Reasons provided for increases in FY23 education spending

- 1. New needs for many students due to the pandemic.
 - a. Addressing needs of students that are not necessarily special education or general education.
 - b. Delays are apparent in skill level of children in early grades, including preK and kindergarten.
 - c. New staffing required, generally due to the pandemic.
 - d. Behavioral interventionists, increased psychologist requirements, home school coordinators and clinicians, etc.
 - e. Increased use of summer camps to address remediation and helping students catch up mostly covered by ESSER funds but anticipate ongoing needs.
- 2. Increased needs for students with disabilities.
 - a. Increase in the number of students with severe needs.
 - b. Pandemic has exacerbated situation for many students.
 - c. Many more students with disabilities now need individual aides.
- 3. Change to special education census block grant from reimbursement model is lowering available special education funding which spills over to education spending.
- 4. Tuitions unknown until mid-January. Tuitions came in much higher than expected.
- 5. New positions due to increases in student numbers, along with increased needs of students.
- 6. Initial estimates were at level services which did not take into account initiatives boards wanted.
 - a. Estimate did not account for subsequent expansion of programs.
- 7. Fund balance applications were lower than expected.
 - a. Overall revenues were less than expected.
- 8. Increase in yield allows more spending at a lower tax rate.