The Senate was called to order by the President.

**Devotional Exercises**

Devotional exercises were conducted by the Reverend Rick Swanson of Stowe.

**Bill Referred to Committee on Finance**

*S. 195.*

Senate bill of the following title, appearing on the Calendar for notice, and affecting the revenue of the state, under the rule was referred to the Committee on Finance:

An act relating to the certification of mental health peer support specialists.

**Bill Referred to Committee on Appropriations**

*S. 214.*

Senate bill of the following title, appearing on the Calendar for notice and carrying an appropriation or requiring the expenditure of funds, under the rule was referred to the Committee on Appropriations:

An act relating to valuation of time-share projects.

**Joint Resolution Referred**

**J.R.H. 18.**

Joint resolution originating in the House of the following title was read the first time and is as follows:

Joint resolution relating to the Russian invasion of Ukraine.

**Whereas,** on Thursday, February 24, 2022, Russian President Vladimir Putin invaded the independent nation of Ukraine, which has a democratically elected government, stating that he wanted the de-Nazification of the country—despite Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyy himself being Jewish—triggering the largest military confrontation on the European continent since World War II, and
Whereas, President Putin has warned of dire historic consequences if any nation attempts to interfere in the Russian military operations in Ukraine, and he has placed the Russian nuclear arsenal on alert status, and

Whereas, deep national pride and a fierce anger at President Putin’s vicious attack upon Ukraine’s sovereignty has united Ukrainians, and many Ukrainian civilians have volunteered to defend their country, and

Whereas, under the inspiring leadership of President Zelenskyy, Ukrainians’ astonishment at Russia’s virulent invasion was shared by the rest of world; Russia’s increasingly severe military tactics have sparked enormous international condemnation; and over two million Ukrainians have fled their homeland, and

Whereas, demonstrations in Russia against President Putin’s attacks on Ukraine have resulted in the detention of thousands of antiwar protesters, and

Whereas, State Treasurer Beth Pearce and the Vermont Pension Investment Committee are liquidating State pension funds in Russian investments, and

Whereas, on March 3, 2022, Governor Philip B. Scott issued Executive Order No. 02-22, “Solidarity with the Ukrainian People,” which expressed strong dismay at the decision of President Putin to invade Ukraine, and directed that the State of Vermont limit business, investment, and contractual relationships associated with products either produced or sourced in Russia and terminated authorization for Vermont’s sister-state relationship with the Russian Republic of Karelia, and

Whereas, the General Assembly adopted 1990 Acts and Resolves No. R-157, “Joint resolution relating to strengthening ties with the peoples of Karelia within the Soviet Union,” and, while the peoples of the Republic of Karelia are not responsible for the Russian invasion of Ukraine, as a statement of the General Assembly’s concern over maintaining an official relationship with a Russian republic, this joint resolution warrants repeal, now therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:

That the General Assembly condemns the Russian invasion of Ukraine and expresses strong support for Ukraine’s fight for independence, the heroic leadership of Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyy, the resoluteness of the Ukrainian people, the courage of the Russian antiwar protesters, and the actions of Governor Philip B. Scott in response to Russian aggression, and be it further

Resolved: That the General Assembly expresses its strong support for the United States’ continued backing of Ukraine’s heroic quest to remain a free and independent nation, and be it further
Resolved: That the General Assembly repeals 1990 Acts and Resolves No. R-157, “Joint resolution relating to strengthening ties with the peoples of Karelia within the Soviet Union,” and be it further

Resolved: That the Secretary of State be directed to send a copy of this resolution to the embassies of Russia and Ukraine in Washington, D.C., to Governor Philip B. Scott, and to the Vermont Congressional Delegation.

Thereupon, in the discretion of the President, under Rule 51, the joint resolution was treated as a bill and referred to the Committee on Government Operations.

Bill Referred

House bill of the following title was read the first time and referred:

H. 680.

An act relating to obtaining a marriage license in any town in Vermont.

To the Committee on Government Operations.

Governor’s Veto Overridden

Senate Bill entitled:


Was taken up.

Thereupon, the pending question, Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the refusal of the Governor to approve it?, was decided in the affirmative on a roll call required by the Vermont Constitution, Yeas 21, Nays 9. (the necessary *override* two-thirds vote *having* been attained).

Roll Call

**Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were:** Balint, Baruth, Bray, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Cummings, Hardy, Hooker, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, Mazza, McCormack, Pearson, Perchlik, Pollina, Ram Hinsdale, Sears, Sirotkin, White.

**Those Senators who voted in the negative were:** Benning, Brock, Collamore, Ingalls, Nitka, Parent, Starr, Terenzini, Westman.
Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered; Rules Suspended; Bill Passed; Bill Messaged

S. 4.

Senator Baruth, for the Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to a 48-hour waiting period for firearms transfers.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 4023 is added to read:

§ 4023. POSSESSION OF FIREARMS IN HOSPITAL BUILDINGS PROHIBITED

(a) A person shall not knowingly possess a firearm while within a hospital building.

(b) A person who violates this section shall be fined not more than $250.00.

(c) This section shall not apply to a firearm possessed by a federal law enforcement officer or a law enforcement officer certified as a law enforcement officer by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council pursuant to 20 V.S.A. § 2358, for legitimate law enforcement purposes.

(d) Notice of the provisions of this section shall be posted conspicuously at each public entrance to each hospital.

(e) As used in this section:

(1) “Firearm” has the same meaning as in subsection 4017(d) of this title.

(2) “Hospital” has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 1902.

Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 4019 is amended to read:

§ 4019. FIREARMS TRANSFERS; BACKGROUND CHECKS

(a) As used in this section:

* * *

(4) “Licensed dealer” means a person issued a license as a dealer in firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 923(a).

(5) “Proposed transferee” means an unlicensed person to whom a proposed transferor intends to transfer a firearm.
(6) “Proposed transferor” means an unlicensed person who intends to transfer a firearm to another unlicensed person.

(7) “Transfer” means to transfer ownership of a firearm by means of sale, trade, or gift.

(8) “Unlicensed person” means a person who has not been issued a license as a dealer, importer, or manufacturer in firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 923(a).

(b)(1) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, an unlicensed person shall not transfer a firearm to another unlicensed person unless:

(A) the proposed transferor and the proposed transferee physically appear together with the firearm before a licensed dealer and request that the licensed dealer facilitate the transfer; and

(B) the licensed dealer agrees to facilitate the transfer.

(2) A person shall not, in connection with the transfer or attempted transfer of a firearm pursuant to this section, knowingly make a false statement or exhibit a false identification intended to deceive a licensed dealer with respect to any fact material to the transfer.

* * *

(d) A person shall not transfer a firearm to another person if:

(1) the transfer requires a background check under this section or under federal law; and

(2) the licensed dealer facilitating the transfer has not been provided with a unique identification number for the transfer by the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, provided that if the identification number has not been provided within seven business days, then the transfer may proceed.

(e)(1) An unlicensed person who transfers a firearm to another unlicensed person in violation of subdivision (b)(1) of this section shall be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than $500.00, or both.

(2) A person who violates subdivision (b)(2) or subsection (d) of this section shall be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than $500.00, or both.

(f) This section shall not apply to:

(1) the transfer of a firearm by or to a law enforcement agency;
(2) the transfer of a firearm by or to a law enforcement officer or member of the U.S. Armed Forces acting within the course of his or her official duties;

(3) the transfer of a firearm from one immediate family member to another immediate family member; or

(4) a person who transfers the firearm to another person in order to prevent imminent harm to any person, provided that this subdivision shall only apply while the risk of imminent harm exists.

(f)(g) A licensed dealer who facilitates a firearm transfer pursuant to this section shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability for any actions taken or omissions made when facilitating the transfer in reliance on the provisions of this section. This subsection shall not apply to reckless or intentional misconduct by a licensed dealer.

Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 4057 is amended to read:

§ 4057. PROCEDURE

(a) Except as otherwise specified, proceedings commenced under this subchapter shall be in accordance with the Vermont Rules for Family Proceedings and shall be in addition to any other available civil or criminal remedies.

** *(d)(1) For purposes of a petition filed pursuant to this subchapter, a health care provider may notify a law enforcement officer when the provider believes in good faith that disclosure of the information is necessary to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to the health or safety of a person or the public.

(2) As used in this subsection:

(A) “Health care provider” has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 9402.

(B) “Necessary to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to the health or safety of a person or the public” includes circumstances when the health care provider reasonably believes that the patient poses an extreme risk of causing harm to themselves or another person by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a dangerous weapon or by having a dangerous weapon within the patient’s custody or control."
Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 4062 is added to read:

§ 4062. ANNUAL REPORTING; OFFICE OF COURT ADMINISTRATOR AND AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES

(a) On or before September 1, 2022 and annually thereafter, the Court Administrator, with the assistance of the Agency of Human Services, shall report data on the use of extreme risk protection orders during the previous year to the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary.

(b) The reports required by this section shall include the following data for the previous year:

(1) the number of extreme risk protection order petitions filed and the number of orders issued;

(2) geographical data indicating the county where the petition was filed; and

(3) follow-up information describing whether the order was renewed or terminated pursuant to section 4055 of this title and whether the subject of the order was charged with violating it under section 4058 of this title.

(c) The Agency of Human Services shall include in the reports required by this section an analysis of the impact of extreme risk prevention orders on Vermont suicide rates, including any relevant data relied on or utilized by the Agency for purposes of providing the information required by 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 34, An act relating to evaluation of suicide profiles.

Sec. 5. 13 V.S.A. § 4021 is amended to read:

§ 4021. LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICES

(a) A person shall not manufacture, possess, transfer, offer for sale, purchase, or receive or import into this State a large capacity ammunition feeding device. As used in this subsection, “import” shall do not include the transportation back into this State of a large capacity ammunition feeding device by the same person who transported the device out of State if the person possessed the device on or before the effective date of this section.

(d)(1) This section shall not apply to any large capacity ammunition feeding device:

(F) transported by a resident of another state into this State for the exclusive purpose of use in an organized shooting competition sponsored by an entity registered with the Secretary of State if the device is lawfully possessed
under the laws of another state.

* * *

Sec. 6. 15 V.S.A. § 1104 is amended to read:

§ 1104. EMERGENCY RELIEF

(a) In accordance with the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure, temporary orders under this chapter may be issued ex parte, without notice to the defendant, upon motion and findings by the court that the defendant has abused the plaintiff or the plaintiff’s children, or both. The plaintiff shall submit an affidavit in support of the order. A minor 16 years of age or older, or a minor of any age who is in a dating relationship as defined in subdivision 1101(2) of this chapter, may seek relief on his or her own behalf. Relief under this section shall be limited as follows:

(1) Upon a finding that there is an immediate danger of further abuse, an order may be granted requiring the defendant:

(A) to refrain from abusing the plaintiff or his or her the plaintiff’s children, or both, or from cruelly treating as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 352 or 352a or killing any animal owned, possessed, leased, kept, or held as a pet by either party or by a minor child residing in the household;

(B) to refrain from interfering with the plaintiff’s personal liberty or the personal liberty of the plaintiff’s children, or both;

(C) to refrain from coming within a fixed distance of the plaintiff, the plaintiff’s children, the plaintiff’s residence, or the plaintiff’s place of employment; and

(D) to refrain from contacting the plaintiff or the plaintiff’s children, or both, in any way, whether directly, indirectly, or through a third party, with the purpose of making contact with the plaintiff, including in writing or by telephone, e-mail, or other electronic communication; or

(E) to immediately relinquish, until the expiration of the order, all firearms that are in the defendant’s possession, ownership, or control and to refrain from acquiring or possessing any firearms while the order is in effect.

(2) Upon a finding that the plaintiff, his or her or the plaintiff’s children, or both, have been forced from the household and will be without shelter unless the defendant is ordered to vacate the premises, the court may order the defendant to vacate immediately the household and may order sole possession of the premises to the plaintiff.

(3) Upon a finding that there is immediate danger of physical or emotional harm to minor children, the court may award temporary custody of
these minor children to the plaintiff or to other persons.

* * *

Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to procedures involving firearms.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered, on a roll call, Yeas 23, Nays 7.

Senator Ingalls having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Balint, Baruth, Bray, Campion, Chittenden, Clarkson, Cummings, Hardy, Hooker, Kitchel, Lyons, MacDonald, Mazza, McCormack, Nitka, Pearson, Perchlik, Pollina, Ram Hinsdale, Sears, Sirotkin, Westman, White.

Those Senators who voted in the negative were: *Benning, Brock, Collamore, Ingalls, Parent, Starr, Terenzini.

*Senator Benning explained his vote as follows:

Madam President:

I voted “no” on this bill for two reasons. First, I am not comfortable allowing out of state individuals to come to Vermont in possession of large capacity magazines which our own citizens are prohibited from possessing. It is insulting to Vermonters who are lawfully exercising their constitutional rights. I would prefer our own citizens had the same right of ownership.

Secondly, even though proponents claim it is “just temporary,” this bill clearly eliminates due process of law by depriving someone of their property on a mere accusation, almost always at a time when the owner of that property has no idea a court proceeding is taking place. This represents a significant shift in constitutional law and it should not go unnoticed. My greater fear is that this establishes a precedent for the next attempt to erode constitutional rights.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Balint, the rules were suspended and the bill was placed on all remaining stages of passage.
Thereupon, the bill was read the third time and passed.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Balint, the rules were suspended, and the bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith.

**Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered**

*S. 247.*

Senator Hardy, for the Committee on Finance, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to prohibiting discrimination based on genetic information.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Genetic Information and Testing ***

Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 9331 is amended to read:

§ 9331. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of As used in this chapter:

***

(6) “Genetic information” means the results of genetic testing related to an individual or a family member of the individual contained in any report, interpretation, evaluation, or other record thereof.

***

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 9334 is amended to read:

§ 9334. GENETIC TESTING AS A CONDITION OF INSURANCE COVERAGE

(a) No policy of insurance offered for delivery or issued in this State shall be underwritten or conditioned on the basis of:

(1) any requirement or agreement of the individual to undergo genetic testing; or

(2) genetic information of the individual that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that individual but that has not resulted in a diagnosed condition in the individual; or

(3) the results of genetic testing information of a member of the individual’s family that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that family member but that has not resulted in a diagnosed condition in the family member.
Sec. 3. 8 V.S.A. § 3702 is amended to read:

§ 3702. OTHER PROHIBITED PRACTICES

A life insurance company doing business in the State or an agent thereof shall not do any of the following:

(1) issue a policy of insurance or make an agreement other than that plainly expressed in the policy issued to the insured.

(2) pay, allow, or offer to pay or allow, as an inducement to insurance, a rebate or premium payable on the policy.

(3) grant a special favor or advantage in the dividends or other benefits to accrue thereon.

(4) provide any valuable consideration or inducement not specified in the policy.

(5)(A) Condition insurance rates, the provision or renewal of insurance coverage or benefits, or other conditions of insurance for any individual on:

(i) any requirement or agreement of the individual to undergo genetic testing;

(ii) genetic information of the individual that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that individual but that has not resulted in a diagnosed condition in the individual; or

(iii) genetic information of a member of the individual’s family that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that family member but that has not resulted in a diagnosed condition in the family member.

(B) As used in this subdivision (5), “genetic testing” and “genetic information” have the same meanings as in 18 V.S.A. § 9331.

(6) Request, require, purchase, or use information obtained from an entity providing direct-to-consumer genetic testing without the informed written consent of the individual who has been tested.

Sec. 4. 8 V.S.A. § 4724 is amended to read:

§ 4724. UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION OR UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES DEFINED

The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of competition or unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the business of insurance:
(7) Unfair discrimination; arbitrary underwriting action.

(D) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination against any individual by conditioning insurance rates, the provision or renewal of insurance coverage, or other conditions of insurance based on medical information, including the results of genetic testing, where there is not a relationship between the medical information and the cost of the insurance risk that the insurer would assume by insuring the proposed insured. In demonstrating the relationship, the insurer can rely on actual or reasonably anticipated experience. As used in this subdivision, “genetic testing” shall be defined as the term is defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9331(7).

(F)(i) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination against any individual by conditioning insurance rates, the provision or renewal of insurance coverage, or other conditions of insurance on:

(I) any requirement or agreement of the individual to undergo genetic testing;

(II) genetic information of the individual that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that individual but that has not resulted in a diagnosed condition in the individual; or

(III) genetic information of a member of the individual’s family that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that family member but that has not resulted in a diagnosed condition in the family member.

(ii) As used in this subdivision (7)(F), “genetic testing” and “genetic information” have the same meanings as in 18 V.S.A. § 9331.

(22) Genetic testing.

(A) Conditioning insurance rates, the provision or renewal of insurance coverage or benefits, or other conditions of insurance for any individual on:

(i) any requirement or agreement of the individual to undergo genetic testing;

(ii) genetic information of the individual that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that individual but that has not resulted in
(iii) the results of genetic testing information of a member of the individual’s family, unless the results are contained in the individual’s medical record that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that family member but that has not resulted in a diagnosed condition in the family member.

(B) As used in this subdivision (22), “genetic testing” shall be defined as the term is defined and “genetic information” have the same meanings as in 18 V.S.A. § 9331.

Sec. 5. 8 V.S.A. § 5115 is amended to read:

§ 5115. DUTY OF NONPROFIT HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS

(a) Any nonprofit health maintenance organization subject to this chapter shall offer nongroup plans to individuals in accordance with section 4080b of this title without discrimination based on age, gender, industry, genetic information, and medical history, except as allowed by subdivisions 4080a(h)(2)(B) and 4080b(h)(2)(B) of this title pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 1811(f)(2)(A).

(b) As used in this section, “genetic information” has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 9331.

Sec. 6. 8 V.S.A. § 8086 is amended to read:

§ 8086. PREEXISTING CONDITIONS; GENETIC TESTING

* * *

(b)(1) No long-term care insurance policy or certificate may exclude coverage for a loss or confinement which is the result of a preexisting condition, unless such the loss or confinement begins within six months following the effective date of coverage of an insured person.

(2)(A) No long-term care insurance policy or certificate may condition insurance rates, the provision or renewal of insurance coverage or benefits, or other conditions of insurance for any individual on:

(i) any requirement or agreement of the individual to undergo genetic testing;

(ii) genetic information of the individual that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that individual but that has not resulted in a diagnosed condition in the individual; or
(iii) genetic information of a member of the individual’s family that may be associated with a potential genetic condition in that family member but that has not resulted in a diagnosed condition in the family member.

(B) As used in this subdivision (2), “genetic testing” and “genetic information” have the same meanings as in 18 V.S.A. § 9331.

* * *

** Social and Medical Services **

Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 4588 is amended to read:

§ 4588. ANNUAL REPORT TO COMMISSIONER

(a) Annually, on or before March 1, a medical service corporation shall file with the Commissioner of Financial Regulation a statement sworn to by the president and treasurer of the corporation showing its condition on December 31, which shall be in such form and contain such matters as the Commissioner shall prescribe. To qualify for the tax exemption set forth in section 4590 of this title, the statement shall include a certification that the medical service corporation operates on a nonprofit basis for the purpose of providing an adequate medical service plan to individuals of the State, both groups and nongroups, without discrimination based on age, gender, geographic area, industry, genetic information, and medical history, except as allowed by subdivisions 4080a(h)(2)(B) and 4080b(h)(2)(B) of this title pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 1811(f)(2)(A).

(b) As used in this section, “genetic information” has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 9331.

Sec. 8. 8 V.S.A. § 4516 is amended to read:

§ 4516. ANNUAL REPORT TO COMMISSIONER

(a) Annually, on or before March 1, a hospital service corporation shall file with the Commissioner of Financial Regulation a statement sworn to by the president and treasurer of the corporation showing its condition on December 31. The statement shall be in such form and contain such matters as the Commissioner shall prescribe. To qualify for the tax exemption set forth in section 4518 of this title, the statement shall include a certification that the hospital service corporation operates on a nonprofit basis for the purpose of providing an adequate hospital service plan to individuals of the State, both groups and nongroups, without discrimination based on age, gender, geographic area, industry, genetic information, and medical history, except as allowed by subdivisions 4080a(h)(2)(B) and 4080b(h)(2)(B) of this title pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 1811(f)(2)(A).
(b) As used in this section, “genetic information” has the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A. § 9331.

Sec. 9. 33 V.S.A. § 101 is amended to read:

§ 101. POLICY

It is the policy of the State of Vermont that:

* * *

(3) Assistance and benefits shall be administered promptly, with due regard for the preservation of family life, and without restriction of individual rights or discrimination on account of race, religion, political affiliation, genetic information, or place of residence within the State.

* * *

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to, and third reading of the bill was ordered.

Bills Passed

Senate bills of the following titles were severally read the third time and passed:

S. 139. An act relating to public schools’ team mascots.

S. 173. An act relating to the State House Oversight Committee.

S. 206. An act relating to planning for the care and treatment of patients with cognitive impairments.

S. 283. An act relating to miscellaneous changes to education laws.

Proposal of Amendment; Bill Passed in Concurrence with Proposal of Amendment; Rules Suspended; Bill Messaged

H. 701.

House bill entitled:
An act relating to cannabis license fees.

Was taken up.
Thereupon, pending third reading of the bill, Senators Pearson and Sears moved to amend the Senate proposal of amendment by striking out Sec. 10, effective dates, and its reader assistance heading in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Regulation of the Medical Cannabis Registry ***

Sec. 10. REPEAL

(a) Due to the failure of the House bill entitled “An act relating to fiscal year 2022 budget adjustments” (H.679), for which the report of the committee of conference was considered and adopted on the part of the Senate on February 24, 2022 and on the part of the House on March 8, 2022, to become law prior to March 1, 2022, 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 (therapeutic use of cannabis) was repealed on March 1, 2022 pursuant to 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 11. Accordingly, Secs. 59a (amendments to implementation of medical cannabis registry) and 59b (amendments to the effective dates of 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 164) of H.679 are now obsolete.

(b) If H.679 becomes law, then Secs. 59a and 59b of that act are repealed.

Sec. 11. REGULATION OF THE MEDICAL CANNABIS REGISTRY

Emergency rules identical to the proposed final rules entitled “Rule 3: Medical Cannabis” and “Rule 4: Compliance and Enforcement” that were filed with the Legislative Committee on Administrative Rules on March 9, 2022 shall be deemed to meet the standard for the adoption of emergency rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 844(a) if adopted as emergency rules prior to the permanent rules entitled “Rule 3: Medical Cannabis” and “Rule 4: Compliance and Enforcement” becoming effective.

*** Effective Date ***

Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to cannabis license fees and the regulation of the medical cannabis registry.

Which was agreed to.

Thereupon, the bill was read the third time and passed in concurrence with proposal of amendment.

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Balint, the rules were suspended, and the bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith.
Bill Amended; Third Reading Ordered

S. 188.

Senator Pearson, for the Committee on Agriculture, to which was referred Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to regulating licensed small cannabis cultivation as farming.

Reported recommending that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 7 V.S.A. § 861(19) is amended to read:

(19) “Enclosed, locked facility” means a building, room, greenhouse, outdoor fenced in area, or other location that is enclosed on all sides and prevents cannabis from easily being viewed by the public. The facility shall be equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only by:

(A) Employees, agents, or owners of the cultivator, all of whom shall be 21 years of age or older.

(B) Government employees performing their official duties.

(C) Contractors performing labor that does not include cannabis cultivation, packaging, or processing. Contractors shall be accompanied by an employee, agent, or owner of the cultivator when they are in areas where cannabis is being grown, processed, packaged, or stored.

(D) Registered employees of other cultivators, members of the media, elected officials, and other individuals 21 years of age or older visiting the facility, provided they are accompanied by an employee, agent, or owner of the cultivator. [Repealed.]

Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 869 is amended to read:

§ 869. CULTIVATION OF CANNABIS; ENVIRONMENTAL AND LAND USE STANDARDS; REGULATION OF SMALL CULTIVATORS

(a) A cannabis establishment shall not be regulated as “farming” under the Required Agricultural Practices, 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, or other State law, and cannabis produced from cultivation shall not be considered an agricultural product, farm crop, or agricultural crop for the purposes of 32 V.S.A. chapter 124, 32 V.S.A. § 9741, or other relevant State law.

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the cultivation of cannabis on agricultural land and the use of farm buildings to dry or process that cannabis shall not disqualify the land or buildings from the use value appraisal program or constitute “development” under 32 V.S.A. § 3752(5), provided that:
(A) the agricultural land or farm building is enrolled in the use value appraisal program at the time cannabis cultivation commences;

(B) the agricultural land or farm building is not transferred to another owner;

(C) the cultivation, drying, or processing of cannabis is done by a licensed small cultivator on 1,000 square feet or less of agricultural land; and

(D) all other requirements under 32 V.S.A. chapter 124 continue to be met.

(b) The cultivation, processing, and manufacturing of cannabis regulated under this chapter shall comply with all applicable State, federal, and local environmental, energy, or public health law, unless otherwise provided under this chapter.

(c) A cannabis establishment regulated under this chapter shall be subject to regulation under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117 as authorized by this chapter.

(d)(1) The cultivation, processing, and manufacturing of cannabis by all cultivators regulated under this chapter shall comply with the following sections of the Required Agricultural Practices as administered and enforced by the Board:

(A) section 6, regarding conditions, restriction, and operating standards;

(B) section 8, regarding groundwater quality and groundwater quality investigations; and

(C) section 12, regarding subsurface tile drainage.

(2) Application of or compliance with the Required Agricultural Practices under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be construed to provide a presumption of compliance with or exemption to any applicable State, federal, and local environmental, energy, public health, or land use law required under subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

(e) Persons cultivating cannabis or handling pesticides for the purposes of the manufacture of cannabis products shall comply with the worker protection standard of 40 C.F.R. part Part 170.

(f) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a small cultivator licensed under this chapter who initiates cultivation of cannabis outdoors on a parcel of land that was subject to the Required Agricultural Practices prior to licensed cultivation of cannabis shall:
(1) be regulated in the same manner as “farming” and not as “development” on the tract of land where cultivation occurs for the purposes of permitting under 10 V.S.A. chapter 151;

(2) not be regulated by a municipal bylaw adopted under 24 V.S.A. chapter 117 in the same manner that Required Agricultural Practices are not regulated by a municipal bylaw under 24 V.S.A. § 4413(d)(1)(A);

(3) be eligible to enroll in the Use Value Appraisal Program under 32 V.S.A. chapter 124 for the cultivation of cannabis, provided that the agricultural land or farm building on the parcel where cannabis cultivation occurs was enrolled in the Use Value Appraisal Program prior to commencement of licensed cannabis cultivation and the parcel continues to qualify for enrollment; and

(4) be exempt under 32 V.S.A. § 9741(3), (25) and (50) from the tax on retail sales imposed under 32 V.S.A. § 9771.

Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 904 is amended to read:

§ 904. CULTIVATOR LICENSE

(a) A cultivator licensed under this chapter may cultivate, process, package, label, transport, test, and sell cannabis to a licensed wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, integrated licensee, and dispensary and may purchase and sell cannabis seeds and immature cannabis plants to another licensed cultivator.

(b) Cultivation of cannabis shall occur only in an enclosed, locked facility:

(1) on property lawfully in possession of the cultivator or with the written consent of the person in lawful possession of the property; and

(2) in an area that is screened from public view and access is limited to the cultivator and persons 21 years of age or older who have permission from the cultivator.

* * *

Sec. 4. 7 V.S.A. § 905 is amended to read:

§ 905. WHOLESALER LICENSE

A wholesaler licensed under this chapter may:

(1) purchase cannabis from a licensed cultivator and integrated licensee, and cannabis products from a licensed product manufacturer, integrated licensee, and dispensary; and
(2) transport, process, package, and sell cannabis and cannabis products to a licensed product manufacturer, retailer, integrated licensee, and dispensary; and

(3) sell cannabis seeds or immature cannabis plants to a licensed cultivator.

Sec. 5. 18 V.S.A. § 4230e is amended to read:

§ 4230e. CULTIVATION OF CANNABIS BY A PERSON 21 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER

(a)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person 21 years of age or older who cultivates not more than two mature cannabis plants and four immature cannabis plants shall not be penalized or sanctioned in any manner by the State or any of its political subdivisions or denied any right or privilege under State law.

(2) Each dwelling unit shall be limited to two mature cannabis plants and four immature cannabis plants regardless of how many persons 21 years of age or older reside in the dwelling unit. As used in this section, “dwelling unit” means a building or the part of a building that is used as a primary home, residence, or sleeping place by one or more persons who maintain a household.

(3) Any cannabis harvested from the plants allowed pursuant to this subsection shall not count toward the one-ounce possession limit in section 4230a of this title provided it is stored in an indoor facility on the property where the cannabis was cultivated and reasonable precautions are taken to prevent unauthorized access to the cannabis.

(4) Cultivation in excess of the limits provided in this subsection shall be punished in accordance with section 4230 of this title.

(b)(1) Personal cultivation of cannabis only shall occur:

(A) on property lawfully in possession of the cultivator or with the written consent of the person in lawful possession of the property; and

(B) in an enclosure area that is screened from public view and is secure so that access is limited to the cultivator and persons 21 years of age or older who have permission from the cultivator.

(2) A person who violates this subsection shall be assessed a civil penalty as follows:

(A) not more than $100.00 for a first offense;

(B) not more than $200.00 for a second offense; and

(C) not more than $500.00 for a third or subsequent offense.
Sec. 6. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; REPORT ON CANNABIS CULTIVATION AS FARMING

If the federal government removes “marihuana” from the Schedule I list of controlled substances set forth in 21 U.S.C. § 812, the Executive Director of the Cannabis Control Board shall, after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets submit to the Senate Committees on Judiciary and on Agriculture and the House Committees on Judiciary and on Agriculture and Forestry a recommendation as to whether the regulation of the cultivation of cannabis should be transferred from the jurisdiction of the Cannabis Control Board to the jurisdiction of the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets. The recommendation shall include whether cannabis cultivation should be regulated as “farming” and the estimated staff and budget necessary for the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets to administer regulation.

Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that when so amended the bill ought to pass.

Senator Pearson, for the Committee on Finance, to which the bill was referred, reported that the bill ought to pass when so amended.

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time by title only pursuant to Rule 43, the recommendation of amendment was agreed to and third reading of the bill was ordered.

**Appointments Confirmed**

The following Gubernatorial appointments were confirmed separately by the Senate, upon full reports given by the Committees to which they were referred:

The nomination of


Was confirmed by the Senate.

The nomination of


Was confirmed by the Senate.
The nomination of
Novotny, Elizabeth of Jericho - Superior Judge - January 3, 2022 to
March 31, 2027.
Was confirmed by the Senate.

House Concurrent Resolutions

The following joint concurrent resolutions having been placed on the
consent calendar on the preceding legislative day, and no Senator having
requested floor consideration as provided by the Joint Rules of the Senate and
House of Representatives, were severally adopted in concurrence:

By Reps. Vyhoffsky and others,


House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2022 Essex High School
Hornets girls’ indoor track and field team on winning a second consecutive
Division I championship.

By Reps. Vyhoffsky and others,

H.C.R. 110.

House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2022 Essex High School
boys’ indoor track and field team on winning a second consecutive Division I
championship.

By Reps. Garofano and others,

H.C.R. 111.

House concurrent resolution congratulating William O’Neil of Essex on his
induction into the Vermont Sports Hall of Fame.

By Rep. Austin,

H.C.R. 112.

House concurrent resolution honoring the Voices of St. Joseph’s
Orphanage.

By Reps. Hango and others,
By Senators Brock, Kitchel and Ram Hinsdale,

H.C.R. 113.

House concurrent resolution honoring the USS VERMONT (SSN 792).
By Reps. Burke and others,
By Senators Balint and White,

H.C.R. 114.

House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2021 Brattleboro Union High School Colonels Division II championship boys’ hockey team.

By Reps. Vyhover and others,

H.C.R. 115.

House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2022 Essex High School Hornets State championship gymnastics team.

By Reps. James and others,
By Senators Campion and Sears,

H.C.R. 116.

House concurrent resolution commemorating the 250th anniversary of the New Yorkers’ capture and Bennington posse’s rescue of early Arlington leader and pre-Revolutionary War patriot Remember Baker Jr.

By Reps. Morrissey and others,
By Senators Campion and Sears,

H.C.R. 117.

House concurrent resolution congratulating Catamount Access Television in Bennington on its 30th anniversary.

By Reps. Pugh and others,
By Senators Lyons and Westman,

H.C.R. 118.

House concurrent resolution honoring Diane Dalmasse for her extraordinary half century of State public service and leadership.

By Reps. Donahue and others,

H.C.R. 119.

House concurrent resolution honoring Anthony Mariano for 44 years of exemplary athletics leadership at Norwich University.

Message from the House No. 30

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. Melissa Kucserik, its First Assistant Clerk, as follows:
Madam President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has passed a House bill of the following title:

H. 517. An act relating to the Vermont National Guard Tuition Benefit Program.

In the passage of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has adopted House concurrent resolutions of the following titles:

H.C.R. 109. House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2022 Essex High School Hornets girls’ indoor track and field team on winning a second consecutive Division I championship.

H.C.R. 110. House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2022 Essex High School boys’ indoor track and field team on winning a second consecutive Division I championship.


H.C.R. 112. House concurrent resolution honoring the Voices of St. Joseph’s Orphanage.

H.C.R. 113. House concurrent resolution honoring the USS VERMONT (SSN 792).

H.C.R. 114. House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2021 Brattleboro Union High School Colonels Division II championship boys’ hockey team.

H.C.R. 115. House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2022 Essex High School Hornets State championship gymnastics team.

H.C.R. 116. House concurrent resolution commemorating the 250th anniversary of the New Yorkers’ capture and Bennington posse’s rescue of early Arlington leader and pre-Revolutionary War patriot Remember Baker Jr..


H.C.R. 118. House concurrent resolution honoring Diane Dalmasse for her extraordinary half century of State public service and leadership.

H.C.R. 119. House concurrent resolution honoring Anthony Mariano for 44 years of exemplary athletics leadership at Norwich University.

In the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.
Adjournment

On motion of Senator Balint, the Senate adjourned, to reconvene on Tuesday, March 15, 2022, at nine o’clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon pursuant to J.R.S. 45.