1	H.659
2	An act relating to banking, insurance, and securities
3	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
4	Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. § 6032 is amended to read
5	§ 6032. DEFINITIONS
6	As used in this subchapter, unless the context requires otherwise:
7	* * *
8	(7) "Sponsored captive insurance company" means any captive
9	insurance company:
10	(A) in which the minimum capital and surplus required by applicable
11	law is provided by one or more sponsors;
12	(B) that is formed or licensed under the provisions of this chapter;
13	(C) that insures the risks only of its participants or, subject to
14	Commissioner approval, other parties unaffiliated with a participant as defined
15	in subsection 6036(d) of this title, through separate participant contracts; and
16	(D) that funds its liability to each participant through one or more
17	protected cells and segregates the assets of each protected cell from the assets
18	of other protected cells and from the assets of the sponsored captive insurance
19	company's general account.
20	(8) "Controlled unaffiliated entity" means any person or entity:
21	(A) that is not in the corporate system of a participant and its
22	affiliated companies;

1	(B) that has an existing contractual relationship with a participant or
2	one of its affiliated companies; and
3	(C) whose risks are managed by a participant, as applicable, in
4	accordance with section 6019 of this title.
5	Sec. 2. 8 V.S.A. § 6034h is added to read:
6	§ 6034h. CONVERSION INTO PROTECTED CELL
7	(a)(1) Subject to the prior written approval of the Commissioner, a captive
8	insurance company domiciled in this State and organized as an agency captive
9	insurance company, association captive insurance company, industrial insured
10	captive insurance company, pure captive insurance company, risk retention
11	group, or special purpose financial insurance company may be converted into
12	an unincorporated protected cell.
13	(2) Any such conversion shall be subject to subchapters 1 and 4 of this
14	chapter, as applicable, as well as to a plan or plans of operation approved by
15	the Commissioner, without affecting the converted entity's assets, rights,
16	benefits, obligations, or liabilities.
17	(b) Any such conversion shall be deemed for all purposes to be a
18	continuation of such converted entity's existence together with all of its assets,
19	rights, benefits, obligations, and liabilities as a new protected cell. Any such
20	conversion shall be deemed to occur without any transfer or assignment of any
21	such assets, rights, benefits, obligations, or liabilities and without the creation

1	of any reversionary interest in, or impairment of, any such assets, rights,
2	benefits, obligations, and liabilities.
3	(c) Any such conversion shall not be construed to limit any rights or
4	protections applicable to any converted entity under this subchapter or under
5	subchapter 1 or 4 of this chapter, as applicable, that existed immediately prior
6	to the date of such conversion.
7	(d)(1) Any entity converting into a protected cell pursuant to this section
8	shall perform such conversion in accordance with:
9	(A) the provisions of 11A V.S.A. chapter 11 if the converted entity
10	was a corporation;
11	(B) the provisions of 11 V.S.A. chapter 25, subchapter 10 if the
12	converted entity was a limited liability company; or
13	(C) the provisions applicable to any other type of entity permissible
14	under Vermont law if the converted entity was such an entity.
15	(2) As used in this subsection (d), a protected cell that is not an
16	incorporated protected cell shall be considered an "organization" as that term is
17	defined in 11A V.S.A. § 11.01 and 11 V.S.A. § 4141, an "other insurer" as that
18	term is defined in 8 V.S.A. § 6020, and an "entity" as that term is defined in
19	11C V.S.A. § 102.

Sec. 3. 8 V.S.A. § 6002(a)(10) is amended to read:

(10) Any captive insurance company that transfers risk by means of a

1

3	parametric contract shall comply with all applicable State and federal laws and
4	regulations. As used in this subdivision, "parametric contract" means a
5	contract to make a payment upon the occurrence of one or more specified
6	triggering events without proof of loss or obligation to indemnify. A
7	parametric contract is not an insurance contract.
8	Sec. 4. 8 V.S.A. § 6004 is amended to read:
9	§ 6004. MINIMUM CAPITAL AND SURPLUS; LETTER OF CREDIT
10	(a) Prior to issuing any policies of insurance or entering into any contracts
11	of reinsurance, each captive insurance company shall possess and thereafter
12	maintain unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus of:
13	(1) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, not less than
14	\$250,000.00;
15	(2) in the case of an association captive insurance company, not less
16	than \$500,000.00;
17	(3) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, not
18	less than \$500,000.00;
19	(4) in the case of an agency captive insurance company, not less than
20	\$500,000.00 <u>\$250,000.00;</u>
21	(5) in the case of a risk retention group, not less than \$1,000,000.00; and

1	(b) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, not less than
2	\$100,000.00.
3	* * *
4	Sec. 5. 8 V.S.A. § 6017 is amended to read:
5	§ 6017. CAPTIVE INSURANCE REGULATORY AND SUPERVISION
6	FUND
7	(a)(1) There is hereby created a fund to be known as the Captive Insurance
8	Regulatory and Supervision Fund for the purpose of providing the financial
9	means for the Commissioner of Financial Regulation to administer this
10	chapter, chapter 142, and chapter 142A of this title and for reasonable
11	expenses incurred in promoting the captive insurance industry in Vermont.
12	The transfer of 11 13 percent of the premium tax under subsection 6014(h) of
13	this title and all fees and assessments received by the Department pursuant to
14	the administration of these chapters shall be credited to this Fund. Of this
15	amount, not more than three percent of the premium tax under section 6014
16	may be expended by the Agency of Commerce and Community Development,
17	with approval of the Secretary of Administration, for promotional expenses.
18	All fees received by the Department from reinsurers who assume risk solely
19	from captive insurance companies and are subject to the provisions of
20	subsections 3634a(a) through (f) of this title shall be deposited into the Captive

1	Insurance Regulatory and Supervision Fund. All fines and administrative
2	penalties, however, shall be deposited directly into the General Fund.
3	* * *
4	Sec. 6. 8 V.S.A. § 6011 is amended to read:
5	§ 6011. REINSURANCE
6	* * *
7	(b) Any captive insurance company may take credit for the reinsurance of
8	risks or portions of risks ceded to reinsurers complying with the provisions of
9	subsections 3634a(a) through (e) of this title. Prior approval of the
10	Commissioner shall be required for ceding or taking credit for the reinsurance
11	of risks or portions of risks ceded to reinsurers not complying with subsections
12	3634a(a) through (e) of this title, except for business written by an alien
13	captive insurance company outside the United States.
14	* * *
15	Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 22 is amended to read:
16	§ 22. CONFIDENTIALITY AND INFORMATION-SHARING
17	AGREEMENTS
18	* * *
19	(f) The provisions of this section shall apply to information relating to
20	persons that engage in activities that are financial in nature, or incidental or
21	complementary to such financial activity within the meaning of 12 U.S.C. §

1	1843(k) and to credit unions; provided, however, this. This section shall also
2	apply to captives formed or licensed under the provisions of chapter 141 or 142
3	of this title only to the extent contemplated by 15 U.S.C. § 6716.
4	Sec. 8. 8 V.S.A. § 6002(c)(3) is amended to read:
5	(3) Information submitted pursuant to this subsection, including any
6	subsequent updates, amendments, or revisions of or to such information, shall
7	be and remain confidential, and may not be made public by the Commissioner
8	or an employee or agent of the Commissioner without the written consent of
9	the company, except that:
10	(A) such information may be discoverable by a party in a civil action
11	or contested case to which the captive insurance company that submitted such
12	information is a party, upon a showing by the party seeking to discover such
13	information that:
14	(i) the information sought is relevant to and necessary for the
15	furtherance of such action or case;
16	(ii) the information sought is unavailable from other
17	nonconfidential sources; and
18	(iii) a subpoena issued by a judicial or administrative officer of
19	competent jurisdiction has been submitted to the Commissioner; provided,
20	however, that the provisions of this subdivision (3) shall not apply to any risk
21	retention group; and The Commissioner may, in the Commissioner's

discretion, disclose or publish or authorize the disclosure or publication of a	<u>ny</u>
such record or report or any part thereof in the furtherance of legal or	
regulatory proceedings brought as a part of the Commissioner's official duti	es.
The Commissioner may, in the Commissioner's discretion, disclose or public	<u>ish</u>
or authorize the disclosure or publication of any such record or report or any	<u>/</u>
part thereof to criminal law enforcement authorities for use in the exercise o	<u>f</u>
such authority's duties in such manner as the Commissioner may deem prop	<u>er.</u>
(B) the The Commissioner may, in the Commissioner's discretion,	,
disclose such information to a public officer having jurisdiction over the	
regulation of insurance in another state and with other state, federal, or	
international agencies, provided that:	
(i) such public official shall agree in writing to maintain the	
confidentiality of such information; and	
(ii) the laws of the state or foreign government in which such	
public official serves require such information to be and to remain confident	tial.
(C) Neither the Commissioner nor any person who received	
documents pursuant to this subsection, material, or information while acting	Σ Γ
under the authority of the Commissioner shall be permitted or required to	
testify in any private civil action concerning any confidential documents,	
material, or information.	

1	(D) Nothing in this subsection (c) shall excuse the applicant from
2	making any required disclosure under this chapter.
3	Sec. 9. 8 V.S.A. § 6008(c) is amended to read:
4	(c) All Subdivision 6002(c)(3) of this title shall apply to all examination
5	reports, preliminary examination reports or results, working papers, recorded
6	information, documents and copies thereof produced by, obtained by, or
7	disclosed to the Commissioner or any other person in the course of an
8	examination made under this section are confidential and are not subject to
9	subpoena and may not be made public by the Commissioner or an employee o
10	agent of the Commissioner without the written consent of the company, excep
11	to the extent provided in this subsection. Nothing in this subsection shall
12	prevent the Commissioner from using such information in furtherance of the
13	Commissioner's regulatory authority under this title. The Commissioner may,
14	in the Commissioner's discretion, grant access to such information to public
15	officers having jurisdiction over the regulation of insurance in any other state
16	or country, or to law enforcement officers of this State or any other state or
17	agency of the federal government at any time, so long as such officers
18	receiving the information agree in writing to hold it in a manner consistent
19	with this section.

1	Sec. 10. 8 V.S.A. § 60480 is amended to read:
2	§ 6048o. CONFIDENTIALITY
3	(a) All Subdivision 6002(c)(3) and subsection 6008(c) of this title shall
4	apply to all documents, materials, or other information, including confidential
5	and privileged documents, examination reports, preliminary examination
6	reports or results, working papers, recorded information, and copies thereof
7	produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to the Commissioner or any other
8	person in the course of an examination made under this subchapter are
9	confidential and shall not be:
10	(1) subject to subpoena;
11	(2) subject to public inspection and copying under the Public Records
12	Act; or
13	(3) discoverable or admissible in evidence in any private civil action.
14	(b) In furtherance of his or her the Commissioner's regulatory duties, the
15	Commissioner may: share and receive documents, materials, or other
16	information pursuant to section 22 of this title.
17	(1) share documents, materials, or other information, including those
18	that are confidential and privileged, with other state, federal, or international
19	regulatory agencies and law enforcement authorities, the National Association
20	of Insurance Commissioners, the North American Securities Administrators
21	Association, self-regulatory organizations organized under 15 U.S.C. §§ 78f,

1	780-3, and 78q-1, and other self-regulatory organizations and their affiliates or
2	subsidiaries, provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the
3	confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material, or other
4	information;
5	(2) receive documents, materials, or information, including those that
6	are confidential and privileged, from other state, federal, and international
7	regulatory agencies and law enforcement authorities, the National Association
8	of Insurance Commissioners, the North American Securities Administrators
9	Association, self-regulatory organizations organized under 15 U.S.C. §§ 78f,
10	78o-3, and 78q-1, and other self-regulatory organizations and their affiliates or
11	subsidiaries and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document,
12	material, or information received with notice or the understanding that it is
13	confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of
14	the document, material, or information;
15	(3) enter into written agreements with other state, federal, and
16	international regulatory agencies and law enforcement authorities, the National
17	Association of Insurance Commissioners, the North American Securities
18	Administrators Association, self-regulatory organizations organized under 15
19	U.S.C. §§ 78f, 78o-3 and 78q-1, and other self-regulatory organizations and
20	their affiliates or subsidiaries governing sharing and use of information

consistent with this section, including agreements providing for cooperation

1	between the Commissioner and other agencies in relation to the activities of a
2	supervisory college; and
3	(4) participate in a supervisory college for any special purpose financial
4	insurer that is part of an affiliated group with international operations in order
5	to assess the insurer's compliance with Vermont laws and regulations, as well
6	as to assess the business strategy, financial condition, risk exposure, risk
7	management, governance processes, and legal and regulatory position.
8	(c) Prior to sharing information under subsection (b) of this section, the
9	Commissioner shall determine that sharing the information will substantially
10	further the performance of the regulatory or law enforcement duties of the
11	recipient and may not be made public by the Commissioner or an employee or
12	agent of the Commissioner without the written consent of the company, except
13	to the extent provided in subsection (b) of this section. [Repealed.]
14	Sec. 11. 8 V.S.A. § 6049m is amended to read:
15	§ 6049m. CONFIDENTIALITY
16	(a) All Subdivision 6002(c)(3) of this title and subsection 6008(c) of this
17	title shall apply to all documents, materials, and other information, including
18	confidential and privileged documents, examination reports, preliminary
19	examination reports or results, working papers, recorded information, and
20	copies of any of these produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to the

1	Commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination made under
2	this subchapter are confidential and shall not be:
3	(1) subject to subpoena;
4	(2) subject to public inspection and copying under the Public Records
5	Act; or
6	(3) discoverable or admissible in evidence in any private civil action.
7	(b) In furtherance of his or her the Commissioner's regulatory duties, the
8	Commissioner may: share and receive documents, materials, or other
9	information pursuant to section 22 of this title.
10	(1) share documents, materials, and other information, including those
11	that are confidential and privileged, with other state, federal, or international
12	regulatory agencies and law enforcement authorities, the National Association
13	of Insurance Commissioners, the North American Securities Administrators
14	Association, self-regulatory organizations organized under 15 U.S.C. §§ 78f,
15	78o-3, and 78q-1, and other self-regulatory organizations and their affiliates or
16	subsidiaries, provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the
17	confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials, and other
18	information;
19	(2) receive documents, materials, and information, including those that
20	are confidential and privileged, from other state, federal, and international
21	regulatory agencies and law enforcement authorities, the National Association

of Insurance Commissioners, the North American Securities Administrators
Association, self-regulatory organizations organized under 15 U.S.C. §§ 78f,
78o 3, and 78q 1, and other self-regulatory organizations and their affiliates or
subsidiaries and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document,
material, or information received with notice or the understanding that it is
confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of
the document, material, or information;
(3) enter into written agreements with other state, federal, and
international regulatory agencies and law enforcement authorities, the National
Association of Insurance Commissioners, the North American Securities
Administrators Association, self-regulatory organizations organized under 15
U.S.C. §§ 78f, 78o-3, and 78q-1, and other self-regulatory organizations and
their affiliates or subsidiaries governing the sharing and use of information
consistent with this section, including agreements providing for cooperation
between the Commissioner and other agencies in relation to the activities of a
supervisory college; and
(4) participate in a supervisory college for any affiliated reinsurance
company that is part of an affiliated group with international operations in
order to assess the insurer's compliance with Vermont laws and regulations, as
well as to assess its business strategy, financial condition, risk exposure, risk

management, governance processes, and legal and regulatory position.

1	(c) Prior to sharing information under subsection (b) of this section, the
2	Commissioner shall determine that sharing the information will substantially
3	further the performance of the regulatory or law enforcement duties of the
4	recipient and that the information shall not be made public by the
5	Commissioner or an employee or agent of the Commissioner without the
6	written consent of the company, except to the extent provided in subsection (b)
7	of this section. [Repealed.]
8	Sec. 12. 8 V.S.A. § 6033 is amended to read:
9	§ 6033. SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION MATERIALS
10	In addition to the information required by subdivisions 6002(c)(1) and (2)
11	of this title, and subject to the confidentiality provisions of subdivision
12	6002(c)(3) of this title, each applicant-sponsored captive insurance company
13	shall file with the Commissioner the following:
14	* * *
15	Sec. 13. 8 V.S.A. § 6034g is added to read:
16	§ 6034g. CONFIDENTIALITY
17	(a) Subdivision 6002(c)(3) and subsection 6008(c) of this title shall apply
18	to all documents, materials, or other information, including confidential and
19	privileged documents, examination reports, preliminary examination reports or
20	results, working papers, recorded information, and copies thereof produced by,

1	obtained by, or disclosed to the Commissioner or any other person in the
2	course of an examination made under this subchapter.
3	(b) In furtherance of the Commissioner's regulatory duties, the
4	Commissioner may share and receive documents, materials, or other
5	information pursuant to section 22 of this title.
6	Sec. 14. 8 V.S.A. § 6041 is amended to read:
7	§ 6041. ESTABLISHMENT OF A BRANCH CAPTIVE INSURANCE
8	COMPANY
9	(a) A branch captive insurance company may be established in this State in
10	accordance with the provisions of this chapter, including subdivision
11	6002(c)(3) of this chapter. In addition to the general provisions of this chapter
12	the provisions of this subchapter shall apply to branch captive insurance
13	companies.
14	* * *
15	Sec. 15. 8 V.S.A. § 6047a is added to read:
16	§ 6047a. CONFIDENTIALITY
17	(a) Subdivision 6002(c)(3) and subsection 6008(c) of this title shall apply
18	to all documents, materials, or other information, including confidential and
19	privileged documents, examination reports, preliminary examination reports or
20	results, working papers, recorded information, and copies thereof that are

1	produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to the Commissioner or any other
2	person in the course of an examination made under this subchapter.
3	(b) In furtherance of the Commissioner's duties, the Commissioner may
4	share and receive documents, materials, or other information pursuant to
5	section 22 of this title.
6	Sec. 16. 8 V.S.A. § 6052 is amended to read:
7	§ 6052. RISK RETENTION GROUPS CHARTERED IN THIS STATE
8	* * *
9	(c)(1) At the time of filing its application for charter, the risk retention
10	group shall provide to the Commissioner in summary form the following
11	information:
12	* * *
13	(2) The applicant may bind separately any portions of the application or
14	any amendment thereto that contain proprietary information or documents and
15	request confidential treatment of such portions. As used in this section,
16	"proprietary information or documents" means certain information or
17	documents furnished by or pertaining to any of the persons specified in
18	subdivision (1) of this subsection (c) that would customarily be treated as
19	confidential or sensitive and the disclosure of which could result in harm or
20	prejudice to the person to whom the information or documents pertain or unfair
21	advantage to another person. Such information includes trade secrets,

historical or projected loss data, or case reserves of members or policyholders,
actuarial analyses that include such data or reserves, historical or projected
financial data not otherwise publicly available, and similar information or
documents. The Commissioner shall determine which portions specified by
the applicant fall within the definition of proprietary information or documents
and treat such portions as confidential. Provided, however, that nothing herein
shall excuse the applicant from making any required disclosure under the RRA
1986, this chapter or chapter 141 of this title, or prohibit the Commissioner
from disclosing any proprietary information or documents in the furtherance of
any legal or regulatory proceeding. Before using proprietary information or
documents in a legal or regulatory proceeding that does not involve the
applicant or any person named in the application or any amendment thereto,
the Commissioner shall first seek to obtain the same information from
nonconfidential sources. If unavailable from nonconfidential sources, the
Commissioner shall seek to protect the confidential information or documents
from unnecessary disclosure. Upon licensing, the Commissioner shall forward
to the National Association of Insurance Commissioners all information
required under the RRA 1986 to be submitted to each state where the risk
retention group proposes to operate and all other information not deemed
confidential under this section. Providing notification to the National
Association of Insurance Commissioners is in addition to and shall not be

sufficient to satisfy the requirements of section 6053 or any other sections of
this chapter. In addition, the Commissioner may provide access to confidential
application information with respect to risk retention groups to representatives
of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners to inspect (but not
copy) such information in connection with accreditation examinations, so long
as the National Association of Insurance Commissioners agrees in writing to
maintain the confidentiality of such information. Information submitted
pursuant to this subsection, including any subsequent updates, amendments, or
revisions of or to such information, shall be and remain confidential and may
not be made public by the Commissioner or an employee or agent of the
Commissioner without the written consent of the company, except that:
(A) The Commissioner may, in the Commissioner's discretion,
disclose or publish or authorize the disclosure or publication of any such
record or report or any part thereof in the furtherance of legal or regulatory
proceedings brought as a part of the Commissioner's official duties. The
Commissioner may, in the Commissioner's discretion and in a manner the
Commissioner deems proper, disclose or publish or authorize the disclosure or
publication of any such record or report or any part thereof to criminal law
enforcement authorities for use in the exercise of the authority's duties.
(B) The Commissioner may, in the Commissioner's discretion,
disclose such information to a public officer having jurisdiction over the

1	regulation of insurance and with other state, federal, or international agencies,
2	provided that:
3	(i) such public official shall agree in writing to maintain the
4	confidentiality of such information; and
5	(ii) the laws of the state or foreign government in which such
6	public official serves require such information to be and remain confidential.
7	(C) The Commissioner may provide access to confidential
8	application information with respect to risk retention groups to representatives
9	of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners to inspect, but not
10	copy, such information in connection with accreditation examinations,
11	provided the National Association of Insurance Commissioners agrees in
12	writing to maintain the confidentiality of such information.
13	(D) Neither the Commissioner nor any person who received
14	documents pursuant to this subsection, material, or information while acting
15	under the authority of the Commissioner shall be permitted or required to
16	testify in any private civil action concerning any confidential documents,
17	material, or information.
18	(E) Nothing in this subsection (c) shall excuse an applicant from
19	making any required disclosure under the federal liability Risk Retention Act
20	of 1986, this chapter, or chapter 141 of this title.
21	* * *

- 1 Sec. 17. 8 V.S.A. § 6007 is amended to read:
- 2 § 6007. REPORTS AND STATEMENTS

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(b) Prior to March 1 of each year, and prior to March 15 of each year in the case of pure captive insurance companies, association captive insurance companies, sponsored captive insurance companies, industrial insured captive insurance companies, or agency captive insurance companies, each captive insurance company shall submit to the Commissioner a report of its financial condition, verified by oath of two of its executive officers. Each captive insurance company shall report using generally accepted accounting principles, statutory accounting principles, or international financial reporting standards unless the Commissioner requires, approves, or accepts the use of any other comprehensive basis of accounting, in each case with any appropriate or necessary modifications or adaptations thereof required or approved or accepted by the Commissioner for the type of insurance and kinds of insurers to be reported upon, and as supplemented by additional information required by the Commissioner. As used in this section, statutory accounting principles shall mean the accounting principles codified in the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. Upon application for admission, a captive insurance company shall select, with explanation, an accounting method for reporting. Any change in a captive insurance company's accounting method

shall require prior approval. Except as otherwise provided, each risk retention group shall file its report in the form required by subsection 3561(a) of this title, and each risk retention group shall comply with the requirements set forth in section 3569 of this title. The Commissioner shall by rule propose the forms in which pure captive insurance companies, association captive insurance companies, sponsored captive insurance companies, and industrial insured captive insurance companies shall report. Subdivision 6002(c)(3) of this title shall apply to each report filed pursuant to this section, except that such subdivision shall not apply to reports filed by risk retention groups.

Sec. 18. 8 V.S.A. § 6074 is amended to read:

§ 6074. EXAMINATION AUTHORITY

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(b) All Subsection 6052(a) of this title shall apply to all examination reports, work papers, recorded information, documents and copies thereof produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to the Commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination made under this section are confidential and are not subject to subpoena and may not be made public by the Commissioner or any other person, except as otherwise provided in this section. The Commissioner is authorized to use and make public any report, work paper, or other documents, or any other information discovered or

1	developed during the course of any examination conducted pursuant to this
2	section in the furtherance of any legal or regulatory action.
3	* * * Housekeeping Amendments * * *
4	Sec. 19. 9 V.S.A. § 5604(d) is amended to read:
5	(d) In a final order under subsection (b) or (c) of this section, the
6	Commissioner may impose a civil penalty of not more than \$15,000.00 for
7	each violation. The Commissioner may also require a person to make
8	restitution or provide disgorgement of any sums shown to have been obtained
9	in violation of this chapter, plus interest at the legal rate. The limitations on
10	civil penalties contained in this subsection shall not apply to settlement
11	agreements. In accordance with 8 V.S.A. § 24(e), the Commissioner may
12	increase a civil penalty amount by not more than \$5,000.00 per violation for
13	violations involving a person who is a vulnerable adult as defined in 33 V.S.A.
14	<u>§ 6902(34).</u>
15	Sec. 20. 9 V.S.A. § 5616(f) is amended to read:
16	(f) Vermont Financial Services Education, and Victim Restitution, and
17	Whistleblower Award Special Fund. The Vermont Financial Services
18	Education, and Victim Restitution, and Whistleblower Award Special Fund,
19	pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, is created to provide funds for
20	the purposes specified in this section, in subsection 5601(d) of this title, and in
21	section 5617 of this title. All monies received by the State for use in financial

services education initiatives pursuant to subsection 5601(d) of this title, in
providing uncompensated victims restitution pursuant to this section, or in
providing whistleblower awards pursuant to section 5617 of this title shall be
deposited into the Fund. The Commissioner may direct a party to deposit a
sum not to exceed 15 percent of the total settlement amount into the Fund in
conjunction with settling a State securities law an enforcement matter within
the Department's jurisdiction, as described in 8 V.S.A. § 11(a). Interest earned
on the Fund shall be retained in the Fund.
Sec. 21. 8 V.S.A. § 3883 is amended to read:
§ 3883. NOTICE REQUIREMENTS
When notice required under section 3880 or 3881 of this title is provided by
mail, such notice shall be by certified mail, except that in the case of
cancellation for nonpayment of premium, notice shall be by certified mail or,
certificate of mailing, or any other similar first-class mail tracking method used
or approved by the U.S. Postal Service, including Intelligent Mail barcode
Tracing (IMb Tracing). A certificate of mailing from the U.S. Postal Service
does not include a certificate of bulk mailing.
Sec. 22. 8 V.S.A. § 4226 is amended to read:
§ 4226. NOTICE REQUIREMENTS
When notice required under section 4224 or 4225 of this title is provided by
mail, such notice shall be by certified mail, except that in the case of

1	cancellation for nonpayment of premium notice shall be by certified mail of.
2	certificate of mailing, or any similar first-class mail tracking method used or
3	approved by the U.S. Postal Service, including Intelligent Mail barcode
4	Tracing (IMb Tracing). A certificate of mailing from the U.S. Postal Service
5	does not include a certificate of bulk mailing.
6	Sec. 23. 8 V.S.A. § 4714 is amended to read:
7	§ 4714. NOTICE REQUIREMENTS
8	When notice required under section 4712 or section 4713 of this title is
9	provided by mail, such notice shall be by certified mail, except that in the case
10	of cancellation for nonpayment of premium, notice shall be by certified mail
11	or, certificate of mailing, or any similar first-class mail tracking method used
12	or approved by the U.S. Postal Service, including Intelligent Mail barcode
13	Tracing (IMb Tracing). A certificate of mailing from the U.S. Postal Service
14	does not include a certificate of bulk mailing.
15	* * * NAIC Holding Company Model Law Updates * * *
16	Sec. 24. 8 V.S.A. § 3681 is amended to read:
17	§ 3681. DEFINITIONS
18	As used in this subchapter:
19	(1) "Affiliate" of, or person "affiliated" with, a specific person, means a
20	person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls,
21	or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the person specified.

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(2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Financial Regulation or his or her the Commissioner's deputies, as appropriate.

- (3) "Control," including the terms "controlling," "controlled by," and "under common control with," means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or corporate office held by the person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner provided by subsection 3684(1) of this title that control does not exist in fact. The Commissioner may determine, after furnishing all persons in interest notice and opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support such determination, that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect.
- (4) "Group capital calculation instructions" means the group capital calculation instructions as adopted by the NAIC and as amended by the NAIC from time to time in accordance with the procedures adopted by the NAIC.

1	(5) Groupwide supervisor or supervisor means the regulatory
2	official authorized to engage in conducting and coordinating groupwide
3	supervision activities, as specified by the Commissioner under section 3696 of
4	this subchapter.
5	(5)(6) "Insurance holding company system" or "system" means two or
6	more affiliated persons, one or more of which is an insurer.
7	(6)(7) "Insurer" means a company qualified and licensed to transact the
8	business of insurance in this State and shall include includes a health
9	maintenance organization, a nonprofit hospital service corporation, and a
10	nonprofit medical service corporation, except that it shall not include:
11	(A) agencies, authorities, or instrumentalities of the United States, its
12	possessions and territories, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of
13	Columbia, or a state or political subdivision of a state; or
14	(B) fraternal benefit societies.
15	(7)(8) "Enterprise risk" means any activity, circumstance, event, or
16	series of events involving one or more affiliates of an insurer that, if not
17	remedied promptly, is likely to have a material adverse effect upon the
18	financial condition or liquidity of the insurer or its insurance holding company
19	system as a whole, including anything that would cause the insurer's risk-
20	based capital to fall into company action level as set forth in section 8303 of

1	this title or would cause the insurer to be in nazardous financial condition
2	under Department Regulation I-93-2, sections 3-4.
3	(8)(9) "Internationally active insurance group" or "group" means an
4	insurance holding company system that:
5	(A) includes an insurer registered under section 3684 of this
6	subchapter; and
7	(B) meets the following criteria:
8	(i) premiums written in at least three countries;
9	(ii) the percentage of gross premiums written outside the United
10	States is at least 10 percent of the system's total gross written premiums; and
11	(iii) based on a three-year rolling average, the total assets of the
12	system are at least \$50,000,000,000.00, or the total gross written premiums of
13	the system are at least \$10,000,000,000.00.
14	(10) "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance
15	Commissioners.
16	(11) "NAIC liquidity stress test framework" means a separate NAIC
17	publication, which includes a history of the NAIC's development of regulatory
18	liquidity stress testing, the scope criteria applicable for a specific data year, and
19	the liquidity stress test instructions and reporting templates for a specific data
20	year, such as scope criteria, instructions, and reporting template as adopted by
21	the NAIC.

(9)(12) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability
company, a partnership, an association, a joint stock company, a trust, an
unincorporated organization, any similar entity or any combination of the
foregoing acting in concert, but shall not include any securities broker
performing no more than the usual and customary broker's function joint
venture partnership exclusively engaged in owning, managing, leasing, or
developing real or tangible personal property.
(13) "Scope criteria" mean the designated exposure bases along with
minimum magnitudes thereof for the specified data year used to establish a
preliminary list of insurers considered scoped into the NAIC liquidity stress
test framework for that data year, as detailed in the NAIC liquidity stress test
<u>framework.</u>
(10)(14) "Security holder" of a specified person means one who owns
any security of such person, including common stock, preferred stock, debt
obligations, and any other security convertible into or evidencing the right to
acquire any of the foregoing.
(11)(15) "Subsidiary" of a specified person means an affiliate controlled
by such person directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries.
(12)(16) "Voting security" shall include includes any security
convertible into or evidencing a right to acquire a voting security.

1 Sec. 25. 8 V.S.A. § 3684 is amended to read:

§ 3684. REGISTRATION OF INSURERS

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- (a) Registration. Every insurer which is authorized to do business in this State and which that is a member of an insurance holding company system shall register with the Commissioner, except a foreign insurer subject to disclosure registration requirements and standards adopted by statute or regulation in the jurisdiction of its domicile which that are substantially similar to those contained in this section and section 3685 of this title. Any An insurer which is subject to registration under this section shall register within 60 days after the effective date of this subchapter or 15 business days after it becomes subject to registration, whichever is later, and annually thereafter by on or before March 15 for the previous year ending December 31, unless the Commissioner for good cause shown extends the time for registration, and then within such extended time. The Commissioner may require any an authorized insurer which that is a member of a holding company system which that is not subject to registration under this section to furnish a copy of the registration statement or other information filed by such insurance company insurer with the insurance regulatory authority of its domiciliary jurisdiction.
- (b) Information and form required. Every insurer subject to registration under this section shall file a registration statement on a form provided by the Commissioner, which shall contain current information about:

I	(1) The capital structure, general financial condition, ownership, and
2	management of the insurer and any person controlling the insurer.
3	(2) The identity and relationship of every member of the insurance
4	holding company system.
5	(3) The following agreements in force, relationships subsisting, and
6	transactions currently outstanding between such insurer and its affiliates:
7	(A) loans, other investments, or purchases, sales or exchanges of
8	securities of the affiliates by the insurer or of the insurer by its affiliates;
9	(B) purchases, sales, or exchanges of assets;
10	(C) transactions not in the ordinary course of business;
11	(D) guarantees or undertakings for the benefit of an affiliate which
12	that result in an actual contingent exposure of the insurer's assets to liability;
13	other than insurance contracts entered into in the ordinary course of the
14	insurer's business;
15	(E) all management and service contracts and all cost sharing
16	arrangements;
17	(F) all reinsurance agreements;
18	(G) dividends and other distributions to shareholders; and
19	(H) consolidated tax allocation agreements.

with the SEC.

(4) Any pledge of the insurer's stock, including stock of any subsidiary
or controlling affiliate, for a loan made to any member of the insurance holding
company system.
(5) If requested by the Commissioner, financial statements of or within
an insurance holding company system, including all affiliates. Financial
statements may include annual audited financial statements filed with the U.S.

statements may include annual audited financial statements filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as may be amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as may be amended. An insurer required to file financial statements under this subdivision may satisfy the request by providing the Commissioner with the

most recently filed parent corporation financial statements that have been filed

- (6) Other matters concerning transactions between registered insurers and any affiliates as may be included from time to time in any registration forms adopted or approved by the Commissioner.
- (7) Statements that the insurer's board of directors oversees corporate governance and internal controls and that the insurer's officers or senior management have approved, implemented, and continue to maintain and monitor corporate governance and internal control procedures.
- (8) Any other information required by the Commissioner by rule.

1	(c) Summary of changes to registration statement. All registration
2	statements shall contain a summary outlining all items in the current
3	registration statement representing changes from the prior registration
4	statement.
5	(d) Materiality. No information need be disclosed on the registration
6	statement filed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section if such information is
7	not material for the purposes of this section. Unless the Commissioner by rule
8	or order provides otherwise, sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions
9	of credit, or investments involving one-half of one percent or less of an
10	insurer's admitted assets as of the 31st day of December next preceding shall
11	not be deemed material for purposes of this section. The definition of
12	materiality provided in this subsection shall not apply for purposes of the
13	group capital calculation or the liquidity stress test framework.
14	(e) Reporting of dividends to shareholders. Subject to subsection 3685(d)
15	of this chapter, each registered insurer shall report to the Commissioner all
16	dividends and other distributions to shareholders within 15 business days
17	following the declaration thereof.
18	(f) Information of insurers. Any person within an insurance holding
19	company system subject to registration shall be required to provide complete
20	and accurate information to an insurer where the information is reasonably

necessary to enable the insurer to comply with the provisions of this section.

- (g) Amendments to registration statements. Each registered insurer shall keep current the information required to be disclosed in its registration statement by reporting all material changes or additions on amendment forms provided by the Commissioner within 15 <u>business</u> days after the end of the month in which it learns of each such change or addition; provided, however, that subject to subsection 3685(c) of this <u>title chapter</u>, each registered insurer shall so report all dividends and other distributions to shareholders within two business days following the declaration thereto.
- (h) Termination of registration. The Commissioner shall terminate the registration of any insurer which that demonstrates that it no longer is a member of an insurance holding company system.
- (i) Consolidated filing. The Commissioner may require or allow two or more affiliated insurers subject to registration hereunder under this section to file a consolidated registration statement or consolidated reports amending their consolidated registration statement or their individual registration statements.
- (j) Alternative registration. The Commissioner may allow an insurer which that is authorized to do business in this State and which that is part of an insurance holding company system to register on behalf of any affiliated insurer which that is required to register under subsection (a) of this section and to file all information and material required to be filed under this section.

(k) Exemptions. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any insurer, information, or transaction if and to the extent that the Commissioner by rule or order shall exempt the same from the provisions of this section.

(1) Disclaimer. Any person may file with the Commissioner a disclaimer of affiliation with any authorized insurer, or such a disclaimer may be filed by such insurer or any member of an insurance holding company system. The disclaimer shall fully disclose all material relationships and bases for affiliation between such person and such insurer as well as the basis for disclaiming such affiliation. After a disclaimer has been filed, the insurer shall be relieved of any duty to register or report under this section which that may arise out of the insurer's relationship with such person unless and until the Commissioner disallows such a disclaimer. The Commissioner shall disallow such a disclaimer only after furnishing all parties in interest with notice and opportunity to be heard and after making specific findings of fact to support such disallowance.

(m) Enterprise risk filing filings.

(1) Enterprise risk report. The ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration shall also file an annual enterprise risk report.

The report shall identify, to the best of the ultimate controlling person's knowledge and belief, the material risks within the insurance holding company system that could pose enterprise risk to the insurer. The report shall be filed

1	with the lead state commissioner of the insurance holding company system as
2	determined by the procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted
3	by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners NAIC.
4	(2) Group capital calculation. Except as further provided in this
5	subdivision, the ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to
6	registration shall concurrently file with the registration an annual group capital
7	calculation as directed by the lead state commissioner. The report shall be
8	completed in accordance with the NAIC group capital calculation instructions,
9	which may permit the lead state commissioner to allow a controlling person
10	that is not the ultimate controlling person to file the group capital calculation.
11	The report shall be filed with the lead state commissioner of the insurance
12	holding company system as determined by the Commissioner in accordance
13	with the procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the
14	NAIC. The following insurance holding company systems are exempt from
15	filing the group capital calculation:
16	(A) An insurance holding company system that has only one insurer
17	within its holding company structure, only writes business and is only licensed
18	in its domestic state, and assumes no business from any other insurer.
19	(B) An insurance holding company system that is required to perform
20	a group capital calculation specified by the U.S. Federal Reserve Board. The
21	lead state commissioner shall request the calculation from the Federal Reserve

1	Board under the terms of information sharing agreements in effect. If the
2	Federal Reserve Board cannot share the calculation with the lead state
3	commissioner, the insurance holding company system is not exempt from the
4	group capital calculation filing.
5	(C) An insurance holding company system whose non-U.S.
6	groupwide supervisor is located within a reciprocal jurisdiction as described in
7	subdivision 3634a(b)(6)(A) of this chapter that recognizes the U.S. state
8	regulatory approach to group supervision and group capital.
9	(D) An insurance holding company system:
10	(i) that provides information to the lead state that meets the
11	requirements for accreditation under the NAIC financial standards and
12	accreditation program, either directly or indirectly through the groupwide
13	supervisor, who has determined such information is satisfactory to allow the
14	lead state to comply with the NAIC group supervision approach, as detailed in
15	the NAIC Financial Analysis Handbook; and
16	(ii) whose non-U.S. groupwide supervisor that is not in a
17	reciprocal jurisdiction recognizes and accepts, as specified in a rule adopted by
18	the Commissioner, the group capital calculation as the worldwide group capital
19	assessment for U.S. insurance groups who operate in that jurisdiction.
20	(E) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (C) and (D) of
21	this subdivision (m)(2), a lead state commissioner shall require the group

1	capital calculation for U.S. operations of any non-U.S. based insurance holding
2	company system where, after any necessary consultation with other
3	supervisors or officials, it is deemed appropriate by the lead state
4	commissioner for prudential oversight and solvency monitoring purposes or for
5	ensuring the competitiveness of the insurance marketplace.
6	(F) Notwithstanding the exemptions from filing the group capital
7	calculation stated in subdivisions (A)–(D) of this subdivision (m)(2), the lead
8	state commissioner has the discretion to exempt the ultimate controlling person
9	from filing the annual group capital calculation or to accept a limited group
10	capital filing or report in accordance with criteria as specified in a rule adopted
11	by the Commissioner.
12	(G) If the lead state commissioner determines that an insurance
13	holding company system no longer meets one or more of the requirements for
14	an exemption from filing the group capital calculation under this subdivision
15	(2), the insurance holding company system shall file the group capital
16	calculation at the next annual filing date unless given an extension by the lead
17	state commissioner based on reasonable grounds shown.
18	(3) Liquidity stress test.
19	(A) The ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to
20	registration and also scoped into the NAIC liquidity stress test framework shall
21	file the results of a specific year's liquidity stress test. The filing shall be made

1	to the lead state insurance commissioner of the insurance holding company
2	system as determined by the procedures within the Financial Analysis
3	Handbook adopted by the NAIC.
4	(B) The NAIC liquidity stress test framework includes scope criteria
5	applicable to a specific data year. These scope criteria are reviewed at least
6	annually by the Financial Stability Task Force or its successor. Any change to
7	the NAIC liquidity stress test framework or to the data year for which the
8	scope criteria are to be measured shall be effective on January 1 of the year
9	following the calendar year when such changes are adopted. Insurers meeting
10	at least one threshold of the scope criteria are considered scoped into the NAIC
11	liquidity stress test framework for the specified data year unless the lead state
12	insurance commissioner, in consultation with the NAIC Financial Stability
13	Task Force or its successor, determines the insurer should not be scoped into
14	the framework for that data year. Similarly, insurers that do not trigger at least
15	one threshold of the scope criteria are considered scoped out of the NAIC
16	liquidity stress test framework for the specified data year, unless the lead state
17	insurance commissioner, in consultation with the NAIC Financial Stability
18	Task Force or its successor, determines the insurer should be scoped into the
19	framework for that data year.
20	(C) Regulators shall avoid having insurers scoped in and out of the
21	NAIC liquidity stress test framework on a frequent basis. The lead state

1	insurance commissioner, in consultation with the Financial Stability Task
2	Force or its successor, will assess this concern as part of the determination for
3	an insurer.
4	(D) The performance of, and filing of the results from, a specific
5	year's liquidity stress test shall comply with the NAIC liquidity stress test
6	framework's instructions and reporting templates for that year and any lead
7	state insurance commissioner determinations, in conjunction with the Financial
8	Stability Task Force or its successor, provided within the Framework.
9	(n) Violations. The failure to file a registration statement or any
10	amendment thereto to a registration statement required by this section within
11	the time specified for such filing shall be a violation of this section.
12	Sec. 26. 8 V.S.A. § 3685 is amended to read:
13	§ 3685. STANDARDS AND MANAGEMENT OF AN INSURER WITHIN
14	AN INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEM
15	(a) Transactions within an insurance holding company system.
16	(1) Transactions within an insurance holding company system to which
17	an insurer subject to registration is a party shall be subject to the following
18	standards:
19	(1)(A) the The terms shall be fair and reasonable;.

1	(2)(B) agreements Agreements for cost-snaring services and
2	management shall include such provisions as required by rule adopted by the
3	Commissioner;.
4	(3)(C) charges Charges or fees for services performed shall be
5	reasonable; <u>.</u>
6	(4)(D) expenses Expenses incurred and payment received shall be
7	allocated to the insurer in conformity with customary insurance accounting
8	practices consistently applied;
9	(5)(E) the The books, accounts, and records of each party to all such
10	transactions shall be so maintained so as to clearly and accurately disclose the
11	precise nature and details of the transactions, including such accounting
12	information as is necessary to support the reasonableness of the charges or fees
13	to the respective parties; and.
14	(6)(F) the The insurer's surplus as regards policyholders following
15	any dividends or distributions to shareholder affiliates shall be reasonable in
16	relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial
17	needs.
18	(G) If an insurer subject to this subchapter is deemed by the
19	Commissioner to be in a hazardous financial condition as defined by
20	Regulation I-1993-02, Defining Standards and Commissioner's Authority for
21	Companies Deemed to be in Hazardous Financial Condition, or a condition

that would be grounds for supervision, conservation, or a delinquency	
proceeding, then the Commissioner may require the insurer to secure and	
maintain either a deposit, held by the Commissioner, or a bond, as determined	
by the insurer at the insurer's discretion, for the protection of the insurer for the	
duration of a contract or agreement, or the existence of the condition for which	
the Commissioner required the deposit or the bond. In determining whether a	
deposit or a bond is required, the Commissioner shall consider whether	
concerns exist with respect to the affiliated person's ability to fulfill a contract	
or agreement if the insurer were to be put into liquidation. Once the insurer is	
deemed to be in a hazardous financial condition or a condition that would be	
grounds for supervision, conservation, or a delinquency proceeding, and a	
deposit or bond is necessary, the Commissioner has discretion to determine the	
amount of the deposit or bond, not to exceed the value of a contract or	
agreement in any one year, and whether such deposit or bond should be	
required for a single contract or agreement, multiple contracts or agreements,	
or a contract or agreement only with a specific person or persons.	
(H) All records and data of the insurer held by an affiliate are and	
remain the property of the insurer, are subject to control of the insurer, are	
identifiable, and are segregated or readily capable of segregation, at no	
additional cost to the insurer, from all other persons' records and data. This	
includes all records and data that are otherwise the property of the insurer, in	

whatever form maintained, including claims and claim files, policyholder lists,
application files, litigation files, premium records, rate books, underwriting
manuals, personnel records, financial records, or similar records within the
possession, custody, or control of the affiliate. At the request of the insurer,
the affiliate shall provide that the receiver can obtain a complete set of all
records of any type that pertain to the insurer's business; obtain access to the
operating systems on which the data is maintained; obtain the software that
runs those systems either through assumption of licensing agreements or
otherwise; and restrict the use of the data by the affiliate if it is not operating
the insurer's business. The affiliate shall provide a waiver of any landlord lien
or other encumbrance to give the insurer access to all records and data in the
event of the affiliate's default under a lease or other agreement.
(I) Premiums or other funds belonging to the insurer that are
collected by or held by an affiliate are the exclusive property of the insurer and
are subject to the control of the insurer. Any right of offset in the event an
insurer is placed into receivership shall be subject to chapter 145 of this title.
(2) The following transactions involving a domestic insurer and any
person in its holding company system, including amendments or modifications
of affiliate agreements previously filed under this section, that are subject to
any materiality standards contained in subdivisions (A)–(G) of this
subdivision, shall not be entered into unless the insurer has notified the

Commissioner in writing of its intention to enter into such transaction at least
30 days prior to the transaction, or such shorter period as the Commissioner
may permit, and the Commissioner has not disapproved it within such period.
The notice for amendments or modifications shall include the reasons for the
change and the financial impact on the domestic insurer. Within 30 days
following a termination of a previously filed agreement, informal notice shall
be reported to the Commissioner for determination of the type of filing
required, if any. Nothing in this subdivision shall be deemed to authorize or
permit any transactions that, in the case of an insurer not a member of the same
holding company system, would otherwise be contrary to law.
(A) Sales, purchases, exchanges, loans, or extensions of credit or
investments, provided such transactions are equal to or exceed:
(i) with respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent of
the insurer's admitted assets or 25 percent of surplus as regards policyholders
as of the 31st day of December next preceding; or
(ii) with respect to life insurers, three percent of the insurer's
admitted assets; each as of the 31st day of December next preceding.
(B) Loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not an
affiliate, where the insurer makes such loans or extensions of credit with the
agreement or understanding that the proceeds of such transactions, in whole or
in substantial part, are to be used to make loans or extensions of credit to

1	purchase assets of or to make investments in any affiliate of the insurer making
2	such loans or extensions of credit, provided such transactions are equal to or
3	exceed:
4	(i) with respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent of
5	the insurer's admitted assets or 25 percent of surplus as regards policyholders
6	as of the 31st day of December next preceding; or
7	(ii) with respect to life insurers, three percent of the insurer's
8	admitted assets; each as of the 31st day of December next preceding.
9	(C) Reinsurance agreements or modifications of reinsurance
10	agreements, including:
11	(i) all reinsurance pooling agreements; and
12	(ii) agreements in which the reinsurance premium or a change in
13	the insurer's liabilities or the projected reinsurance premium or a change in the
14	insurer's liabilities in any of the next three years equals or exceeds five percent
15	of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of the 31st day of
16	December next preceding, including those agreements that may require as
17	consideration the transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, if an
18	agreement or understanding exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that any
19	portion of such assets will be transferred to one or more affiliates of the
20	insurer.

1	(D) All management agreements, service contracts, tax allocation
2	agreements, guarantees, and all cost-sharing arrangements.
3	(E) Guarantees when made by a domestic insurer; provided,
4	however, that a guarantee that is quantifiable as to amount is not subject to the
5	notice requirements of this subdivision (2) unless it exceeds the lesser of one-
6	half of one percent of the insurer's admitted assets or 10 percent of surplus as
7	regards policyholders as of the 31st day of December next preceding. All
8	guarantees that are not quantifiable as to amount are subject to the notice
9	requirements of this subdivision.
10	(F) Direct or indirect acquisitions or investments in a person that
11	controls the insurer or in an affiliate of the insurer in an amount that together
12	with its present holdings in such investments exceeds two and one-half percent
13	of the insurer's surplus to policyholders. Direct or indirect acquisitions or
14	investments in subsidiaries acquired pursuant to section 3682 of this
15	subchapter or authorized under any other Vermont insurance law or in
16	nonsubsidiary insurance affiliates that are subject to the provisions of this
17	subchapter, are exempt from the notice requirement of this subdivision (2).
18	(G) Any material transactions, as specified in a rule adopted by the
19	Commissioner, that the Commissioner determines may adversely affect the
20	interests of the insurer's policyholders.

1	(H) Nothing in this subdivision (2) shall be deemed to authorize or
2	permit any transaction that, in the case of an insurer not a member of the same
3	insurance holding company system, would otherwise be contrary to law.
4	(3) A domestic insurer shall not enter into transactions that are part of a
5	plan or series of like transactions with persons within the insurance holding
6	company system if the purpose of those separate transactions is to avoid the
7	statutory threshold amount and thus avoid the review that would otherwise
8	occur. If the Commissioner determines that such separate transactions were
9	entered into over any 12-month period for such purpose, the Commissioner
10	may exercise the Commissioner's authority under this title.
11	(4) The Commissioner, in reviewing transactions pursuant to
12	subsection (b) of this section, shall consider whether the transactions comply
13	with the standards established in this subsection (a) and whether they may
14	adversely affect the interests of policyholders.
15	(5) The Commissioner shall be notified within 30 days following any
16	investment of the domestic insurer in any one corporation if the total
17	investment in such corporation by the insurance holding company system
18	exceeds 10 percent of such corporation's voting securities.
19	(6)(A) Any affiliate that is party to an agreement or contract with a
20	domestic insurer that is subject to subdivision (2)(D) of this subsection (a)
21	shall be subject to the jurisdiction of any supervision, seizure, conservatorship,

or receivership proceedings against the insurer and to the authority of any
supervisor, conservator, rehabilitator, or liquidator for the insurer appointed
pursuant to chapter 145 of this title for the purpose of interpreting, enforcing,
and overseeing the affiliate's obligations under the agreement or contract to
perform services for the insurer that:
(i) are an integral part of the insurer's operations, including
management, administrative, accounting, data processing, marketing,
underwriting, claims handling, investment, or any other similar functions; or
(ii) are essential to the insurer's ability to fulfill its obligations
under insurance policies.
(B) The Commissioner may require that an agreement or contract for
the provision of services described in subdivisions (2)(A)(i) and (ii) of this
subsection specify that the affiliate consents to the jurisdiction as set forth in
this subdivision (a)(6).
(b) Adequacy of surplus. For purposes of this subchapter, in determining
whether an insurer's surplus as regards policyholders is reasonable in relation
to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs, the
following factors, among others, shall be considered:
(1) The size of the insurer as measured by its assets, capital and surplus,
reserves, premium writings, insurance in force, and other appropriate criteria.

1	(2) The extent to which the insurer's business is diversified among the
2	several lines of insurance.
3	(3) The number and size of risks insured in each line of business.
4	(4) The extent of the geographical dispersion of the insurer's insured
5	risks.
6	(5) The nature and extent of the insurer's reinsurance program.
7	(6) The quality, diversification, and liquidity of the insurer's investment
8	portfolio.
9	(7) The recent past and projected future trend in the size of the insurer's
10	surplus as regards policyholders.
11	(8) The surplus as regards policyholders maintained by other
12	comparable insurers.
13	(9) The adequacy of the insurer's reserves.
14	(10) The quality and liquidity of investments in subsidiaries made
15	pursuant to section 3682 of this title affiliates. The Commissioner may treat
16	any such investment as a disallowed asset for purposes of determining the
17	adequacy of surplus as regards policyholders whenever in his or her the
18	Commissioner's judgment such investment so warrants.
19	(c) Dividends and other distributions. No insurer subject to registration
20	under section 3684 of this title shall (1) A domestic insurer shall not pay any

1	extraordinary dividend or make any other extraordinary distribution to its
2	shareholders until:
3	(1)(A) 30 days after the Commissioner has received notice of the
4	declaration thereof of the dividend or distribution and has not within such
5	period disapproved such payment; or
6	(2)(B) the Commissioner shall have approved such payment within such
7	30-day period.
8	(d) Limitation on dividends.
9	(1)(2) For purposes of this section subsection, an extraordinary dividend
10	or distribution includes any dividend or distribution of cash or other property
11	whose fair market value together with that of other dividends or distributions
12	made within the preceding 12 months exceeds the lesser of:
13	(A) 10 percent of such insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as
14	of the 31st day of December next preceding; or
15	(B) the net gains from operations of such insurer, if such insurer is a
16	life insurer, or the net income, if such insurer is not a life insurer, not including
17	realized capital gains, for the 12-month period ending the 31st day of
18	December next preceding, but shall not include pro rata distributions of any
19	class of the insurer's own securities.
20	(2)(3) In determining whether a dividend or distribution is
21	extraordinary, an insurer other than a life insurer may carry forward net income

from the previous two calendar years that has not already been paid out as
dividends. This carry-forward shall be computed by taking the net income
from the second and third preceding calendar years, not including realized
capital gains, less dividends paid in the second and immediate preceding
calendar years. In determining whether a dividend or distribution is
extraordinary, a life insurer may exclude dividends or distributions paid only
from unassigned surplus that do not exceed the greater of subdivision (1)(A)
(2)(A) or (B) of this subsection, provided that a life insurer relying on this
provision shall notify the Commissioner of such dividend or distribution within
five business days following declaration and at least 10 days, commencing
from the date of receipt by the Commissioner, prior to the payment thereof.
(e) Conditional dividends. (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law
to the contrary, an insurer may declare an extraordinary dividend or
distribution that is conditional upon the Commissioner's approval thereof, and
such a declaration shall <u>not</u> confer no <u>any</u> rights upon shareholders until the
Commissioner has:
(1)(A) approved the payment of such dividend or distribution; or
(2)(B) not disapproved such payment within the 30-day period
referred to in subsection (c) subdivision (1) of this section subsection (c).
(d) Management of domestic insurers subject to registration

I	(1) Notwithstanding the control of a domestic insurer by any person, the
2	officers and directors of the insurer shall not thereby be relieved of any
3	obligation or liability to which they would otherwise be subject by law, and the
4	insurer shall be managed so as to ensure its separate operating identity
5	consistent with this section.
6	(2) Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a domestic insurer from
7	having or sharing a common management or cooperative or joint use of
8	personnel, property, or services with one or more other persons under
9	arrangements meeting the standards of subdivision (a)(1) of this section.
10	(3) Not less than one-third of the directors of a domestic insurer and not
11	less than one-third of the members of each committee of the board of directors
12	of any domestic insurer shall be persons who are not officers or employees of
13	the insurer or of any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control
14	with the insurer and who are not beneficial owners of a controlling interest in
15	the voting stock of the insurer or entity. At least one such person shall be
16	included in any quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the
17	board of directors or any committee thereof.
18	(4) The board of directors of a domestic insurer shall establish one or
19	more committees composed solely of directors who are not officers or
20	employees of the insurer or of any entity controlling, controlled by, or under
21	common control with the insurer and who are not beneficial owners of a

controlling interest in the voting stock of the insurer or any such entity. The
committee or committees shall have responsibility for nominating candidates
for director for election by shareholders or policyholders, evaluating the
performance of officers deemed to be principal officers of the insurer, and
recommending to the board of directors the selection and compensation of the
principal officers. For purposes of this subsection, principal officers shall
mean the chief executive officer, the president, and any chief operating officer
(5) The provisions of subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection shall
not apply to a domestic insurer if the person controlling the insurer, such as an
insurer, a mutual insurance holding company, or a publicly held corporation,
has a board of directors and committees thereof that meet the requirements of
subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection with respect to such controlling
entity.
(6) An insurer may make application to the Commissioner for a waiver
from the requirements of this subsection if the insurer's annual direct written
and assumed premium, excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop
Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, is less than
\$300,000,000.00. An insurer may also make application to the Commissioner
for a waiver from the requirements of this subsection based upon unique
circumstances. The Commissioner may consider various factors, including the

type o	of business entity, volume of business written, availability of qualified
<u>board</u>	I members, or the ownership or organizational structure of the entity.
(f)	The following transactions involving a domestic insurer and any person
in its	holding company system, including amendments or modifications of
affilia	ate agreements previously filed under this section, which are subject to
any n	nateriality standards contained in subdivisions (1) through (7) of this
subse	ection, may not be entered into unless the insurer has notified the
Comi	missioner in writing of its intention to enter into such transaction at least
30 da	sys prior thereto, or such shorter period as the Commissioner may permit,
and tl	he Commissioner has not disapproved it within such period. The notice
for ar	mendments or modifications shall include the reasons for the change and
the fi	nancial impact on the domestic insurer. Informal notice shall be reported
withi	n 30 days after a termination of a previously filed agreement to the
Com	missioner for determination of the type of filing required, if any. Nothing
herei	n contained shall be deemed to authorize or permit any transactions that in
the ca	ase of an insurer not a member of the same holding company system,
would	d be otherwise contrary to law.
	(1) Sales, purchases, exchanges, loans, or extensions of credit or
invec	tments provided such transactions are equal to or exceed:

1	(A) with respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent of the
2	insurer's admitted assets or 25 percent of surplus as regards policyholders as of
3	the 31st day of December next preceding;
4	(B) with respect to life insurers, three percent of the insurer's
5	admitted assets; each as of the 31st day of December next preceding.
6	(2) Loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not an affiliate,
7	where the insurer makes such loans or extensions of credit with the agreement
8	or understanding that the proceeds of such transactions, in whole or in
9	substantial part, are to be used to make loans or extensions of credit to, to
10	purchase assets of, or to make investments in any affiliate of the insurer
11	making such loans or extensions of credit, provided such transactions are equal
12	to or exceed:
13	(A) with respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent of the
14	insurer's admitted assets or 25 percent of surplus as regards policyholders as of
15	the 31st day of December next preceding;
16	(B) with respect to life insurers, three percent of the insurer's
17	admitted assets; each as of the 31st day of December next preceding.
18	(3) Reinsurance agreements or modifications thereto, including:
19	(A) all reinsurance pooling agreements;
20	(B) agreements in which the reinsurance premium or a change in the
21	insurer's liabilities or the projected reinsurance premium or a change in the

insurer's liabilities in any of the next three years equals or exceeds five percent
of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of the 31st day of
December next preceding, including those agreements that may require as
consideration the transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, if an
agreement or understanding exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that any
portion of such assets will be transferred to one or more affiliates of the
insurer.
(4) Any material transactions, specified by regulation, that the
Commissioner determines may adversely affect the interests of the insurer's
policyholders.
(5) All management agreements, service contracts, and all cost-sharing
arrangements.
(6) Guarantees when made by a domestic insurer; provided, however,
that a guarantee that is quantifiable as to amount is not subject to the notice
requirements of this subsection unless it exceeds the lesser of one-half of one
percent of the insurer's admitted assets or 10 percent of surplus as regards
policyholders as of the 31st day of December next preceding. All guarantees
that are not quantifiable as to amount are subject to the notice requirements of
this subdivision.
(7) Direct or indirect acquisitions or investments in a person that
controls the insurer or an affiliate of the insurer in an amount that together with

its present holdings in such investments, exceeds two and one-half percent of
the insurer's surplus to policyholders. Direct or indirect acquisitions or
investments in subsidiaries acquired pursuant to section 3682 of this chapter or
authorized under any other section of this chapter or in nonsubsidiary
insurance affiliates that are subject to the provisions of this chapter are exempt
from this requirement.
(g) A domestic insurer may not enter into transactions that are part of a
plan or series of like transactions with persons within the holding company
system if the purpose of those separate transactions is to avoid the statutory
threshold amount and thus avoid the review that would occur otherwise. If the
Commissioner determines that such separate transactions were entered into
over any 12-month period for such purpose, he or she may exercise his or her
authority under this title.
(h) The Commissioner, in reviewing transactions pursuant to subsection (f)
of this section, shall consider whether the transactions comply with the
standards set forth in subsection (a) of this section and whether they may
adversely affect the interests of policyholders.
(i) The Commissioner shall be notified within 30 days of any investment of
the domestic insurer in any one corporation if the total investment in such
corporation by the insurance holding company system exceeds 10 percent of
such corporation's voting securities.

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2	(1) Notwithstanding the control of a domestic insurer by any person, the
3	officers and directors of the insurer shall not thereby be relieved of any
4	obligation or liability to which they would otherwise be subject by law, and the
5	insurer shall be managed so as to ensure its separate operating identity
6	consistent with this section.
7	(2) Nothing in this section shall preclude a domestic insurer from having
8	or sharing a common management or cooperative or joint use of personnel,
9	property, or services with one or more other persons under arrangements
10	meeting the standards of subsection (a) of this section.
11	(3) Not less than one third of the directors of a domestic insurer and not
12	less than one-third of the members of each committee of the board of directors
13	of any domestic insurer shall be persons who are not officers or employees of
14	the insurer or of any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control

(j) Management of domestic insurers subject to registration.

(4) The board of directors of a domestic insurer shall establish one or more committees composed of a majority of directors who are not officers or employees of the insurer or of any entity controlling, controlled by, or under

with the insurer and who are not beneficial owners of a controlling interest in

the voting stock of the insurer or entity. At least one such person must be

board of directors or any committee thereof.

included in any quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the

common control with the insurer and who are not beneficial owners of a
controlling interest in the voting stock of the insurer or any such entity. The
committee or committees shall have responsibility for nominating candidates
for director for election by shareholders or policyholders, evaluating the
performance of officers deemed to be principal officers of the insurer, and
recommending to the board of directors the selection and compensation of the
principal officers. For purposes of this subsection, principal officers shall
mean the chief executive officer, the president, and any chief operating officer
(5) The provisions of subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection shall
not apply to a domestic insurer if the person controlling the insurer, such as an
insurer, a mutual insurance holding company, or a publicly held corporation,
has a board of directors and committees thereof that meet the requirements of
subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection with respect to such controlling
entity.
(6) An insurer may make application to the Commissioner for a waiver
from the requirements of this subsection if the insurer's annual direct written
and assumed premium, excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop
Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, is less than
\$300,000,000.00. An insurer may also make application to the Commissioner
for a waiver from the requirements of this subsection based upon unique

circumstances. The Commissioner may consider various factors, including the

- 1 type of business entity, volume of business written, availability of qualified
- 2 board members, or the ownership or organizational structure of the entity.
- 3 Sec. 27. 8 V.S.A. § 3687 is amended to read:
- 4 § 3687. CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT

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(a) Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control of the Department that are obtained by or disclosed to the Commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination or investigation made pursuant to section 3686 of this title and all information reported pursuant to subdivisions 3683(b)(12) and (13), section 3684, and section 3685 of this title chapter are recognized by this State as being proprietary and to contain trade secrets and shall be given confidential treatment, shall not be subject to subpoena, shall not be subject to public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act, shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action, and shall not be made public by the Commissioner or any other person. However, the Commissioner is authorized to use the documents, materials, or other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the Commissioner's official duties. The Commissioner shall not otherwise make the documents, materials, or other information public without the prior written consent of the insurer to which it pertains unless the Commissioner, after giving the insurer and its affiliates who would be affected thereby notice and opportunity to be heard, determines that

1	the interests of policyholders, shareholders, or the public will be served by the
2	publication thereof, in which event he or she the Commissioner may publish all
3	or any part thereof in such manner as he or she the Commissioner may deem
4	appropriate.
5	(1) For purposes of the information reported and provided to the
6	Department pursuant to subdivision 3684(m)(2) of this chapter, the
7	Commissioner shall maintain the confidentiality of the group capital
8	calculation and group capital ratio produced within the calculation and any
9	group capital information received from an insurance holding company
10	supervised by the Federal Reserve Board or any U.S. groupwide supervisor.
11	(2) For purposes of the information reported and provided to the
12	Department pursuant to subdivision 3684(m)(3) of this chapter, the
13	Commissioner shall maintain the confidentiality of the liquidity stress test
14	results and supporting disclosures and any liquidity stress test information
15	received from an insurance holding company supervised by the Federal
16	Reserve Board and non-U.S. groupwide supervisors.
17	(b) Neither the Commissioner nor any person who received documents,
18	materials, or other information while acting under the authority of the
19	Commissioner or with whom such documents, materials, or other information
20	are shared pursuant to this chapter shall be permitted or required to testify in

1	any private civil action concerning any confidential documents, materials, or
2	information subject to subsection (a) of this section.

- (c) In order to assist in the performance of the Commissioner's duties, the Commissioner:
- (1) may May share documents, materials, or other information, including the confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information subject to subsection (a) of this section, including proprietary and trade secret documents and materials, with other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies, with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, with third-party consultants designated by the Commissioner, and with state, federal, and international law enforcement authorities, including members of any supervisory college described in section 3695 of this title, provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material, or other information and has verified in writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality;
- (2) notwithstanding Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, may only share confidential and privileged documents, material, or information reported pursuant to subsection 3684(m) subdivision 3684(m)(1) of this chapter with commissioners of states having statutes or regulations substantially similar to subsection (a) of this section and who have agreed in writing not to disclose such information;

(3) may May receive documents, materials, or information, including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information, including proprietary and trade-secret information, from the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material, or information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material, or information; and.

- (4) shall enter into written agreements with the NAIC and any third-party consultant designated by the Commissioner governing sharing and use of information provided under this chapter consistent with this subsection that shall:
- (A) specify Specify procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality and security of information shared with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries or a third-party consultant designated by the Commissioner pursuant to this section subchapter, including procedures and protocols for sharing by the NAIC with other state, federal, or international regulators; The agreement shall provide that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials, or other information and has verified in writing the legal authority to maintain such confidentiality.

1	(B) specify Specify that ownership of information shared with the
2	NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries or a third-party consultant pursuant to
3	this section remains with the Commissioner and the NAIC's use of the
4	information is subject to the direction of the Commissioner;.
5	(C) require Excluding documents, materials, or information reported
6	pursuant to subdivision 3684(m)(3) of this title, prohibit the NAIC or third-
7	party consultant designated by the Commissioner from storing the information
8	shared pursuant to this subchapter in a permanent database after the underlying
9	analysis is completed.
10	(D) Require prompt notice be given to an insurer whose confidential
11	information in the possession of the NAIC or third-party consultant designated
12	by the Commissioner under this section subchapter is subject to a request or
13	subpoena to the NAIC or a third-party consultant designated by the
14	<u>Commissioner</u> for disclosure or production; and.
15	(D)(E) require Require the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries or
16	a third-party consultant designated by the Commissioner to consent to
17	intervention by an insurer in any judicial or administrative action in which the
18	NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries or third-party consultant designated by
19	the Commissioner may be required to disclose confidential information about
20	the insurer shared with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries or third-
21	party consultant designated by the Commissioner pursuant to this section.

1	(F) For documents, materials, or information report pursuant to
2	subdivision 3684(b)(3) of this chapter, in the case of an agreement involving a
3	third-party consultant, provide for notification of the identity of the consultant
4	to the applicable insurers.
5	(d) The sharing of information by the Commissioner pursuant to this
6	section shall not constitute a delegation of regulatory authority or rulemaking,
7	and the Commissioner is solely responsible for the administration, execution,
8	and enforcement of the provisions of this section.
9	(e) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the
10	documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the
11	Commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in
12	subsection (c) of this section.
13	(f) Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control
14	of the NAIC or third-party consultant designated by the Commissioner
15	pursuant to this section subchapter shall be confidential by law and privileged,
16	shall not be subject to public inspection and copying under the Public Records
17	Act, shall not be subject to subpoena, shall not be subject to discovery or
18	admissible in evidence in any private civil action, and shall not be made public
19	by the Commissioner or any other person.
20	(g) The group capital calculation and resulting group capital ratio required
21	under subdivision 3684(m)(2) of this subchapter and the liquidity stress test

1	along with its results and supporting disclosures required under subdivision
2	3684(m)(3) of this subchapter are regulatory tools for assessing group risks and
3	capital adequacy and group liquidity risks, respectively, and are not intended as
4	a means to rank insurers or insurance holding company systems, generally.
5	Therefore, except as otherwise may be required under the provisions of this
6	chapter, the making, publishing, disseminating, circulating or placing before
7	the public, or causing directly or indirectly to be made, published,
8	disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public in a newspaper, magazine,
9	or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or
10	poster, or over any radio or television station or any electronic means of
11	communication available to the public, or in any other way as an
12	advertisement, announcement, or statement containing a representation or
13	statement with regard to the group capital calculation, group capital ratio, the
14	liquidity stress test results, or supporting disclosures for the liquidity stress test
15	of any insurer or any insurer group, or of any component derived in the
16	calculation by any insurer, broker, or other person engaged in any manner in
17	the insurance business would be misleading and is therefore prohibited.
18	However, if any materially false statement with respect to the group capital
19	calculation, resulting group capital ratio, an inappropriate comparison of any
20	amount to an insurer's or insurance group's group capital calculation or
21	resulting group capital ratio, liquidity stress test result, supporting disclosures

1	for the liquidity stress test, or an inappropriate comparison of any amount to an
2	insurer's or insurance group's liquidity stress test result or supporting
3	disclosures is published in any written publication and the insurer is able to
4	demonstrate to the Commissioner with substantial proof the falsity of such
5	statement or the inappropriateness, as the case may be, then the insurer may
6	publish announcements in a written publication if the sole purpose of the
7	announcement is to rebut the materially false statement.
8	Sec. 28. 8 V.S.A. chapter 149 is added to read:
9	CHAPTER 149. PET INSURANCE
10	§ 7151. SHORT TITLE
11	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Pet Insurance Act."
12	§ 7152. SCOPE AND PURPOSE
13	(a) The purpose of this chapter is to promote the public welfare by creating
14	a comprehensive legal framework within which pet insurance may be sold in
15	<u>Vermont.</u>
16	(b) The requirements of this chapter shall apply to pet insurance policies
17	that are issued to any resident of this State and are sold, solicited, negotiated,
18	or offered in this State and policies or certificates that are delivered or issued
19	for delivery in this State.
20	(c) All other applicable provisions of Vermont insurance law shall continue
21	to apply to pet insurance except that the specific provisions of this subchapter

1	shall supersede any general provisions of law that would otherwise be
2	applicable to pet insurance.
3	§ 7153. DEFINITIONS
4	(a) If a pet insurer uses any term defined in this section in a policy of pet
5	insurance, the pet insurer shall use the definition of the term provided in this
6	section and include the definition of the term in the policy. The pet insurer
7	shall also make the definition available through a clear and conspicuous link
8	on the main page of the website of either the pet insurer or the pet insurer's
9	program administrator.
10	(b) Nothing in this chapter shall in any way prohibit or limit the types of
11	exclusions pet insurers may use in their policies or require pet insurers to have
12	any of the limitations or exclusions defined in this section.
13	(c) As used in this chapter:
14	(1) "Chronic condition" means a condition that can be treated or
15	managed, but not cured.
16	(2) "Congenital anomaly or disorder" means a condition that is present
17	from birth, whether inherited or caused by the environment, which may cause
18	or contribute to illness or disease.
19	(3) "Hereditary disorder" means an abnormality that is genetically
20	transmitted from parent to offspring and may cause illness or disease.

1	(4) "Orthopedic" refers to conditions affecting the bones, skeletal
2	muscle, cartilage, tendons, ligaments, and joints. It includes elbow dysplasia,
3	hip dysplasia, intervertebral disc degeneration, patellar luxation, and ruptured
4	cranial cruciate ligaments. It does not include cancers or metabolic,
5	hemopoietic, or autoimmune diseases.
6	(5) "Pet insurance" means a property insurance policy that provides
7	coverage for accidents and illnesses of pets.
8	(6)(A) "Preexisting condition" means any condition for which any of the
9	following are true within 180 days prior to the effective date of a pet insurance
10	policy or during any waiting period:
11	(i) a veterinarian provided medical advice;
12	(ii) the pet received previous treatment; or
13	(iii) based on information from verifiable sources, the pet had
14	signs or symptoms directly related to the condition for which a claim is being
15	made.
16	(B) A condition for which coverage is afforded on a policy cannot be
17	considered a preexisting condition on any renewal of the policy.
18	(7) "Renewal" means to issue and deliver at the end of an insurance
19	policy period a policy that supersedes a policy previously issued and delivered
20	by the same pet insurer or affiliated pet insurer and that provides types and

1	limits of coverage substantially similar to those contained in the policy being
2	superseded.
3	(8) "Veterinarian" means an individual who holds a valid license to
4	practice veterinary medicine from the appropriate licensing entity in the
5	jurisdiction in which the veterinarian practices.
6	(9) "Veterinary expenses" means the costs associated with medical
7	advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment provided by a veterinarian, including the
8	cost of drugs prescribed by a veterinarian.
9	(10) "Waiting period" means the period of time specified in a pet
10	insurance policy that is required to transpire before some or all of the coverage
11	in the policy can begin. A waiting period may not be applied to a renewal of
12	existing coverage.
13	(11) "Wellness program" means a subscription or reimbursement-based
14	program that is separate from an insurance policy that provides goods and
15	services to promote the general health, safety, or well-being of the pet. If any
16	wellness program meets the definition of insurance in section 3301a of this
17	title and does not qualify for any exclusion, it is transacting in the business of
18	insurance and is subject to the applicable insurance laws and rules. This
19	definition is not intended to classify a contract directly between a service
20	provider and a pet owner that only involves the two parties as being "the
21	business of insurance," unless other indications of insurance also exist.

1	§ 7154. DISCLOSURES
2	(a) A pet insurer transacting pet insurance shall disclose the following to
3	consumers:
4	(1) If the policy excludes coverage due to any of the following:
5	(A) a preexisting condition;
6	(B) a hereditary disorder;
7	(C) a congenital anomaly or disorder; or
8	(D) a chronic condition.
9	(2) If the policy includes any other exclusions, the following statement:
10	"Other exclusions may apply. Please refer to the exclusions section of the
11	policy for more information."
12	(3) Any policy provision that limits coverage through a waiting or
13	affiliation period, a deductible, coinsurance, or an annual or lifetime policy
14	<u>limit.</u>
15	(4) Whether the pet insurer reduces coverage or increases premiums
16	based on the insured's claim history, the age of the covered pet, or a change in
17	the geographic location of the insured.
18	(5) If the underwriting company differs from the brand name used to
19	market and sell the product.
20	(b)(1) Unless the insured has filed a claim under the pet insurance policy,
21	pet insurance applicants shall have the right to examine and return the policy,

1	certificate, or rider to the company or an agent or insurance producer of the
2	company within 30 days following its receipt and to have the premium
3	refunded if, after examination of the policy, certificate, or rider, the applicant is
4	not satisfied for any reason.
5	(2) Pet insurance policies, certificates, and riders shall have a notice
6	prominently printed on the first page or attached thereto including specific
7	instructions to accomplish a return. The following free-look statement, or
8	substantially similar language, shall be included:
9	You have 30 days following the day you receive this policy, certificate, or
10	rider to review it and return it to the company if you decide not to keep it.
11	You do not have to tell the company why you are returning it. If you decide
12	not to keep it, simply return it to the company at its administrative office or
13	you may return it to the agent or insurance producer that you bought it from,
14	provided you have not filed a claim. You must return it within 30 days
15	following the day you first received it. The company will refund the full
16	amount of any premium paid within 30 days following the day it receives
17	the returned policy, certificate, or rider. The premium refund will be sent
18	directly to the person who paid it. The policy, certificate, or rider will be
19	void as if it had never been issued.
20	(3) A pet insurer shall clearly disclose a summary description of the
21	basis or formula on which the pet insurer determines claim payments under a

1	pet insurance policy within the policy prior to policy issuance and through a
2	clear and conspicuous link on the main page of the website of either the pet
3	insurer or the pet insurer's program administrator.
4	(4) A pet insurer that uses a benefit schedule to determine claim
5	payment under a pet insurance policy shall do the following:
6	(A) clearly disclose the applicable benefit schedule in the policy; and
7	(B) disclose all benefit schedules used by the pet insurer under its pet
8	insurance policies through a clear and conspicuous link on the main page of the
9	website of either the pet insurer or the pet insurer's program administrator.
10	(5) A pet insurer that determines claim payments under a pet insurance
11	policy based on usual and customary fees, or any other reimbursement
12	limitation based on prevailing veterinary service provider charges, shall do the
13	following:
14	(A) include a usual and customary fee limitation provision in the
15	policy that clearly describes the pet insurer's basis for determining usual and
16	customary fees and how that basis is applied in calculating claim payments;
17	<u>and</u>
18	(B) disclose the pet insurer's basis for determining usual and
19	customary fees through a clear and conspicuous link on the main page of the
20	website of either the pet insurer or the pet insurer's program administrator.

(6) If any medical examination by a licensed veterinarian is required to
effectuate coverage, the pet insurer shall clearly and conspicuously disclose the
required aspects of the examination prior to purchase and disclose that
examination documentation may result in a preexisting condition exclusion.
(7) Waiting periods and the requirements applicable to them must be
clearly and prominently disclosed to consumers prior to the policy purchase.
(8) The pet insurer shall include a summary of all policy provisions
required in subdivisions (1)–(7) of this subsection in a separate document
entitled "Insurer Disclosure of Important Policy Provisions."
(9) The pet insurer shall post the "Insurer Disclosure of Important Policy
Provisions" document required in subdivision (8) of this subsection through a
clear and conspicuous link on the main page of the website of either the pet
insurer or the pet insurer's program administrator.
(10) In connection with the issuance of a new pet insurance policy, the
pet insurer shall provide the consumer with a copy of the "Insurer Disclosure
of Important Policy Provisions" document required pursuant to subdivision (8)
of this subsection in at least 12-point type when it delivers the policy.
(11) At the time a pet insurance policy is issued or delivered to a
policyholder, the pet insurer shall include a written disclosure with the
following information, printed in 12-point boldface type:

1	(A) the Department of Financial Regulation's mailing address, toll-
2	free telephone number, and website address;
3	(B) the address and customer service telephone number of the pet
4	insurer or the agent or broker of record; and
5	(C) if the policy was issued or delivered by an agent or broker, a
6	statement advising the policyholder to contact the broker or agent for
7	assistance.
8	(12) The disclosures required in this section shall be in addition to any
9	other disclosure requirements required by law or rule.
10	§ 7155. POLICY CONDITIONS
11	(a) A pet insurer may issue policies that exclude coverage on the basis of
12	one or more preexisting conditions with appropriate disclosure to the
13	consumer. The pet insurer has the burden of proving that the preexisting
14	condition exclusion applies to the condition for which a claim is being made.
15	(b) A pet insurer may issue policies that impose waiting periods that do not
16	exceed 30 days from the effective date of the policy for illnesses or orthopedic
17	conditions not resulting from an accident. Waiting periods for accidents are
18	prohibited. An insurer must issue coverage to be effective not later than 12:01
19	a.m. on the second calendar day after premium is paid.
20	(1) A pet insurer using a waiting period permitted under this subsection
21	shall include a provision in its contract that allows the waiting period to be

1	waived upon completion of a medical examination. Pet insurers may require
2	the examination to be conducted by a licensed veterinarian after the purchase
3	of the policy.
4	(A) A medical examination pursuant to this subdivision (1) shall be
5	paid for by the policyholder, unless the policy specifies that the pet insurer will
6	pay for the examination.
7	(B) A pet insurer can specify elements to be included as part of the
8	examination and require documentation thereof, provided the specifications do
9	not unreasonably restrict a consumer's ability to waive the waiting period
10	under this subsection.
11	(2) Waiting periods, and the requirements applicable to them, shall be
12	clearly and prominently disclosed to consumers prior to the policy purchase.
13	(3) If a policy does not include a waiting period, an insurer may set a
14	policy effective date that is up to 15 calendar days after purchase, provided
15	such policy effective date is clearly disclosed and no premium is earned before
16	the policy becomes effective.
17	(c) A pet insurer must not require a veterinary examination of the covered
18	pet for the insured to have their policy renewed.
19	(d) If a pet insurer includes any prescriptive, wellness, or noninsurance
20	benefits in the policy form, then it is made part of the policy contract and shall
21	follow all applicable insurance laws and rules.

l	(e) An insured's eligibility to purchase a pet insurance policy shall not be
2	based on participation, or lack of participation, in a separate wellness program.
3	(f) A condition for which coverage is afforded on a policy shall not be
4	considered a preexisting condition on any renewal of the policy.
5	(g) A policyholder shall be allowed to modify coverage amounts without
6	having the policy cancelled and renewed.
7	(h) Coverage for new or existing claims shall not be suspended due to
8	nonpayment of premium. The policy is considered effective until renewal,
9	cancellation, or nonrenewal.
10	(i) Unpaid premiums shall not be deducted from claim payments for a
11	covered loss.
12	§ 7156. SALES PRACTICES FOR WELLNESS PROGRAMS
13	(a) A pet insurer or producer shall not market a wellness program as pet
14	insurance.
15	(b) If a wellness program is sold by a pet insurer or producer it shall be
16	subject to the following requirements:
17	(1) The purchase of the wellness program shall not be a requirement to
18	the purchase of pet insurance.
19	(2) The costs of the wellness program shall be separate and identifiable
20	from any pet insurance policy sold by a pet insurer or producer.

1	(3) The terms and conditions for the wellness program shall be separate
2	from any pet insurance policy sold by a pet insurer or producer.
3	(4) The products or coverages available through the wellness program
4	shall not duplicate products or coverages available through the pet insurance
5	policy.
6	(5) The advertising of the wellness program shall not be misleading and
7	shall be in accordance with the requirements of this subsection.
8	(6) A pet insurer or producer shall clearly disclose the following to
9	consumers, printed in 12-point boldface type:
10	(A) that wellness programs are not insurance;
11	(B) the address and customer service telephone number of the pet
12	insurer or producer or broker of record; and
13	(C) the Department of Financial Regulation's mailing address, toll-
14	free telephone number, and website address.
15	(7) Coverages included in the pet insurance policy contract described as
16	"wellness" benefits are insurance.
17	§ 7157. INSURANCE PRODUCER TRAINING
18	(a) An insurance producer shall not sell, solicit, or negotiate a pet insurance
19	product until after the producer is appropriately licensed and has completed the
20	required training identified in subsection (c) of this section.

1	(b) An insurer shall ensure that its producers are trained under
2	subsection (c) of this section and that its producers have been appropriately
3	trained on the coverages and conditions of its pet insurance products.
4	(c) The training required under this section shall include information on the
5	following topics:
6	(A) preexisting conditions and waiting periods;
7	(B) the differences between pet insurance and noninsurance wellness
8	programs;
9	(C) hereditary disorders, congenital anomalies or disorders, and
10	chronic conditions and how pet insurance policies interact with those
11	conditions or disorders; and
12	(D) rating, underwriting, renewal, and other related administrative
13	topics.
14	(d) The satisfaction of the training requirements of another state that are
15	substantially similar to the training requirements in subsection (c) of this
16	section shall be deemed to satisfy the training requirements in Vermont.
17	<u>§ 7158. RULES</u>
18	The Commissioner may adopt rules to administer this chapter and to
19	effectuate its policies and purposes.

1	§ 7159. VIOLATIONS
2	A violation of this chapter shall be subject to the penalties and enforcement
3	provisions specified in section 3661 of this title.
4	* * * Conference of State Bank Supervisors; Money Transmission
5	Modernization Model Act * * *
6	Sec. 29. 8 V.S.A. § 2101 is amended to read:
7	§ 2101. DEFINITIONS
8	Except as otherwise provided in this part:
9	(1) "Acting in concert" means persons knowingly acting together with a
10	common goal of jointly acquiring control of a license whether or not pursuant
11	to an express agreement.
12	(2) "Commercial loan" means a loan or extension of credit that is
13	described in 9 V.S.A. § 46(1), (2), or (4). The term does not include a loan or
14	extension of credit secured in whole or in part by an owner-occupied, one- to
15	four-unit dwelling.
16	(2)(3) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Financial
17	Regulation.
18	(3)(4)(A) "Control" means the possession, direct or indirect, of the
19	power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a
20	person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other
21	than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or

otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or
corporate office held by the person. Control is presumed to exist if a person,
directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds
proxies representing 10 percent or more of the voting securities or other
interest of any other person:
(i) the power to vote, directly or indirectly, at least 25 percent of
the outstanding voting shares or voting interests of a licensee or person in
control of a licensee;
(ii) the power to elect or appoint a majority of key individuals; or
(iii) the power to exercise, directly or indirectly, a controlling
influence over the management or policies of a licensee or person in control of
<u>a licensee.</u>
(B) A person is presumed to exercise a controlling influence when
the person holds the power to vote, directly or indirectly, at least 10 percent of
the outstanding voting shares or voting interests of a licensee or person in
control of a licensee.
(C) A person presumed to exercise a controlling influence as defined
by subdivision (4)(B) of this section can rebut the presumption of control if the
person is a passive investor.
(D) For purposes of determining the percentage of a person
controlled by any other person, the person's interest shall be aggregated with

1	the interest of any other immediate family member as defined in
2	subdivision (9) of this section, as well as the interest of the person's mothers-
3	and fathers-in-law, sons- and daughters-in-law, brothers- and sisters-in-law,
4	and any other person who shares such person's home.
5	(4)(5) "Depository institution" has the same meaning as in 12 U.S.C.
6	§ 1813 and includes any bank and any savings association as defined in
7	12 U.S.C. § 1813. The term also includes a credit union organized and
8	regulated as such under the laws of the United States or any state.
9	(5)(6) "Dwelling" has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. § 1602.
10	(6)(7) "Federal banking agencies" means the Board of Governors of the
11	Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, the National Credit
12	Union Administration, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any
13	successor of any of these.
14	(7) (<u>8)</u> "Holder" means:
15	(A) the person in possession of a negotiable instrument that is
16	payable either to bearer or to an identified person that is the person in
17	possession;
18	(B) the person in possession of a negotiable tangible document of
19	title if the goods are deliverable either to bearer or to the order of the person in
20	possession; or
21	(C) the person in control of a negotiable electronic document of title.

1	(8)(9) "Immediate family member" means a spouse, child, sibling,
2	parent, grandparent, or grandchild, aunt, uncle, nephew, niece, including
3	stepparents, stepchildren, stepsiblings, step grandparents, step grandchildren,
4	and adoptive relationships. The term also includes former spouses dividing
5	property in connection with a divorce or separation.
6	(9)(10) "Individual" means a natural person.
7	(10)(11) "Insurance company" means an institution organized and
8	regulated as such under the laws of any state.
9	(11)(12) "Key individual" means any individual ultimately responsible
10	for establishing or directing policies and procedures of the licensee, such as an
11	executive officer, manager, director, or trustee, and includes persons exercising
12	the managerial authority of a person in control of a licensee.
13	(13) "Licensee" means a person required to be licensed or registered
14	under this part.
15	(12)(14) "Material litigation" means a litigation that according to
16	generally accepted accounting principles is deemed significant to an
17	applicant's or a licensee's financial health and is required to be disclosed in the
18	applicant's or licensee's annual audited financial statements, report to
19	shareholders, or similar records.
20	(13)(15) "Mortgage loan" means a loan secured primarily by a lien
21	against real estate.

1	(16) "Multistate licensing process" means any agreement entered into by
2	and among state regulators relating to coordinated processing of applications
3	for licenses, applications for the acquisition of control of a licensee, control
4	determinations, or notice and information requirements for a change of key
5	individuals.
6	(14)(17) "Nationwide Multistate Licensing System and Registry" or
7	"Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry" or "NMLS" means a
8	multistate licensing system developed by the Conference of State Bank
9	Supervisors and the American Association of Residential Mortgage Regulators
10	and operated by the State Regulatory Registry LLC for the licensing and
11	registration of non-depository nondepository financial service entities in
12	participating state agencies, or any successor to the Nationwide Multistate
13	Licensing System and Registry.
14	(15)(18) "Person" has the same meaning as in 1 V.S.A. § 128.
15	(19) "Passive investor" means a person that:
16	(A) does not have the power to elect a majority of key individuals;
17	(B) is not employed by and does not have any managerial duties of
18	the licensee or person in control of a licensee;
19	(C) does not have the power to exercise, directly or indirectly, a
20	controlling influence over the management or policies of a licensee or person
21	in control of a licensee; and

1	(D) either attests to subdivisions (A), (B), and (C) of this subdivision
2	in a form and in a medium prescribed by the Commissioner or commits to the
3	passivity characteristics of subdivisions (A), (B), and (C) of this subdivision in
4	a written document.
5	(16)(20) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible
6	medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in
7	perceivable form.
8	(17)(21) "Residential mortgage loan" means a loan primarily for
9	personal, family, or household use that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust,
10	or other equivalent consensual security interest on either a dwelling or
11	residential real estate, upon which is constructed or intended to be constructed
12	a dwelling.
13	(18)(22) "Residential real estate" means real property located in this
14	State, upon which is constructed or intended to be constructed a dwelling.
15	(19) "Responsible individual" means an individual who is employed by
16	a licensee and has principal, active managerial authority over the provision of
17	services in this State.
18	(20)(23) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of
19	Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular
20	possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, except that when
21	capitalized the term means the State of Vermont.

20

Commissioner may require.

1	(21)(24) "Unique identifier" means a number or other identifier assigned
2	by protocols established by the Nationwide Multistate Licensing System and
3	Registry.
4	(22)(25) "Unsafe or unsound practice" means a practice or conduct by a
5	person licensed to do business in this State that creates the likelihood of
6	material loss, insolvency, or dissipation of the licensee's assets, or otherwise
7	materially prejudices the interests of its customers.
8	Sec. 30. 8 V.S.A. § 2102 is amended to read:
9	§ 2102. APPLICATION FOR LICENSE
10	(a) Application for a license or registration shall be in writing, under oath,
11	and in the form prescribed by the Commissioner, and shall contain the legal
12	name, any fictitious name or trade name, and the address of the residence and
13	place of business of the applicant, and; if the applicant is a partnership or an
14	association, of every member thereof, and if a corporation, of each officer and
15	director thereof corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other
16	entity, the name and title of each key individual and person in control of the
17	applicant; also the county and municipality with street and number, if any,
18	where the business is to be conducted; and such further information as the

* * *

1	(c) In connection with an application for a license, the applicant, each
2	officer, director, and responsible individual of the applicant key individual,
3	each person in control of the applicant, and any other person the Commissioner
4	requires in accordance with NMLS guidelines or other multistate agreements,
5	shall furnish to the Nationwide Multistate Licensing System and Registry
6	information concerning each person's identity, including:
7	(1) fingerprints for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation,
8	and any governmental agency or entity authorized to receive such information
9	for a state, national, and international criminal history background check;
10	(2) personal history and experience in a form prescribed by the
11	Nationwide Multistate Licensing System and Registry, including the
12	submission of authorization for the Nationwide Multistate Licensing System
13	and Registry and the Commissioner to obtain:
14	(A) an independent credit report and credit score obtained from a
15	consumer reporting agency described in 15 U.S.C. § 1681a for the purpose of
16	evaluating the applicant's financial responsibility at the time of application;
17	and the Commissioner may obtain additional credit reports and credit scores to
18	confirm the licensee's continued compliance with the financial responsibility
19	requirements of this part; and
20	(B) information related to any administrative, civil, or criminal
21	findings by any governmental jurisdiction; and

1	(3) If the individual has resided outside the United States at any time in
2	the last 10 years, an investigative background report prepared by an
3	independent search firm that meets the following minimum requirements:
4	(A) the search firm demonstrates that it has sufficient knowledge,
5	resources, and employs accepted and reasonable methodologies to conduct the
6	research of the background report;
7	(B) the search firm is not affiliated with nor has an interest with the
8	individual it is researching; and
9	(C) the investigative background report is written in the English
10	language and contains the following:
11	(i) if available in the individual's current jurisdiction of residency,
12	a comprehensive credit report, or any equivalent information obtained or
13	generated by the independent search firm to accomplish such report, including
14	a search of the court data in the countries, provinces, states, cities, towns, and
15	contiguous areas where the individual resided and worked;
16	(ii) criminal records information for the past 10 years, including
17	felonies, misdemeanors, or similar convictions for violations of law in the
18	countries, provinces, states, cities, towns, and contiguous areas where the
19	individual resided and worked;
20	(iii) employment history;

1	(iv) media history, including an electronic search of national and
2	local publications, wire services, and business applications; and
3	(v) financial services-related regulatory history, including money
4	transmission, securities, banking, insurance, and mortgage-related industries;
5	<u>and</u>
6	(4) any other information required by the Nationwide Multistate
7	Licensing System and Registry NMLS or the Commissioner.
8	(d) The applicant shall provide a list of any material litigation in which the
9	applicant has been involved in the 10-year period preceding the submission of
10	the application.
11	(e) If an applicant is a corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
12	or other entity, the applicant shall also provide:
13	(1) the date of the applicant's incorporation or formation and state or
14	country of incorporation or formation;
15	(2) if applicable, a certificate of good standing from the state or country
16	in which the applicant is incorporated or formed;
17	(3) a brief description of the structure or organization of the applicant,
18	including any parent or subsidiary of the applicant, and whether any parent or
19	subsidiary is publicly traded;
20	(4) the legal name, any fictitious or trade name, all business and
21	residential addresses, and the employment, in the 10-year period preceding the

1	submission of the application, of each executive officer, manager, responsible
2	individual, director of, or key individual and person in control of, the applicant;
3	* * *
4	Sec. 31. 8 V.S.A. § 2103 is amended to read:
5	§ 2103. APPROVAL OF APPLICATION AND ISSUANCE OF LICENSE
6	(a) Upon the filing of an application, payment of the required fees, and
7	satisfaction of any applicable bond and liquid asset requirements, the
8	Commissioner shall issue a license to the applicant if the Commissioner finds:
9	(1)(A) The financial condition and responsibility, financial and business
10	experience, competence, character, and general fitness of the applicant
11	command the confidence of the community and warrant belief that the business
12	will be operated honestly, fairly, and efficiently pursuant to the applicable
13	chapter of this title.
14	(i) If the applicant is a <u>corporation</u> , partnership, or association,
15	such findings are required with respect to each partner, member, and
16	responsible individual of, key individual and each person in control of, the
17	applicant.
18	(ii) If the applicant is a corporation, such findings are required
19	with respect to each officer, director, and responsible individual of, and each
20	person in control of, the applicant.
21	* * *

1	(3) The applicant, each officer, director, and responsible individual of
2	key individual, and each person in control of, the applicant, has never had a
3	financial services license or similar license revoked in any governmental
4	jurisdiction, except that a subsequent formal vacation of such revocation shall
5	not be deemed a revocation.
6	(4) The applicant, each officer, director, and responsible individual of
7	key individual, and each person in control of, the applicant has not been
8	convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony in a domestic,
9	foreign, or military court:
10	* * *
11	(5) The applicant has satisfied the applicable surety bond and liquid
12	asset requirement as follows:
13	* * *
14	(C) for an application for a money transmitter license, the bond and
15	net worth and security requirements of sections 2507 and 2510 2540 and 2541
16	of this title;
17	* * *
18	(f) If an applicant avails itself or is otherwise subject to a multistate
19	licensing process:
20	(1) the Commissioner is authorized to accept the investigation results of
21	a lead investigative state for the purposes of reaching the findings in

1	subsections (a)–(d) of this section if the lead investigative state has sufficient
2	staffing, expertise, and minimum standards; or
3	(2) if Vermont is a lead investigative state, the Commissioner is
4	authorized to investigate the applicant pursuant to subsections (a)-(e) of this
5	section.
6	(g) This section does not apply to a person applying for a commercial
7	lender license under section 2202a of this title.
8	Sec. 32. 8 V.S.A. § 2107 is amended to read:
9	§ 2107. CHANGE OF CONTROL
10	(a) A licensee shall give the Commissioner notice of a proposed change of
11	control within 30 days of the proposed change and request approval of the
12	acquisition. A money transmitter licensee shall also submit with the notice a
13	nonrefundable fee of \$500.00 Any person or group of persons acting in concer-
14	shall submit a request to the Commissioner and shall obtain the approval of the
15	Commissioner prior to acquiring control. If the person or group of persons is
16	seeking to acquire control of a money transmitter licensee, the person or group
17	of persons shall submit with the request a nonrefundable fee of \$500.00. An
18	individual is not deemed to acquire control of a licensee and is not subject to
19	this section when that individual becomes a key individual in the ordinary
20	course of business.

licensing process:

1 (b) After review of a request for approval under subsection (a) of this 2 section, the Commissioner may require the licensee to provide additional 3 information concerning the proposed persons in control of the licensee. The 4 additional information shall be limited to the same categories of information 5 required of the licensee or persons in control of the licensee as part of its 6 original license or renewal application The request required by subsection (a) of this section shall include all information required for the person or group of 7 8 persons seeking to acquire control and all new key individuals that have not 9 previously submitted the application requirements contained in section 2102 of 10 this chapter. 11 (c) The Commissioner shall approve a request for change of control under 12 subsection (a) of this section if, after investigation, the Commissioner 13 determines that the person or group of persons requesting approval has the 14 financial condition and responsibility, competence, experience, character, and 15 general fitness to control and operate the licensee or person in control of the 16 licensee in a lawful and proper manner, and that the interests of the public will 17 not be jeopardized by the change of control. * * * 18 19 (h) If an applicant avails itself or is otherwise subject to a multistate

1	(1) the Commissioner is authorized to accept the investigation results of
2	a lead investigative state for the purposes of reaching the findings in
3	subsections (c) of this section if the lead investigative state has sufficient
4	staffing, expertise, and minimum standards; or
5	(2) if Vermont is a lead investigative state, the Commissioner is
6	authorized to investigate the applicant pursuant to subsections (c) of this
7	section.
8	Sec. 33. 8 V.S.A. § 2108 is amended to read:
9	§ 2108. NOTIFICATION OF MATERIAL CHANGE
10	* * *
11	(b) A licensee shall notify the Commissioner in writing within 30 days of
12	any change in the list of executive officers, managers, directors, or responsible
13	individuals adding or replacing any key individual shall:
14	(1) notify the Commissioner in writing within 15 days after the effective
15	date of the key individual's appointment; and
16	(2) provide the information required in subsection 2102(c) of this
17	chapter within 45 days after the effective date of the key individual's
18	appointment.
19	(c) The Commissioner may issue a notice of disapproval of a key
20	individual if the Commissioner finds that the financial condition and
21	responsibility, financial and business experience, competence, character, or

1	general fitness of the key individual indicates that it is not in the public interest
2	to permit the individual to provide services in this State.
3	(d) A licensee shall file a report with the Commissioner within 15 business
4	days after the licensee has reason to know of the occurrence of any of the
5	following events involving the licensee, or any executive officer, manager,
6	director key individual, or person in control, responsible individual, or
7	equivalent of the licensee:
8	* * *
9	Sec. 34. 8 V.S.A. § 2109(g) is added to read:
10	(g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this title to the contrary, the
11	license of a money transmitter who fails to pay the annual renewal fee on or
12	before December 1 shall automatically expire on December 31.
13	Sec. 35. 8 V.S.A. § 2110 is amended to read:
14	§ 2110. REVOCATION, SUSPENSION, TERMINATION, OR
15	NONRENEWAL OF LICENSE; CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS
16	(a) The Commissioner may deny, suspend, terminate, revoke, condition, or
17	refuse to renew a license or order that any person or licensee cease and desist
18	in any specified conduct if the Commissioner finds:
19	* * *
20	(6) the competence, experience, character, or general fitness of the
21	licensee, person in control of a licensee, or responsible individual of the

1	licensee key individual indicates that it is not in the public interest to permit
2	the person to provide services in this State;
3	* * *
4	(b) The Commissioner may issue orders or directives to any person:
5	* * *
6	(5) to remove any officer, director, employee, responsible individual key
7	individual, or control person in control; or
8	* * *
9	Sec. 36. 8 V.S.A. § 2115 is amended to read:
10	§ 2115. PENALTIES
11	* * *
12	(d) It shall be a criminal offense, punishable by a fine of not more than
13	\$10,000.00 or imprisonment of not more than three years in prison, or both, for
14	any person to intentionally make a false statement, misrepresentation, or false
15	certification in a record filed or required to be maintained by this part, or to
16	intentionally make a false entry or omit a material entry in such a record, or to
17	knowingly engage in any activity for which a license is required under this
18	chapter without being licensed under this chapter.
19	(e)(1) A loan contract made in knowing and willful violation of subdivision
20	2201(a)(1) of this title is void, and the lender shall not collect or receive any
21	principal, interest, or charges; provided, however, in the case of a loan made in

1	violation of subdivision 2201(a)(1) of this title, where the Commissioner does
2	not find a knowing and willful violation, the lender shall not collect or receive
3	any interest or charges, but may collect and receive principal.
4	(2) If a person who receives an order that directs the person to cease
5	exercising the duties and powers of a licensee and imposes an administrative
6	penalty under this part continues to perform the duties or exercise the powers
7	of a licensee without satisfying the penalty, or otherwise reaching a
8	satisfactory resolution between the parties, or securing a decision vacating the
9	order by the Commissioner or by a court of competent jurisdiction, a loan
10	contract made by the person after receipt of such order is void and the lender
11	shall not collect or receive any principal, interest, or charges.
12	(e)(f) The powers vested in the Commissioner in this part are in addition to
13	any other powers to enforce penalties, fines, or forfeitures authorized by law.
14	(g) This section does not limit the power of the State to punish a person for
15	conduct that otherwise constitutes a crime under Vermont law.
16	Sec. 37. 8 V.S.A. § 2127 is added to read:
17	§ 2127. NETWORKED SUPERVISION
18	(a) To efficiently and effectively administer and enforce this chapter and to
19	minimize regulatory burden, the Commissioner is authorized and encouraged
20	to participate in multistate supervisory processes established between states

and coordinated through the Conference of State Bank Supervisors, Money

Transmitter Regulators Association, and affiliates and successors thereof, for
all licensees that hold licenses in Vermont and in other states. As a participant
in multistate supervision, the Commissioner may:
(1) cooperate, coordinate, and share information with other state and
federal regulators in accordance with section 22 of this title and section 2126
of this chapter;
(2) enter into written cooperation, coordination, or information-sharing
contracts or agreements with organizations the membership of which is
comprised of state or federal governmental agencies; and
(3) cooperate, coordinate, and share information with organizations the
membership of which is made up of state or federal governmental agencies,
provided that the organizations agree in writing to maintain the confidentiality
and security of the shared information in accordance with section 22 of this
title.
(b) The Commissioner shall not waive, and nothing in this section
constitutes a waiver of, the Commissioner's authority to conduct an
examination or investigation or otherwise take independent action authorized
by this chapter or a rule adopted or order issued under this chapter to enforce
compliance with applicable State or federal law.

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1	Sec. 38. REPEAL
2	8 V.S.A. chapter 79 (money services), subchapter 1 (general provisions)
3	and subchapter 2 (money transmission licenses) are repealed.
4	Sec. 39. 8 V.S.A. chapter 79, subchapter 1 is added to read:
5	Subchapter 1. General Provisions
6	<u>§ 2500. PURPOSE</u>
7	It is the intent of the General Assembly that the provisions of this chapter
8	accomplish the following:
9	(1) ensure the State can coordinate with other states in all areas of
10	regulation, licensing, and supervision to eliminate unnecessary regulatory
11	burden and more effectively use regulator resources;
12	(2) protect the public from financial crime;
13	(3) standardize the types of activities that are subject to licensing or
14	otherwise exempt from licensing; and
15	(4) modernize safety and soundness requirements to ensure customer
16	funds are protected in an environment that supports innovative and competitive
17	business practices.
18	§ 2501. TRANSITION PERIOD
19	(a) A person licensed under subchapter three of this chapter prior to July 1,
20	2024, and their authorized delegates, shall not be subject to the provisions of

1	this chapter that establish new or different requirements from those that existed
2	prior to July 1, 2024 until July 1, 2025.
3	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, on or before July 1, 2025
4	a licensee shall amend its authorized delegate written contracts to comply with
5	the requirements in section 2525 of this chapter, provided the licensee and
6	authorized delegate otherwise operate in full compliance with this chapter
7	pursuant to the timeline established in subsection (a) of this section.
8	§ 2502. RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL LAW
9	(a) In the event state money transmission jurisdiction is conditioned on a
10	federal law, any inconsistencies between a provision of this chapter and the
11	federal law governing money transmission shall be governed by the applicable
12	federal law to the extent of the inconsistency.
13	(b) In the event of any inconsistencies between this chapter and a federal
14	law that governs pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner
15	may provide interpretive guidance that:
16	(1) identifies the inconsistency; and
17	(2) identifies the appropriate means of compliance with federal law.
18	§ 2503. DEFINITIONS
19	As used in this chapter:
20	(1) "Authorized delegate" means a person a licensee designates to
21	engage in money transmission on behalf of the licensee.

(2) "Average daily money transmission liability" means the amount of
the licensee's outstanding money transmission obligations in this State at the
end of each day in a given period of time, added together, and divided by the
total number of days in the given period of time. For purposes of calculating
average daily money transmission liability under this chapter for any licensee
required to do so, the given periods of time shall be the quarters ending
March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31.
(3) "Bank Secrecy Act" means the Bank Secrecy Act, 31 U.S.C. § 5311,
et seq. and its implementing regulations, as may be amended.
(4) "Check cashing" means receiving at least \$500.00 compensation
within a 30-day period for taking payment instruments or stored value, other
than traveler's checks, in exchange for money, payment instruments, or stored
value delivered to the person delivering the payment instrument or stored value
at the time and place of delivery without any agreement specifying when the
person taking the payment instrument will present it for collection.
(5) "Closed loop stored value" means stored value that is redeemable by
the issuer only for goods or services provided by the issuer or its affiliate or
franchisees of the issuer or its affiliate, except to the extent required by
applicable law to be redeemable in cash for its cash value.

1	(6) "Control of virtual currency," when used in reference to a
2	transaction or relationship involving virtual currency, means the power to
3	execute unilaterally or prevent indefinitely a virtual currency transaction.
4	(7) "Currency exchange" means receipt of revenues equal to or greater
5	than five percent of total revenues from the exchange of money of one
6	government for money of another government.
7	(8) "Eligible rating" shall mean a credit rating of any of the three highest
8	rating categories provided by an eligible rating service, whereby each category
9	may include rating category modifiers such as "plus" or "minus" for S&P, or
10	the equivalent for any other eligible rating service. Long-term credit ratings
11	are deemed eligible if the rating is equal to A- or higher by S&P, or the
12	equivalent from any other eligible rating service. Short-term credit ratings are
13	deemed eligible if the rating is equal to or higher than A-2 or SP-2 by S&P, or
14	the equivalent from any other eligible rating service. In the event that ratings
15	differ among eligible rating services, the highest rating shall apply when
16	determining whether a security bears an eligible rating.
17	(9) "Eligible rating service" shall mean any Nationally Recognized
18	Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO) as defined by the U.S. Securities and
19	Exchange Commission, and any other organization designated by the
20	Commissioner by rule or order.

1	(10) "In this State" means at a physical location within Vermont for a
2	transaction requested in person. For a transaction requested electronically or
3	by phone, the provider of money transmission may determine if the person
4	requesting the transaction is "in this State" by relying on other information
5	provided by the person regarding the location of the individual's residential
6	address or a business entity's principal place of business or other physical
7	address location, and any records associated with the person that the provider
8	of money transmission may have to indicate such location, including an
9	address associated with an account.
10	(11) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this chapter.
11	(12) "Limited station" means private premises where a check casher is
12	authorized to engage in check cashing for not more than two days of each
13	week solely for the employees of the particular employer or group of
14	employers specified in the check casher license application.
15	(13) "Mobile location" means a vehicle or a movable facility where
16	check cashing occurs.
17	(14) "Monetary value" means a medium of exchange, whether or not
18	redeemable in money.
19	(15) "Money" means a medium of exchange that is issued by the United
20	States or a foreign government. The term includes a monetary unit of account

1	established by an intergovernmental organization or by agreement between two
2	or more governments.
3	(16) "Money services" means money transmission, check cashing, or
4	currency exchange.
5	(17)(A) "Money transmission" means any of the following:
6	(i) selling or issuing payment instruments to a person located in
7	this State;
8	(ii) selling or issuing stored value to a person located in this State;
9	<u>or</u>
10	(iii) receiving money for transmission from a person located in
11	this State.
12	(B) The term "money transmission" includes payroll processing
13	services.
14	(C) The term "money transmission" does not include the provision
15	solely of telecommunications services or network access.
16	(18) "Money transmission kiosk" means an automated, unstaffed
17	electronic machine that allows users to engage in money transmission,
18	including any machine that is capable of accepting or dispensing cash in
19	exchange for virtual currency. The term does not include consumer cell
20	phones and other similar personal devices.

1	(19)(A) *Outstanding money transmission obligations snall be
2	established and extinguished in accordance with applicable state law and shall
3	mean:
4	(i) any payment instrument or stored value issued or sold by the
5	licensee to a person located in the United States or reported as sold by an
6	authorized delegate of the licensee to a person that is located in the United
7	States that has not yet been paid or refunded by or for the licensee, or
8	escheated in accordance with applicable abandoned property laws; or
9	(ii) any money received for transmission by the licensee or an
10	authorized delegate in the United States from a person located in the United
11	States that has not been received by the payee or refunded to the sender, or
12	escheated in accordance with applicable abandoned property laws.
13	(B) For purposes of this section, "in the United States" shall include,
14	to the extent applicable, a person in any state, territory, or possession of the
15	United States; the District of Columbia; the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; or
16	a U.S. military installation located in a foreign country.
17	(20) "Payment instrument" means a written or electronic check, draft,
18	money order, traveler's check, or other written or electronic instrument for the
19	transmission or payment of money or monetary value, whether or not
20	negotiable. The term does not include stored value or any instrument that is:

1	(A) redeemable by the issuer only for goods or services provided by
2	the issuer or its affiliate or franchisees of the issuer or its affiliate, except to the
3	extent required by applicable law to be redeemable in cash for its cash value;
4	<u>or</u>
5	(B) not sold to the public but issued and distributed as part of a
6	loyalty, rewards, or promotional program.
7	(21) "Payroll processing services" means receiving money for
8	transmission pursuant to a contract with a person to deliver wages or salaries,
9	make payment of payroll taxes to state and federal agencies, make payments
10	relating to employee benefit plans, or make distributions of other authorized
11	deductions from wages or salaries. The term does not include an employer
12	performing payroll processing services on its own behalf or on behalf of its
13	affiliate.
14	(22) "Prevailing market value" means the value to buy or sell a
15	particular virtual currency, as applicable, quoted on a virtual currency
16	exchange operated by a licensee based in the United States, with sufficient
17	volume to reflect the prevailing market price of such virtual currency.
18	(23) "Receiving money for transmission" or "money received for
19	transmission" means receiving money or monetary value in the United States
20	for transmission within or outside the United States by electronic or other
21	means.

	(24) "Stored value" means monetary value representing a claim against
the i	issuer evidenced by an electronic or digital record, and that is intended and
acce	epted for use as a means of redemption for money or monetary value, or
payı	ment for goods or services. The term includes "prepaid access" as defined
<u>by 3</u>	31 C.F.R. § 1010.100, as may be amended. Notwithstanding the foregoing,
the t	term "stored value" does not include a payment instrument or closed loop
store	ed value, or stored value not sold to the public but issued and distributed as
part	of a loyalty, rewards, or promotional program.
	(25) "Tangible net worth" means the aggregate assets of a licensee
<u>excl</u>	luding all intangible assets, less liabilities, as determined in accordance
with	United States generally accepted accounting principles.
	(26) "U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual currency" means the prevailing
mar	ket value of a particular virtual currency in United States dollars for a
part	icular date or period specified in this chapter.
	(27)(A) "Virtual currency" means a digital representation of value that:
	(i) is used as a medium of exchange, unit of account, or store of
<u>valu</u>	ne; and
	(ii) is not money, whether or not denominated in money.
	(B) The term "virtual currency" does not include:
	(i) a digital representation of value that can be redeemed for
good	ds, services, discounts, or purchases solely as part of a customer affinity or

1	rewards program with the issuing merchant or other designated merchants, or
1	both, or can be redeemed for digital units in another customer affinity or
1	rewards program, but cannot be, directly or indirectly, converted into,
]	redeemed, or exchanged for money, monetary value, bank credit, or virtual
<u> </u>	currency; or
	(ii) a digital representation of value issued by or on behalf of a
]	publisher and used solely within an online game, game platform, or family of
ļ	games sold by the same publisher or offered on the same game platform, and:
	(I) has no market or application outside of such online game,
į	game platform, or family of games;
	(II) cannot be, directly or indirectly, converted into, redeemed,
	or exchanged for money, monetary value, bank credit, or virtual currency; and
	(III) may or may not be redeemable for real-world goods,
į	services, discounts, or purchases.
	(28) "Virtual-currency administration" means:
	(A) issuing virtual currency with the authority to redeem such virtual
9	currency for money, monetary value, bank credit, or other virtual currency; or
	(B) issuing virtual currency that entitles the purchaser or holder of
į	such virtual currency, or otherwise conveys or represents a right of the
1	purchaser or holder of such virtual currency, to redeem such virtual currency
	for money, monetary value, bank credit, or other virtual currency.

1	(29) "Virtual-currency business activity" means:
2	(A) exchanging or transferring virtual currency, engaging in virtual-
3	currency administration, or engaging in virtual-currency storage, in each case
4	whether directly or through an agreement with a virtual-currency control-
5	services vendor;
6	(B) holding electronic precious metals or electronic certificates
7	representing interests in precious metals on behalf of another person or issuing
8	shares or electronic certificates representing interests in precious metals;
9	(C) buying or selling virtual currency as a consumer business; or
10	(D) receiving virtual currency or control of virtual currency for
11	transmission or transmitting virtual currency, except where the transaction is
12	undertaken for nonfinancial purposes and does not involve the transfer of more
13	than a nominal amount of virtual currency.
14	(30) "Virtual-currency control-services vendor" means a person that has
15	control of virtual currency solely under an agreement with a person that, on
16	behalf of another person, assumes control of virtual currency.
17	(31) "Virtual-currency kiosk operator" means a person that engages in
18	virtual-currency business activity via a money transmission kiosk located in
19	this State or a person that owns, operates, or manages a money transmission
20	kiosk located in this State through which virtual-currency business activity is
21	offered.

1	(32) "Virtual-currency storage" means:
2	(A) maintaining possession, custody, or control over virtual currency
3	on behalf of another person, including as a virtual-currency control-services
4	vendor;
5	(B) issuing, transferring, or otherwise granting or providing to any
6	person in this State any claim or right, or any physical, digital, or electronic
7	instrument, receipt, certificate, or record representing any claim or right to
8	receive, redeem, withdraw, transfer, exchange, or control any virtual currency
9	or amount of virtual currency; or
10	(C) receiving possession, custody, or control over virtual currency
11	from a person in this State, in return for a promise or obligation to return,
12	repay, exchange, or transfer such virtual currency or a like amount of such
13	virtual currency.
14	§ 2504. EXEMPTIONS
15	This chapter does not apply to:
16	(1) An operator of a payment system to the extent that it provides
17	processing, clearing, or settlement services, between or among persons
18	exempted by this section or licensees, in connection with wire transfers, credit
19	card transactions, debit card transactions, stored-value transactions, automated
20	clearing house transfers, or similar funds transfers.

1	(2) A person appointed as an agent of a payee to confect and process a
2	payment from a payor to the payee for goods or services, other than money
3	transmission itself, provided to the payor by the payee, provided that:
4	(A) there exists a written agreement between the payee and the agent
5	directing the agent to collect and process payments from payors on the payee's
6	behalf;
7	(B) the payee holds the agent out to the public as accepting payments
8	for goods or services on the payee's behalf; and
9	(C) payment for the goods and services is treated as received by the
10	payee upon receipt by the agent so that the payor's obligation is extinguished
11	and there is no risk of loss to the payor if the agent fails to remit the funds to
12	the payee.
13	(3) A person that acts as an intermediary by processing payments
14	between an entity that has directly incurred an outstanding money transmission
15	obligation to a sender, and the sender's designated recipient, provided that the
16	entity:
17	(A) is properly licensed or exempt from licensing requirements under
18	this chapter;
19	(B) provides a receipt, electronic record, or other written
20	confirmation to the sender identifying the entity as the provider of money
21	transmission in the transaction; and

1	(C) bears sole responsibility to satisfy the outstanding money
2	transmission obligation to the sender, including the obligation to make the
3	sender whole in connection with any failure to transmit the funds to the
4	sender's designated recipient.
5	(4) The United States or a department, agency, or instrumentality
6	thereof, or its agent.
7	(5) Money transmission by the U.S. Postal Service or by an agent of the
8	U.S. Postal Service.
9	(6) A state, county, city, or any other governmental agency or
10	governmental subdivision or instrumentality of a state, or its agent.
11	(7) A financial institution as defined in subdivision 11101(32) of this
12	title, or a credit union, provided their deposits are federally insured.
13	(8) A financial institution holding company as defined in subdivision
14	11101(33) of this title; an office of an international banking corporation; a
15	foreign bank that establishes a federal branch pursuant to the International
16	Bank Act, 12 U.S.C. § 3102, as may be amended; a corporation organized
17	pursuant to the Bank Services Company Act, 12 U.S.C. §§ 1862–1867, as may
18	be amended; a corporation organized under the Edge Act, 12 U.S.C. §§ 611-
19	633, as may be amended; an independent trust company organized under
20	chapter 77 of this title; or a special purpose financial institution that is
21	organized under the laws of this State.

1	(9) Electronic funds transfer of governmental benefits for a federal,
2	state, county, or governmental agency by a contractor on behalf of the United
3	States or a department, agency, or instrumentality thereof, or on behalf of a
4	state or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof.
5	(10) A board of trade designated as a contract market under the federal
6	Commodity Exchange Act, 7 U.S.C. §§ 1–25, as may be amended, or a person
7	that, in the ordinary course of business, provides clearance and settlement
8	services for a board of trade to the extent of its operation as or for such a
9	board.
10	(11) A registered futures commission merchant under the federal
11	commodities laws to the extent of its operation as such a merchant.
12	(12) A person registered as a securities broker-dealer under federal or
13	state securities laws to the extent of its operation as such a broker-dealer.
14	(13) An individual employed by a licensee, authorized delegate, or any
15	person exempted from the licensing requirements of this chapter when acting
16	within the scope of employment and under the supervision of the licensee,
17	authorized delegate, or exempted person as an employee and not as an
18	independent contractor.
19	(14) A person expressly appointed as a third-party service provider to or
20	agent of an entity exempt under subdivision (7) of this section, solely to the
21	extent that:

1	(A) such service provider or agent is engaging in money transmission
2	on behalf of and pursuant to a written agreement with the exempt entity that
3	sets forth the specific functions that the service provider or agent is to perform;
4	<u>and</u>
5	(B) the exempt entity assumes all risk of loss and all legal
6	responsibility for satisfying the outstanding money transmission obligations
7	owed to purchasers and holders of the outstanding money transmission
8	obligations upon receipt of the purchaser's or holder's money or monetary
9	value by the service provider or agent.
10	(15) The sale or issuance of stored value by a public or nonprofit school
11	to its students and employees.
12	(16) A debt adjuster licensed pursuant to chapter 133 of this title when
13	engaged in the business of debt adjustment.
14	(17) A person exempt by rule or order if the Commissioner finds such
15	exemption to be in the public interest and that the regulation of such person is
16	not necessary for the purposes of this chapter.
17	§ 2504a. AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE DEMONSTRATION OF
18	<u>EXEMPTION</u>
19	The Commissioner may require that any person claiming to be exempt from
20	licensing pursuant to section 2504 of this chapter provide information and

1	documentation to the Commissioner demonstrating that it qualifies for any
2	claimed exemption.
3	Sec. 40. 8 V.S.A. chapter 79, subchapter 2 is added to read:
4	Subchapter 2. Money Transmission Licenses
5	§ 2505. LICENSE REQUIRED
6	(a) A person shall not engage in the business of money transmission or
7	advertise, solicit, or hold itself out as providing money transmission, unless the
8	person is licensed under this subchapter.
9	(b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to:
10	(1) a person that is an authorized delegate of a person licensed under this
11	subchapter acting within the scope of authority conferred by a written contract
12	with the licensee; or
13	(2) a person that is exempt pursuant to section 2504 of this chapter and
14	does not engage in money transmission outside the scope of such exemption.
15	§ 2506. APPLICATION FOR LICENSE; ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
16	(a) In addition to the information required by section 2102 of this title, an
17	application for a license under this subchapter shall state or contain:
18	(1) a description of any money services previously provided by the
19	applicant and the money services that the applicant seeks to provide in this
20	State;

1	(2) a list of the applicant's proposed authorized delegates, and the
2	locations in Vermont where the applicant and its authorized delegates propose
3	to engage in money transmission or provide other money services;
4	(3) a list of other states in which the applicant is licensed to engage in
5	money transmission or provide other money services;
6	(4) information concerning any bankruptcy or receivership proceedings
7	affecting the licensee or a person in control of a licensee;
8	(5) a sample form of contract for authorized delegates, if applicable;
9	(6) a sample form of payment instrument or instrument upon which
10	stored value is recorded, as applicable; and
11	(7) the name and address of any financial institution through which the
12	applicant plans to conduct money services.
13	(b) For good cause shown and consistent with the purposes of this section,
14	the Commissioner may waive one or more requirements of this section or
15	permit an applicant to submit substituted information in lieu of the required
16	information.
17	§ 2507. MONEY TRANSMISSION KIOSK REGISTRATION
18	(a) A licensee shall not locate, or allow a third party to locate, a money
19	transmission kiosk in this State that allows users of the money transmission
20	kiosk to engage in money transmission through the licensee unless the licensee

1	registers the money transmission kiosk and obtains the prior approval of the
2	Commissioner for its activation.
3	(b) To apply for registration and approval to activate a money transmission
4	kiosk, a licensee shall submit an application, using a form prescribed by the
5	Commissioner, that includes the ownership and location of the money
6	transmission kiosk, an affidavit of all businesses and services to be offered at
7	the kiosk, the written agreement between the licensee and the owner of the
8	money transmission kiosk if different persons, and the text of each disclosure
9	required pursuant to subsection (c) of this section along with a description of
10	the form, timing, and location for each disclosure.
11	(c) Each money transmission kiosk shall disclose prominently and
12	conspicuously, using as high a contrast or resolution as any other display or
13	graphics on the money transmission kiosk, prior to the point at which a user of
14	the money transmission kiosk is irrevocably committed to completing any
15	transaction:
16	(1) on or at the location of the money transmission kiosk, or on the first
17	screen of such kiosk, the name, address, and telephone number of the owner of
18	the kiosk and the days, time, and means by which a consumer can contact the
19	owner for consumer assistance; and
20	(2) on the screen of the money transmission kiosk:

(A) for a transaction that does not involve virtual currency, the
amount of the fees or charges that will be assessed to the user of the money
transmission kiosk for the transaction by the licensee and by the owner of the
money transmission kiosk, a clear explanation of who is imposing each fee or
charge and that such fees and charges are in addition to any fees or charges that
may be imposed by other entities relevant to the particular transaction, and the
method by which the user may cancel the transaction to avoid the imposition of
fees or charges; and
(B) for a transaction that involves virtual currency, all disclosures
required pursuant to subsection 2574(c) of this chapter, a clear explanation of
who is imposing each consideration to be charged for the transaction, and that
such consideration is in addition to any fees or charges that may be imposed by
other entities relevant to the particular transaction, and the method by which
the user may cancel the transaction to avoid the imposition of the consideration
and other fees or charges.
(d) Any alterations in the form, content, timing, or location of previously
approved disclosures must be submitted to and approved by the Commissioner
prior to their adoption and use.
(e) To ensure adequate consumer protection, the Commissioner may by
rule or order specify additional minimum disclosure standards for money

1	transmission kiosks, including the form, content, timing, and location of such
2	disclosures.
3	(f) Immediately following the completion of each transaction, each money
4	transmission kiosk shall provide the user of the money transmission kiosk with
5	a receipt that is compliant with sections 2562 and 2574 of this chapter as
6	applicable to the particular transaction.
7	Sec. 41. 8 V.S.A. chapter 79, subchapter 3 is amended to read:
8	Subchapter 3. Check Cashing and Currency Exchange <u>Licenses</u>
9	§ 2515. CHECK CASHING AND CURRENCY EXCHANGE LICENSES
10	<u>LICENSE</u> REQUIRED
11	(a) A person licensed under this subchapter may shall not engage in check
12	cashing and currency exchange, or hold itself out as providing these money
13	services, unless the person is licensed under this chapter.
14	(b) Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to:
15	(1) A \underline{a} person licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter \underline{may} engage
16	in check cashing and currency exchange without first obtaining a separate
17	license under this subchapter.;
18	(e)(2) An an authorized delegate of a person licensed under subchapter 2 of
19	this chapter may engage in check cashing and currency exchange without first
20	obtaining a license under this subchapter if such money services are within the

1	scope of activity permissible under the authority conferred by a written
2	contract between the authorized delegate and the licensee-; or
3	(3) a person that is exempt pursuant to section 2504 of this chapter and
4	that does not engage in money services outside the scope of such exemption.
5	* * *
6	§ 2520. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTERS
7	The following subchapters of this chapter shall not apply to persons
8	licensed under this subchapter: subchapter 4 (authorized delegates of money
9	transmitters), subchapter 5 (reporting and records for money transmitters),
10	subchapter 6 (prudential standards for money transmitters), subchapter 9
11	(timely transmission, refunds, and disclosures by money transmitters), and
12	subchapter 10 (virtual currency).
13	Sec. 42. 8 V.S.A. chapter 79, subchapter 4 is amended to read:
14	Subchapter 4. Authorized Delegates of Money Transmitters
15	§ 2525. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LICENSEE AND AUTHORIZED
16	DELEGATE
17	(a) In As used in this subchapter, "remit" means to make direct payments
18	of money to a licensee or its representative authorized to receive the money, or
19	to deposit money in a depository institution within the meaning of subdivision
20	11101(24) of this title the money in an entity identified as exempt under
21	subdivision 2504(7) of this chapter, in an account specified by the licensee.

(b) A contract between a licensee and an authorized delegate shall require
the authorized delegate to operate in full compliance with this chapter. The
licensee shall furnish in a record to each authorized delegate policies and
procedures sufficient to permit compliance with this chapter.
(c) An authorized delegate shall remit all money owing to the licensee in
accordance with the terms of the contract between the licensee and the
authorized delegate.
(d) If a license is suspended, revoked, or nonrenewed, the Commissioner
shall notify all authorized delegates of the licensee whose names are in a
record filed with the Commissioner of the suspension, revocation, or
nonrenewal. After notice is sent or publication is made, an authorized delegate
shall immediately cease to provide money services as a delegate of the
licensee.
(e) An authorized delegate may not provide money services outside the
scope of activity permissible under the contract between the authorized
delegate and the licensee, except for activity in which the authorized delegate
is otherwise licensed or authorized to engage.
(f) An authorized delegate of a licensee holds in trust for the benefit of the
licensee all money less fees earned from money transmission.
(g) A person shall not provide money services on behalf of a person not
licensed under this chapter. A person that engages in any money services

1	activity under this chapter shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter to
2	the same extent as if the person were a licensee under this chapter.
3	(h) A person may not be an authorized delegate of another authorized
4	delegate. An authorized delegate must enter into a contract directly with a
5	licensee Before a licensee is authorized to conduct business through an
6	authorized delegate or allows a person to act as the licensee's authorized
7	delegate, the licensee shall:
8	(1) adopt, and update as necessary, written policies and procedures
9	reasonably designed to ensure that the licensee's authorized delegates comply
10	with applicable state and federal law;
11	(2) enter into a written contract that complies with subsection (d) of this
12	section; and
13	(3) conduct a reasonable risk-based background investigation sufficient
14	for the licensee to determine whether the authorized delegate has complied and
15	will likely comply with applicable state and federal law.
16	(c) An authorized delegate must operate in full compliance with this
17	chapter.
18	(d) The written contract required by subsection (b) of this section must be
19	signed by the licensee and the authorized delegate and, at a minimum, shall:

1	(1) appoint the person signing the contract as the licensee's authorized
2	delegate with the authority to conduct money transmission on behalf of the
3	licensee;
4	(2) set forth the nature and scope of the relationship between the
5	licensee and the authorized delegate and the respective rights and
6	responsibilities of the parties;
7	(3) require the authorized delegate to agree to fully comply with all
8	applicable state and federal laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to money
9	transmission, including this chapter and rules implementing this chapter,
10	relevant provisions of the Bank Secrecy Act and the USA PATRIOT Act;
11	(4) require the authorized delegate to remit and handle money and
12	monetary value in accordance with the terms of the contract between the
13	licensee and the authorized delegate;
14	(5) impose a trust on money and monetary value net of fees received for
15	money transmission for the benefit of the licensee;
16	(6) require the authorized delegate to prepare and maintain records as
17	required by this chapter or rules implementing this chapter, or as reasonably
18	requested by the Commissioner;
19	(7) acknowledge that the authorized delegate consents to examination or
20	investigation by the Commissioner;

1	(8) state that the licensee is subject to regulation by the Commissioner
2	and that, as part of that regulation, the Commissioner may suspend or revoke
3	an authorized delegate designation or require the licensee to terminate an
4	authorized delegate designation; and
5	(9) acknowledge receipt of the written policies and procedures required
6	under subsection (b) of this section.
7	(e) If the licensee's license is suspended, revoked, terminated, nonrenewed,
8	surrendered or expired, the licensee must, within five business days, provide
9	documentation to the Commissioner that the licensee has notified all applicable
10	authorized delegates of the licensee whose names are in a record filed with the
11	Commissioner of the suspension, revocation, termination, nonrenewal,
12	surrender, or expiration of a license. Upon suspension, revocation,
13	termination, nonrenewal, or surrender of a license, applicable authorized
14	delegates shall immediately cease to provide money transmission as an
15	authorized delegate of the licensee.
16	(f) An authorized delegate of a licensee holds in trust for the benefit of the
17	licensee all money net of fees received from money transmission. If any
18	authorized delegate commingles any funds received from money transmission
19	with any other funds or property owned or controlled by the authorized
20	delegate, all commingled funds and other property shall be considered held in

1	trust in favor of the licensee in an amount equal to the amount of money net of
2	fees received from money transmission.
3	(g) An authorized delegate shall not use a subdelegate to conduct money
4	transmission on behalf of a licensee.
5	§ 2526. UNAUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES
6	A person shall not engage in the business of money transmission on behalf
7	of a person not licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter or not exempt
8	pursuant to subchapter 1 of this chapter. A person that engages in such activity
9	provides money transmission to the same extent as if the person were a
10	licensee, and shall be jointly and severally liable with the unlicensed or
11	nonexempt person.
12	§ 2527. TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF AUTHORIZED
13	DELEGATE ACTIVITY
14	(a) The authority granted to the Commissioner over licensees in section
15	2110 of this title applies equally to authorized delegates.
16	(b) The Commissioner may issue an order suspending or barring any
17	authorized delegate or any key individual or person in control of such
18	authorized delegate from continuing to be or becoming an authorized delegate
19	of any licensee during the period for which such orders is in effect, or may
20	order that an authorized delegate cease and desist in any specified conduct.

1	(c) Upon issuance of a suspension or bar order, the licensee shall terminate
2	its relationship with such authorized delegate according to the terms of the
3	<u>order.</u>
4	§ 2528. PRIVATE ACTIONS AGAINST AUTHORIZED DELEGATES
5	(a) Distinct from the Commissioner's authority over licensees and
6	authorized delegates, any court in this State with jurisdiction over a private
7	civil action brought by a licensee against an authorized delegate shall have the
8	ability to grant appropriate equitable or legal relief, including prohibiting the
9	authorized delegate from directly or indirectly acting as an authorized delegate
10	for any licensee in this State and the payment of restitution, damages, or other
11	monetary relief, if the court finds that an authorized delegate failed to remit
12	money in accordance with the written contract required by subsection 2525(b)
13	of this chapter or as otherwise directed by the licensee or required by law.
14	(b) If the court issues an order prohibiting a person from acting as an
15	authorized delegate for any licensee pursuant to subsection (a) of this section,
16	the licensee that brought the action shall report the order to the Commissioner
17	within 30 days and shall report the order through NMLS within 90 days.
18	Sec. 43. REPEAL
19	8 V.S.A. chapter 79, subchapter 5 (examinations; reports; records),
20	subchapter 6 (permissible investments), and subchapter 7 (enforcement) are
21	repealed.

1	Sec. 44. 8 V.S.A. chapter 79, subchapters 5–7 are added to read:
2	Subchapter 5. Reporting and Records for Money Transmitters
3	§ 2530. REPORT OF CONDITION
4	(a) Each licensee shall submit a report of condition within 45 days of the
5	end of the calendar quarter, or within any extended time as the Commissioner
6	may prescribe.
7	(b) The report of condition shall include:
8	(1) Financial information at the licensee level.
9	(2) Nationwide and state-specific money transmission transaction
10	information in every jurisdiction in the United States where the licensee is
11	licensed to engage in money transmission.
12	(3) A permissible investments report.
13	(4) Transaction destination country reporting for money received for
14	transmission, if applicable.
15	(5) Any other information the Commissioner reasonably requires with
16	respect to the licensee. The Commissioner is authorized and encouraged to use
17	NMLS for the submission of the report required by this section.
18	(c) The information required by subdivision (b)(4) of this section shall only
19	be included in a report of condition submitted within 45 days after the end of
20	the fourth calendar quarter.

1	§ 2531. AUDITED FINANCIALS
2	(a) Each licensee shall, within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, or
3	within any extended time as the Commissioner may prescribe, file with the
4	Commissioner:
5	(1) an audited financial statement of the licensee for the fiscal year
6	prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles;
7	<u>and</u>
8	(2) any other information as the Commissioner may reasonably require.
9	(b) The audited financial statements shall be prepared by an independent
10	certified public accountant or independent public accountant who is
11	satisfactory to the Commissioner.
12	(c) The audited financial statements shall include or be accompanied by a
13	certificate of opinion of the independent certified public accountant or
14	independent public accountant that is satisfactory in form and content to the
15	Commissioner. If the certificate or opinion is qualified, the Commissioner
16	may order the licensee to take any action as the Commissioner may find
17	necessary to enable the independent or certified public accountant or
18	independent public accountant to remove the qualification.
19	§ 2532. AUTHORIZED DELEGATE REPORTING
20	(a) Each licensee shall submit a report of authorized delegates within
21	45 days after the end of the calendar quarter. The Commissioner is authorized

1	and encouraged to use NMLS for the submission of the report required by this
2	section provided that such functionality is consistent with the requirements of
3	this section.
4	(b) The authorized delegate report shall include, at a minimum, each
5	authorized delegate's:
6	(1) company legal name;
7	(2) taxpayer employer identification number;
8	(3) principal provider identifier;
9	(4) physical address;
10	(5) mailing address;
11	(6) any business conducted in other states;
12	(7) any fictitious or trade name;
13	(8) contact person name, phone number, and e-mail
14	(9) start date as licensee's authorized delegate;
15	(10) end date acting as licensee's authorized delegate, if applicable;
16	(11) any administrative, civil, or criminal order against an authorized
17	delegate concerning their activity as an authorized delegate; and
18	(12) any other information the Commissioner reasonably requires with
19	respect to the authorized delegate.

1	§ 2533. CHANGE OF AUTHORIZED DELEGATE
2	A licensee shall notify the Commissioner in writing within 30 days after
3	any change in the list of authorized delegates, identifying the name and street
4	address of each new authorized delegate and of each removed authorized
5	delegate.
6	§ 2534. MONEY LAUNDERING REPORTS
7	A licensee and an authorized delegate shall file all reports required by
8	federal currency reporting, record keeping, and suspicious activity reporting
9	requirements as set forth in the Bank Secrecy Act and other federal and state
10	laws pertaining to money laundering. The timely filing of a complete and
11	accurate report required under this section with the appropriate federal agency
12	is deemed compliance with the requirements of this section.
13	Subchapter 6. Prudential Standards for Money Transmitters
14	<u>§ 2540. NET WORTH</u>
15	(a) A licensee under this chapter shall maintain at all times a tangible net
16	worth of the greater of \$100,000.00 or three percent of total assets for the first
17	\$100,000,000.00, two percent of additional assets for \$100,000,000.00 to
18	\$1,000,000,000.00, and 0.5 percent of additional assets for over
19	\$1,000,000,000.00.

1	(b) Tangible net worth must be demonstrated at initial application by the
2	applicant's most recent audited or unaudited financial statements pursuant to
3	subsection 2102(e) of this title.
4	(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the
5	Commissioner for good cause shown has the authority to exempt an applicant
6	or licensee from the requirements of this section, in part or in whole.
7	<u>§ 2541. SECURITY</u>
8	(a) An applicant for a money transmission license shall provide, and a
9	licensee at all times shall maintain, security consisting of a surety bond in a
10	form satisfactory to the Commissioner or, with the Commissioner's approval, a
11	deposit that meets the requirements of this section.
12	(b) The amount of the required security shall be the greater of \$100,000.00
13	or an amount equal to one hundred percent of the licensee's average daily
14	money transmission liability in this State calculated for the most recently
15	completed three-month period, up to a maximum of \$2,000,000.00.
16	(c) A licensee that maintains a surety bond or deposit in the maximum
17	amount provided for in subsection (b) of this section shall not be required to
18	calculate its average daily money transmission liability in this State for
19	purposes of this section.
20	(d) A licensee may exceed the maximum required surety bond or deposit
21	amount pursuant to subdivision 2543(a)(5) of this subchapter.

1	(e) The surety bond or deposit shall be payable to the State for use of the
2	State and for the benefit of any claimant against the licensee and its authorized
3	delegates to secure the faithful performance of the obligations of the licensee
4	and its authorized delegates with respect to money transmission.
5	(f) The aggregate liability on a surety bond may not exceed the principal
6	sum of the bond. A claimant against a licensee or its authorized delegate may
7	maintain an action directly against the bond, or the Commissioner may
8	maintain an action on behalf of the claimant against the bond. The power
9	vested in the Commissioner by this subsection shall be in addition to any other
10	powers of the Commissioner under this chapter.
11	(g) The surety bond or deposit shall cover claims effective for as long as
12	the Commissioner specifies, but for at least five years after the licensee ceases
13	to provide money services in this State. However, the Commissioner may
14	permit the amount of security to be reduced or eliminated before the expiration
15	of that time to the extent the amount of the licensee's outstanding money
16	transmission obligations in this State is reduced.
17	§ 2542. MAINTENANCE OF PERMISSIBLE INVESTMENTS
18	(a) A licensee shall maintain at all times permissible investments that have
19	a market value computed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted
20	accounting principles of not less than the aggregate amount of all of its
21	outstanding money transmission obligations.

1	(b) Except for permissible investments enumerated in subsection 2543(a)
2	of this subchapter, the Commissioner, with respect to any licensee, may by rule
3	or order limit the extent to which a specific investment maintained by a
4	licensee within a class of permissible investments may be considered a
5	permissible investment, if the specific investment represents undue risk to
6	customers, not reflected in the market value of investments.
7	(c) Permissible investments, even if commingled with other assets of the
8	licensee, are held in trust for the benefit of the purchasers and holders of the
9	licensee's outstanding money transmission obligations upon the occurrence of
10	one or more of the following events:
11	(1) the insolvency of the licensee;
12	(2) the filing of a petition by or against the licensee under the U.S.
13	Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101–110, as may be amended, for bankruptcy
14	or reorganization;
15	(3) the filing of a petition by or against the licensee for receivership;
16	(4) the commencement of any other judicial or administrative
17	proceeding for its dissolution or reorganization, or
18	(5) the commencement of an action by a creditor against the licensee
19	who is not a beneficiary of this statutory trust.
20	(d) No permissible investments impressed with a trust pursuant to
21	subsection (c) of this section shall be subject to attachment, levy of execution,

1	or sequestration by order of any court, except for a beneficiary of this statutory
2	<u>trust.</u>
3	(e) Upon the establishment of a statutory trust in accordance with
4	subsection (c) of this section or when any funds are drawn on a letter of credit
5	pursuant to subdivision 2543(a)(4) of this subchapter, the Commissioner shall
6	notify the applicable regulator of each state in which the licensee is licensed to
7	engage in money transmission, if any, of the establishment of the trust or the
8	funds drawn on the letter of credit, as applicable. Notice shall be deemed
9	satisfied if performed pursuant to a multistate agreement or through NMLS.
10	Funds drawn on a letter of credit, and any other permissible investments held
11	in trust for the benefit of the purchasers and holders of the licensee's
12	outstanding money transmission obligations, are deemed held in trust for the
13	benefit of such purchasers and holders on a pro rata and equitable basis in
14	accordance with statutes pursuant to which permissible investments are
15	required to be held in this State, and other states, as applicable. Any statutory
16	trust established hereunder shall be terminated upon extinguishment of all of
17	the licensee's outstanding money transmission obligations.
18	(f) The Commissioner by rule or order may allow other types of
19	investments that the Commissioner determines are of sufficient liquidity and
20	quality to be a permissible investment. The Commissioner is authorized to
21	participate in efforts with other state regulators to determine that other types of

1	investments are of sufficient liquidity and quality to be a permissible
2	investment.
3	§ 2543. TYPES OF PERMISSIBLE INVESTMENTS
4	(a) The following investments are permissible under section 2542 of this
5	subchapter:
6	(1) cash, including demand deposits, savings deposits, and funds in such
7	accounts held for the benefit of the licensee's customers in an entity identified
8	as exempt under subdivision 2504(7) of this chapter, and cash equivalents,
9	including ACH items in transit to the licensee and ACH items or international
10	wires in transit to a payee, cash in transit via armored car, cash in smart safes,
11	cash in licensee-owned locations, debit card or credit card-funded transmission
12	receivables owed by any bank, or money market mutual funds rated "AAA" by
13	S&P or the equivalent from any eligible rating service;
14	(2) certificates of deposit or senior debt obligations of an insured
15	depository institution, as defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12
16	U.S.C. § 1813(c), as may be amended, or as defined under the federal Credit
17	Union Act, 12 U.S.C. § 1781, as may be amended;
18	(3) an obligation of the United States or a commission, department,
19	agency, or instrumentality thereof; an obligation that is guaranteed fully as to
20	principal and interest by the United States; or an obligation of a state or a
21	governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof;

1	(4) the full drawable amount of an irrevocable standby letter of credit
2	for which the stated beneficiary is the Commissioner that stipulates that the
3	beneficiary need only draw a sight draft under the letter of credit and present it
4	to obtain funds up to the letter of credit amount within seven days of
5	presentation of the items required by subdivision (a)(4)(C) of this section.
6	(A) The letter of credit shall:
7	(i) be issued by a financial institution as defined in subdivision
8	11101(32) of this title with federally insured deposits, a credit union with
9	federally insured deposits, a foreign bank that is authorized under federal law
10	to maintain a federal agency or federal branch office in a state or states, or a
11	foreign bank that is authorized under state law to maintain a branch in a state
12	that:
13	(I) bears an eligible rating or whose parent company bears an
14	eligible rating; and
15	(II) is regulated, supervised, and examined by federal or state
16	authorities having regulatory authority over banks, credit unions, and trust
17	companies;
18	(ii) be irrevocable, unconditional, and indicate that it is not subject
19	to any condition or qualifications outside of the letter of credit;
20	(iii) not contain reference to any other agreements, documents, or
21	entities, or otherwise provide for any security interest in the licensee; and

1	(iv) contain an issue date and expiration date, and expressly
2	provide for automatic extension, without a written amendment, for an
3	additional period of one year from the present or each future expiration date,
4	unless the issuer of the letter of credit notifies the Commissioner in writing by
5	certified or registered mail or courier mail or other receipted means, at least 60
6	days prior to any expiration date, that the irrevocable letter of credit will not be
7	extended.
8	(B) In the event of any notice of expiration or non-extension of a
9	letter of credit issued under subdivision (a)(4)(A) of this section, the licensee
10	shall be required to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Commissioner,
11	15 days prior to expiration, that the licensee maintains and will maintain
12	permissible investments in accordance with subsection 2542(a) of this
13	subchapter upon the expiration of the letter of credit. If the licensee is not able
14	to do so, the Commissioner may draw on the letter of credit in an amount up to
15	the amount necessary to meet the licensee's requirements to maintain
16	permissible investments in accordance with subsection 2542(a) of this
17	subchapter. Any such draw shall be offset against the licensee's outstanding
18	money transmission obligations. The drawn funds shall be held in trust by the
19	Commissioner or the Commissioner's designated agent, to the extent
20	authorized by law, as agent for the benefit of the purchasers and holders of the
21	licensee's outstanding money transmission obligations.

1	(C) The letter of credit shall provide that the issuer of the letter of
2	credit will honor, at sight, a presentation made by the beneficiary to the issuer
3	of the following documents on or prior to the expiration date of the letter of
4	<u>credit:</u>
5	(i) the original letter of credit, including any amendments; and
6	(ii) a written statement from the beneficiary stating that any of the
7	following events have occurred:
8	(I) the filing of a petition by or against the licensee under the
9	U.S. Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101–110, as may be amended, for
10	bankruptcy or reorganization;
11	(II) the filing of a petition by or against the licensee for
12	receivership or the commencement of any other judicial or administrative
13	proceeding for its dissolution or reorganization;
14	(III) the seizure of assets of a licensee by a Commissioner
15	pursuant to an emergency order issued in accordance with applicable law on
16	the basis of an action, a violation, or a condition that has caused or is likely to
17	cause the insolvency of the licensee; or
18	(IV) the beneficiary has received notice of expiration or non-
19	extension of a letter of credit and the licensee failed to demonstrate to the
20	satisfaction of the beneficiary that the licensee will maintain permissible

1	investments in accordance with subsection 2542(a) of this subchapter upon the
2	expiration or non-extension of the letter of credit.
3	(D) The Commissioner may designate an agent to serve on the
4	Commissioner's behalf as beneficiary to a letter of credit provided the agent
5	and letter of credit meet requirements established by the Commissioner. The
6	Commissioner's agent may serve as agent for multiple licensing authorities for
7	a single irrevocable letter of credit if the proceeds of the drawable amount for
8	the purposes of subdivision (a)(4) of this section are assigned to the
9	Commissioner.
10	(E) The Commissioner is authorized and encouraged to participate in
11	multistate processes designed to facilitate the issuance and administration of
12	letters of credit, including but not limited to services provided by the NMLS
13	and State Regulatory Registry, LLC.
14	(5) One hundred percent of the surety bond or deposit provided for
15	under section 2541 of this subchapter that exceeds the average daily money
16	transmission liability in this state.
17	(b) Unless permitted by the Commissioner by rule or order to exceed the
18	limit as set forth in this subchapter, the following investments are permissible
19	under subdivision 2542(a) of this subchapter to the extent specified:
20	(1) receivables that are payable to a licensee from its authorized
21	delegates in the ordinary course of business that are less than seven days old,

1	up to 50 percent of the aggregate value of the licensee's total permissible
2	investments;
3	(2) of the receivables permissible under subdivision (b)(1) of this
4	section, receivables that are payable to a licensee from a single authorized
5	delegate in the ordinary course of business may not exceed 10 percent of the
6	aggregate value of the licensee's total permissible investments.
7	(3) the following investments are permissible up to 20 percent per
8	category and combined up to 50 percent of the aggregate value of the
9	licensee's total permissible investments:
10	(A) a short-term investment of up to six months bearing an eligible
11	rating;
12	(B) commercial paper bearing an eligible rating;
13	(C) a bill, note, bond, or debenture bearing an eligible rating;
14	(D) U.S. tri-party repurchase agreements collateralized at 100 percent
15	or more with U.S. government or agency securities, municipal bonds, or other
16	securities bearing an eligible rating;
17	(E) money market mutual funds rated less than "AAA" and equal to
18	or higher than "A-" by S&P or the equivalent from any other eligible rating
19	service; and

1	(F) a mutual rund or other investment rund composed solely and
2	exclusively of one or more permissible investments listed in subdivisions
3	(a)(1)–(3) of this section.
4	(4) cash, including demand deposits, savings deposits, and funds in such
5	accounts held for the benefit of the licensee's customers, at foreign depository
6	institutions are permissible up to 10 percent of the aggregate value of the
7	licensee's total permissible investments if the licensee has received a
8	satisfactory rating in its most recent examination and the foreign depository
9	institution:
10	(A) has an eligible rating;
11	(B) is registered under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act;
12	(C) is not located in any country subject to sanctions from the Office
13	of Foreign Asset Control; and
14	(D) is not located in a high-risk or non-cooperative jurisdiction as
15	designated by the Financial Action Task Force.
16	Subchapter 7. Requirements for Money Servicers
17	§ 2545. CHANGE OF LOCATION
18	(a) A licensee shall notify the Commissioner in writing within 30 days
19	following any change in locations in this State where the licensee or an
20	authorized delegate of the licensee provides money services, including limited
21	stations and mobile locations.

1	(b) The notice required in subsection (a) of this section shall state the name
2	and street address of each location removed or added to the licensee's list.
3	(c) Licensees shall submit with the notice required in subsection (a) of this
4	section a nonrefundable fee of \$25.00 for each new authorized delegate
5	location and for each change in location for an authorized delegate. There is
6	no fee to remove locations of authorized delegates.
7	<u>§ 2546. RECORDS</u>
8	(a) In addition to the records required to be maintained by section 2119 of
9	this title and any other records the Commissioner requires pursuant to this
10	chapter or rule, a licensee shall maintain the following records for at least five
11	years for determining the licensee's compliance with this chapter:
12	(1) a general ledger posted at least monthly containing all asset, liability,
13	capital, income, and expense accounts;
14	(2) bank statements and bank reconciliation records; and
15	(3) if the licensee is a money transmitter:
16	(A) a record of each outstanding money transmission obligation sold;
17	(B) records of outstanding money transmission obligations;
18	(C) records of each outstanding money transmission obligation paid
19	within the five-year period; and
20	(D) a list of the last known names and addresses of all of the
21	licensee's authorized delegates.

1	(b) The records specified in subsection (a) of this section shall be
2	maintained in any form permitted in subsection 11301(c) of this title.
3	(c) Records specified in subsection (a) of this section may be maintained
4	outside this State if they are made accessible to the Commissioner on seven
5	business-days' notice.
6	Sec. 45. 8 V.S.A. § 2555 is amended to read:
7	§ 2555. CONSERVATION, LIQUIDATION, AND INSOLVENCY
8	To the extent applicable, the provisions of subchapters 2, 3, and $\frac{5}{4}$ of
9	chapter 209 of this title, excluding sections 19207, 19208, 19210, 19306, and
10	19307 of this title, shall apply to the conservation, liquidation, and insolvency
11	of any licensee under this chapter. Such licensee shall be treated as a financial
12	institution for the purposes of application of those subchapters. If an impaired
13	or insolvent licensee is or becomes a debtor in bankruptcy or the subject of a
14	bankruptcy proceeding under federal law, the Commissioner shall be relieved
15	of any obligation otherwise imposed under this section and subchapters 2, 3,
16	and 5 ± 4 of chapter 209 of this title, and shall relinquish control of the assets and
17	estate of such debtor to the duly appointed trustee in bankruptcy or the debtor
18	in possession, as the case may be.
19	Sec. 46. REPEAL
20	8 V.S.A. chapter 79, subchapter 9 (Nationwide Licensing System) is
21	repealed.

1	Sec. 47. 8 V.S.A. chapter 79, subchapter 9 is added to read:
2	Subchapter 9. Timely Transmission, Refunds, and Disclosures by Money
3	<u>Transmitters</u>
4	§ 2560. TIMELY TRANSMISSION
5	(a) Every licensee shall forward all money received for transmission in
6	accordance with the terms of the agreement between the licensee and the
7	sender unless the licensee has a reasonable belief or a reasonable basis to
8	believe that the sender may be a victim of fraud or that a crime or violation of
9	law, rule, or regulation has occurred, is occurring, or may occur.
10	(b) If a licensee fails to forward money received for transmission in
11	accordance with this section, the licensee must respond promptly to inquiries
12	by the sender with the reason for the failure unless providing a response would
13	violate a state or federal law, rule, or regulation.
14	§ 2561. REFUNDS
15	(a) This section does not apply to:
16	(1) money received for transmission subject to the federal Remittance
17	Rule, 12 C.F.R. Part 1005, subpart B, as may be amended; or
18	(2) money received for transmission pursuant to a written agreement
19	between the licensee and payee to process payments for goods or services
20	provided by the payee.

1	(b) Every licensee shall refund to the sender within 10 days of receipt of
2	the sender's written request for a refund of any and all money received for
3	transmission unless any of the following occurs:
4	(1) The money has been forwarded within 10 days following the date on
5	which the money was received for transmission.
6	(2) Instructions have been given committing an equivalent amount of
7	money to the person designated by the sender within 10 days following the
8	date on which the money was received for transmission.
9	(3) The agreement between the licensee and the sender instructs the
10	licensee to forward the money at a time that is beyond 10 days following the
11	date on which the money was received for transmission. If funds have not yet
12	been forwarded in accordance with the terms of the agreement between the
13	licensee and the sender, the licensee shall issue a refund in accordance with the
14	other provisions of this section.
15	(4) The refund is requested for a transaction that the licensee has not
16	completed based on a reasonable belief or a reasonable basis to believe that a
17	crime or violation of law, rule, or regulation has occurred, is occurring, or may
18	occur.
19	(5) The refund request does not enable the licensee to:
20	(A) identify the sender's name and address or telephone number; or

1	(B) identify the particular transaction to be refunded in the event the
2	sender has multiple transactions outstanding.
3	§ 2562. RECEIPTS
4	(a) This section does not apply to:
5	(1) money received for transmission subject to the federal Remittance
6	Rule, 12 C.F.R. Part 1005, subpart B, as may be amended;
7	(2) money received for transmission that is not primarily for personal,
8	family, or household purposes;
9	(3) money received for transmission pursuant to a written agreement
10	between the licensee and payee to process payments for goods or services
11	provided by the payee; or
12	(4) payroll processing services.
13	(b) As used in this section and sections 2507 and 2574 of this chapter,
14	"receipt" means a paper receipt, electronic record, or other written
15	confirmation. For a transaction conducted in person, the receipt may be
16	provided electronically if the sender requests or agrees to receive an electronic
17	receipt. For a transaction conducted electronically or by phone, a receipt may
18	be provided electronically. All electronic receipts shall be provided in a
19	retainable form.
20	(c) Every licensee or its authorized delegate shall provide the sender a
21	receipt for money received for transmission.

1	(1) The receipt shall contain the following information, as applicable:
2	(A) the name of the sender;
3	(B) the name of the designated recipient;
4	(C) the date of the transaction;
5	(D) the unique transaction or identification number;
6	(E) the name of the licensee, NMLS Unique ID, the licensee's
7	business address, and the licensee's customer service telephone number;
8	(F) the amount of the transaction in U.S. dollars;
9	(G) for transactions that involve money sent in a different currency
10	from the money received:
11	(i) if the rate of exchange is fixed by the licensee at the time the
12	transmission is initiated, the receipt shall disclose the rate of exchange for the
13	transaction, and the duration, if any, for the payment to be made at the fixed
14	rate of exchange so specified;
15	(ii) if the rate of exchange is not fixed at the time the transmission
16	is initiated, the receipt shall disclose that the rate of exchange for the
17	transaction will be set at the time the money is received;
18	(H) any fee charged by the licensee to the sender for the transaction;
19	<u>and</u>
20	(I) any taxes collected by the licensee from the sender for the
21	transaction.

1	(2) The receipt required by this section shall be in English and in the
2	language principally used by the licensee or authorized delegate to advertise,
3	solicit, or negotiate, either orally or in writing, for a transaction conducted in
4	person, electronically, or by phone, if other than English.
5	<u>§ 2563. NOTICE</u>
6	Every licensee or authorized delegate shall disclose on their website and
7	mobile application the name of the Department and a current link to the
8	Vermont Banking Consumer Complaint Form accompanied by statements
9	conveying that, should the licensee's customers have a complaint about the
10	licensee's money transmission services they should first contact the licensee
11	using contact information supplied by the licensee and, if the complaint
12	remains unresolved, they can submit a complaint to the Department using the
13	<u>form.</u>
14	§ 2564. DISCLOSURE FOR PAYROLL PROCESSING SERVICES
15	(a) A licensee that provides payroll processing services shall:
16	(1) issue reports to clients detailing client payroll obligations in advance
17	of the payroll funds being deducted from an account; and
18	(2) make available worker paystubs or an equivalent statement to
19	workers.
20	(b) This section shall not apply to a licensee providing payroll processing
21	services where the licensee's client designates the intended recipients to the

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1	licensee and is responsible for providing the disclosures required by
2	subdivision (a)(2) of this section.
3	Sec. 48. 8 V.S.A. chapter 79, subchapter 10 is added to read:
4	Subchapter 10. Virtual Currency
5	§ 2571. DEFINITIONS
6	As used in this subchapter:
7	(1) "Exchange," used as a verb, means to assume or exercise control of
8	virtual currency from or on behalf of a person, including momentarily, to buy,
9	sell, trade, or convert:
10	(A) virtual currency for money, monetary value, bank credit, or one
11	or more forms of virtual currency, or other consideration; or
12	(B) money, monetary value, bank credit, or other consideration for
13	one or more forms of virtual currency.
14	(2) "Transfer" means to assume or exercise control of virtual currency
15	from or on behalf of a person and to:
16	(A) credit the virtual currency to the account or digital wallet of
17	another person;
18	(B) move the virtual currency from one account or digital wallet of a
19	person to another account or digital wallet of the same person; or
20	(C) relinquish or transfer control or ownership of virtual currency to
21	another person, digital wallet, distributed ledger address, or smart contract.

1	§ 2572. EXEMPTIONS
2	(a) This subchapter shall not apply to the exchange or transfer of virtual
3	currency, or to virtual-currency storage or virtual-currency administration, by a
4	person to the extent that the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C.
5	§§ 78a-7800, as may be amended, or the Commodities Exchange Act of 1936,
6	7 U.S.C. §§ 1–27f, as may be amended, govern such activity and the person is
7	conducting such activity in compliance with all applicable requirements of
8	such laws and any regulations promulgated thereunder.
9	(b) This subchapter shall not apply to activity by:
10	(1) a person that:
11	(A) provides only data storage or security services for a business
12	engaged in virtual-currency business activity and does not otherwise engage in
13	virtual-currency business activity on behalf of another person; or
14	(B) provides only to a person otherwise exempt from this chapter
15	virtual currency as one or more enterprise solutions used solely among each
16	other and has no agreement or relationship with a person that is an end-user of
17	virtual currency;
18	(2) a person using virtual currency, including creating, investing, buying
19	or selling, or obtaining virtual currency as payment for the purchase or sale of
20	goods or services, solely on its own behalf for personal, family, or household
21	purposes or for academic purposes;

1	(3) a person whose virtual-currency business activity with or on benaif
2	of persons is reasonably expected to be valued, in the aggregate, on an annual
3	basis at \$5,000.00 or less, measured by the U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual
4	currency;
5	(4) a securities intermediary, as defined in 9A V.S.A. § 8-102, or a
6	commodity intermediary, as defined in 9A V.S.A. § 9-102, that:
7	(A) does not engage in the ordinary course of business in virtual-
8	currency business activity with or on behalf of a person in addition to
9	maintaining securities accounts or commodities accounts and is regulated as a
10	securities intermediary or commodity intermediary under federal law, law of
11	this State other than this chapter, or law of another state; and
12	(B) affords a person protections comparable to those set forth in
13	section 2575 of this subchapter;
14	(5) a person that is engaged in testing products or services with the
15	person's own funds.
16	(c) The Commissioner may determine that other persons or classes of
17	persons, given facts particular to the person or class, are exempt from this
18	chapter, when the person or class is covered by requirements imposed under
19	federal law on business engaged in money services and the Commissioner
20	determines that no additional requirements are necessary to ensure the
21	protection of the public.

1	§ 2573. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO ENGAGING IN VIRTUAL-
2	CURRENCY BUSINESS ACTIVITY
3	(a) A person shall not engage in virtual-currency business activity, or hold
4	itself out as being able to engage in virtual-currency business activity, with or
5	on behalf of another person unless the person is:
6	(1) licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to engage in virtual-
7	currency business activity;
8	(2) an authorized delegate of a person licensed under subchapter 2 of
9	this chapter to engage in virtual-currency business activity if such money
10	services are within the scope of authority conferred by a written contract
11	between the authorized delegate and the licensee;
12	(3) exempt pursuant to section 2572 of this subchapter and engages in
13	no licensable activity outside the scope of such exemption; or
14	(4) exempt pursuant to section 2504 of this chapter and does not engage
15	in money services outside the scope of such exemption.
16	(b) A person that engages in virtual-currency business activity is engaged
17	in the business of money transmission.
18	(c) It is prohibited for a person to facilitate the provision of unlicensed
19	virtual-currency business activity by another person that is required to be
20	licensed under this subchapter, when the first person or the first person's
21	authorized agent receives notice from a regulatory, law enforcement, or similar

1	governmental authority, or knows from its normal monitoring and compliance
2	systems, or consciously avoids knowing that the unlicensed person is in
3	violation of this chapter.
4	(d) All provisions of this chapter, and any rule adopted under this chapter,
5	that apply to a person licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to engage in
6	virtual-currency business activity shall apply equally to any person required to
7	hold a license pursuant to subsection (a) of this section that does not hold one.
8	Nothing herein shall be interpreted to permit any such unlicensed person to
9	engage in virtual-currency business activity or hold itself out as being able to
10	engage in any virtual-currency business activity without a license.
11	§ 2574. REQUIRED DISCLOSURES
12	(a) A person licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to engage in
13	virtual-currency business activity shall provide the disclosures required by this
14	section and any additional disclosure the Commissioner determines reasonably
15	necessary for the protection of the public.
16	(1) A disclosure required by this section must be made separately from
17	any other information provided by the licensee and in a clear and conspicuous
18	manner in a record the person may keep.
19	(2) The Commissioner may waive one or more requirements in
20	subsections (b)–(d) of this section and approve alternative disclosures proposed
21	by a licensee if the Commissioner determines that the alternative disclosure is

1	more appropriate for the virtual-currency business activity and provides the
2	same or equivalent information and protection to the public.
3	(b) Before engaging in virtual-currency business activity with a person, a
4	licensee shall disclose, to the extent applicable to the virtual-currency business
5	activity the licensee will undertake with the person:
6	(1) a schedule of fees and charges the licensee may assess, the manner
7	by which fees and charges will be calculated if they are not set in advance and
8	disclosed, and the timing of the fees and charges, including general disclosure
9	regarding mark-ups and mark-downs on purchases, sales, or exchanges of
10	virtual currency in which the licensee or any affiliate thereof is acting in a
11	principal capacity;
12	(2) whether the product or service provided by the licensee is covered
13	<u>by:</u>
14	(A) a form of insurance or is otherwise guaranteed against loss by an
15	agency of the United States:
16	(i) up to the full U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual currency
17	purchased from the licensee or for control of virtual currency by the licensee as
18	of the date of the placement or purchase, including the maximum amount
19	provided by insurance under the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or
20	otherwise available from the Securities Investor Protection Corporation; or
21	(ii) if not provided at the full U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual

1	currency purchased from the licensee or for control of virtual currency by the
2	licensee, the maximum amount of coverage for each person expressed in the
3	U.S. dollar equivalent of the virtual currency; or
4	(B) private insurance against theft or loss, including cyber theft or
5	theft by other means;
6	(3) the irrevocability of a transfer or exchange and any exception to
7	irrevocability;
8	(4) a description of:
9	(A) liability for an unauthorized, mistaken, or accidental transfer or
10	exchange;
11	(B) the person's responsibility to provide notice to the licensee of the
12	transfer or exchange;
13	(C) the basis for any recovery by the person from the licensee;
14	(D) general error-resolution rights applicable to the transfer or
15	exchange; and
16	(E) the method for the person to update the person's contact
17	information with the licensee;
18	(5) that the date or time when the transfer or exchange is made and the
19	person's account is debited may differ from the date or time when the person
20	initiates the instruction to make the transfer or exchange;
21	(6) whether the person has a right to stop a preauthorized payment or

1	revoke authorization for a transfer and the procedure to initiate a stop-payment
2	order or revoke authorization for a subsequent transfer;
3	(7) the person's right to receive a receipt, trade ticket, or other evidence
4	of the transfer or exchange;
5	(8) the person's right to at least 30 days' prior notice of a change in the
6	licensee's fee schedule, other terms and conditions of operating its virtual-
7	currency business activity with the person, and the policies applicable to the
8	person's account; and
9	(9) that virtual currency is not money.
10	(c) In connection with any virtual-currency transaction effected through a
11	money transmission kiosk in this State, or in any transaction where the licensee
12	or any affiliate thereof is acting in a principal capacity in a sale of virtual
13	currency to, or purchase of virtual currency from, a customer, then
14	immediately prior to effecting such a purchase or sale transaction with or on
15	behalf of a customer, a licensee shall prominently disclose and require the
16	customer to acknowledge and confirm:
17	(1) the type, value, date, precise time, and amount of the transaction;
18	<u>and</u>
19	(2) the consideration charged for the transaction, including:
20	(A) any charge, fee, commission, or other consideration for any trade,
21	exchange, conversion, or transfer involving virtual currency; and

1	(B) any difference between the price paid by the customer for any
2	virtual currency and the prevailing market price of such virtual currency, if
3	any.
4	(d) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e) of this section, at the
5	conclusion of a virtual-currency transaction with or on behalf of a person, a
6	licensee shall provide the person with a receipt that contains:
7	(1) the name and contact information of the licensee, including
8	information the person may need to ask a question or file a complaint;
9	(2) the type, value, date, precise time, and amount of the transaction;
10	(3) the consideration charged for the transaction, including:
11	(A) any charge, fee, commission, or other consideration for any trade
12	exchange, conversion, or transfer involving virtual currency; or
13	(B) the amount of any difference between the price paid by the
14	customer for any virtual currency and the prevailing market price of such
15	virtual currency, if any; and
16	(4) any other information required pursuant to section 2562 of this title.
17	(e) If a licensee discloses that it will provide a daily confirmation in the
18	initial disclosure under subsection (c) of this section, the licensee may elect to
19	provide a single, daily confirmation for all transactions with or on behalf of a
20	person on that day instead of a per-transaction confirmation.

I	§ 2575. PROPERTY INTERESTS AND ENTITLEMENTS TO VIRTUAL
2	CURRENCY
3	(a) A person licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to engage in
4	virtual-currency business activity that has control of virtual currency or
5	provides virtual-currency storage to, for, or on behalf of one or more persons
6	shall maintain custody and control of virtual currency in an identical type and
7	amount of virtual currency sufficient to satisfy the aggregate entitlements of
8	such persons to such identical types and amounts of virtual currency.
9	(b) For the purposes of subsection (a) of this section, units of virtual
10	currency are only of an identical type and amount if such units are fungible in
11	all respects, including having the same issuer and being identical in amount,
12	market capitalization, circulating supply, name, U.S. dollar equivalent of
13	virtual currency, liquidity, use, rights, restrictions, functionality, permissions,
14	and any other material attribute.
15	(c) If a licensee violates section subsection (a) of this section, the property
16	interests of the persons in the virtual currency are pro rata property interests in
17	the type of virtual currency to which the persons are entitled, without regard to
18	the time the persons became entitled to the virtual currency or the licensee
19	obtained control of the virtual currency.
20	(d) The virtual currency referred to in this section is and shall be:
21	(1) held for the persons entitled to the virtual currency;

1	(2) not property of the licensee or any person required to be licensed
2	under this chapter;
3	(3) not subject to any claims, liens, or encumbrances of creditors of the
4	licensee or any person required to be licensed under this chapter; and
5	(4) deemed to be a permissible investment under this chapter to the
6	extent that there is an outstanding money transmission obligation owed to a
7	customer in such type and amount of virtual currency.
8	(e) A person licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to engage in
9	virtual-currency business activity is prohibited from selling, transferring,
10	assigning, lending, hypothecating, pledging, or otherwise using or
11	encumbering virtual currency stored, held, controlled, or maintained by, or
12	under the custody or control of, such licensee on behalf of another person
13	except for the sale, transfer of ownership, or assignment of such assets at the
14	direction of such other person.
15	(f) A person licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to engage in
16	virtual-currency business activity shall not directly or indirectly use or engage
17	any other person, including any virtual-currency control-services vendor, to
18	store or hold custody or control of any virtual currency for or on behalf of any
19	customer in this State, unless such other person is licensed under subchapter 2
20	of this chapter to engage in virtual-currency business activity, a financial
21	institution or credit union that is exempt from licensing under section 2504(7)

1	of this chapter, or a qualified custodian approved by the Commissioner by rule
2	or order to hold virtual currency on behalf of customers in this State.
3	(g) Virtual currency held in violation of subsection (f) of this section shall
4	not be deemed to be a permissible investment for purposes of satisfying a
5	licensee's obligations under section 2542(a) of this chapter, but shall be
6	deemed to be a permissible investment for purposes of section 2542(c)-(e) of
7	this chapter.
8	(h) The Commissioner may by rule or order adopt additional consumer
9	protections concerning virtual currency, including:
10	(1) rules regarding the segregation of virtual currencies and accounts
11	held for or on behalf of customers from a licensee's own virtual currencies and
12	assets;
13	(2) rules related to the custody, storage, security, ownership of, and title
14	to permissible investments and customer virtual currencies and assets;
15	(3) rules related to the use of virtual-currency control service vendors or
16	other custodians to hold custody or control of virtual currency;
17	(4) rules related to audit requirements for customer assets;
18	(5) rules setting standards, limits, prohibitions, disclosure requirements,
19	and procedures regarding the types of virtual currencies and related services,
20	activities, and transactions that licensees may offer in this State as may be
21	necessary or appropriate for the protection of consumers or compliance with

1	the terms of this chapter;
2	(6) rules requiring compliance with specific provisions of the Uniform
3	Commercial Code; and
4	(7) any rules as may be necessary or appropriate for the protection of
5	consumers or necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this
6	chapter.
7	§ 2576. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS AND CLARIFICATIONS FOR
8	VIRTUAL-CURRENCY BUSINESS ACTIVITIES
9	(a) To ensure adequate consumer protection, the Commissioner may adopt
10	by rule provisions that specify limitations to and the method by which a person
11	licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to engage in virtual-currency
12	business activity may include virtual currency and virtual currency-
13	denominated assets in the calculation of its net worth pursuant to section 2540
14	of this chapter.
15	(b) In addition to the records required to be maintained by sections 2119
16	and 2546 of this title and any other records the Commissioner requires
17	pursuant to this chapter or rule, a person licensed under subchapter 2 of this
18	chapter to engage in virtual-currency business activity shall maintain, for all
19	virtual-currency business activity with or on behalf of a person, for at least five
20	years after the date of the activity, a record of:
21	(1) each transaction of the licensee with or on behalf of the person or for

1	the licensee's account in this state, including:
2	(A) the identity of the person;
3	(B) the form of the transaction;
4	(C) the amount, date, and payment instructions given by the person;
5	<u>and</u>
6	(D) the account number, name, and U.S. Postal Service address of the
7	person, and, to the extent feasible, other parties to the transaction;
8	(2) the aggregate number of transactions and aggregate value of
9	transactions by the licensee with or on behalf of the person and for the
10	licensee's account in this State, expressed in U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual
11	currency for the previous 12 calendar months;
12	(3) each transaction in which the licensee exchanges one form of virtual
13	currency for money or another form of virtual currency with or on behalf of the
14	person;
15	(4) a general ledger posted at least monthly that lists all assets,
16	liabilities, capital, income, and expenses of the licensee;
17	(5) each business-call report the licensee is required to create or provide
18	to the Department or NMLS;
19	(6) bank statements and bank reconciliation records for the licensee and
20	the name, account number, and U.S. Postal Service address of each bank the
21	licensee uses in the conduct of its virtual-currency business activity with or on

1	benair of the person;
2	(7) a report of any dispute with the person; and
3	(8) a report of any virtual-currency business activity transaction with or
4	on behalf of a person which the licensee was unable to complete.
5	(c) It is unlawful for a person licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to
6	engage in virtual-currency business activity, or any other person, in connection
7	with the offer to sell, the offer to purchase, the sale, the purchase of a virtual
8	currency, or in connection with any virtual-currency business activity or
9	transaction in virtual currency, directly or indirectly:
10	(1) to employ a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;
11	(2) to make an untrue statement of a material fact or to omit to state a
12	material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the
13	circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or
14	(3) to engage in an act, practice, or course of business that operates or
15	would operate as a fraud or deceit upon another person.
16	(d) Persons licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to engage in virtual-
17	currency business activity shall comply at all times with all applicable federal
18	and state laws, rules, and regulations, including the following laws, as may be
19	amended: the Securities Act of 1933, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77a-77aa, the Securities
20	Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78a–7800, the Commodities Exchange
21	Act of 1936, 7 U.S.C. §§ 1–27f, and the Vermont Securities Act, 9 V.S.A.

I	chapter 150.
2	§ 2577. VIRTUAL-CURRENCY KIOSK OPERATORS
3	(a) Daily transaction limit. A virtual-currency kiosk operator shall not
4	accept or dispense more than \$1,000.00 of cash in a day in connection with
5	virtual-currency transactions with a single customer in this State via one or
6	more money transmission kiosks.
7	(b) Fee cap. The aggregate fees and charges, directly or indirectly, charged
8	to a customer related to a single transaction or series of related transactions
9	involving virtual currency effected through a money transmission kiosk in this
10	State, including any difference between the price charged to a customer to buy.
11	sell, exchange, swap, or convert virtual currency and the prevailing market
12	value of such virtual currency at the time of such transaction, shall not exceed
13	the greater of the following:
14	(1) \$5.00; or
15	(2) three percent of the U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual currency
16	involved in the transaction or transactions.
17	(c) Single transaction. The purchase, sale, exchange, swap, or conversion
18	of virtual currency, or the subsequent transfer of virtual currency, in a series of
19	transactions shall be deemed to be a single transaction for purposes of
20	subsection (b) of this section.

(d) Licensing requirement. A virtual-currency kiosk operator shall comply
with the licensing requirements of this subchapter to the extent that the virtual-
currency kiosk operator engages in virtual-currency business activity.
(e) Operator accountability. If a virtual-currency kiosk operator allows or
facilitates another person to engage in virtual-currency business activity via a
money transmission kiosk in this State that is owned, operated, or managed by
the virtual-currency kiosk operator, the virtual-currency kiosk operator shall do
all of the following:
(1) ensure that the person engaging in virtual-currency business activity
is licensed under subchapter 2 of this chapter to engage in virtual-currency
business activity and complies with all other applicable provisions of this
<u>chapter;</u>
(2) ensure that any charges collected from a customer via the money
transmission kiosk comply with the limits provided by subsection (b) of this
section; and
(3) comply with all other applicable provisions of this chapter.
(f) Moratorium. To protect the public safety and welfare and safeguard the
rights of consumers, virtual-currency kiosks shall not be permitted to operate
in Vermont prior to July 1, 2025. This moratorium shall not apply to a virtual-
currency kiosk that was operational in Vermont on or before June 30, 2024.

I	(g) Report. On or before January 15, 2025, the Commissioner of Financial
2	Regulation shall report to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic
3	Development and the Senate Committee on Finance on whether the
4	requirements of this section coupled with relevant federal requirements are
5	sufficient to protect customers in Vermont from fraudulent activity. If deemed
6	necessary and appropriate by the Commissioner, the Commissioner may make
7	recommendations for additional statutory or regulatory safeguards. In
8	addition, the Commissioner shall make recommendations for enhanced
9	oversight and monitoring of virtual-currency kiosks for the purpose of
10	minimizing their use for illicit activities as described in the U.S. Government
11	Accountability Office report on virtual currencies, GAO-22-105462, dated
12	December 2021.
13	* * * Automated Teller Machines * * *
14	Sec. 49. 8 V.S.A. § 10302 is amended to read:
15	§ 10302. AUTOMATED TELLER MACHINES
16	(a) The owner of an automated teller machine or other remote service unit,
17	including a cash dispensing machine, located or employed to be located in this
18	State shall prominently and conspicuously disclose on or at the location of
19	each such machine or on the first screen of each such machine the identity,
20	address, and telephone number of the owner and the availability of consumer
21	assistance. The owner shall also disclose on the screen of such machine or on

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a paper notice issued from the machine the amount of the fees or charges that the owner will assess to the consumer for the use of that machine. The amount of the fees or charges shall be disclosed before the consumer is irrevocably committed to completing the transaction. The Commissioner shall approve the form, content, timing, and location of such disclosures and any amendments prior to use. The Commissioner shall act on any submission made under this section within 30 days after receipt. If the Commissioner determines that any disclosures do not provide adequate consumer protection, the Commissioner may by order or by rule specify minimum disclosure standards, including the form, content, timing, and location of such disclosures. The Commissioner may impose on the owner of an automated teller machine or other remote service unit an administrative penalty of not more than \$1,000.00 for each day's failure of the owner to apply to the Commissioner for approval of disclosures required under this section, for each day's failure of the owner to use disclosures approved by the Commissioner, or for each day's continuing violation of an order of the Commissioner relating to the disclosures required by this section. (b) The owner of an automated teller machine or other remote service unit, including a cash dispensing machine, located or employed in this State shall notify the Commissioner of the location of each terminal at least 30 days prior

to the activation of such terminal. The owner shall notify the Commissioner of

1	the deactivation of any terminal within 30 days after the deactivation of such
2	terminal., using a form prescribed by the Commissioner:
3	(1) provide the ownership and location of each machine or unit at least
4	30 days prior to the activation of the machine or unit;
5	(2) obtain Commissioner approval of the form, content, timing, and
6	location of all disclosures required by subsection (b) of this section prior to
7	their use; and
8	(3) notify the Commissioner of the deactivation of any machine or unit
9	within 30 days after its deactivation.
10	(b) The owner of an automated teller machine or other remote service unit
11	located or to be located in this State shall disclose prominently and
12	conspicuously, using as high a contrast or resolution as any other display or
13	graphics on the machine or unit, prior to the point at which a consumer using
14	the machine or unit is irrevocably committed to completing any transaction:
15	(1) on or at the location of each machine or unit, or on the first screen of
16	such machine or unit, the name, address, and telephone number of the owner of
17	the machine or unit and the days, time, and means by which a consumer can
18	contact the owner for consumer assistance; and
19	(2) on the screen of each machine or unit, the amount of the fees or
20	charges that the owner will assess to the consumer for the transaction, a clear
21	explanation that the fees or charges are imposed by the owner of the machine

or unit in connection with the consumer's transaction and are in addition to any
fees or charges that may be imposed by the issuer of a consumer's card, and
the method by which the consumer may cancel the transaction to avoid
imposition of the fees or charges.
(c) The Commissioner shall act on complete applications for approval of
disclosures required by subsection (b) of this section within 30 days after
receipt. The absence of full ownership and location information for each
machine or unit that will use the disclosures will result in return of the
application as incomplete.
(d) To ensure adequate consumer protection, the Commissioner may by
order or by rule specify additional minimum disclosure standards for
automated teller machines or other remote service units, including the form,
content, timing, and location of such disclosures.
(e) The Commissioner may impose on the owner of an automated teller
machine or other remote service unit an administrative penalty of not more
than \$1,000.00 for each day's failure of the owner to apply to the
Commissioner for approval of disclosures required under this section, for each
day's failure of the owner to use disclosures approved by the Commissioner, or
for each day's continuing violation of an order of the Commissioner relating to
the disclosures required by this section.

(c)(f) In addition to an automated teller machine or other remote service	
unit owned by a financial institution or credit union, the provisions of this	
section shall apply to any automated teller machine or other remote service	
unit such machine or unit not owned by a financial institution or credit union,	
except it shall not include a money transmission kiosk governed by chapter 79	
of this title or a point-of-sale terminal owned or operated by a merchant who	
does not charge a fee for the use of the point-of-sale terminal.	
(g) The activities of an automated teller machine or other remote service	
unit whose owner is not a financial institution or credit union shall be limited	
to cash dispensing or the offer or sale of nonbanking services and products.	
* * * Effective Dates * * *	
Sec. 50. EFFECTIVE DATES	
This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024, except that Sec. 28 (pet insurance)	
shall take effect on July 1, 2025.	