1	H.196
2	Introduced by Representative Mulvaney-Stanak of Burlington
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Executive; public property; State construction; prevailing wages
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to amend the
7	prevailing wage requirements for State construction projects to be set to the
8	local prevailing rate of wages and benefits under a collective bargaining
9	agreement and proposes to direct the Commissioner of Labor to adopt rules to
10	implement the new wage requirements. This bill also requires a construction
11	employee working on a construction project receiving both State and federal
12	funds to be paid the higher of the federal Davis-Bacon wages or the State's
13	prevailing wage rates. This bill also proposes an enforcement provision for
14	any violation of the State's prevailing wage requirements.
15	An act relating to prevailing wages on State construction projects
16	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
17	Sec. 1. 29 V.S.A. § 161 is amended to read:
18	§ 161. REQUIREMENTS ON STATE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS
19	* * *

## BILL AS INTRODUCED 2023

1	(b) Each contract awarded under this section for any State project with a
2	construction cost exceeding \$100,000.00 or a construction project with a
3	construction cost exceeding \$200,000.00 which that is authorized and is at
4	least 50 percent funded by a capital construction act pursuant to 32 V.S.A.
5	§ 701a shall provide that all construction employees working on the project
6	shall be paid no not less than the mean prevailing wage published periodically
7	by the Vermont Department of Labor in its occupational employment and
8	wage survey plus an additional fringe benefit of 42 and one-half percent of
9	wage, as calculated by the current Vermont prevailing wage survey. As used
10	in this section, "fringe benefits" means benefits, including paid vacations and
11	holidays, sick leave, employer contributions and reimbursements to health
12	insurance and retirement benefits, and similar benefits that are incidents of
13	employment the prevailing rate of wages and benefits then payable for the
14	labor in the locality where the public work is being performed, under a
15	collective bargaining agreement. If no collective bargaining agreements exist
16	in the immediate locality, then the prevailing rate of wages and benefits under
17	a collective bargaining agreement in the nearest locality where a collective
18	bargaining agreement exists shall apply. The Commissioner of Labor, in
19	consultation with the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, shall
20	adopt rules to implement this section.

1	(c) In the construction of any State project, local capable labor shall be
2	utilized whenever practicable, but this section shall not be construed to compel
3	any person to discharge or lay off any regular employee.
4	(d)(1) Subsections (a) through (c) of this section shall not apply to
5	maintenance or construction projects carried out by the Agency of
6	Transportation and by the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation.
7	(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, to the extent that
8	either the federal Davis-Bacon Act or the prevailing wages set forth in
9	subsection (b) of this section may apply to any contract that is awarded for a
10	maintenance or construction, the higher wage rate shall apply.
11	(e) The Agency of Administration shall ensure that the State and any of its
12	subdivisions do not contract, directly or indirectly, with employers who are
13	prohibited from contracting by the Commissioner of Labor pursuant to 21
14	V.S.A. §§ 692, 708, and 1314a or the Commissioner of Financial Regulation
15	pursuant to 8 V.S.A. § 3661.
16	(f) The Agency of Administration shall maintain a current list of employers
17	that have been prohibited from contracting with the State or any of its
18	subdivisions, and the Agencies of Administration and of Transportation shall
19	publish that list on their websites.
20	(g) An employee may bring a public enforcement action on behalf of one
21	or more current employees in relation to one or more violations of the

1	provisions of this section. A public enforcement action shall not be subject to
2	the requirements of Rule 23(a) of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure.
3	(1) The penalty and enforcement provisions of 21 V.S.A. § 495b shall
4	apply to this section.
5	(2) Before commencing a public enforcement action, an employee shall
6	submit to the Attorney General a notice of the claim.
7	(3) The Attorney General shall, not later than 60 days after the notice of
8	the claim is submitted, review the claim and provide the employee with notice
9	of whether the Attorney General intends to investigate the claim.
10	(4) If the Attorney General decides not to investigate the claim or fails
11	to notify the relator within 60 days, the employee may commence a public
12	enforcement action in relation to the claim.
13	(5) If the Attorney General decides to investigate the claim, the Attorney
14	General shall complete the investigation within not more than 120 calendar
15	days. At the conclusion of the investigation, the Attorney General shall notify
16	the employer of whether the Attorney General intends to seek remedies related
17	to the claim pursuant to 21 V.S.A. § 495b.
18	(6) The employee may commence a public enforcement action if the
19	Attorney General determines not to seek remedies related to the claim or fails
20	to notify the employee of the outcome of the investigation within the time
21	period set forth in subdivision (4) of this subsection.

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- 1 Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
- 2 <u>This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.</u>