1	H.645
2	An act relating to the expansion of approaches to restorative justice
3	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
4	Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. chapter 7 is amended to read:
5	CHAPTER 7. ATTORNEY GENERAL
6	Subchapter 1. Election; Authority; Duties
7	§ 151. ELECTION AND TERM
8	* * *
9	Subchapter 2. Restorative Justice Approaches
10	§ 162a. DEFINITIONS
11	As used in this subchapter:
12	(1) "Child" has the same meaning as in 33 V.S.A. § 5102(2).
13	(2) "Community referral" means a referral of an individual to a
14	community-based restorative justice provider that does not involve criminal
15	offenses or delinquencies for which probable cause exists.
16	(3) "Criminal justice purposes" has the same meaning as in 20 V.S.A.
17	§ 2056a(a)(3).
18	(4) "Pre-charge diversion" means a referral of an individual to a
19	community-based restorative justice provider by a law enforcement officer or
20	prosecutor after the referring officer or prosecutor has determined that
21	probable cause exists that the individual has committed a criminal offense and
22	before the individual is criminally charged with the offense or before a petition

1	is filed in family court for the offense. Pre-charge diversion shall not be
2	construed to include a community referral.
3	(5) "Youth" has the same meaning as in 33 V.S.A. § 5102(29).
4	§ 163. JUVENILE COURT DIVERSION PROJECT PROGRAM
5	(a) <u>Purpose.</u>
6	(1) The Attorney General shall develop and administer a juvenile court
7	diversion project program, for both pre-charge and post-charge referrals to
8	youth-appropriate community-based restorative justice providers, for the
9	purpose of assisting juveniles children or youth charged with delinquent acts.
10	In consultation with the diversion programs, the Attorney General shall adopt a
11	policies and procedures manual in compliance with this section.
12	(2) The program shall be designed to provide a restorative option for
13	children or youth alleged to have caused harm in violation of a criminal statute
14	or who have been charged with violating a criminal statute and subject to a
15	delinquency or youthful offender petition filed with the Family Division of the
16	Superior Court, as well as for victims or those acting on a victim's behalf who
17	have been allegedly harmed by the responsible party. The juvenile diversion
18	program may accept referrals to the program as follows:
19	(A) Pre-charge by law enforcement or prosecutors where a child or
20	youth has committed any criminal offense or delinquency and pursuant to a
21	policy adopted in accordance with subdivisions (c)(1)–(2) of this section.

1	(B) Post-charge by prosecutors for children or youth charged with a
2	first or a second misdemeanor or a first nonviolent felony, or other offenses as
3	the prosecutor deems appropriate, pursuant to subdivision (c)(3) of this section.
4	(b) The diversion program administered by the Attorney General shall
5	support the operation of diversion programs in local communities through
6	grants of financial assistance to, or by contracting for services with,
7	municipalities, private groups, or other local organizations. The Attorney
8	General may require local financial contributions as a condition of receipt of
9	project funding. Administration; report.
10	(1) Beginning on July 1, 2025, the Attorney General shall support the
11	operation of diversion programs in each of the State's counties through grants
12	of financial assistance to, or contracts for services with, a single municipality
13	or organization to provide community-based restorative justice programs and
14	services in each county. Upon approval of the Attorney General, the single
15	municipality or organization receiving a grant pursuant to this section may
16	issue subgrants to diversion providers or execute subcontracts for diversion
17	services.
18	(2) The Juvenile Pre-Charge Diversion Program established pursuant to
19	this section shall operate only to the extent funds are appropriated to the Office
20	of the Attorney General, the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, and
21	the Office of the Defender General to carry out the Program.

(3) In consultation with community-based restorative justice providers,
the Office of the Attorney General shall develop program outcomes following
the designated State of Vermont performance accountability framework and, in
consultation with the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, the Office
of the Defender General, the Center for Crime Victim Services, the Judiciary,
and the Division of Racial Justice Statistics of the Office of Racial Equity,
report annually on or before December 1 to the General Assembly on services
provided and outcome indicators. As components of the report required by this
subsection, the Attorney General shall include data on the number of pre-
charge and post-charge diversion program referrals in each county; race,
gender, age, and other demographic variables, whenever possible; offenses
charged and crime types; successful completion rates; and possible causes of
any geographical disparities.
(4) The Attorney General is authorized to accept grants and gifts for the
purposes of this section, such acceptance being pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5.
(5) In consultation with community-based restorative justice providers,
the Center for Crime Victims Services, the Department of State's Attorneys
and Sheriffs' Victim Advocates, the Division for Racial Justice Statistics of the
Office of Racial Equity, and the State Archivist, the Attorney General shall
adopt a policies and procedures manual for community-based restorative

1	justice providers to promote a uniform system across the State in comphance
2	with this section. The manual shall include policies and procedures related to:
3	(A) informing victims of their rights and role in pre-charge and post-
4	charge diversion, including that such information is available in writing upon
5	request;
6	(B) the timely notification to victims of a referral to pre- and post-
7	charge diversion;
8	(C) an invitation to victims to engage in the restorative process;
9	(D) how to share information with a victim concerning a restorative
10	agreement's conditions related to the victim and any progress made on such
11	conditions;
12	(E) best practices for collecting data from all parties that engage with
13	the pre-charge and post-charge diversion programs; and
14	(F) confidentiality expectations for all parties who engage in the
15	restorative process.
16	(c) All diversion projects receiving financial assistance from the Attorney
17	General shall adhere to the following provisions: Juvenile diversion program
18	policy and referral requirements.
19	(1) The diversion project shall only accept persons against whom
20	charges have been filed and the court has found probable cause but are not yet
21	adjudicated.

1	(2) Alleged offenders shall be informed of their right to the advice and
2	assistance of private counsel or the public defender at all stages of the
3	diversion process, including the initial decision to participate, and the decision
4	to accept the diversion contract, so that the candidate may give his or her
5	informed consent.
6	(3) The participant shall be informed that his or her selection of the
7	diversion contract is voluntary.
8	(4) Each State's Attorney, in cooperation with the Attorney General and
9	the diversion program, shall develop clear criteria for deciding what types of
10	offenses and offenders will be eligible for diversion; however, the State's
11	Attorney shall retain final discretion over the referral of each case for
12	diversion. The provisions of 33 V.S.A. § 5225(c) and § 5280(e) shall apply.
13	(5) All information gathered in the course of the diversion process shall
14	be held strictly confidential and shall not be released without the participant's
15	prior consent (except that research and reports that do not require or establish
16	the identity of individual participants are allowed).
17	(6) Information related to the present offense that is divulged during the
18	diversion program shall not be used in the prosecutor's case. However, the
19	fact of participation and success, or reasons for failure may become part of the
20	prosecutor's records.

1	(7) The diversion project shall maintain sufficient records so that the
2	reasons for success or failure of the program in particular cases and overall can
3	be investigated by program staff.
4	(8) Diversion projects shall be set up to respect the rights of participants.
5	(9) Each participant shall pay a fee to the local juvenile court diversion
6	project. The amount of the fee shall be determined by project officers based
7	upon the financial capabilities of the participant. The fee shall not exceed
8	\$150.00. The fee shall be a debt due from the participant, and payment of such
9	shall be required for successful completion of the Program. Notwithstanding
10	32 V.S.A. § 502(a), fees collected under this subdivision shall be retained and
11	used solely for the purpose of the Court Diversion Program.
12	Juvenile pre-charge diversion policy required. Each county's State's
13	Attorney's office shall adopt a juvenile pre-charge diversion referral policy.
14	To encourage fair and consistent juvenile pre-charge diversion referral policies
15	and methods statewide, the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs and
16	the Community Justice Unit shall publicly post the policies adopted by each
17	State's Attorney's office.
18	(2) Juvenile pre-charge diversion policy contents. A county's State's
19	Attorney's juvenile pre-charge diversion program policy shall include the
20	following:

1	(A) Criteria to determine whether a child or youth is eligible to
2	participate in juvenile pre-charge diversion.
3	(B) Any appropriate documentation to accompany a referral to
4	juvenile pre-charge diversion, including the name and contact information of
5	the child or youth and the child or youth's parent or legal guardian; the name
6	and contact information of the victim or victims; and a factual statement or
7	affidavit of probable cause of the alleged incident.
8	(C) A procedure for returning a case to the law enforcement agency
9	or the prosecutor, including when:
10	(i) the prosecutor withdraws any juvenile pre-charge referral from
11	the juvenile pre-charge diversion program;
12	(ii) the community-based restorative justice provider determines
13	that the matter is not appropriate for juvenile pre-charge programming; and
14	(iii) when a child or youth does not successfully complete juvenile
15	pre-charge diversion programming.
16	(D) A statement reiterating that the State's Attorney retains final
17	discretion over the cases that are eligible for diversion and may deviate from
18	the adopted policy in accordance with such discretion.
19	(3) Juvenile post-charge diversion requirements. Each State's Attorney,
20	in cooperation with the Office of the Attorney General and the juvenile post-
21	charge diversion program, shall develop clear criteria for deciding what types

1	of offenses and offenders will be eligible for diversion; however, the State's
2	Attorney shall retain final discretion over the referral of each case for
3	diversion. All juvenile post-charge diversion programs receiving financial
4	assistance from the Attorney General shall adhere to the following:
5	(A) The juvenile post-charge diversion program for children or youth
6	shall only accept individuals against whom a petition has been filed and the
7	court has found probable cause, but are not adjudicated.
8	(B) A prosecutor may refer a child or youth to diversion either before
9	or after a preliminary hearing and shall notify in writing to the diversion
10	program and the court of the prosecutor's referral to diversion.
11	(C) If a child or youth is charged with a qualifying crime as defined
12	in 13 V.S.A. § 7601(4)(A) and the crime is a misdemeanor, the prosecutor
13	shall provide the child or youth with the opportunity to participate in the court
14	diversion program unless the prosecutor states on the record at the preliminary
15	hearing or a subsequent hearing why a referral to the post-charge program
16	would not serve the ends of justice. Factors considered in the ends-of-justice
17	determination include the child's or youth's delinquency record, the views of
18	the alleged victim or victims, and the need for probationary supervision.
19	(D) Notwithstanding this subsection (c), the diversion program may
20	accept cases pursuant to 33 V.S.A. §§ 5225(c) and 5280(e).

1	(d) The Attorney General is authorized to accept grants and gifts for the
2	purposes of this section, such acceptance being pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5.
3	Confidentiality.
4	(1) The matter shall become confidential when notice of a pre-charge
5	referral is provided to the juvenile diversion program, or when notice of a post-
6	charge referral is provided to the court.
7	(2) All information related to any offense gathered in the course of the
8	juvenile diversion process shall be held strictly confidential and shall not be
9	released without the participant's prior consent.
10	(3) Information related to any offense that a person divulges in
11	preparation for, during, or as a follow-up to the provision of the juvenile
12	diversion programming shall not be used against the person in any criminal,
13	civil, family, juvenile, or administrative investigation, prosecution, or case for
14	any purpose, including impeachment or cross-examination. However, the fact
15	of participation and success, or reasons for failure, may become part of the
16	prosecutor's records. This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit the
17	limited disclosure or use of information to specific persons in the following
18	circumstances:
19	(A) Where there is a threat or statement of a plan that a person may
20	reasonably believe is likely to result in death or bodily injury to themselves or
21	others or damage to the property of another person.

1	(B) When disclosure is necessary to report bodily harm any party
2	causes another during restorative justice programming.
3	(C) When disclosure to other community-based restorative justice
4	providers is necessary to facilitate coordination for an individual who has more
5	than one active referral before different community justice providers.
6	(D) Where there is a reasonable suspicion of abuse or neglect of a
7	child or vulnerable adult and a report is made pursuant to the provisions of
8	33 V.S.A. § 4914 or 33 V.S.A. § 6903 or to comply with any law.
9	(E) Where a court or administrative tribunal determines that the
10	materials were submitted by a participant in the program for the purpose of
11	avoiding discovery of the material in a court or administrative proceeding. If a
12	participant wishes to avail themselves of this provision, the participant may
13	disclose this information in camera to a judicial officer for the purposes of
14	seeking such a ruling.
15	(4)(A) Notwithstanding subdivision (2) of this subsection (d), if law
16	enforcement or the prosecutor refers a case to diversion, upon the victim's
17	request, the juvenile diversion program shall provide information relating to
18	the conditions of the diversion contract regarding the victim, progress made on
19	such conditions, and information that assists with obtaining the victim's
20	compensation.

1	(B) Victim information that is not part of the public record shall not
2	be released without the victim's prior consent.
3	(C) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a victim's
4	exercise of rights as otherwise provided by law.
5	(e) Rights and responsibilities.
6	(1) Within 30 days after the two year anniversary of a successful
7	completion of juvenile diversion, the court shall provide notice to all parties of
8	record of the court's intention to order the expungement of all court files and
9	records, law enforcement records other than entries in the juvenile court
10	diversion program's centralized filing system, fingerprints, and photographs
11	applicable to the proceeding. However, the court shall not order expungement
12	if the participant does not satisfy each of subdivisions (A) (D) of this
13	subdivision. The court shall give the State's Attorney an opportunity for a
14	hearing to contest the expungement of the records. The court shall expunge
15	the records if it finds:
16	(A) two years have elapsed since the successful completion of
17	juvenile diversion by the participant;
18	(B) the participant has not been convicted of a subsequent felony or
19	misdemeanor during the two-year period, and no proceedings are pending
20	seeking such conviction;

1	(C) rehabilitation of the participant has been attained to the
2	satisfaction of the court; and
3	(D) the participant does not owe restitution related to the case. Juvenile
4	court diversion programs shall be set up to respect the rights of participants.
5	(2) The court may expunge any records that were sealed pursuant to this
6	subsection prior to July 1, 2018 unless the State's Attorney's office that
7	prosecuted the case objects. Thirty days prior to expunging a record pursuant
8	to this subdivision, the court shall provide written notice of its intent to
9	expunge the record to the State's Attorney's office that prosecuted the case.
10	(A) Diversion candidates shall be informed of their right to the
11	advice, assistance, and access to private counsel or the public defender at all
12	stages of the diversion process, including the initial decision to participate and
13	the decision to accept the juvenile diversion contract, so that the candidate may
14	give informed consent.
15	(B) For the pre-charge diversion program, notwithstanding the
16	financial need determination pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 5236, the diversion
17	program shall inform the candidate that a public defender is available for
18	consultation at public expense upon the request of the candidate.
19	(C) The candidate shall be informed that participation in the
20	diversion program is voluntary.

1	(3)(A) The court shall keep a special index of cases that have been
2	expunged pursuant to this section together with the expungement order. The
3	index shall list only the name of the person convicted of the offense, his or her
4	date of birth, the docket number, and the criminal offense that was the subject
5	of the expungement.
6	(B) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision
7	(A) of this subdivision (3) shall be confidential and shall be physically and
8	electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that
9	limits access to authorized persons.
10	(C) Inspection of the expungement order and the certificate may be
11	permitted only upon petition by the person who is the subject of the case. The
12	Chief Superior Judge may permit special access to the index and the
13	documents for research purposes pursuant to the rules for public access to
14	court records.
15	(D) The Court Administrator shall establish policies for
16	implementing this subsection (e). Any victims shall be notified of the victim's
17	rights and role in the pre-charge diversion process, including notification of a
18	candidate's referral to the pre-charge diversion program by the pre-charge
19	diversion program.
20	(f) Except as otherwise provided in this section, upon the entry of an order

expunging files and records under this section, the proceedings in the matter

shall be considered never to have occurred, all index references thereto shall be
deleted, and the participant, the court, and law enforcement officers and
departments shall reply to any request for information that no record exists
with respect to such participant inquiry in any matter. Copies of the order shall
be sent to each agency or official named therein. Records; deletion and
expungement.
(1) Pre-charge diversion records deletion.
(A) Not later than 10 days after the successful completion of the pre-
charge diversion program, the juvenile diversion program shall notify the
victim, law enforcement agency, and the State's Attorney's office of the
participant's successful completion. Payment of restitution is required for
successful completion.
(B) Within 30 days after the two-year anniversary notifying the
State's Attorney's office of the participant's successful completion, the
Attorney General shall provide notice that all records held by the diversion
program shall be deleted.
(C) Within 30 days after the two-year anniversary notifying the law
enforcement agency and the State's Attorney's office of the participant's
successful completion, the Attorney General shall provide notice that all public
records held by the law enforcement agency and the State's Attorney's office
shall be deleted, including any held by the Attorney General. Records

1	maintained on the Valcour database or other similar nonpublic databases
2	maintained by a law enforcement agency, a State's Attorney's office, or the
3	Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs shall be exempt from deletion
4	and shall only be used for criminal justice purposes.
5	(2) Pre-charge diversion case index.
6	(A) The Community Justice Unit shall keep a special index of pre-
7	charge diversion cases that have been deleted pursuant to this section together
8	with the notice of deletion provided by the Attorney General. The index shall
9	list only the name of the diversion participant, the individual's date of birth, a
10	case number, date of case closure, location of programming, and the offense
11	that was the subject of the deletion.
12	(B) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision
13	(A) of this subdivision (2) shall be confidential and shall be physically and
14	electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that
15	limits access to authorized persons.
16	(C) Inspection of the notice may be permitted only upon request by
17	the person who is the subject of the case. The Attorney General may permit
18	special access to the index and the documents for research purposes pursuant
19	to subdivision (g)(2) of this section.
20	(D) The Community Justice Unit shall establish policies for
21	implementing subsections (1)–(4) of this subsection (f).

1	(3) Effect of deletion. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
2	upon the notice to delete files and records under this section, the matter shall
3	be considered never to have occurred; all index references thereto shall be
4	deleted; and the participant, the Community Justice Unit, law enforcement
5	officers and departments, prosecutors, the referring entity, and the diversion
6	program shall reply to any request for information that no record exists with
7	respect to such participant inquiry in any matter. Copies of the notice shall be
8	sent to each agency, entity, or official named therein.
9	(4) Deletion applicability. The process of automatically deleting records
10	as provided in this section shall only apply to those persons who completed
11	pre-charge diversion on or after July 1, 2025.
12	(5) Post-charge diversion records expungement. Within 30 days after
13	the two-year anniversary of a successful completion of post-charge diversion,
14	the court shall provide notice to all parties of record of the court's intention to
15	order the expungement of all court files and records, law enforcement records,
16	fingerprints, and photographs other than entries in the court diversion
17	program's centralized filing system applicable to the proceeding. However,
18	the court shall not order expungement if the participant does not satisfy each of
19	subdivisions (A)–(C) of this subdivision. The court shall give the State's
20	Attorney an opportunity for a hearing to contest the expungement of the
21	records. The court shall expunge the records if it finds:

1	(A) two years have elapsed since the successful completion of the
2	juvenile post-charge diversion program by the participant;
3	(B) the participant has not been convicted of a subsequent felony or
4	misdemeanor during the two-year period, and no proceedings are pending
5	seeking such conviction; and
6	(C) the participant does not owe restitution related to the case.
7	(6) Expungement of sealed records. The court may expunge any records
8	that were sealed pursuant to this subsection prior to July 1, 2018 unless the
9	State's Attorney's office that prosecuted the case objects. Thirty days prior to
10	expunging a record pursuant to this subdivision, the court shall provide written
11	notice of its intent to expunge the record to the State's Attorney's office that
12	prosecuted the case.
13	(7) Post-charge diversion case index.
14	(A) The court and the Office of the Attorney General shall keep a
15	special index of post-charge diversion cases that have been expunged pursuant
16	to this section together with the expungement order. The index shall list only
17	the name of the person convicted of the offense, the person's date of birth, the
18	docket number, date of case closure, the court of jurisdiction, and the offense
19	that was the subject of the expungement.
20	(B) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision
21	(A) of this subdivision (7) shall be confidential and shall be physically and

1	electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that
2	limits access to authorized persons.
3	(C) Inspection of the expungement order and the certificate may be
4	permitted only upon petition by the person who is the subject of the case. The
5	Chief Superior Judge may permit special access to the index and the
6	documents for research purposes pursuant to the rules for public access to
7	court records.
8	(D) The Court Administrator shall establish policies for
9	implementing subdivisions (5)–(9) of this subsection (f).
10	(8) Effect of expungement. Except as otherwise provided in this
11	section, upon the entry of an order expunging files and records under this
12	section, the proceedings in the matter shall be considered never to have
13	occurred; all index references thereto shall be deleted; and the participant, the
14	court, law enforcement officers and departments, prosecutors, the referring
15	entity, and the diversion program shall reply to any request for information that
16	no record exists with respect to such participant inquiry in any matter. Copies
17	of the order shall be sent to each agency, entity, or official named therein.
18	(9) Expungement applicability. The process of automatically expunging
19	records as provided in this section shall only apply to those persons who
20	completed diversion on or after July 1, 2002. Any person who completed
21	diversion prior to July 1, 2002 must apply to the court to have the person's

1	records expunged. Expungement shall occur if the requirements of
2	subdivisions (5)–(8) of this subsection (f) are met.
3	(g) The process of automatically expunging records as provided in this
4	section shall only apply to those persons who completed diversion on or after
5	July 1, 2002. Any person who completed diversion prior to July 1, 2002 must
6	apply to the court to have his or her records expunged. Expungement shall
7	occur if the requirements of subsection (e) of this section are met.
8	(h) Subject to the approval of the Attorney General, the Vermont
9	Association of Court Diversion Programs may develop and administer
10	programs to assist persons under this section charged with delinquent,
11	criminal, and civil offenses
12	(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (c)(1) of this section, the diversion
13	program may accept cases from the Youth Substance Awareness Safety
14	Program pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 656 or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b. The confidentiality
15	provisions of this section shall become effective when a notice of violation is
16	issued under 7 V.S.A. § 656(b) or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b(b) and shall remain in
17	effect unless the person fails to register with or complete the Youth Substance
18	Awareness Safety Program.
19	(j) Notwithstanding subdivision (c)(1) of this section, the diversion
20	program may accept cases pursuant to 33 V.S.A. §§ 5225 5280. Public
21	Records Act exemption.

1	(1) Except as otherwise provided by this section, any records or
2	information produced or acquired pursuant to this section shall be exempt from
3	public inspection or copying under Vermont's Public Records Act.
4	(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, a law
5	enforcement agency, State's Attorney's office, court, or community-based
6	restorative justice provider may disclose information to colleges, universities,
7	public agencies of the State, and nonprofit research organizations that a
8	community-based restorative justice provider has agreements with for use in
9	connection with research projects of a public service nature, but no person
10	associated with those institutions or agencies shall disclose that information in
11	any manner that would reveal the identity of an individual who provided the
12	information to the community-based restorative justice provider.
13	§ 164. ADULT COURT DIVERSION PROGRAM
14	(a) <u>Purpose.</u>
15	(1) The Attorney General shall develop and administer an adult court
16	diversion program, for both pre-charge and post-charge referrals, in all
17	counties. In consultation with diversion programs, the Attorney General shall
18	adopt a policies and procedures manual in compliance with this section.
19	(2) The program shall be designed to provide a restorative option for
20	persons alleged to have caused harm in violation of a criminal statute or who
21	have been charged with violating a criminal statute as well as for victims or

1	those acting on a victim's behalf who have been allegedly harmed by the
2	responsible party. The diversion program can accept referrals to the program
3	as follows:
4	(A) Pre-charge by law enforcement or prosecutors pursuant to a
5	policy adopted in accordance with subdivisions (c)(1)–(2) of this section.
6	(B) Post-charge by prosecutors for persons charged with a first or a
7	second misdemeanor or a first nonviolent felony, or other offenses as the
8	prosecutor deems appropriate, pursuant to subdivision (c)(3) of this section.
9	(C) Post-charge by prosecutors of persons who have been charged
10	with an offense and who have substance abuse or mental health treatment
11	needs regardless of the person's prior criminal history record, except a person
12	charged with a felony offense that is a crime listed in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(7) shall
13	not be eligible under this section. Persons who have attained 18 years of age
14	who are subject to a petition in the Family Division pursuant to 33 V.S.A.
15	chapter 52 or 52A shall also be eligible under this section. Programming for
16	these persons is intended to support access to appropriate treatment or other
17	resources with the aim of improving the person's health and reducing future
18	adverse involvement in the justice system.

(b) The program shall be designed for two purposes: Administration; report.

- (1) To assist adults who have been charged with a first or a second misdemeanor or a first nonviolent felony. Beginning on July 1, 2025, the Attorney General shall support the operation of diversion programs in each of the State's counties through grants of financial assistance to, or contracts for services with, a single municipality or organization to provide community-based restorative justice programs and services in each county. Upon approval of the Attorney General, the single municipality or organization receiving a grant pursuant to this section may issue subgrants to diversion providers or execute subcontracts for diversion services.
- (2) To assist persons who have been charged with an offense and who have substance abuse or mental health treatment needs regardless of the person's prior criminal history record, except a person charged with a felony offense that is a crime listed in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(7) shall not be eligible under this section. Persons who have attained 18 years of age who are subject to a petition in the Family Division pursuant to 33 V.S.A. chapters 52 or 52A shall also be eligible under this section. Programming for these persons is intended to support access to appropriate treatment or other resources with the aim of improving the person's health and reducing future adverse involvement in the justice system. The Adult Pre-Charge Diversion Program established pursuant

1	to this section shall operate only to the extent funds are appropriated to the
2	Office of the Attorney General, the Department of State's Attorneys and
3	Sheriffs, and the Office of the Defender General to carry out the Program.
4	(3) In consultation with community-based restorative justice providers,
5	the Office of the Attorney General shall develop program outcomes following
6	the designated State of Vermont performance accountability framework and, in
7	consultation with the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, the Office
8	of the Defender General, the Center for Crime Victim Services, the Judiciary,
9	and the Division of Racial Justice Statistics of the Office of Racial Equity,
10	report annually on or before December 1 to the General Assembly on services
11	provided and outcome indicators. As components of the report required by this
12	subsection, the Attorney General shall include data on the number of pre-
13	charge and post-charge diversion program referrals in each county; race,
14	gender, age, and other demographic variables, whenever possible; offenses
15	charged and crime types; successful completion rates; and possible causes of
16	any geographical disparities.
17	(4) The Attorney General is authorized to accept grants and gifts for the
18	purposes of this section, such acceptance being pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5.
19	(5) In consultation with community-based restorative justice providers,
20	the Center for Crime Victims Services, the Department of State's Attorneys
21	and Sheriffs' Victim Advocates, the Division for Racial Justice Statistics of the

1	Office of Racial Equity, and the State Archivist, the Attorney General shall
2	adopt a policies and procedures manual for community-based restorative
3	justice providers to promote a uniform system across the State in compliance
4	with this section. The manual shall include the following policies and
5	procedures related to:
6	(A) informing victims of their rights and role in pre-charge and post-
7	charge diversion, including that such information is available in writing upon
8	request;
9	(B) the timely notification victims of a referral to pre-charge and
10	post-charge diversion;
11	(C) an invitation to victims to engage in the restorative process;
12	(D) how to share information with a victim concerning a restorative
13	agreement's conditions related to the victim and any progress made on such
14	conditions;
15	(E) best practices for collecting data from all parties that engage with
16	the pre-charge and post-charge diversion programs; and
17	(F) confidentiality expectations for all parties who engage in the
18	restorative process.
19	(c) The program shall support the operation of diversion programs in local
20	communities through grants of financial assistance to, or contracts for services
21	with, municipalities, private groups, or other local organizations. The Attorney

I	General may require local financial contributions as a condition of receipt of
2	program funding. Adult diversion program policy and referral requirements.
3	(1) Adult pre-charge diversion policy required. Each State's Attorney's
4	office shall adopt an adult pre-charge diversion referral policy. To encourage
5	fair and consistent pre-charge and post-charge diversion referral policies and
6	methods statewide, the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs and the
7	Community Justice Unit shall publicly post the policies adopted by each
8	State's Attorney's office.
9	(2) Adult pre-charge diversion policy contents. A county's State's
10	Attorney's pre-charge diversion program policy shall include the following:
11	(A) Criteria to determine whether a responsible party is eligible to
12	participate in pre-charge diversion;
13	(B) Any appropriate documentation to accompany a referral to pre-
14	charge diversion, including the name and contact information of the
15	responsible party, the name and contact information of the victim or victims,
16	and a factual statement or affidavit of probable cause of the alleged offense;
17	(C) a procedure for returning a case to the law enforcement agency or
18	the prosecutor, including when:
19	(i) the prosecutor withdraws a pre-charge referral from the
20	diversion program;

1	(ii) the community-based restorative justice provider determines
2	that the matter is not appropriate for pre-charge programming; and
3	(iii) a person does not successfully complete pre-charge diversion
4	programming; and
5	(D) a statement reiterating that the State's Attorney retains final
6	discretion over the cases that are eligible for diversion and may deviate from
7	the adopted policy in accordance with such discretion.
8	(3) Adult post-charge diversion requirements. Each State's Attorney, in
9	cooperation with the Office of the Attorney General and the adult post-charge
10	diversion program, shall develop clear criteria for deciding what types of
11	offenses and offenders will be eligible for diversion; however, the State's
12	Attorney shall retain final discretion over the referral of each case for
13	diversion. All adult post-charge diversion programs receiving financial
14	assistance from the Attorney General shall adhere to the following:
15	(A) The post-charge diversion program for adults shall only accept
16	person against whom charges have been filed and the court has found probable
17	cause, but are not adjudicated.
18	(B) A prosecutor may refer a person to diversion either before or
19	after arraignment and shall notify in writing the diversion program and the
20	court of the prosecutor's of the referral to diversion.

1	(C) If a person is charged with a qualifying crime as defined in
2	13 V.S.A. § 7601(4)(A) and the crime is a misdemeanor, the prosecutor shall
3	provide the person with the opportunity to participate in the court diversion
4	program unless the prosecutor states on the record at arraignment or a
5	subsequent hearing why a referral to the post-charge program would not serve
6	the ends of justice. Factors considered in the ends-of-justice determination
7	include the person's criminal record, the views of any victims, or the need for
8	probationary supervision.
9	(D) Notwithstanding this subsection (c), the diversion program may
10	accept cases pursuant to 33 V.S.A. §§ 5225 and 5280.
11	(d) The Office of the Attorney General shall develop program outcomes
12	following the designated State of Vermont performance accountability
13	framework and, in consultation with the Department of State's Attorneys and
14	Sheriffs, the Office of the Defender General, the Center for Crime Victim
15	Services, and the Judiciary, report annually on or before December 1 to the
16	General Assembly on services provided and outcome indicators. As a
17	component of the report required by this subsection, the Attorney General shall
18	include data on diversion program referrals in each county and possible causes
19	of any geographical disparities. Confidentiality.
20	(1) The matter shall become confidential when notice of a pre-charge
21	referral is provided to the diversion program, or when notice of a post-charge

referral is provided to the court. However, persons who are subject to
conditions of release imposed pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7554 and who are
referred to diversion pursuant to subdivision (a)(2)(C) of this section, the
matter shall become confidential upon the successful completion of diversion.
(2) All information gathered in the course of the adult diversion process
shall be held strictly confidential and shall not be released without the
participant's prior consent.
(3) Information related to any offense that a person divulges in
preparation for, during, or as a follow-up to the provision of the adult diversion
programming shall not be used against the person in any criminal, civil, family
juvenile, or administrative investigation, prosecution, or case for any purpose,
including impeachment or cross-examination. However, the fact of
participation and success, or reasons for failure, may become part of the
prosecutor's records. This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit the
limited disclosure or use of information to specific persons in the following
circumstances:
(A) Where there is a threat or statement of a plan that a person may
reasonably believe is likely to result in death or bodily injury to themselves or
others or damage to the property of another person.
(B) When disclosure is necessary to report bodily harm any party
causes another during restorative justice programming.

1	(C) When disclosure to other community-based restorative justice
2	providers is necessary to facilitate coordination where an individual has more
3	than one active referral before different restorative justice providers.
4	(D) Where there is a reasonable suspicion of abuse or neglect of a
5	child or vulnerable adult and a report is made pursuant to the provisions of
6	33 V.S.A. § 4914 or 33 V.S.A. § 6903 or to comply with any law.
7	(E) Where a court or administrative tribunal determines that the
8	materials were submitted by a participant in the program for the purpose of
9	avoiding discovery of the material in a court or administrative proceeding. If a
10	participant wishes to avail themselves of this provision, the participant may
11	disclose this information in camera to a judicial officer for the purposes of
12	seeking such a ruling.
13	(4)(A) Notwithstanding subdivision (2) of this subsection (d), if law
14	enforcement or the prosecutor refers a case to diversion, upon the victim's
15	request, the adult diversion program shall provide information relating to the
16	conditions of the diversion contract regarding the victim, progress made on
17	such conditions, and information that assists with obtaining the victim's
18	compensation.
19	(B) Victim information that is not part of the public record shall not
20	be released without the victim's prior consent.

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(C) Nothing in this section shall be construed	d to prohibit a victim's
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exercise of rights as otherwise provided by law.	

- (e) All adult court diversion programs receiving financial assistance from the Attorney General shall adhere to the following provisions: Rights and responsibilities.
- (1) The diversion program shall accept only persons against whom charges have been filed and the court has found probable cause, but are not yet adjudicated. The prosecuting attorney may refer a person to diversion either before or after arraignment and shall notify in writing the diversion program and the court of his or her intention to refer the person to diversion. The matter shall become confidential when notice is provided to the court, except that for persons who are subject to conditions of release imposed pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7554 and who are referred to diversion pursuant to subdivision (b)(2) of this section, the matter shall become confidential upon the successful completion of diversion. If a person is charged with a qualifying crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 7601(4)(A) and the crime is a misdemeanor, the prosecutor shall provide the person with the opportunity to participate in the court diversion program unless the prosecutor states on the record at arraignment or a subsequent hearing why a referral to the program would not serve the ends of justice. If the prosecuting attorney prosecutor refers a case to diversion, the prosecuting attorney prosecutor may release information to the victim upon a

showing of legitimate need and subject to an appropriate protective agreement
defining the purpose for which the information is being released and in all
other respects maintaining the confidentiality of the information; otherwise,
files held by the court, the prosecuting attorney prosecutor, and the law
enforcement agency related to the charges shall be confidential and shall
remain confidential unless:
(A) the diversion program declines to accept the case;
(B) the person declines to participate in diversion;
(C) the diversion program accepts the case, but the person does not
successfully complete diversion; or
(D) the prosecuting attorney prosecutor recalls the referral to
diversion. Adult court diversion programs shall be set up to respect the rights
of participants.
(2) Alleged offenders shall be informed of their right to the advice and
assistance of private counsel or the public defender at all stages of the
diversion process, including the initial decision to participate, and the decision
to accept the adult diversion contract, so that the candidate may give informed
consent.
(A) Diversion candidates shall be informed of their right to the
advice, assistance, and access to private counsel or the public defender at all
stages of the diversion process, including the initial decision to participate and

1	the decision to accept the diversion contract, so that the candidate may give
2	informed consent.
3	(B) For the pre-charge diversion program, notwithstanding the
4	financial need determination pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 5236, the diversion
5	program shall inform the candidate that a public defender is available for
6	consultation at public expense upon the request of the diversion candidate.
7	(3) The participant shall be informed that his or her selection of the adult
8	diversion contract is voluntary. The candidate shall be informed that
9	participation in the diversion program is voluntary.
10	(4) Each State's Attorney, in cooperation with the Office of the Attorney
11	General and the adult court diversion program, shall develop clear criteria for
12	deciding what types of offenses and offenders will be eligible for diversion;
13	however, the State's Attorney shall retain final discretion over the referral of
14	each case for diversion.
15	(5) All information gathered in the course of the adult diversion process
16	shall be held strictly confidential and shall not be released without the
17	participant's prior consent (except that research and reports that do not
18	establish the identity of individual participants are allowed).
19	(A) The pre-charge and post-charge diversion programs may charge
20	fees to its participants, which shall be paid to the local adult court diversion
21	program. If a fee is charged, it shall be determined by program officers or

1	employees based upon the financial capabilities of the participant. The fee
2	shall not exceed \$300.00. Any fee charged shall be a debt due from the
3	participant.
4	(B) Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 502(a), fees collected pursuant to
5	this subdivision (4) shall be retained and used solely for the purpose of the
6	adult court diversion program.
7	(6)(5) Information related to the present offense that is divulged during
8	the adult diversion program shall not be used against the person in the person's
9	criminal or juvenile case for any purpose, including impeachment or cross-
10	examination. However, the fact of participation and success, or reasons for
11	failure, may become part of the prosecutor's records. Any victims shall be
12	notified of the victim's rights and role in the pre-charge diversion process,
13	including notification of a candidate's referral to the pre-charge diversion
14	program by the pre-charge diversion program.
15	(7)(A) Irrespective of whether a record was expunged, the adult court
16	diversion program shall maintain sufficient records so that the reasons for
17	success or failure of the program in particular cases and overall can be
18	investigated by program staff. These records shall include a centralized
19	statewide filing system that will include the following information about
20	individuals who have successfully completed an adult court diversion program:
21	(i) name and date of birth;

1	(ii) offense charged and date of offense;
2	(iii) place of residence;
3	(iv) county where diversion process took place; and
4	(v) date of completion of diversion process.
5	(B) These records shall not be available to anyone other than the
6	participant and his or her attorney, State's Attorneys, the Attorney General,
7	and directors of adult court diversion programs.
8	(C) Notwithstanding subdivision (B) of this subdivision (e)(7), the
9	Attorney General shall, upon request, provide to a participant or his or her
10	attorney sufficient documentation to show that the participant successfully
11	completed diversion.
12	(8) Adult court diversion programs shall be set up to respect the rights of
13	participants.
14	(9) Each participant shall pay a fee to the local adult court diversion
15	program. The amount of the fee shall be determined by program officers or
16	employees based upon the financial capabilities of the participant. The fee
17	shall not exceed \$300.00. The fee shall be a debt due from the participant, and
18	payment of such shall be required for successful completion of the program.
19	Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 502(a), fees collected under this subdivision shall
20	be retained and used solely for the purpose of the court diversion program.

1	(f) The Attorney General is authorized to accept grants and gifts for the
2	purposes of this section, such acceptance being pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5.
3	Records; deletion and expungement.
4	(1) Pre-charge diversion records deletion.
5	(A) Not later than 10 days after the successful completion of the pre-
6	charge diversion program, the adult diversion program shall notify the victim,
7	law enforcement agency, and the State's Attorney's office of the participant's
8	successful completion. Payment of restitution is required for successful
9	completion.
10	(B) Within 30 days after the two-year anniversary notifying the
11	State's Attorney's office of the participant's successful completion, the
12	Attorney General shall provide notice that all records held by the diversion
13	program shall be deleted.
14	(C) Within 30 days after the two-year anniversary notifying the law
15	enforcement agency and the State's Attorney's office of the participant's
16	successful completion, the Attorney General shall provide notice that all public
17	records held by the law enforcement agency and the State's Attorney's office
18	shall be deleted, including any held by the Attorney General. Records
19	maintained on the Valcour database or other similar nonpublic databases
20	maintained by a law enforcement agency, a State's Attorney's office, or the

1	Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs shall be exempt from deletion
2	and shall only be used for criminal justice purposes.
3	(2) Pre-charge diversion case index.
4	(A) The Community Justice Unit shall keep a special index of pre-
5	charge diversion cases that have been deleted pursuant to this section together
6	with the notice of deletion provided by the Attorney General. The index shall
7	list only the name of the diversion participant, the individual's date of birth, a
8	case number, date of case closure, location of programming, and the offense
9	that was the subject of the deletion.
10	(B) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision
11	(A) of this subdivision (2) shall be confidential and shall be physically and
12	electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that
13	limits access to authorized persons.
14	(C) Inspection of the notice may be permitted only upon request by
15	the person who is the subject of the case. The Attorney General may permit
16	special access to the index and the documents for research purposes pursuant
17	to subdivision (g)(2) of this section.
18	(D) The Community Justice Unit shall establish policies for
19	implementing subsections (1)–(4) of this subsection (f).
20	(3) Effect of deletion. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
21	upon the notice to delete files and records under this section, the matter shall

be considered never to have occurred; all index references thereto shall be
deleted; and the participant, the Community Justice Unit, law enforcement
officers and departments, prosecutors, the referring entity, and the diversion
program shall reply to any request for information that no record exists with
respect to such participant inquiry in any matter. Copies of the notice shall be
sent to each agency, entity, or official named therein.
(4) Deletion applicability. The process of automatically deleting records
as provided in this section shall only apply to those persons who completed
pre-charge diversion on or after July 1, 2025.
(5) Post-charge diversion records expungement. Within 30 days after
the two-year anniversary of a successful completion of adult post-charge
diversion, the court shall provide notice to all parties of record of the court's
intention to order the expungement of all court files and records, law
enforcement records, fingerprints, and photographs other than entries in the
adult court diversion program's centralized filing system applicable to the
proceeding. However, the court shall not order expungement if the participant
does not satisfy each of subdivisions (A)–(C) of this subdivision. The court
shall give the State's Attorney an opportunity for a hearing to contest the
expungement of the records. The court shall expunge the records if it finds:
(A) two years have elapsed since the successful completion of the
adult post-charge diversion program by the participant;

1	(B) the participant has not been convicted of a subsequent felony or
2	misdemeanor during the two-year period, and no proceedings are pending
3	seeking such conviction; and
4	(C) the participant does not owe restitution related to the case.
5	(6) Expungement of sealed records. The court may expunge any records
6	that were sealed pursuant to this subsection prior to July 1, 2018 unless the
7	State's Attorney's office that prosecuted the case objects. Thirty days prior to
8	expunging a record pursuant to this subdivision, the court shall provide written
9	notice of its intent to expunge the record to the State's Attorney's office that
10	prosecuted the case.
11	(7) Post-charge diversion case index.
12	(A) The court and the Office of the Attorney General shall keep a
13	special index of post-charge diversion cases that have been expunged pursuant
14	to this section together with the expungement order. The index shall list only
15	the name of the person convicted of the offense, the person's date of birth, the
16	docket number, date of case closure, location of programming, and the
17	criminal offense that was the subject of the expungement.
18	(B) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision
19	(A) of this subdivision (7) shall be confidential and shall be physically and
20	electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that
21	limits access to authorized persons.

1	(C) Inspection of the expungement order and the certificate may be
2	permitted only upon petition by the person who is the subject of the case. The
3	Chief Superior Judge may permit special access to the index and the
4	documents for research purposes pursuant to the rules for public access to
5	court records.
6	(D) The Court Administrator shall establish policies for
7	implementing subdivisions (5)–(9) of this subsection (f).
8	(8) Effect of expungement. Except as otherwise provided in this
9	section, upon the entry of an order expunging files and records under this
10	section, the proceedings in the matter shall be considered never to have
11	occurred; all index references thereto shall be deleted; and the participant, the
12	court, law enforcement officers and departments, prosecutors, the referring
13	entity, and the diversion program shall reply to any request for information that
14	no record exists with respect to such participant inquiry in any matter. Copies
15	of the order shall be sent to each agency, entity, or official named therein.
16	(9) Expungement applicability. The process of automatically expunging
17	records as provided in this section shall only apply to those persons who
18	completed diversion on or after July 1, 2002. Any person who completed
19	diversion prior to July 1, 2002 must apply to the court to have the person's
20	records expunged. Expungement shall occur if the requirements of this
21	subsection (f) are met.

(g) Public Records Act exemptio

(1) Within 30 days after the two-year anniversary of a successful
completion of adult diversion, the court shall provide notice to all parties of
record of the court's intention to order the expungement of all court files and
records, law enforcement records other than entries in the adult court diversion
program's centralized filing system, fingerprints, and photographs applicable
to the proceeding. However, the court shall not order expungement if the
participant does not satisfy each of subdivisions (A) (D) of this subdivision.
The court shall give the State's Attorney an opportunity for a hearing to contest
the expungement of the records. The court shall expunge the records if it
finds:
(A) two years have elapsed since the successful completion of the
adult diversion program by the participant;
(B) the participant has not been convicted of a subsequent felony or
misdemeanor during the two-year period, and no proceedings are pending
seeking such conviction;
(C) rehabilitation of the participant has been attained to the
satisfaction of the court; and

(D) the participant does not owe restitution related to the case.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, any records or information produced or acquired pursuant to this section shall be exempt from public

1	inspection or copying under Vermont's Public Records Act and shall be kept
2	confidential.
3	(2) The court may expunge any records that were sealed pursuant to this
4	subsection prior to July 1, 2018 unless the State's Attorney's office that
5	prosecuted the case objects. Thirty days prior to expunging a record pursuant
6	to this subdivision, the court shall provide written notice of its intent to
7	expunge the record to the State's Attorney's office that prosecuted the case.
8	Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, a law enforcement agency,
9	State's Attorney's office, court, or community-based restorative justice
10	provider-may disclose information to colleges, universities, public agencies of
11	the State, and nonprofit research organizations that a community-based
12	restorative justice provider has agreements with for use in connection with
13	research projects of a public service nature, but no person associated with those
14	institutions or agencies shall disclose that information in any manner that
15	would reveal the identity of an individual who provided the information to the
16	community-based restorative justice provider.
17	(3)(A) The court shall keep a special index of cases that have been
18	expunged pursuant to this section together with the expungement order. The
19	index shall list only the name of the person convicted of the offense, his or her

date of birth, the docket number, and the criminal offense that was the subject

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of the expungement.

1	(B) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision
2	(A) of this subdivision (3) shall be confidential and shall be physically and
3	electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that
4	limits access to authorized persons.
5	(C) Inspection of the expungement order and the certificate may be
6	permitted only upon petition by the person who is the subject of the case. The
7	Chief Superior Judge may permit special access to the index and the
8	documents for research purposes pursuant to the rules for public access to
9	court records.
10	(D) The Court Administrator shall establish policies for
11	implementing this subsection (g).
12	(h) Except as otherwise provided in this section, upon the entry of an order
13	expunging files and records under this section, the proceedings in the matter
14	shall be considered never to have occurred, all index references thereto shall be
15	deleted, and the participant, the court, and law enforcement officers and
16	departments shall reply to any request for information that no record exists
17	with respect to such participant inquiry in any matter. Copies of the order shall
18	be sent to each agency or official named therein.
19	(i) [Repealed.]
20	(j) The process of automatically expunging records as provided in this
21	section shall only apply to those persons who completed diversion on or after

1	July 1, 2002. Any person who completed diversion prior to July 1, 2002 must
2	apply to the court to have his or her records expunged. Expungement shall
3	occur if the requirements of subsection (g) of this section are met.
4	(k) The Attorney General, in consultation with the Vermont Association of
5	Court Diversion Programs, may develop and administer programs to assist
6	persons under this section charged with delinquent, criminal, and civil
7	offenses.
8	(l) Notwithstanding subdivision (e)(1) of this section, the diversion
9	program may accept cases from the Youth Substance Awareness Safety
10	Program pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 656 or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b. The confidentiality
11	provisions of this section shall become effective when a notice of violation is
12	issued under 7 V.S.A. § 656(b) or 18 V.S.A. § 4230b(b) and shall remain in
13	effect unless the person fails to register with or complete the Youth Substance
14	Awareness Safety Program.
15	(m) Notwithstanding subdivision (e)(1) of this section, the diversion
16	program may accept cases pursuant to 33 V.S.A. §§ 5225 and 5280.
17	* * *
18	§ 165 161. PUBLIC CONTRACT ADVOCATE
19	* * *

1	Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 656 is amended to read:
2	§ 656. PERSON 16 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER AND UNDER 21 YEARS
3	OF AGE MISREPRESENTING AGE, PROCURING, POSSESSING,
4	OR CONSUMING ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; CIVIL
5	VIOLATION
6	* * *
7	(b) Issuance of notice of violation. A law enforcement officer shall issue a
8	person who violates this section a notice of violation, in a form approved by
9	the Court Administrator. The notice of violation shall require the person to
10	provide his or her the person's name and address and shall explain procedures
11	under this section, including that:
12	(1) the person shall contact the Diversion Program in the county where
13	the offense occurred within 15 days;
14	(2) failure to contact the Diversion Program within 15 days will result in
15	the case being referred to the Judicial Bureau, where the person, if found liable
16	for the violation, will be subject to a civil penalty and a suspension of the
17	person's operator's license and may face substantially increased insurance
18	rates;
19	(3) no money should be submitted to pay any penalty until after
20	adjudication; and

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I	(4) the person shall notify the Diversion Program if the person's address
2	changes.
3	* * *
4	(d) Registration in Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program. Within
5	15 days after receiving a notice of violation, the person shall contact the
6	Diversion Program in the county where the offense occurred and register for
7	the Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program. If the person fails to do so, the
8	Diversion Program shall file the summons and complaint with the Judicial
9	Bureau for adjudication under 4 V.S.A. chapter 29. The Diversion Program
10	shall provide a copy of the summons and complaint to the law enforcement
11	officer who issued the notice of violation and shall provide two copies to the
12	person charged with the violation.
13	(e) Notice to report to Diversion. Upon receipt from a law enforcement
14	officer of a summons and complaint completed under this section, the
15	Diversion Program shall send the person a notice to report to the Diversion
16	Program. The notice to report shall provide that:
17	(1) The person is required to complete all conditions related to the
18	offense imposed by the Diversion Program, including substance abuse

screening and, if deemed appropriate following the screening, substance abuse

assessment or substance abuse counseling, or both.

- (2) If the person does not satisfactorily complete the substance abuse screening, any required substance abuse assessment or substance abuse counseling, or any other condition related to the offense imposed by the Diversion Program, the case will be referred to the Judicial Bureau, where the person, if found liable for the violation, shall be assessed a civil penalty, the person's driver's license will be suspended, and the person's automobile insurance rates may increase substantially.
- (3) If the person satisfactorily completes the substance abuse screening, any required substance abuse assessment or substance abuse counseling, and any other condition related to the offense imposed by the Diversion Program, no penalty shall be imposed and the person's operator's license shall not be suspended.
 - (f) Diversion Program requirements.
- (1) Upon being contacted by a person who has been issued a notice of violation, the Diversion Program shall register the person in the Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program. Pursuant to the Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program, the Diversion Program shall impose conditions on the person. The conditions imposed shall include only conditions related to the offense and in every case shall include a condition requiring satisfactory completion of substance abuse screening using an evidence-based tool and, if deemed appropriate following the screening, substance abuse assessment and substance

1	abuse education or substance abuse counseling, or both. If the screener
2	recommends substance abuse counseling, the person shall choose a State-
3	certified or State-licensed substance abuse counselor or substance abuse
4	treatment provider to provide the services.
5	(2) Substance abuse screening required under this subsection shall be
6	completed within 60 days after the Diversion Program receives a summons and
7	complaint. The person shall complete all conditions at his or her the person's
8	own expense.
9	(3) When a person has satisfactorily completed substance abuse
10	screening, any required substance abuse education or substance abuse
11	counseling, and any other condition related to the offense that the Diversion
12	Program has imposed, the Diversion Program shall:
13	(A) void Void the summons and complaint with no penalty due; and.
14	(B) send Send copies of the voided summons and complaint to the
15	Judicial Bureau and to the law enforcement officer who completed them.
16	Before sending copies of the voided summons and complaint to the Judicial
17	Bureau under this subdivision, the Diversion Program shall redact all language
18	containing the person's name, address, Social Security number, and any other
19	information that identifies the person.
20	(4) If a person does not satisfactorily complete substance abuse

screening, any required substance abuse education or substance abuse

counseling, or any other condition related to the offense imposed by the
Diversion Program or if the person fails to pay the Diversion Program any
required program fees, the Diversion Program shall file the summons and
complaint with the Judicial Bureau for adjudication under 4 V.S.A. chapter 29.
The Diversion Program shall provide a copy of the summons and complaint to
the law enforcement officer who issued the notice of violation and shall
provide two copies to the person charged with the violation.
(5) A person aggrieved by a decision of the Diversion Program or
alcohol counselor may seek review of that decision pursuant to Rule 75 of the
Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure.
(6) Notwithstanding 3 V.S.A. §§ 163(a)(2)(C) and 164(a)(2)(C), the
adult or juvenile diversion programs shall accept cases from the Youth
Substance Awareness Safety Program pursuant to this section. The
confidentiality provisions of 3 V.S.A. § 163 or 164 shall become effective
when a notice of violation is issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section
and shall remain in effect unless the person fails to register with or complete
the Youth Substance Awareness Safety Program.
* * *

1	Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 4230b is amended to read:
2	§ 4230b. CANNABIS POSSESSION BY A PERSON 16 YEARS OF AGE
3	OR OLDER AND UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE; CIVIL
4	VIOLATION
5	* * *
6	(b) Issuance of notice of violation. A law enforcement officer shall issue a
7	person who violates this section with a notice of violation, in a form approved
8	by the Court Administrator. The notice of violation shall require the person to
9	provide his or her the person's name and address and shall explain procedures
10	under this section, including that:
11	(1) the person shall contact the Diversion Program in the county where
12	the offense occurred within 15 days;
13	(2) failure to contact the Diversion Program within 15 days will result in
14	the case being referred to the Judicial Bureau, where the person, if found liable
15	for the violation, will be subject to a civil penalty and a suspension of the
16	person's operator's license and may face substantially increased insurance
17	rates;
18	(3) no money should be submitted to pay any penalty until after
19	adjudication; and
20	(4) the person shall notify the Diversion Program if the person's address
21	changes.

* * *

- (d) Registration in Youth Substance Awareness Safety Program. Within 15 days after receiving a notice of violation, the person shall contact the Diversion Program in the county where the offense occurred and register for the Youth Substance Awareness Safety Program. If the person fails to do so, the Diversion Program shall file the summons and complaint with the Judicial Bureau for adjudication under 4 V.S.A. chapter 29. The Diversion Program shall provide a copy of the summons and complaint to the law enforcement officer who issued the notice of violation and shall provide two copies to the person charged with the violation.
- (e) Notice to report to Diversion. Upon receipt from a law enforcement officer of a summons and complaint completed under this section, the Diversion Program shall send the person a notice to report to the Diversion Program. The notice to report shall provide that:
- (1) The person is required to complete all conditions related to the offense imposed by the Diversion Program, including substance abuse screening and, if deemed appropriate following the screening, substance abuse assessment or substance abuse counseling, or both.
- (2) If the person does not satisfactorily complete the substance abuse screening, any required substance abuse assessment or substance abuse counseling, or any other condition related to the offense imposed by the

Diversion Program, the case will be referred to the Judicial Bureau, where the person, if found liable for the violation, shall be assessed a civil penalty, the person's driver's license will be suspended, and the person's automobile insurance rates may increase substantially.

- (3) If the person satisfactorily completes the substance abuse screening, any required substance abuse assessment or substance abuse counseling, and any other condition related to the offense imposed by the Diversion Program, no penalty shall be imposed and the person's operator's license shall not be suspended.
 - (f) Diversion Program requirements.
- (1) Upon being contacted by a person who has been issued a notice of violation, the Diversion Program shall register the person in the Youth Substance Awareness Safety Program. Pursuant to the Youth Substance Awareness Safety Program, the Diversion Program shall impose conditions on the person. The conditions imposed shall include only conditions related to the offense and in every case shall include a condition requiring satisfactory completion of substance abuse screening using an evidence-based tool and, if deemed appropriate following the screening, substance abuse assessment and substance abuse education or substance abuse counseling, or both. If the screener recommends substance abuse counseling, the person shall choose a

1	State-certified or State-licensed substance abuse counselor or substance abuse
2	treatment provider to provide the services.
3	(2) Substance abuse screening required under this subsection shall be
4	completed within 60 days after the Diversion Program receives a summons and
5	complaint. The person shall complete all conditions at his or her the person's
6	own expense.
7	(3) When a person has satisfactorily completed substance abuse
8	screening, any required substance abuse education or substance abuse

- (3) When a person has satisfactorily completed substance abuse screening, any required substance abuse education or substance abuse counseling, and any other condition related to the offense that the Diversion Program has imposed, the Diversion Program shall:
 - (A) Void the summons and complaint with no penalty due.
- (B) Send copies of the voided summons and complaint to the Judicial Bureau and to the law enforcement officer who completed them. Before sending copies of the voided summons and complaint to the Judicial Bureau under this subdivision, the Diversion Program shall redact all language containing the person's name, address, Social Security number, and any other information that identifies the person.
- (4) If a person does not satisfactorily complete substance abuse screening, any required substance abuse education or substance abuse counseling, or any other condition related to the offense imposed by the Diversion Program or if the person fails to pay the Diversion Program any

1	required Program fees, the Diversion Program shall file the summons and
2	complaint with the Judicial Bureau for adjudication under 4 V.S.A. chapter 29
3	The Diversion Program shall provide a copy of the summons and complaint to
4	the law enforcement officer who issued the notice of violation and shall
5	provide two copies to the person charged with the violation.
6	(5) A person aggrieved by a decision of the Diversion Program or
7	alcohol counselor may seek review of that decision pursuant to Rule 75 of the
8	Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure.
9	(6) Notwithstanding 3 V.S.A. §§ 163(a)(2)(C) and 164(a)(2)(C), the
10	adult or juvenile diversion programs shall accept cases from the Youth
11	Substance Awareness Safety Program pursuant to this section, 18 V.S.A.
12	§ 4230f(e)(1), or 18 V.S.A. § 4230f(e)(2). The confidentiality provisions of
13	3 V.S.A. § 163 or 164 shall become effective when a notice of violation is
14	issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, 18 V.S.A. § 4230f(e)(1), or
15	18 V.S.A. § 4230f(e)(2) and shall remain in effect unless the person fails to
16	register with or complete the Youth Substance Awareness Safety Program.
17	* * *
18	Sec. 4. RESTORATIVE JUSTICE; POST-ADJUDICATION REPARATIVE
19	PROGRAM WORKING GROUP; REPORT
20	(a) Creation. There is created the Post-Adjudication Reparative Program
21	Working Group to create a Post-Adjudication Reparative Program (the

1	Program) that promotes uniform access to the appropriate community-based
2	service providers for individuals sentenced to reparative boards and probation
3	pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7030(a)(2) and (a)(3). The Working Group shall also
4	study establishing a stable and reliable funding structure to support the
5	operation of the appropriate community-based service providers.
6	(b) Membership. The Working Group shall be composed of the following
7	members:
8	(1) the Commissioner of Corrections or designee;
9	(2) the Chief Judge of the Vermont Superior Court or designee; and
10	(3) five representatives selected from different geographic regions of the
11	State to represent the State's community-based restorative justice providers
12	currently receiving reparative board funding from the Department of
13	Corrections appointed by the providers.
14	(c) Powers and duties. The Working Group shall study the following
15	issues:
16	(1) defining the Program and its scope;
17	(2) determining the offenses that presumptively qualify for referral to
18	the Program;
19	(3) establishing any eligibility requirements for individuals sentenced to
20	a reparative board or probation to be referred to the Program;

1	(4) designing uniform operational procedures for Program referrals from
2	the courts, intake, data collection, participant success standards, and case
3	closures;
4	(5) assessing the necessary capacity and resources of the Judiciary, the
5	Department of Corrections, and the community-based restorative justice
6	providers to operate the Program;
7	(6) exploring an approach to achieve greater stability and reliability for
8	the community-based restorative justice providers, including the Designated
9	Agency model; and
10	(7) consulting with the Office of the Attorney General, the Department
11	of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, the Office of the Defender General, the
12	Center for Crime Victim Services, and other stakeholders as necessary, on
13	considerations to incorporate into the Program.
14	(d) Assistance. The Working Group shall have the administrative,
15	technical, and legal assistance of the Department of Corrections.
16	(e) Report and updates.
17	(1) On or before January 15, 2025, the Working Group shall provide an
18	update to the Senate Committee on Judiciary and House Committees on
19	Corrections and Institutions and on Judiciary concerning any progress.

1	(2) On or before July 15, 2025, the Working Group shall provide an
2	update to the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee concerning any
3	progress.
4	(3) On or before November 15, 2025, the Working Group shall submit a
5	written report in the form of proposed legislation to the Joint Legislative
6	Justice Oversight Committee, the Senate Committee on Judiciary, and the
7	House Committees on Corrections and Institutions and on Judiciary.
8	(f) Meetings.
9	(1) The Chief Judge of the Vermont Superior Court or designee shall
10	call the first meeting of the Working Group to occur on or before August 1,
11	<u>2024.</u>
12	(2) The Working Group shall meet not more than six times per year.
13	(3) The Chief Judge of the Vermont Superior Court or designee shall
14	serve as the Chair of the Working Group.
15	(4) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
16	(5) The Working Group shall cease to exist on January 15, 2026.
17	(g) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Working Group
18	who are not employees of the State of Vermont and who are not otherwise
19	compensated or reimbursed for their attendance shall be entitled to
20	compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 1010
21	for not more than six meetings per year.

1	Sec. 5. [Deleted.]
2	Sec. 6. [Deleted.]
3	Sec. 7. COMMUNITY JUSTICE UNIT; DIVERSION PROGRAM
4	ADMINISTRATION PLAN; REPORT
5	In counties where there is more than one pre-charge and post-charge
6	diversion provider, the Community Justice Unit of the Office of the Attorney
7	General shall collaborate with each county's juvenile and adult pre-charge and
8	post-charge providers and each county's State's Attorney or designee to
9	develop a plan to streamline the administration and provision of juvenile and
10	adult pre-charge and post-charge diversion programs on or before April 1,
11	2025. The Community Justice Unit shall report on such plan to the Senate and
12	House Committees on Judiciary on or before April 1, 2025.
13	Sec. 8. OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL; PRE-CHARGE
14	DIVERSION PROVIDERS; GRANTS
15	Notwithstanding 3 V.S.A. §§ 163(b)(1) and 164(b)(1), in counties where
16	there is more than one pre-charge or post-charge diversion provider, the
17	Attorney General may offer to grant or contract directly with all pre-charge
18	providers in that county or provide for subgranting or subcontracting by the
19	current post-charge provider in that county.

1	Sec. 9. OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL; COMMUNITY
2	REFERRALS; FUNDING ALTERNATIVES; REPORT
3	(a) On or before December 1, 2024, the Office of the Attorney General, in
4	consultation with community-based restorative justice providers, the
5	Department of Public Safety, the Vermont Association of Chiefs of Police, the
6	Office of Racial Equity, and other stakeholders as needed, shall submit a
7	written report outlining funding alternatives for community referrals to the
8	Senate and House Committees on Judiciary. The report shall include funding
9	alternatives considering:
10	(1) federal, state, and local funding options;
11	(2) entities through which funding could be provided; and
12	(3) oversight requirements.
13	(b) As used in this section, "community referrals" has the same meaning as
14	defined in 13 V.S.A. § 162a(4).
15	Sec. 9a. VERMONT SENTENCING COMMISSION; PRE-CHARGE
16	DIVERSION RECORD RETENTION; REPORT
17	On or before November 15, 2024, the Vermont Sentencing Commission
18	shall submit a written report to the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight
19	Committee and the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary reviewing
20	current precharge diversion record retention practices within law enforcement

1	agencies and State's Attorneys' offices. The report shall provide
2	recommendations of the following:
3	(1) whether pre-charge diversion records are retained, sealed, made
4	available on a limited basis to law enforcement or prosecutors, or deleted
5	altogether;
6	(2) if it is recommended that records be retained, a determination of any
7	time limits or other restrictions related to retention;
8	(3) if it is recommended that records be sealed, a determination of the
9	circumstances that permit sealing, if any;
10	(4) if it is recommended that records be made available on a limited
11	basis, a determination of the circumstances under which records be made
12	available; and
13	(5) if it is recommended that records be deleted, a determination of any
14	time to elapse or other considerations prior to deletion.
15	Sec. 10. REPEAL
16	Sec. 8 of this act is repealed on July 1, 2029.
17	Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES
18	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2024, except that Sec. 1 (juvenile and
19	adult pre-charge and post-charge diversion) and Sec. 8 (Attorney General pre-
20	charge diversion grants) shall take effect on July 1, 2025.