The Senate was called to order by the President.

Devotional Exercises

A moment of silence was observed in lieu of devotions.

Message from the House No. 53

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Alona Tate, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Madam President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered joint resolution originating in the Senate of the following title:

**J.R.S. 51.** Joint resolution relating to weekend adjournment.
And has adopted the same in concurrence.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill entitled:

**H. 740.** An act relating to making appropriations for the support of government.
And has refused to concur therein and asks for a Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses;

The Speaker appointed as members of such Committee on the part of the House:

Rep. Hooper of Montpelier
Rep. Fagan of Rutland City
Rep. Jessup of Middlesex

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill of the following title:

**H. 447.** An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the Town of Springfield.

And has severally concurred therein with a further proposal of amendment thereto, in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.
The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to the following House bill:

**H. 731.** An act relating to technical corrections for the 2022 legislative session.

And has severally concurred therein.

The Governor has informed the House that on April 20, 2022, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

**H. 448.** An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the City of Burlington.

**H. 491.** An act relating to the creation of the City of Essex Junction and the adoption of the City charter.

**H. 556.** An act relating to exempting property owned by Vermont-recognized Native American tribes from property tax.

**H. 627.** An act relating to the Vermont Economic Development Authority.

**H. 680.** An act relating to obtaining a marriage license in any town in Vermont.

**Bill Referred to Committee on Finance**

**H. 709.**

House bill of the following title, appearing on the Calendar for notice, and affecting the revenue of the state, under the rule was referred to the Committee on Finance:

An act relating to miscellaneous agricultural subjects.

**Bills Referred to Committee on Appropriations**

House bills of the following titles, appearing on the Calendar for notice, and carrying an appropriation or requiring the expenditure of funds, under the rule were severally referred to the Committee Appropriations:

**H. 510.** An act relating to a Vermont Child Tax Credit and the Vermont Social Security income exclusion.

**H. 546.** An act relating to racial justice statistics.

**H. 729.** An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures.
Third Reading Ordered

H. 411.

Senator Bray, for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy, to which was referred House bill entitled:

An act relating to the retrieval and use of covered wild animals.

Reported that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Proposal of Amendment; Third Reading Ordered

H. 548.

Senator Sears, for the Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House bill entitled:

An act relating to miscellaneous cannabis establishment procedures.

Reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 7 V.S.A. § 861 is amended to read:

§ 861. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(16) “Child-deterrent packaging” means tear-resistant packaging that can be sealed in a manner that would deter children under five years of age from easily accessing the contents of the package within a reasonable time and not difficult for normal adults to use properly.

(17) “Child-resistant packaging” means packaging that is designed or constructed to be significantly difficult for children under five years of age to open or obtain a toxic or harmful amount of the substance in the container within a reasonable time and not difficult for normal adults to use properly, but does not mean packaging that all children under five years of age cannot open or obtain a toxic or harmful amount of the substance in the container within a reasonable time.

(17)(18) “Controls,” “is controlled by,” and “under common control” mean the power to direct, or cause the direction or management and policies of a person, whether through the direct or beneficial ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise. A person who directly or beneficially
owns 10 percent or more equity interest, or the equivalent thereof, of another person shall be deemed to control the person.

(18)(19) “Dispensary” means a business organization licensed pursuant to chapter 37 of this title or 18 V.S.A. chapter 86.

(19)(20) “Enclosed, locked facility” means a building, room, greenhouse, outdoor fenced-in area, or other location that is enclosed on all sides and prevents cannabis from easily being viewed by the public. The facility shall be equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only by:

(A) Employees, agents, or owners of the cultivator, all of whom shall be 21 years of age or older.

(B) Government employees performing their official duties.

(C) Contractors performing labor that does not include cannabis cultivation, packaging, or processing. Contractors shall be accompanied by an employee, agent, or owner of the cultivator when they are in areas where cannabis is being grown, processed, packaged, or stored.

(D) Registered employees of other cultivators, members of the media, elected officials, and other individuals 21 years of age or older visiting the facility, provided they are accompanied by an employee, agent, or owner of the cultivator.

(20)(21) “Flavored oil cannabis product” means any oil cannabis product that contains an additive to give it a characterizing flavor.

(21)(22) “Integrated licensee” means a person licensed by the Board to engage in the activities of a cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, and testing laboratory in accordance with this chapter.

(22)(23) “Municipality” means a town, city, or incorporated village.

(24) “Owner” means a natural person who controls, or shares control of, a Cannabis Establishment.

(23)(25) “Person” shall include any natural person; corporation; municipality; the State of Vermont or any department, agency, or subdivision of the State; and any partnership, unincorporated association, or other legal entity.

(24)(26) “Plant canopy” means the square footage dedicated to live plant production and does not include areas such as office space or areas used for the storage of fertilizers, pesticides, or other products.
“Principal” means an individual vested with the authority to conduct, manage, or supervise the business affairs of a person, and may include the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, manager, or similar executive officer of a business; a director of a corporation, nonprofit corporation, or mutual benefit enterprise; a member of a nonprofit corporation, cooperative, or member-managed limited liability company; and a partner of a partnership one of the following:

(A) the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, manager, or similar officer of a corporation as provided for by 11A V.S.A. § 8.40, nonprofit corporation as provided for by 11B V.S.A. § 8.40, mutual benefit enterprise as provided for by 11C V.S.A. § 822, cooperative as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 1013, or worker cooperative corporation as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 1089;

(B) a director of a corporation as provided for by 11A V.S.A. § 8.01, nonprofit corporation as provided for by 11B V.S.A. § 8.01, mutual benefit enterprise as provided for by 11C V.S.A. § 801, cooperative as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 1006, or worker cooperative corporation as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 1089;

(C) a member of a member-managed limited liability company as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 4054;

(D) manager of a manager-managed limited liability company as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 4054; or

(E) a partner of a partnership as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 3212 or a general partner of a limited partnership as provided for by 11 V.S.A chapter 23.

“Small cultivator” means a cultivator with a plant canopy or space for cultivating plants for breeding stock of not more than 1,000 square feet.

Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 862a is added to read:

§ 862a. SYNTHEtic AND HEMP-DErIVED CANNABINOIDS

The Board shall have the authority to regulate synthetic cannabinoids and hemp-derived cannabinoids, including delta-8 and delta-10 tetrahydrocannabinol.

Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 868 is amended to read:

§ 868. PROHIBITED PRODUCTS

(a) The following are prohibited products and may not be cultivated, produced, or sold pursuant to a license issued under this chapter:
(1) cannabis flower with greater than 30 percent tetrahydrocannabinol;

(2) solid-concentrate cannabis products with greater than 60 percent tetrahydrocannabinol;

(3) oil cannabis products except for those that are sold prepackaged for use with battery-powered devices;

(4) flavored oil cannabis products sold prepackaged for use with battery-powered devices and any cannabis flower that contains characterizing flavor that is not naturally occurring in the cannabis;

(5) cannabis products that contain delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol and nicotine or alcoholic beverages; and

(6) any cannabis, cannabis products, or packaging of such items that are designed to make the product more appealing to persons under 21 years of age.

Sec. 4. 7 V.S.A. § 881 is amended to read:

§ 881. RULEMAKING; CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS

(a) The Board shall adopt rules to implement and administer this chapter in accordance with subdivisions (1)–(7) of this subsection.

(1) Rules concerning any cannabis establishment shall include:

* * *

(1) regulation of additives to cannabis and cannabis products, including those cannabidiol derived from hemp and substances that are toxic or designed to make the product more addictive, more appealing to persons under 21 years of age, or to mislead consumers;

* * *

(3) Rules concerning product manufacturers shall include:

(A) requirements that a single package of a cannabis product shall not contain more than 50 milligrams of THC, except in the case of:

(i) cannabis products that are not consumable, including topical preparations; and

(ii) solid concentrates, oils, and tinctures; and

(iii) cannabis products sold to a dispensary pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 and regulations issued pursuant to that chapter;

* * *

(5) Rules concerning retailers shall include:
(C) requirements that if the retailer sells hemp or hemp products, the hemp and hemp products are clearly labeled as such and displayed separately from cannabis and cannabis products;

(D) requirements for opaque, child-resistant packaging of cannabis and cannabis products and child-deterrent packaging for cannabis at point of sale to customer; and

Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 883 is amended to read:

§ 883. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND RECORD CHECKS; APPLICANTS

(a) The Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of a license applicant’s fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for each license applicant, principal of an applicant, and person who controls an applicant who is a natural person.

(b) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether an applicant should be denied a cannabis establishment license because of his or her criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.

(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the Board may accept third-party criminal background checks submitted by an applicant for a cannabis establishment license or renewal in lieu of obtaining the records from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person’s Vermont fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Any such third-party background check shall:

(1) be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act; and

(2) include a multistate and multi-jurisdiction criminal record locator.

Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 884 is amended to read:

§ 884. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFICATION CARD

(a) Every owner, principal, and employee of a cannabis establishment shall obtain an identification card issued by the Board. A person may apply for an
identification card prior to obtaining employment with a licensee. An employee identification card shall authorize the person to work for any licensee.

(b)(1)(A) Prior to issuing the identification card to an owner or principal of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person’s Vermont fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(B) Prior to issuing the identification card to an employee of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain a copy of a fingerprint-based identity history summary record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(2) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether a person should be denied a cannabis establishment identification card because of his or her criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.

(c) Once an identification card application has been submitted, a person may serve as an employee of a cannabis establishment pending the background check, provided the person is supervised in his or her duties by someone who is a cardholder. The Board shall issue a temporary permit to the person for this purpose, which shall expire upon the issuance of the identification card or disqualification of the person in accordance with this section.

(d) An identification card shall expire one year after its issuance or, in the case of owners and principals, upon the expiration of the cannabis establishment’s license, whichever occurs first.

Sec. 7. 7 V.S.A. § 901(d)(3) is amended to read:

(3)(A) Except as provided in subdivision subdivisions (B) and (C) of this subdivision (3), an applicant and its affiliates may obtain a maximum of one type of each type of license as provided in subdivisions (1)(A)–(E) of this subsection (d). Each license shall permit only one location of the establishment.

(B) An applicant and its affiliates that are control a dispensary registered pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 on April 1, 2022 may obtain one integrated license provided in subdivision (1)(F) of this subsection (d) or a maximum of one of each type of license provided in subdivisions (1)(A)–(E) of this subsection (d). An integrated licensee may not hold a separate cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory license, and no applicant or its affiliates that control a dispensary shall hold
more than one integrated license. An integrated license shall permit only one location for each of the types of activities permitted by the license: cultivation, wholesale operations, product manufacturing, retail sales, and testing.

(C) An applicant and its affiliates may obtain multiple testing laboratory licenses.

Sec. 8. PURPOSE; LEGISLATIVE INTENT

The purpose of the amendment to 7 V.S.A. § 901(d)(3)(B) in Sec. 7 of this act is solely to make the language consistent with the defined terms used throughout 7 V.S.A. chapter 33. The amendment should not be construed to alter the meaning of the provision as it was originally enacted in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 7.

Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 907 is amended to read:

§ 907. RETAILER LICENSE

(a) A retailer licensed under this chapter may:

(1) purchase cannabis from a licensed cultivator, wholesaler, or integrated licensee, and cannabis products from a licensed wholesaler, product manufacturer, integrated licensee, and dispensary; and

(2) transport, possess, package, and sell cannabis and cannabis products to the public for consumption off the registered premises.

* * *

(e) Internet ordering and delivery of cannabis to customers are prohibited.

Sec. 10. 7 V.S.A. § 909(c) is added to read:

(c) An integrated licensee shall comply with the provisions of subsection 908(f) of this title and have its cannabis or cannabis products tested by an independent licensed testing laboratory.

Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 4230h is amended to read:

§ 4230h. CHEMICAL EXTRACTION VIA BUTANE OR HEXANE PROHIBITED

(a) No person shall manufacture concentrated cannabis by chemical extraction or chemical synthesis using butane or hexane unless authorized as a dispensary pursuant to a registration issued by the Department of Public Safety pursuant to chapter 86 of this title.

* * *
Sec. 12. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 8(a)(1) is amended to read:

(a)(1) The cannabis plant, cannabis product, and useable cannabis possession limits for a registered dispensary set forth in 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 shall no longer apply on and after February 1, 2022. A dispensary shall be permitted to cultivate cannabis and manufacture cannabis products for the purpose of transferring or selling such products to an integrated licensee on or after April 1, 2022 until October 1, 2022 and engaging in the activities permitted by 7 V.S.A. chapter 33.

Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the proposal of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Proposal of Amendment; Third Reading Ordered; Rules Suspended; Bill Passed in Concurrence with Proposal of Amendment; Bill Messaged

H. 736.

Senator Mazza, for the Committee on Transportation, to which was referred House bill entitled:

An act relating to the Transportation Program and miscellaneous changes to laws related to transportation.

Reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Transportation Program Adopted as Amended; Definitions ***

Sec. 1. TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM ADOPTED; DEFINITIONS

(a) The Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program appended to the Agency of Transportation’s proposed fiscal year 2023 budget, as amended by this act, is adopted to the extent federal, State, and local funds are available.

(b) As used in this act, unless otherwise indicated:

(1) “Agency” means the Agency of Transportation.

(2) “Candidate project” means a project approved by the General Assembly that is not anticipated to have significant expenditures for
preliminary engineering or right-of-way expenditures, or both, during the budget year and funding for construction is not anticipated within a predictable time frame.

(3) “Development and evaluation (D&E) project” means a project approved by the General Assembly that is anticipated to have preliminary engineering expenditures or right-of-way expenditures, or both, during the budget year and that the Agency is committed to delivering to construction on a timeline driven by priority and available funding.

(4) “Electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE)” has the same meaning as in 30 V.S.A. § 201.

(5) “Front-of-book project” means a project approved by the General Assembly that is anticipated to have construction expenditures during the budget year or the following three years, or both, with expected expenditures shown over four years.

(6) “Level 3 charger,” “level 3 EVSE,” or “direct-current fast charger (DCFC),” means EVSE that uses dedicated direct current (DC) to provide energy to a plug-in electric vehicle.

(7) “Secretary” means the Secretary of Transportation.

(8) “TIB funds” means monies deposited in the Transportation Infrastructure Bond Fund in accordance with 19 V.S.A. § 11f.

(9) The table heading “As Proposed” means the Proposed Transportation Program referenced in subsection (a) of this section; the table heading “As Amended” means the amendments as made by this act; the table heading “Change” means the difference obtained by subtracting the “As Proposed” figure from the “As Amended” figure; and the terms “change” or “changes” in the text refer to the project- and program-specific amendments, the aggregate sum of which equals the net “Change” in the applicable table heading.

* * * Summary of Transportation Investments * * *

Sec. 2. FISCAL YEAR 2023 TRANSPORTATION INVESTMENTS INTENDED TO REDUCE TRANSPORTATION-RELATED GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS, REDUCE FOSSIL FUEL USE, AND SAVE VERMONT HOUSEHOLDS MONEY

This act includes the State’s fiscal year 2023 transportation investments intended to reduce transportation-related greenhouse gas emissions, reduce fossil fuel use, and save Vermont households money in furtherance of the policies articulated in 19 V.S.A. § 10b and the goals of the Comprehensive Energy Plan and to satisfy the Executive and Legislative Branches’
commitments to the Paris Agreement climate goals. In fiscal year 2023, these efforts will include the following:

(1) Park and Ride Program. This act provides for a fiscal year expenditure of $4,043,060.00, which will fund one construction project to create a new park and ride facility; the design of one additional park and ride facility scheduled for construction in future fiscal years; the design of improvements to one additional park and ride facility; and paving projects for existing park and ride facilities. This year’s Park and Ride Program will create 254 new State-owned spaces. Specific additions and improvements include:

(A) Berlin (Exit 6)—design for 62 spaces;

(B) Manchester—design for 50 new spaces; and

(C) Williston—construction of 142 new spaces.

(2) Bike and Pedestrian Facilities Program. This act, in concert with 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 139, Sec. 12(b)(1), provides for a fiscal year expenditure, including local match, of $19,793,776.00, which will fund 29 bike and pedestrian construction projects and 18 bike and pedestrian design, right-of-way, or design and right-of-way projects for construction in future fiscal years. The construction projects include the creation, improvement, or rehabilitation of walkways, sidewalks, shared-use paths, bike paths, and cycling lanes. In addition to completing the Lamoille Valley Rail Trail, which will run from Swanton to St. Johnsbury, projects are funded in Arlington, Bennington, Brattleboro, Bristol, Burlington, Chester, Colchester, Coventry, Dover, Enosburg Falls, Fairfax, Hardwick, Hartford, Hartland, Hinesburg, Lyndon, Manchester, Middlebury, Middlesex, Montpelier, Montpelier-Berlin, Moretown, New Haven, Pawlet, Plainfield, Poultney, Proctor, Richford, Roxbury, Royalton, Rutland City, Shelburne, South Burlington, Springfield, St. Albans City, Swanton, Vergennes, Waterbury, and Winooski. This act also provides State funding for some of Local Motion’s operation costs to run the Bike Ferry on the Colchester Causeway, which is part of the Island Line Trail; funding for the small-scale municipal bicycle and pedestrian grant program for projects to be selected during the fiscal year; funding for projects funded through the Safe Routes to School program; and funding for education and outreach to K–8 schools to encourage higher levels of walking and bicycling to school.

(3) Transportation Alternatives Program. This act provides for a fiscal year expenditure of $5,665,880.00, including local funds, which will fund 18 transportation alternatives construction projects and 24 transportation alternatives design, right-of-way, or design and right-of-way projects. Of these 42 projects, 12 involve environmental mitigation related to clean water or

(4) Public Transit Program. This act authorizes $50,239,278.00 in funding for public transit uses throughout the State, which is a 9.6 percent increase over fiscal year 2022 levels, a 21.8 percent increase over fiscal year 2021 levels, and a 30 percent increase over fiscal year 2020 levels. Included in the authorization are:

(A) Go! Vermont, with an authorization of $873,000.00. This authorization supports transportation demand management (TDM) strategies, including the State’s Trip Planner and commuter services, to promote the use of carpools and vanpools.

(B) Vermont Kidney Association Grant, with an authorization of $50,000.00. This authorization supports the transit needs of Vermonters in need of dialysis services.

(C) Mobility and Transportation Innovation (MTI) Grant Program, with an authorization of $1,500,000.00, through Sec. 15 of this act. This authorization continues to support projects that improve both mobility and access to services for transit-dependent Vermonters, reduce the use of single-occupancy vehicles, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Not less than $1,250,000.00 of this authorization shall go towards microtransit projects.

(D) One-time public transit monies, with an authorization of $1,200,000.00, through Sec. 16 of this act. This authorization will allow public transit providers to, as practicable, provide zero-fare public transit on routes other than commuter and LINK Express and restore service to pre-COVID-19 levels.

(5) Rail Program. This act authorizes $35,363,182.00, including local funds, for intercity passenger rail service and rail infrastructure throughout the State, including the return of New York City–Burlington passenger rail service.

(6) Transformation of the State Vehicle Fleet. The Department of Buildings and General Services, which manages the State Vehicle Fleet, currently has 18 plug-in hybrid electric vehicles and 11 battery electric vehicles in the State Vehicle Fleet. In fiscal year 2023, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services will continue to purchase and lease vehicles
for State use in accordance with 29 V.S.A. § 903(g), which requires, to the maximum extent practicable, that the Commissioner purchase or lease hybrid or plug-in electric vehicles, as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 4(85), with not less than 75 percent of the vehicles purchased or leased be hybrid or plug-in electric vehicles.

(7) Electric vehicle supply equipment. In furtherance of the State’s goal to increase the presence of EVSE in Vermont:

(A) Sec. 3 of this act authorizes up to $6,250,000.00 to install level 3 EVSE along the State highway network and to cover capped administrative costs.

(B) Sec. 4 of this act amends a State goal to have a level 3 EVSE charging port available to the public within one driving mile, down from five miles, of every exit of the Dwight D. Eisenhower National System of Interstate and Defense Highways within the State and 25 driving miles, down from 50 miles, of another level 3 EVSE charging port available to the public along a State highway.

(C) The fiscal year 2023 budget authorizes up to $10,000,000.00 to install EVSE at multiunit dwellings, workplaces, and public venues and attractions, such as parks, State parks and access areas, downtowns, museums, and ski mountains, and to cover capped administrative costs.

(8) Vehicle incentive programs and expansion of the PEV market.

(A) Incentive Program for New PEVs. Sec. 5(a) of this act authorizes $12,000,000.00 for PEV purchase and lease incentives under the Incentive Program for New PEVs, which is the State’s program to incentivize the purchase and lease of new PEVs, and capped administrative costs.

(B) MileageSmart. Sec. 5(b) of this act authorizes up to $3,000,000.00 for purchase incentives under MileageSmart, which is the State’s used high-fuel-efficiency vehicle incentive program, and capped administrative costs.

(C) Replace Your Ride Program. Sec. 5(c) of this act authorizes $3,000,000.00 for incentives under Replace Your Ride, which will be the State’s program to incentivize Vermonters to remove older low-efficiency vehicles from operation and switch to modes of transportation that produce fewer greenhouse gas emissions, and capped administrative costs.

(D) Drive Electric Vermont. Sec. 5(d) of this act authorizes up to $2,000,000.00 for the Agency to continue and expand the Agency’s public-private partnership with Drive Electric Vermont to support the expansion of the PEV market in the State.
(9) Carbon Reduction Program. Sec. 18 of this act requires the Agency of Transportation to consult with the Vermont Climate Council and ensure that within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Transportation Program for fiscal years 2024, 2025, and 2026 all federal monies that are proposed by the State for expenditure under the Carbon Reduction Program are allocated toward projects that align with the recommendations of the Climate Action Plan (CAP) issued under 10 V.S.A. § 592.

(10) Vermont State Standards. Sec. 19 of this act requires the Agency to develop a plan for updating the Vermont State Standards for the Design of Transportation Construction, Reconstruction and Rehabilitation on Freeways, Roads, and Streets to create context sensitive, multimodal projects that support smart growth.

(11) Bicycle and Pedestrian Planning Integration Program. Sec. 25 of this act requires the Agency to establish a program to support the continued development and buildout of bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure.

(12) Sustainable building components. Secs. 55–57 of this act establish the Agency’s statement of policy on the use of sustainable building components.

* * * Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE) Infrastructure * * *

* * * Investments in EVSE * * *

Sec. 3. INVESTMENTS IN ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT INFRASTRUCTURE

(a) State highway network. The Agency of Transportation is authorized to spend up to $6,250,000.00 as appropriated in the fiscal year 2023 budget to install level 3 EVSE along the State highway network consistent with the goals established in 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 55, Sec. 30, as amended by Sec. 4 of this act. This authorization shall be used by the Agency for one or more of the following:

(1) to purchase and install level 3 EVSE;

(2) to provide grants for persons to purchase and install level 3 EVSE; or

(3) to enter into a public-private partnership for the purchase and installation of level 3 EVSE.

(b) Purpose. The purpose of the expenditures authorized in subsection (a) of this section is to respond to negative economic impacts to the tourism, travel, and hospitality industries caused by the COVID-19 public health emergency.
(c) Administrative costs. Unless prohibited by federal or State law, the Agency may use up to 15 percent of the authorization in subsection (a) of this section for any administrative costs associated with installing level 3 EVSE along the State highway network.

(d) Carryforward; deployment in fiscal year 2023.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the approval of the Secretary of Administration, appropriations to support the authorizations under this section remaining unexpended on June 30, 2023 shall be carried forward and designated for the same expenditures in the subsequent fiscal year.

(2) Every reasonable effort shall be made to obligate and deploy the monies authorized for expenditure under this section in fiscal year 2023 in order to achieve a pace of EVSE deployment necessary to meet the emissions reduction requirements of 10 V.S.A. § 578(a) and the recommendations of the Climate Action Plan (CAP) issued under 10 V.S.A. § 592.

(e) Outreach and marketing. The Agency of Transportation shall ensure that there is sufficient outreach and marketing, including the use of translation and interpretation services, of any EVSE grant program or public-private partnership implemented or entered into pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and such costs shall be considered administrative costs for purposes of subsection (c) of this section.

*** EVSE Goals ***

Sec. 4. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 55, Sec. 30 is amended to read:

Sec. 30. EVSE NETWORK IN VERMONT; REPORT OF ANNUAL MAP

(a) It shall be the goal of the State to have, as practicable, a level 3 EVSE charging port available to the public within:

(1) five miles one driving mile of every exit of the Dwight D. Eisenhower National System of Interstate and Defense Highways within the State; and

(2) 50 25 driving miles of another level 3 EVSE charging port available to the public along a State highway, as defined in 19 V.S.A. § 1(20).

(b) Notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), the Agency of Transportation shall file an up-to-date map showing the locations of all level 3 EVSE available to the public within the State with the House and Senate Committees on Transportation not later than January 15 each year until the goal identified in subsection (a) of this section is met.
Sec. 5. VEHICLE INCENTIVE PROGRAMS

(a) Incentive Program for New PEVs. The Agency is authorized to spend up to $12,000,000.00 as appropriated in the fiscal year 2023 budget on the Incentive Program for New PEVs established in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34, as amended.

(b) MileageSmart. The Agency is authorized to spend up to $3,000,000.00 as appropriated in the fiscal year 2023 budget on MileageSmart as established in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34, as amended.

(c) Replace Your Ride Program. The Agency is authorized to spend up to $3,000,000.00 as appropriated in the fiscal year 2023 budget on the Replace Your Ride Program established in 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 55, Sec. 27, as amended.

(d) Public-private partnership. The Agency is authorized to spend up to $2,000,000.00 as appropriated in the fiscal year 2023 budget on the Agency’s existing partnership with Drive Electric Vermont, which shall support the expansion of the PEV market in the State through the provision of stakeholder coordination, policy engagement, consumer education and outreach, infrastructure development, and technical assistance.

(e) Administrative costs. The Agency may use up to 15 percent of any single authorization in subsections (a)–(c) of this section for any costs associated with administering and promoting the vehicle incentive programs.

(f) Carryforward; deployment in fiscal year 2023.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the approval of the Secretary of Administration, appropriations to support the authorizations under this section remaining unexpended on June 30, 2023 shall be carried forward and designated for the same expenditures in the subsequent fiscal year.

(2) Every reasonable effort shall be made to obligate and deploy the monies authorized for expenditure under this section in fiscal year 2023 in order to achieve a pace of plug-in electric vehicle deployment necessary to meet the emissions reduction requirements of 10 V.S.A. § 578(a) and the recommendations of the Climate Action Plan (CAP) issued under 10 V.S.A. § 592.

(g) Outreach and marketing. The Agency, in consultation with Drive Electric Vermont and the Vermont Vehicle and Automotive Distributors Association, shall ensure that there is sufficient outreach and marketing, including the use of translation and interpretation services, of the Incentive
Program for New PEVs, MileageSmart, and Replace Your Ride so that Vermonters who are eligible under one or more of the incentive programs can easily learn how to secure as many incentives as are available and such costs shall be considered administrative costs for purposes of subsection (e) of this section.

Sec. 6. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34(b), as amended by 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 14, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 154, Sec. G.112, 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 56, and 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 55, Sec. 19 is further amended to read:

(b) Electric vehicle incentive program. An incentive program for Vermont residents to purchase and lease new PEVs shall structure PEV purchase and lease incentive payments by income to help Vermonters benefit from electric driving, including Vermont’s most vulnerable. The program shall be known as the Incentive Program for New PEVs. Specifically, the Incentive Program for New PEVs shall:

* * *

(5) apply to:

(A) manufactured PEVs PHEVs with a Base Manufacturer’s Suggested Retail Price (MSRP) of $40,000.00 or less;

(B) manufactured BEVs with a Base MSRP of $45,000.00 or less; and

(C) manufactured PEVs with any Base MSRP that will be issued a special registration plate by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles pursuant to 23 V.S.A. § 304a or will predominately be used to provide accessible transportation for the incentive recipient or a member of the incentive recipient’s household, provided that the incentive recipient or the member of the incentive recipient’s household has a removable windshield placard issued by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles pursuant to 23 V.S.A. § 304a; and

* * *

* * * Vermont Association of Snow Travelers Authorizations * * *

Sec. 7. VERMONT ASSOCIATION OF SNOW TRAVELERS (VAST) AUTHORIZATIONS

(a) The Agency of Transportation, through the Department of Motor Vehicles, is authorized to spend:

(1) $50,000.00 in one-time General Fund monies, as appropriated in the fiscal year 2023 budget, in grants to the Vermont Association of Snow Travelers (VAST) to support the Law Enforcement and Safety Program; and
(2) $750,000.00 in one-time General Fund monies, as appropriated in the fiscal year 2023 budget, in grants to VAST to support the Equipment Grant-in-Aid Program.

(b) VAST shall ensure that the Equipment Grant-in-Aid Program maximizes the geographic distribution and utilization of equipment purchased in whole or in part with the monies authorized in subdivision (a)(2) of this section by implementing grant scoring criteria that awards equipment grants to applicants that have worked with neighboring clubs to groom at least 60 miles of trails and the equipment to be replaced is at least 15 years old.

*** Bridge Formula Program; Off-System Bridges ***

Sec. 8. BRIDGE FORMULA PROGRAM; OFF-SYSTEM BRIDGES;
REPEAL

(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

(1) the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Pub. L. No. 117-58 (IIJA) provides Vermont with $225,000,000.00 in Bridge Formula Program funding for federal fiscal years 2022 through 2026;

(2) the Bridge Formula Program funds are to be used for the preservation and replacement of bridges;

(3) as part of the Bridge Formula Program, states are required to allocate a minimum of 15 percent of the funding to address off-system bridge needs, where off-system bridges are those that are located along roadways off the federal aid system;

(4) in Vermont, roadways off the federal aid system are primarily owned and maintained by municipalities; and

(5) under the IIJA, the federal share of funding for municipally owned off-system bridges is 100 percent.

(b) Priority implementation. In order to implement and allocate the Bridge Formula Program funding, the Agency of Transportation is directed to simultaneously:

(1) Fund at 100 percent federal share the construction phase of all off-system bridges in the Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Town Highway Bridges that:

(i) were not authorized for federal funds for the construction phase of the pending project prior to the Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program; and
(ii) are either listed as a front-of-book project or development and evaluation (D&E) project in the Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program.

(B) The engineering (PE) and right-of-way (ROW) phases of projects to be funded at 100 percent federal share under subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1) shall continue to be funded at 80 percent federal, 10 percent State, and 10 percent municipal.

(2)(A) In the Fiscal Year 2023 through 2029 Transportation Programs, fund the construction phase of off-system covered bridges and off-system historic truss bridges within the Transportation Programs for Town Highway Bridges based on the prioritization of covered bridges and historic truss bridges under the prioritization process outlined in 19 V.S.A. § 10g(l) at 100 percent federal share.

(B) The engineering (PE) and right-of-way (ROW) phases of projects to be funded at 100 percent federal share under subdivision (A) of this subdivision (2) shall continue to be funded at 80 percent federal, 10 percent State, and 10 percent municipal.

(c) Secondary implementation. Should funding through the federal Bridge Formula Program remain available following the implementation delineated under subsection (b) of this section, town highway bridges shall be advanced based on the prioritization process outlined in 19 V.S.A. § 10g(l).

(d) Repeal. This section is repealed on October 1, 2029, at the conclusion of the authorized implementation period for the IIJA.

Sec. 9. TOWN HIGHWAY BRIDGE PROGRAM

(a) Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Town Highway Bridges, authorized spending for the construction phase of the following projects is amended to be 100 percent federal pursuant to Sec. 8(b)(1)(A) and (2)(A) of this act:

(1) Clarendon BO 1443(55);
(2) Hartford BO 1444(60);
(3) Ludlow Village BO 1443(52);
(4) Poultney BO 1443(53);
(5) Stowe BO 1446(37);
(6) Stowe BO 1446(39);
(7) Statewide Preservation Easement Paint Program; and
(8) Statewide Rehabilitation of Covered Bridges.
(b) Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Town Highway Bridges, authorized spending is amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY23</th>
<th>As Proposed</th>
<th>As Amended</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
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<td>PE</td>
<td>4,294,487</td>
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<tr>
<td>ROW</td>
<td>355,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Construction</td>
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<td>30,314,187</td>
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Sources of funds:

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<th>TIB</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Federal</th>
<th>Local</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>As Proposed</td>
<td>2,402,455</td>
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<td>24,251,350</td>
<td>1,740,483</td>
<td>30,314,187</td>
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<tr>
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<td>2,402,455</td>
<td>1,230,817</td>
<td>25,529,514</td>
<td>1,151,401</td>
<td>30,314,187</td>
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<td>-689,082</td>
<td>1,278,164</td>
<td>-589,082</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program, the following covered bridges projects are added to the candidate list for Town Highway Bridges:

1. Belvidere (Bridge No. 12 on Town Highway 3);
2. Charlotte (Bridge No. 27 on Town Highway 9);
3. Chelsea (Bridge No. 46 on Town Highway 68);
4. Hartland (Bridge No. 22 on Town Highway 15);
5. Lyndon (Bridge No. 33 on Town Highway 58);
6. Northfield (Bridge No. 10 on Town Highway 3);
7. Northfield (Bridge No. 11 on Town Highway 3);
8. Northfield (Bridge No. 15 on Town Highway 3);
9. Troy (Bridge No. 8 on Town Highway 12); and
10. Weathersfield (Bridge No. 83 on Town Highway 65).

(d) Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program, the following metal truss bridges projects are added to the candidate list for Town Highway Bridges:

1. Berlin (Bridge No. 27 on Town Highway 61);
2. Bridgewater (Bridge No. 26 on Town Highway 34);
3. Enosburg (Bridge No. 45 on Town Highway 42);
4. Lincoln (Bridge No. 46 on Town Highway 6);
(5) Moretown (Bridge No. 42 on Town Highway 39);
(6) Newfane (Bridge No. 49 on Town Highway 26);
(7) Northfield (Bridge No. 65 on Town Highway 57);
(8) Royalton (Bridge No. 30 on Town Highway 6); and
(9) Sheldon (Bridge No. 20 on Town Highway 22).

* * * Amendments to Fiscal Year 2023 Authorizations * * *

Sec. 10. PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Program Development Administration, authorized spending is amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY23</th>
<th>As Proposed</th>
<th>As Amended</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Person. Svs.</td>
<td>23,753,701</td>
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<td>Operat. Exp.</td>
<td>9,039,403</td>
<td>8,985,192</td>
<td>-54,211</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grants</td>
<td>286,000</td>
<td>286,000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>33,079,104</td>
<td>33,024,893</td>
<td>-54,211</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sources of funds

<table>
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<th></th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Federal</th>
<th>Inter Unit</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>As Proposed</td>
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<td>75,000</td>
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<tr>
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<td>25,019,921</td>
<td>7,929,972</td>
<td>75,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change</td>
<td>-54,211</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>33,079,104</td>
<td>33,024,893</td>
<td>-54,211</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sec. 11. TOWN HIGHWAY AID

Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Town Highway Aid, authorized spending is amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY23</th>
<th>As Proposed</th>
<th>As Amended</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grants</td>
<td>27,783,413</td>
<td>27,837,624</td>
<td>54,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>27,783,413</td>
<td>27,837,624</td>
<td>54,211</td>
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</table>

Sources of funds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>As Proposed</td>
<td>27,783,413</td>
<td>27,837,624</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>As Amended</td>
<td>27,837,624</td>
<td>27,837,624</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change</td>
<td>54,211</td>
<td>54,211</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sec. 12. POLICY AND PLANNING

Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Policy and Planning, authorized spending is amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY23</th>
<th>As Proposed</th>
<th>As Amended</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Person. Svs.</td>
<td>4,767,663</td>
<td>4,767,663</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sec. 13. TOWN HIGHWAY STRUCTURES AND TOWN HIGHWAY CLASS 2 ROADWAY

(a) Town highway structures. The Agency shall carry forward not less than $866,500.00 of unexpended fiscal year 2022 appropriations and designate those monies for grant awards under the town highway structures program so as to meet the statutory minimum grant award totals required under 19 V.S.A. § 306(e) in fiscal year 2023.

(b) Town highway class 2 roadway. The Agency shall carry forward not less than $951,250.00 of unexpended fiscal year 2022 appropriations and designate those monies for grant awards under the town highway class 2 roadway program so as to meet the statutory minimum grant award totals required under 19 V.S.A. § 306(h) in fiscal year 2023.

Sec. 14. ONE-TIME APPROPRIATION; DMV IT PROJECT

Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program, in one-time appropriations, the number “20,250,000” is struck out for “All Exp,” “Total,” “Transportation Fund,” and “Total” and replaced with the number “0” so as to indicate that there is no appropriation to the Department of Motor Vehicles for the DMV Core System Modernization Phase II project, and a note is added to read as follows: “The fiscal year 2023 budget bill appropriates $20,250,000 from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Funds to the Agency of Digital Services for the DMV Core System Modernization Phase II project.”

*** Mobility and Transportation Innovation Grant Program ***

Sec. 15. MOBILITY AND TRANSPORTATION INNOVATION GRANT PROGRAM

(a) Project addition. The following project is added to the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Public Transit: Mobility and Transportation Innovation (MTI) Grant Program.

(b) Authorization. Spending authority for Mobility and Transportation Innovation (MTI) Grant Program is authorized as follows:
(c) Implementation. The Agency of Transportation shall continue to administer the Mobility and Transportation Innovation (MTI) Grant Program, which was created pursuant to 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 16. The Program shall continue to support projects that improve both mobility and access to services for transit-dependent Vermonters, reduce the use of single-occupancy vehicles, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Not less than $1,250,000.00 of this authorization shall go towards microtransit projects.

* * * Public Transit; Zero Fare; Level of Service * * *

Sec. 16. ONE-TIME PUBLIC TRANSIT MONIES

(a) Project addition. The following project is added to the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Public Transit: Increased One-Time Monies for Public Transit for Fiscal Year 2023.

(b) Authorization. Spending authority for Increased One-Time Monies for Public Transit for Fiscal Year 2023 is authorized as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY23</th>
<th>As Proposed</th>
<th>As Amended</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,200,000</td>
<td>1,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1,200,000</td>
<td>1,200,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Implementation. Transit agencies that are eligible to receive grant funds pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 5307 or 5311, or both, in the State shall, as practicable and in the sole discretion of the transit agencies, do the following during fiscal year 2023:

(1) operate routes other than commuter and LINK Express on a zero-fare basis; and

(2) provide service at pre-COVID-19 levels.

(d) Report. On or before January 31, 2023, the Agency of Transportation shall file a written report with the House and Senate Committees on Transportation that:
(1) shows changes in public transit ridership, by county and type of service, in fiscal years 2020, 2021, and 2022 and in fiscal year 2023 through the end of the second quarter; and

(2) estimates the amount of funding needed to provide zero-fare service on transit operated by public transit agencies that are eligible to receive grant funds pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 5307 or 5311, or both, broken out by county and type of service in fiscal year 2024.

* *** Burlington International Airport Study Committee; Report * ***

Sec. 17. BURLINGTON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT STUDY COMMITTEE; REPORT

(a) Project addition. The following project is added to the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Aviation: Burlington International Airport Study.

(b) Authorization.

(1) Spending authority for the Burlington International Airport Study is authorized as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY23 As Proposed</th>
<th>FY23 As Amended</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
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<td>150,000</td>
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<td>Sources of funds</td>
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<tr>
<td>State</td>
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<td>150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) Spending authority for South Burlington AV-FY18-001 is amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY23 As Proposed</th>
<th>FY23 As Amended</th>
<th>Change</th>
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<td>Const</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
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<td>12,650,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sources of funds</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td>350,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Federal</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local</td>
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<td>915,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>12,650,000</td>
<td>12,650,000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) The note for the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2023 Transportation Program for Aviation is amended to read as follows: “Appropriation excludes $11,385,000 of FAA Funds and $915,000 of Local Funds (South Burlington AV-FY18-001, BTV Match).”
(c) Creation. There is created the Burlington International Airport Study Committee to examine the existing governance structure and alternatives to the existing governance structure of the Burlington International Airport (Airport) and to report the Committee’s findings and recommendations.

(d) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of the following nine voting members and two nonvoting members:

1. one voting member appointed by the Governor;
2. one voting member designated by the mayor of the City of Burlington;
3. one voting member designated by the city council of the City of Burlington;
4. one voting member designated by the city council of the City of South Burlington;
5. one voting member designated by the mayor of the City of Winooski;
6. one voting member designated by the Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission to represent individuals, such as Black, Indigenous, and Persons of Color (BIPOC), immigrants, individuals with low income, and individuals residing in “disadvantaged communities” as defined in federal Executive Order 14008, “Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad,” adversely affected by the Airport;
7. one voting member designated by the Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission to represent the general aviation organizations at the Airport;
8. the Secretary of Transportation or designee, who shall be a voting member;
9. one voting member designated by the President and CEO of the Lake Champlain Regional Chamber of Commerce;
10. the current, including acting or interim, Director of Aviation for the Airport or designee, who shall be a nonvoting member of the Committee; and
11. the Director of the Chittenden County Regional Planning Commission or designee, who shall be a nonvoting member of the Committee.

(e) Assistance; consultant.

1. The Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Agency of Transportation, which shall contract with an independent third-party consultant with expertise in airport governance and
may contract with an additional person to serve as a neutral facilitator for the Committee if such assistance cannot be provided by an employee or employees of the Agency of Transportation.

(2) The Agency of Transportation shall work with the Committee to prepare a request for information and a request for proposal for the retention of the independent third-party consultant that is contracted with pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(f) Powers and duties. The Committee, with the assistance of the consultant retained as required under subsection (e) of this section, shall:

(1) review prior reports and recommendations prepared on the governance structure of the Airport, including the January 1, 2020 memorandum from Eileen Blackwood, Burlington City Attorney to Mayor Miro Weinberger and the City Council regarding Burlington International Airport and Regional Governance Questions; the June 10, 2013 Burlington International Airport, Airport Strategic Planning Committee Recommendations (Airport Strategic Planning Committee Recommendations); and the December 1985 Final Report of the Burlington Airport Study Group;

(2) examine the advantages and disadvantages of each of the options identified in the Airport Strategic Planning Committee Recommendations;

(3) examine the advantages and disadvantages of any additional governance structure options for the Airport recommended by the consultant or identified by a majority of the voting members of the Committee as warranting study;

(4) identify any other issue relating to the governance of the Airport that a majority of the voting members of the Committee determine warrants study; and

(5) make recommendations on the governance structure of the Airport as supported by a majority of the voting members of the Committee.

(g) Report; recommendations. On or before January 15, 2024, the Committee shall submit a written report to the General Assembly with its findings and recommendations. Any recommendations from the Committee shall address how to ensure that there are not negative financial impacts on the City of Burlington.

(h) Meetings.

(1) The Secretary of Transportation or designee shall call the first meeting of the Committee to occur on or before September 30, 2022.
(2) The Committee shall select a chair from among its voting members at the first meeting.

(3) A majority of the voting membership of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

(4) The Committee shall cease to exist on January 16, 2024.

(i) Compensation and reimbursement. Members of the Committee who are not employees of the State of Vermont and who are not otherwise compensated or reimbursed for their attendance shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than six meetings.

*** Future Transportation Programs ***

*** Carbon Reduction Program ***

Sec. 18. PROPOSED FISCAL YEAR 2024 TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM

The Agency of Transportation shall consult with the Vermont Climate Council and ensure that within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Transportation Program for fiscal years 2024, 2025, and 2026 all federal monies that are proposed by the State for expenditure under the Carbon Reduction Program, codified at 23 U.S.C. § 175, are allocated toward projects that align with the recommendations of the Climate Action Plan (CAP) issued under 10 V.S.A. § 592.

*** Plan to Update Vermont State Standards ***

Sec. 19. PLAN TO UPDATE VERMONT STATE STANDARDS


(b) As recommended in the State Standards Work Plan, the Agency of Transportation shall also prepare a plan to update documents, standards, guidance, and procedures related to the Vermont State Standards.

(c) The Agency shall budget for the plan to update the Vermont State Standards and related documents in the Proposed Fiscal Year 2024 Transportation Program.
(d) The Agency shall make staff available to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation for an oral presentation on the plan to update the Vermont State Standards and corresponding budget beginning on January 15, 2023.

*** Transportation Alternatives Grant Program ***

Sec. 20. 19 V.S.A. § 38 is amended to read:

§ 38. TRANSPORTATION ALTERNATIVES GRANT PROGRAM

(a), (b) [Repealed.]

(c) The Transportation Alternatives Grant Program is created. The Grant Program shall be administered by the Agency, and shall be funded in the amount provided for in 23 U.S.C. § 133(h), less the funds set aside for the Recreational Trails Program. Awards shall be made to eligible entities as defined under 23 U.S.C. § 133(h), and awards under the Grant Program shall be limited to the activities authorized under federal law and shall not exceed $300,000.00 per grant allocation.

(d) Eligible entities awarded a grant must provide all funds required to match federal funds awarded for a Transportation Alternatives project. All grant awards shall be decided and awarded by the Agency.

***

(f)(1) In fiscal years 2018 and 2019, all Grant Program funds shall be reserved for municipalities for environmental mitigation projects relating to stormwater and highways, including eligible salt and sand shed projects.

(2) In fiscal years 2020 and 2021, Grant Program funds shall be awarded for any eligible activity and in accordance with the priorities established in subdivision (4) of this subsection.

(3) In fiscal year 2022 and thereafter, $1,100,000.00 50 percent of Grant Program funds, or such lesser sum if all eligible applications amount to less than $1,100,000.00 50 percent of Grant Program funds, shall be reserved for municipalities for environmental mitigation projects relating to stormwater and highways, including eligible salt and sand shed projects, and the balance of Grant Program funds shall be awarded for any eligible activity and in accordance with the priorities established in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

(4)(2) Regarding Grant Program funds awarded in fiscal years 2020 and 2021, and the balance of Grant Program funds not reserved for environmental mitigation projects in fiscal year 2022 and thereafter, in In evaluating applications for Transportation Alternatives grants, the Agency shall give preferential weighting to projects involving as a primary feature a bicycle or
pedestrian facility. The degree of preferential weighting and the circumstantial factors sufficient to overcome the weighting shall be in the complete discretion of the Agency.

* * *

* * * Amendments to the 2021 Transportation Bill * * *

* * * Electric Bicycle Incentives Administrative Costs * * *

Sec. 21. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 55, Sec. 2(8)(D) and (E) are amended to read:

(D) Replace Your Ride Program. Sec. 27 of this act creates a new program to be known as the Replace Your Ride Program, which will be the State’s program to incentivize Vermonters to remove older low-efficiency vehicles from operation and switch to modes of transportation that produce fewer greenhouse gas emissions, and authorizes up to $1,500,000.00 $1,495,000.00 for incentives under the Program and capped startup and administrative costs.

(E) Electric bicycle incentives. Sec. 28 of this act authorizes up to $50,000.00 $55,000.00 for $200.00 incentives for the purchase of an electric bicycle and capped administrative costs.

Sec. 22. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 55, Sec. 27(d) is amended to read:

(d) Authorization. In fiscal year 2022, the Agency is authorized to spend up to $1,500,000.00 $1,495,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies on the Replace Your Ride Program established under this section, with up to $300,000.00 $295,000.00 of that $1,500,000.00 $1,495,000.00 available for startup costs, outreach education, and costs associated with developing and administering the Replace Your Ride Program.

Sec. 23. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 55, Sec. 28(b) is amended to read:

(b) Authorization.

(1) In fiscal year 2022, the Agency is authorized to spend up to $50,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies on the electric bicycle incentives and up to $5,000.00 on the costs associated with developing and administering the electric bicycle incentives.

(2) If less than $5,000.00 is expended on administrative costs associated with developing and administering the electric bicycle incentives under subdivision (1) of this subsection, then the balance of that $5,000.00 shall only be authorized for startup costs, outreach education, and costs associated with developing and administering the Replace Your Ride Program in addition to the authorization in Sec. 27(d) of this act.
**EVSE Grant Program**

Sec. 24. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 55, Sec. 29 is amended to read:

Sec. 29. **GRANT PROGRAMS FOR LEVEL 2 CHARGERS EVSE IN MULTI-UNIT MULTIUNIT DWELLINGS; REPORT**

(a) As used in this section:

(2) “Multi-unit Multiunit affordable housing” means a multi-unit multiunit dwelling where:

(3) “Multi-unit Multiunit dwelling” means a housing project, such as cooperatives, condominiums, dwellings, or mobile home parks, with 10 or more units constructed or maintained on a tract or tracts of land.

(4) “Multi-unit Multiunit dwelling owned by a nonprofit” means a multi-unit multiunit dwelling owned by a person that has nonprofit status under Section 501(c)(3) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and is registered as a nonprofit corporation with the Office of the Secretary of State.

(5) “Electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE)” includes both level 1 chargers, which connect directly into a standard 120-volt AC outlet and supply an average output of 1.3 to 2.4 kilowatts and are also known as level 1 EVSE, and level 2 chargers, which have a single-phase input voltage range from 208 to 240 volts AC and a maximum output current less than or equal to 80 amperes AC and are also known as level 2 EVSE.

(b) The Agency of Transportation shall establish and administer, through a memorandum of understanding with the Department of Housing and Community Development, a pilot program to support the continued buildout of electric vehicle supply equipment at multi-unit multiunit affordable housing and multi-unit multiunit dwellings owned by a nonprofit and build upon the existing VW EVSE Grant Program that the Department of Housing and Community Development has been administering on behalf of the Department of Environmental Conservation.

(d) Pilot program funding shall be awarded with consideration of broad geographic distribution as well as service models ranging from restricted private parking to publicly accessible parking so as to examine multiple strategies to increase access to EVSE.
(f) If the Agency of Transportation, in consultation with the interagency team, determines that programmatic funding remains available following the first round of grant awards, then the pilot program shall be opened up and made available to any multi-unit dwelling.

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*** Bicycle and Pedestrian Planning Integration Program ***

Sec. 25. BICYCLE AND PEDESTRIAN PLANNING INTEGRATION PROGRAM

(a) Establishment. The Agency of Transportation shall establish a program to support the continued development and buildout of bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure. The purpose of the program is to do at least one of the following:

(1) ensure alignment and integration of municipal and State bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure deployment and to provide a framework for municipal prioritization of bicycle and pedestrian projects that can be integrated into the VTrans Project Selection and Project Prioritization (VPSP2) process as projects are evaluated for funding through State-sponsored programs, including the Bike and Pedestrian Program, the Transportation Alternatives Program, and the Downtown Transportation Fund; or

(2) integrate bicycle and pedestrian elements into Agency-developed projects.

(b) Consultation and implementation. The Agency shall work with the State’s Regional Planning Commissions (RPCs) in implementing the program by providing funding through the Transportation Planning Initiative (TPI) Program for RPCs to develop prioritized municipal bicycle and pedestrian plans or to assist member municipalities in developing prioritized municipal bicycle and pedestrian plans.

*** Transportation Board ***

Sec. 26. 5 V.S.A. chapter 3 is redesignated to read:

CHAPTER 3. PROCEEDINGS BY THE BOARD; APPEAL TO SUPERIOR COURT JUDICIAL REVIEW

Sec. 27. 5 V.S.A. § 37 is amended to read:

§ 37. MEMBERS; TERMS; RETIREMENT; APPEAL

(a) When a Board member who hears all or a substantial part of a case retires from office before the case is completed, he or she that individual shall remain a member of the Board for the purpose of concluding and deciding the
case, and signing the findings, orders, decrees, and judgments of the case. A retiring chair shall also remain a member for the purpose of certifying questions of law if appeal is taken.

(b) A case shall be deemed completed when the Board enters a final order even though the order is appealed to a Superior Court and judicial review is sought pursuant to 19 V.S.A. § 5(c) or the case remanded to the Board. Upon remand, the Board then in office may consider relevant evidence, including any part of the transcript of testimony in the proceedings prior to appeal.

Sec. 28. 5 V.S.A. § 40 is amended to read:

§ 40. PLEADINGS; RULES OF PRACTICE; FINDINGS OF FACT

(a) The forms, pleadings, and rules of practice and procedure before the Board shall be prescribed by the Board.

(b) The Board shall hear all matters within its jurisdiction and make findings of fact. It shall state its rulings of law when required. Upon appeal to a Superior Court judicial review pursuant to 19 V.S.A. § 5(c), the Board’s findings of fact shall be accepted unless clearly erroneous.

Sec. 29. 5 V.S.A. §§ 43 and 44 are amended to read:

§ 43. REVIEW BY SUPERIOR COURT

A party to a cause who feels aggrieved by the final order, judgment, or decree of the Board may appeal to a Superior Court under Rule 74 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure seek judicial review pursuant to 19 V.S.A. § 5(c). However, the Board, before final judgment, may permit an interlocutory appeal to be taken by any party pursuant to a Superior Court 19 V.S.A. § 5(c) for determination of questions of law in the same manner as the Supreme Court may by rule provide for appeals before final judgment from a Superior Court. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure or the Vermont Rules of Appellate Procedure, neither the time for filing a notice of appeal nor the filing of a notice of appeal, as provided in this section, shall operate as a stay of enforcement of an order of the Board unless the Board or a Superior the Supreme Court grants a stay under the provisions of section 44 of this title chapter.

§ 44. POWERS OF SUPERIOR THE SUPREME COURT

A Superior Upon appeal to the Supreme Court, the Court may reverse or affirm the judgments, orders, or decrees of the Transportation Board and may remand a cause to it with mandates, as law or equity shall require; and the Board shall enter its judgment, order, or decree in accordance with these mandates. Appeals to the Superior Supreme Court shall not have the effect of vacating any judgment, order, or decree of the Board, but the Superior
Supreme Court, upon notice to interested parties, may suspend execution of a Board judgment under a decree as justice and equity require unless otherwise specifically provided by law.

Sec. 30. 5 V.S.A. § 207(d) is amended to read:

(d) The application for a certificate of approval of the site selected shall be in writing and substantially describe the property involved and the general purposes for which it is to be acquired and the manner in which the acquisition is asserted to serve the public interest. The application shall designate the names of all owners or persons known to be interested in lands adjoining the property and their residences, if known, and shall contain such further matter as the Board by rule shall determine. The application shall be supported by documentation showing that the proposed facility has received municipal approval. After evaluating the application, the Board shall issue its order giving notice of the time and place of hearing on the application. The applicant shall give notice of the proceedings to all persons owning or interested in adjoining lands by delivery of a true copy of the application and order for hearing by registered or certified mail to the last known address of each of the persons; the notice to be mailed at least 12 days prior to the date of the hearing. Notice of the hearing and a general statement of the purpose shall be published at least once in a newspaper of common circulation in the town where the property described in the application is situated at least two days before the date of the hearing, and a similar notice shall be posted in a public place at least 12 days before the hearing. Upon compliance by the applicant with the foregoing provisions for notice, the Board shall hear the applicant and all parties interested on the question of approval of the site or sites and shall consider and determine whether in the public interest the application ought to be granted. Whenever the Board makes an order granting or denying a certificate of approval of an airport, or a restricted landing area, approval to use or operate an airport or a restricted landing area or other air navigation facility, an aggrieved person may have the decision reviewed on the record by the Superior Court pursuant to Rule 74 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure seek judicial review pursuant to 19 V.S.A. § 5(c).

Sec. 31. 5 V.S.A. § 652 is amended to read:

§ 652. SUPERIOR COURT JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Secretary of Transportation or the legislative body of a municipality, as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2001, or the committee representing two or more municipalities, when authorized by vote of their legislative bodies, may proceed in Superior Court as provided in 19 V.S.A. chapter 5, except as otherwise provided in this subchapter.
Sec. 32. 5 V.S.A. § 3639 is amended to read:

§ 3639. FARM CROSSINGS AND CATTLE GUARDS; CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE; JUDICIAL REVIEW

(a) A person or corporation owning or operating a railroad shall construct and maintain farm crossings of the road for the use of the proprietors of lands adjoining the railroad, and cattle guards at all farm and road crossings sufficient to prevent cattle and animals from getting on the railroad. A farm crossing may be temporarily or permanently closed or discontinued by mutual agreement between all parties having an interest therein. If no such mutual agreement can be reached by such interested parties, then a person or corporation owning or operating a railroad and desiring to close any farm crossing shall make application to the Transportation Board. The Board shall thereupon give notice to all parties interested, in such manner as the Board may direct, of hearing on the application, the hearing to be in the county where such crossing is located. After the hearing, a person or corporation owning or operating a railroad shall not close such farm crossing without the approval of the Transportation Board. A person aggrieved by the closing of a farm crossing after January 1, 1955 by a person or corporation closing a railroad may notify the Transportation Board by registered or certified mail of the closing, and thereupon the Board shall conduct a hearing. Notice and place of hearing shall be as set forth in this subsection. The Transportation Board may require the reopening of any such crossing and make such other order as is permitted in section 3649 of this title. At any such hearing, the burden of proof shall rest with the person or persons effecting or seeking to effect the closing of such farm crossing. Any person aggrieved by an order of the Board, who was a party to the proceedings, may, in accordance with Rule 74 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure, appeal to the Superior Court, whereupon such cause shall be tried as an original action brought under the provisions of 12 V.S.A. § 402 seek judicial review pursuant to 19 V.S.A. § 5(c).

(b) A person or railroad corporation closing any farm crossing in violation of a provision of this section or failing to comply with any such order shall be fined not less than $50.00 nor more than $500.00, and any person aggrieved by such violation may recover his or her damages in an action on this statute.

Sec. 33. 5 V.S.A. § 3788 is amended to read:

§ 3788. ORDERS OF BOARD; APPEALS JUDICIAL REVIEW

The order of the Board relating to any matter upon which it may act under the authority of this chapter shall be communicated in writing to the petitioners
and to all persons to whom notice of the hearing on such petition was given. Any person aggrieved by such order, who was a party to such proceedings, may appeal from such order to the Superior Court in accordance with Rule 74 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure seek judicial review pursuant to 19 V.S.A. § 5(c).

Sec. 34. 9 V.S.A. § 4100b is amended to read:

§ 4100b. ENFORCEMENT; TRANSPORTATION BOARD

(a) The Transportation Board established in 19 V.S.A. § 3 shall enforce the provisions of this chapter.

* * *

(h) Within 20 days after any order or decision of the Board authorized under this chapter, any party to the proceeding may apply for a rehearing with respect to any matter determined in the proceeding or covered or included in the order or decision. The application for rehearing shall set forth fully every ground upon which it is claimed that the decision or order complained of is unlawful or unreasonable. No appeal from any order or decision of the Board shall be taken unless the appellant makes an application for rehearing as provided in this subsection, and when the application for rehearing has been made, no ground not set forth in the application shall be urged, relied on, or given any consideration by the Board unless the Board for good cause shown allows the appellant to specify additional grounds. Any party to the proceeding may appeal the final order, including all interlocutory orders or decisions, pursuant to the Superior Court 19 V.S.A. § 5(c) within 30 days after the date the Board rules on the application for reconsideration of the final order or decision. All findings of the Board upon all questions of fact properly before the court shall be prima facie lawful and reasonable. The order or decision appealed from shall not be set aside or vacated except for errors of law. No additional evidence shall be heard or taken by the Superior Supreme Court on appeals from orders or decisions by the Board authorized under this title.

(i) In cases where the Board finds that a violation of this chapter has occurred or there has been a failure to show good cause under section 4089 or 4098 of this title, the Superior Court Board, upon petition, shall determine reasonable attorney’s fees and costs and award them to the prevailing party.

Sec. 35. 19 V.S.A. § 5 is amended to read:

§ 5. TRANSPORTATION BOARD; POWERS AND DUTIES

(a) General duties and responsibilities; exceptions. The regulatory and quasi-judicial functions relating to transportation shall be vested in the Board,
except that the duties and responsibilities of the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles in Titles 23 and 32, including all quasi-judicial powers, shall continue to be vested in the Commissioner.

(b) Naming transportation facilities.

(1) Except as otherwise authorized by law, the Board is the sole authority responsible for naming transportation facilities owned, controlled, or maintained by the State, including highways and the bridges thereon, airports, rail facilities, rest areas, and welcome centers. The Board shall exercise its naming authority only upon petition of the legislative body of a municipality of the State, of the head of an Executive Branch agency or department of the State, or of 50 Vermont residents.

(2) The Board shall hold a public hearing for each facility requested to be named. The Board shall adopt rules governing notice and conduct of hearings, the standards to be applied in rendering decisions under this subsection, and any other matter necessary for the just disposition of naming requests. The Board shall issue a decision, which shall be subject to review on the record by a Superior Court pursuant to Rule 74 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure subsection (c) of this section. The Board may delegate the responsibility to hold a hearing to a hearing officer or a single Board member, subject to the procedure of subsection (c) of this section, but shall not be bound by 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 in carrying out its duties under this subsection.

(c) Hearing examiners; report of findings; final orders; judicial review. The Board may delegate the responsibility to hear quasi-judicial matters, and other matters as it may deem appropriate, to a hearing examiner or a single Board member, to hear a case and make findings in accordance with 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, except that highway condemnation proceedings shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of chapter 5 of this title. A hearing examiner or single Board member so appointed shall report the findings of fact in writing to the Board. Any order resulting from those findings shall be rendered only by a majority of the Board. Final orders of the Board issued pursuant to section 20 of this title (small claims against the Agency) may be reviewed on the record by a Superior Court pursuant to Rule 74 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure. All other final orders of the Board may be reviewed on the record by the Supreme Court.

(d) Specific duties and responsibilities. The Board shall:

* * *

(e) Offices and assistance. Suitable offices and office equipment shall be provided by the State for the Board at Montpelier. The Board may employ clerical or other employees and assistants whom it deems necessary in the
performance of its duties and in the investigation of matters within its jurisdiction.

(f) Jurisdiction; subpoenas; witness fees. The Board shall have the power to determine and adjudicate all matters over which it is given jurisdiction. It may render judgments and make orders and decrees. Whenever the Board is sitting in a quasi-judicial capacity, it may issue subpoenas for the testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence. The fees for travel and attendance of witnesses shall be the same as for witnesses and officers appearing before a Civil Division of the Superior Court.

(g) Reports to the General Assembly. From time to time, the Board may report to the General Assembly with suggestions of amendment to existing law or of new legislation as it deems necessary and any information concerning the companies, matters, and things under the jurisdiction of the Board and Agency that, in its opinion, will be of interest to the General Assembly.

(h) Appeals from the Agency to the Board. Unless otherwise provided by law, when an appeal is allowed from the Agency to the Board, the appeal shall be taken by filing a notice of appeal with the Secretary within 30 days of the date of the Agency decision from which the appeal is taken. The Secretary shall promptly forward the notice of appeal to the Board, together with the Agency’s record of decision.

* * * Repeal of 5 V.S.A. Chapter 5 * * *

Sec. 36. REPEAL

5 V.S.A. chapter 5 (assessments to support Agency of Transportation and Transportation Board) is repealed.

* * * On-Premises Signs * * *

Sec. 37. 10 V.S.A. § 493 is amended to read:

§ 493. ON-PREMISES SIGNS

Owners or occupants of real property may erect and maintain on the property, on-premises signs advertising the sale or lease of the property or activities being conducted on the property. Those signs shall be subject to the regulations set forth below.

(1) On-premises signs may be erected or maintained, with a total area of not more than 150 square feet, advertising activities being conducted on the same premises. However, this limitation does not apply to signs existing on May 1, 1971, or attached to or part of the building in which the activities are being carried on. An on-premises sign shall not be located more than 1,500 feet from a main entrance from the highway to the activity or premises
advertised. The 1,500-foot distance shall be measured along the centerline of the highway or highways between the sign and a main entrance or a straight line, but only if the difference in elevation between the on-premises sign and a main entrance is more than 100 feet. A main entrance shall be a principal, private roadway or driveway that leads from a public highway to the advertised activity. For the purposes of this subdivision, premises shall not include land that is separated from the activity by a public highway, or other intervening land use not related to the advertised activity. Undeveloped land or farmland shall not be considered as an intervening land use.

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* * * Right-of-Way Permits; 1111 Permits; Municipal Site Plan Review * * *

Sec. 38. 19 V.S.A. § 1112 is amended to read:
§ 1112. DEFINITIONS; FEES
(a) As used in this section:

* * *

(4) “Subsurface stormwater system” means a stormwater system, as defined in 10 V.S.A. § 1264(b)(15), that is beneath the surface.

(b) The Secretary shall collect the following fees for each application for the following types of permits issued pursuant to section 1111 of this title:

* * *

(2) utility installations, including each direct connection to the State highway subsurface stormwater system: $100.00

* * *

Sec. 39. 24 V.S.A. § 4416(b) is amended to read:

(b) Whenever a proposed site plan involves access to a State highway or other work in the State highway right-of-way such as excavation, grading, paving, or utility installation, the application for site plan approval shall include a letter from the Agency of Transportation confirming that the Agency has reviewed the proposed site plan and determined whether a permit is required under 19 V.S.A. § 1111. If the Agency determines that a permit for the proposed site plan is required under 19 V.S.A. § 1111, then the letter from the Agency shall may set out any conditions that the Agency proposes to attach to the permit required under 19 V.S.A. § 1111.
**Smugglers’ Notch Motor Vehicle Limitations**

Sec. 40. 23 V.S.A. § 1006b is amended to read:

§ 1006b. SMUGGLERS’ NOTCH; WINTER CLOSURE OF VERMONT
ROUTE 108; COMMERCIAL VEHICLE OPERATION
PROHIBITED

(a) Winter closure. The Agency of Transportation may close the
Smugglers’ Notch segment of Vermont Route 108 during periods of winter
weather.

(b) Vehicle operation prohibition.

(1) As used in this subsection, “commercial vehicle” means truck-
tractor semitrailer combinations and truck tractor trailer combinations.

(2) Commercial Single-frame motor vehicles over 40 feet in length and
tractor units with one or more attached trailers over 45 feet in total length are
prohibited from operating on the Smugglers’ Notch segment of Vermont Route
108.

(3)(2) Either the The employer of the operator of a commercial vehicle
who violates this subsection, or the operator’s employer, shall be subject to a
civil penalty of $1,000.00—If or if the violation results in substantially
impeding the flow of traffic on Vermont Route 108, the penalty shall be a civil
penalty of $2,000.00. For a second or subsequent conviction within a three-
year period, the applicable penalty or penalties shall be doubled.

(3) The prohibition in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply
to law enforcement, fire, emergency medical services, and search and rescue
vehicles involved in training or responding to real-world incidents.

(c) Required signage. The Agency shall erect signs conforming to the
standards established by section 1025 of this title to indicate the closures and
restrictions authorized under this section.

**Municipal Restrictions; Covered Bridges; Damages and Expenses**

Sec. 41. 19 V.S.A. § 313 is amended to read:

§ 313. RESTRICTING USE OF COVERED BRIDGES

The Agency and the selectmen of the town where a covered bridge is
located or, if parts of such a bridge are located in more than one town, the
selectmen of the towns acting jointly, may restrict the use of the bridge to
vehicles that are within limits as to weight, height, and width as they shall
establish. The limitation shall be plainly posted at the approaches to the bridge
at approximately 100 feet from each end of the bridge, and at intersections as
may be required to enable operators of restricted vehicles to proceed by the
most direct alternate unrestricted route. Posting shall be by means of
permanent signs of a standard size of at least 24 inches by 24 inches, and with
lettering not less than three inches high. [Repealed.]

Sec. 42. 19 V.S.A. § 315 is amended to read:

§ 315. PENALTIES

A person who operates a vehicle exceeding the limit prescribed on a bridge
thus restricted shall be fined not more than $200.00 for the first offense and
not more than $300.00 for each subsequent offense. [Repealed.]

Sec. 43. 23 V.S.A. § 1396 is redesignated to read:

§ 1396. SPECIAL WEIGHT LIMITS FOR BRIDGES AND HIGHWAYS

Sec. 44. 23 V.S.A. § 1397 is redesignated to read:

§ 1397. WEIGHT LIMIT SIGNS

Sec. 45. 23 V.S.A. § 1397a is added to read:

§ 1397a. SPECIAL LIMITS FOR COVERED BRIDGES

The legislative body of a municipality where a covered bridge is located or,
if parts of such a bridge are located in more than one municipality, the
legislative bodies of the municipalities where a covered bridge is located
acting jointly may, after consultation with the Agency of Transportation,
restrict the use of the bridge to vehicles that are within limits as to one or more
of the following, as they shall establish: weight, height, or width. Any
limitation shall be permanently posted by the municipality, with signs that
conform to the standards established by section 1025 of this title,
approximately 100 feet from the approaches to the bridge and at intersections
as may be required to enable operators of restricted vehicles to proceed by the
most direct alternate unrestricted route.

Sec. 46. 23 V.S.A. § 1398 is amended to read:

§ 1398. CERTIFIED STATEMENT TO BE FILED

A certified statement shall be filed with the clerk in each town, village, or
city municipality in which the a posting occurs, as provided in section sections
1397 and 1397a of this title subchapter, stating occurs that states the location
of the highway or bridge posted, the legal load limit or limits to which such
the highway or bridge is restricted, and the date of posting. If such a
restriction is removed at any time by the Secretary of Transportation;
selectboard, trustees, or city council, or legislative body of the municipality, or
both, a similar certified statement of the removal shall be filed with the clerk of the town, village, or city as the case may be municipality.

Sec. 47. 23 V.S.A. § 1399(b) is amended to read:

(b) Nothing contained in sections 1391–1398 of this title subchapter shall restrict the weight of:

(1) Snow plows, road machines, oilers, traction engines, tractors, rollers, power shovels, dump wagons, trucks, or other construction or maintenance equipment when used by any town, incorporated village, city, or the State in the construction or the maintenance of any highway, provided that such construction or maintenance is performed by persons employed by or under contract with such town, incorporated village, city, or the State for this purpose. However, any operation of motorized highway building equipment or road making appliances used in construction work contracted by a town, incorporated village, city, or the State shall be unrestricted as to weight only within a construction area.

(2) Municipal and volunteer fire apparatus and law enforcement motor vehicles.


Sec. 48. 23 V.S.A. § 1400d is amended to read:

§ 1400d. AGRICULTURAL SERVICE VEHICLES

(a) An agricultural service vehicle, as defined in subdivision 4(71) of this title, shall be exempt from the provisions of sections 1400 and 1400a and subsection 1434(c) of this title subchapter if the gross weight does not exceed 60,000 pounds.

(b) Municipalities shall not be liable for injuries or damages to agricultural service vehicles or their operators that result from crossing a posted bridge with an agricultural service vehicle that weighs more than the posted weight limit.

Sec. 49. 23 V.S.A. § 1434 is amended to read:

§ 1434. OPERATION IN EXCESS OF WEIGHT, HEIGHT, OR WIDTH LIMITS; PENALTIES

(a) General limits. The operation of a vehicle on a public highway in excess of the legal height, width, or length limits as prescribed in section 1431 or 1432 of this title subchapter without first obtaining a permit to operate the vehicle, whether or not a permit is available, shall be a traffic violation, as defined in section 2302 of this title. A violation shall be, and punishable by a
civil penalty of $300.00 for a first offense, $600.00 for a second offense within a two-year period, and $800.00 for a third or subsequent offense within a two-year period.

(b) Permit limits. The operation of a vehicle on a public highway in excess of the legal height, width, or length limits as prescribed in section 1431 or 1432 of this title subchapter in violation of the terms of a permit issued in conformance with section 1400 of this title subchapter shall be a traffic violation, as defined in section 2302 of this title, and shall be punishable by a civil penalty of $300.00 for a first offense, $600.00 for a second offense within a two-year period, and $800.00 for a third or subsequent offense within a two-year period.

(c) Covered bridges. The operation of a vehicle on a public highway in excess of the legal limits designated for a covered bridge under section 1397a of this subchapter or applicable under subdivisions 1392(1) and (2) of this subchapter shall be a traffic violation, as defined in section 2302 of this title, and punishable by a civil penalty of $1,000.00 or, if the violation results in substantially impeding the flow of traffic, $2,000.00. For a second or subsequent conviction within a three-year period, the applicable penalty shall be doubled.

(d) Refusal to issue a permit. In the case of a violation under subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner may refuse to issue a permit to the violator under section 1400 of this title subchapter for a period not to exceed three months, if the owner or lessee commits four or more violations within a two-year period. If the holder of a permit commits four or more violations under subsection (b) of this section within a two-year period, the Commissioner may suspend, for a period not to exceed three months, any permit issued to the violator under section 1400 of this title subchapter. For the purposes of this section, the owner or lessee of the vehicle shall be considered the holder of, or applicant for, the permit.

Sec. 50. 23 V.S.A. § 1492 is amended to read:

§ 1492. LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE DEFINED; LIMITATIONS

The owner, driver, operator, or mover of any motor truck, tractor, trailer, wagon, cart, carriage, or other object or contrivance which is moved or operated on any highway in violation of any of the provisions of sections 1098, 1145, 1083, 1092, 1302, 1305, and 1431 and subsection 1434(c) of this title subchapter; such portion of section 1141 sections 1003 and 1081 of this title subchapter as pertains to trucks and buses; and such portion of section 1391 of this title subchapter as relates to weight in relation to tire surface; shall be liable to the State or municipal corporation in which the act is committed
for damages to a public highway or bridge occasioned by such moving or operating, to be recovered in a civil action, in the name of the State or municipal corporation, or in an action on the bond provided in this chapter in connection with the issuance of permits, provided the action is brought within two years after such act is committed.

Sec. 51. 23 V.S.A. § 1112 is amended to read:

§ 1112. CLOSED HIGHWAYS

(a) Except by the written permit of the authority responsible for the closing, a person shall not drive any vehicle over any highway across which there is a barrier or a sign indicating that the highway is closed to public travel.

(c) A municipal, county, or State entity that deploys police, fire, ambulance, rescue, or other emergency services in order to aid a stranded operator of a vehicle, or to move a disabled vehicle, operated on a closed highway in violation of this section, may recover from the operator in a civil action the cost of providing the services, if at the time of the violation a sign satisfying the requirements of subsection (b) of this section was installed. [Repealed.]

Sec. 52. 24 V.S.A. § 2296a is added to read:

§ 2296a. RIGHT TO RECOVER EXPENSES FOR EMERGENCY SERVICES

A municipal, county, or State entity that deploys police, fire, ambulance, rescue, or other services to aid an operator of a vehicle who is stranded due to a violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1006b, 1112, or 1434(c) or to move a vehicle that is disabled due to a violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1006b, 1112, or 1434(c) may recover in civil action the costs of providing services from the operator or the operator’s employer, provided that the operator was acting during or incidental to the operator’s scope of employment.

* * * Municipal Weight Limits; Filing of Restrictions * * *

Sec. 53. 23 V.S.A. § 1400b is amended to read:

§ 1400b. FILING OF RESTRICTIONS, PUBLICATION

(a) Any municipality that has enacted special weight limits that are other than State legal limits for highways or bridges within its jurisdiction shall file a complete copy of the limitations with the Department of Motor Vehicles not later than February 10 of each year. The information filed shall contain a concise listing of each highway or bridge posted, the time of the year the restrictions apply, weight limitations in effect on that highway or bridge, and
the name, address, and telephone number of the principal person or persons responsible for issuing the local permit. Additions or deletions to the listing may be made from time to time, as required, by filing with the Department.

(b) Any special municipal weight limits on highways or bridges shall be unenforceable unless they are on file with the Department of Motor Vehicles within three working days of the date of posting. It shall be the responsibility of the municipality to keep records documenting the time and date a highway or bridge is posted, and to keep current restrictions on file with the Department. The Department may prescribe the format that is to be used when filing restrictions under this section.

***

*** Use of Sustainable Building Components ***

Sec. 54. FINDINGS

The General Assembly finds:

(1) With the passage of the Universal Recycling Law, the State of Vermont committed to providing convenient and efficient recycling services to all Vermonters.

(2) Efficient recycling systems save energy, conserve natural resources, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

(3) Recycled glass can currently be used in the following ways:

(A) as an aggregate to substitute for virgin or manufactured sand;

(B) ground and used as a pozzolan, which can be a partial substitute for Portland Cement in a concrete-mix design; or

(C) converted into a building component.

(4) Mining sand is a practice that is known to have an adverse effect on the environment.

(5) Fly ash, which is a pozzolan, is the byproduct of the burning of coal, and ground granulated blast-furnace slag, which is also a pozzolan, is the byproduct of steel manufacturing.

(6) The Agency of Transportation is already, pursuant to 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 21, encouraged to, wherever practicable, use pozzolans and alternatives to Portland Cement as part of the concrete-mix design for all transportation infrastructure projects.

(7) Reusing recycled glass as a substitute for virgin or manufactured sand conserves natural resources by reducing the need to mine or manufacture sand.
(8) Using materials recycled in Vermont as a partial substitute for aggregate and non-aggregate components in maintenance, construction, and improvement projects could reduce greenhouse gas emissions and the State’s carbon footprint by eliminating the need to transport recycled glass out of State for further processing.

(9) Using materials recycled in Vermont as a partial substitute for aggregate and non-aggregate components in maintenance, construction, and improvements projects could provide an economic benefit to the local recycling industry.

(10) There will continue to be advances in the availability and use of sustainable building components, such as recycled materials and manufacturing byproducts, in maintenance, construction, and improvement projects.

Sec. 55. 19 V.S.A. § 10c(m) is amended to read:

(m) Recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) shall be used on all Agency paving projects to the extent sources of quality RAP are available consistent with producing quality hot mix asphalt. To that extent, the Agency shall define paving project specifications and contract bid documents to allow the use of up to 50 percent RAP. The Agency shall compare the cost-benefit of the State’s retaining the RAP versus the contractor’s retaining the RAP, and the Agency shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation on the results of the comparison in the 2009 and 2010 legislative sessions. [Repealed.]

Sec. 56. 19 V.S.A. § 10m is added to read:

§ 10m. STATEMENT OF POLICY; SUSTAINABLE BUILDING COMPONENTS; ANNUAL REPORT

(a) Policy. It shall be the State’s policy to use sustainable building components, including recycled materials and manufacturing byproducts, in all maintenance, construction, and improvement projects within the State’s Transportation Program to the extent that sources of quality sustainable building components are available and the use is consistent with producing transportation assets with a demonstrated evidence of long-term durability.

(b) Specifications. The Agency shall define its performance and related specifications and contract bid documents to allow and, as practicable, encourage the use of sustainable building components.

(c) Recycled asphalt pavement. Recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) shall be used on all Agency paving projects to the extent sources of RAP of a quality comparable to hot mix asphalt is available. The Agency shall define paving
project specifications and contract bid documents to allow for the use of up to 50 percent RAP.

(d) Research and testing. The Agency is encouraged to continue researching, testing, and, wherever practicable, using sustainable building components, pozzolans, and alternatives to Portland Cement as part of the construction specifications for all transportation infrastructure projects.

(e) Annual report. The Agency, in consultation with the Recycled Materials Working Group, shall, during each session of the General Assembly, provide an oral report to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation on the use of sustainable building components in maintenance, construction, and improvement projects within the State’s Transportation Program.

* * * Fees for State Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment; Sunset * * *

Sec. 57. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 38 is amended to read:

Sec. 38. ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT FEES REPEAL

32 V.S.A. § 604 (electric vehicle supply equipment fees) is repealed on July 1, 2022 2025.

Sec. 58. 32 V.S.A. § 604 is amended to read:

§ 604. ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT FEES

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, any agency or department that owns or controls electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE), as defined in 30 V.S.A. § 201, may establish, set, and adjust fees for the use of that electric vehicle supply equipment EVSE. The agency or department may establish fees for electric vehicle charging at less than its costs, to cover its costs, or equal to the retail rate charged for the use of electric vehicle supply equipment EVSE available to the public. Fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the same fund or account within a fund from which the electric operating expense for the electric vehicle supply equipment EVSE originated.

(b) The Agency of Transportation and the Department of Buildings and General Services shall make staff available to standing committees of the General Assembly beginning on January 15 each year to give an oral presentation that provides an update on the State’s efforts to collect fees for the use of EVSE that is owned or controlled by the State pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and shall make available as part of that presentation a copy of any applicable fee schedules, along with an explanation as to whether or not the fee schedule accounts for expenses associated with the EVSE, including electricity costs.
Sec. 59. 2012 Acts and Resolves No. 153, Sec. 23(a) is amended to read:

(a) Pursuant to 19 V.S.A. § 15(a)(2), the general assembly General Assembly approves the secretary of transportation Secretary of Transportation to enter into an agreement with the town Town of St. Albans to relinquish to the town’s Town’s jurisdiction a segment of state State highway right-of-way in the town Town of St. Albans, which has not been constructed to be a traveled road, and which was to be known as the Vermont Route 207 Extension. This authority shall expire on June 30, 2022 2032. The segment authorized to be relinquished measures approximately 1.7 acres, is approximately 160 feet in width, and starts at a point 200 feet west of the intersection of the U.S. Route 7/Vermont Route 207 centerline of highway project S0297(2), and continues westerly for 463 feet.

* * * Codified Law Technical Corrections * * *

Sec. 60. REPEAL

19 V.S.A. § 22 (fine applicable for a violation of the since repealed 19 V.S.A. § 21(c)) is repealed.

Sec. 61. 19 V.S.A. § 11a(b) is amended to read:

(b) In fiscal year 2017, of the funds appropriated to the Department of Public Safety pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the amount of $1,680,000.00 is allocated exclusively for the purchase, outfitting, assignment, and disposal of State Police vehicles. In fiscal year 2018 and in succeeding fiscal years, of the funds appropriated to the Department of Public Safety pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the amount of $2,100,000.00 is allocated exclusively for the purchase, outfitting, assignment, and disposal of State Police vehicles. Any unexpended and unencumbered funds remaining in this allocation at the close of a fiscal year shall revert to the Transportation Fund. The Department of Public Safety may periodically recommend to the General Assembly that this allocation be adjusted to reflect market conditions for the vehicles and equipment.

Sec. 62. 19 V.S.A. § 996(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Agency of Transportation shall work with municipal representatives to revise the Agency of Transportation’s Town Road and Bridge Standards in order to incorporate a suite of practical and cost-effective best management practices, as approved by the Agency of Natural Resources, for the construction, maintenance, and repair of all existing and future State and town highways. These best management practices shall address activities
that have a potential for causing pollutants to enter the groundwater and waters of the State, including stormwater runoff and direct discharges to State waters. The best management practices shall not supersede any requirements for stormwater management already set forth in 10 V.S.A. §§ 1264 and 1264a that apply to State and town highways. The Agency of Transportation shall report to the House and Senate committees on Transportation, the house committee on fish, wildlife and water resources, and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy by January 15, 2011, on the best management practices to be incorporated into the Agency of Transportation’s Town Road and Bridge Standards.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 63. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 57 (amendment to sunset of 32 V.S.A. § 604) and 59 (extension of authority to relinquish State highway right-of-way for Vermont Route 207 Extension) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. 21–24 (amendments to the 2021 Transportation Bill) shall take effect retroactively on July 1, 2021.

(c) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.

Senator Brock, for the Committee on Finance, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on Transportation.

Senator Kitchel, for the Committee on Appropriations, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Transportation with the following amendment thereto:

In Sec. 17, Burlington International Airport Study Committee; report, by striking out subsection (b) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(b) Authorization.

(1) Spending authority for the Burlington International Airport Study is authorized as follows:

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Sources of funds

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<td>Total</td>
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<td>12,500,000</td>
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(2) Spending authority for South Burlington AV-FY18-001 is amended as follows:

(3) The City of Burlington, which is the sponsor of the Burlington International Airport, and the Agency of Transportation shall work together to secure a grant from the Federal Aviation Administration to cover the $135,000.00 in federal monies authorized for expenditure under subdivision (1) of this subsection for the Burlington International Airport Study.

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and the recommendation of proposal of amendment of the Committee on Transportation was amended as recommended by the Committee on Appropriations.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Transportation, as amended?, Senators Perchlik, Mazza, Chittenden, Ingalls and Kitchel moved to amend the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Transportation, as amended, as follows:

First: By striking out the section heading for Sec. 18, proposed fiscal year 2024 Transportation Program, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new section heading to read as follows:

Sec. 18. FUTURE FISCAL YEAR TRANSPORTATION PROGRAMS; CARBON REDUCTION PROGRAM

Second: In Sec. 40, 23 V.S.A. § 1006b, by striking out redesignated subdivision (b)(2) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (b)(2) to read as follows:
(3)(2) Either the employer of an operator of a commercial vehicle who is operating a vehicle in the scope of employment and violates this subsection, or the operator’s employer, or the operator of a vehicle who is operating a vehicle for personal purposes and violates this subsection shall be subject to a civil penalty of $1,000.00. If or, if the violation results in substantially impeding the flow of traffic on Vermont Route 108, the penalty shall be a civil penalty of $2,000.00. For a second or subsequent conviction within a three-year period, the applicable penalty or penalties shall be doubled.

Third: In Sec. 49, 23 V.S.A. § 1434, in subsection (c), by striking out the words “on a public highway” preceding the words “in excess of the legal limits”

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Transportation, as amended?, Senators Chittenden, Mazza, Ingalls, Kitchel and Perchlik moved to amend the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Transportation, as amended, by striking out Sec. 63, effective dates, and its corresponding reader assistance heading in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Zoning; Municipal Airports; Parking * * *

Sec. 63. 24 V.S.A. § 4413(i) is added to read:

(i) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 213, no bylaw adopted under this chapter shall regulate the location of parking facilities at or adjacent to a municipally owned and operated airport.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 64. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 57 (amendment to sunset of 32 V.S.A. § 604), 59 (extension of authority to relinquish State highway right-of-way for Vermont Route 207 Extension), and 63 (24 V.S.A. § 4413(i)) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. 21–24 (amendments to the 2021 Transportation Bill) shall take effect retroactively on July 1, 2021.

(c) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

Which was agreed to.
Thereupon, the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Transportation, as amended, was agreed to and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Balint, the rules were suspended and the bill was placed on all remaining stages of its passage in concurrence with proposal of amendment.

Thereupon, the bill was read the third time and passed in concurrence with proposal of amendment on a roll call, Yeas 29, Nays 0.

Senator Collamore having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Balint, Baruth, Benning, Bray, Brock, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Collamore, Cummings, Hardy, Hooker, Ingalls, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, Mazza, McCormack, Nitka, Parent, Perchlik, Pollina, Ram Hinsdale, Sears, Sirotkin, Starr, Terenzini, Westman, White.

Those Senators who voted in the negative were: None.

The Senator absent and not voting was: Pearson.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Balint, the rules were suspended and the bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith.

House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In with Amendment

S. 254.

House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to recovering damages for Article 11 violations by law enforcement and a report on qualified immunity.

Was taken up.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. REPORT ON ACCESS TO CIVIL JUSTICE REMEDIES AND LAW ENFORCEMENT QUALIFIED IMMUNITY IN VERMONT

(a) On or before November 15, 2022, the Office of Legislative Counsel shall submit a written legal analysis to the Senate Committee on Judiciary, the House Committee on Judiciary, and the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee concerning the impact of the doctrine of qualified immunity on access to civil justice remedies in the State of Vermont and the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. In particular, the analysis shall identify:
(1) the origins of the doctrine of qualified immunity and its present interpretation and application by the State courts of Vermont;

(2) existing constitutional, statutory, and common law causes of action for redressing the alleged misconduct of Vermont law enforcement under Vermont law;

(3) existing immunities from suit concerning allegations of Vermont law enforcement misconduct under Vermont law;

(4) existing defenses to liability concerning allegations of Vermont law enforcement misconduct under Vermont law;

(5) existing statutory and common law limitations on damages concerning allegations of Vermont law enforcement misconduct under Vermont law;

(6) the applicability of the doctrine of qualified immunity to all certified law enforcement officers;

(7) the level of specificity necessary for a statute to be considered clearly established law pursuant to a qualified immunity analysis under Vermont law;

(8) the difference between remedies available pursuant to a direct private right of action based on self-executing provisions of the Vermont Constitution and remedies available in an action pursuant to 42 U.S.C § 1983; and

(9) a survey of states that maintain a central database of all final judgments and settlements paid by a law enforcement agency for allegations of law enforcement officer misconduct.

(b) The written analysis shall be confined to legal analysis and shall not make any policy recommendations.

(c) In the preparation of the legal analysis, the Office of Legislative Counsel shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Office of the Vermont Attorney General, the Office of the Vermont Defender General, the Center for Justice Reform at Vermont Law School, and other stakeholders interested in assisting with the report.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to a report on qualified immunity.
Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, Senator Sears moved that the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with an amendment as follows:

By adding a new Sec. 1 to read as follows:

Sec. 1. 20 V.S.A. § 2370 is added to read:

§ 2370. RECORD OF CASE DISPOSITION

Each law enforcement agency shall maintain a record of all final judgments and settlements paid by the law enforcement agency for court claims related to alleged violations of constitutional rights established under the Constitution of the State of Vermont. All judgments, settlements, and their underlying complaints are subject to public disclosure unless an exemption applies pursuant to the Vermont Public Records Act. Any record disclosed shall include the name of the law enforcement agency and the monetary amount paid pursuant to the judgment or settlement.

And by renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to maintaining records of judgments and settlements paid by law enforcement agencies and a legal analysis of qualified immunity.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

Bill Passed in Concurrence

H. 399.

House bill of the following title was read the third time and passed in concurrence:

An act relating to incarceration terms for criminal defendants who are primary caretakers of dependent children.

Proposal of Amendment; Third Reading Ordered

H. 711.

Senator Lyons, for the Committee on Health and Welfare, to which was referred House bill entitled:

An act relating to the creation of the Opioid Settlement Advisory Committee and the Opioid Abatement Special Fund.

Reported recommending that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:
First: In Sec. 1, 18 V.S.A. chapter 93, section 4772, subsection (c), in the second sentence by striking out “Substance Misuse Advisory Council” and inserting in lieu thereof Substance Misuse Oversight Prevention and Advisory Council

Second: In Sec. 1, 18 V.S.A. chapter 93, section 4774, subsection (a), by striking out subdivisions (1) and (2) in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(a)(1) There is created the Opioid Abatement Special Fund, a special fund established and managed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5 and administered by the Department of Health. The Opioid Abatement Special Fund shall consist of all abatement account fund monies disbursed to the Department from the national settlement fund administrator, the national opioid abatement trust, the supplemental opioid abatement fund, or any other settlement funds that must be utilized exclusively for opioid prevention, intervention, treatment, recovery, and harm reduction services.

(2) The Department shall include a spending plan, informed by the recommendations of the Opioid Settlement Advisory Committee established pursuant to section 4772 of this subchapter, as part of its annual budget submission, and once approved, the Department shall request to have the funds formally released from the national settlement fund administrator, the national opioid abatement trust, the supplemental opioid abatement fund, or any other settlement funds that must be utilized exclusively for opioid prevention, intervention, treatment, recovery, and harm reduction services. The Department shall disburse monies from the Opioid Abatement Special Fund pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 3.

Third: By striking out Sec. 2, sunset; Opioid Settlement Advisory Committee, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 2 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. SUNSET; OPIOID SETTLEMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Opioid Settlement Advisory Committee shall cease to exist upon written certification by the Chair of the Opioid Settlement Advisory Committee to the Governor, the Speaker of the House, and the President Pro Tempore that Vermont’s share of monies from the national settlement fund administrator, the national opioid abatement trust, the supplemental opioid abatement fund, or any other settlement funds that must be utilized exclusively for opioid prevention, intervention, treatment, recovery, and harm reduction services has been fully expended.

And that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with such proposal of amendment.
Senator Kitchel, for the Committee on Appropriations, to which the bill was referred, reported recommending that the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on Health and Welfare.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, and pending the question, Shall the Senate propose to the House that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Health and Welfare?, Senator Lyons moved to amend the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Health and Welfare in Sec. 1, 18 V.S.A. chapter 93, section 4774, subsection (a), in both subdivisions (1) and (2), and in Sec. 2, sunset; Opioid Settlement Advisory Committee, by striking out the phrase “national settlement fund administrator” and inserting in lieu thereof national abatement account fund.

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Health and Welfare, as amended, was agreed to and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Committee of Conference Appointed

H. 740.

An act relating to making appropriations for the support of government.

Was taken up. Pursuant to the request of the House, the President announced the appointment of

Senator Kitchel
Senator Baruth
Senator Westman

as members of the Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate to consider the disagreeing votes of the two Houses.

Message from the House No. 54

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Alona Tate, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Madam President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has adopted House concurrent resolutions of the following titles:

H.C.R. 144. House concurrent resolution congratulating Blake Hill Preserves’ owners Vicki Allard and Joe Hanglin on being named the U.S. Small Business Administration’s 2022 Vermont Small Business Persons of the Year.

H.C.R. 146. House concurrent resolution congratulating Megan Nick on winning the bronze medal in women’s individual aerials at the 2022 Winter Olympics.

H.C.R. 147. House concurrent resolution congratulating Ryan Cochran-Siegle of Starksboro on winning the silver medal in the super-G alpine skiing race at the 2022 Winter Olympics.

H.C.R. 148. House concurrent resolution recognizing April 2022 as World Landscape Architecture Month and designating April 26, 2022 as Fredrick Law Olmsted Day in Vermont.

H.C.R. 149. House concurrent resolution honoring former Sunderland Town Clerk and Treasurer Rose Keough.

In the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

House Concurrent Resolutions

The following joint concurrent resolutions having been placed on the consent calendar on the preceding legislative day, and no Senator having requested floor consideration as provided by the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, were severally adopted in concurrence:

By Reps. Bartholomew and others,

By Senators Balint, Clarkson, McCormack, Nitka and White,

H.C.R. 144.

House concurrent resolution congratulating Blake Hill Preserves’ owners Vicki Allard and Joe Hanglin on being named the U.S. Small Business Administration’s 2022 Vermont Small Business Persons of the Year.

By Reps. Copeland Hanzas and others,

H.C.R. 145.

House concurrent resolution recognizing June 27, 2022 as Post-Traumatic Stress Injury Awareness Day in Vermont.

By Reps. Brumsted and Webb,

H.C.R. 146.

House concurrent resolution congratulating Megan Nick on winning the bronze medal in women’s individual aerials at the 2022 Winter Olympics.
By Reps. Brown and others,

**H.C.R. 147.**

House concurrent resolution congratulating Ryan Cochran-Siegle of Starksboro on winning the silver medal in the super-G alpine skiing race at the 2022 Winter Olympics.

By Rep. Yantachka,

**H.C.R. 148.**

House concurrent resolution recognizing April 2022 as World Landscape Architecture Month and designating April 26, 2022 as Fredrick Law Olmsted Day in Vermont.

By Reps. Durfee and others,

By Senators Campion and Sears,

**H.C.R. 149.**

House concurrent resolution honoring former Sunderland Town Clerk and Treasurer Rose Keough.

**Adjournment**

On motion of Senator Balint, the Senate adjourned, to reconvene on Monday, April 25, 2022, at one o’clock in the afternoon.