TO	THE	HON	ORAI	3LE	SEN	ATE:
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2	The Committee on Education to which was referred Senate Bill No. 219
3	entitled "An act relating to ensuring compliance with the U.S. and Vermont
4	Constitutions in the use of public funds for tuition and in the dual enrollment
5	program" respectfully reports that it has considered the same and recommends
6	that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and
7	inserting in lieu thereof the following:
8	* * * Provision of Publicly Funded Education in Vermont * * *
9	Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. § 820 is added to read:
10	§ 820. PROVISION OF PUBLICLY FUNDED EDUCATION IN
11	<u>VERMONT</u>
12	(a) Findings and purpose.
13	(1) The Vermont Constitution provides that "a competent number of
14	schools ought to be maintained in each town unless the general assembly
15	permits other provisions for the convenient instruction of youth." VT Const.
16	CH II, § 68. Interpreting this provision in Brigham v. State, 692 A.2d 384
17	(1997), the Vermont Supreme Court stated that "[t]he state may delegate to
18	local towns and cities the authority to finance and administer the schools
19	within their borders; it cannot, however, abdicate the basic responsibility for
20	education by passing it on to local governments, which are themselves
21	creations of the state." <i>Id.</i> at 395.

1	(A) From this, it is evident that the State has a constitutional
2	obligation to provide public education to its youth. Many Vermont school
3	districts operate schools, but others do not. Vermont is a relatively sparsely
4	populated and mountainous state that has made the operation of public schools
5	unviable in certain regions of the State. Students who live in these regions do
6	not have the choice of enrolling in a public school in their district; their only
7	choice is to enroll in a public school operated by another school district or an
8	independent school or to be homeschooled.
9	(B) Therefore, in order to fulfill its constitutional requirement to
10	provide public education to its youth, the State permits school districts that do
11	not operate schools (nonoperating school districts) to use public funds to send
12	their resident youth to public schools operated by other school districts or to
13	certain independent schools. In order for an independent school to be eligible
14	to receive public tuition, this section requires these schools to:
15	(i) comply with all federal and State antidiscrimination laws
16	applicable to Vermont public schools; and
17	(ii) not use public tuition to support religious instruction, religious
18	indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of religious views.
19	(2) Chapter 1, Article 3 of the Vermont Constitution, known as the
20	"Compelled Support Clause," provides that "no person can be compelled to
21	support any place of worship contrary to the dictates of conscience"

1	(A) In Chittenden Town v. Department of Education, 38 A.2d 539
2	(Vt. 1999), the Vermont Supreme Court held that a school district may pay
3	public tuition to a school with a religious mission under the Compelled
4	Support Clause if the school has adequate safeguards against the use of such
5	funds for religious worship or instruction or the propagation of religious views.
6	(B) This section sets out adequate safeguards to ensure that public
7	tuition is not used for religious instruction, religious indoctrination, religious
8	worship, or the propagation of religious views.
9	(b) Conditions for eligibility of an approved independent school to receive
10	public tuition. An approved independent school shall be eligible to receive
11	public tuition only if all of the following conditions are met.
12	(1)(A) The school has adopted and implemented policies and procedures
13	to comply with all federal and State antidiscrimination laws applicable to
14	Vermont public schools and makes reasonable efforts to enforce these policies
15	and procedures. Compliance with the requirements set forth in these
16	antidiscrimination laws includes compliance with the Vermont Public
17	Accommodations Act, 9 V.S.A. chapter 139, the Vermont Fair Employment
18	Practices laws, 21 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 6, and all other federal and
19	State antidiscrimination laws that apply to public schools, to the same extent
20	that these laws apply to public schools, even if those laws by their terms do not
21	apply to the approved independent school.

1	(B) The school posts and maintains on its website in a prominent
2	place its policy to comply with all antidiscrimination laws that apply to public
3	schools.
4	(2) None of the public tuition will be used to support religious
5	instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of
6	religious views, except for religious instruction that is designed to provide an
7	overview of religious history and teachings and does not support religious
8	instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of
9	any one religion or theology over others. In this section, "indoctrination"
10	means the process of repeating an idea or belief to someone until they accept it
11	without criticism or question.
12	(3) The school receives approval from the State Board of Education to
13	receive public tuition. In order to receive State Board approval, the school
14	shall, in addition to satisfying any conditions required by the State Board, enter
15	into a contract with the State Board, signed by an authorized representative
16	acting on behalf of the school's governing body, agreeing to comply with the
17	eligibility requirements under subdivisions (1)–(2) of this subsection
18	(antidiscrimination; no use of funds for religious purposes).
19	(c) Process for payment and school selection.
20	(1) The State Board of Education shall maintain a list of approved
21	independent schools eligible to receive public tuition on its website.

1	(2) A school district may only pay tuition to an approved independent
2	school eligible to receive public tuition listed on the State Board's website.
3	Payment of public tuition shall be made directly from the district to the school
4	unless otherwise required by court order.
5	(d) Approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition. As
6	used in this title, an "approved independent school eligible to receive public
7	tuition" means an approved independent school that is eligible to receive
8	public tuition under this section. An independent school meeting education
9	quality standards under section 165 of this title or an approved independent
10	school in Vermont functioning as an approved area career technical center
11	under chapter 37 of this title that seeks to receive public tuition is required also
12	to qualify as an approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition.
13	Sec. 1a. 16 V.S.A. § 820 is amended to read:
14	§ 820. PROVISION OF PUBLICLY FUNDED EDUCATION IN
15	VERMONT
16	(a) Findings and purpose.
17	(1) The Vermont Constitution provides that "a competent number of
18	schools ought to be maintained in each town unless the general assembly
19	permits other provisions for the convenient instruction of youth." VT Const.
20	CH II, § 68. Interpreting this provision in Brigham v. State, 692 A.2d 384
21	(1997), the Vermont Supreme Court stated that "[t]he state may delegate to

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this title.

2	within their borders; it cannot, however, abdicate the basic responsibility for
3	education by passing it on to local governments, which are themselves
4	creations of the state." <i>Id.</i> at 395.
5	* * *
6	(B) Therefore, in order to fulfill its constitutional requirement to
7	provide public education to its youth, the State permits school districts that do
8	not operate schools (nonoperating school districts) to use public funds to send
9	their resident youth to public schools operated by other school districts or to
10	certain independent schools. In order for an independent school to be eligible
11	to receive public tuition, this section requires these schools to:
12	(i) comply with all federal and State antidiscrimination laws
13	applicable to Vermont public schools; and
14	(ii) not use public tuition to support religious instruction, religious
15	indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of religious views-; and
16	(iii) enroll any student with an individualized education program
17	(IEP) who requires special education services and who is placed in the
18	independent school as an appropriate placement and least restrictive
19	environment for the student by the student's individualized education program

team or by the local education agency (LEA) as required under section 2973 of

local towns and cities the authority to finance and administer the schools

1	* * *
1	* * *

(b) Conditions for eligibility of an approved independent school to receive public tuition. An approved independent school shall be eligible to receive public tuition only if all of the following conditions are met.

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(3) The school enrolls any student with an individualized education program who requires special education services and who is placed in the approved independent school as an appropriate placement and least restrictive environment for the student by the student's individualized education program team or by LEA as required under section 2973 of this title.

(3)(4) The school receives approval from the State Board of Education to receive public tuition. In order to receive State Board approval, the school shall, in addition to satisfying any conditions required by the State Board, enter into a contract with the State Board, signed by an authorized representative acting on behalf of the school's governing body, agreeing to comply with the eligibility requirements under subdivisions (1)—(2)(3) of this subsection (antidiscrimination; no use of funds for religious purposes; enrollment of students on an IEP).

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1	* * * Unlawful Employment Practice * * *
2	Sec. 2. 21 V.S.A. § 495 is amended to read:
3	§ 495. UNLAWFUL EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE
4	* * *
5	(e) The provisions of this section prohibiting discrimination on the basis of
6	sexual orientation and gender identity shall not be construed to prohibit or
7	prevent any religious or denominational institution or organization, or any
8	organization operated for charitable or educational purposes, that is operated,
9	supervised, or controlled by or in connection with a religious organization,
10	from giving preference to persons of the same religion or denomination or
11	from taking any action with respect to matters of employment that is calculated
12	by the organization to promote the religious principles for which it is
13	established or maintained. [Repealed.]
14	* * *
15	* * * Dual Enrollment * * *
16	Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 944 is amended to read:
17	§ 944. DUAL ENROLLMENT PROGRAM
18	* * *
19	(b) Students.
20	(1) A Vermont resident who has completed grade 10 but has not
21	received a high school diploma is eligible to participate in the Program if:

1	(A) the student:
2	(i) is enrolled in:
3	(I) a Vermont public school, including a Vermont career
4	technical center;
5	(II) a public school in another state or an approved independent
6	school that is designated as the public secondary school for the student's
7	district of residence; or
8	(III) an approved independent school in Vermont to which the
9	student's district of residence pays publicly funded tuition on behalf of the
10	student;
11	(ii) is assigned to a public school through the High School
12	Completion Program; or
13	(iii) is a home study student;
14	none of the payment to the accredited postsecondary institution will be used to
15	support religious instruction, religious indoctrination (as defined in section 820
16	of this title), religious worship, or the propagation of religious views, except
17	for religious instruction that is designed to provide an overview of religious
18	history and teachings and does not support religious instruction, religious
19	indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of religious views of any
20	one religion or theology over others; and

1	(B) the student is not enrolled in a recognized independent
2	school or a school or program that is not recognized for attendance purposes
3	under section 1121 of this title;
4	(B)(C) dual enrollment is an element included within the student's
5	personalized learning plan; and
6	(C)(D) the secondary school and the postsecondary institution have
7	determined that the student is sufficiently prepared to succeed in a dual
8	enrollment course, which can be determined in part by the assessment tool or
9	tools identified by the participating postsecondary institution.
10	* * *
11	* * * Conforming Changes * * *
12	Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 11 is amended to read:
13	§ 11. CLASSIFICATIONS AND DEFINITIONS
14	(a) As used in this title, unless the context otherwise clearly requires:
15	* * *
16	(20a) "Approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition"
17	means an approved independent school that is also approved by the State
18	Board of Education to receive public tuition under section 820 of this title.
19	* * *

1	Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 165 is amended to read:
2	§ 165. EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS; EQUAL EDUCATIONAL
3	OPPORTUNITIES; INDEPENDENT SCHOOL MEETING
4	EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS
5	* * *
6	(b) Annually, the Secretary shall determine whether students in each
7	Vermont public school are provided educational opportunities substantially
8	equal to those provided in other public schools. If the Secretary determines
9	that a school is not meeting the education quality standards listed in subsection
10	(a) of this section or that the school is making insufficient progress in
11	improving student performance in relation to the standards for student
12	performance set forth in subdivision 164(9) of this title, he or she the Secretary
13	shall describe in writing actions that a district must take in order to meet either
14	or both sets of standards and shall provide technical assistance to the school. If
15	the school fails to meet the standards or make sufficient progress within two
16	years of the determination, the Secretary shall recommend to the State Board
17	one or more of the following actions:
18	* * *
19	(4) the State Board close an individual school or schools and require that
20	the school district pay tuition to another public school or an approved

1 independent school pursuant to chapter 21 of this title <u>eligible to receive public</u>

2 <u>tuition;</u> or

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Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. § 166 is amended to read:

§ 166. APPROVED AND RECOGNIZED INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS

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(b) Approved independent schools. On application, the State Board shall approve an independent school that offers elementary or secondary education if it finds, after opportunity for hearing, that the school provides a minimum course of study pursuant to section 906 of this title and that it substantially complies with all statutory requirements for approved independent schools and the Board's rules for approved independent schools. An independent school that intends to accept public tuition shall be approved by the State Board only on the condition that the school agrees, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, to enroll any student who requires special education services and who is placed in or referred to the approved independent school as an appropriate placement and least restrictive environment for the student by the student's individualized education program team or by the local education agency; provided, however, that this requirement shall not apply to an independent school that limits enrollment to students who are on an individualized education program or a plan under Section 504 of the

1	Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, and who are enrolled pursuant to
2	a written agreement between the local education agency and the school.
3	Except as provided in subdivision (6) of this subsection, the Board's rules must
4	at minimum require that the school have the resources required to meet its
5	stated objectives, including financial capacity, faculty who are qualified by
6	training and experience in the areas in which they are assigned, and physical
7	facilities and special services that are in accordance with any State or federal
8	law or regulation. Approval may be granted without State Board evaluation in
9	the case of any school accredited by a private, State, or regional agency
10	recognized by the State Board for accrediting purposes, provided that the State
11	Board shall determine that the school complies with all student enrollment
12	provisions required by law.
13	* * *
14	Sec. 7. 16 V.S.A. § 821 is amended to read:
15	§ 821. SCHOOL DISTRICT TO MAINTAIN PUBLIC ELEMENTARY
16	SCHOOLS OR PAY TUITION
17	* * *
18	(d) Notwithstanding subdivision (a)(1) of this section, the electorate of a
19	school district that does not maintain an elementary school may grant general
20	authority to the school board to pay tuition for an elementary student at an
21	approved independent elementary school eligible to receive public tuition or an

1	independent school meeting education quality standards pursuant to sections
2	823 and 828 of this chapter upon notice given by the student's parent or legal
3	guardian before April 15 for the next academic year.
4	Sec. 8. 16 V.S.A. § 822 is amended to read:
5	§ 822. SCHOOL DISTRICT TO MAINTAIN PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS OR
6	PAY TUITION
7	(a) Each school district shall maintain one or more approved high schools
8	in which high school education is provided for its resident students unless:
9	(1) the electorate authorizes the school board to close an existing high
10	school and to provide for the high school education of its students by paying
11	tuition to a public high school, an approved independent high school, or an
12	independent school meeting education quality standards, to be selected by the
13	parents or guardians of the student, within or outside the State in accordance
14	with sections 824 and 828 of this title; or
15	* * *
16	(c)(1) A school district may both maintain a high school and furnish high
17	school education by paying tuition:
18	* * *
19	(B) to an approved independent school eligible to receive public
20	tuition or an independent school meeting education quality standards if the

1	school board judges that a student has unique educational needs that cannot be
2	served within the district or at a nearby public school.
3	* * *
4	Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 823 is amended to read:
5	§ 823. ELEMENTARY TUITION
6	* * *
7	(b) Unless the electorate of a school district authorizes payment of a higher
8	amount at an annual or special meeting warned for the purpose, the tuition paid
9	to an approved independent elementary school eligible to receive public tuition
10	or an independent school meeting education quality standards shall not exceed
11	the least of:
12	* * *
13	Sec. 10. 16 V.S.A. § 824 is amended to read:
14	§ 824. HIGH SCHOOL TUITION
15	* * *
16	(c) The district shall pay an amount not to exceed the average announced
17	tuition of Vermont union high schools for the year of attendance for its
18	students enrolled in an approved independent school eligible to receive public
19	tuition that does not functioning function as a Vermont area career technical
20	center, or any higher amount approved by the electorate at an annual or special
21	meeting warned for that purpose.

1	Sec. 11. 16 V.S.A. § 827 is amended to read:
2	§ 827. DESIGNATION OF A PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL OR AN
3	APPROVED INDEPENDENT HIGH SCHOOL AS THE PUBLIC
4	HIGH SCHOOL OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT
5	(a) A school district not maintaining an approved public high school may
6	vote on such terms or conditions as it deems appropriate, to designate three or
7	fewer approved independent schools eligible to receive public tuition or public
8	high schools as the public high school or schools of the district.
9	* * *
10	(c) A parent or legal guardian who is dissatisfied with the instruction
11	provided at a designated school or who cannot obtain for his or her the parent's
12	or legal guardian's child the kind of course or instruction desired there, or
13	whose child can be better accommodated in an approved independent school
14	eligible to receive public tuition or public high school nearer his or her the
15	child's home during the next academic year, may request on or before April 15
16	that the school board pay tuition to another approved independent school
17	eligible to receive public tuition or public high school selected by the parent or
18	guardian.
19	* * *
20	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary:
21	* * *

1	(2) unless otherwise directed by an affirmative vote of the school
2	district, when the Wells Board approves parental requests to pay tuition to a
3	nondesignated approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition
4	or public school, the Board shall pay tuition in an amount not to exceed the
5	base education amount as determined under section 4011 of this title for the
6	fiscal year in which tuition is being paid; and
7	(3) unless otherwise directed by an affirmative vote of the school
8	district, when the Strafford Board approves a parental request to pay tuition to
9	a nondesignated approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition
10	or public school, the Board shall pay tuition to the nondesignated school
11	pursuant to section 824 of this title for the year in which the student is enrolled
12	provided, however, that it shall not pay tuition in an amount that exceeds the
13	tuition paid to the designated school for the same academic year.
14	Sec. 12. 16 V.S.A. § 828 is amended to read:
15	§ 828. TUITION TO APPROVED SCHOOLS; AGE; APPEAL
16	(a) A school district shall not pay the tuition of a student except to a public
17	school, an approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition, an
18	independent school meeting education quality standards, a tutorial program
19	approved by the State Board, an approved education program, or, subject to
20	subsection (b) of this section, an independent school in another state or country
21	approved under the laws of that state or country, nor shall payment. Payment

1	of tuition on behalf of a person shall not be denied on account of age. Unless
2	otherwise provided, a person who is aggrieved by a decision of a school board
3	relating to eligibility for tuition payments, the amount of tuition payable, or the
4	school he or she the person may attend, may appeal to the State Board, and its
5	decision shall be final.
6	(b) An independent school in another state or country that is approved
7	under the laws of that state or country is eligible to receive public tuition if all
8	of the following conditions are met:
9	(1) It is located in a state that borders Vermont or in the Quebec
10	Province of Canada, provided that an independent school that is not located in
11	a state that borders Vermont or in the Quebec Province of Canada shall be
12	eligible to receive public tuition if:
13	(A) the student is on an individual education program (IEP) and is
14	placed at the school in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities
15	Education Act, 20 U.S.C. chapter 33, as amended;
16	(B) the student is on a plan under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation
17	Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, as amended (504 Plan); or
18	(C) the student is determined to be disabled by the evaluation
19	planning team or local education agency representative under State Board of
20	Education rules.

1	(2)(A) The independent school has adopted and implemented policies
2	and procedures to comply with all antidiscrimination laws applicable to public
3	schools in the state or country where the independent school is located and
4	makes reasonable efforts to enforce these policies and procedures. Compliance
5	with the requirements set forth in these antidiscrimination laws includes
6	compliance with antidiscrimination laws to the same extent as these laws apply
7	to public schools, even if those laws by their terms do not apply to the
8	independent school.
9	(B) The independent school posts and maintains on its website in a
10	prominent place its policy to comply with all antidiscrimination laws that apply
11	to public schools in the state or country where the independent school is
12	located.
13	(3) None of the public tuition will be used to support religious
14	instruction, religious indoctrination (as defined in section 820 of this title),
15	religious worship, or the propagation of religious views, except for religious
16	instruction that is designed to provide an overview of religious history and
17	teachings and does not support religious instruction, religious indoctrination,
18	religious worship, or the propagation of religious views of any one religion or
19	theology over others.
20	(4) The independent school enters into a contract with the Vermont
21	State Board of Education, signed by an authorized representative acting on

1	behalf of the school's governing body, agreeing to comply with the eligibility
2	requirements under subdivisions (2)–(3) of this subsection (antidiscrimination;
3	no use of funds for religious purposes).
4	Sec. 13. 16 V.S.A. § 1073 is amended to read:
5	§ 1073. "LEGAL PUPIL" DEFINED; ACCESS TO SCHOOL
6	* * *
7	(b) Access to school.
8	* * *
9	(2) Right to enroll in a public or independent school. Notwithstanding
10	the provisions of sections 822 and 1075 of this title, a pregnant or parenting
11	student may enroll in any approved public school in Vermont or an adjacent
12	state, any approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition in
13	Vermont, or any other educational program approved by the State Board in
14	which any other legal pupil in Vermont may enroll.
15	* * *
16	Sec. 14. 16 V.S.A. § 2962 is amended to read:
17	§ 2962. EXTRAORDINARY SPECIAL EDUCATION REIMBURSEMENT
18	* * *
19	(e) Under section 2973 of this title, a supervisory union, in its role as the
20	local education agency, may place a student with an individualized education
21	program under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C.

1	chapter 33, with certain approved independent schools that accept public
2	tuition eligible to receive public tuition. If the approved independent school is
3	entitled to special education cost reimbursement under that section, it may bill
4	the supervisory union for excess special education costs incurred by the
5	independent school in providing special education services to that student
6	beyond those covered by general tuition. If those costs for that student exceed
7	the extraordinary expenditures threshold as defined in subdivision (a)(2) of this
8	section, the supervisory union shall be entitled to extraordinary reimbursement.
9	Sec. 15. 16 V.S.A. § 2973 is amended to read:
10	§ 2973. INDEPENDENT SCHOOL TUITION RATES
11	(a)(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an approved
12	independent school that accepts eligible to receive public tuition shall enroll
13	any student with an individualized education program who requires special
14	education services and who is placed in the approved independent school as an
15	appropriate placement and least restrictive environment for the student by the
16	student's individualized education program team or by the local education
17	agency (LEA); provided, however, that this requirement shall not apply to an
18	independent school that limits enrollment to students who are on an
19	individualized education program or a plan under Section 504 of the
20	Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, and who are enrolled pursuant to
21	a written agreement between the LEA and the school.

1	* * *
2	* * * Development of Standard Contract * * *
3	Sec. 16. DEVELOPMENT OF STANDARD CONTRACT
4	(a) On or before August 1, 2022, the State Board of Education shall create
5	and post on its website a standard form contract for use by approved
6	independent schools eligible to receive public tuition that complies with the
7	requirements of 16 V.S.A. § 820(b)(3) (antidiscrimination; no use of funds for
8	religious purposes; enrollment of students on an individualized education
9	program). The contract shall contain each of the following provisions:
10	(1) The State Board's authorization for the school to receive public
11	tuition is conditioned on continued compliance by the school of this contract as
12	well as any other conditions required by law or State Board rules.
13	(2)(A) The school has adopted and implemented policies and procedures
14	to comply with all federal and State antidiscrimination laws applicable to
15	Vermont public schools and makes reasonable efforts to enforce these policies
16	and procedures. Compliance with the requirements set forth in these
17	antidiscrimination laws includes compliance with the Vermont Public
18	Accommodations Act, 9 V.S.A. chapter 139, the Vermont Fair Employment
19	Practices laws, 21 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 6, and all other federal and
20	State antidiscrimination laws that apply to public schools to the same extent

1	that these laws apply to public schools, even if those laws by their terms do not
2	apply to the school.
3	(B) The school has posted and shall maintain on its website in a
4	prominent place its policy to comply with all antidiscrimination laws that apply
5	to public schools.
6	(3) None of the public tuition will be used by the school to support
7	religious instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the
8	propagation of religious views, except for religious instruction that is designed
9	to provide an overview of religious history and teachings and does not support
10	religious instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the
11	propagation of any one religion or theology over others. As used in this
12	contract, "indoctrination" means the process of repeating an idea or belief to
13	someone until they accept it without criticism or question.
14	(4) Commencing with the 2023–2024 school year and thereafter, the
15	school shall enroll any student with an individualized education program who
16	requires special education services and who is placed in the school as an
17	appropriate placement and least restrictive environment for the student by the
18	student's individualized education program team or by the local education
19	agency as required under 16 V.S.A. § 2973.
20	(b) On or before August 1, 2022, the State Board of Education shall create
21	and post on its website a standard form contract for use by independent schools

1	in another state or country that complies with the requirements of 16 V.S.A.
2	§ 828(b) (antidiscrimination; no use of funds for religious purposes). The
3	contract shall contain each of the following provisions:
4	(1) The State Board's authorization for the school to receive public
5	tuition is conditioned on continued compliance by the school of this contract.
6	(2)(A) The independent school has adopted and implemented policies
7	and procedures to comply with all antidiscrimination laws applicable to public
8	schools in the state or country where the independent school is located and
9	makes reasonable efforts to enforce these policies and procedures. Compliance
10	with the requirements set forth in these antidiscrimination laws includes
11	compliance with antidiscrimination laws to the same extent as these laws apply
12	to public schools, even if those laws by their terms do not apply to the
13	independent school.
14	(B) The independent school posts and maintains on its website in a
15	prominent place its policy to comply with all antidiscrimination laws that apply
16	to public schools in the state or country where the independent school is
17	located.
18	(3) None of the public tuition will be used to support religious
19	instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of
20	religious views, except for religious instruction that is designed to provide an
21	overview of religious history and teachings and does not support religious

1	instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of
2	religious views of any one religion or theology over others. As used in this
3	contract, "indoctrination" means the process of repeating an idea or belief to
4	someone until they accept it without criticism or question.
5	(c) A contract signed on behalf of the State Board and a school under 16
6	V.S.A. § 820(b)(3) or 828(b) shall contain no other conditions or requirements
7	than those required under this section. The State Board and the school shall
8	amend the contract as necessary to comply with applicable law, and the State
9	Board shall amend its model contracts accordingly.
10	* * * Transition * * *
11	C 17 TD ANGITION
10	Sec. 17. TRANSITION
12	A student enrolled for the 2021–2022 school year in, or has been accepted
13	
	A student enrolled for the 2021–2022 school year in, or has been accepted
13	A student enrolled for the 2021–2022 school year in, or has been accepted for enrollment for the 2022–2023 school year by, an independent school in
13 14	A student enrolled for the 2021–2022 school year in, or has been accepted for enrollment for the 2022–2023 school year by, an independent school in another state or country that would not be eligible to receive public tuition
13 14 15	A student enrolled for the 2021–2022 school year in, or has been accepted for enrollment for the 2022–2023 school year by, an independent school in another state or country that would not be eligible to receive public tuition under 16 V.S.A. § 828 as amended by this act shall continue to be entitled to

1	* * * Effective Dates * * *
2	Sec. 18. EFFECTIVE DATES
3	This act shall take effect on passage, except that Secs. 1a, 6, 14, and 15
4	shall take effect on July 1, 2023.
5	and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act
6	relating to ensuring compliance with the U.S. and Vermont Constitutions in the
7	use of public funds for tuition"
8	
9	
10	(Committee vote:)
11	
12	Senator
13	FOR THE COMMITTEE