section governing probation.

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1	S.15
2	Introduced by Senators Sears, Baruth, Hashim, Lyons and Vyhovsky
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Criminal procedures; sentencing; presumptive probation
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes an initiative to
7	help create greater racial equity in sentencing. To achieve this goal, the bill
8	establishes presumptive probation for nonviolent felonies and misdemeanors
9	for first-time offenders. The bill permits prosecutors to file a motion and
10	present evidence to rebut the presumption and argue for an alternative

sentence. A defendant may also present evidence in response supporting

relevant factors and issue a written decision. The court's decision is

appealable to the Vermont Supreme Court. The bill also reorganizes the

definitions of nonviolent felonies and misdemeanors into the "definitions"

presumptive probation. The court hearing the motion must consider certain

An act relating to establishing presumptive probation for nonviolent crimes

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1	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
2	Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 7031 is amended to read:
3	§ 7031. FORM OF SENTENCES; MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM TERMS
4	* * *
5	(d) A person who receives a zero minimum sentence or presumptive
6	probation pursuant to subdivision 205(a) of this title for a conviction of a
7	nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301
8	201 shall report to probation and parole as directed by the court and begin to
9	serve the sentence in the community immediately, unless the person is serving
10	a prior sentence at the time.
11	Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 7554 is amended to read:
12	§ 7554. RELEASE PRIOR TO TRIAL
13	(a) Release; conditions of release. Any person charged with an offense,
14	other than a person held without bail under section 7553 or 7553a of this title,
15	shall at his or her the person's appearance before a judicial officer be ordered
16	released pending trial in accordance with this section.
17	(1) The defendant shall be ordered released on personal recognizance or
18	upon the execution of an unsecured appearance bond in an amount specified by
19	the judicial officer unless the judicial officer determines that such a release will
20	not reasonably mitigate the risk of flight from prosecution as required. In

determining whether the defendant presents a risk of flight from prosecution,

1 the judicial officer shall consider, in addition to any other factors, the 2 seriousness of the offense charged and the number of offenses with which the 3 person is charged. If the officer determines that the defendant presents a risk 4 of flight from prosecution, the officer shall, either in lieu of or in addition to 5 the methods of release in this section, impose the least restrictive of the 6 following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following 7 conditions that will reasonably mitigate the risk of flight of the defendant as 8 required: 9

(A) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him or her the defendant if the defendant is charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301 201.

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- (2) If the judicial officer determines that conditions of release imposed to mitigate the risk of flight will not reasonably protect the public, the judicial officer may impose in addition the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following conditions that will reasonably ensure protection of the public:
- (A) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him or her the defendant if the defendant is

supervision of the Commissioner.

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1	charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent
2	felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301 201.
3	* * *
4	Sec. 3. 28 V.S.A. § 201 is amended to read:
5	§ 201. DEFINITIONS
6	Whenever As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning plainly is
7	required, "probation":
8	(1) "Nonviolent felony" means an offense that is not a listed crime as
9	defined in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(7) or an offense involving sexual exploitation of
10	children in violation of 13 V.S.A. chapter 64.
11	(2) "Nonviolent misdemeanor" means a misdemeanor offense that is not
12	a listed crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(7) or an offense involving sexual
13	exploitation of children in violation of 13 V.S.A. chapter 64 or 13 V.S.A.
14	<u>§ 1030.</u>
15	(3) "Probation" means a procedure under which a respondent, found
16	guilty of a crime upon verdict or plea, is released by the court, without
17	confinement, subject to conditions imposed by the court and subject to the

1 Sec. 4. 28 V.S.A. § 205 is amended to read:

## 2 § 205. PROBATION

- (a)(1) After passing sentence, a court may suspend all or part of the sentence and place the person so sentenced in the care and custody of the Commissioner upon such conditions and for such time as it may prescribe in accordance with law or until further order of court.
  - (1) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the sentence is suspended, and the person is placed on probation, for first-time offenders adjudicated guilty of a nonviolent misdemeanor or a nonviolent felony unless the person voluntarily waives the presumption of probation.
  - (2) The term of probation for misdemeanors shall be for a specific term not to exceed two years unless the court, in its sole discretion, specifically finds that the interests of justice require a longer or an indefinite period of probation. The State may file a motion and present evidence requesting that an alternative sentence to presumptive probation is appropriate. The State shall have the burden of proof to rebut the presumption of probation by a preponderance of the evidence. The defendant shall have the right to respond to a motion filed pursuant to this subdivision and present evidence in support of presumptive probation. The court may hold a hearing on the motion at its discretion. In considering whether an alternative sentence is appropriate, the court shall consider relevant factors, including:

1	(A) whether the offense was committed with the use of a dangerous
2	weapon;
3	(B) whether the person used threats or coercion in the commission of
4	the offense; and
5	(C) the age and vulnerability of the victim, whether the person was in
6	a position of responsibility or trust over the victim, or whether the individual
7	abused a public position of responsibility or trust.
8	(3)(A) The term of probation for nonviolent felonies shall not exceed
9	four years or the statutory maximum term of imprisonment for the offense,
10	whichever is less, unless the court, in its sole discretion, specifically finds that
11	the interests of justice require a longer or an indefinite period of probation. If
12	the State meets its burden, the court shall issue a written order specifying an
13	appropriate alternative sentence pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7030. The court shall
14	state the reasons for the alternative sentence in its order. Referral to a
15	community reparative board pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7030(2), on its own, shall
16	not be considered a sufficient alternative sentence to presumptive probation.
17	(B) As used in this subdivision, "nonviolent felonies" means an
18	offense that is not:
19	(i) a listed crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(7); or
20	(ii) an offense involving sexual exploitation of children in
21	violation of 13 V.S.A. chapter 64. A decision of the Superior Court under this

subdivision may be appealed as a matter of right to the Supreme Court. The court's order shall not be stayed pending appeal unless the person subject to probation is reasonably likely to prevail on appeal.

- (4) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the court from terminating the period of probation and discharging a person pursuant to section 251 of this title. The term of probation for misdemeanors shall be for a specific term not to exceed two years unless the court, in its sole discretion, specifically finds that the interests of justice require a longer or an indefinite period of probation.
- (5) The probation officer of a person on probation for a specific term shall review the person's case file during probation and, not less than 45 days prior to the expiration of the probation term, may file a petition with the court requesting the court to extend the period of probation for a specific term not to exceed one year in order to provide the person the opportunity to complete programming consistent with special conditions of probation. A hearing on the petition for an extension of probation under this subsection shall comply with the procedures set forth in Rule 32.1 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal Procedure. The term of probation for nonviolent felonies shall not exceed four years or the statutory maximum term of imprisonment for the offense, whichever is less, unless the court, in its sole discretion, specifically finds that the interests of justice require a longer or an indefinite period of probation.

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1	(6) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the court from terminating
2	the period of probation and discharging a person pursuant to section 251 of this
3	<u>title.</u>
4	(7) The probation officer of a person on probation for a specific term
5	shall review the person's case file during probation and, not less than 45 days
6	prior to the expiration of the probation term, may file a petition with the court
7	requesting the court to extend the period of probation for a specific term not to
8	exceed one year in order to provide the person the opportunity to complete
9	programming consistent with special conditions of probation. A hearing on the
10	petition for an extension of probation under this subsection shall comply with
11	the procedures set forth in Rule 32.1 of the Vermont Rules of Criminal
12	Procedure.
13	* * *
14	Sec. 4. 28 V.S.A. § 301 is amended to read:
15	§ 301. SUMMONS OR ARREST OF PROBATIONER
16	* * *
17	(5) Release of certain persons on probation for nonviolent offenses.
18	(A) At arraignment, if the court finds that bail or conditions of
19	release will reasonably ensure the probationer's appearance at future

proceedings and conditions of release will reasonably protect the public, the

1	court shall release a probationer who is on probation for a nonviolent
2	misdemeanor or nonviolent felony pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7554.
3	(B) As used in this section:
4	(i) "Nonviolent felony" means a felony offense that is not a listed
5	crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(7) or an offense involving sexual
6	exploitation of children in violation of 13 V.S.A. chapter 64.
7	(ii) "Nonviolent misdemeanor" means a misdemeanor offense that
8	is not a listed crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(7) or an offense involving
9	sexual exploitation of children in violation of 13 V.S.A. chapter 64 or 13
10	V.S.A. § 1030.
11	Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE
12	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.