TO THE HONORABLE SENATE:

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2	The Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs to
3	which was referred House Bill No. 159 entitled "An act relating to community
4	and economic development and workforce revitalization" respectfully reports
5	that it has considered the same and recommends that the Senate propose to the
6	House that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and
7	inserting in lieu thereof the following:
8	* * * Purpose * * *
9	Sec. 1. PURPOSE
10	The purpose of this act is to address the negative economic impacts of
11	COVID-19 on Vermont's economy, employers, workers, and families while
12	simultaneously leveraging opportunities to grow Vermont's economy.

15 § 4. NEW RELOCATING EMPLOYEE INCENTIVES

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 4 is amended to read:

(a) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall design and implement a program to award incentive grants to relocating employees as provided in this section and subject to the policies and procedures the Agency adopts to implement the program.

\* \* \* Relocating Employee Incentives \* \* \*

(b) A relocating employee may be eligible for a grant under the program
 for qualifying expenses, subject to the following:

1	(1) A base grant shall not exceed \$5,000.00.
2	(2) The Agency may award an enhanced grant, which shall not exceed
3	\$7,500.00, for a relocating employee who becomes a resident in a labor market
4	area in this State in which:
5	(A) the average annual unemployment rate in the labor market area
6	exceeds the average annual unemployment rate in the State; or
7	(B) the average annual wage in the State exceeds the annual average
8	wage in the labor market area.
9	(c) The Agency shall:
10	(1) adopt procedures for implementing the program, which shall include
11	a simple certification process to certify relocating employees and qualifying
12	expenses;
13	(2) promote awareness of the program, including through coordination
14	with relevant trade groups and by integration into the Agency's economic
15	development marketing campaigns;
16	(3) award grants to relocating employees on a first come, first served
17	basis beginning on July 1, 2021, subject to available funding adopt procedures
18	to initially approve an applicant for a grant after verifying a relocating
19	employee's eligibility and to make final payment of a grant after verifying that
20	the relocating employee has completed relocation to this State; and

1	(4) adopt measurable goals, performance measures, and an audit strategy
2	to assess the utilization and performance of the program.
3	(d) On Annually, on or before January 15, 2022, the Agency shall submit a
4	report to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and
5	the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General
6	Affairs concerning the implementation of this section, including:
7	(1) a description of the policies and procedures adopted to implement
8	the program;
9	(2) the promotion and marketing of the program; and
10	(3) an analysis of the utilization and performance of the program,
11	including the projected revenue impacts and other qualitative and quantitative
12	returns on investment in the program based on available data and modeling.
13	(e) As used in this section:
14	(1) "Qualifying expenses" means the actual costs a relocating employee
15	incurs for relocation expenses, which may include moving costs, closing costs
16	for a primary residence, rental security deposit, one month's rent payment, and
17	other relocation expenses established in Agency guidelines.
18	(2) "Relocating employee" means an individual who meets the
19	following criteria:
20	(A)(i) On or after July 1, 2021:
21	(I) the individual becomes a full-time resident of this State;

1	(II) the individual becomes a full-time employee at a Vermont
2	location of a for-profit or nonprofit business organization domiciled or
3	authorized to do business in this State, or of a State, municipal, or other public
4	sector employer; and
5	(III) the individual becomes employed in one of the
6	"Occupations with the Most Openings" identified by the Vermont Department
7	of Labor in its "Short Term Employment Projections 2020-2022"; and
8	(IV) the employer attests to the Agency that, after reasonable
9	time and effort, the employer was unable to fill the employee's position from
10	among Vermont applicants; or
11	(ii) on or after February 1, 2022:
12	(I) the individual becomes a full-time resident of this State; and
13	(II) the individual is a full-time employee of an out-of-state
14	business and performs the majority of his or her employment duties remotely
15	from a home office or a co-working space located in this State.
16	(B) The individual receives gross salary or wages that equal or
17	exceed the Vermont livable wage rate calculated pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 526.
18	(C) The individual is subject to Vermont income tax.

1	Sec. 3. THINK VERMONT REGIONAL RECRUITMENT AND
2	RELOCATION NETWORK
3	(a) Regional recruitment and relocation network. The Department of
4	Tourism and Marketing shall launch and lead a coordinated regional relocation
5	network to facilitate the successful recruitment and relocation of individuals to
6	Vermont. The Department of Tourism and Marketing shall build capacity to
7	facilitate lead generation and support a network of regional and local entities
8	embedded in their communities who will act as resource coordinators to
9	transform leads into permanent residents. These network partners shall be
10	responsible for providing quick, customized information, resources, and
11	referrals. The network shall be designed to:
12	(1) leverage all available State and federal resources;
13	(2) provide a regionally customized customer support pathway for
14	potential residents;
15	(3) receive, respond to, and track leads generated by State marketing
16	efforts;
17	(4) ensure that every inquiry is responded to in a timely, appropriate
18	way in support of future employment and successful relocation;
19	(5) collaborate with regional employers on their recruitment efforts to
20	maximize the sharing of information about employment opportunities and
21	promote placements or matching of applicants;

1	(6) track, share, and report information between other regional contacts,
2	State agencies, and departments; and
3	(7) evolve and respond to new needs and resources.
4	(b) System infrastructure.
5	(1) The Department shall establish a competitive RFP process, with the
6	goal of contracting with an entity, based on responses received, in each of 12
7	designated regions. The competitive process will help the Department ensure
8	that there is capacity within responding entities to perform the scope of work
9	required.
10	(2) The Department shall score the RFP responses and utilize a scoring
11	system to choose a partner entity in each region of the State.
12	(3) The Department shall create one full-time staff position to maintain
13	oversight and management of the regional network and report on outcomes and
14	relocation services delivered.
15	(4) The regional network shall be integrated into current recruitment
16	efforts to maximize existing tools such as ThinkVermont.com.
17	(5) The Department shall leverage its existing programmatic footprint to
18	ensure that relocation assistance is available in every region of the State.
19	(6) To the extent possible, the regional relocation network shall not
20	duplicate or replace existing public or private recruitment programs.

1	(7) The Department shall work to coordinate and enhance these efforts
2	to create a wraparound system of support, information, and recordkeeping.
3	(c) Coordination. The Department shall coordinate with statewide and
4	community-based organizations, as well as Agencies and Departments in State
5	government, including the Department of Labor, the Agency of Human
6	Services, Vocational Rehabilitation, Regional Development Corporations and
7	Regional Planning Commissions, and statewide and local chambers of
8	commerce.
9	(d) Promotion and marketing.
10	(1) The Department shall promote Vermont as a relocation destination
11	to attract new residents to the State and generate leads for the regional
12	relocation network.
13	(2) The Department shall use a mix of marketing tactics, each with
14	specific benchmarks to define success, including:
15	(A) secure and maintain positive earned media coverage in national,
16	regional, and other news media;
17	(B) extend the reach of positive news coverage through owned media
18	channels;
19	(C) utilize paid media opportunities to advertise Vermont as a place
20	to live, work, visit, and do business; and

1	(D) utilize targeting techniques to reach key populations in high
2	demand occupations in sectors facing workforce shortages in Vermont as well
3	as individuals of diverse backgrounds.
4	(e) Report. The Department shall include the following metrics in addition
5	to a progress update and any recommendations annually to the General
6	Assembly:
7	(1) the number of inquiries received and individuals served in each
8	region, by region; and
9	(2) employment and relocation status data on all individuals served.
10	(f) Implementation. The Department of Tourism and Marketing shall
11	launch the RFP and select regional network partners based on the responses on
12	or before November 15, 2022.
13	* * * Capital Investment Grant Program * * *
14	Sec. 4. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec. H.18 is amended to read:
15	Sec. H.18 CAPITAL INVESTMENT GRANT PROGRAM
16	(a) Creation; purpose; regional outreach.
17	(1) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall use
18	the \$10,580,000 appropriated to the Department of Economic Development in
19	Sec. G.300(a)(12) of this act to design and implement a capital investment
20	grant program consistent with this section.

1	(2) The purpose of the program is to make funding available for
2	transformational projects that will provide each region of the State with the
3	opportunity to attract businesses, retain existing businesses, create jobs, and
4	invest in their communities by encouraging capital investments and economic
5	growth.
6	(3) The Agency shall collaborate with other State agencies, regional
7	development corporations, regional planning commissions, and other
8	community partners to identify potential regional applicants and projects to
9	ensure the distribution of grants throughout the regions of the State.
10	(b) Eligible applicants.
11	(1) To be eligible for a grant, an applicant shall <u>comply with the</u>
12	Department of Treasury Final Rule implementing the Coronavirus State and
13	Local Fiscal Recovery Funds established under the American Rescue Plan Act
14	and meet the following criteria:
15	(A) The applicant is located within this State.
16	(B) The applicant is:
17	(i)(I) a for-profit entity with not less than a 10 percent equity
18	interest in the project; or
19	(II) a nonprofit entity; and
20	(ii) grant funding from the Program represents not more than 50
21	20 percent of the total project cost.

1	(C) The applicant demonstrates:
2	(i) community and regional support for the project;
3	(ii) that grant funding is needed to complete the project;
4	(iii) leveraging of additional sources of funding from local, State,
5	or federal economic development programs; and
6	(iv) an ability to manage the project, with requisite experience and
7	a plan for fiscal viability.
8	(2) The following are ineligible to apply for a grant:
9	(A) a State or local government-operated business;
10	(B) a municipality;
11	(C) a business that, together with any affiliated business, owns or
12	operates more than 20 locations, regardless of whether those locations do
13	business under the same name or within the same industry; and
14	(D) a publicly traded publicly traded company.
15	(c) Awards; amount; eligible uses.
16	(1) An award shall not exceed the lesser of $\$1,500,000.00$ $\$1,000,000$ or
17	the estimated net State fiscal impact of the project based on Agency modeling
18	20 percent of the total project cost.
19	(2) A recipient may use grant funds for the acquisition of property and
20	equipment, construction, renovation, and related capital expenses.

2	sources but shall not use grant funds from multiple sources for the same costs
3	within the same project.
4	(4) The Agency shall release grant funds upon determining that the
5	applicant has met all Program conditions and requirements.
6	(5) Nothing in this section is intended to prevent a grant recipient from
7	applying for additional grant funds if future amounts are appropriated for the
8	program.
9	(d) Data model; approval.
10	(1) The Agency shall collaborate with the Legislative Economist to
11	design a data model and related methodology to assess the fiscal, economic,
12	and societal impacts of proposals and prioritize them based on the results.
13	(2) The Agency shall present the model and related methodology to the
14	Joint Fiscal Committee for its approval not later than September 1, 2021.
15	(e) Application process; decisions; awards.
16	(1)(A) The Agency shall accept applications on a rolling basis for three
17	month periods and shall review and consider for approval the group of
18	applications it has received as of the conclusion of each three-month period.
19	(B) The Agency shall make application information available to the
20	Legislative Economist and the Executive Economist in a timely manner.

(3) A recipient may combine grant funds with funding from other

1	(2) Using the data model and methodology approved by the Joint Fiscal
2	Committee, the Agency shall analyze the information provided in an
3	application to estimate the net State fiscal impact of a project, including the
4	following factors:
5	(A) increase to grand list value;
6	(B) improvements to supply chain;
7	(C) jobs impact, including the number and quality of jobs; and
8	(D) increase to State GDP. [Repealed.]
9	(3) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall
10	appoint an interagency team, which may include members from among the
11	Department of Economic Development, the Department of Housing and
12	Community Development, the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, the
13	Department of Public Service, the Agency of Natural Resources, or other State
14	agencies and departments, which team shall review, analyze, and recommend
15	projects for funding consistent with the guidelines the Agency develops in
16	coordination with the Joint Fiscal Office and approved by the Joint Fiscal
17	Committee and based on the estimated net State fiscal impact of a project and
18	on other contributing factors, including the following:
19	(A) transformational nature of the project for the region;
20	(B) project readiness, quality, and demonstrated collaboration with
21	stakeholders and other funding sources;

1	(C) alignment and consistency with regional plans and priorities; and
2	(D) creation and retention of workforce opportunities.
3	(4) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development shall
4	consider the recommendations of the interagency team and shall give final
5	approval to projects.
6	(f) Grant agreements; post award monitoring.
7	(1) If selected by the Secretary, the applicant and the Agency shall
8	execute a grant agreement that includes audit provisions and minimum
9	requirements for the maintenance and accessibility of records that ensures that
10	the Agency and the Auditor of Accounts have access and authority to monitor
11	awards.
12	(2) The Agency shall publish on its website not later than 30 days after
13	approving an award a brief project description, the name of the grantee, and the
14	amount of a grant.
15	(g) Report. On or before December 15, 2021 February 15, 2023, the
16	Agency shall submit a report to the House Committee on Commerce and
17	Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Economic
18	Development, Housing and General Affairs concerning the implementation of
19	this section, including:
20	(1) a description of the implementation of the program;
21	(2) the promotion and marketing of the program;

1	(3) an analysis of the utilization and performance of the program,
2	including the projected revenue impacts and other qualitative and quantitative
3	returns on investment in the program based on available data and modeling.
4	(h) Implementation.
5	(1) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall
6	consult with the Legislative Joint Fiscal Office to develop guidelines and
7	approval processes for the Capital Investment Grant Program and shall submit
8	the proposed guidelines and processes to the Joint Fiscal Committee for
9	approval prior to accepting applications for grants through the Program.
10	(2) When considering whether and how to prioritize economic sectors
11	that have suffered economic harm due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Agency
12	may designate one or more sectors for priority consideration through the
13	Program, including the arts and culture, travel, lodging, tourism, agriculture,
14	and child care sectors.
15	* * * VEDA Short-Term Forgivable Loans * * *
16	Sec. 5. VEDA SHORT-TERM FORGIVABLE LOANS
17	(a) Creation. The Vermont Economic Development Authority shall create
18	a Short-Term Forgivable Loan Program to support Vermont businesses
19	experiencing continued working capital shortfalls as a result of the COVID-19
20	public health emergency.

1	(b) Eligible business. An eligible borrower is a for-profit or nonprofit
2	business:
3	(1) with fewer than 500 employees;
4	(2) located in Vermont;
5	(3) that was in operation or had taken substantial steps toward becoming
6	operational as of March 13, 2020; and
7	(4) that can identify economic harm caused by or exacerbated by the
8	pandemic.
9	(c) Economic harm.
10	(1) An applicant shall demonstrate economic harm from lost revenue,
11	increased costs, challenges covering payroll, rent or mortgage interest, or other
12	operating costs that threaten the capacity of the business to weather financial
13	hardships and result in general financial insecurity due to the COVID-19
14	public health emergency.
15	(2) The Authority shall measure economic harm by a material decline in
16	the applicant's annual adjusted net operating income before the COVID-19
17	public health emergency relative to its annual adjusted net operating income
18	during the COVID-19 public health emergency.
19	(3) When assessing an applicant's adjusted net operating income, the
20	Authority shall consider previous COVID-19 State and federal subsidies,

1	reasonable owner's compensation, noncash expenses, extraordinary items, and
2	other adjustments deemed appropriate.
3	(4) To be eligible for a loan, the Authority shall determine that a business
4	has experienced at least a 25 percent reduction in its adjusted net operating
5	income in calendar years 2020 and 2021 combined as compared to 2019, or
6	other appropriate basis of comparison where necessary, and that 50 percent or
7	more of the reduction occurred in 2021.
8	(d) Maximum loan. The Authority shall determine the amount of a loan
9	award pursuant to guidelines adopted pursuant to subsection (f) of this section,
10	provided that a loan shall not exceed the lesser of:
11	<u>(1) \$200,000.00;</u>
12	(2)(A) six months of eligible fixed costs; or
13	(B) if, due to the nature of the business and its historical experience
14	fixed costs are not an accurate measure of ongoing operational need, another
15	amount based on a comparable measure of cost; or
16	(3) the amount of the cumulative decline in adjusted net operating
17	income during the COVID-19 public health emergency in 2020 and 2021.
18	(e) Eligible use of loan; loan forgiveness.
19	(1) A loan recipient may use loan proceeds to pay for eligible fixed costs
20	or operating expenses but shall not use the proceeds for capital expenditures.

1	(2) The Authority shall approve loan forgiveness based on
2	documentation evidencing loan proceeds were used to pay for eligible fixed
3	costs or operating expenses.
4	(f) Guidelines. The Vermont Economic Development Authority shall
5	consult with the Legislative Joint Fiscal Office to develop guidelines and
6	approval processes for the VEDA Short-Term Forgivable Loan Program and
7	shall submit the proposed guidelines and processes to the Joint Fiscal
8	Committee for approval prior to accepting applications for grants through the
9	Program.
10	(g) Priority sectors. When considering whether and how to prioritize
11	economic sectors that have suffered economic harm due to the COVID-19
12	pandemic, the Agency of Commerce and Community Development may
13	designate one or more sectors for priority funding through the Program,
14	including the arts and culture, travel, lodging, tourism, agriculture, and child
15	care sectors.
16	* * * Project-Based Tax Increment Financing * * *
17	Sec. 6. 24 V.S.A. 1892(d) is amended to read:
18	(d) The following municipalities have been authorized to use education tax
19	increment financing for a tax increment financing district:
20	(1) the City of Burlington, Downtown;
21	(2) the City of Burlington, Waterfront;

1	(3) the Town of Milton, North and South Town of Bennington;
2	(4) the City of Newport City of Montpelier;
3	(5) the City of Winooski;
4	(6) the <del>Town of Colchester;</del>
5	(7) the Town of Hartford;
6	(8)(7) the City of St. Albans;
7	(9)(8) the City of Barre;
8	(10)(9) the Town of Milton, Town Core; and
9	(11)(10) the City of South Burlington.
10	Sec. 7. 32 V.S.A. § 5404a is amended to read:
11	§ 5404a. TAX STABILIZATION AGREEMENTS; TAX INCREMENT
12	FINANCING DISTRICTS
13	(a) A tax agreement or exemption shall affect the education property tax
14	grand list of the municipality in which the property subject to the agreement is
15	located if the agreement or exemption is:
16	* * *
17	(b)(1) An agreement affecting the education property tax grand list defined
18	under subsection (a) of this section shall reduce the municipality's education
19	property tax liability under this chapter for the duration of the agreement or
20	exemption without extension or renewal, and for a maximum of 10 years. A
21	municipality's property tax liability under this chapter shall be reduced by any

difference between the amount of the education property taxes collected on the subject property and the amount of education property taxes that would have been collected on such property if its fair market value were taxed at the equalized nonhomestead rate for the tax year.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a municipality has entered into an agreement that reduces the municipality's education property tax liability under this chapter and the municipality establishes a tax increment financing district under 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 5, the municipality's municipal and education tax increment shall be calculated based on the assessed value of the properties in the municipality's grand list and not on the stabilized value.

12 \*\*

(f) A municipality that establishes a tax increment financing district under 24 V.S.A. chapter 53, subchapter 5 shall collect all property taxes on properties contained within the district and apply not more than 70 percent of the State education property tax increment, and not less than 85 percent of the municipal property tax increment, to repayment of financing of the improvements and related costs for up to 20 years pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 1894, if approved by the Vermont Economic Progress Council pursuant to this section, subject to the following:

1	(1) In a municipality with one or more approved districts, the Council
2	shall not approve an additional district until the municipality retires the debt
3	incurred for all of the districts in the municipality.
4	(2) The Council shall not approve more than six four districts in the
5	State, and not more than two per county, provided:
6	(A) The districts listed in 24 V.S.A. § 1892(d) shall not be counted
7	against the limits imposed in this subdivision (2).
8	(B) The Council shall consider complete applications in the order
9	they are submitted, except that if during any calendar month the Council
10	receives applications for more districts than are actually available in a county,
11	the Council shall evaluate each application and shall approve the application
12	that, in the Council's discretion, best meets the economic development needs
13	of the county.
14	(C) If, while the General Assembly is not in session, the Council
15	receives applications for districts that would otherwise qualify for approval
16	but, if approved, would exceed the six-district four-district limit in the State,
17	the Council shall make one or more presentations to the Emergency Board
18	concerning the applications, and the Emergency Board may, in its discretion,
19	increase the six-district limit.
20	(D) The Council shall not approve more than one district in
21	Bennington County and one district in Washington County.

1	* * *
2	(4) In any year that the assessed valuation of real property in a district
3	decreases in comparison to the original taxable value of the real property in a
4	district, a municipality shall pay the amount equal to the tax calculated based
5	on the original taxable value to the Education Fund.
6	* * *
7	(h) To approve utilization of incremental revenues pursuant to subsection
8	(f) of this section:
9	* * *
10	(4) Project criteria. Determine that the proposed development within a
11	tax increment financing district will accomplish at least three of the following
12	five criteria:
13	* * *
14	(C) The project will affect the remediation and redevelopment of a
15	brownfield located within the district. <u>In the case of a brownfield, the Vermont</u>
16	Economic Progress Council is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to
17	subsection (j) of this section to clarify what is a reasonable improvement, as
18	defined in 24 V.S.A. § 1891, to remediate and stimulate the development or
19	redevelopment in the district. As used in this section, "brownfield" means an
20	area in which a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant is or may be

1	present, and that situation is likely to complicate the expansion, development,
2	redevelopment, or reuse of the property.
3	* * *
4	Sec. 8. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING PROJECT DEVELOPMENT;
5	PILOT PROGRAM
6	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:
7	(1) "Committed" means pledged and appropriated for the purpose of the
8	current and future payment of tax increment financing and related costs as
9	defined in this section.
10	(2) "Coordinating agency" means any public or private entity from
11	outside the municipality's departments or offices and not employing the
12	municipality's staff, which has been designated by a municipality to administer
13	and coordinate a project during creation, public hearing process, approval
14	process, or administration and operation during the life of the project,
15	including overseeing infrastructure development, real property development
16	and redevelopment, assisting with reporting, and ensuring compliance with
17	statute and rule.
18	(3) "Financing" means debt incurred, including principal, interest, and
19	any fees or charges directly related to that debt, or other instruments or
20	borrowing used by a municipality to pay for improvements and related costs
21	for the approved project, only if authorized by the legal voters of the

municipality in accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 1894. Payment for eligible	
related costs may also include direct payment by the municipality using the	
district increment. However, such anticipated payments shall be included	
in the vote by the legal voters of the municipality in accordance with	
subsection (f) of this section. If interfund loans within the municipality are	
used as the method of financing, no interest shall be charged. Bond	
anticipation notes may be used as a method of financing and may qualify as a	:
municipality's first incurrence of debt. A municipality that uses a bond	
anticipation note during the third or sixth year that a municipality may incur	
debt pursuant to subsection (f) of this section shall incur all permanent	
financing not more than one year after issuing the bond anticipation note.	
(4) "Improvements" means the installation, new construction, or	
reconstruction of infrastructure that will serve a public purpose, including	
utilities, transportation, public facilities and amenities, land and property	
acquisition and demolition, brownfield remediation, and site preparation.	
"Improvements" also means the funding of debt service interest payments for	a
period of up to five years, beginning on the date on which the first debt is	
incurred.	
(5) "Legislative body" means the mayor and alderboard, the city	
council, the selectboard, and the president and trustees of an incorporated	
village, as appropriate.	

1	(6) "Municipality" means a city, town, or incorporated village.
2	(7) "Nexus" means the causal relationship that must exist between the
3	improvements and the expected development and redevelopment in the TIF
4	Project Zone or the expected outcomes in the TIF Project Zone.
5	(8) "Original taxable value" means the total valuation as determined in
6	accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 129 of all taxable real property located
7	within the project as of the creation date, provided that no parcel within the
8	project shall be divided or bisected.
9	(9) "Project" means a public improvement, as defined in subdivision (4)
10	of this subsection, with a total debt ceiling, including related costs, and
11	principal and interest payments, of not more than \$5,000,000.00. A project
12	must:
13	(A) Clearly require substantial public investment over and above the
14	normal municipal operating or bonded debt expenditures.
15	(B) Only include public improvements that are integral to the
16	expected private development.
17	(C) Meet one of the following four criteria:
18	(i) The development includes new or rehabilitated affordable
19	housing, as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 4303.
20	(ii) The project will affect the remediation and redevelopment of a
21	brownfield located within the district. As used in this section, "brownfield"

1	means an area in which a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant is or
2	may be present, and that situation is likely to complicate the expansion,
3	development, redevelopment, or reuse of the property.
4	(iii) The development will include at least one entirely new
5	business or business operation or expansion of an existing business within the
6	project, and this business will provide new, quality, full-time jobs that meet or
7	exceed the prevailing wage for the region as reported by the Department of
8	<u>Labor.</u>
9	(iv) The development will enhance transportation by creating
10	improved traffic patterns and flow or creating or improving public
11	transportation systems.
12	(10) "Related costs" means expenses incurred and paid by the
13	municipality, exclusive of the actual cost of constructing and financing
14	improvements, that are directly related to the creation and implementation of
15	the project, including reimbursement of sums previously advanced by the
16	municipality for those purposes. Related costs may not include direct
17	municipal expenses such as departmental or personnel costs.
18	(11) "TIF project zone" means an area located within one or more active
19	designations approved by the Vermont Downtown Development Board under
20	24 V.S.A. chapter 76A, or located within an industrial park as defined in

1	10 V.S.A. § 212(7), for the parcels in a municipality that have nexus to the
2	project.
3	(b) Pilot program. Beginning on January 1, 2023 and ending on December
4	31, 2027, the Vermont Economic Progress Council is authorized to approve a
5	total of not more than four tax increment financing projects, with not more
6	than three projects per year; provided, however, that there shall not be more
7	than one project per municipality.
8	(c) General authority. Under the pilot program established in
9	subsection (b) of this section, a municipality, upon approval of its
10	legislative body, may apply to the Vermont Economic Progress Council
11	pursuant to the process set forth in subsection (e) of this section to use tax
12	increment financing for a project.
13	(d) Eligibility.
14	(1) A municipality is only authorized to apply for a project under this
15	section if:
16	(A) the project will serve one or more active designations approved
17	by the Vermont Downtown Development Board under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A,
18	or is located within an industrial park as defined in 10 V.S.A. § 212(7); and
19	(B) the proposed infrastructure improvements and the projected
20	development or redevelopment are compatible with confirmed municipal and
21	regional development plans and the project has clear local and regional

1	significance for employment, housing, brownfield remediation, or
2	transportation improvements.
3	(2) A municipality with an approved tax increment financing district as
4	set forth in 24 V.S.A. 1892(d) is not authorized to apply for a project under this
5	section.
6	(e) Approval process. The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall do
7	all of the following to approve an application submitted pursuant to
8	subsection (c) of this section:
9	(1)(A) Review each application to determine that the infrastructure
10	improvements proposed to serve the project and the proposed development in
11	the project would not have occurred as proposed in the application, or would
12	have occurred in a significantly different and less desirable manner than as
13	proposed in the application, but for the proposed utilization of the incremental
14	tax revenues.
15	(B) The review shall take into account:
16	(i) the amount of additional time, if any, needed to complete the
17	proposed development for the project and the amount of additional cost that
18	might be incurred if the project were to proceed without education property tax
19	increment financing:
20	(ii) how the proposed project components and size would differ, if
21	at all, including, if applicable to the project, in the number of units of

1	affordable housing, as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 4303, without education property
2	tax increment financing; and
3	(iii)(I) the amount of additional revenue expected to be generated
4	as a result of the proposed project;
5	(II) the percentage of that revenue that shall be paid to the
6	Education Fund;
7	(III) the percentage that shall be paid to the municipality; and
8	(IV) the percentage of the revenue paid to the municipality that
9	shall be used to pay financing incurred for development of the project.
10	(2) Process requirements. Determine that each application meets all of
11	the following requirements:
12	(A) The municipality held public hearings and established a project.
13	(B) The municipality has developed a tax increment financing project
14	plan, including a project description; a development financing plan; a pro
15	forma projection of expected costs; a projection of revenues; a statement and
16	demonstration that the project would not proceed without the allocation of a
17	tax increment; evidence that the municipality is actively seeking or has
18	obtained other sources of funding and investment; and a development schedule
19	that includes a list, a cost estimate, and a schedule for public improvements
20	and projected private development to occur as a result of the improvements.
21	The creation of the project shall occur at 12:01 a.m. on April 1 of the calendar

1	year the municipal legislative body votes to approve the tax increment
2	financing project plan.
3	(C) the municipality has approved or pledged the utilization of
4	incremental municipal tax revenues for the purposes of the project in the
5	proportion set for in subdivision (i)(2) of this section.
6	(f) Incurring indebtedness.
7	(1) A municipality approved under the process set forth in subsection (e)
8	of this section may incur indebtedness against revenues to provide funding to
9	pay for improvements and related costs for tax increment financing project
10	development.
11	(2) Notwithstanding any provision of any municipal charter, the
12	municipality shall only require one authorizing vote to incur debt through one
13	instance of borrowing to finance or otherwise pay for the tax increment
14	financing project improvements and related costs; provided, however, that a
15	municipality may present one or more subsequent authorization votes in the
16	event a vote fails. The municipality shall be authorized to incur indebtedness
17	only after the legal voters of the municipality, by a majority vote of all voters
18	present and voting on the question at a special or annual municipal meeting
19	duly warned for the purpose, authorize the legislative body to pledge the credit
20	of the municipality, borrow, or otherwise secure the debt for the specific
21	purposes so warned. The creation of the project shall occur at 12:01 a.m. on

1	April 1 of the calendar year the municipal legislative body votes to approve the
2	tax increment financing project plan.
3	(3) Any indebtedness shall be incurred within three years from the date
4	of approval by the Vermont Economic Progress Council, unless the Vermont
5	Economic Progress Council grants an extension of an additional three years
6	pursuant to the substantial change process set forth in the 2015 TIF Rule;
7	provided, however, that an updated plan is submitted prior to the three-year
8	termination date of the project.
9	(g) Original taxable value. As of the date the project is approved by the
10	legislative body of the municipality, the lister or assessor for the municipality
11	shall certify the original taxable value and shall certify to the legislative body
12	in each year thereafter during the life of the project the amount by which the
13	total valuation as determined in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 129 of all
14	taxable real property located within the project has increased or decreased
15	relative to the original taxable value.
16	(h) Tax increments.
17	(1) In each year following the approval of the project, the lister or
18	assessor shall include not more than the original taxable value of the real
19	property in the assessed valuation upon which the treasurer computes the rates
20	of all taxes levied by the municipality and every other taxing district in which
21	the project is situated, but the treasurer shall extend all rates so determined

against the entire assessed valuation of real property for that year. In each year
for which the assessed valuation exceeds the original taxable value, the
municipality shall hold apart, rather than remit to the taxing districts, that
proportion of all taxes paid that year on the real property within the project that
the excess valuation bears to the total assessed valuation. The amount held
apart each year is the "tax increment" for that year. Not more than the
percentages established pursuant to subsection (i) of this section of the
municipal and State education tax increments received with respect to the
project and committed for the payment for financing for improvements and
related costs shall be segregated by the municipality in a special tax increment
financing project account and in its official books and records until all capital
indebtedness of the project has been fully paid. The final payment shall be
reported to the treasurer, who shall thereafter include the entire assessed
valuation of the project in the assessed valuations upon which municipal and
other tax rates are computed and extended, and thereafter no taxes from the
project shall be deposited in the project's tax increment financing account.
(2) In each year, a municipality shall remit not less than the aggregate
original taxable value to the Education Fund.
(3) Notwithstanding any charter provision or other provision, all
property taxes assessed within a project shall be subject to the provision of
subdivision (1) of this subsection. Special assessments levied under 24 V.S.A.

1	chapter 76A or 87 or under a municipal charter shall not be considered
2	property taxes for the purpose of this section if the proceeds are used
3	exclusively for operating expenses related to properties within the project and
4	not for improvements within the district as defined in subdivision (a)(3) of this
5	section.
6	(4) Amounts held apart under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall
7	only be used for financing and related costs as defined in subsection (a) of this
8	section.
9	(i) Use of tax increment.
10	(1) Education property tax increment. For only debt incurred within the
11	period permitted under subdivision (e)(3) of this section after approval of the
12	project, up to 70 percent of the education tax increment may be retained for up
13	to 20 years, beginning with the education tax increment generated the year in
14	which the first debt incurred for the project financed in whole or in part with
15	incremental education property tax revenue. Upon incurring the first debt, a
16	municipality shall notify the Department of Taxes and the Vermont Economic
17	Progress Council of the beginning of the 20-year retention period of the
18	education tax increment.
19	(2) Use of the municipal property tax increment. For only debt incurred
20	within the period permitted under subdivision (e)(3) of this section after
21	approval of the project, not less than 85 percent of the municipal tax increment

1	shall be retained to service the debt, beginning the first year in which debt is
2	incurred, pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
3	(3) The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall determine there is a
4	nexus between the improvement and the expected development and
5	redevelopment for the project and expected outcomes in the TIF Project Zone.
6	(j) Distribution. Of the municipal and education tax increments received in
7	any tax year that exceed the amounts committed for the payment of the
8	financing for improvements and related costs for the project, equal portions of
9	each increment may be retained for the following purposes: prepayment of
10	principal and interest on the financing, placed in a special account required by
11	subdivision (g)(1) of this section and used for future financing payments or
12	used for defeasance of the financing. Any remaining portion of the excess
13	municipal tax increment shall be distributed to the city, town, or village
14	budget, in the proportion that each budget bears to the combined total of the
15	budgets, unless otherwise negotiated by the city, town, or village, and any
16	remaining portion of the excess education tax increment shall be distributed to
17	the Education Fund.
18	(k) Information reporting. Every municipality with an approved project
19	pursuant to this section shall:

1	(1) Develop a system, segregated for the project, to identify, collect, and
2	maintain all data and information necessary to fulfill the reporting
3	requirements of this section, including performance measures.
4	(2) Provide, as required by events, notification to the Vermont
5	Economic Progress Council and the Department of Taxes regarding any tax
6	increment financing development project debt obligations, public votes, or
7	votes by the municipal legislative body immediately following such obligation
8	or vote on a form prescribed by the Council, including copies of public notices,
9	agendas, minutes, vote tally, and a copy of the information provided to the
10	public in accordance with 24 V.S.A. § 1894(i).
11	(3) Annually:
12	(A) Ensure that the tax increment financing project account required
13	by subdivision (h)(1) is subject to the annual audit prescribed in subsection (m)
14	of this section. Procedures must include verification of the original taxable
15	value and annual and total municipal and education tax increments generated,
16	expenditures for debt and related costs, and current balance.
17	(B) On or before February 15 of each year, on a form prescribed by
18	the Council, submit an annual report to the Vermont Economic Progress
19	Council and the Department of Taxes, including the information required by
20	subdivision (2) of this section if not already submitted during the year, all
21	information required by subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3), and the

1	information required by 32 V.S.A. § 5404a(i), including performance measures
2	and any other information required by the Council or the Department of Taxes.
3	(l) Annual report. The Vermont Economic Progress Council and the
4	Department of Taxes shall submit an annual report to the Senate Committees
5	on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Finance and
6	the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development and on
7	Ways and Means on or before April January 1 each year. The report shall
8	include the date of approval, a description of the project, the original taxable
9	value of the property subject to the project development, the scope and value
10	of projected and actual improvements and developments in the TIF Project
11	Zone, projected and actual incremental revenue amounts, and division of the
12	increment revenue between project debt, the Education Fund, the special
13	account required by subdivision (h)(1) and the municipal General Fund,
14	projected and actual financing, and a set of performance measures developed
15	by the Vermont Economic Progress Council, which may include outcomes
16	related to the criteria for which the municipality applied and the amount of
17	infrastructure work performed by Vermont firms.
18	(m) Audit; financial reports. Annually, until the year following the end of
19	the period for retention of education tax increment, a municipality with an
20	approved project under this section shall:

1	(1) On or before <del>January</del> October 1, submit an annual report to the
2	Vermont Economic Progress Council, which shall provide sufficient
3	information for the Vermont Economic Progress Council to prepare its report
4	required by subsection (i) of this section.
5	(2) On or before April 1, ensure that the project is subject to the annual
6	audit prescribed in 24 V.S.A. § 1681 or 1690 and submit a copy to the
7	Vermont Economic Progress Council. In the event that the audit is only
8	subject to the audit under 24 V.S.A. § 1681, the Vermont Economic Progress
9	Council shall ensure a process is in place to subject the project to an
10	independent audit. Procedures for the audit must include verification of the
11	original taxable value and annual and total municipal and education tax
12	increments generated, expenditures for debt and related costs, and current
13	balance.
14	(n) Authority to issue decisions.
15	(1) The Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, after
16	reasonable notice to a municipality and an opportunity for a hearing, is
17	authorized to issue decisions to a municipality on questions and inquiries
18	concerning the administration of projects, statutes, rules, noncompliance with
19	this section, and any instances of noncompliance identified in audit reports
20	conducted pursuant to subsection (m) of this section.

1	(2) The Vermont Economic Progress Council shall prepare
2	recommendations for the Secretary prior to the issuance of a decision. As
3	appropriate, the Council may prepare such recommendations in consultation
4	with the Commissioner of Taxes, the Attorney General, and the State
5	Treasurer. In preparing recommendations, the Council shall provide a
6	municipality with a reasonable opportunity to submit written information in
7	support of its position. The Secretary shall review the recommendations of the
8	Council and issue a final written decision on each matter within 60 days
9	following the receipt of the recommendations. The Secretary may permit an
10	appeal to be taken by any party to a Superior Court for determination of
11	questions of law in the same manner as the Supreme Court may by rule
12	provide for appeals before final judgment from a Superior Court before issuing
13	a final decision.
14	(o) The Vermont Economic Progress Council is authorized to adopt
15	policies that are consistent with the 2015 TIF Rule, as may be modified by
16	subsequent rule, to implement this section.
17	Sec. 9. 24 V.S.A. § 1891 is amended to read:
18	§ 1891. DEFINITIONS
19	When As used in this subchapter:
20	* * *

(4) "Improvements" means the installation, new construction, or reconstruction of infrastructure that will serve a public purpose and fulfill the purpose of tax increment financing districts as stated in section 1893 of this subchapter, including utilities, transportation, public facilities and amenities, land and property acquisition and demolition, and site preparation.

"Improvements" also means the funding of debt service interest payments for a period of up to five years, beginning on the date in which the first debt is incurred.

\* \* \*

(7) "Financing" means debt incurred, including principal, interest, and any fees or charges directly related to that debt, or other instruments or borrowing used by a municipality to pay for improvements in a tax increment financing district, only if authorized by the legal voters of the municipality in accordance with section 1894 of this subchapter. Payment for the cost of district improvements and related costs may also include direct payment by the municipality using the district increment. However, such payment is also subject to a vote by the legal voters of the municipality in accordance with section 1894 of this subchapter and, if not included in the tax increment financing plan approved under subsection 1894(d) of this subchapter, is also considered a substantial change and subject to the review process provided by subdivision 1901(2)(B) of this subchapter. If interfund loans within the

1	municipality are used as the method of financing, no interest shall be charged.
2	Bond anticipation notes may be used as a method of financing and may qualify
3	as a district's first incurrence of debt. A municipality that uses a bond
4	anticipation note during the fifth year or tenth year that a district may incur
5	debt pursuant to section 1894 of this title shall incur all permanent financing
6	not more than one year after issuing the bond anticipation note.
7	* * *
8	Sec. 10. 24 V.S.A. § 1895 is amended to read:
9	§ 1895. ORIGINAL TAXABLE VALUE
10	(a) Certification. As of the date the district is created, the lister or assessor
11	for the municipality shall certify the original taxable value and shall certify to
12	the legislative body in each year thereafter during the life of the district the
13	amount by which the total valuation as determined in accordance with
14	32 V.S.A. chapter 129 of all taxable real property located within the tax
15	increment financing district has increased or decreased relative to the original
16	taxable value.
17	(b) Boundary of the district. Any parcel within a district shall be located
18	wholly within the boundaries of a district. No adjustments to the boundary of a
19	district are permitted after the approval of a tax increment financing district
20	plan as described in section 1894 of this title.

1	Sec. 11. 32 V.S.A. § 5404a(h) is amended to read:
2	(h) To approve utilization of incremental revenues pursuant to
3	subsection (f) of this section, the Vermont Economic Progress Council shall do
4	all the following:
5	* * *
6	(3) Location criteria. Determine that each application meets at least two
7	one of the following three criteria:
8	* * *
9	* * * Vermont Film and Media Industry * * *
10	Sec. 12. VERMONT FILM AND MEDIA INDUSTRY TASK FORCE;
11	STUDY; REPORT
12	(a) There is created the Vermont Film and Media Industry Task Force
13	composed of the following members:
14	(1) one current member of the House of Representatives, who shall be
15	appointed by the Speaker of the House;
16	(2) one current member of the Senate, who shall be appointed by the
17	Senate Committee on Committees;
18	(3) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or
19	designee; and
20	(4) a member, appointed by the Vermont Arts Council, who shall serve
21	as chair and shall convene meetings of the Task Force.

1	(b)(1) The Task Force shall have legal assistance from the Office of
2	Legislative Counsel and fiscal assistance from the Joint Fiscal Office.
3	(2) Members of the Task Force shall receive per diem compensation and
4	reimbursement for expenses as provided in 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than
5	four meetings.
6	(c) On or before January 15, 2023, the Task Force shall consult relevant
7	stakeholders in the film and media industry and shall study and submit a report
8	to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development and to the
9	Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs
10	that reviews the history of State efforts to cultivate the film and media industry
11	in Vermont and what financial and other support the State may provide in the
12	future to revitalize the industry following the COVID-19 pandemic and to
13	invigorate the industry in the future, including:
14	(1) successes and failures of past State involvement;
15	(2) opportunities to invigorate the industry, attract filmmakers and
16	media entrepreneurs, and promote Vermont as an attractive destination for
17	tourism and for business development;
18	(3) how Vermont can differentiate and compete with other jurisdictions
19	that also seek to cultivate a more expansive film and media industry;
20	(4) a survey of which entities, in State government and in the private
21	sector, provide outreach and support to businesses in the industry;

1	(5) opportunities for employing federal COVID-19 relief funds to revive
2	the industry; and
3	(6) a cost-benefit analysis of establishing new State financial,
4	administrative, or other supports for the industry.
5	* * * Minimum Wage * * *
6	Sec. 13. FINDINGS
7	The General Assembly finds:
8	(1) The COVID-19 pandemic has caused the labor market to tighten,
9	which has resulted in employers offering higher starting wages to workers in
10	many occupations.
11	(2) Supply chain disruptions and labor shortages related to the COVID-
12	19 pandemic have caused significant inflation and increases in the cost of
13	living for Vermonters.
14	(3) Increasing Vermont's minimum wage will better align the statutory
15	minimum wage with the actual conditions in Vermont's labor market and will
16	help lower-wage workers to better afford the cost of essential goods and
17	services.
18	Sec. 13a. 21 V.S.A. § 384 is amended to read:
19	§ 384. EMPLOYMENT; WAGES
20	(a)(1) An employer shall not employ any employee at a rate of less than
21	\$10.96. Beginning on January 1, 2021, an employer shall not employ any

1	employee at a rate of less than \$11.75. Beginning on January 1, 2022, an
2	employer shall not employ any employee at a rate of less than \$12.55.
3	Beginning on January 1, 2023, an employer shall not employ any employee at
4	a rate of less than \$13.75. Beginning on January 1, 2024, an employer shall
5	not employ any employee at a rate of less than \$15.00, and on each subsequent
6	January 1, the minimum wage rate shall be increased by five percent or the
7	percentage increase of the Consumer Price Index, CPI-U, U.S. city average,
8	not seasonally adjusted, or successor index, as calculated by the U.S.
9	Department of Labor or successor agency for the 12 months preceding the
10	previous September 1, whichever is smaller, but in no event shall the minimum
11	wage be decreased. The minimum wage shall be rounded off to the nearest
12	\$0.01.
13	* * *
14	* * * COVID-19-Related Paid Leave Grant Program * * *
15	Sec. 14. FINDINGS AND INTENT
16	(a) The General Assembly finds that:
17	(1) COVID-19 has caused increased employee absences due to illness,
18	quarantine, and school and daycare closures.
19	(2) Many employees do not have sufficient paid time off to cover all of
20	their COVID-19-related absences from work.

1	(3) Some employers have provided their employees with additional paid
2	time off for COVID-19-related purposes.
3	(4) The surge in COVID-19 cases caused by the Omicron variant of the
4	virus has made it financially difficult or impossible for employers to provide
5	additional paid time off to their employees for COVID-19-related purposes.
6	(5) Providing grants to employers to reimburse a portion of the cost of
7	providing paid time off to employees for COVID-19-related purposes will:
8	(A) help to mitigate some negative economic impacts of the COVID-
9	19 pandemic on employers;
10	(B) improve employee retention;
11	(C) prevent the spread of COVID-19 in the workplace; and
12	(D) provide crucial income to employees and their families.
13	(6) The Front-Line Employees Hazard Pay Grant Program established
14	pursuant to 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 136, Sec. 6 and expanded pursuant to
15	2020 Acts and Resolves No. 168, Sec. 1 successfully directed millions of
16	dollars in hazard pay to front-line workers during the first year of the COVID-
17	19 pandemic. By utilizing grants to employers, who in turn provided the
18	hazard pay to their employees, the Program enabled employers to retain
19	employees and reward them for their hard work during the uncertainty of the
20	early months of the COVID-19 pandemic.

1	(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the COVID-19-Related
2	Paid Leave Grant Program created pursuant to section 14a of this act shall be
3	modeled on the Front-Line Employees Hazard Pay Grant Program and shall
4	assist employers in providing paid leave to their employees for COVID-19
5	related absences.
6	Sec. 14a. COVID-19-RELATED PAID LEAVE GRANT PROGRAM
7	(a)(1) There is established in the Agency of Administration the COVID-19-
8	Related Paid Leave Grant Program to administer and award grants to
9	employers to reimburse the cost of providing COVID-19-related paid leave
10	provided to employees.
11	(2) The sum of \$16,500,000.00 is appropriated from the American
12	Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) - Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Funds to the
13	Agency of Administration in fiscal year 2023 for the provision of grants to
14	reimburse employers for the cost of providing COVID-19-related sick leave.
15	Not more than five percent of the amount appropriated pursuant to this
16	subdivision (2) may be used for expenses related to program administration
17	and outreach.
18	(b) As used in this section:
19	(1) "Agency" means the Agency of Administration.
20	(2) "COVID-19-related reason" means the employee is:

1	(A) self-isolating because the employee has been diagnosed with
2	COVID-19 or tested positive for COVID-19;
3	(B) self-isolating pursuant to the recommendation of a health care
4	provider or a State or federal public health official because the employee has
5	been exposed to COVID-19 or the employee is experiencing symptoms of
6	COVID-19;
7	(C) caring for a parent, grandparent, spouse, child, sibling, parent-in-
8	law, grandchild, or foster child, because:
9	(i) the school or place of care where that individual is normally
10	located during the employee's workday is closed due to COVID-19;
11	(ii) that individual has been requested not to attend the school or
12	the place of care where that individual is normally located during the
13	employee's workday due to COVID-19;
14	(iii) that individual has been diagnosed with or tested positive for
15	COVID-19; or
16	(iv) that individual is self-isolating pursuant to the
17	recommendation of a health care provider or a State or federal public health
18	official because that individual has been exposed to or is experiencing
19	symptoms of COVID-19;
20	(D) attending an appointment for the employee or the employee's
21	parent, grandparent, spouse, child, sibling, parent-in-law, grandchild, or foster

1	child to receive a vaccine or a vaccine booster for protection against COVID-
2	<u>19; or</u>
3	(E) experiencing symptoms, or caring for a parent, grandparent,
4	spouse, child, sibling, parent-in-law, grandchild, or foster child who is
5	experiencing symptoms, related to a vaccine or a vaccine booster for protection
6	against COVID-19.
7	(3) "Employee" means an individual who, in consideration of direct or
8	indirect gain or profit, is employed by an employer to perform services in
9	Vermont.
10	(4) "Employer" means any person that has one or more employees
11	performing services for it in Vermont. "Employer" does not include the State
12	or the United States.
13	(5) "Program" means the COVID-19-Related Paid Leave Grant Program
14	established pursuant to this section.
15	(6) "Program period" means the period beginning on January 1, 2022
16	and ending on December 31, 2022.
17	(7) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Administration.
18	(c)(1) An employer may apply to the Secretary for one or more grants to
19	reimburse the employer for the cost of paid leave provided to its employees for
20	COVID-19-related reasons during the program period.

1	(2) An employer's grant amount may include reimbursement for
2	retroactively provided COVID-19-related paid leave to employees who took
3	unpaid leave for a COVID-19-related reason during the program period
4	because the employee did not have sufficient accrued paid leave available at
5	the time that the employee took the leave.
6	(3) Employers may submit applications for grants not more than once
7	each calendar month for paid leave provided during the program period
8	between the beginning of the program period or the employer's previous
9	application, whichever is later, and the date of the employer's current
10	application.
11	(4) For the sole purpose of administering grants related to paid leave
12	provided to independent direct support providers for COVID-19-related
13	reasons, ARIS Solutions, as the fiscal agent for the employers of the
14	independent direct support providers, shall have the authority to apply for a
15	grant in the same manner as any employer.
16	(d)(1) The Secretary shall:
17	(A) adopt procedures for implementing the Program, which shall
18	include a simple grant application process, a process to allow employers to
19	certify the amount of paid leave provided for COVID-19-related reasons, and a
20	process to allow employers to report on their use of the grant funds awarded
21	pursuant to this section;

1	(B) promote awareness of the Program to employers;
2	(C) award grants to employers on a first-come, first-served basis,
3	subject to available funding; and
4	(D) develop and implement an audit strategy to assess grant
5	utilization, the performance of the Program, and compliance with Program
6	requirements.
7	(2)(A) The Secretary may delegate administration of one or more
8	aspects of the Program to other agencies and departments of the State.
9	(B) The Secretary may enter into agreements, memoranda of
10	understanding, or contracts with private entities as necessary to implement or
11	administer the Program and, notwithstanding any provision of law to the
12	contrary, shall not be required to competitively bid any contracts entered into
13	pursuant to this subdivision (2)(B). For the purposes of the Program, the
14	ongoing public health risk posed by COVID-19 shall be deemed to be an
15	emergency situation that justifies the execution of sole source contracts
16	pursuant to Bulletin 3.5, the State's Procurement and Contracting Procedures.
17	(e)(1) Employers may apply for grants to either reimburse a portion of the
18	cost of COVID-19-related paid leave provided to employees or to provide
19	funds to be used to retroactively provide paid leave to employees who took
20	unpaid leave for COVID-19-related reasons.

1	(A) For reimbursement of COVID-19-related paid leave that was
2	already provided, the employer may, subject to the limitations of
3	subdivision (2) of this subsection (e), apply for a grant in an amount equal the
4	number of hours of COVID-19-related paid leave provided to each employee
5	multiplied by the greater of either the 67 percent of the minimum wage
6	established pursuant to 21 V.S.A. § 384 or 67 percent of the employee's
7	regular hourly wage.
8	(B) For COVID-19-related paid leave that will be provided
9	retroactively to employees who took unpaid leave for COVID-19-related
10	reasons, the employer may, subject to the limitations of subdivision (2) of this
11	subsection (e), apply for a grant in an amount equal the number of hours of
12	COVID-19-related paid leave to be provided to each employee multiplied by
13	the greater of either the 67 percent of the minimum wage established pursuant
14	to 21 V.S.A. § 384 or 67 percent of the employee's regular hourly wage.
15	(2)(A) An employer may only apply for a grant in relation to COVID-
16	19-related leave that was taken by an employee during the program period.
17	(B) The maximum number of hours of COVID-19-related leave for
18	each employee that an employer may seek grant funding for through the
19	Program shall equal the lesser of 80 hours or two times the employee's average
20	weekly hours worked for the employer during the six months preceding the
21	date of the first application relating to that employee.

1	(C) The maximum amount that an employer shall be eligible to
2	receive for COVID-19-related paid leave for each employee shall be not more
3	than \$27.50 per hour of leave, with an aggregate maximum of \$2,200.00 per
4	employee during the program period.
5	(f) As a condition of being eligible to receive a grant through the Program,
6	each employer shall be required to certify:
7	(1) that the employer is not seeking funds in relation to any amounts of
8	paid leave that were deducted from the employee's accrued paid leave balance
9	at the time the COVID-19-related leave was taken unless those amounts have
10	been restored to the employee's accrued paid leave balance;
11	(2) grant funds shall only be used in relation to the payment of an
12	employee's wages for the period when the employee was absent from work for
13	a COVID-19-related reason; and
14	(3) employees receiving paid leave funded by a grant shall not be
15	required to pay an administrative fee or other charge in relation to the
16	employer requesting the grant.
17	(g) Each employer that receives a grant shall, not later than March 1, 2023,
18	report to the Agency on a form provided by the Secretary the amount of grant
19	funds used to provide paid leave to employees and the amount of any
20	remaining grant funds that were not spent. All unspent grant funds shall be
21	returned to the Agency pursuant to a procedure adopted by the Secretary.

1	(h) Any personally identifiable information that is collected by the
2	Program, any entity of State government performing a function of the Program,
3	or any entity that the Secretary contracts with to perform a function of the
4	Program shall be kept confidential and shall be exempt from inspection and
5	copying under the Public Records Act.
6	* * * Study of Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance * * *
7	Sec. 14b. FINDINGS
8	The General Assembly finds that:
9	(1) The COVID-19 pandemic highlighted the challenges that a lack of
10	paid leave poses to employees who must be absent from work for an extended
11	period of time due to illness or caregiving needs.
12	(2) Paid family and medical leave insurance would provide essential
13	income replacement for employees who must be absent from work for an
14	extended period of time due to illness, caregiving needs, or the birth or
15	adoption of a child.
16	(3) Paid family and medical leave insurance would mitigate the impact
17	of absences on employers by providing an affordable means of providing paid
18	leave to employees while improving employee retention.

1	Sec. 14c. PAID FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE; TASK FORCE;
2	REPORT
3	(a) Creation. There is created the Paid Family and Medical Leave
4	Insurance Task Force to reexamine the work and report of the Study
5	Committee on Employee Funded Paid Leave created pursuant to 2013 Acts
6	and Resolves No. 31, Sec. 13 and to investigate proven and tested paid family
7	and medical leave insurance programs in the United States in order to develop
8	an understanding of the best practices and implementation possibilities for the
9	potential enactment of an equitable and affordable paid family and medical
10	leave insurance program in Vermont, which may include both universal and
11	voluntary models.
12	(b) Membership. The Task Force shall be composed of the following
13	members:
14	(1) three current members of the House of Representatives, not all from
15	the same political party, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House;
16	<u>and</u>
17	(2) three current members of the Senate, not all from the same political
18	party, who shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees.
19	(c) Powers and duties.
20	(1) The Task Force shall examine the establishment of a paid family and
21	medical leave program in Vermont, including the following:

1	(A) the potential for creating a paid family and medical leave
2	insurance program in Vermont based on the experience of and best practices
3	from currently operating paid family and medical leave insurance solutions in
4	the United States that provide leave for the following purposes:
5	(i) bonding with a newborn or adopted child;
6	(ii) caring for an ill or injured family member;
7	(iii) the employee's own illness or injury; and
8	(iv) exigencies related to a family member serving in the U.S.
9	Armed Forces;
10	(B) based on the solutions examined pursuant to subdivision (1) of
11	this subsection, develop and examine models and projections for the startup
12	and implementation of similar solutions in Vermont, including:
13	(i) potential start-up and administrative costs;
14	(ii) administrative requirements and considerations;
15	(iii) advantages relative to the other models;
16	(iv) examples from other jurisdictions and the experience of the
17	programs in those jurisdictions;
18	(v) benefits and drawbacks; and
19	(vi) any other considerations that the Task Force determines are
20	relevant;

1	(C) opportunities to utilize tested and proven administrative models
2	or public-private partnerships to reduce administrative costs of a paid family
3	and medical leave insurance program or to enable a paid family and medical
4	leave insurance benefits to be established more quickly; and
5	(D) considerations related to the potential enactment of a federal paid
6	family and medical leave insurance program, including any measures that may
7	be necessary to ensure that a potential State program could adapt to and
8	complement the coverage provided by any federal program.
9	(2) The Task Force shall consult with affected stakeholders and
10	interested parties, including stakeholders and interested parties representing:
11	(A) the labor community;
12	(B) Vermont businesses;
13	(C) groups advocating for gender equity;
14	(D) Vermonters who are Black, Indigenous, or a Person of Color; and
15	(E) children and families.
16	(d) Assistance.
17	(1) The Task Force shall have the administrative assistance of the Office
18	of Legislative Operations, the technical assistance of the Joint Fiscal Office,
19	and the legal assistance of the Office of Legislative Counsel.
20	(2) The Task Force may contract with one or more entities or
21	individuals for purposes of modeling and actuarial projections.

1	(e) Report. On or before January 15, 2023, the Task Force shall submit a
2	written report to the House Committee on General, Housing, and Military
3	Affairs and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and
4	General Affairs with its findings and any recommendations for legislative
5	action. The Task Force's report may take the form of draft legislation.
6	(f) Meetings.
7	(1) The Office of Legislative Operations shall call the first meeting of
8	the Committee to occur on or before September 15, 2022.
9	(2) The Task Force shall select a chair from among its members at the
10	first meeting.
11	(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.
12	(4) The Task Force shall cease to exist on January 30, 2023.
13	(g) Compensation and reimbursement. For attendance at meetings during
14	adjournment of the General Assembly, a legislative member of the Task Force
15	shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses
16	pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 23 for not more than six meetings.
17	(h) Appropriation. The sum of \$200,000.00 is appropriated to the General
18	Assembly from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) – Coronavirus State
19	Fiscal Recovery Funds in fiscal year 2023 for per diem compensation and
20	reimbursement of expenses for members of the Task Force and for expenses
21	related to modeling and actuarial projections.

1	* * * Unemployment Insurance Benefits * * *
2	Sec. 14d. FINDINGS
3	The General Assembly finds that:
4	(1) The COVID-19 pandemic caused significant disruption to
5	Vermont's economy and resulted in unprecedented levels of unemployment.
6	(2) Unemployment insurance benefits provide only partial wage
7	replacement, making it hard for unemployed individuals to afford basic
8	necessities and living expenses.
9	(3) Significant inflation caused by supply chain, economic, and
10	workforce disruptions related to the COVID-19 pandemic are making it
11	increasingly difficult for unemployed individuals to afford basic necessities
12	and living expenses.
13	(4) Temporarily increasing the weekly unemployment insurance benefit
14	amount for unemployed individuals will help to mitigate the impact of the
15	COVID-19 pandemic on the unemployed individuals' ability to afford basic
16	necessities and living expenses.
17	(5) The General Assembly previously enacted a \$25.00 supplemental
18	increase to the weekly unemployment insurance benefit amount in 2021 Acts
19	and Resolves No. 51, Sec. 11. However, the terms of that supplemental
20	increase did not conform to federal requirements, and it never took
21	effect. Enacting a supplemental \$25.00 weekly unemployment insurance

1	benefit that will later be replaced by a temporary \$25.00 increase in the weekly
2	unemployment insurance benefit amount will fulfill the commitment made by
3	the General Assembly in 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 51, Sec. 11.
4	Sec. 14e. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 51, Sec. 17(a)(4) is amended to read:
5	(4) Sec. 12 (repeal of supplemental weekly benefit) shall take effect
6	upon the payment of a cumulative total of \$100,000,000.00 in supplemental
7	benefits pursuant to 21 V.S.A. § 1338(e)(2) on October 7, 2021 and shall apply
8	prospectively to all benefit payments in the next week and each subsequent
9	week.
10	Sec. 14f. 21 V.S.A. § 1341 is added to read:
11	§ 1341. UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE COVID-19 SUPPLEMENTAL
12	<u>BENEFIT</u>
13	(a) Beginning on July 1, 2022, in addition to the amount of regular
14	unemployment insurance benefits provided pursuant to section 1338 of this
15	title, each individual who qualifies for benefits pursuant to the provisions of
16	this chapter shall receive a separate supplemental benefit of \$25.00 each week.
17	(b) Benefits provided pursuant to this section shall be paid from the
18	Unemployment Insurance COVID-19 Supplemental Benefit Special Fund
19	established pursuant to section 1342 of this chapter.

1	Sec. 14g. 21 V.S.A. § 1342 is added to read:
2	§ 1342. UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE COVID-19 SUPPLEMENTAL
3	BENEFIT SPECIAL FUND
4	There is established the Unemployment Insurance COVID-19 Supplemental
5	Benefit Special Fund, which shall be managed in accordance with 32 V.S.A.
6	chapter 7, subchapter 5. The Fund shall consist of any amounts appropriated to
7	the Fund. The Commissioner may seek and accept grants from any source,
8	public or private, to be dedicated for deposit into the Special Fund. The
9	Commissioner shall use the Fund to provide the Supplemental Benefit
10	established pursuant to section 1341 of this chapter and to pay all necessary
11	costs associated with the administration of the Supplemental Benefit and of the
12	Fund.
13	Sec. 14h. APPROPRIATION
14	\$8,000,000.00 is appropriated from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)
15	- Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Funds to the Unemployment Insurance
16	COVID-19 Supplemental Benefit Special Fund established pursuant to
17	21 V.S.A. § 1342. Not more than five percent of the amount appropriated may
18	be used for administrative costs related to the implementation and payment of
19	the Unemployment Insurance COVID-19 Supplemental Benefit established
20	pursuant to 21 V.S.A. § 1341.

1	Sec. 14i. REPEALS
2	21 V.S.A. § 1341 (Unemployment Insurance COVID-19 Supplemental
3	Benefit) and 21 V.S.A. § 1342 (Unemployment Insurance COVID-19
4	Supplemental Benefit Special Fund) are repealed on July 1, 2024.
5	Sec. 14j. 21 V.S.A. § 1338 is amended to read:
6	§ 1338. WEEKLY BENEFITS
7	* * *
8	(e) An individual's weekly benefit amount shall be determined by dividing
9	the individual's two high quarter total subject wages required under
10	subdivision (d)(1) of this section by 45 and adding \$25.00 to the resulting
11	quotient, provided that the weekly benefit amount so determined shall not
12	exceed the maximum weekly benefit amount computed pursuant to
13	subsection (f) of this section.
14	(f)(1) The maximum weekly benefit amount shall be annually adjusted on
15	the first day of the first calendar week in July to an amount equal to the sum of
16	\$25.00 plus 57 percent of the State annual average weekly wage as determined
17	by subsection (g) of this section.
18	* * *
19	Sec. 14k. MODIFICATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE
20	MAINFRAME CODE; ANNUAL REPORT; INDEPENDENT
21	VERIFICATION

21

1	(a)(1) The Commissioner of Labor shall develop and implement changes to
2	the unemployment insurance mainframe software or develop a modernized
3	information technology system necessary to implement on January 1, 2025 the
4	changes to the unemployment insurance weekly benefit amount enacted
5	pursuant to Sec. 14j of this act. The changes to the mainframe or the
6	modernized information technology system, as applicable, shall be developed
7	and implemented in a manner that minimizes risk to the operation of the
8	mainframe and the functions of the unemployment insurance program.
9	(2) The Commissioner of Labor and the Secretary of Digital Services
10	shall, to the greatest extent possible, plan and carry out the development and
11	implementation of a modernized information technology system for the
12	unemployment insurance program so that the modernized system is available
13	in time to implement on January 1, 2025 the changes to the unemployment
14	insurance weekly benefit amount enacted pursuant to Sec. 14j of this act.
15	(b) The Commissioner of Labor shall, on or before January 15, 2023 and
16	January 15, 2024, submit a written report to the House Committee on
17	Commerce and Economic Development, the Senate Committee on Economic
18	Development, Housing and General Affairs, and the Legislative Information
19	Technology Consultant retained by the Joint Fiscal Office detailing the actions
20	taken and progress made in carrying out the requirements of subsection (a) of
21	this section, the anticipated timeline for being able to implement the changes to

1	the unemployment insurance weekly benefit amount enacted pursuant to	
2	Sec. 14j of this act, and potential implementation risks identified during the	
3	development process.	
4	(c) The Legislative Information Technology Consultant shall, on or before	
5	February 15, 2023 and February 15, 2024, submit to the House Committee on	
6	Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on	
7	Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs a review of the report	
8	submitted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. The review shall include	
9	an assessment of whether the Department of Labor will be able to implement	
10	the changes to the unemployment insurance weekly benefit amount enacted	
11	pursuant to Sec. 14j of this act by January 1, 2025 and shall identify any	
12	potential risks or concerns related to implementation that are not addressed in	
13	the Commissioner's report.	
14	Sec. 141. 21 V.S.A. § 1338 is amended to read:	
15	§ 1338. WEEKLY BENEFITS	
16	* * *	
17	(e) An individual's weekly benefit amount shall be determined by dividing	
18	the individual's two high quarter total subject wages required under	
19	subdivision (d)(1) of this section by 45 and adding \$25.00 to the resulting	
20	quotient, provided that the weekly benefit amount so determined shall not	

1	exceed the maximum weekly benefit amount computed pursuant to	
2	subsection (f) of this section.	
3	(f)(1) The maximum weekly benefit amount shall be annually adjusted on	
4	the first day of the first calendar week in July to an amount equal to the sum o	
5	\$25.00 plus 57 percent of the State annual average weekly wage as determined	
6	by subsection (g) of this section.	
7	* * *	
8	* * * Appropriations * * *	
9	Sec. 15. APPROPRIATIONS	
10	(a) Recruitment and marketing. In fiscal year 2023, the following amounts	
11	are appropriated from the sources, to the recipients, and for the purposes	
12	specified:	
13	(1) Worker recruitment. The amount of \$6,000,000.00 is appropriated	
14	from the General Fund to the Agency of Commerce and Community	
15	Development for worker recruitment activities as follows:	
16	(A) \$1,000,0000.00 to the Agency's base budget for the relocated	
17	and remote worker program; and	
18	(B) \$5,000,000.00 in one-time funding for the program in fiscal	
19	<u>year 2023.</u>	

1	(2) Tourism and marketing; relocation. In fiscal year 2023, the	
2	following amounts are appropriated from the General Fund to the Department	
3	of Tourism and Marketing, which the Department shall expend over two years:	
4	(A) \$1,200,000.00 to support a regional relocation network; and	
5	(B) \$3,000,000.00 for marketing and promotion.	
6	(b) Capital Investment Program. In fiscal year 2023:	
7	(1) The amount of \$40,000,000.00 is appropriated from the American	
8	Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) - Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Funds to the	
9	Agency of Commerce and Community Development for the Capital	
10	Investment Program.	
11	(2) The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall	
12	reallocate any remaining funds appropriated pursuant to it by 2021 Acts and	
13	Resolves No. 74, Sec. G.300(a)(13) for Economic Recovery grants to the	
14	Capital Investment Program.	
15	(c) VEDA Short-Term Forgivable Loan Program. In fiscal year 2022, the	
16	amount of \$20,000,000.00 is appropriated from the American Rescue Plan Act	
17	(ARPA) – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Funds to the Vermont Economic	
18	Development Authority for the VEDA Forgivable Loan Program.	
19	(d) Brownfields. In fiscal year 2023, the amount of \$6,000,000.00 is	
20	appropriated from the General Fund to the Agency of Commerce and	
21	Community Development to be used in the same manner as the Brownfields	

1	Revitalization Fund established by 10 V.S.A. § 6654, except notwithstanding	
2	the grant limitations in 10 V.S.A. § 6654, projects supported by this	
3	appropriation shall not be limited to \$200,000.00 grants per parcel.	
4	(e) Downtown development. Of the amounts appropriated to the Agency	
5	of Commerce and Community Development in Fiscal Year 2023 for the Better	
6	Places Program, Think Vermont initiative, or other programs that promote	
7	downtown development, the Agency may allocate not more than \$485,000 to	
8	provide funding to one or more nonprofit organizations that sponsor a	
9	downtown designation to:	
10	(1) expand the ability of the downtown organizations to educate, guide,	
11	and partner with businesses, non-profit, and community organizations to	
12	strengthen downtown models, and leverage state funding to incentivize broader	
13	participation;	
14	(2) support marketing, content development, and increased digital reach	
15	for downtown organizations, individually and collectively; and	
16	(3) support communication within the coordinated effort of these state-	
17	mandated organizations to leverage successes.	
18	* * * Sports Betting Study Committee * * *	
19	Sec. 16. SPORTS BETTING; FINDINGS	
20	The General Assembly finds that:	

1	(1) An estimated 28 percent of adults in the United States bet on sports	
2	and 46 percent of adults say that they have an interest in betting on sports.	
3	(2) Based on current participation rates and expected growth, it is	
4	estimated that Vermont could generate from \$640,000.00 to \$4.8 million in the	
5	first year of sports betting revenue taxes and \$1.3 million to \$10.3 million in	
6	the second year, depending on the regulatory model chosen by the General	
7	Assembly.	
8	(3) As of March 2022, 31 states and the District of Columbia have some	
9	form of active legal sports betting operations while an additional three states	
10	have enacted laws or adopted ballot measures to permit legal sports betting.	
11	(4) Legislation has also been introduced in at least 14 of the states	
12	without a legal sports betting market, including Vermont, to legalize, regulate,	
13	and tax sports betting.	
14	(5) Given the widespread participation in sports betting, the General	
15	Assembly finds that careful examination of whether and how best to regulate	
16	sports betting in Vermont and protect Vermonters involved in sports betting is	
17	necessary.	
18	Sec. 17. SPORTS BETTING; STUDY COMMITTEE; REPORT	
19	(a) Creation. There is created the Sports Betting Study Committee to	
20	examine whether and how to regulate sports betting in Vermont.	

1	(b) Membership. The Study Committee shall be composed of the	
2	following members:	
3	(1) the Attorney General or designee;	
4	(2) the Commissioner of Liquor and Lottery or designee;	
5	(3) the Commissioner of Taxes or designee;	
6	(4) the Secretary of State or designee;	
7	(5) the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or	
8	designee;	
9	(6) two current members of the Senate, who shall be appointed by the	
10	Committee on Committees; and	
11	(7) two current members of the House, who shall be appointed by the	
12	Speaker of the House.	
13	(c) Powers and duties. The Study Committee shall examine the sports	
14	betting study conducted by the Office of Legislative Counsel and Joint Fiscal	
15	Office and shall study various models for legalizing, taxing, and regulating	
16	sports betting, including the following issues:	
17	(1) studies carried out by other states concerning the legalization,	
18	taxation, and regulation of sports betting;	
19	(2) laws enacted by other states to legalize, tax, and regulate sports	
20	betting;	

1	(3) potential models for legalizing and regulating sports betting in	
2	Vermont, including any advantages or drawbacks to each model;	
3	(4) potential models for legalizing and regulating online sports betting,	
4	including any advantages or drawbacks to each model;	
5	(5) potential tax and fee structures for sports betting activities;	
6	(6) potential restrictions or limitations on the types of sports that may be	
7	bet on, including whether and to what extent restrictions should be imposed	
8	with respect to the participant age, amateur status, and location of sporting	
9	events that may be bet on; and	
10	(7) potential impacts on various socioeconomic and demographic groups	
11	and on problem gambling and the resources necessary to address the identified	
12	impacts.	
13	(d) Assistance. The Committee shall have the administrative, technical,	
14	and legal assistance of the Office of Legislative Council and the Joint Fiscal	
15	Office.	
16	(e) Report. On or before December 15, 2022, the Study Committee shall	
17	submit a written report to the House Committee on General, Housing, and	
18	Military Affairs and the Senate Committee on Economic Development,	
19	Housing and General Affairs with its findings, recommendations for legislative	
20	action, and a draft of proposed legislation.	
21	(f) Meetings.	

1	(1) The Attorney General or designee shall call the first meeting of the	
2	Committee to occur on or before September 1, 2022.	
3	(2) The Committee shall select a chair from among its members at the	
4	first meeting.	
5	(3) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.	
6	(4) The Committee shall cease to exist on December 30, 2022.	
7	(g) Compensation and reimbursement. For attendance at meetings during	
8	adjournment of the General Assembly, legislative members of the Committee	
9	serving in their capacity as a legislator shall be entitled to per diem	
10	compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 406 for	
11	not more than four meetings. These payments shall be made from monies	
12	appropriated to the General Assembly.	
13	* * * Effective Dates * * *	
14	Sec. 18. EFFECTIVE DATES	
15	(a) Sec. 4 (Capital Investment Grant Program), Sec. 5 (VEDA Short-Term	
16	Forgivable Loan Program), and Sec. 15(b)–(d) (appropriations) shall take	
17	effect on passage.	
18	(b) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 14e (repeal of prior	
19	unemployment insurance supplemental benefit) shall take effect retroactively	
20	on October 7, 2021.	

1	(c)(1) Sec. 14f (temporary unemployment insurance supplemental benefit)
2	shall take effect on July 1, 2022 and apply to benefit weeks beginning after that
3	date.
4	(2) Secs. 14g (special fund), 14h (appropriation for temporary
5	unemployment insurance supplemental benefit), and 14i (sunset of
6	unemployment insurance supplemental benefit) shall take effect on July 1,
7	<u>2022.</u>
8	(d) Sec. 14j (increase in unemployment insurance weekly benefit amount)
9	shall take effect on July 1, 2024 and shall apply to benefit weeks beginning
10	after that date.
11	(e) Sec. 14l (prospective repeal of unemployment insurance benefit
12	increase) shall take effect upon the payment of a cumulative total of
13	\$92,000,000.00 in additional benefits pursuant to 21 V.S.A. § 1338(e) when
14	compared to the rate at which benefits would have been paid under the formula
15	set forth in 21 V.S.A. § 1338(e) on June 30, 2024 and shall apply to benefit
16	weeks beginning after that date.
17	(f) Sec. 14k (report on implementation of change to unemployment
18	insurance weekly benefit) shall take effect on passage.
19	(g) All remaining sections of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.
20	
21	

## (Draft No. 9.1 – H.159) 3/24/2022 – DPH/DJL/TA/RDW – 10:53 AM

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1		
2	(Committee vote:)	
3		
4		Senator
5		FOR THE COMMITTEE