TO THE HOUSE	OF REPRESENTATIVES:

- The Committee on Judiciary to which was referred House Bill No. 534
 entitled "An act relating to sealing criminal history records" respectfully
 reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the bill be
 amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu
 thereof the following:
- 7 Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 7601 is amended to read:
- 8 § 7601. DEFINITIONS

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- 9 As used in this chapter:
- 10 (1) "Court" means the Criminal Division of the Superior Court.
 - (2) "Criminal history record" means all information documenting an individual's contact with the criminal justice system, including data regarding identification, arrest or citation, arraignment, judicial disposition, custody, and supervision.
 - (3) "Predicate offense" means a criminal offense that can be used to enhance a sentence levied for a later conviction and includes operating a vehicle under the influence of alcohol or other substance in violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1201, domestic assault in violation of section 1042 of this title, and stalking in violation of section 1062 of this title. "Predicate offense" shall not include misdemeanor possession of cannabis, a disorderly conduct offense under section 1026 of this title, or possession of a controlled substance in

1	violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4230(a), 4231(a), 4232(a), 4233(a), 4234(a), 4234a(a)
2	4234b(a), 4235(b), or 4235a(a). [Repealed]
3	(4) "Qualifying crime" means:
4	(A) a misdemeanor offense that is not:
5	(i) a listed crime as defined in subdivision 5301(7) of this title;
6	(ii) an offense involving sexual exploitation of children in
7	violation of chapter 64 of this title;
8	(iii) an offense involving violation of a protection order in
9	violation of section 1030 of this title;
10	(iv) prostitution as defined in section 2632 of this title, or
11	prohibited conduct under section 2601a of this title; or
12	(v) a predicate offense;
13	(B) a violation of subsection 3701(a) of this title related to criminal
14	mischief;
15	(C) a violation of section 2501 of this title related to grand larceny;
16	(D) a violation of section 1201 of this title related to burglary,
17	excluding any burglary into an occupied dwelling, as defined in subdivision
18	1201(b)(2) of this title;
19	(E) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4223 related to fraud or deceit;
20	(F) a violation of section 1802 of this title related to uttering a forged
21	or counterfeited instrument;

1	(G) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4230(a) related to possession and
2	cultivation of cannabis;
3	(H) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4231(a) related to possession of
4	cocaine;
5	(I) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4232(a) related to possession of LSD;
6	(J) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4233(a) related to possession of heroin;
7	(K) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4234(a) related to possession of
8	depressant, stimulant, and narcotic drugs;
9	(L) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4234a(a) related to possession of
10	methamphetamine;
11	(M) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4234b(a) related to possession of
12	ephedrine and pseudoephedrine;
13	(N) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4235(b) related to possession of
14	hallucinogenic drugs;
15	(O) a violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4235a(a) related to possession of
16	ecstasy; or
17	(P) any offense for which a person has been granted an unconditional
18	pardon from the Governor.
19	(A) all misdemeanor offenses except:
20	(i) a listed crime as defined in subdivision 5301(7) of this title;

1	(ii) a violation of chapter 64 of this title relating to sexual
2	exploitation of children;
3	(iii) a violation of section 1030 of this title relating to a violation
4	of an abuse prevention order, an order against stalking or sexual assault, or a
5	protective order concerning contact with a child;
6	(iv) a violation of chapter 28 of this title related to abuse, neglect,
7	and exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
8	(v) a violation of subsection 2605(b) or (c) of this title related to
9	voyeurism;
10	(vi) a violation of section 352(1)-(10) of this title related to cruelty
11	to animals;
12	(vii) a violation of section 1025a of this title related to aggravated
13	disorderly conduct;
14	(viii) a violation of section 3006 of this title related to neglect of
15	duty by a public officer;
16	(ix) a violation of section 5409 of this title related to failure to
17	comply with sex offender registry requirements;
18	(x) a violation of sections 2802, 2802a, 2803, 2804, or 2804b
19	related to obscenity;
20	(xi) a violation of section 1455 of this title related to hate
21	motivated crimes; and

1	(xii) a violation of section 1456 of this title related to burning of a
2	religious symbol; and
3	(B) the following felonies:
4	(i) a violation of section 1201 of this title related to burglary,
5	excluding any burglary into an occupied dwelling, unless the person was 25
6	years of age or younger at the time of the offense and did not carry a dangerous
7	or deadly weapon during the commission of the offense;
8	(ii) designated felony property offenses as defined in subdivision
9	(5) of this subsection;
10	(iii) offenses relating to possessing, selling, dispensing, or
11	transporting regulated drugs, including violations of 18 V.S.A. § 4230(a) and
12	(b), 4231(a) and (b), 4232(a) and (b), 4233(a) and (b), 4234(a) and (b),
13	4234b(a) and (b), 4235(b) and (c), or 4235a(a) and (b); and
14	(iv) any offense for which a person has been granted an
15	unconditional pardon from the Governor.
16	(5) "Designated felony property offense" means:
17	(A) a felony violation of 9 V.S.A. § 4043 related to fraudulent use of
18	a credit card;
19	(B) section 1801 of this title related to forgery and counterfeiting:
20	(C) section 1802 of this title related to uttering a forged or
21	counterfeited instrument;

1	(D) section 1804 of this title related to counterfeiting paper money;
2	(E) section 1816 of this title related to possession or use of credit
3	card skimming devices;
4	(F) section 2001 of this title related to false personation;
5	(G) section 2002 of this title related to false pretenses or tokens;
6	(H) section 2029 of this title related to home improvement fraud;
7	(I) section 2030 of this title related to identity theft:
8	(J) section 2501 of this title related to grand larceny;
9	(K) section 2531 of this title related to embezzlement;
10	(L) section 2532 of this title related to embezzlement by officers or
11	servants of an incorporated bank;
12	(M) section 2533 of this title related to embezzlement by a receiver
13	or trustee;
14	(N) section 2561 of this title related to receiving stolen property;
15	(O) section 2575 of this title related to retail theft;
16	(P) section 2582 of this title related to theft of services;
17	(Q) section 2591 of this title related to theft of rented property;
18	(R) section 2592 of this title related to failure to return a rented or
19	leased motor vehicle;
20	(S) section 3016 of this title related to false claims;
21	(T) section 3701 of this title related to unlawful mischief;

1	(U) section 3705 of this title related to unlawful trespass;
2	(V) section 3733 of this title related to mills, dams, or bridges;
3	(W) section 3761 of this title related to unauthorized removal of
4	<u>human remains;</u>
5	(X) section 3767 of this title related to grave markers and ornaments;
6	(Y) chapter 87 of this chapter related to computer crimes; and
7	(Z) 18 V.S.A. § 4223 related to fraud or deceit in obtaining a
8	regulated drug.
9	(6) "Subsequent offense" means the conviction of a crime committed by
10	the person who is the subject of a petition to seal a criminal history record that
11	arose out of a new incident or occurrence after the person was convicted of the
12	crime to be sealed.
13	Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 7602 is amended to read:
14	§ 7602. EXPUNGEMENT AND SEALING OF RECORD,
15	POSTCONVICTION; PROCEDURE
16	(a)(1) A person may file a petition with the court requesting expungement
17	or sealing of the criminal history record related to the conviction if:
18	(A) the person was convicted of a qualifying crime or qualifying
19	crimes arising out of the same incident or occurrence;
20	(B) the person was convicted of an offense for which the underlying
21	conduct is no longer prohibited by law or designated as a criminal offense;

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(C) pursuant to the conditions set forth in subsection (g) of this
section, the person was convicted of a violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1201(a) related
to operating under the influence of alcohol or other substance, excluding a
violation of that section resulting in serious bodily injury or death to any
person other than the operator, or related to operating a school bus with a blood
alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more or operating a commercial vehicle with a
blood alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more; or
(D) pursuant to the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of this
section, the person was convicted under 1201(c)(3)(A) of a violation of
subdivision 1201(a) of this title related to burglary when the person was 25
years of age or younger, and the person did not carry a dangerous or deadly
weapon during commission of the offense.
(2) The State's Attorney or Attorney General shall be the respondent in
the matter.
(3) The court shall grant the petition without hearing if the petitioner and
the respondent stipulate to the granting of the petition. The respondent shall
file the stipulation with the court, and the court shall issue the petitioner an
order of expungement and provide notice of the order in accordance with this
section.
(4) This section shall not apply to an individual licensed as a commercial
driver pursuant to 23 V.S.A. chapter 39 seeking to seal or expunge a record of

l	a conviction for a felony offense committed in a motor vehicle as defined in 23
2	V.S.A. § 4.
3	(b)(1) The court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal history
4	record be expunged pursuant to section 7606 of this title if the following
5	conditions are met:
6	(A) At least five years have elapsed since the date on which the
7	person successfully completed the terms and conditions of the sentence for the
8	conviction, or if the person has successfully completed the terms and
9	conditions of an indeterminate term of probation that commenced at least five
10	years previously.
11	(B) The person has not been convicted of a crime arising out of a new
12	incident or occurrence since the person was convicted for the qualifying crime.
13	(C) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court have been
14	paid in full, provided that payment of surcharges shall not be required if the
15	surcharges have been waived by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.
16	(D) The court finds that expungement of the criminal history record
17	serves the interests of justice.
18	(2) The court shall grant the petition and order that all or part of the
19	criminal history record be sealed pursuant to section 7607 of this title if the
20	conditions of subdivisions (1)(A), (B), and (C) of this subsection are met and
21	the court finds that:

1	(A) sealing the criminal history record better serves the interests of
2	justice than expungement; and
3	(B) the person committed the qualifying crime after reaching 19 years
4	of age.
5	(c)(1) The court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal history
6	record be expunged pursuant to section 7606 of this title if the following
7	conditions are met:
8	(A) At least 10 years have elapsed since the date on which the person
9	successfully completed the terms and conditions of the sentence for the
10	conviction.
11	(B) The person has not been convicted of a felony arising out of a
12	new incident or occurrence in the last seven years.
13	(C) The person has not been convicted of a misdemeanor during the
14	past five years.
15	(D) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court for any crime
16	of which the person has been convicted has been paid in full, provided that
17	payment of surcharges shall not be required if the surcharges have been waived
18	by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.
19	(E) After considering the particular nature of any subsequent offense,
20	the court finds that expungement of the criminal history record for the
21	qualifying crime serves the interests of justice.

1	(2) The court shall grant the petition and order that all or part of the
2	criminal history record be sealed pursuant to section 7607 of this title if the
3	conditions of subdivisions (1)(A), (B), (C), and (D) of this subsection are met
4	and the court finds that:
5	(A) sealing the criminal history record better serves the interests of
6	justice than expungement; and
7	(B) the person committed the qualifying crime after reaching 19 years
8	of age.
9	(d) For petitions filed pursuant to subdivision (a)(1)(B) of this section,
10	unless the court finds that expungement would not be in the interests of justice,
11	the court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal history record be
12	expunged in accordance with section 7606 of this title if the following
13	conditions are met:
14	(1) The petitioner has completed any sentence or supervision for the
15	offense.
16	(2) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court have been paid in
17	full, provided that payment of surcharges shall not be required if the surcharges
18	have been waived by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.
19	(e) For petitions filed pursuant to subdivision (a)(1)(B) of this section for a
20	conviction for possession of a regulated drug under 18 V.S.A. chapter 84,

1	subchapter 1 in an amount that is no longer prohibited by law or for which
2	criminal sanctions have been removed:
3	(1) The petitioner shall bear the burden of establishing that his or her
4	conviction was based on possessing an amount of regulated drug that is no
5	longer prohibited by law or for which criminal sanctions have been removed.
6	(2) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the amount of the
7	regulated drug specified in the affidavit of probable cause associated with the
8	petitioner's conviction was the amount possessed by the petitioner.
9	(f) Prior to granting an expungement or sealing under this section for
10	petitions filed pursuant to subdivision 7601(4)(D) of this title, the court shall
11	make a finding that the conduct underlying the conviction under section 1201
12	of this title did not constitute a burglary into an occupied dwelling, as defined
13	in subdivision 1201(b)(2) of this title. The petitioner shall bear the burden of
14	establishing this fact.
15	(g) For petitions filed pursuant to subdivision (a)(1)(C) of this section, only
16	petitions to seal may be considered or granted by the court. This subsection
17	shall not apply to an individual licensed as a commercial driver pursuant to 23
18	V.S.A. chapter 39. Unless the court finds that sealing would not be in the
19	interests of justice, the court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal
20	history record be sealed in accordance with section 7607 of this title if the
21	following conditions are met:

1	(1) At least 10 years have elapsed since the date on which the person
2	successfully completed the terms and conditions of the sentence for the
3	conviction, or if the person has successfully completed the terms and
4	conditions of an indeterminate term of probation that commenced at least 10
5	years previously.
6	(2) At the time of the filing of the petition:
7	(A) the person has only one conviction of a violation of 23 V.S.A. §
8	1201, which shall be construed in accordance with 23 V.S.A. § 1211; and
9	(B) the person has not been convicted of a crime arising out of a new
10	incident or occurrence since the person was convicted of a violation of 23
11	V.S.A. § 1201(a).
12	(3) Any restitution ordered by the court has been paid in full.
13	(4) The court finds that sealing of the criminal history record serves the
14	interests of justice.
15	(h) For petitions filed pursuant to subdivision (a)(1)(D) of this section,
16	unless the court finds that expungement or sealing would not be in the interests
17	of justice, the court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal history
18	record be expunged or sealed in accordance with section 7606 or 7607 of this
19	title if the following conditions are met:
20	(1) At least 15 years have elapsed since the date on which the person
21	successfully completed the terms and conditions of the sentence for the

1	conviction, or the person has successfully completed the terms and conditions
2	of an indeterminate term of probation that commenced at least 15 years
3	previously.
4	(2) The person has not been convicted of a crime arising out of a new
5	incident or occurrence since the person was convicted of a violation of
6	subdivision 1201(c)(3)(A) of this title.
7	(3) Any restitution ordered by the court has been paid in full.
8	(4) The court finds that expungement or sealing of the criminal history
9	record serves the interests of justice.
10	(a) Petition.
11	(1) A person may file a petition with the court requesting sealing of a
12	criminal history record related to a conviction under the following
13	<u>circumstances:</u>
14	(A) The person was convicted of an offense for which the underlying
15	conduct is no longer prohibited by law or designated as a criminal offense.
16	(B) The person was convicted of a qualifying crime or qualifying
17	crimes arising out of the same incident or occurrence.
18	(C) The person was convicted of a violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1201(a)
19	related to operating under the influence of alcohol or other substance, provided
20	that:
21	(i) the violation did not:

1	(I) result in serious bodily injury or death to any person other
2	than the operator;
3	(II) involve operating a school bus with a blood alcohol
4	concentration of 0.02 or more;
5	(III) involve operating a commercial vehicle with a blood
6	alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more; and
7	(ii) the person is not licensed as a commercial driver pursuant to
8	23 V.S.A. chapter 39.
9	(2) The State's Attorney or Attorney General shall be the respondent in
10	the matter. For those offenses eligible for an early petition with stipulation
11	pursuant to this section, if a person petitions to seal a criminal history record
12	prior to the date the offense is eligible for sealing as provided in this section,
13	only the office that prosecuted the offense that is the subject of the sealing
14	petition may stipulate to that petition. The office that prosecuted the offense
15	may waive this requirement to allow for another prosecutorial office to
16	stipulate to a petition filed prior to the date the offense is eligible for sealing.
17	(3) The court shall grant the petition without hearing if the petitioner
18	and the respondent stipulate to the granting of the petition. The respondent
19	shall file the stipulation with the court, and the court shall issue the petitioner
20	an order of sealing and provide notice of the order in accordance with this
21	section.

1	(4) This section shall not apply to an individual licensed as a
2	commercial driver pursuant to 23 V.S.A. chapter 39 seeking to seal a record of
3	a conviction for a felony offense committed in a motor vehicle as defined in 23
4	<u>V.S.A. § 4.</u>
5	(5) Except for criminal conviction records of offenses for which the
6	underlying conduct is no longer prohibited by law or designated as a criminal
7	offense, a criminal conviction record of a person who is under the supervision
8	of the Department of Corrections at the time the person files a petition pursuant
9	to this section shall not be eligible for sealing.
10	(b) Offenses that are no longer prohibited by law.
11	(1) For petitions filed pursuant to subdivision (a)(1)(A) of this section,
12	the court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal history record be
13	sealed if the following conditions are met:
14	(A) The petitioner has completed any sentence or supervision for the
15	offense.
16	(B) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court have been
17	paid in full, provided that payment of surcharges shall not be required if the
18	surcharges have been waived by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.
19	(2) For petitions filed pursuant to subdivision (a)(1)(A) of this section
20	for a conviction for possession of a regulated drug under 18 V.S.A. chapter 84,

1	subchapter 1 in an amount that is no longer prohibited by law or for which
2	criminal sanctions have been removed:
3	(A) The petitioner shall bear the burden of establishing that the
4	petitioner's conviction was based on possessing an amount of regulated drug
5	that is no longer prohibited by law or for which criminal sanctions have been
6	removed.
7	(B) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the amount of the
8	regulated drug specified in the affidavit of probable cause associated with the
9	petitioner's conviction was the amount possessed by the petitioner.
10	(c) Qualifying misdemeanors. For petitions filed to seal a criminal history
11	record of a qualifying misdemeanor offense as defined in subdivision
12	7601(4)(A) of this title, the court shall grant the petition and order that the
13	criminal history record be sealed if the following conditions are met:
14	(1) At least three years have elapsed since:
15	(A) the date on which the person satisfied the judgement; or if the
16	person has completed an indeterminate term of probation that commenced at
17	least three years previously; or
18	(B) if the person committed a subsequent offense, the date on which
19	the person satisfied the judgement for the subsequent offense, whichever is
20	later .

1	(2) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court for any crime of
2	which the person has been convicted has been paid in full, provided that
3	payment of surcharges shall not be required if the surcharges have been waived
4	by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.
5	(3) The court finds that sealing of the criminal history record serves the
6	interests of justice.
7	(d) Qualifying DUI offenses. For petitions filed pursuant to subdivision
8	(a)(1)(C) of this section, the court shall grant the petition and order that the
9	criminal history record be sealed if the following conditions are met:
10	(1) At least five years have elapsed since the date on which the person
11	satisfied the judgment for the conviction or the person has completed an
12	indeterminate term of probation that commenced at least five years previously.
13	(2) At the time of the filing of the petition:
14	(A) the person has only one conviction of a violation of 23 V.S.A.
15	§ 1201, which shall be construed in accordance with 23 V.S.A. § 1211; and
16	(B) the person has not been convicted of a subsequent offense since
17	the person was convicted of a violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1201(a).
18	(3) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court for any crime of
19	which the person has been convicted has been paid in full, provided that
20	payment of surcharges shall not be required if the surcharges have been waived
21	by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.

1	(4) The court finds that sealing of the criminal history record serves the
2	interests of justice.
3	(e) Qualifying felony offenses. For petitions filed to seal a criminal history
4	record of a qualifying felony offense as defined in subdivision 7601(4)(B) of
5	this title, the court shall grant the petition and order that the criminal history
6	record be sealed if the following conditions are met:
7	(1) At least seven years have elapsed since:
8	(A) the date on which the person satisfied the judgement; or if the
9	person has completed an indeterminate term of probation that commenced at
10	least seven years previously; or
11	(B) if the person committed a subsequent offense, the date on which
12	the person satisfied the judgement for the subsequent offense, whichever is
13	later.
14	(2) Any restitution and surcharges ordered by the court for any crime of
15	which the person has been convicted has been paid in full, provided that
16	payment of surcharges shall not be required if the surcharges have been waived
17	by the court pursuant to section 7282 of this title.
18	(3) The court finds that sealing of the criminal history record serves the
19	interests of justice.
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- 1 Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 7607 is amended to read:
- 2 § 7607. EFFECT OF SEALING

- (a) Order and notice. Upon entry of an order to seal, the order shall be legally effective immediately and the person whose record is sealed shall be treated in all respects as if he or she the person had never been arrested, convicted, or sentenced for the offense and that its effect is to annul the record of arrest, conviction, and sentence. The court shall provide notice of the sealing to the respondent, Vermont Crime Information Center (VCIC), the arresting agency, the Restitution Unit of the Vermont Center for Crime Victim Services, and any other entity that may have a record related to the order to seal. The VCIC shall provide notice of the sealing to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's National Crime Information Center.
- (b) Effect.
 - (1) Except as provided in subdivision (c) of this section, upon entry of a sealing order, the order shall be legally effective immediately and the person whose record is sealed shall be treated in all respects as if he or she the person had never been arrested, convicted, or sentenced for the offense.
 - (2) In any application for employment, license, or civil right or privilege or in an appearance as a witness in any proceeding or hearing, a person may be required to answer questions about a previous criminal history record only with respect to arrests or convictions that have not been sealed.

1	(3) The response to an inquiry from any member of the public regarding
2	a sealed record shall be that "NO CRIMINAL RECORD EXISTS."
3	(c) Exceptions; convictions. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or
4	a sealing order:
5	(1) An entity that possesses a sealed record may continue to use it for
6	any litigation or claim arising out of the same incident or occurrence or
7	involving the same defendant .
8	(2) A criminal justice agency as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 2056a may use
9	the criminal history record sealed in accordance with section 7602 or 7603 of
10	this title without limitation for criminal justice purposes as defined in 20
11	V.S.A. § 2056a. A sealed record of a prior violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1201(a)
12	shall be admissible as a predicate offense for the purpose of imposing an
13	enhanced penalty for a subsequent violation of that section, in accordance with
14	the provisions of 23 V.S.A. § 1210. A person or a court in possession of an
15	order issued by a court regarding a matter that was subsequently sealed may
16	file or cite to that decision in any subsequent proceeding. The party or court
17	filing or citing to that decision shall ensure that information regarding the
18	identity of the defendant in the sealed record is redacted.
19	(3) For sentencing in subsequent offenses, the court and parties in a
20	criminal case shall have access to sealed records as follows:

1	(A) nonpredicate misdemeanors and offenses that are no longer
2	prohibited by law for three years;
3	(B) qualifying DUI offenses for seven years;
4	(C) burglary into an occupied dwelling committed when person was
5	25 years of age or under for 10 years;
6	(D) qualifying felony property offenses and selling, dispensing, or
7	transporting a regulated drug offenses for seven years.
8	(4) The Department of Corrections shall have access to sealed records
9	for the purpose of conducting risk assessments and making supervision
10	decisions as follows:
11	(A) misdemeanors and offenses that are no longer prohibited by law
12	for three years:
13	(B) qualifying DUI offenses for seven years;
14	(C) burglary into an occupied dwelling committed when person was
15	25 years of age or under for 10 years; and
16	(D) qualifying felony property offenses and selling, dispensing, or
17	transporting a regulated drug offenses for seven years.
18	(5) The State's Attorney and Attorney General may disclose information
19	contained in a sealed criminal history record when required to meet their
20	otherwise legally required discovery obligations.

1	(6) Upon request, the Victim's Compensation Program shall be provided
2	with a copy, redacted of all information identifying the offender, of the
3	affidavit for the sole purpose of verifying the expenses in a victim's
4	compensation application submitted pursuant to section 5353 of this title.
5	(7) The sealing of a criminal record shall not affect the authority of the
6	Restitution Unit to enforce a restitution order in the same manner as a civil
7	judgment, pursuant to 5362(c)(2) of this title.
8	(d) Exceptions; dismissed charges. The prosecution shall have access to
9	cases dismissed without prejudice for three years. The prosecution may object
10	to the loss of access at three years by proving that the loss of access would
11	pose a "significant risk to public safety."
12	(e) Process.
13	(1) The court shall bar viewing of the sealed offense in any accessible
14	database that it maintains.
15	(2) Until all charges on a docket have been sealed, the case file shall
16	remain publicly accessible.
17	(3) When all charges on a docket have been sealed, the case file shall
18	become exempt from public access.
19	(e)(f) Special index.
20	(1) The court shall keep a special index of cases that have been sealed
21	together with the sealing order. The index shall list only the name of the

1	person convicted of the offense, his or her the person's date of birth, the docket
2	number, and the criminal offense that was the subject of the sealing.
3	(2) The special index and related documents specified in subdivision (1)
4	of this subsection shall be confidential and shall be physically and
5	electronically segregated in a manner that ensures confidentiality and that
6	limits access to authorized persons.
7	(3) Except as provided in subsection subsections (c) and (d) of this
8	section, inspection of the sealing order may be permitted only upon petition by
9	the person who is the subject of the case. The Chief Superior Judge may
10	permit special access to the index and the documents for research purposes
11	pursuant to the rules for public access to court records.
12	(4) The Court Administrator shall establish policies for implementing
13	this subsection.
14	Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 7611 is added to read:
15	§ 7611. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE
16	A state or municipal employee or contractor or any agent of the court,
17	including an attorney and an employee or contractor of the attorney, who in the
18	course of their official duties, knowingly discloses sealed criminal history
19	record information without authorization shall be assessed a civil penalty of
20	not more than \$1,000.00. Each unauthorized disclosure shall constitute a
21	separate civil violation.

I	Sec. 5. 24 V.S.A. § 2002 is added to read:
2	§ 2002. EXPUNGEMENT OF MUNICIPAL VIOLATION RECORDS
3	(a) Expungement. Three years following the satisfaction of a judgment
4	resulting from an adjudication of a municipal violation, the Judicial Bureau
5	shall make an entry of "expunged" and notify the municipality of such action
6	provided the person has not been adjudicated for any subsequent municipal
7	violations during that time. The data transfer to the municipality shall include
8	the name, date of birth, ticket number, and offense. Violations of 24 V.S.A.
9	chapter 117 shall not be eligible for expungement under this section.
10	(b) Effect of expungement.
11	(1) Upon entry of an expungement order, the order shall be legally
12	effective immediately and the individual whose record is expunged shall be
13	treated in all respects as if the individual had never been adjudicated of the
14	violation.
15	(2) Upon an entry of expunged, the case will be accessible only by the
16	Clerk of the Court for the Judicial Bureau or the Clerk's designee.
17	Adjudications that have been expunged shall not appear in the results of any
18	Judicial Bureau database search by name, date of birth, or any other data
19	identifying the defendant. Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section,
20	any documents or other records related to an expunged adjudication that are

1	maintained outside the Judicial Bureau's case management system shall be
2	destroyed.
3	(3) Upon receiving an inquiry from any person regarding an expunged
4	record, the Judicial Bureau and the municipality shall respond that "NO
5	RECORD EXISTS."
6	(c) Exception for research entities. Research entities that maintain
7	adjudication records for purposes of collecting, analyzing, and disseminating
8	criminal justice data shall not be subject to the expungement requirements
9	established in this section. Research entities shall abide by the policies
10	established by the Court Administrator and shall not disclose any identifying
11	information from the records they maintain.
12	(d) Policies for implementation. The Court Administrator shall establish
13	policies for implementing this section.
14	Sec. 6. AUTOMATIC SEALING STUDY COMMITTEE
15	(a) Creation. There is created the Legislative Criminal Record Sealing
16	Study Committee for the purpose of recommending to the General Assembly a
17	proposal for phasing in a policy of automatically sealing criminal history
18	records that no longer have value as a criminal justice tool.
19	(b) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following
20	members:

I	(1) two current members of the House of Representatives, not all from
2	the same political party, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House;
3	<mark>and</mark>
4	(2) two current members of the Senate, not all from the same political
5	party, who shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees.
6	(c) Powers and duties.
7	(1) The Committee shall study:
8	(A) which criminal offenses are appropriate for automatic sealing, the
9	time period in which those offenses become eligible for sealing, and any other
10	appropriate criteria; and
11	(B) the mechanism for automatic sealing and any resources required
12	for the proposal in subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection (c).
13	(2) On or before November 15, 2022, the Committee shall submit
14	proposed legislation to the General Assembly.
15	(d) Assistance. For purposes of scheduling meetings and preparing
16	recommended legislation, the Committee shall have the assistance of the
17	Office of Legislative Operations, the Office of Legislative Counsel, and the
18	Joint Fiscal Office.
19	(e) Meetings.
20	(1) The Office of Legislative Counsel shall call the first meeting of the
21	Committee on or before August 1, 2022.

1	(2) The Committee shall select a chair from among its members at the
2	first meeting.
3	(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
4	(4) The Committee shall cease to exist on December 31, 2022.
5	(g) Compensation and reimbursement. For attendance at meetings during
6	adjournment of the General Assembly, a legislative member of the Committee
7	shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses
8	pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 23 for not more than four meetings. These payments
9	shall be made from monies appropriated to the General Assembly.
10	Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE
11	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.
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13	
14	
15	
16	
17	(Committee vote:)
18	
19	Representative
20	FOR THE COMMITTEE