


Introduction to Vermont's All-Payer Claims Database (APCD)

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Types of Health Care Data

	Purpose	Examples
Electronic Health Records	Organize patient health care information in one place for providers and health care organizations.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medical records • Patient portals
Administrative	Mechanism for producing bills, transmitting payments, and supporting other health care operations.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insurance claims • Hospital billing 
Public Health	Monitor populations, conditions, and other health-related activity.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immunization registry • Lead screening • Influenza
Surveys	Gather detailed information on specific topics.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System • Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems

APCDs

- APCDs are databases containing health care claims.
- Vermont established its APCD, VHCURES (Vermont Health Care Uniform Reporting and Evaluation System), in 2009.¹ It was one of the first states to do so.
- Today, 31 states have or are implementing APCDs with additional states indicating strong interest.

¹ 18 V.S.A. § 9410

VHCURES Overview

Who?	Vermont residents with health insurance coverage by Vermont Medicaid, Medicare, and commercial health insurance
What?	Medical and pharmaceutical claims Member enrollment Provider data
Where?	Data are securely stored by vendor under SOV contract and by authorized users
When?	Data from calendar year 2007 to present
Why?	To support the GMCB's regulatory duties, provide resource to researchers, the public, and other authorized users

VHCURES Data Protection



- Vermont statute (18 V.S.A. § 9410) requires the GMCB protect the privacy of APCD data, incorporating those outlined in HIPAA. It currently prohibits the public disclosure of any data that contains direct personal identifiers.
- In order to access data for analysis and research, users must successfully apply to ensure the use is allowable under HIPAA and the applicant can fulfill the data protection requirements.

VHCURES Contract Protections



Contract protections are broader than state statute and cite both the federal and state statutes that Vermont's VHCURES vendor must comply with (e.g., HIPAA, NIST, Vermont laws)

Current contract includes requirements for:

- Maintenance of Information Security Policy
- Annual testing of the Information Security Incident Response Plan (ISIRP)
- State authority to conduct an audit (if requested)
- Passwords, encryption, networking, intrusion detection, system architecture
- Breach notification and reporting
- Vulnerability testing and reporting

18 V.S.A. § 9410

GMCB Rules

8.000

Data Submission

9.000

Data Release

Data Reporting
Manual

Data Use and
Disclosure
Manual

GMCB Data Governance Council

Data Governance
and Stewardship
Charter

Data
Stewardship
Principles &
Policies

Data
Linkage
Policy

Privacy and Security Protections



Type of Protection	Description
Legislative	<p>Statute requires that the Board protect the privacy of this data; it incorporates protections from HIPAA and, notwithstanding HIPAA, prohibits public disclosure of any data that contain direct personal identifiers (18 V.S.A. § 9410)</p> <p>Security Breach Notice Act (9 VSA § 2435)</p> <p>Social Security Number Protection Act (9 VSA § 2440)</p> <p>Confidentiality of prescription information (18 VSA § 4631)</p>
Security standards and certifications	<p>HITRUST Certification</p> <p>HIPAA and CMS Qualified Entity Certification Program security standard-compliant</p> <p>Service Organization Center 3 (SOC-3) Certification</p> <p>National Institute of Standard and Technology (NIST) security guidance-compliant</p> <p>Certified Information Systems Security Professional (CISSP)</p>

Privacy and Security Protections



Type of Protection	Description
Data management	Data encrypted at rest and in motion
	Regular third-party penetration test and firewall reviews
	Real-time firewall and system monitoring
	Weekly vulnerability scans
	Network tiered and segmented to reduce vulnerability
	24x7 monitoring and alerting
	Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) with PGP encryption
Data release	Application process to review intended use is authorized
	Approved applicants complete an enforceable Data Use Agreement (DUA) with accompanying affidavits for all users
	Data released in a deidentified format, as required by HIPAA
	GMCB performs prepublication review to ensure published results compliant with DUA
	Attestation of data destruction upon termination of DUA

Current VHCURES Authorized Users



Vermont Department of Health	Utilization patterns and trends of chronic diseases
Department of Vermont Health Access	Blueprint for Health, Payment Reform
Department of Aging and Independent Living	Outcome and performance measures for programs and services
Joint Fiscal Office	Legislative Task Force on Affordable, Accessible Health Care
Department of Financial Regulation	Essential Health Benefit Plans, Wait Time investigation
University of Vermont College of Medicine	Health services analysis
NORC	Evaluation of Vermont's All-Payer Model
RAND	National Hospital Price Transparent Study
Archway Health Advisors	Development of episodic payments

S.285 Proposal

- Repeal subsection (e) of Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 9410, would allow the future collection of direct identifiers (e.g. name), while maintaining privacy protection.
- Current data protections remain in place.
 - Secure Data file transfer
 - Authorized data users only have access to *de-identified* data

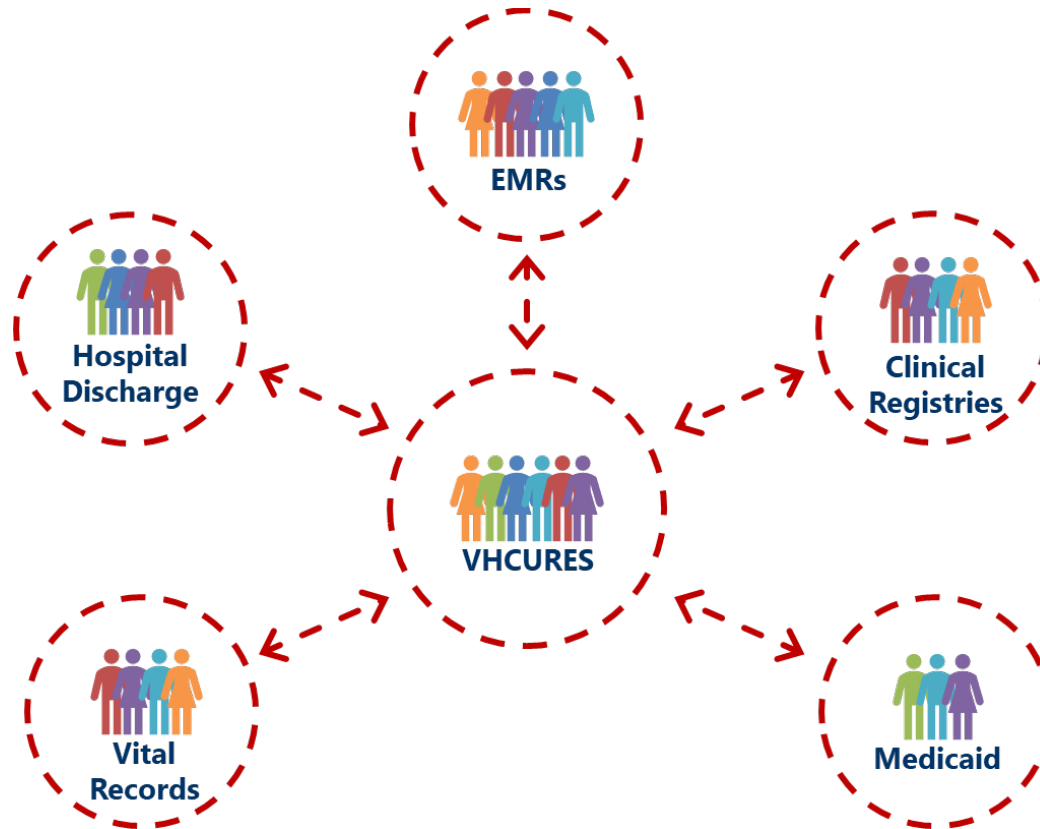
Other States Collect Direct Identifiers



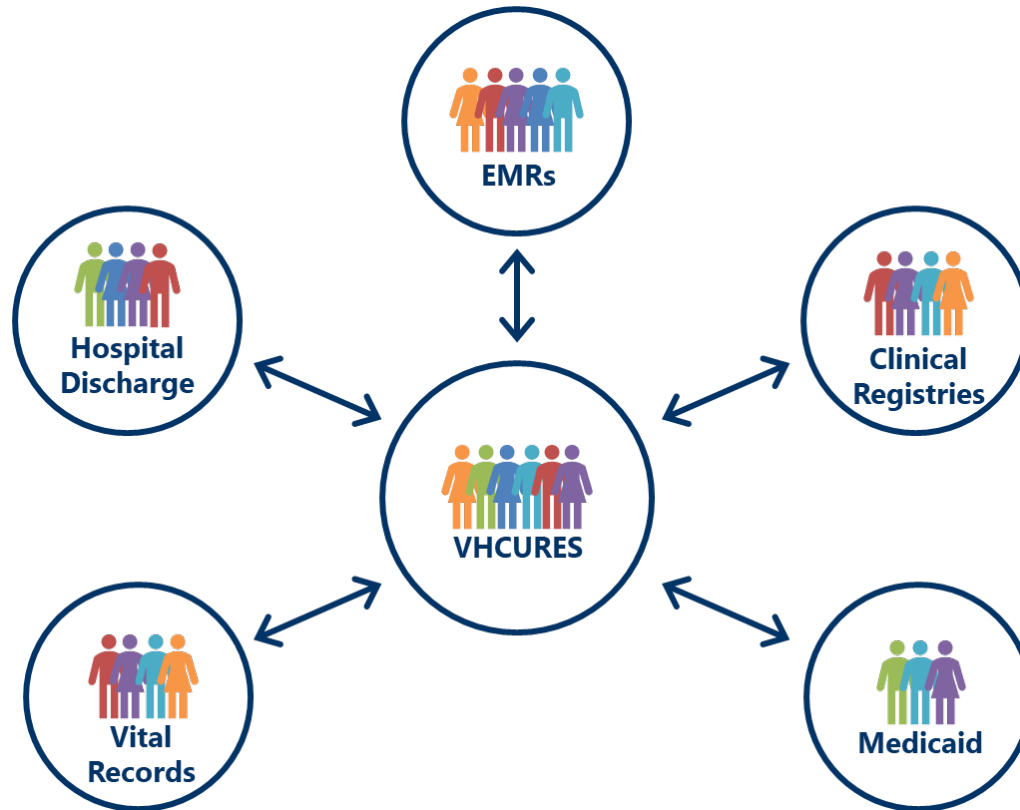
Such as: Oregon, Utah, Colorado, Maine, Connecticut,
Washington, Delaware, New York, California



Data Linkage – Hashed Identifiers



Data Linkage – Direct Identifiers



S.285 Rationale

Change statute?

yes

no

**Impact:
High**
Allows potential for enhanced integration of data across Vermont (e.g., vital records, clinical information)

**Risk:
Low**
Introduces additional sensitive information in unlikely event data are compromised.

**Impact:
Neutral**
No change to current state, including information at risk in case data are compromised.

**Risk:
High**
Requires redundant systems and/or submissions to integrate claims within state's data systems