1 S.47 2 Introduced by Senators Lyons, Sears and Chittenden 3 Referred to Committee on Health and Welfare 4 Date: January 27, 2023 5 Subject: Health; mental health; transportation; custody; restraint 6 Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to repeal 7 authority related to a mental health professional transporting and taking into 8 temporary custody an individual for whom a warrant for emergency 9 examination is pending. It also proposes to prioritize the use of soft restraints 10 over the use of mechanical restraints when the use of restraints is necessary. 11 An act relating to the transport of individuals requiring psychiatric care 12 It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont: 1 18 VS A 8 7505 is amended to read. 13 § 7505. WAPRANT AND CERTIFICATE FOR EMERGENCY 14 **EXAMINATION** 15 16 (a) In emergency circumstances where certification by a <u>licensed</u> physician is not available without serious and unreasonable delay and when personal 17 18 observation of the conduct of a person constitutes reasonable grounds to 19

believe that the person is a person in need of treatment, and he or she the

| parcon presents an immediate rick of serious injury to himself or herself self or |
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| others if not restrained, a law enforcement officer or mental health |
| professional may make an application, not accompanied by a physician's |
| certificate, o any Superior judge for a warrant for an emergency examination. |
| (b) The law enforcement officer or mental health professional may take the |

- (b) The law enforcement officer or mental health professional may take the person into temporary custody and transport the person to a hospital, police barracks, or another sair location in accordance with section 7511 of this title.

 The law enforcement officer or mental health professional shall apply to the court without delay for the warrant while the person is in temporary custody.
- (c) If the judge is satisfied that a physician's certificate is not available without serious and unreasonable delay, and that probable cause exists to believe that the person is in need of an emergency examination, he or she the judge may order the person to submit to an evaluation by a licensed physician for that purpose.
- (d) If necessary, the court may order the law enforcement officer or mental health professional to transport the person, in accordance with section 7511 of this title, to a hospital for an evaluation by a licensed physician to determine if the person should be certified for an emergency examination.
- (e) A person transported pursuant to subsection (d) of this section shall be evaluated as soon as possible after arrival at the hospital. If after evaluation the licensed physician determines that the person is a person in need of

| 1 | treatment, he or she the licensed physician shall issue an initial cartificate that |
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| 2 | sets forth the facts and circumstances constituting the need for an emergency |
| 3 | examination and showing that the person is a person in need of treatment. |
| 4 | Once the <u>licensed</u> physician has issued the initial certificate, the person shall |
| 5 | be held for an emergency examination in accordance with section 7508 of this |
| 6 | title. If the <u>licensed</u> physician does not certify that the person is a person in |
| 7 | need of treatment, he or the the licensed physician shall immediately discharge |
| 8 | the person and cause him or her the person to be returned to the place from |
| 9 | which he or she the person was taken, or to such place as the person |
| 10 | reasonably directs. |
| 11 | Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 7511 is amended to read: |
| 12 | § 7511. TRANSPORTATION |
| 13 | (a) The Commissioner shall ensure that all rea onable and appropriate |
| 14 | measures consistent with public safety are made to transport or escort a person |
| 15 | subject to this chapter to and from any emergency department or inpatient |
| 16 | setting, including escorts within a designated hospital or the Vermont State |
| 17 | Hospital or its successor in interest or otherwise being transported under the |
| 18 | jurisdiction of the Commissioner in any manner which that: |

(1) prevents physical and psychological trauma;

(2) respects the privacy of the individual, and

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| 1 | (3) represents the least restrictive means necessary for the safety of the |
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| 2 | patient. |
| 3 | (b) The Commissioner shall have the authority to designate the |
| 4 | professionals or law enforcement officers who may authorize the method of |
| 5 | transport of patients under the Commissioner's care and custody. |
| 6 | (c) When a professional or law enforcement officer designated pursuant to |
| 7 | subsection (b) of this section decides an individual is in need of secure |
| 8 | transport with mechanical restraints, the reasons for such determination shall |
| 9 | be documented in writing. |
| 10 | (d) It is the policy of the State of Vermont that mechanical restraints are |
| 11 | not routinely used on persons subject to this chapter unless circumstances |
| 12 | dictate that such methods are necessary. If a law enforcement officer or mental |
| 13 | health professional deems it necessary to use restraints, soft restraints shall be |
| 14 | considered as a first option. A law enforcement officer and mental health |
| 15 | professional shall have soft restraints available for use, and mechanical |
| 16 | restraints shall not be used as a substitute for soft restraints if the soft restraints |
| 17 | are otherwise deemed adequate for safety. |
| 18 | Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE |
| 19 | This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023. |

Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 7505 is amended to read:

§ 7505. WARRANT AND CERTIFICATE FOR EMERGENCY EXAMINATION

- (a) In emergency circumstances where certification by a <u>licensed</u> physician is not available without serious and unreasonable delay, and when personal observation of the conduct of a person constitutes reasonable grounds to believe that the person is a person in need of treatment, and he or she the <u>person</u> presents an immediate risk of serious injury to himself or herself self or others if not restrained, a law enforcement officer or mental health professional may make an application, not accompanied by a physician's certificate, to any Superior judge for a warrant for an emergency examination.
- (b) The law enforcement officer or mental health professional may take the person into temporary custody. The law enforcement officer, or a mental health professional if clinically appropriate, may transport the person to a hospital, police barracks, or another safe location in accordance with section 7511 of this title. The law enforcement officer or mental health professional shall apply to the court without delay for the warrant while the person is in temporary custody.
- (c) If the judge is satisfied that a physician's certificate is not available without serious and unreasonable delay, and that probable cause exists to believe that the person is in need of an emergency examination, he or she the judge may order the person to submit to an evaluation by a licensed physician for that purpose.
- (d) If necessary, the court may order the law enforcement officer or mental health professional to transport the person, in accordance with section 7511 of this title, to a hospital for an evaluation by a licensed physician to determine if the person should be certified for an emergency examination.
- (e) A person transported pursuant to subsection (d) of this section shall be evaluated as soon as possible after arrival at the hospital. If after evaluation the licensed physician determines that the person is a person in need of treatment, he or she the licensed physician shall issue an initial certificate that sets forth the facts and circumstances constituting the need for an emergency examination and showing that the person is a person in need of treatment. Once the licensed physician has issued the initial certificate, the person shall be held for an emergency examination in accordance with section 7508 of this title. If the licensed physician does not certify that the person is a person in need of treatment, he or she the licensed physician shall immediately discharge the person and cause him or her the person to be returned to the place from which he or she the person was taken, or to such place as the person

reasonably directs.

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 7511 is amended to read:

§ 7511. TRANSPORTATION

- (a) The Commissioner shall ensure that all reasonable and appropriate measures consistent with public safety are made to transport or escort a person subject to this chapter to and from any <u>emergency department or</u> inpatient setting, including escorts within a designated hospital or the Vermont State Hospital or its successor in interest or otherwise being transported under the jurisdiction of the Commissioner in any manner which that:
 - (1) prevents physical and psychological trauma;
 - (2) respects the privacy of the individual; and
- (3) represents the least restrictive means necessary for the safety of the patient.
- (b) The Commissioner shall have the authority to designate the professionals or law enforcement officers who may authorize the method of transport of patients under the Commissioner's care and custody.
- (c) When a professional or law enforcement officer designated pursuant to subsection (b) of this section decides an individual is in need of secure transport with mechanical restraints, the reasons for such determination shall be documented in writing.
- (d) It is the policy of the State of Vermont that mechanical restraints are not routinely used on persons subject to this chapter unless circumstances dictate that such methods are necessary. A law enforcement vehicle shall have soft restraints available for use as a first option, and mechanical restraints shall not be used as a substitute for soft restraints if the soft restraints are otherwise deemed adequate for safety.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.