

1 TO THE HONORABLE SENATE:

2 The Committee on Education to which was referred Senate Bill No. 219
3 entitled “An act relating to ensuring compliance with the U.S. and Vermont
4 Constitutions in the use of public funds for tuition and in the dual enrollment
5 program” respectfully reports that it has considered the same and recommends
6 that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and
7 inserting in lieu thereof the following:

8 * * * Provision of Publicly Funded Education in Vermont * * *

9 Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. § 820 is added to read:

10 § 820. PROVISION OF PUBLICLY FUNDED EDUCATION IN

11 VERMONT

12 (a) Findings and purpose.

13 (1) The Vermont Constitution provides that “a competent number of
14 schools ought to be maintained in each town unless the general assembly
15 permits other provisions for the convenient instruction of youth.” VT Const.
16 CH II, § 68. Interpreting this provision in *Brigham v. State*, 692 A.2d 384
17 (1997), the Vermont Supreme Court stated that “[t]he state may delegate to
18 local towns and cities the authority to finance and administer the schools
19 within their borders; it cannot, however, abdicate the basic responsibility for
20 education by passing it on to local governments, which are themselves
21 creations of the state.” *Id.* at 395.

1 (A) From this, it is evident that the State has a constitutional
2 obligation to provide public education to its youth. Many Vermont school
3 districts operate schools, but others do not. Vermont is a relatively sparsely
4 populated and mountainous state that has made the operation of public schools
5 unviable in certain regions of the State. Students who live in these regions do
6 not have the choice of enrolling in a public school in their district; their only
7 choice is to enroll in a public school operated by another school district or an
8 independent school or to be homeschooled.

9 (B) Therefore, in order to fulfill its constitutional requirement to
10 provide public education to its youth, the State permits school districts that do
11 not operate schools (nonoperating school districts) to use public funds to send
12 their resident youth to public schools operated by other school districts or to
13 certain independent schools. In order for an independent school to be eligible
14 to receive public tuition, this section requires these schools to:

15 (i) comply with all federal and State antidiscrimination laws
16 applicable to Vermont public schools; and

17 (ii) not use public tuition to support religious instruction, religious
18 indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of religious views.

19 (2) Chapter 1, Article 3 of the Vermont Constitution, known as the
20 “Compelled Support Clause,” provides that “no person ... can be compelled to
21 support any place of worship ... contrary to the dictates of conscience ...”

1 (A) In *Chittenden Town v. Department of Education*, 38 A.2d 539
2 (Vt. 1999), the Vermont Supreme Court held that a school district may pay
3 public tuition to a school with a religious mission under the Compelled
4 Support Clause if the school has adequate safeguards against the use of such
5 funds for religious worship or instruction or the propagation of religious views.

6 (B) This section sets out adequate safeguards to ensure that public
7 tuition is not used for religious instruction, religious indoctrination, religious
8 worship, or the propagation of religious views.

9 (b) Conditions for eligibility of an approved independent school to receive
10 public tuition. An approved independent school shall be eligible to receive
11 public tuition only if all of the following conditions are met.

12 (1)(A) The school has adopted and implemented policies and procedures
13 to comply with all federal and State antidiscrimination laws applicable to
14 Vermont public schools and makes reasonable efforts to enforce these policies
15 and procedures. Compliance with the requirements set forth in these
16 antidiscrimination laws includes compliance with the Vermont Public
17 Accommodations Act, 9 V.S.A. chapter 139, and the Vermont Fair
18 Employment Practices laws, 21 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 6 to the same
19 extent as these laws apply to public schools, even if those laws by their terms
20 do not apply to the school.

1 (B) The school posts and maintains on its website in a prominent
2 place its policy to comply with all antidiscrimination laws that apply to public
3 schools.

4 (2) None of the public tuition will be used to support religious
5 instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of
6 religious views, except for religious instruction that is designed to provide an
7 overview of religious history and teachings and does not support religious
8 instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of
9 any one religion or theology over others. In this section, “indoctrination”
10 means the process of repeating an idea or belief to someone until they accept it
11 without criticism or question.

12 (3) The school receives approval from the State Board of Education to
13 receive public tuition. In order to receive State Board approval, the school
14 shall, in addition to satisfying any conditions required by the State Board, enter
15 into a contract with the State Board, signed by an authorized representative
16 acting on behalf of the school’s governing body, agreeing to comply with the
17 eligibility requirements under subdivisions (1)–(2) of this subsection
18 (antidiscrimination; no use of funds for religious purposes).

19 (c) Process for payment and school selection.

20 (1) The State Board of Education shall maintain a list of approved
21 independent schools eligible to receive public tuition on its website.

1 (2) A school district may only pay tuition to an approved independent
2 school eligible to receive public tuition listed on the State Board’s website.
3 Payment of public tuition shall be made directly from the district to the school
4 unless otherwise required by court order.

5 (d) Approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition. As
6 used in this title, an “approved independent school eligible to receive public
7 tuition” means an approved independent school that is eligible to receive
8 public tuition under this section. An independent school meeting education
9 quality standards under section 165 of this title or an approved independent
10 school in Vermont functioning as an approved area career technical center
11 under chapter 37 of this title that seeks to receive public tuition is required also
12 to qualify as an approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition.

13 Sec. 1a. 16 V.S.A. § 820 is amended to read:

14 § 820. PROVISION OF PUBLICLY FUNDED EDUCATION IN
15 VERMONT

16 (a) Findings and purpose.

17 (1) The Vermont Constitution provides that “a competent number of
18 schools ought to be maintained in each town unless the general assembly
19 permits other provisions for the convenient instruction of youth.” VT Const.
20 CH II, § 68. Interpreting this provision in *Brigham v. State*, 692 A.2d 384
21 (1997), the Vermont Supreme Court stated that “[t]he state may delegate to

1 local towns and cities the authority to finance and administer the schools
2 within their borders; it cannot, however, abdicate the basic responsibility for
3 education by passing it on to local governments, which are themselves
4 creations of the state.” *Id.* at 395.

5 * * *

6 (B) Therefore, in order to fulfill its constitutional requirement to
7 provide public education to its youth, the State permits school districts that do
8 not operate schools (nonoperating school districts) to use public funds to send
9 their resident youth to public schools operated by other school districts or to
10 certain independent schools. In order for an independent school to be eligible
11 to receive public tuition, this section requires these schools to:

12 (i) comply with all federal and State antidiscrimination laws
13 applicable to Vermont public schools; ~~and~~

14 (ii) not use public tuition to support religious instruction, religious
15 indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of religious views; and

16 (iii) enroll any student with an individualized education program
17 (IEP) who requires special education services and who is placed in the
18 independent school as an appropriate placement and least restrictive
19 environment for the student by the student’s individualized education program
20 team or by the local education agency (LEA) as required under section 2973 of
21 this title.

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* * *

(b) Conditions for eligibility of an approved independent school to receive public tuition. An approved independent school shall be eligible to receive public tuition only if all of the following conditions are met.

* * *

(3) The school enrolls any student with an individualized education program who requires special education services and who is placed in the approved independent school as an appropriate placement and least restrictive environment for the student by the student’s individualized education program team or by LEA as required under section 2973 of this title.

~~(3)~~(4) The school receives approval from the State Board of Education to receive public tuition. In order to receive State Board approval, the school shall, in addition to satisfying any conditions required by the State Board, enter into a contract with the State Board, signed by an authorized representative acting on behalf of the school’s governing body, agreeing to comply with the eligibility requirements under subdivisions (1)–~~(2)~~(3) of this subsection (antidiscrimination; no use of funds for religious purposes; enrollment of students on an IEP).

* * *

1 (A) ~~the student:~~

2 (i) ~~is enrolled in:~~

3 (I) ~~a Vermont public school, including a Vermont career~~
4 ~~technical center;~~

5 (II) ~~a public school in another state or an approved independent~~
6 ~~school that is designated as the public secondary school for the student's~~
7 ~~district of residence; or~~

8 (III) ~~an approved independent school in Vermont to which the~~
9 ~~student's district of residence pays publicly funded tuition on behalf of the~~
10 ~~student;~~

11 (ii) ~~is assigned to a public school through the High School~~
12 ~~Completion Program; or~~

13 (iii) ~~is a home study student;~~

14 none of the payment to the accredited postsecondary institution will be used to
15 support religious instruction, religious indoctrination (as defined in section 820
16 of this title), religious worship, or the propagation of religious views, except
17 for religious instruction that is designed to provide an overview of religious
18 history and teachings and does not support religious instruction, religious
19 indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of religious views of any
20 one religion or theology over others; and

1 Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 165 is amended to read:

2 § 165. EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS; EQUAL EDUCATIONAL
3 OPPORTUNITIES; INDEPENDENT SCHOOL MEETING
4 EDUCATION QUALITY STANDARDS

5 * * *

6 (b) Annually, the Secretary shall determine whether students in each
7 Vermont public school are provided educational opportunities substantially
8 equal to those provided in other public schools. If the Secretary determines
9 that a school is not meeting the education quality standards listed in subsection
10 (a) of this section or that the school is making insufficient progress in
11 improving student performance in relation to the standards for student
12 performance set forth in subdivision 164(9) of this title, ~~he or she~~ the Secretary
13 shall describe in writing actions that a district must take in order to meet either
14 or both sets of standards and shall provide technical assistance to the school. If
15 the school fails to meet the standards or make sufficient progress within two
16 years of the determination, the Secretary shall recommend to the State Board
17 one or more of the following actions:

18 * * *

19 (4) the State Board close an individual school or schools and require that
20 the school district pay tuition to another public school or an approved

1 independent school ~~pursuant to chapter 21 of this title~~ eligible to receive public
2 tuition; or

3 * * *

4 Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. § 166 is amended to read:

5 § 166. APPROVED AND RECOGNIZED INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS

6 * * *

7 (b) Approved independent schools. On application, the State Board shall
8 approve an independent school that offers elementary or secondary education
9 if it finds, after opportunity for hearing, that the school provides a minimum
10 course of study pursuant to section 906 of this title and that it substantially
11 complies with all statutory requirements for approved independent schools and
12 the Board's rules for approved independent schools. ~~An independent school~~
13 ~~that intends to accept public tuition shall be approved by the State Board only~~
14 ~~on the condition that the school agrees, notwithstanding any provision of law~~
15 ~~to the contrary, to enroll any student who requires special education services~~
16 ~~and who is placed in or referred to the approved independent school as an~~
17 ~~appropriate placement and least restrictive environment for the student by the~~
18 ~~student's individualized education program team or by the local education~~
19 ~~agency; provided, however, that this requirement shall not apply to an~~
20 ~~independent school that limits enrollment to students who are on an~~
21 ~~individualized education program or a plan under Section 504 of the~~

1 ~~Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, and who are enrolled pursuant to~~
2 ~~a written agreement between the local education agency and the school.~~

3 Except as provided in subdivision (6) of this subsection, the Board's rules must
4 at minimum require that the school have the resources required to meet its
5 stated objectives, including financial capacity, faculty who are qualified by
6 training and experience in the areas in which they are assigned, and physical
7 facilities and special services that are in accordance with any State or federal
8 law or regulation. Approval may be granted without State Board evaluation in
9 the case of any school accredited by a private, State, or regional agency
10 recognized by the State Board for accrediting purposes, provided that the State
11 Board shall determine that the school complies with all student enrollment
12 provisions required by law.

13 * * *

14 Sec. 7. 16 V.S.A. § 821 is amended to read:

15 § 821. SCHOOL DISTRICT TO MAINTAIN PUBLIC ELEMENTARY
16 SCHOOLS OR PAY TUITION

17 * * *

18 (d) Notwithstanding subdivision (a)(1) of this section, the electorate of a
19 school district that does not maintain an elementary school may grant general
20 authority to the school board to pay tuition for an elementary student at an
21 approved independent elementary school eligible to receive public tuition or an

1 independent school meeting education quality standards pursuant to sections
2 823 and 828 of this chapter upon notice given by the student's parent or legal
3 guardian before April 15 for the next academic year

4 Sec. 8. 16 V.S.A. § 822 is amended to read:

5 § 822. SCHOOL DISTRICT TO MAINTAIN PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS OR
6 PAY TUITION

7 (a) Each school district shall maintain one or more approved high schools
8 in which high school education is provided for its resident students unless:

9 (1) the electorate authorizes the school board to close an existing high
10 school and to provide for the high school education of its students by paying
11 tuition to a public high school, an approved independent high school, or an
12 independent school meeting education quality standards, to be selected by the
13 parents or guardians of the student, within or outside the State in accordance
14 with sections 824 and 828 of this title; or

15 * * *

16 (c)(1) A school district may both maintain a high school and furnish high
17 school education by paying tuition:

18 * * *

19 (B) to an approved independent school eligible to receive public
20 tuition or an independent school meeting education quality standards if the

1 school board judges that a student has unique educational needs that cannot be
2 served within the district or at a nearby public school.

3 * * *

4 Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 823 is amended to read:

5 § 823. ELEMENTARY TUITION

6 * * *

7 (b) Unless the electorate of a school district authorizes payment of a higher
8 amount at an annual or special meeting warned for the purpose, the tuition paid
9 to an approved independent elementary school eligible to receive public tuition
10 or an independent school meeting education quality standards shall not exceed
11 the least of:

12 * * *

13 Sec. 10. 16 V.S.A. § 824 is amended to read:

14 § 824. HIGH SCHOOL TUITION

15 * * *

16 (c) The district shall pay an amount not to exceed the average announced
17 tuition of Vermont union high schools for the year of attendance for its
18 students enrolled in an approved independent school eligible to receive public
19 tuition that does not functioning function as a Vermont area career technical
20 center, or any higher amount approved by the electorate at an annual or special
21 meeting warned for that purpose.

1 Sec. 11. 16 V.S.A. § 827 is amended to read:

2 § 827. DESIGNATION OF A PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL OR AN

3 APPROVED INDEPENDENT HIGH SCHOOL AS THE PUBLIC

4 HIGH SCHOOL OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT

5 (a) A school district not maintaining an approved public high school may
6 vote on such terms or conditions as it deems appropriate, to designate three or
7 fewer approved independent schools eligible to receive public tuition or public
8 high schools as the public high school or schools of the district.

9 * * *

10 (c) A parent or legal guardian who is dissatisfied with the instruction
11 provided at a designated school or who cannot obtain for ~~his or her~~ the parent's
12 or legal guardian's child the kind of course or instruction desired there, or
13 whose child can be better accommodated in an approved independent school
14 eligible to receive public tuition or public high school nearer ~~his or her~~ the
15 child's home during the next academic year, may request on or before April 15
16 that the school board pay tuition to another approved independent school
17 eligible to receive public tuition or public high school selected by the parent or
18 guardian.

19 * * *

20 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary:

21 * * *

1 (2) unless otherwise directed by an affirmative vote of the school
2 district, when the Wells Board approves parental requests to pay tuition to a
3 nondesignated approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition
4 or public school, the Board shall pay tuition in an amount not to exceed the
5 base education amount as determined under section 4011 of this title for the
6 fiscal year in which tuition is being paid; and

7 (3) unless otherwise directed by an affirmative vote of the school
8 district, when the Strafford Board approves a parental request to pay tuition to
9 a nondesignated approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition
10 or public school, the Board shall pay tuition to the nondesignated school
11 pursuant to section 824 of this title for the year in which the student is enrolled;
12 provided, however, that it shall not pay tuition in an amount that exceeds the
13 tuition paid to the designated school for the same academic year.

14 Sec. 12. 16 V.S.A. § 828 is amended to read:

15 § 828. TUITION TO APPROVED SCHOOLS; AGE; APPEAL

16 (a) A school district shall not pay the tuition of a student except to a public
17 school, an approved independent school eligible to receive public tuition, an
18 independent school meeting education quality standards, a tutorial program
19 approved by the State Board, an approved education program, or, subject to
20 subsection (b) of this section, an independent school in another state or country
21 approved under the laws of that state or country, ~~nor shall payment.~~ Payment

1 of tuition on behalf of a person shall not be denied on account of age. Unless
2 otherwise provided, a person who is aggrieved by a decision of a school board
3 relating to eligibility for tuition payments, the amount of tuition payable, or the
4 school ~~he or she~~ the person may attend, may appeal to the State Board and its
5 decision shall be final.

6 (b) An independent school in another state or country that is approved
7 under the laws of that state or country is eligible to receive public tuition if all
8 of the following conditions are met:

9 (1) It is located in a state that borders Vermont or in the Quebec
10 Province of Canada, provided that an independent school that is not located in
11 a state that borders Vermont or in the Quebec Province of Canada shall be
12 eligible to receive public tuition if:

13 (A) the student is on an individual education program (IEP) and is
14 placed at the school in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities
15 Education Act, 20 U.S.C. chapter 33, as amended;

16 (B) the student is on a plan under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation
17 Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, as amended (504 Plan);

18 (C) the student is disabled as defined under the Americans with
19 Disability Act, 42 U.S.C. § 12101, as amended;

20 (D) the student is not on IEP or 504 Plan and is not disabled but the
21 school board of the resident student determines that the student has unique

1 educational needs that cannot adequately be served by schools located in
2 Vermont.

3 (2)(A) The independent school has adopted and implemented policies
4 and procedures to comply with all antidiscrimination laws applicable to public
5 schools in the state or country where the independent school is located and
6 makes reasonable efforts to enforce these policies and procedures. Compliance
7 with the requirements set forth in these antidiscrimination laws includes
8 compliance with antidiscrimination laws to the same extent as these laws apply
9 to public schools, even if those laws by their terms do not apply to the
10 independent school.

11 (B) The independent school posts and maintains on its website in a
12 prominent place its policy to comply with all antidiscrimination laws that apply
13 to public schools in the state or country where the independent school is
14 located.

15 (3) None of the public tuition will be used to support religious
16 instruction, religious indoctrination (as defined in section 820 of this title),
17 religious worship, or the propagation of religious views, except for religious
18 instruction that is designed to provide an overview of religious history and
19 teachings and does not support religious instruction, religious indoctrination,
20 religious worship, or the propagation of religious views of any one religion or
21 theology over others.

1 (e) Under section 2973 of this title, a supervisory union, in its role as the
2 local education agency, may place a student with an individualized education
3 program under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C.
4 chapter 33, with ~~certain~~ approved independent schools ~~that accept public~~
5 ~~tuition~~ eligible to receive public tuition. If the approved independent school is
6 entitled to special education cost reimbursement under that section, it may bill
7 the supervisory union for excess special education costs incurred by the
8 independent school in providing special education services to that student
9 beyond those covered by general tuition. If those costs for that student exceed
10 the extraordinary expenditures threshold as defined in subdivision (a)(2) of this
11 section, the supervisory union shall be entitled to extraordinary reimbursement.

12 Sec. 15. 16 V.S.A. § 2973 is amended to read:

13 § 2973. INDEPENDENT SCHOOL TUITION RATES

14 (a)(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an approved
15 independent school ~~that accepts~~ eligible to receive public tuition shall enroll
16 any student with an individualized education program who requires special
17 education services and who is placed in the approved independent school as an
18 appropriate placement and least restrictive environment for the student by the
19 student's individualized education program team or by the local education
20 agency (LEA); provided, however, that this requirement shall not apply to an
21 independent school that limits enrollment to students who are on an

1 individualized education program or a plan under Section 504 of the
2 Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, and who are enrolled pursuant to
3 a written agreement between the LEA and the school.

4 * * * Development of Standard Contract * * *

5 Sec. 16. DEVELOPMENT OF STANDARD CONTRACT

6 (a) On or before August 1, 2022, the State Board of Education shall create
7 and post on its website a standard form contract for use by approved
8 independent schools eligible to receive public tuition that complies with the
9 requirements of 16 V.S.A. § 820(b)(3) (antidiscrimination; no use of funds for
10 religious purposes; enrollment of students on an individualized education
11 program). The contract shall contain each of the following provisions:

12 (1) The State Board’s authorization for the school to receive public
13 tuition is conditioned on continued compliance by the school of this contract as
14 well as any other conditions required by law or State Board rules.

15 (2)(A) The school has adopted and implemented policies and procedures
16 to comply with all federal and State antidiscrimination laws applicable to
17 Vermont public schools and makes reasonable efforts to enforce these policies
18 and procedures. Compliance with the requirements set forth in these
19 antidiscrimination laws includes compliance with the Vermont Public
20 Accommodations Act, 9 V.S.A. chapter 139, and the Vermont Fair
21 Employment Practices laws, 21 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 6 to the same

1 extent as these laws apply to public schools, even if those laws by their terms
2 do not apply to the school.

3 (B) The school has posted and shall maintain on its website in a
4 prominent place its policy to comply with all antidiscrimination laws that apply
5 to public schools.

6 (3) None of the public tuition will be used by the school to support
7 religious instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the
8 propagation of religious views, except for religious instruction that is designed
9 to provide an overview of religious history and teachings and does not support
10 religious instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the
11 propagation of any one religion or theology over others. As used in this
12 contract, “indoctrination” means the process of repeating an idea or belief to
13 someone until they accept it without criticism or question.

14 (4) Commencing with the 2023–2024 school year and thereafter, the
15 school shall enroll any student with an individualized education program who
16 requires special education services and who is placed in the school as an
17 appropriate placement and least restrictive environment for the student by the
18 student’s individualized education program team or by the local education
19 agency as required under 16 V.S.A. § 2973.

20 (b) On or before August 1, 2022, the State Board of Education shall create
21 and post on its website a standard form contract for use by independent schools

1 in another state or country that complies with the requirements of 16 V.S.A.
2 § 828(b) (antidiscrimination; no use of funds for religious purposes). The
3 contract shall contain each of the following provisions:

4 (1) The State Board’s authorization for the school to receive public
5 tuition is conditioned on continued compliance by the school of this contract.

6 (2)(A) The independent school has adopted and implemented policies
7 and procedures to comply with all antidiscrimination laws applicable to public
8 schools in the state or country where the independent school is located and
9 makes reasonable efforts to enforce these policies and procedures. Compliance
10 with the requirements set forth in these antidiscrimination laws includes
11 compliance with antidiscrimination laws to the same extent as these laws apply
12 to public schools, even if those laws by their terms do not apply to the
13 independent school.

14 (B) The independent school posts and maintains on its website in a
15 prominent place its policy to comply with all antidiscrimination laws that apply
16 to public schools in the state or country where the independent school is
17 located.

18 (3) None of the public tuition will be used to support religious
19 instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of
20 religious views, except for religious instruction that is designed to provide an
21 overview of religious history and teachings and does not support religious

1 instruction, religious indoctrination, religious worship, or the propagation of
2 religious views of any one religion or theology over others. As used in this
3 contract, “indoctrination” means the process of repeating an idea or belief to
4 someone until they accept it without criticism or question.

5 (c) A contract signed on behalf of the State Board and a school under 16
6 V.S.A. § 820(b)(3) or 828(b) shall contain no other conditions or requirements
7 than those required under this section. The State Board and the school shall
8 amend the contract as necessary to comply with applicable law, and the State
9 Board shall amend its model **contracts** accordingly.

10 * * * Transition * * *

11 Sec. 17. TRANSITION

12 A student enrolled for the 2021–2022 school year in, or has been accepted
13 for enrollment for the 2022–2023 school year by, an independent school in
14 another state or country that would not be eligible to receive public tuition
15 under 16 V.S.A. § 828 as amended by this act shall continue to be entitled to
16 public tuition until such time as the student graduates from that school. The
17 school shall not be required to enter into the contract with the Vermont State
18 Board of Education under 16 V.S.A. § 828 as amended by this act.

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* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 18. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except Secs. 1a, 6, 14, and 15 which shall take effect on July 1, 2023.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to ensuring compliance with the U.S. and Vermont Constitutions in the use of public funds for tuition”

(Committee vote: _____)

Senator _____

FOR THE COMMITTEE