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 317(e), the Public Records Act
18	exemption created in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (I)(3) shall continue in
19	effect and shall not be repealed through operation of 1 V.S.A. § 317(e).
20	(m) Rulemaking. The Department of Public Safety may adopt rules
21	pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to implement this section.

1	§ 1607. AUTOMATED LICENSE PLATE RECOGNITION SYSTEMS
2	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:
3	(1) "Active data" is distinct from historical data as defined in
4	subdivision (3) of this subsection and means data uploaded to individual
5	automated license plate recognition system units before operation as well as
6	data gathered during the operation of an ALPR system. Any data collected by
7	an ALPR system in accordance with this section shall be considered collected
8	for a legitimate law enforcement purpose.
9	(2) "Automated license plate recognition system" or "ALPR system"
10	means a system of one or more mobile or fixed high speed cameras combined
11	with computer algorithms to convert images of registration plates into
12	computer-readable data.
13	(3) "Historical data" means any data collected by an ALPR system and
14	stored on the statewide ALPR server operated by the Vermont Justice
15	Information Sharing System of the Department of Public Safety. Any data
16	collected by an ALPR system in accordance with this section shall be
17	considered collected for a legitimate law enforcement purpose.
18	(4) "Law enforcement officer" means a State Police officer, municipal
19	police officer, motor vehicle inspector, Capitol Police officer, constable,
20	sheriff, or deputy sheriff certified by the Vermont Criminal Justice Council as

21 a level II or level III law enforcement officer under 20 V.S.A. § 2358.

1	(5) "Legitimate law enforcement purpose" applies to access to active or
2	historical data, and means investigation, detection, analysis, or enforcement of
3	a crime or of a commercial motor vehicle violation or a person's defense
4	against a charge of a crime or commercial motor vehicle violation, or operation
5	of AMBER alerts or missing or endangered person searches.
6	(6) "Vermont Intelligence Center analyst" means any sworn or civilian
7	employee who through his or her employment with the Vermont Intelligence
8	Center (VIC) has access to secure databases that support law enforcement
9	investigations.
10	(b) Operation. A Vermont law enforcement officer shall be certified in
11	ALPR operation by the Vermont Criminal Justice Council in order to operate
12	an ALPR system.
13	(e)(b) ALPR use and data access; confidentiality.
14	(1)(A) Deployment of ALPR equipment by Vermont law enforcement
15	agencies is intended to provide access to law enforcement reports of wanted or
16	stolen vehicles and wanted persons and to further other legitimate law
17	enforcement purposes. Use of ALPR systems by law enforcement officers and
18	access to active data are restricted to legitimate law enforcement purposes.
19	(B) Active data may be accessed by a law enforcement officer
20	operating the ALPR system only if he or she the law enforcement officer has a

legitimate law enforcement purpose for the data. Entry of any data into the

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system other than data collected by the ALPR system itself must be approved by a supervisor and shall have a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

- (C)(i) Requests to access active data shall be in writing and include the name of the requester, the law enforcement agency the requester is employed by, if any, and the law enforcement agency's Originating Agency Identifier (ORI) number. To be approved, the request must provide specific and articulable facts showing that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the data are relevant and material to an ongoing criminal, missing person, or commercial motor vehicle investigation or enforcement action. The written request and the outcome of the request shall be transmitted to VIC and retained by VIC for not less than three years.
- (ii) In each department operating an ALPR system, access to active data shall be limited to designated personnel who have been provided account access by the department to conduct authorized ALPR stored data queries. Access to active data shall be restricted to data collected within the past seven days.
- (2)(A) A VIC analyst shall transmit historical data only to a Vermont or out-of-state law enforcement officer or person who has a legitimate law enforcement purpose for the data. A law enforcement officer or other person to whom historical data are transmitted may use such data only for a legitimate law enforcement purpose. Entry of any data onto the statewide ALPR server

automated traffic law enforcement storage system other than data collected by an ALPR system itself must be approved by a supervisor and shall have a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

- (B) Requests for historical data within six months of after the date of the data's creation, whether from Vermont or out-of-state law enforcement officers or other persons, shall be made in writing to a VIC analyst. The request shall include the name of the requester, the law enforcement agency the requester is employed by, if any, and the law enforcement agency's ORI number. To be approved, the request must provide specific and articulable facts showing that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the data are relevant and material to an ongoing criminal, missing person, or commercial motor vehicle investigation or enforcement action. VIC shall retain all requests and shall record in writing the outcome of the request and any information that was provided to the requester or, if applicable, why a request was denied or not fulfilled. VIC shall retain the information described in this subdivision (e)(2)(B) (b)(2)(B) for no not fewer than three years.
- (C) After six months from the date of its creation, VIC may only disclose historical data:
- (i) pursuant to a warrant if the data are not sought in connection with a pending criminal charge; or

1	(ii) to the prosecution or the defense in connection with a pending
2	criminal charge and pursuant to a court order issued upon a finding that the
3	data are reasonably likely to be relevant to the criminal matter.
4	(3) Active data and historical data shall not be subject to subpoena or
5	discovery, or be admissible in evidence, in any private civil action.
6	(4) Notwithstanding any contrary provisions of subdivision (2) of this
7	subsection, in connection with commercial motor vehicle screening,
8	inspection, and compliance activities to enforce the Federal Motor Carrier
9	Safety Regulations, the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV):
10	(A) may maintain or designate a server for the storage of historical
11	data that is separate from the statewide server automated traffic law
12	enforcement storage system;
13	(B) may designate a DMV employee to carry out the same
14	responsibilities as a VIC analyst and a supervisor as specified in subdivision
15	(2) of this subsection (b); and
16	(C) shall have the same duties as the VIC with respect to the
17	retention of requests for historical data.
18	(d)(c) Retention.
19	(1) Any ALPR information gathered by a Vermont law enforcement
20	agency shall be sent to the Department of Public Safety to be retained pursuant
21	to the requirements of subdivision (2) of this subsection. The Department of

Public Safety shall maintain the ALPR <u>automated traffic law enforcement</u> storage system for Vermont law enforcement agencies.

- (2) Except as provided in this subsection and section 1608 of this title, information gathered by a law enforcement officer through use of an ALPR system shall only be retained for 18 months after the date it was obtained. When the permitted 18-month period for retention of the information has expired, the Department of Public Safety and any local law enforcement agency with custody of the information shall destroy it and cause to have destroyed any copies or backups made of the original data. Data may be retained beyond the 18-month period pursuant to a preservation request made or disclosure order issued under section 1608 of this title or pursuant to a warrant issued under Rule 41 of the Vermont or Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
 - (e)(d) Oversight; rulemaking.
- (1) The Department of Public Safety, in consultation with the Department of Motor Vehicles, shall establish a review process to ensure that information obtained through use of ALPR systems is used only for the purposes permitted by this section. The Department of Public Safety shall report the results of this review annually on or before January 15 to the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary and on Transportation. The report shall contain the following information based on prior calendar year data:

1	(A) the total number of ALPR units being operated by government
2	agencies in the State, the number of such units that are stationary, and the
3	number of units submitting data to the statewide ALPR database automated
4	traffic law enforcement storage system;
5	(B) the number of ALPR readings each agency submitted, and the
6	total number of all such readings submitted, to the statewide ALPR database
7	automated traffic law enforcement storage system;
8	(C) the 18-month cumulative number of ALPR readings being
9	housed on the statewide ALPR database automated traffic law enforcement
10	storage system as of the end of the calendar year;
11	(D) the total number of requests made to VIC for historical data, the
12	average age of the data requested, and the number of these requests that
13	resulted in release of information from the statewide ALPR database
14	automated traffic law enforcement storage system;
15	(E) the total number of out-of-state requests to VIC for historical
16	data, the average age of the data requested, and the number of out-of-state
17	requests that resulted in release of information from the statewide ALPR
18	database automated traffic law enforcement storage system;
19	(F) the total number of alerts generated on ALPR systems operated

by law enforcement officers in the State by a match between an ALPR reading

1	and a plate number on an alert database storage system and the number of
2	these alerts that resulted in an enforcement action;
3	(G) the total number of criminal, missing person, and commercial
4	motor vehicle investigations and enforcement actions to which active data
5	contributed, and a summary of the nature of these investigations and
6	enforcement actions;
7	(H) the total number of criminal, missing person, and commercial
8	motor vehicle investigations and enforcement actions to which historical data
9	contributed, and a summary of the nature of these investigations and
10	enforcement actions; and
11	(I) the total annualized fixed and variable costs associated with all
12	ALPR systems used by Vermont law enforcement agencies and an estimate of
13	the total of such costs per unit.
14	(2) Before January 1, 2018, the The Department of Public Safety shall
15	may adopt rules to implement this section.
16	§ 1608. PRESERVATION OF DATA
17	(a) Preservation request.
18	(1) A law enforcement agency or the Department of Motor Vehicles or
19	other person with a legitimate law enforcement purpose may apply to the
20	Criminal Division of the Superior Court for an extension of up to 90 days of

the 18-month retention period established under subdivision 1607(d)(2) of this

must be preserved.

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1	title subchapter if the agency or Department offers specific and articulable
2	facts showing that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the captured
3	plate data are relevant and material to an ongoing criminal or missing persons
4	investigation or to a pending court or Judicial Bureau proceeding involving
5	enforcement of a crime or of a commercial motor vehicle violation. Requests
6	for additional 90-day extensions or for longer periods may be made to the
7	Superior Court subject to the same standards applicable to an initial extension
8	request under this subdivision.
9	(2) A governmental entity making a preservation request under this
10	section shall submit an affidavit stating:
11	(A) the particular camera or cameras for which captured plate data
12	must be preserved or the particular license plate for which captured plate data
13	must be preserved; and
14	(B) the date or dates and time frames for which captured plate data

(b) <u>Destruction</u>. Captured plate data shall be destroyed on the schedule

specified in section 1607 of this title subchapter if the preservation request is

denied or 14 days after the denial, whichever is later.

1	Sec. 2. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:
2	§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION
3	(a) The Judicial Bureau is created within the Judicial Branch under the
4	supervision of the Supreme Court.
5	(b) The Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:
6	(1) Traffic violations alleged to have been committed on or after July 1,
7	1990.
8	* * *
9	(33) Automated traffic law enforcement violations issued pursuant to
10	23 V.S.A. § 1606.
11	* * *
12	Sec. 3. RULEMAKING
13	The Department of Public Safety shall either adopt rules as permitted under
14	23 V.S.A. §§ 1606(m) and 1607(d)(2) as added or amended by Sec. 1 of this
15	act to be effective not later than July 1, 2025 or shall file a written report with
16	the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary and on Transportation not later
17	than March 1, 2025 explaining why rules regulating automated traffic law
18	enforcement systems or automated license plate recognition systems, or both,
19	are not necessary.

1	Sec. 4. OUTREACH
2	(a) The Department of Public Safety, in consultation with the Agency of
3	Transportation, shall implement a public outreach campaign not later than
4	January 1, 2025 that, at a minimum, addresses:
5	(1) the use of automated traffic law enforcement (ATLE) systems in
6	work zones; locations with a high incidence of crashes or speeding, or both;
7	and at intersections controlled by traffic-control signals within the State;
8	(2) what recorded images captured by ATLE systems will show;
9	(3) the legal significance of recorded images captured by ATLE
10	systems; and
11	(4) the process to challenge and defenses to a Vermont civil violation
12	complaint issued based on a recorded image captured by an ATLE system.
13	(b) The public outreach campaign shall disseminate information on ATLE
14	systems through the Department of Public Safety's web page and through other
15	mediums such as social media platforms, community posting websites, radio,
16	television, and printed materials.
17	Sec. 5. REPEAL OF PROSPECTIVE REPEAL
18	2013 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 3(b), as amended by 2015 Acts and
19	Resolves No. 32, Sec. 1, 2016 Acts and Resolves No. 169, Sec. 6, 2018 Acts
20	and Resolves No. 175, Sec. 1, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 134, Sec. 3, and

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- 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 147, Sec. 34 (July 1, 2024 repeal of Automated
- 2 <u>License Plate Recognition system standards</u>), is repealed.
- 3 Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATES
- 4 (a) Secs. 1 (powers of enforcement officers; 23 V.S.A. chapter 15) and 2
- 5 (Judicial Bureau jurisdiction; 4 V.S.A. § 1102) shall take effect on July 1,
- 6 <u>2025.</u>
- 7 (b) All other sections shall take effect on passage.