1	S.102									
2	Introduced by Committee on Agriculture									
3	Date:									
4	Subject: Agriculture; solid waste; composting; poultry									
5	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require the									
6	Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets to regulate compost foraging as									
7	farming. The bill would amend the definition of "farming" under Act 250 and									
8	the Required Agricultural Practices to include compost foraging. The bill									
9	would also require the manufacturer or distributor of animal health products,									
10	feed supplements, biostimulants, soil amendments, and plant amendments sold									
11	or distributed in the State to register the products with the Agency of									
12	Agriculture, Food and Markets.									
13	An act relating to the regulation of agricultural inputs for farming									
14	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:									
15	* * * Compost Foraging; Farming * * *									
16	Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 6001 is amended to read:									
17	§ 6001. DEFINITIONS									
18	In As used in this chapter:									
19	* * *									
20	(3)(A) "Development" means each of the following:									

1	* * *								
2	(D) The word "development" does not include:								
3	(i) The construction of improvements for farming, logging, or								
4	forestry purposes below the elevation of 2,500 feet.								
5	* * *								
6	(vii) The construction of improvements below the elevation of								
7	2,500 feet for the on-site storage, preparation, and sale of compost, provided								
8	that one of the following applies:								
9	* * *								
10	(III) The compost is principally used on the farm where it was								
11	produced.								
12	* * *								
13	(22) "Farming" means:								
14	(A) the cultivation or other use of land for growing food, fiber,								
15	Christmas trees, maple sap, or horticultural and orchard crops; or								
16	(B) the raising, feeding, or management of livestock, poultry, fish, or								
17	bees; or								
18	(C) the operation of greenhouses; or								
19	(D) the production of maple syrup; or								
20	(E) the on-site storage, preparation, and sale of agricultural products								
21	principally produced on the farm; or								

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1	(F) the on-site storage, preparation, production, and sale of fuel or
2	power from agricultural products or wastes principally produced on the farm;
3	or
4	(G) the raising, feeding, or management of four or more equines
5	owned or boarded by the farmer, including training, showing, and providing
6	instruction and lessons in riding, training, and the management of equines; or
7	(H) the importation of 2,000 cubic yards per year or less of food
8	residuals or food processing residuals onto a farm for the production of
9	compost, provided that:
10	(i) the compost is principally used on the farm where it is
11	produced; or
12	(ii) the compost is produced on a small farm that raises or
13	manages poultry.
14	* * *
15	(38) "Farm" means, for the purposes of subdivision (22)(H) of this
16	section, a parcel or parcels of land owned, leased, or managed by a person and
17	devoted primarily to farming that meets the threshold criteria as established
18	under the Required Agricultural Practices.
19	(39) "Food processing residuals" means the remaining organic material
20	from a food processing plant and may include whey and other dairy, cheese
21	making, and ice cream residuals or residuals from any food manufacturing
22	process excluding livestock or poultry slaughtering and rendering operations.

(d) the production of maple syrup; or

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1	(e) the on-site storage, preparation, and sale of agricultural products
2	principally produced on the farm; or
3	(f) the on-site storage, preparation, production, and sale of fuel or power
4	from agricultural products or wastes principally produced on the farm; or
5	(g) the raising, feeding, or management of four or more equines owned or
6	boarded by the farmer, including training, showing, and providing instruction
7	and lessons in riding, training, and the management of equines; or
8	(h) the importation of 2,000 cubic yards per year or less of food residuals
9	or food processing residuals onto a farm for the production of compost,
10	provided that:
11	(1) the compost is principally used on the farm where it is produced; or

(2) the compost is produced on a small farm that raises or manages poultry.

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2.44 "Food residual" means source separated and uncontaminated material that is derived from processing or discarding of food and that is recyclable, in a manner consistent with 10 V.S.A. § 6605k. Food residual may include preconsumer and postconsumer food scraps. "Food residual" does not mean meat and meat-related products when the food residuals are composted by a resident on site.

2.45 "Principally used" means that more than 50 percent, either by volume or weight, of the compost produced on the farm is physically and BILL AS INTRODUCED

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1	process excluding livestock or poultry slaughtering and rendering operations.
2	"Food processing residuals" do not include food residuals from markets,
3	groceries, or restaurants.
4	(6) "Food residuals" means source separated and uncontaminated
5	material that is derived from processing or discarding of food and that is
6	recyclable or compostable. "Food residuals" may include preconsumer and
7	postconsumer food scraps. "Food residuals" include meat and meat-related
8	products when the disposition of the products is managed on a farm.
9	(7) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets.
10	(8) "Source separation" has the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 6602.
11	§ 5133. FOOD RESIDUALS; RULEMAKING
12	(a) The Secretary shall regulate the importation of food residuals or food
13	processing residuals onto a farm.
14	(b)(1) The Secretary shall adopt by rule requirements for the management
15	of food residuals and food processing residuals on a farm. The rules may
16	include requirements regarding:
17	(A) the proper composting of food residuals or food processing
18	residuals;
19	(B) destruction of pathogens in food residuals, food processing
20	residuals, or compost;
21	(C) prevention of public health threat from food residuals, food
22	processing residuals, or compost;

from the requirements of this section.

1	(D) protection of natural resources or the environment; and
2	(E) prevention of objectionable odors, noise, vectors, or other
3	nuisance conditions.
4	(2) The Secretary may adopt the rules required by this section as part of
5	the Required Agricultural Practices or as independent rules under this chapter.
6	(c) A farm producing compost under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H) shall be
7	regulated under this chapter and shall not require a certification or other
8	approval from the Agency of Natural Resources under 10 V.S.A. chapter 159.
9	Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 6605 is amended to read:
10	§ 6605. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY CERTIFICATION
11	(a)(1) No person shall construct, substantially alter, or operate any solid
12	waste management facility without first obtaining certification from the
13	Secretary for such facility, site, or activity, except for sludge or septage
14	treatment or storage facilities located within the fenced area of a domestic
15	wastewater treatment plant permitted under chapter 47 of this title. This
16	exemption for sludge or septage treatment or storage facilities shall exist
17	only if:
18	* * *
19	(2) Certification shall be valid for a period not to exceed 10 years.
20	* * *
21	(n) A farm producing compost under subdivision 6001(22)(H) is exempt

Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 6605h is amended to read:
§ 6605h. COMPOSTING REGISTRATION
Notwithstanding sections 6605, 6605f, and 6611 of this title, the Secretary
may, by rule, authorize a person engaged in the production or management of
compost at a small scale composting facility to register with the Secretary
instead of obtaining a facility certification under section 6605 or 6605c of this
title. This section shall not apply to a farm producing compost under
subdivision 6001(22)(H) of this title.
Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 6605j is amended to read:
§ 6605j. ACCEPTED COMPOSTING PRACTICES
(a) The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, Food
and Markets, shall adopt by rule, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, and shall
implement and enforce accepted composting practices for the management of
composting in the State. These accepted composting practices shall address:
(1) standards for the construction, alteration, or operation of a
composting facility;
(2) standards for facility operation, including acceptable quantities of
product or inputs, vector management, odors, noise, traffic, litter control,
contaminant management, operator training and qualifications, recordkeeping,
and reporting;

- (3) standards for siting of composting facilities, including siting and operation of compost storage areas, compost bagging areas, and roads and parking areas;
- (4) standards for the composting process, including rotation, management of compost piles, compost pile size, and monitoring of compost operations;
- (5) standards for management of runoff from compost facilities, including liquids management from the feedstock area, active composting areas, curing area, and compost storage area; the use of swales or stormwater management around or within a compost facility; vegetative buffer requirements; and run-off management from tipping areas;
- (6) specified areas of the State unsuitable for the siting of commercial composting that utilizes post-consumer food residuals or animal mortalities, such as designated downtowns, village centers, village growth areas, or areas of existing residential density; and
- (7) definitions of "small-scale composting facility," "medium-scale composting facility," and "de minimis composting exempt from regulation."
- (b) A person operating a small scale composting facility or operating a composting facility on a farm who follows the accepted composting practices shall not be required to obtain a discharge permit under section 1263 or 1264 of this title, a solid waste facility certification under chapter 159 of this title, or an air emissions permit under chapter 23 of this title unless a permit is required

1	by federal law or the Secretary of Natural Resources determines that a permit
2	is necessary to protect public health or the environment.
3	(c) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall coordinate with the Secretary
4	of Agriculture, Food and Markets in implementing and enforcing the accepted
5	composting practices. The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets and the
6	Secretary of Natural Resources may, after opportunity for public review and
7	comment, develop a memorandum of understanding for implementation and
8	enforcement of the accepted composting practices. [Repealed.]
9	(d) The Secretary shall not regulate under this section a farm producing
10	compost under subdivision 6001(22)(H) of this title.
11	Sec. 7. APPLICATION OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT RULES
12	Prior to adoption of rules under 6 V.S.A. § 5133, the Secretary of
13	Agriculture, Food and Markets shall require a person producing compost on a
14	farm under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H) to comply with Sections 6–1101 through
15	6-1111 of the Agency of Natural Resources' Vermont Solid Waste
16	Management Rules. After adoption of rules under 6 V.S.A. § 5133, Sections
17	6-1101 through 6-1111 of the Agency of Natural Resources' Vermont Solid
18	Waste Management Rules shall not apply to a person producing compost on a
19	farm under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H).

or a distributor or registrant and distinguishing it from that of others.

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(2)(3) "Commercial feed" means all materials except whole seeds
unmixed or physically altered entire unmixed seeds, when not adulterated
within the meaning of subsection 327(a) of this title, which that are distributed
for use as feed or for mixing in feed. The Secretary by regulation may exempt
from this definition, or from specific provisions of this chapter, commodities
such as hay, straw, stover, silage, cobs, husks, hulls, and individual chemical
compounds or substances when such commodities, compounds, or substances
are not intermixed or mixed with other materials, and are not adulterated
within the meaning of subsection 327(a) of this title.
(3)(4) "Customer-formula feed" means commercial feed that consists of

(3)(4) "Customer-formula feed" means commercial feed that consists of a mixture of commercial feeds or feed ingredients each batch of which is manufactured according to the specific instructions of the final purchaser.

(4)(5) "Distribute" means to offer for sale, sell, exchange, or barter commercial feed <u>or animal health products</u> or to supply, furnish, or otherwise provide commercial feed <u>or animal health products</u>, through any means, including sales outlets, catalogues, the telephone, the Internet, or any electronic means.

(5)(6) "Distributor" means any person who distributes commercial feeds or animal health products.

(6)(7) "Drug" means any substance intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in domestic animals other

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than humans and substances other than feed intended to affect the structure or any function of the animal body.

(7)(8) "Feed ingredient" means each of the constituent materials making up a commercial feed.

(9) "Feed supplement" means a material used with another to improve the nutritive balance or performance of the total and intended to be fed undiluted as a supplement to other feeds or offered free choice with other parts of the ration separately available or further diluted and mixed to produce a complete feed.

(8)(10) "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon or affixed to the container in which a commercial feed, animal health product, or feed supplement is distributed, or on the invoice or delivery slip with which a commercial feed, animal health product, or feed supplement is distributed.

(9)(11) "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter upon a commercial feed, animal health product, or feed supplement or any of its containers, or the wrapper accompanying the commercial feed, animal health product, or feed supplement, or advertisements, brochures, posters, and television and radio announcements used in promoting the sale of the feed, animal health product, or feed supplement.

1	(10)(12) "Manufacture" means to produce, grind, mix, or blend, or
2	further process a commercial feed, animal health product, or feed supplement
3	for distribution.
4	(11)(13) "Mineral feed" means a commercial feed intended to supply
5	primarily mineral elements or inorganic nutrients.
6	(12)(14) "Official sample" means a sample of feed taken by the
7	Secretary in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 330(3) of this title.
8	(13)(15) "Percent" or "percentages" means percentages by weights.
9	(14)(16) "Permitted analytical variances" means those allowances for
10	the inherent variability in sampling and laboratory analysis.
11	(15)(17) "Pet" means any domesticated animal normally maintained in
12	or near the household of the owner.
13	(16)(18) "Pet food" means any commercial feed prepared and
14	distributed for consumption by pets.
15	(17)(19) "Product" means the name of the commercial feed which,
16	animal health product, or feed supplement that identifies it as to kind, class, or
17	specific use.
18	(18)(20) "Specialty pet" means any domesticated animal pet normally
19	maintained in a cage or tank.
20	(19)(21) "Specialty pet food" means any commercial feed prepared and
21	distributed for consumption by specialty pets.

(20)(22) "Ton" means a net weight of 2,000 pounds avoirdupois.

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- (a) No person shall manufacture a commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product in this State unless that person has first filed with the Vermont Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, in a form and manner to be prescribed by rules by the Secretary:
- (1) the name of the manufacturer;
 - (2) the manufacturer's place of business;
- (3) the location of each manufacturing facility; and
- (4) any other information that the Secretary considers to be necessary.
 - (b) A person shall not distribute in this State a commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product that has not been registered pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. Application shall be in a form and manner to be prescribed by rule of the Secretary.
 - (c)(1) The application for registration of a commercial feed or feed supplement shall be accompanied by a registration fee of \$105.00 per product. The registration fees, along with any surcharges collected under subsection (e)(d) of this section, shall be deposited in the special fund created by subsection 364(e) of this title. Funds deposited in this account shall be restricted to implementing and administering the provisions of this title and any other provisions of the law relating to fertilizer, lime, or seeds. If the Secretary so requests, the application for registration shall be accompanied by a label or other printed matter describing the product.

1	(2) The application for registration of an animal health product shall be
2	accompanied by a registration fee of \$105.00 per product. The registration
3	fees, along with any surcharges collected under subsection (d) of this section,
4	shall be deposited in the special fund created by subsection 364(e) of this title.
5	Funds deposited in this account shall be restricted to implementing and
6	administering the provisions of this title and any other provisions of the law
7	relating to items registered under this chapter. If the Secretary so requests, the
8	application for registration shall be accompanied by a label or other printed
9	matter describing the product.
10	(e)(d) No person shall distribute in this State any feed, feed supplement, or
11	animal health product required to be registered under this chapter upon which
12	the Secretary has placed a withdrawal from distribution order because of
13	nonregistration. A surcharge of \$10.00, in addition to the registration fee
14	required by subsection (b)(c) of this section, shall accompany the application
15	for registration of each product upon which a withdrawal from distribution
16	order has been placed for reason of nonregistration, and must be received
17	before removal of the withdrawal from distribution order.
18	(d)(e) No person shall distribute a commercial feed product in the State that
19	is labeled as bait or feed for white-tailed deer.
20	§ 325. LABELING
21	(a) A commercial feed or feed supplement, except a customer-formula

feed, shall be accompanied by a label bearing the following information:

1	(1) the net weight;
2	(2) the product name and the brand name, if any, under which the
3	commercial feed or feed supplement is distributed;
4	(3) the guaranteed analysis as required by rule in section 329 of this
5	title;
6	(4) the common, usual name or collective term of each ingredient used
7	in the manufacture of the commercial feed or feed supplement in descending
8	<u>order;</u>
9	(5) the name and principal mailing address of the manufacturer or the
10	person responsible for distributing the commercial feed or feed supplement;
11	(6) adequate directions for use for all commercial feeds or feed
12	supplements containing drugs and for such other feeds as the Secretary may
13	require by rule as necessary for their safe and effective use; and
14	(7) precautionary statements required to assure ensure the safe and
15	effective use of the commercial feed or feed supplement.
16	(b) An animal health product shall be accompanied by a label bearing the
17	following information:
18	(1) the net weight or count;
19	(2) the product name and the brand name, if any, under which the
20	animal health product is distributed;
21	(3) the established name of each active ingredient and the amount of

active ingredient per serving in descending order;

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1	(4) the established name of each inactive ingredient in alphabetical
2	order;
3	(5) the name and principal mailing address of the manufacturer or the
4	person responsible for distributing the animal health supplement;
5	(6) adequate directions for use of the animal health product;
6	(7) precautionary statements and warnings required to ensure the safe
7	and effective use of the animal health product; and
8	(8) structure-function claim stating the intended use of the animal health
9	product.
10	(c) Customer-formula feed shall be accompanied by a label, invoice,
11	delivery slip, or other shipping document, bearing the following information:
12	(1) name and address of the manufacturer;
13	(2) name and address of the purchaser;
14	(3) date of delivery;
15	(4) the name of each commercial feed and each other ingredient used in
16	the mixture;
17	(5) adequate directions for use for all customer-formula feeds containing
18	drugs and for such other feeds as the Secretary may require by rule to assure
19	ensure their safe and effective use;
20	(6) the direction for use and precautionary statements;
21	(7) when a drug-containing product is used:

(A) the purpose of the medication or a claim statement; and

1	(B) the established name of each active drug ingredient and the level
2	of each drug used in the final mixture; and
3	(8) the guaranteed analysis as required by rule pursuant to section 329 of
4	this title.
5	(e)(d) For purposes of labeling customer-formula feeds, the guaranteed
6	analysis is not required when:
7	(1) one or more of the ingredients are provided to the manufacturer by
8	the final purchaser; or
9	(2) the manufacturer uses a guaranteed analysis provided by the final
10	purchaser as part of the specific instructions for blending a customer-formula
11	feed.
12	§ 326. MISBRANDING
13	A commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product shall be
14	deemed to be misbranded if:
15	(1) its labeling is false or misleading in any particular;
16	(2) it is distributed under the name of another commercial feed, feed
17	supplement, or animal health product;
18	(3) it is not labeled as required in section 325 of this title;
19	(4) it purports to be or is represented as a commercial feed, or if it
20	purports to contain or is represented as containing a commercial feed
21	ingredient, unless the commercial feed or feed ingredient conforms to the

definition, if any, prescribed by rule of the Commissioner; or

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1	(5) information required to appear on the label in a conspicuous manner
2	cannot be easily identified or understood under customary conditions of
3	purchase and use.
4	§ 327. ADULTERATION
5	(a) A commercial feed including whole seeds shall be deemed to be
6	adulterated if it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which
7	that may render it injurious to human or animal health, but in case the
8	substance is not an added substance, the commercial feed shall not be
9	considered adulterated under this subsection if the quantity of the substance in
10	the commercial feed does not ordinarily render it injurious to health.
11	(b) Any other commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product
12	shall be deemed to be adulterated if:
13	(1) any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted or
14	abstracted therefrom or any less valuable substance substituted therefor;
15	(2) its composition or quality falls below or differs from that which it is
16	purported or is represented to possess by its labeling;
17	(3) if use of the product may result in contamination of a raw
18	agricultural product:
19	(4) it contains a drug and the methods used in or the facilities or controls

used for its manufacture, processing, or packaging do not conform to current

good manufacturing practice and rules promulgated by the Secretary to assure

that the drug meets the requirement of this chapter as to safety and has the

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1	identity and strength and meets the quality and purity characteristics which that
2	it purports or is represented to possess; or
3	(4)(5) it contains viable weed seeds in amounts exceeding the limits that
4	the Secretary shall establish by rule.
5	§ 328. TONNAGE REPORTING
6	(a) Every person who registers a commercial feed pursuant to the
7	provisions of this chapter shall report to the Agency of Agriculture, Food and
8	Markets annually the total amount of combined feed is distributed within the
9	State and which is intended for use within the State. The report shall be made
10	on forms and in a manner to be prescribed by the Secretary for calendar years
11	2016 and 2017.
12	(b) This reporting requirement shall not apply to pet foods, within the
13	meaning of subdivisions 323(16) and (19) of this title, and shall not apply to
14	feeds intended for use outside the State. [Repealed.]
15	§ 329. RULES
16	(a) The Secretary is authorized to adopt rules establishing procedures or
17	standards, or both, for product registration, labeling, adulteration, reporting,
18	inspection, sampling, guarantees, product analysis, or other conditions
19	necessary for the implementation and enforcement of this chapter. Where
20	appropriate, the rules shall be consistent with the model rules developed by the
21	Association of American Feed Control Officials and regulations adopted by the

federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 301 et seq.

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- (b) The official definitions of feed ingredients and official feed terms adopted by the Association of American Feed Control Officials and published in the official publication of that organization, together with any regulation promulgated pursuant to the authority of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 301 et seq., relevant to the subject matter of this chapter, are hereby adopted as rules under this chapter, together with all subsequent amendments. The Secretary may, by rule, amend or repeal any rule adopted under this subsection.
- (c) A person shall not manufacture or distribute raw milk as a commercial feed <u>or feed supplement</u> in the State for any species unless all of the following conditions are satisfied:
- (1) the raw milk shall be decharacterized using a sufficient method to render it distinguishable from products packaged for human consumption;
- (2) raw animal feed, feed supplements, or pet food products shall be packaged in containers that are labeled "not for human consumption";
- (3) raw animal feed, feed supplements, or pet food products shall not be stored or placed for retail sale with, or in the vicinity of, milk or milk products intended for human consumption; and
- (4) notwithstanding any rule adopted under subsection (b) of this section to the contrary of the provisions of this subsection, the manufacture and distribution of raw animal feed, feed supplements, or pet food products shall comply with the requirements of this chapter.

8 330.	INSPECTION:	SAMPLING:	ANALYSIS
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- (a) For the purpose of enforcing this chapter and determining whether or not an operation may be subject to these provisions, the Secretary upon presenting appropriate credentials is authorized:
- (1) to enter any premises during normal business hours where commercial feeds, feed supplements, or animal health products are manufactured, processed, packed, or held for distribution and to stop and enter any vehicle being used to transport or hold feeds;
- (2) to inspect factories, warehouses, establishments, vehicles, equipment, finished and unfinished materials, containers, and labeling;
- (3) to sample commercial feed and, feed ingredients, feed supplements, or animal health products.
- (b) Sampling and analysis shall be conducted in accordance with methods published by the Association of Official Analytical Chemists or in accordance with other generally recognized methods. The results of all analyses of official samples shall be forwarded by the Secretary to the correspondent named in the registration form and to the purchaser. When the inspection and analysis of an official sample indicates that a commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product has been adulterated or misbranded and upon request within 30 days following receipt of the analysis, the Secretary shall furnish to the registrant a portion of the sample concerned.

§ 331. PRODUCT DEFICIENCY; SHORT WEIGHT

- (a) No registrant may produce, package, distribute, or possess any commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product that is short weight or deficient in either guaranteed ingredients or guaranteed analysis.

 The Secretary by rule shall establish permitted analytical variances that shall be used to determine whether a commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product is deficient.
- (b) The Secretary is authorized to assess administrative penalties for any product found to be short weight or deficient in guaranteed analysis. In assessing these penalties, the Secretary shall give consideration to the appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of the business being assessed, the gravity of the violation, the good faith of the registrant, and the overall history of prior violations. Administrative penalties shall be paid to the Secretary for deposit and use in the revolving account established by subsection 364(e) of this title. Penalties shall be assessed in the following manner:
- (1) any registrant who is found to have violated this section for a particular product for the first time during any calendar year shall receive an administrative penalty of not more than \$150.00;
- (2) any registrant who is found to have violated this section with regard to the same product for the second time during the same calendar year shall receive an administrative penalty of not more than \$300.00; and

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(3) any registrant who is found to have violated this section with regard
to the same product on three or more occasions during the same calendar year
shall receive an administrative penalty of not more than \$500.00.

- (c) In assessing a penalty under this section, the Secretary shall issue a written notice of penalty to the registrant setting forth in a short and plain statement the alleged violation and the proposed fine. The notice shall state that the penalty will become final 14 days from the date the notice of penalty is issued unless the registrant requests a hearing before the Secretary.
- (d) Any registrant aggrieved by a decision of the Secretary may appeal questions of law to a Superior Court within 30 days of the final decision of the Secretary. The Secretary may enforce a final administrative penalty by filing an action in any District or Superior Court.

§ 332. DETAINED COMMERCIAL FEEDS, FEED SUPPLEMENTS, OR ANIMAL HEALTH PRODUCTS

(a) "Withdrawal from distribution" Withdrawal from distribution orders. When the Secretary has reasonable cause to believe any lot of commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product is being distributed in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or any of the rules under this chapter, he or she may issue and enforce a written or printed "withdrawal from distribution" order, warning the distributor not to dispose of the lot of commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product in any manner until written permission is given by the Secretary or the court. The Secretary

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shall release the lot of commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health
product withdrawn when this chapter and rules have been complied with. If
compliance is not obtained within 30 days, the Secretary may begin, or upon
request of the distributor or registrant shall begin, proceedings for
condemnation.

(b) "Condemnation and confiscation." Any lot of commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product not in compliance with this chapter and rules shall be subject to seizure on complaint of the Secretary to a court of competent jurisdiction in the area in which the commercial feed is located. In the event the court finds the commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product to be in violation of this chapter and orders the condemnation of the commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product, it shall be disposed of in any manner consistent with the quality of the commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product and the laws of the State, provided that in no instance shall the disposition of the commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product be ordered by the court without first giving the claimant an opportunity to apply to the court for release of the commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product or for permission to process or relabel the commercial feed, feed supplement, or animal health product to bring it into compliance with this chapter.

3 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	§ 333.	PENALTIE	S
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- (a) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter, the rules adopted under this chapter, or an order of the Secretary made pursuant to this chapter shall be subject to a criminal fine not to exceed \$1,000.00. Each violation shall be a separate and distinct offense and in the case of a continuing violation each day's continuance shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense.
- (b) A State's Attorney or the Attorney General to whom any violation is reported may cause appropriate proceedings to be instituted and prosecuted in a court of competent jurisdiction without delay.
- (c) The Secretary is hereby authorized to apply for and the court to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this chapter or any rule promulgated under this chapter notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at law. The injunction shall be issued without bond.

§ 334. COOPERATION WITH OTHER ENTITIES

The Secretary may cooperate with and enter into agreements with governmental agencies of this State, other states, agencies of the federal government, and private associations in order to carry out the purpose and provisions of this chapter.

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1	§ 336. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY
2	Consistent with chapter 1 of this title, the Secretary may assess an
3	administrative penalty upon determining that a person has violated a rule
4	issued under this chapter or has violated this chapter in the following manner:
5	(1) Distributed a feed, feed supplement, or animal health product
6	without first obtaining the appropriate product registration.
7	(2) Distributed a <u>commercial</u> feed, <u>feed supplement</u> , or <u>animal health</u>
8	product without appropriate labeling.
9	(3) Violated a cease and desist order.
10	(4) Failed to meet the product guarantee on the label or for the custom
11	formula feed.
12	(5) Distributed a commercial feed which, feed supplement, or animal
13	health product that is adulterated as defined in section 327 of this chapter.
14	* * * Biostimulants; Plant Amendments; Soil Amendments * * *
15	Sec. 10. 6 V.S.A. chapter 28 is amended to read:
16	CHAPTER 28. FERTILIZER AND LIME
17	§ 361. TITLE
18	This chapter shall be known as the "Fertilizer and Lime Law of 1986."
19	§ 362. ENFORCING OFFICIAL
20	This chapter shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food

and Markets, or his or her designee, hereafter referred to as the Secretary.

BILL AS INTRODUCED

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§ 363.	DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter

- (1) "Agricultural lime" or "agricultural liming material" or "lime" means and includes:
- (A) all products whose with calcium and magnesium compounds that are capable of neutralizing soil acidity and which that are intended, sold, or offered for sale for agricultural or plant propagation purposes;
- (B) limestone consisting essentially of calcium carbonate or a combination of calcium carbonate with magnesium carbonate capable of neutralizing soil acidity; or
- (C) industrial waste or industrial by-products which that contain calcium, calcium and magnesium, or calcium, magnesium, and potassium in forms that are capable of neutralizing soil acidity and which are intended, sold, or offered for sale for agricultural purposes. For the purposes of this chapter, the terms "agricultural lime," "lime," and "agricultural liming material" shall have the same meaning.
- (2) "Biostimulant" means a substance or micro-organism that, when applied to seeds, plants, or the rhizosphere, stimulates natural processes to enhance or benefit nutrient uptake, nutrient efficiency, tolerance to abiotic stress, or crop quality and yield except for fertilizers, soil amendments, plant amendments or pesticides.

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1	(2)(3) "Brand" means a term, design, or trademark used in connection
2	with one or more grades or formulas of fertilizer, biostimulant, plant
3	amendment, soil amendment, or lime.
4	(3)(4) "Distribute" means to import, consign, manufacture, produce,
5	compound, mix, or blend fertilizer or to offer for sale, sell, barter, or otherwise
6	supply or apply a fertilizer, a biostimulant, a plant amendment, a soil
7	amendment, or lime in this State. "Distribute" shall include online sales.
8	(4)(5) "Distributor" means any person who distributes fertilizer,
9	biostimulants, plant amendments, soil amendments, or lime.
10	(6) "Exceptional quality biosolid" means a product derived in whole or
11	in part from domestic wastes that have been subjected to and meet the
12	requirements of the following:
13	(A) a pathogen reduction process established in 40 C.F.R.
14	§ 503.32(a)(3), (4)), (7), or (8);
15	(B) one of the vector attraction reduction standards established in 40
16	C.F.R. part 503.33;
17	(C) the contaminant concentration limits in Vermont Solid Waste
18	Rules § 6-1303(a)(1); and
19	(D) if derived from a composting process, Vermont Solid Waste
20	Rules § 6-1303(a)(4).
21	(5)(7) "Fertilizer" means any substance containing one or more
22	recognized plant nutrients that is used for its plant nutrient content and that is

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1	designed for use or claimed to have value in promoting plant growth or health,
2	except unprocessed animal or vegetable manures and other products exempted
3	by the Secretary.
4	(A) A fertilizer material is a substance that either:
5	(i) contains important quantities of at least one of the primary
6	plant nutrients: nitrogen, phosphorus, or potassium;
7	(ii) has 85 percent or more of its plant nutrient content present in
8	the form of a single chemical compound; or
9	(iii) is derived from a plant or chemical residue or by-product or
10	natural material deposit which that has been processed in such a way that its
11	content of plant nutrients has not been materially changed except by
12	purification and concentration.
13	(B) A mixed fertilizer is a fertilizer containing any combination or
14	mixture of fertilizer materials.
15	(C) A specialty fertilizer is a fertilizer distributed for nonfarm use.
16	(D) A bulk fertilizer is a fertilizer distributed in a nonpackaged form.
17	(8) "Formulation" means a material or mixture of materials prepared
18	according to a particular formula.
19	(6)(9) "Grade" means the percentage of total nitrogen, available
20	phosphorus or phosphoric acid, and soluble potassium or potash stated in
21	whole numbers in the same terms, order, or percentages as in the guaranteed
22	analysis. Specialty fertilizers and fertilizer materials may be guaranteed in

1	fractional terms. Any grade expressed in fractional terms which that is not
2	preceded by a whole number shall be preceded by zero.
3	(7)(10) "Guaranteed analysis" means:
4	(A) in reference to fertilizer, the minimum percentages of plant
5	nutrients claimed by the manufacturer or producer of the product in the
6	following order and form: nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash; and
7	(B) in reference to agricultural lime or agricultural liming material,
8	the minimum percentages of calcium oxide and magnesium oxide or calcium
9	carbonate and the calcium carbonate equivalent, or both, as claimed by the
10	manufacturer or producer of the product.
11	(8)(11) "Label" means the display of all written, printed, or graphic
12	matter upon the immediate container, or a statement accompanying a fertilizer
13	biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime.
14	(9)(12) "Labeling" means all written, printed, or graphic material upon
15	or accompanying any lime or fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil
16	amendment, or lime including advertisements, brochures, posters, and
17	television and radio announcements used in promoting the sale of the lime or
18	fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime.
19	(10)(13) "Official sample" means any sample of fertilizer, biostimulant,
20	plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime taken by the Secretary.
21	(14) "Plant amendment" means any substance applied to plants or seeds

that is intended to improve growth, yield, product quality, reproduction, flavor

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1	or other favorable characteristics of plants, except for fertilizer, soil
2	amendments, agricultural liming materials, animal and vegetable manures,
3	pesticides, plant regulators, and other materials exempted by rule adopted
4	under this chapter.
5	(11)(15) "Percent" or "percentage" means the percentage by weight.
6	(12)(16) "Primary nutrient" includes nitrogen, available phosphoric acid
7	or phosphorus, and soluble potash or potassium.
8	(13)(17) "Product" means the name of the fertilizer, biostimulant, plant
9	amendment, soil amendment, or lime which that identifies it as to kind, class,
10	or specific use.
11	(14)(18) "Registrant" means the person who registers fertilizers a
12	fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime under the
13	provisions of this chapter.
14	(19) "Soil amendment" means a substance or mixture of substance that
15	is intended to improve the physical, chemical, biological, or other
16	characteristics of the soil, except fertilizers, agricultural liming materials,
17	unprocessed animal manures, unprocessed vegetable manures, pesticides,
18	biostimulants, and other materials exempted by rule. A compost product from
19	a facility under the jurisdiction of the Agency of Natural Resources' Solid
20	Waste Management Rules or exceptional quality biosolids shall not be
21	regulated as a soil amendment under this chapter, unless marketed and

distributed for the use in the production of an agricultural commodity.

1	(15)(20) "Ton" means a net weight of 2,000 pounds avoirdupois.
2	(16)(21) "Use" includes all purposes for which a fertilizer, a
3	biostimulant, a plant amendment, a soil amendment, or lime is applied.
4	(17)(22) "Weight" means the weight of undried material as offered for
5	sale.
6	§ 364. REGISTRATION
7	(a) Each brand or grade or formula of fertilizer, biostimulant, plant
8	amendment, or soil amendment shall be registered in the name of the person
9	whose name appears upon the label before being distributed in this State. The
10	application for registration shall be submitted to the Secretary on a form
11	furnished by the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets and shall be
12	accompanied by a fee of \$20.00 per nutrient or recognized plant food element
13	to a maximum of \$140.00 per brand or grade \$85.00 per grade or formulation
14	registered. Upon approval by the Secretary, a copy of the registration shall be
15	furnished to the applicant. All registrations expire on December 31 of each
16	year. The application shall include the following information:
17	(1) the brand and grade or formulation;
18	(2) the guaranteed analysis if applicable; and
19	(3) the name and address of the registrant.
20	(b) A distributor shall not be required to register any fertilizer which.

biostimulant, plant amendment, or soil amendment that is already registered

under this chapter by another person, provided there is no change in the label
for the fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, or soil amendment.

- (c) A distributor shall not be required to register each grade of fertilizer formulated or each formulation of soil amendment according to specifications which that are furnished by a consumer prior to mixing, but shall be required to label the fertilizer or soil amendment as provided in subsection 365(b) of this title.
- (d) The Secretary may request additional proof of testing of products prior to registration for guaranteed analyses or adulterants.
- (e) Each separately identified agricultural lime product shall be registered before being distributed in this State. Registration shall be performed in the same manner as fertilizer registration except that each application shall be accompanied by a fee of \$50.00 per product.
- (e) (f) The registration and tonnage fees, along with any deficiency penalties collected pursuant to sections 331 and 372 of this title, shall be deposited in a special fund. Funds deposited in this fund shall be restricted to implementing and administering the provisions of this title and any other provisions of law relating to feeds and seeds.

19 § 365. LABELS

(a)(1) Any fertilizer or agricultural lime distributed in this State in containers shall have placed on or affixed to the container a label setting forth in clearly legible and conspicuous form the following information:

1	(A) net weight;
2	(B) brand and grade, provided that grade shall not be required when
3	no primary nutrients are claimed;
4	(C) guaranteed analysis; and
5	(D) name and address of the registrant.
6	(2) For bulk shipments, this information in written or printed form shall
7	accompany delivery and be supplied to the purchaser at the time of delivery.
8	(b) A fertilizer or lime formulated according to specifications furnished by
9	a consumer prior to mixing shall be labeled to show: the net weight, the
10	guaranteed analysis or name, analysis and weight of each ingredient used in the
11	mixture, and the name and address of the distributor and purchaser.
12	(c)(1) If the Secretary finds that a requirement for expressing calcium and
13	magnesium in elemental form would not impose an economic hardship on
14	distributors and users of agricultural liming materials by reason of conflicting
15	label requirements among states, he or she may require by rule that the
16	minimum percent of calcium oxide and magnesium oxide or calcium carbonate
17	and magnesium carbonate, or both, shall be expressed in the following terms:
18	Total Calcium (Ca) percent
19	Total Magnesium (Mg) percent
20	(2) Under this rule, an affected person shall be given a reasonable time
21	to come into compliance.

1	(d)(1) Any biostimulant, plant amendment, or soil amendment distributed	
2	in this State in containers shall have placed on or affixed to the container a	
3	label setting forth in clearly legible and conspicuous form the following	
4	information:	
5	(A) net weight or volume;	
6	(B) brand name;	
7	(C) purpose of product;	
8	(D) directions for application;	
9	(E) guaranteed analysis; and	
10	(F) name and address of the registrant.	
11	(2) For bulk shipments of fertilizer, biostimulants, plant amendments,	
12	soil amendment, or lime, the information required under this subsection shall	
13	accompany delivery in written or printed form and shall be supplied to the	
14	purchaser at the time of delivery.	
15	(4) Under this a rule adopted under this subsection, an affected person	
16	shall be given a reasonable time to come into compliance.	
17	§ 366. TONNAGE FEES	
18	(a) A person distributing fertilizer to a nonregistrant consumer in the State	
19	annually shall pay the following fees to the Secretary:	
20	(1) a \$150.00 minimum tonnage fee;	
21	(2) \$0.50 per ton of agricultural fertilizer distributed; and	
22	(3) \$30.00 per ton of nonagricultural fertilizer distributed.	

(b) Persons distributing fertilizer shall report annually on or before
January 15 for the previous year ending December 31 to the Secretary
revealing the amounts of each grade of fertilizer and the form in which the
fertilizer was distributed within this State. Each report shall be accompanied
with payment and written permission allowing the Secretary to examine the
person's books for the purpose of verifying tonnage reports.
(c) No information concerning tonnage sales furnished to the Secretary

- (c) No information concerning tonnage sales furnished to the Secretary under this section shall be disclosed in such a way as to divulge the details of the business operation to any person unless it is necessary for the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter.
- (d) Persons distributing a biostimulant, plant amendment, or soil amendment in the State shall report annually on or before January 15 for the previous year ending December 31 to the Secretary revealing the amounts of each formulation of biostimulant, plant amendment, or soil amendment and the form in which the biostimulant, plant amendment, or soil amendment was distributed within this State. Each report shall include a written authorization allowing the Secretary to examine the person's books for the purpose of verifying tonnage reports. Biostimulants, plant amendments, and soil amendments are exempt from tonnage fees.
- (e) Agricultural limes, including agricultural lime mixed with wood ash, are exempt from the tonnage fees required in this section.

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1	(f) Lime and wood ash mixtures may be registered as agricultural liming
2	materials and guaranteed for potassium or potash, provided that the wood ash
3	totals less than 50 percent of the mixture.
4	(g)(1) All fees collected under subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section
5	shall be deposited in the special fund created by subsection 364(e) of this title
6	and used in accordance with its provisions.
7	(2) All fees collected under subdivision (a)(3) of this section shall be
8	deposited in the Agricultural Water Quality Special Fund created under section
9	4803 of this title.
10	(h) [Repealed.]
11	§ 367. INSPECTION; SAMPLING; ANALYSIS
12	For the purpose of enforcing this chapter and determining whether or not
13	fertilizers, biostimulants, plant amendments, soil amendments, and limes lime
14	distributed in this State endanger the health and safety of Vermont citizens, the
15	Secretary upon presenting appropriate credentials is authorized:
16	(1) To enter any public or private premises except domiciles during
17	regular business hours and stop and enter any vehicle being used to transport or
18	hold fertilizer, a biostimulant, a plant amendment, a soil amendment, or lime.
19	(2) To inspect blending plants, warehouses, establishments, vehicles,

equipment, finished or unfinished materials, containers, labeling, and records

relating to distribution, storage, or use.

1	(3) To sample and analyze any fertilizer, biostimulant, plant
2	amendment, soil amendment, or lime. The methods of sampling and analysis
3	shall be those adopted by the Association of Official Analytical Chemists. In
4	cases not covered by this method or in cases where methods are available in
5	which improved applicability has been demonstrated, the Secretary may
6	authorize and adopt methods which reflect sound analytical procedures.
7	(4) To develop any reasonable means necessary to monitor and adopt
8	rules for the use of fertilizers and agricultural limes, biostimulants, plant
9	amendments, soil amendments, and lime on Vermont soils where monitoring
10	indicates environmental or health problems. In addition, the Secretary may
11	develop and adopt rules for the proper storage of fertilizers and limes,
12	biostimulants, plant amendments, soil amendments, and lime held for
13	distribution or sale.
14	§ 368. MISBRANDING
15	(a) No person shall distribute <u>a</u> misbranded fertilizer, <u>biostimulant</u> , <u>plant</u>
16	amendment, soil amendment, or agricultural lime. A fertilizer, biostimulant,
17	plant amendment, or soil amendment shall be deemed to be misbranded if:
18	(1) its labeling is false or misleading in any particular;
19	(2) it is distributed under the name of another fertilizer product,
20	biostimulant, plant amendment, or soil amendment;

(3) it contains unsubstantiated claims;

1	(4) it is not labeled as required in section 365 of this title and in
2	accordance with rules adopted under this chapter; or
3	(4)(5) it is labeled, or represented, to contain a plant nutrient which that
4	does not conform to the standard of identity established by rule. In adopting
5	these rules under this chapter, the Secretary shall give consideration to
6	definitions recommended by the Association of American Plant Food Control
7	Officials.
8	(b) An agricultural lime shall be deemed to be misbranded if:
9	(1) its labeling is false or misleading in any particular; or
10	(2) it is not labeled as required by section 365 of this title and in
11	accordance with rules adopted under this chapter.
12	§ 369. ADULTERATION
13	No person shall distribute an adulterated lime, biostimulant, plant
14	amendment, soil amendment, or fertilizer product. A fertilizer, biostimulant,
15	plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime shall be deemed to be adulterated
16	if:
17	(1) it contains any deleterious or harmful ingredient in an amount
18	sufficient to render it injurious to beneficial plant life when applied in
19	accordance with directions for use on the label, or if uses of the product may
20	result in contamination or condemnation of a raw agricultural commodity by
21	use, or if adequate warning statements or directions for use which that may be

necessary to protect plant life are not shown on the label;

1	(2) its composition falls below or differs from that which it is purported
2	to possess by its labeling;
3	(3) it contains crop seed or weed seed; or
4	(4) it contains heavy metals, radioactive substances, or synthetic
5	organics in amounts sufficient to render it injurious to livestock or human
6	health when applied in accordance with directions for use on the label, or if
7	adequate warning statements or directions for use which that may be necessary
8	to protect livestock or human health are not shown on the label.
9	§ 370. PUBLICATION; CONSUMER INFORMATION REGARDING
10	FERTILIZER USE ON NONAGRICULTURAL TURF OF
11	FERTILIZER, BIOSTIMULANTS, PLANT AMENDMENTS, AND
12	SOIL AMENDMENTS
13	(a) The Secretary shall publish on an annual basis:
14	(1) information concerning the distribution of fertilizers, biostimulants,
15	plant amendments, soil amendments, and limes;
16	(2) results of analyses based on official samples of fertilizers,
17	biostimulants, plant amendments, soil amendments, and lime distributed within
18	the State as compared with guaranteed analyses required pursuant to the terms
19	of this chapter.
20	(b)(1) The Secretary, in consultation with the University of Vermont

Extension, fertilizer industry representatives, lake groups, and other interested

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1	or affected parties, shall produce information for distribution to the general	
2	public with respect to the following:	
3	(A) problems faced by the waters of the State because of discharges	
4	of phosphorus;	
5	(B) an explanation of the extent to which phosphorus exists naturally	
6	in the soil;	
7	(C) voluntary best management practices for the use of fertilizers	
8	containing phosphorus on nonagricultural turf; and	
9	(D) best management practices for residential sources of phosphorus.	
10	(2) The Secretary shall develop the information required under this	
11	subsection and make it available to the general public in the manner deemed	
12	most effective, which may include:	
13	(A) conspicuous posting at the point of retail sale of fertilizer	
14	containing phosphorus, according to recommendations for how that	
15	conspicuous posting may best take place;	
16	(B) public service announcements by means of electronic media;	
17	(C) other methods deemed by the Secretary to be likely to be	
18	effective.	
19	(3) The Secretary shall develop proposed criteria for evaluating the	
20	effectiveness of the information program and shall present them to legislative	
21	committees on natural resources and energy and on agriculture by no later than	

January 1, 2007. By no later than July 1, 2007, the Secretary shall hold one or

more public information meetings to obtain the input of the public on a draft	
assessment of the effectiveness of this section in increasing the use of best	
management practices in the use of fertilizers on nonagricultural turf. By no	
later than December 1, 2008, the Secretary shall provide those legislative	
committees with a final assessment of the effectiveness of this subsection,	
which shall include an analysis of the extent to which the information	
developed under this subsection has been effectively provided to and relied	
upon by retail customers who purchase fertilizers containing phosphorus and	
shall include any recommendations for making the program more effective.	
[Repealed.]	
§ 371. RULES ; ENFORCEMENT	
The Secretary is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25	
as may be necessary to implement the intent of this chapter and to enforce	
those rules.	
§ 372. PLANT FOOD VARIATIONS	
(a) The Secretary may assess a penalty upon finding that a fertilizer does	
not conform to its guarantee for nitrogen, available phosphoric acid or	
phosphorus, and soluble potash or potassium content. A fertilizer shall be	
deemed out-of-conformance if the guarantee for the nitrogen, available	
phosphoric acid or phosphorus, or soluble potash or potassium exceeds the	
American Association of Plant Food Control Officials, established permitted	

analytical variance at an established confidence level of 97.5 percent.

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(b) A penalty of two times the value of the deficiencies shall be assess	sed
pursuant to procedures established by rule and shall be paid to the consum	ner.

- (c) Each registrant shall be offered an opportunity for a hearing before the Secretary. Penalty payments shall be made within 30 days after notice of the Secretary's decision to assess a penalty. Proof of payment to the consumer shall be promptly forwarded to the Secretary by the registrant.
- (d) If the consumer cannot be found, the amount of the penalty payments shall be paid to the Secretary who shall deposit the payment into the revolving account established by subsection 364(e) of this title.
- (e) Fertilizer that has been purchased from a registrant or distributor and is altered so that the fertilizer's analysis is different from that originally guaranteed shall be considered a new product. Before this new product can be distributed to the consumer, it shall be registered in the proper manner. If a product is not registered, the manufacturer of the product shall be considered liable for purposes of enforcing the provisions of this chapter.
- (f) This section is not an exclusive cause of action and persons affected may utilize any other right of action available under the law.

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§ 374. SHORT WEIGHT

(a) If any fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or agricultural liming material is found to be short in net weight, the registrant of the fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime shall

1	pay a penalty of three times the value of the actual shortage to the affected
2	party.
3	(b) Each registrant shall be offered an opportunity for a hearing before the
4	Secretary. Penalty payments shall be made within 30 days after notice of the
5	Secretary's decision to assess a penalty. Proof of payment to the consumer
6	shall be promptly forwarded to the Secretary by the registrant.
7	(c) If the consumer cannot be found, the amount of the penalty payments
8	shall be paid to the Secretary who shall deposit the payment into the revolving
9	account established by subsection 364(e) of this title.
10	(d) This section is not an exclusive cause of action and persons affected
11	may utilize any other right of action available under law.
12	§ 375. CANCELLATION OF REGISTRATION
13	The Secretary is authorized to cancel or suspend the registration of any
14	fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or liming material
15	lime or refuse a registration application if he or she finds that the provisions of
16	this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter have been violated,
17	provided that no registration shall be revoked or refused without a hearing
18	before the Secretary.
19	§ 376. DETAINED FERTILIZER AND LIME
20	(a) "Withdrawal from distribution" orders. When the Secretary has
21	reasonable cause to believe any lot of fertilizer, biostimulant, plant

amendment, soil amendment, or lime is being distributed in violation of any of

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the provisions of this chapter or any of the rules under this chapter, he or she
may issue and enforce a written or printed "withdrawal from distribution"
order, warning the distributor not to dispose of the lot of fertilizer,
biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime in any manner until
written permission is given by the Secretary or the court. The Secretary shall
release the lot of fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or
lime withdrawn when this chapter and rules have been complied with. If
compliance is not obtained within 30 days, the Secretary may begin, or upon
request of the distributor or registrant shall begin, proceedings for
condemnation.

(b) "Condemnation and confiscation." Any lot of fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime not in compliance with this chapter and rules shall be subject to seizure on complaint of the Secretary to a court of competent jurisdiction in the area in which the fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime is located. In the event the court finds the fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime to be in violation of this chapter and orders the condemnation of the fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime, it shall be disposed of in any manner consistent with the quality of the fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime and the laws of the State, provided that in no instance shall disposition of the fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime be ordered by the court without first

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giving the claimant an opportunity to apply to the court for release of the

fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime or for

permission to process or relabel the fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment,

soil amendment, or lime to bring it into compliance with this chapter.

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§ 379. EXCHANGES BETWEEN MANUFACTURERS

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to restrict or impair sales or exchanges of fertilizers, biostimulants, plant amendments, or soil amendments to each other by importers, manufacturers, or manipulators who mix fertilizer materials, biostimulants, plant amendments, or soil amendments for sale, or to prevent the free and unrestricted shipments of fertilizer, biostimulants, plant amendments, or soil amendments to manufacturers or manipulators who have registered their brands as required by provisions of this chapter.

§ 380. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY

Consistent with chapter 1 of this title, the Secretary may assess an administrative penalty upon determining that a person has violated a rule issued under this chapter or has violated this chapter in the following manner:

- (1) distributed a specialty fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, soil amendment, or lime without first obtaining the appropriate product registration;
- (2) distributed a fertilizer, biostimulant, plant amendment, or soil amendment, or lime without appropriate labeling;

1	(3) failed to report or to accurately report the amount and form of each
2	grade of fertilizer distributed in Vermont on an annual basis;
3	(4) <u>failed to report or to accurately report the amount and form of each</u>
4	formulation of biostimulant, plant amendment or soil amendment;
5	(5) failed to pay the appropriate tonnage fee; or
6	(5)(6) violated a cease and desist order.
7	§ 381. GOLF COURSES; NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLAN
8	Beginning July 1, 2012, as As a condition of the permit issued to golf
9	courses under chapter 87 of this title and regulations rules adopted thereunder,
10	a golf course shall be required to submit to the Secretary of Agriculture, Food
11	and Markets a nutrient management plan for the use and application of
12	fertilizer to grasses or other lands owned or controlled by the golf course. The
13	nutrient management plan shall ensure that the golf course applies fertilizer
14	according to the agronomic rates for the site-specific conditions of the golf
15	course.
16	* * * Effective Dates * * *
17	Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES
18	(a) This section and Secs. 1-8 (compost foraging; farming) shall take effect
19	on passage.

(b) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

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