1	H.795
2	Introduced by Representatives Cina of Burlington, Cole of Hartford, Headrick
3	of Burlington, Logan of Burlington, Priestley of Bradford, and
4	Sammis of Castleton
5	Referred to Committee on
6	Date:
7	Subject: Corrections; education; workforce development
8	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to create an
9	earned allowance program for individuals under the custody of the
10	Commissioner of Corrections. The earned allowance program permits
11	individuals to accrue monetary allowances to use towards the cost of
12	educational advancement, medication costs, housing expenses, and work-
13	related expenses. To the extent possible, the program shall use a contingency
14	management approach with a focus on rewards rather than punishment for
15	compliant behavior and engagement in community-based services. This bill
16	also proposes to expand correctional workforce development and vocational
17	training by permitting partnerships with nonprofit and for-profit business to
18	assist in training with a focus on Vermont's most needed industries, like health
19	care, construction, and agriculture.

1 2	An act relating to the creation of an earned allowance program and other workforce development for justice-involved individuals
3	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
4	Sec. 1. 28 V.S.A. § 806 is amended to read:
5	§ 806. <u>EARNED</u> ALLOWANCES TO INMATES ; <u>CREATION OF</u>
6	ACCOUNTS
7	It shall be within the discretion of the Commissioner to authorize the
8	payment of allowances, from funds appropriated by the Legislature, to inmates
9	of any correctional facility for the purpose of allowing the inmates to purchase
10	personal articles and to meet other incidental expenses. The Commissioner
11	shall have the authority to establish rules and regulations governing the
12	issuance and administration of the allowances.
13	(a) On or before September 1, 2025, the Department of Corrections shall
14	file a proposed rule pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 25 implementing an earned
15	allowance program to become effective on January 1, 2026. The
16	Commissioner shall adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this chapter as an
17	emergency rule and concurrently propose them as a permanent rule. The
18	emergency rule shall be deemed to meet the standard for the adoption of
19	emergency rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 844(a).
20	(b) The earned allowance program implemented pursuant to this section
21	shall comply with the following standards:

(1) The program shall be available for all sentenced and detained
individuals who meet the requirements pursuant to this section, including those
on furlough, probation, and parole. To the extent possible, the program shall
use a contingency management approach for participants of the program, with
a focus on rewards rather than punishments, for compliance with program
requirements.
(A) Individuals residing at a correctional facility shall use the
program to contribute towards the cost of obtaining a higher education degree
or other credential awarded by an accredited institution of higher education.
(B) Individuals subject to community supervision shall use the
program for educational costs in accordance with subdivision (A) of this
subdivision (1); for medication costs; for housing expenses; and for work-
related expenses.
(i) Individuals who are subject to medication-assisted treatment as
part of reentry planning pursuant to subsection 801(d) of this title or drug
screenings as a condition of the individual's community supervision, or both,
may earn an allowance to assist with medication costs.
(ii) An allowance shall be earned for every successful drug
screening in an amount determined by the Commissioner, in consultation with
the Agency of Human Services and stakeholders with lived experience in the

1	criminal justice system, based on clinical best practices for contingency
2	management.
3	(C) Individuals currently serving a sentence shall be eligible to begin
4	earning an allowance when the earned allowance program becomes effective.
5	(2) Individuals shall earn a monetary allowance for each month during
6	which the individual is not adjudicated of a major disciplinary rule violation.
7	The monetary allowance shall be in an amount determined by the
8	Commissioner, in consultation with the Agency of Human Services and
9	stakeholders with lived experience in the criminal justice system, based on
10	clinical best practices for contingency management. However, the monetary
11	allowance amount shall not be less than the State's minimum wage.
12	(3) An individual who receives postadjudication treatment in a
13	residential setting for a substance use disorder shall earn a monetary allowance
14	for each day that the offender receives the inpatient treatment. The monetary
15	allowance shall be in an amount determined by the Commissioner, in
16	consultation with the Agency of Human Services and stakeholders with lived
17	experience in the criminal justice system, based on clinical best practices for
18	contingency management. However, the monetary allowance amount shall not
19	be less than the State's minimum wage.
20	(4) The Department shall:

1	(A) create checking or savings accounts for all individuals enrolled in
2	the program; and
3	(B) maintain a system that documents and records all allowances
4	earned in each individual's permanent record.
5	(c) It shall be within the discretion of the Commissioner, in consultation
6	with the Agency of Human Services and stakeholders with lived experience in
7	the criminal justice system, to authorize the payment of allowances, from funds
8	appropriated by the General Assembly, to individuals residing at a correctional
9	facility for the purpose of allowing the individual to purchase personal articles
10	and to meet other incidental expenses.
11	Sec. 2. 28 V.S.A. § 751b is amended to read:
12	§ 751b. GENERAL PROVISIONS GOVERNING OFFENDER RESIDENT
13	WORK
14	(a) To improve social determinants of health, to return value to
15	communities, to assist victims of crime, to reduce recidivism, to establish good
16	habits of work and responsibility, to promote the vocational training of
17	offenders individuals residing at a correctional facility, to pursue initiatives
18	with private business to enhance offender employment opportunities for
19	residents, to build a strong workforce, and to reduce the cost of operation of
20	the Department of Corrections and of other State agencies, and to foster a
21	vibrant, affordable, and equitable economy offenders residents may be

1	employed in the production and delivery of goods, services, and foodstuffs to
2	communities, to victims of crime, to correctional facilities, to other State
3	agencies, and to other public or private entities authorized by this subchapter.
4	To accomplish these purposes, the Commissioner, in consultation with the
5	Agency of Human Services and other stakeholders with lived experience in the
6	criminal justice system, may establish and maintain industries, farms, and
7	institutional work programs at appropriate correctional facilities or other
8	locations, plus community service work programs throughout the State. The
9	Commissioner, in consultation with the Agency of Human Services and other
10	stakeholders with lived experience in the criminal justice system, shall ensure
11	that residents are trained in the State's most needed vocations and industries,
12	including health care, construction, and agriculture.
13	(b) An offender A resident shall not be required to engage in unreasonable
14	labor or to perform any work for which he or she the resident is declared unfit
15	by a physician employed or retained by the Department.
16	(c) The Commissioner, in consultation with the Agency of Human
17	Services, the Department of Labor, and stakeholders with lived experience in
18	the criminal justice system, shall establish written guidelines based on
19	prevailing wages, hours, and working conditions to governing govern the hours
20	and conditions of offender resident work, and the rates of compensation of

offenders residents for employment. Wage payments of offenders residents

shall be set aside in a separate fund <u>or checking or savings accounts pursuant</u>
to subdivision 806(b)(4)(A) of this title. Not less than half the amount of any
wage payments shall be deposited into the checking of savings accounts of
residents in an effort to provide economic opportunity and to promote recovery
upon reentry into the community. The guidelines of the Department may
provide for the making of deductions from wages of offenders residents to
defray part or all of the cost of offender resident maintenance or payments to
victims of crime. The guidelines may also provide for the setting aside by the
Department of a portion of an offender's a resident's wages to enable the
offender resident to contribute to the support of his or her the resident's
dependents, if any; to make necessary purchases from a commissary; to
purchase approved books, instruments, and instruction not supplied by a
correctional facility; and to set aside sums to be paid to the offender resident
upon release from the custody or supervision of the Commissioner <u>pursuant to</u>
section 806 of this title. Any interest that accrues from these wages during the
period of such custody of an offender a resident shall be credited to a checking
or savings account established pursuant to subdivision 806(b)(4)(A) of this title
or any fund maintained by the correctional facility for the welfare of offenders
residents.

1	(d) The labor, work product, or time of an offender a resident may be sold,
2	contracted, or hired out by the State with the informed, written consent of the
3	resident and without any coercion of the resident, only:
4	(1) To the federal government.
5	(2) To any state or political subdivision of a state, or to any nonprofit
6	organization that is exempt from federal or state income taxation, subject to
7	federal law, to the laws of the recipient state, and to the rules of the
8	Department, provided that the Commissioner or designee may disapprove any
9	future sales of offender produced goods or services to any nonprofit
10	organization.
11	(3) To any private person or enterprise not involving the provision of the
12	federally authorized Prison Industries Enhancement Program, provided that the
13	Commissioner or designee shall first determine that the offender resident work
14	product in question is not otherwise produced or available within the State.
15	(4) To charitable organizations where the offender resident work
16	product is the handicraft of offenders residents and the Commissioner or
17	designee, in consultation with the Agency of Human Services and stakeholders
18	with lived experience in the criminal justice system, has approved such sales in
19	advance.
20	(5) To political subdivisions of the State, community organizations,

private persons, or enterprises when the Governor has authorized the work of

offenders residents as necessary and appropriate as a response to a civil emergency.

- (e) Offender Resident work programs managers shall seek to offset production, service, and related costs from product and service sales; however, this financial objective of offsetting the costs to the Department of servicing and supervising offender resident work programs shall not be pursued to the detriment of accomplishing the purposes of offender resident work programs set out in subsection (a) of this section or to the detriment of private businesses as safeguarded by section 761 of this title.
- (f) The Department of Corrections shall, in any new initiative involving sales of <u>offender resident</u> work products, seek to use the provisions of the federally authorized Prison Industries Enhancement Program.
- (g) [Repealed.]
- (h) The Commissioner, in consultation with the Agency of Human Services and stakeholders with lived experience in the criminal justice system, shall consult and collaborate with the Commissioner of Labor at least annually to seek funding and support for vocational training for offenders residents to help offenders residents achieve a successful transition from the custody of the Commissioner to private life. The Commissioner and the Agency of Human Services shall partner with community nonprofit and for-private industries to provide vocational training. To the extent feasible, any vocational training

- program for offenders residents shall incorporate the professional training
- 2 standards applicable to the construction and other trades, and industries,
- 3 existing in the private sector.
- 4 Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE
- 5 This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.