

# Senate Calendar

TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 2022

SENATE CONVENES AT: 9:30 A.M.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page No.

### ACTION CALENDAR

#### CONSIDERATION POSTPONED UNTIL MARCH 22, 2022

##### GOVERNOR'S VETO

**S. 79** An act relating to improving rental housing health and safety..... 914

#### UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF JANUARY 4, 2022

##### GOVERNOR'S VETO

**S. 107** An act relating to confidential information concerning the initial arrest and charge of a juvenile..... 914

**Pending question:** Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the Governor's refusal to approve the bill?

Text of the veto message.....914

Bill as passed by Senate and House.....916

#### UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF MARCH 9, 2022

##### Second Reading

##### Favorable with Proposal of Amendment

**H. 444** An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the City of Barre

Government Operations Report - Sen. Pollina ..... 918

#### UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF MARCH 11, 2022

##### Second Reading

##### Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

**S. 140** An act relating to prohibiting civil arrests at courthouses  
Judiciary Report - Sen. Baruth ..... 920

**S. 163** An act relating to State court jurisdiction for special immigrant juvenile status  
Judiciary Report - Sen. White ..... 921

## NEW BUSINESS

### Third Reading

- S. 188** An act relating to regulating licensed small cannabis cultivation as farming..... 926
- S. 247** An act relating to prohibiting discrimination based on genetic information..... 926

### Second Reading

#### Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

- S. 171** An act relating to adoption of a State code of ethics  
Government Operations Report - Sen. Pollina ..... 927
- S. 178** An act relating to supermajority verdicts in civil trials  
Judiciary Report - Sen. Sears ..... 937
- S. 269** An act relating to extending the Energy Savings Account Partnership Pilot Program  
Finance Report - Sen. Brock ..... 937

#### House Proposal of Amendment

- S. 53** An act relating to exempting feminine hygiene products from the Vermont Sales and Use Tax  
House Proposal of Amendment ..... 940  
Finance Report - Sen. Cummings ..... 947  
Amendment - Sen. Cummings ..... 954

## NOTICE CALENDAR

### Second Reading

#### Favorable

- S. 90** An act relating to establishing an amyotrophic lateral sclerosis registry  
Health and Welfare Report - Sen. Terenzini ..... 954

#### Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

- S. 127** An act relating to a pilot project for a Department of Corrections report to assist the court setting conditions of probation  
Judiciary Report - Sen. Sears ..... 954
- S. 161** An act relating to extending the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement  
Finance Report - Sen. Bray ..... 956
- S. 162** An act relating to the collective bargaining rights of teachers  
Education Report - Sen. Perchlik ..... 957

<b>S. 197</b> An act relating to the Coordinated Mental Health Crisis Response Working Group	
Health and Welfare Report - Sen. Lyons .....	960
<b>S. 201</b> An act relating to the use of leghold traps	
Natural Resources and Energy Report - Sen. Bray .....	963
<b>S. 204</b> An act relating to licensure of freestanding birth centers	
Health and Welfare Report - Sen. Hardy .....	965
<b>S. 220</b> An act relating to State-paid deputy sheriffs	
Government Operations Report - Sen. Collamore .....	970
<b>S. 250</b> An act relating to enhanced administrative and judicial accountability of law enforcement officers	
Government Operations Report - Sen. Ram Hinsdale .....	971
<b>S. 251</b> An act relating to divestment of State pension funds from fossil fuel companies	
Government Operations Report - Sen. Clarkson .....	975
<b>S. 254</b> An act relating to creating a private right of action against law enforcement officers for violating rights established under Vermont law	
Judiciary Report - Sen. Sears .....	977
<b>S. 258</b> An act relating to amending the Required Agricultural Practices in order to address climate resiliency	
Agriculture Report - Sen. Collamore .....	978
Appropriations Report - Sen. Starr .....	985
<b>S. 281</b> An act relating to hunting coyotes with dogs	
Natural Resources and Energy Report - Sen. Bray .....	985
<b>S. 284</b> An act relating to weatherization	
Natural Resources and Energy Report - Sen. Bray .....	988
<b>S. 285</b> An act relating to expanding the Blueprint for Health and access to home- and community-based services	
Health and Welfare Report - Sen. Lyons .....	990



---

---

**ORDERS OF THE DAY**

---

---

**ACTION CALENDAR**

**CONSIDERATION POSTPONED UNTIL MARCH 22, 2022**

**GOVERNOR'S VETO**

**S. 79.**

An act relating to improving rental housing health and safety.

**Pending question (to be voted by call of the roll):** Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the Governor's refusal to approve the bill? (Two-thirds of the members present required to override the Governor's veto.)

(For text of the Governor's Veto Message, see Senate Journal for June 24, 2021, page 1454)

**UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF JANUARY 4, 2022**

**GOVERNOR'S VETO**

**S. 107.**

An act relating to confidential information concerning the initial arrest and charge of a juvenile.

**Pending question (to be voted by call of the roll):** Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the Governor's refusal to approve the bill? (Two-thirds of the members present required to override the Governor's veto.)

The text of the Communication from His Excellency, The Governor, whereby he *vetoed* and returned unsigned **Senate Bill No. S. 107** to the Senate is as follows:

**Text of Communication from Governor**

"May 20, 2021

The Honorable John Bloomer, Jr.  
Secretary of the Senate  
115 State House  
Montpelier, VT 05633-5401

Dear Mr. Bloomer:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, I am returning S.107, *An act relating to confidential information concerning the initial arrest and charge of a juvenile*, without my signature, because of concerns with the policy to automatically raise the age of accountability for

crimes, and afford young adults protections meant for juveniles, without adequate tools or systems in place.

Three years ago, I signed legislation intended to give young adults who had become involved in the criminal justice system certain protections meant for juveniles. At the time, I was assured that, prior to the automatic increases in age prescribed in the bill, plans would be in place to provide access to the rehabilitation, services, housing and other supports needed to both hold these young adults accountable and help them stay out of the criminal justice system in the future.

This has not yet been the case. In addition to ongoing housing challenges, programs designed and implemented for children under 18 are often not appropriate for those over 18. Disturbingly, there are also reports of some young adults being used – and actively recruited – by older criminals, like drug traffickers, to commit crimes because of reduced risk of incarceration, potentially putting the young people we are trying to protect deeper into the criminal culture and at greater risk.

I want to be clear: I'm not blaming the Legislature or the Judiciary for these gaps. All three branches of government need to bring more focus to this issue if we are going to provide the combination of accountability, tools and services needed to ensure justice and give young offenders a second chance.

For these reasons, I believe we need to take a step back and assess Vermont's "raise the age" policy, the gaps that exist in our systems and the unintended consequences of a piecemeal approach on the health and safety of our communities, victims and the offenders we are attempting to help. I see S.107 as deepening this piecemeal approach.

I also remain concerned with the lack of clarity in S.107 regarding the disparity in the public records law between the Department of Public Safety and the Department of Motor Vehicles.

Based on the objections outlined above, I am returning this legislation without my signature pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution. I believe this presents an opportunity to start a much-needed conversation about the status of our juvenile justice initiatives and make course corrections where necessary, in the interest of public safety and the young Vermonters we all agree need an opportunity to get back on the right path.

Sincerely,

/s/Philip B. Scott  
Governor

PBS/kp”

**Text of bill as passed by Senate and House**

The text of the bill as passed by the Senate and House of Representatives is as follows:

**S.107** An act relating to confidential information concerning the initial arrest and charge of a juvenile

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

\* \* \* Exemption; records of arrest or charge of a juvenile \* \* \*

Sec. 1. 1 V.S.A. § 317 is amended to read:

§ 317. DEFINITIONS; PUBLIC AGENCY; PUBLIC RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS; EXEMPTIONS

\* \* \*

(c) The following public records are exempt from public inspection and copying:

\* \* \*

(5)(A) Records dealing with the detection and investigation of crime, but only to the extent that the production of such records:

\* \* \*

(B)(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (5), records relating to management and direction of a law enforcement agency; records reflecting the initial arrest of a person, including any ticket, citation, or complaint issued for a traffic violation, as that term is defined in 23 V.S.A. § 2302; and records reflecting the charge of a person shall be public.

(ii) A public agency shall not release any information within a record reflecting the initial arrest or charge of a person under 19 years of age that would reveal the identity of the person. However, a public agency may disclose identifying information relating to the initial arrest of a person under 19 years of age in order to protect the health and safety of any person.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Effective July 1, 2022 \* \* \*

Sec. 2. 1 V.S.A. § 317 is amended to read:

§ 317. DEFINITIONS; PUBLIC AGENCY; PUBLIC RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS; EXEMPTIONS

\* \* \*

(c) The following public records are exempt from public inspection and copying:

\* \* \*

(5)(A) Records dealing with the detection and investigation of crime, but only to the extent that the production of such records:

\* \* \*

(B)(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (5), records relating to management and direction of a law enforcement agency; records reflecting the initial arrest of a person, including any ticket, citation, or complaint issued for a traffic violation, as that term is defined in 23 V.S.A. § 2302; and records reflecting the charge of a person shall be public.

(ii) A public agency shall not release any information within a record reflecting the initial arrest or charge of a person under ~~19~~ 20 years of age that would reveal the identity of the person. However, a public agency may disclose identifying information relating to the initial arrest of a person under ~~19~~ 20 years of age in order to protect the health and safety of any person.

\* \* \*

### Sec. 3. APPLICATION OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT EXEMPTION REVIEW

Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 317(e), the Public Records Act exemption amended in Sec. 1 shall continue in effect and shall not be reviewed for repeal.

\* \* \* Custodian of records relating to a person  
under court jurisdiction \* \* \*

Sec. 4. 33 V.S.A. § 5117 is amended to read:

### § 5117. RECORDS OF JUVENILE JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS

(a)(1) Except as otherwise provided, court and law enforcement reports and files concerning a person subject to the jurisdiction of the court shall be maintained separate from the records and files of other persons. Unless a charge of delinquency is transferred for criminal prosecution under chapter 52 of this title or the court otherwise orders in the interests of the child, such records and files shall not be open to public inspection nor their contents disclosed to the public by any person. However, upon a finding that a child is a delinquent child by reason of commission of a delinquent act ~~which~~ that would have been a felony if committed by an adult, the court, upon request of the victim, shall make the child's name available to the victim of the



delinquent act. If the victim is incompetent or deceased, the child's name shall be released, upon request, to the victim's guardian or next of kin.

(2) When a person is subject to the jurisdiction of the court, the court shall become the sole records custodian for purposes of responding to any request for court or law enforcement records concerning the person. A public agency shall direct any request for these records to the courts for response.

(3) When a person is subject to the jurisdiction of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court pursuant to chapter 52 or 52A of this title, the Criminal Division of the Superior Court shall become the sole records custodian for purposes of responding to any request for court or law enforcement records concerning the person. A public agency shall direct any request for these records to the courts for response.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Effective Dates \* \* \*

#### Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2021, except that Sec. 2 (2022 amendment to 1 V.S.A. § 317(c)(5)(B)(ii) (public records; exemptions; records relating to the initial arrest and charge of a person)) shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

### **UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF MARCH 9, 2022**

#### **Second Reading**

#### **Favorable with Proposal of Amendment**

#### **H. 444.**

An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the City of Barre.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Pollina for the Committee on Government Operations.**

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:

By striking out Sec. 2, 24 App. V.S.A. chapter 1, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 2 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. 24 App. V.S.A. chapter 1 is amended to read:

#### CHAPTER 1. CITY OF BARRE

\* \* \*

§ 104. GENERAL CORPORATE POWERS

\* \* \*

(d) The City of Barre shall fly only the City, State, United States, and POW/MIA flags.

§ 105. ORDINANCES - SUBJECT MATTER

(a) The general grant of ordinance promulgating authority in section 104 shall include the authority:

\* \* \*

(7) To adopt and enforce ordinances relating to the mediation of landlord tenant issues by the Housing Board of Review Notwithstanding any contrary provision of 23 V.S.A. § 1007, to adopt and enforce ordinances establishing a speed limit of less than 25 miles per hour on specified City streets, or sections thereof, within City boundaries as may be required for the safety and general welfare of the City.

\* \* \*

§ 111. BONDING OF CITY OFFICIALS

The Mayor, councilors, members of the Police Department, City Manager, ~~First Constable~~ Finance Director, Superintendent of Public Works, Tax Collector, and Clerk and Treasurer shall annually be bonded by the City for the faithful discharge of their respective duties, as provided by State statute, and the expense of said bonds to be paid by the City.

\* \* \*

§ 205. OFFICERS ELECTED

(a)(1) The legal voters shall elect biennially a Mayor, ~~a First Constable~~, and one person to serve as Clerk and Treasurer.

\* \* \*

Subchapter 4. City Officials

\* \* \*

ARTICLE 8. ~~CONSTABLE~~ [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

§ 418. DUTIES

~~The City Constable shall have the same powers and be under the same duties and liabilities as are prescribed by State statutes for constables of towns. [Repealed.]~~

\* \* \*

(Committee vote: 3-2-0)

(For House amendments, see House Journal for May 18, 2021, pages 1191-1193)

**UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF MARCH 11, 2022**

**Second Reading**

**Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment**

**S. 140.**

An act relating to prohibiting civil arrests at courthouses.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Baruth for the Committee on Judiciary.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 12 V.S.A. § 3701 is added to read:

§ 3701. PROHIBITION ON CIVIL ARRESTS AT COURTHOUSES

(a) Prohibition. Any person or family or household member of the person who is attending a court proceeding in good faith as a party, juror, attorney, or witness shall be privileged from civil arrest while traveling to, entering, remaining at, or returning from the court proceeding.

(b) Exceptions. Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to:

(1) an arrest pursuant to a judicially issued warrant or a court order;

(2) an arrest for contempt of the court where the proceeding is occurring; or

(3) an arrest to maintain order or safety in the court where the proceeding is occurring.

(c) Remedies.

(1) A person who violates this section by knowingly and willfully executing or assisting with an arrest prohibited by subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to civil contempt proceedings pursuant to chapter 5 of this title and may be liable in a civil action for false imprisonment.

(2) A person who is arrested in violation of subsection (a) of this section may bring a civil action against the violator for damages; injunctive, equitable, or declaratory relief; punitive damages; and reasonable costs and attorney's fees.

(3) The Office of the Attorney General may bring a civil action on behalf of the State of Vermont for appropriate injunctive, equitable, or declaratory relief if there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of subsection (a) of this section has occurred or will occur.

(4) No action under this subsection shall be brought against the Judiciary or any of its members or employees for actions taken to maintain order or safety in the courts.

(d) Definitions. As used in this section:

(1) "Civil arrest" means an arrest for purposes of obtaining a person's presence or attendance at a civil proceeding, including an immigration proceeding.

(2) "Household member" has the same meaning as in 15 V.S.A. § 1101.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

**S. 163.**

An act relating to State court jurisdiction for special immigrant juvenile status.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator White for the Committee on Judiciary.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 14 V.S.A. chapter 111, subchapter 14 is amended to read:

Subchapter 14. ~~Special Immigration Status~~ Vulnerable Noncitizen Children

§ 3098. ~~SPECIAL IMMIGRATION JUVENILE STATUS; JURISDICTION  
AND FINDINGS-VULNERABLE NONCITIZEN CHILDREN~~

(a) Definitions. As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Child” or “children” means an unmarried individual or individuals who have not yet attained 21 years of age and who are not a U.S. citizen or citizens.

(2) “Court” means any court that has jurisdiction over an unmarried individual or individuals who have not yet attained 21 years of age and who are not a U.S. citizen or citizens, including the Probate Division and the Family Division of the Superior Court.

(3) “Dependent on the court” means subject to the jurisdiction of a court competent to make decisions concerning the protection, well-being, care and custody of a child for findings, orders, or referrals to support the health, safety, and welfare of a child or to remedy the effects on a child of abuse, abandonment, or other similar circumstances.

(4) “Noncitizen” means any person who is not a U.S. citizen.

(5) “Similar circumstances” means a condition or conditions that have an effect on a child comparable to abuse, neglect, or abandonment, including the death of a parent.

(6) “Vulnerable” means there is reasonable cause to suspect that a child’s health, safety, or welfare is in jeopardy due to abuse, neglect, abandonment, or similar circumstances and that return to the child’s or the child’s parent’s country of origin or country of last habitual residence would not be in the best interests of the child.

(b) Jurisdiction. ~~The A court has reviewing a petition under this section shall have jurisdiction under Vermont law to make judicial determinations regarding the custody and care of children within the meaning of the federal Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(J) and 8 C.F.R. § 204.11). The court is authorized to make the findings necessary to enable a child to petition the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service for classification as a special immigrant juvenile pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(J).~~

~~(b)(c)(1) If an order is requested from the court making the necessary findings regarding special immigrant juvenile status as described in subsection (a) of this section, the court shall issue an order if there is evidence to support~~

~~those findings, which may include a declaration by the child who is the subject of the petition. The order issued by the court shall include all of the following findings: Procedure for petition. A vulnerable noncitizen child, or a person interested in the welfare of a vulnerable noncitizen child, may petition the court for special findings to protect the child and obtain relief from the underlying abandonment, abuse, neglect, or similar circumstances. The court shall review the petition, including any supporting affidavits and other evidence presented, and issue findings of fact that determine whether the vulnerable noncitizen child:~~

~~(A) The child was either of the following:~~

~~(i) Declared Is a dependent of the court.~~

~~(ii) Legally or legally committed to or placed under the custody of a State agency or department or an individual or entity appointed by the court. The court shall indicate the date on which the dependency, commitment, or custody was ordered.~~

~~(B) That reunification of the child with one or both of the child's parents was determined not to be viable because of Has suffered from abuse, neglect, abandonment, or a similar basis pursuant to Vermont law circumstances. The court shall indicate the date on which reunification was determined not to be viable.~~

~~(C) May not be viably reunified with one or both parents due to abuse, neglect, abandonment, or a similar circumstance.~~

~~(D) That it is not in the best interests of the child to be returned to the child's or his or her parent's previous country of nationality or country of last habitual residence.~~

~~(2) Additional findings. If requested by a party, the court may make additional findings that are supported by evidence and Vermont law.~~

~~(3) Health, safety, and welfare considerations. The health, safety, and welfare of the child must be of paramount concern when the court considers the best interests of the child. In making the determination whether it is in the best interests of the child to be returned to the child's or his or her child's parent's previous country of nationality or country of last habitual residence, the court shall consider whether present or past living conditions will adversely affect the child's physical, mental, or emotional health.~~

~~(4) Guardianships. For purposes of this section, the term child or minor shall include a person who is less than 21 years of age and who consents to the appointment or continuation of a guardian after 18 years of age.~~

(d) Notice. If the identity or location of the vulnerable noncitizen child's parents is unknown or if the parents reside outside the United States, the court may serve notice using any alternative method of service the court determines is appropriate or waive service.

(e) Expeditious adjudication. When it is in the best interests of the vulnerable noncitizen child, a court shall hear, adjudicate, and issue findings of fact on any petition for special findings under this section as soon as it is administratively feasible and prior to the vulnerable noncitizen child attaining 21 years of age.

(f) Referral for services or protection. A vulnerable noncitizen child who is the subject of a petition for special findings under this section may be referred for psychiatric, psychological, educational, occupational, medical, dental, or social services or for protection against human trafficking or domestic violence; provided, however, that a child's participation in any referred service is voluntary.

(g) Additional available remedies under Vermont law; similar findings of fact.

(1) This section shall not limit a vulnerable noncitizen child from petitioning for special findings for a petition under any other provision of law or from any other rights and remedies available to the child under any other provision of law.

(2) This section shall not limit the court from issuing similar findings of fact to those described in this section in any other proceeding concerning the vulnerable noncitizen child.

(h) Construction. This section shall be liberally construed to its legislative purpose.

(e)(i) In any judicial proceedings in response to a request that the court make the findings necessary to support a petition for classification as a special immigrant juvenile, information regarding the child's immigration status, nationality, or place of birth that is not otherwise protected by State laws shall remain confidential. This information shall also be exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act and shall be kept confidential, except that the information shall be available for inspection by the court, the child who is the subject of the proceeding, the parties, the attorneys for the parties, the child's counsel, and the child's guardian.

~~(d) As used in this section, "court" means the Probate Division and the Family Division of the Superior Court.~~

Sec. 2. 33 V.S.A. § 5126 is added to read:

§ 5126. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION OVER CERTAIN  
VULNERABLE NONCITIZEN CHILDREN

(a) Definitions. As used in this section:

(1) “Child” means an unmarried individual who has not yet attained 21 years of age and who is not a U.S. citizen.

(2) “Noncitizen” means any person who is not a U.S. citizen.

(3) “Vulnerable” means there is reasonable cause to suspect that a child’s health, safety, or welfare is in jeopardy due to abuse, neglect, abandonment, or similar circumstances and that return to the child’s or the child’s parent’s country of origin or country of last habitual residence would not be in the best interests of the child.

(b) Jurisdiction. The Family Division of the Superior Court may retain jurisdiction over a noncitizen child who has not yet attained 21 years of age for the sole purpose of adjudicating a petition for special findings and making judicial determinations regarding the custody and care of the child consistent with this section. Nothing in this section is intended to expand the scope of the court’s jurisdiction to order a youth into the custody of the Commissioner for Children and Families pursuant to this chapter.

(c) Procedure for petition to make special findings for vulnerable noncitizen children.

(1) A vulnerable noncitizen child, or a person interested in the welfare of the vulnerable noncitizen child, may petition the court for special findings to protect the child and obtain relief from the underlying abandonment, abuse, neglect, or similar circumstance.

(2) In accordance with the procedure set forth in 14 V.S.A. § 3098, the court shall review the petition, including any supporting affidavits and other evidence presented; issue findings of fact; and make relevant conclusions of law consistent with section 5101 of this chapter.

(d) Expedious adjudication. When it is consistent with the purposes as set forth in section 5101 of this chapter, the court shall hear, adjudicate, and issue findings of fact and conclusions of law on any petition for special findings under this section as soon as it is administratively feasible and prior to the vulnerable noncitizen child attaining 21 years of age.

(e) Additional available remedies under Vermont law; similar findings of fact.



(1) This section shall not limit a child from petitioning for special findings for a petition under any other provision of law or from petitioning for any other rights and remedies available to the child under any other provision of law.

(2) This section shall not limit the court from issuing similar findings of fact or conclusions of law to those described in this section in any other proceeding concerning the vulnerable noncitizen child.

(f) In any judicial proceedings in response to a request that the court make the findings necessary to support a petition under this section, information regarding the child's immigration status, nationality, or place of birth that is not otherwise protected by State laws shall remain confidential. This information shall also be exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act and shall be kept confidential, except that the information shall be available for inspection by the court, the child who is the subject of the proceeding, the parties, the attorneys for the parties, the child's counsel, and the child's guardian.

### Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to State court petitions for vulnerable noncitizen youth.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

### **NEW BUSINESS**

#### **Third Reading**

#### **S. 188.**

An act relating to regulating licensed small cannabis cultivation as farming.

#### **S. 247.**

An act relating to prohibiting discrimination based on genetic information.

**Second Reading**  
**Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment**

**S. 171.**

An act relating to adoption of a State code of ethics.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Pollina for the Committee on Government Operations.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. chapter 31, subchapter 1 is amended to read:

Subchapter 1. General Provisions; State Code of Ethics

§ 1201. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Candidate” and “candidate’s committee” shall have the same meanings as in 17 V.S.A. § 2901.

(2) “Commission” means the State Ethics Commission established under subchapter 3 of this chapter.

(3) “Confidential information” means information that is exempt from public inspection and copying under 1 V.S.A. § 315 et seq. or is otherwise designated by law as confidential.

(4) “Domestic partner” means an individual in an enduring domestic relationship of a spousal nature with the Executive officer or the public servant, provided the individual and Executive officer or public servant:

(A) have shared a residence for at least six consecutive months;

(B) are at least 18 years of age;

(C) are not married to or considered a domestic partner of another individual;

(D) are not related by blood closer than would bar marriage under State law; and

(E) have agreed between themselves to be responsible for each other’s welfare.

~~(3)~~(5) “Executive officer” means:

(A) a State officer; or

(B) under the Office of the Governor, an agency secretary or deputy or a department commissioner or deputy.

~~(4)(A) “Gift” means anything of value, tangible or intangible, that is bestowed for less than adequate consideration.~~

~~(B) “Gift” does not mean printed educational material such as books, reports, pamphlets, or periodicals.~~

~~(5)~~(6) “Governmental conduct regulated by law” means conduct by an individual in regard to the operation of State government that is restricted or prohibited by law and includes:

(A) bribery pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 1102;

(B) neglect of duty by public officers pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 3006 and by members of boards and commissions pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 3007;

(C) taking illegal fees pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 3010;

(D) false claims against government pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 3016;

(E) owning or being financially interested in an entity subject to a department’s supervision pursuant to section 204 of this title;

(F) failing to devote time to duties of office pursuant to section 205 of this title;

(G) engaging in retaliatory action due to a State employee’s involvement in a protected activity pursuant to chapter 27, subchapter 4A of this title;

(H) a former legislator or former Executive officer serving as a lobbyist pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 266(b); and

(I) a former Executive officer serving as an advocate pursuant to section 267 of this title.

(7) “Immediate family” means an individual’s spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner; child or foster child; sibling; parent; or such relations by marriage or by civil union or domestic partnership; or an individual claimed as a dependent for federal income tax purposes.

~~(6)~~(8) “Lobbyist” shall and “lobbying firm” have the same meaning meanings as in 2 V.S.A. § 261.

(9) “Person” means any individual, group, business entity, association, or organization.

~~(7)~~(10) “Political committee” and “political party” shall have the same meanings as in 17 V.S.A. § 2901.

~~(8)~~(11) “State officer” means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Treasurer, Secretary of State, Auditor of Accounts, or Attorney General.

#### § 1202. STATE CODE OF ETHICS; APPLICABILITY

~~The Ethics Commission, in consultation with the Department of Human Resources, shall create and maintain the State Code of Ethics that sets forth general principles of governmental ethical conduct.~~

##### Applicability.

(1) Unless excluded under this section, the Code of Ethics applies to all individuals elected or appointed to serve as officers of the State, all individuals elected or appointed to serve as members of the General Assembly, all State employees, all individuals appointed to serve on State boards and commissions, and individuals who in any other way are authorized to act or speak on behalf of the State. This code refers to them all as “public servants.”

(2) The Code of Ethics established by this section does not prohibit branches of State government, agencies, or departments from adopting additional personnel policies regarding ethical conduct not covered by this Code of Ethics or provisions that exceed the requirements of this Code of Ethics. Nothing herein shall be interpreted to require a lawyer or judicial officer to violate their respective professional codes of conduct.

(3) The application of this Code of Ethics does not in any way abrogate or alter the sole authority of each house of the General Assembly to judge the elections and qualifications of its own members under Chapter II, Sections 14 and 19 of the Vermont Constitution.

(4) The application of this Code of Ethics does not in any way abrogate or alter the Vermont Supreme Court’s constitutional authority under Chapter II, Section 30 of the Vermont Constitution.

#### § 1203. CONFLICT OF INTEREST; APPEARANCE OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST

##### (a) Conflict of interest; appearance of conflict of interest.

(1) In the public servant’s official capacity, the public servant shall avoid any conflict of interest or the appearance of a conflict of interest. The appearance of a conflict shall be determined from the perspective of a reasonable individual with knowledge of the relevant facts.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, when confronted with a conflict of interest, a public servant shall recuse themselves from the matter and not take further action.

(3) As used in this section, “conflict of interest” means a direct or indirect interest of a public servant or such an interest, known to the public servant, of a member of the public servant’s immediate family or household, or of a business associate, in the outcome of a particular matter pending before the public servant or the public servant’s public body, or that is in conflict with the proper discharge of the public servant’s duties. “Conflict of interest” does not include any interest that is not greater than that of other individuals generally affected by the outcome of a matter.

(b) Course of action.

(1) Legislative Branch. A member of the General Assembly shall comply with Legislative Branch rules and policies regarding the course of action a public servant may take when confronted with a conflict of interest, or the appearance of a conflict of interest, that is related to core legislative functions or duties.

(2) Judicial Branch. A judicial officer shall comply with the Vermont Code of Judicial Conduct regarding the course of action a judicial officer may take when confronted with a conflict of interest, or the appearance of a conflict of interest, that falls under the Code of Judicial Conduct, including in situations where a conflict of interest, or the appearance of a conflict of interest, falls under both the Vermont Code of Judicial Conduct and the Code of Ethics.

(3) Government attorneys. A public servant who is a licensed attorney shall comply with the Vermont Rules of Professional Conduct regarding the course of action the attorney may take when confronted with a conflict of interest, or the appearance of a conflict of interest, that falls under the Vermont Rules of Professional Conduct, including situations where a conflict of interest, or the appearance of a conflict of interest, falls under both the Vermont Rules of Professional Conduct and the Code of Ethics.

(4) Public servants; other. Any public servant facing a conflict of interest not covered by subdivisions (1)–(3) of this subsection shall comply with requirements prescribed in this subdivision. Each time a public servant is confronted with a conflict of interest, other than that for which the public servant’s action is solely ministerial or clerical, the public servant shall either make a public statement, which may consist of a statement made to the public servant’s immediate supervisor, recusing themselves from the matter or, if the public servant chooses to proceed with the matter, prepare a written statement regarding the nature of the conflict. A public servant may request either guidance or an advisory opinion from the State Ethics Commission in making an initial determination whether a conflict of interest exists, or whether good

cause to proceed exists as set forth in subsection (c) of this section. Once recused, a public servant shall not in any way participate in or act to influence a decision regarding the matter. If the public servant chooses to proceed with the matter, the public servant's prepared written statement shall:

(A) describe the matter requiring action;

(B) disclose the nature of the potential conflict or actual conflict of interest;

(C) explain why good cause, as set forth in subsection (c) of this section, exists so that the public servant can take action in the matter fairly, objectively, and in the public interest;

(D) include sufficient detail so that the matter may be understood by the public; and

(E) be filed in accordance with the policies and procedures set forth by the agency or entity governing the matter in question, including any requirement that the statement be made public.

(c) Good cause. As used in this section, "good cause to proceed" may include any of the following:

(1) the identified conflict or potential conflict is de minimis in nature;

(2) the conflict is amorphous, intangible, or otherwise speculative; or

(3) the public servant cannot legally or practically delegate the matter.

(d) Confidential information. Nothing in this section shall require a public servant to disclose confidential information or information that is otherwise privileged under law.

#### § 1203a. DIRECTING UNETHICAL CONDUCT

A public servant shall not direct another person to act in a manner that would be unethical for the public servant or the other person to act. A public servant who has a conflict of interest shall not direct others to act to the public servant's benefit where such action would be a violation of the Code of Ethics if the public servant were to perform the act.

#### § 1203b. APPEARANCE OF UNETHICAL CONDUCT

A public servant shall avoid any actions creating the appearance that the public servant is violating the Code of Ethics. Whether particular circumstances create an appearance that the Code of Ethics have been violated shall be determined from the perspective of a reasonable individual with knowledge of the relevant facts.

§ 1203c. PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT

A public servant in the course of conducting State business shall act impartially, showing no favor toward or prejudice against any person. A public servant shall not give or represent an ability to give preference or special treatment to any person because of the person's wealth, position, or status or because of any personal relationship with the public servant. When permitted by law and written policy or rule, a public servant may give preference to designated persons.

§ 1203d. MISUSE OF POSITION

A public servant shall not use the public servant's official position for personal or financial gain.

§ 1203e. MISUSE OF INFORMATION

A public servant shall not use nonpublic government information or confidential information acquired during the course of State service for personal or financial gain or for the personal or financial gain of any other person.

§ 1203f. MISUSE OF GOVERNMENT RESOURCES

A public servant shall not make use of State materials, funds, property, personnel, facilities, or equipment, or permit another person to do so, for any purpose other than for official State business unless the use is expressly permitted or required by law or by a written agency, departmental, or institutional policy or rule. A public servant shall not engage in or direct another person to engage in work other than the performance of official duties during working hours, except as permitted or required by law or by written agency, departmental, or institutional policy or rule.

§ 1203g. GIFTS

(a) Gift limitations and exceptions. A public servant shall not solicit or accept a gift unless permitted under this section. For purposes of this subchapter, "gift" means anything of value, tangible or intangible, that is given for less than adequate consideration. A public servant may accept:

(1) A devise or inheritance. A public servant may accept a devise or inheritance.

(2) Gifts to the State. A public servant may accept goods or services that are provided to a State agency for use on State agency property or for use by the public servant while serving in an official capacity.

(3) Ceremonial awards. A public servant may accept a certificate, plaque, or other ceremonial award, provided the cost does not exceed the limit established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(4) Rebates, discounts, and promotions. A public servant may accept a rebate, discount, or promotional item that is available to the general public or to a definable subset of the general public.

(5) Printed or recorded material. A public servant may accept printed or recorded informational or educational material germane to State action or functions.

(6) Food or beverages. A public servant may accept food or beverages, or both, under the following circumstances:

(A) The food or beverage, or both, is consumed on an occasion or occasions at which the person paying, directly or indirectly, for the food or beverage or the person's representative is in attendance, provided the cost does not exceed the limit established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(B) The food or beverage, or both, is incidental to the performance of a legitimate State function.

(C) The food or beverage, or both, is provided at a charitable, cultural, political, or civic event at which the public servant participates in the public servant's official capacity.

(7) Admission fees and tickets. A public servant may accept tickets or admission to a charitable, cultural, political, or civic event at which a public servant participates in the public servant's official capacity, provided such tickets or admission is provided by the primary sponsoring entity.

(8) Private employment gifts. A public servant may accept anything of value provided by an employer of the public servant, provided such benefits are customarily and ordinarily provided to others in similar circumstances.

(9) Public-servant-to-public-servant gifts. A public servant may accept a gift from another public servant under the following circumstances:

(A) If the recipient is not in a supervisor-supervisee relationship with the giver, the public servant may accept a gift for a holiday or occasion of significance.

(B) If the recipient is in a supervisor-supervisee relationship, the public servant may accept a gift for a holiday or occasion of significance, provided the value does not exceed the limit established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.



(10) Training or education. A public servant may accept attendance to training or similar events determined to be in the interest of the public servant's agency or department.

(11) Gifts of de minimis value. A public servant may accept an unsolicited gift having a de minimis market value as established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(12) Personal gifts. A public servant may accept gifts clearly motivated by an outside relationship, family relationship, or personal friendship rather than the position of the public servant. Relevant factors in making such a determination include the history and nature of the relationship and whether the individual, family member, or a friend personally pays for the gift.

(13) Loans. A public servant may accept a commercially reasonable loan made on terms not more favorable than loans made in the ordinary course of business.

(14) Gifts otherwise permitted and legal. A public servant may accept a gift that is otherwise expressly permitted under State law.

(b) Gift valuation. For purposes of this subchapter, the value or cost limit for gifts described in subsection (a) of this section shall be:

(1) Beginning on July 1, 2022:

(A) Ceremonial awards: Less than \$100.00.

(B) Food or beverages, or both: Less than \$100.00 in the aggregate per recipient, per source, in a calendar year.

(C) A supervisor-supervisee relationship gift: Less than \$100.00 for any single gift, and the value of all gifts does not exceed \$200.00 in the aggregate per year.

(D) De minimis gift: \$50.00 or less per source per occasion, provided that the aggregate market value of individual gifts received from any one person does not exceed \$150.00 in a calendar year.

(2) On or after July 1, 2026, the State Ethics Commission may increase the value or cost limit set in subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided:

(A) the State Ethics Commission presents its proposed increase to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations at least 180 days prior to proposed implementation and after consultation with the Department of Human Resources and the Judicial Branch;

(B) the cost or value limit is not increased more than once in a five-year period; and

(C) the increased cost or value limit is posted on the State Ethics Commission website and the Commission sends a notice of increase to public servants not less than 60 days prior to the increase's effective date.

#### § 1203h. UNAUTHORIZED COMMITMENTS

A public servant shall not make unauthorized commitments or promises of any kind purporting to bind State government.

#### § 1203i. EMPLOYMENT RESTRICTIONS

(a) Outside employment. A public servant shall not seek or engage in outside employment or activities that are inconsistent, incompatible, or in conflict with the public servant's official duties.

(b) Post-government employment.

(1) Executive officers. Executive officers shall comply with the post-government employment restrictions prescribed in section 267 of this title and 2 V.S.A. § 266(b) and (c).

(2) Legislators. Legislators shall comply with the post-government employment restrictions prescribed in 2 V.S.A. § 266(b).

(3) Legislative Branch employees. Except as permitted in subdivision (4) of this subsection, for one year after leaving office, a former Legislative Branch employee may not, for compensation, appear before the General Assembly or its subparts, or the office in which the employee served in at the time of leaving service, to advocate for anyone other than the State, concerning any matter in which the State has a direct and substantial interest.

(4) Contracting exception. The limitations in subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection do not apply to individuals providing information or services to the State pursuant to contracts of the State unless the public servant is otherwise prohibited from doing so by State or federal law.

(5) Representation restrictions. After leaving State service or employment, a public servant shall not knowingly, with the intent to advocate for an outcome of an investigation, application, ruling, license, contract, claim, rulemaking, charge, arrest, or quasi-judicial or judicial proceeding, communicate with or appear before the State on matters involving specific parties in which the employee participated personally and substantially during government service and in which the State is a party or has a direct and substantial interest.

§ 1203j. COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS, RULES, AND POLICIES

A public servant shall comply with applicable State and federal laws and regulations, including anti-discrimination and equal opportunity laws, and comply with applicable governmental codes of conduct. A public servant shall comply with any other applicable rules or policies established by executive order, agency rule, or policy.

§ 1204. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS FOR ETHICS COMPLAINTS

Consistent with section 971–978 of this title, a public servant shall be free to disclose waste, fraud, abuse of authority, violations of law, or violations of this or other applicable codes regarding ethical conduct to the State Ethics Commission without fear of reprisal, intimidation, or retaliation.

§ 1205. MANDATORY ETHICS EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Within the first 120 days of public service, a public servant shall engage in ethics training, which may be in person or online. Completion of ethics training shall be documented by the department where the public servant is employed. A public servant shall participate in continuing ethics education, which may be in person or online, at least once every three years thereafter. Approved continuing ethics education providers are the State Ethics Commission, the Department of Human Resources – Center for Achievement in Public Service (CAPS), the Vermont House of Representatives Ethics Panel for the House of Representatives, the Vermont Senate Ethics Panel for the Senate, the Vermont Judiciary, and any education providers approved by the State Ethics Commission. Copies of State Code of Ethics training materials by ethics education providers shall be provided to the State Ethics Commission in advance of the training. On request, the State Ethics Commission may collaborate with or assist ethics education providers.

Sec. 2. REPEAL

3 V.S.A. § 1211(e) is repealed.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

**S. 178.**

An act relating to supermajority verdicts in civil trials.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Sears for the Committee on Judiciary.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 12 V.S.A. § 1950 is added to read:

§ 1950. VERDICT; EIGHTY PERCENT SUPERMAJORITY REQUIRED

Unless the parties stipulate otherwise, a verdict or finding agreed to by at least eighty percent of the total number of jurors serving on a jury in a civil trial shall be taken as the verdict or finding of the jury.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

(Committee vote: 3-2-0)

**S. 269.**

An act relating to extending the Energy Savings Account Partnership Pilot Program.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Brock for the Committee on Finance.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 150, Sec. 2 is amended to read:

Sec. 2. ENERGY SAVINGS ACCOUNT PARTNERSHIP PILOT

(a) Definitions. As used in this section:

\* \* \*

(b) ESA Partnership Pilot; establishment. On or before July 1, 2019, the Commission by rule or order shall establish a ~~three-year~~ pilot program for customers to self-direct the use of their Customer EEC Funds, working with EVT. The total amount of Customer EEC Funds available in the pilot program each year shall not exceed \$2 million. The pilot program established under this section shall be an expansion of the ESA option under which:

(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of 30 V.S.A. § 209(d)(3)(B), the customer shall continue to pay its EEC and be able to receive an amount equal to 100 percent of its ESA account balance to pay for the full cost of projects that are eligible under subdivision (3) of this subsection; for technical assistance and other services from Efficiency Vermont; and for evaluation, measurement, and verification activity conducted by the Department or EVT.

(2) The customer may receive payments in advance of project completion from EVT based on the energy management plan submitted under subsection (e) of this section, estimated project costs, and projected energy savings. However, a customer shall not receive advance payments from EVT that exceed the amount of Customer EEC Funds the customer has already paid.

(3) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of 30 V.S.A. § 209, the Customer EEC Funds may be used for one or more of the following: electric energy efficiency, thermal energy and process-fuel efficiency for unregulated fuels, energy productivity measures, demand management, and energy storage that provides benefits to the customer and its interconnecting utility. In addition, for a customer who is a manufacturer and whose purchases of regulated fuel exceeded 600,000 thousand cubic feet (MCF) in 2017, the Funds may be used for thermal energy and process-fuel efficiency for regulated fuels, and any regulated fuel savings attributable to investment of Customer EEC Funds through the pilot program shall be counted towards EVT's performance indicators. EVT may allocate the cost of the pilot across regulated and unregulated fuel funding sources in a manner that avoids or reduces the need to adjust savings goals approved by the Commission.

(4) The pilot created pursuant to this section shall be extended an additional 18 months, until December 31, 2023. The Commission shall allow the current participants in the pilot to decline to participate in this extension by submitting written notice to the Commission on or before June 30, 2022. The extension shall allow pilot participants to spend or contract to spend pilot funds accrued prior to January 1, 2024 but shall not allow participants to accrue additional pilot funds. The Commission shall consider requests and shall approve all reasonable extension requests.

(5) The participants selected for the pilot may request an additional extension until December 31, 2026. The Commission shall consider requests and shall approve all reasonable extension requests.

\* \* \*

(e) Energy management plans. Working with EVT, each customer selected for the ESA Partnership Pilot shall develop an energy management plan for the ~~three-year~~ period of the pilot with projects to be implemented, energy savings targets, and a timeline for projects and investments. A copy of each plan shall be submitted to the Commission, the Department, and ACCD.

\* \* \*

(i) Annual reports. On or before each November 1 from 2020 through ~~2022~~ 2025, the EVT and the selected customers jointly shall submit written progress reports to the Commission, the Department, and the standing committees of jurisdiction that include projects under the ESA Partnership Pilot and their associated energy and cost savings. A customer's projects under the pilot and the associated data and results shall be made public through this report. However, a customer may request that the Commission order customer-specific data to be used in preparing a report under this subsection be kept confidential if the data would qualify for exemption from disclosure under 1 V.S.A. § 317. If the Commission issues such an order, the data subject to the order shall be disclosed only in accordance with a protective agreement approved by the Commission and signed by the recipient of the data, unless a court directs otherwise.

(j) Evaluation; recommendation. On completion of the ESA Partnership Pilot, the Commission shall conduct or shall have a third party conduct an independent evaluation of the ESA Partnership Pilot.

\* \* \*

(3) After considering the results of that evaluation, the Commission shall submit a written recommendation to the standing committees of jurisdiction on whether to continue the program conducted under this section and, if so, under what recommended conditions and revisions, if any. The Commission shall submit this recommendation to the General Assembly on or before ~~January 15, 2023~~ July 1, 2027.

## Sec. 2. ESA PARTNERSHIP PILOT WORKING GROUP

(a) On or before August 1, 2022, the Department of Public Service shall convene the Energy Savings Account Partnership Pilot Program Working Group. The Working Group shall include the participants in the Energy Savings Account program created pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 209(d)(3)(B), the participants in the Energy Savings Account Partnership Pilot Program, Efficiency Vermont, and the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development or designee.

(b) On or before January 15, 2023, the Energy Savings Account Partnership Pilot Program Working Group shall report to the General Assembly with recommended changes to the Energy Savings Account program rules.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 6-1-0)

**House Proposal of Amendment**

**S. 53**

An act relating to exempting feminine hygiene products from the Vermont Sales and Use Tax.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

First: Before Sec. 1, exemption statutory purpose, by inserting a reader assistance heading to read as follows:

\* \* \* Sales and Use Tax; Feminine Hygiene Products \* \* \*

Second: By striking out Sec. 3, effective date, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof:

\* \* \* Corporate Income Tax \* \* \*

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 5811 is amended to read:

§ 5811. DEFINITIONS

~~The following definitions shall apply throughout this chapter unless the context requires otherwise~~ As used in this chapter:

\* \* \*

(22) “Affiliated group” means a group of two or more corporations in which more than 50 percent of the voting stock of each member corporation is directly or indirectly owned by a common owner or owners, either corporate or noncorporate, or by one or more of the member corporations, but shall exclude ~~overseas business organizations or~~ foreign corporations and corporations taxable under 8 V.S.A. § 6014.

(23) “Unitary business” means one or more related business organizations engaged in business activity both within and outside the State among which there exists a unity of ownership, operation, and use; or an interdependence in their functions.

(24) ~~“Overseas business organization” means a business organization that ordinarily has 80 percent or more of its payroll and property outside the 50 states and the District of Columbia. [Repealed.]~~

\* \* \*

Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § 5832(2)(C)–(E) are amended to read:

(C) For C corporations with Vermont gross receipts from \$0–~~\$2,000,000.00~~ \$100,000.00, the greater of the amount determined under subdivision (1) of this section or ~~\$300.00~~ \$250.00; or

(D) For C corporations with Vermont gross receipts from \$100,001.00–\$1,000,000.00, the greater of the amount determined under subdivision (1) of this section or \$500.00; or

(E) For C corporations with Vermont gross receipts from \$1,000,001.00–\$5,000,000.00, the greater of the amount determined under subdivision (1) of this section or \$2,000.00; or

(F) For C corporations with Vermont gross receipts from ~~\$2,000,001.00–\$5,000,000.00~~ \$5,000,001.00–\$300,000,000.00, the greater of the amount determined under subdivision (1) of this section or ~~\$500.00~~ \$6,000.00; or

~~(E)~~(G) For C corporations with Vermont gross receipts greater than ~~\$5,000,000.00~~ \$300,000,000.00, the greater of the amount determined under subdivision (1) of this section or ~~\$750.00~~ \$100,000.00.

Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. § 5833 is amended to read:

#### § 5833. ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT OF INCOME

(a) If the income of a taxable corporation is derived from any trade, business, or activity conducted entirely within this State, the Vermont net income of the corporation shall be allocated to this State in full. If the income of a taxable corporation is derived from any trade, business, or activity conducted both within and outside this State, the amount of the corporation’s Vermont net income that shall be apportioned to this State, so as to allocate to this State a fair and equitable portion of that income, shall be determined by multiplying that Vermont net income by ~~the arithmetic average of the following factors, with the sales factor described in subdivision (3) of this subsection double-weighted:~~

(1) ~~The average of the value of all the real and tangible property within this State (A) at the beginning of the taxable year and (B) at the end of the taxable year (but the Commissioner may require the use of the average of such value on the 15th or other day of each month, in cases where he or she~~



determines that such computation is necessary to more accurately reflect the average value of property within Vermont during the taxable year), expressed as a percentage of all such property both within and outside this State;

~~(2) The total wages, salaries, and other personal service compensation paid during the taxable year to employees within this State, expressed as a percentage of all such compensation paid whether within or outside this State;~~

~~(3) The the amount of gross sales, or charges for services performed, within this State, expressed as a percentage of such sales or charges whether within or outside this State.~~

~~(A)(1) Sales of tangible personal property are made in this State if;~~

~~(i) the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser, other than the U.S. government, who takes possession within this State, regardless of f.o.b. point or other conditions of sale; or~~

~~(ii) the property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in this State; and~~

~~(I) the purchaser is the U.S. government; or~~

~~(II) the corporation is not taxable in the State in which the purchaser takes possession.~~

~~(B)(2) Sales, other than the sale of tangible personal property, are in this State if the taxpayer's market for the sales is in this State. The taxpayer's market for sales is in this State:~~

~~(i)(A) in the case of sale, rental, lease, or license of real property, if and to the extent the property is located in this State;~~

~~(ii)(B) in the case of rental, lease, or license of tangible personal property, if and to the extent the property is located in this State;~~

~~(iii)(C) in the case of sale of a service, if and to the extent the service is delivered to a location in this State; and~~

~~(iv)(D) in the case of intangible property:~~

~~(i) that is rented, leased, or licensed, if and to the extent the property is used in this State, provided that intangible property utilized in marketing a good or service to a consumer is "used in this State" if that good or service is purchased by a consumer who is in this State; and~~

~~(ii) that is sold, if and to the extent the property is used in this State, provided that:~~

~~(aa)~~(I) a contract right, government license, or similar intangible property that authorizes the holder to conduct a business activity in a specific geographic area is “used in this State” if the geographic area includes all or part of this State;

~~(bb)~~(II) receipts from intangible property sales that are contingent on the productivity, use, or disposition of the intangible property shall be treated as receipts from the rental, lease, or licensing of such intangible property under subdivision ~~(iv)~~(I)(D)(i) of this subdivision ~~(B)~~(2); and

~~(ee)~~(III) all other receipts from a sale of intangible property shall be excluded from the numerator and denominator of the receipts factor.

~~(C)~~(3) If the state or states of assignment under subdivision ~~(B)~~(2) of this subsection cannot be determined, the state or states of assignment shall be reasonably approximated.

~~(D)~~(4) If the taxpayer is not taxable in a state to which a receipt is assigned under subdivision ~~(B)~~(2) or ~~(C)~~(3) of this subsection, or if the state of assignment cannot be determined under subdivision ~~(B)~~(2) of this subsection or reasonably approximated under subdivision ~~(C)~~(3) of this subsection, such receipt shall be excluded from the denominator of the receipts factor.

~~(E)~~(5) The Commissioner of Taxes shall adopt regulations as necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

(6) A taxable corporation subject to apportionment under this section shall report to the Commissioner of Taxes:

(A) the average of the value of all the real and tangible property within this State at the beginning of the taxable year and at the end of the taxable year, provided the Commissioner may require the use of the average of such value on the 15th or other day of each month in cases where the Commissioner determines that such computation is necessary to more accurately reflect the average value of property within Vermont during the taxable year, expressed as a percentage of all such property both within and outside this State; and

(B) the total wages, salaries, and other personal service compensation paid to employees within this State during the taxable year, expressed as a percentage of all such compensation paid, whether within or outside this State.

\* \* \*

Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 5862(d) is amended to read:

(d) A taxable corporation which that is part of an affiliated group engaged in a unitary business shall be treated as a single taxpayer and shall file a group return containing the combined net income of the affiliated group and such other informational returns as the Commissioner shall require by rule. A unitary combined return shall include the income and apportionment factors of any taxable corporation incorporated in the United States or formed under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession of the United States and in a unitary relationship with the taxpayer. The income, gain, or losses from members of a combined group shall be combined to the extent allowed under the Internal Revenue Code for consolidated filing as if the combined group was a consolidated filing group, provided that a state tax credit shall not be combined and shall be limited to the member to which the credit is attributed.

Sec. 7. TRANSITION FROM JOYCE TO FINNIGAN METHOD

(a) For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022, for purposes of determining whether sales are in Vermont and are included in the numerator of the sales apportionment factor, if the activities of any member of a unitary group create nexus with this State, then sales of tangible personal property into Vermont from outside the State by all members of the unitary group shall be included in the Vermont sales factor numerator.

(b) For taxable years beginning on January 1, 2022 and before January 1, 2023:

(1) If any member of a unitary group is taxable in another state, then sales of tangible personal property from a Vermont location into that state by any member of the unitary group shall be excluded from the Vermont sales factor numerator.

(2) If no member of a unitary group is taxable in another state, then sales of tangible personal property from a Vermont location into that state by all members of the unitary group shall be included in the Vermont sales factor numerator.

Sec. 8. RULEMAKING; REPORT

The Department of Taxes shall adopt rules relating to the unitary combined reporting requirements imposed under this act. The rules required under this section shall include a change from the *Joyce* to the *Finnigan* approach to applying Vermont jurisdiction to corporations within a unitary group. The Department shall report to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance, on or before January 15, 2023, on the Department's proposed rules and any recommendations for legislation with respect to unitary combined reporting.

\* \* \* Sales and Use Tax; Prewritten Computer Software \* \* \*

Sec. 9. 32 V.S.A. § 9701(60) is added to read:

(60) "Vendor-hosted prewritten computer software" means prewritten computer software that is accessed through the Internet or a vendor-hosted server or platform, including where possession of the software is maintained by the vendor or a third party, regardless of:

(A) the method of delivery or transfer, including whether any downloading occurs;

(B) whether the access is permanent or temporary; and

(C) whether the charge for the right of access and for the service is on a per use, per user, per license, subscription, or some other basis.

Sec. 10. 32 V.S.A. § 9771 is amended to read:

§ 9771. IMPOSITION OF SALES TAX

Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, there is imposed a tax on retail sales in this State. The tax shall be paid at the rate of six percent of the sales price charged for but in no case shall any one transaction be taxed under more than one of the following:

\* \* \*

(7) tangible personal property to an advertising agency for its use in providing advertising services or creating advertising materials for transfer in conjunction with the delivery of advertising service; or

(8) specified digital products transferred electronically to an end user regardless of whether for permanent use or less than permanent use and regardless of whether or not conditioned upon continued payment from the purchaser; or

(9) vendor-hosted prewritten computer software and the right to access and use vendor-hosted prewritten computer software to perform data processing services.

Sec. 11. 32 V.S.A. § 9773 is amended to read:

§ 9773. IMPOSITION OF COMPENSATING USE TAX

Unless property or telecommunications service has already been or will be subject to the sales tax under this chapter, there is imposed on every person a use tax at the rate of six percent for the use within this State, except as otherwise exempted under this chapter:

\* \* \*

(4) specified digital products transferred electronically to an end user; and

(5) telecommunications service except coin-operated telephone service, private telephone service, paging service, private communications service, or value-added non-voice data service; and

(6) vendor-hosted prewritten computer software and the right to access and use vendor-hosted prewritten computer software to perform data processing services.

Sec. 12. REPEAL

2015 Acts and Resolves No. 51, Sec. G.8 (prewritten software accessed remotely) is repealed.

\* \* \* Fees \* \* \*

Sec. 13. 9 V.S.A. § 5302(f) is amended to read:

(f) Investment companies subject to 15 U.S.C. § 80a-1 et seq. shall pay to the Commissioner an initial notice filing fee of \$2,000.00 and an annual renewal fee of ~~\$1,500.00~~ \$1,750.00 for each portfolio or class of investment company securities for which a notice filing is submitted.

\* \* \* Income Tax; Military Retirement Exclusion \* \* \*

Sec. 14. 32 V.S.A. § 5811(21)(B) is amended to read:

(B) Decreased by the following items of income (to the extent such income is included in federal adjusted gross income):

\* \* \*

(iii) recapture of State and local income tax deductions not taken against Vermont income tax; and

(iv) the portion of federally taxable benefits received under the federal Social Security Act that is required to be excluded under section 5830e of this chapter; and

(v) [Reserved.]

(vi) the first \$10,000.00 of federally taxable U.S. military retirement pay; and

\* \* \*

Sec. 15. 32 V.S.A. § 5813(y) is added to read:

(y) The statutory purpose of the exclusion of the first \$10,000.00 of federally taxable U.S. military retirement pay in subdivision 5811(21)(B)(vi) of this title is to recognize the military service of Vermonters who derive part of their income from military retirement pay.

\* \* \* Effective Dates \* \* \*

Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2021, except:

(1) Secs. 3 (80/20 rule definitions), 4 (minimum corporate income tax), 5 (single sales factor and repeal of throwback), and 6–7 (Finnigan method and 80/20 rule) shall take effect on January 1, 2022 and apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022.

(2) Secs. 9–12 (prewritten computer software) shall take effect on June 1, 2022.

(3) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. 14–15 (military retirement exemption) shall take effect on January 1, 2021 and shall apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2021.

Third: That after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to tax changes affecting corporations, menstrual products, military retirement income, and prewritten computer software, and investment security company fees”

**Reported favorably with further proposal of amendment by Senator Cummings for the Committee on Finance.**

The Committee recommends that the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment with further proposal of amendment as follows:

By striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

\* \* \* Corporate Income Tax \* \* \*

Sec. 1. 32 V.S.A. § 5811 is amended to read:

§ 5811. DEFINITIONS

~~The following definitions shall apply throughout~~ As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:

\* \* \*

(22) “Affiliated group” means a group of two or more corporations in which more than 50 percent of the voting stock of each member corporation is directly or indirectly owned by a common owner or owners, either corporate or noncorporate, or by one or more of the member corporations, but shall exclude ~~overseas business organizations or~~ foreign corporations and corporations taxable under 8 V.S.A. § 6014.

(23) “Unitary business” means one or more related business organizations engaged in business activity both within and outside the State among which there exists a unity of ownership, operation, and use; or an interdependence in their functions.

(24) ~~“Overseas business organization” means a business organization that ordinarily has 80 percent or more of its payroll and property outside the 50 states and the District of Columbia.~~ [Repealed.]

\* \* \*

Sec. 2. 32 V.S.A. § 5833(a)(3)(A) is amended to read:

(A) Sales of tangible personal property are made in this State if:

(i) the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser, other than the U.S. government, who takes possession within this State, regardless of f.o.b. point or other conditions of sale; ~~or~~

(ii) ~~the property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in this State; and~~

(I) ~~the purchaser is the U.S. government; or~~

(II) ~~the corporation is not taxable in the State in which the purchaser takes possession.~~

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 5862(d) is amended to read:

(d) A taxable corporation that is part of an affiliated group engaged in a unitary business shall be treated as a single taxpayer and shall file a group return containing the combined net income of the affiliated group and such other informational returns as the Commissioner shall require by rule. A unitary combined return shall include the income and apportionment factors of any taxable corporation incorporated in the United States or formed under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession of the United States and in a unitary relationship with the taxpayer. The income, gain, or losses from members of a combined group shall be combined to the extent allowed under the Internal Revenue Code for consolidated filing as if the combined group was a consolidated filing group, provided that a state tax credit shall not be combined and shall be limited to the member to which the credit is attributed.

Sec. 4. TRANSITION FROM JOYCE TO FINNIGAN METHOD

(a) For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023, for purposes of determining whether sales are in Vermont and are included in the numerator of the sales apportionment factor, if the activities of any member of a unitary group create nexus with this State, then sales of tangible personal property into Vermont from outside the State by all members of the unitary group shall be included in the Vermont sales factor numerator.

(b) For taxable years beginning on January 1, 2023 and before January 1, 2024:

(1) If any member of a unitary group is taxable in another state, then sales of tangible personal property from a Vermont location into that state by any member of the unitary group shall be excluded from the Vermont sales factor numerator.

(2) If no member of a unitary group is taxable in another state, then sales of tangible personal property from a Vermont location into that state by all members of the unitary group shall be included in the Vermont sales factor numerator.



Sec. 5. RULEMAKING; REPORT

The Department of Taxes shall adopt rules relating to the unitary combined reporting requirements imposed under this act. The rules required under this section shall include a change from the Joyce to the Finnigan approach to applying Vermont jurisdiction to corporations within a unitary group. The Department shall report to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance on or before January 15, 2024 on the Department’s proposed rules and any recommendations for legislation with respect to unitary combined reporting.

\* \* \* Personal Income Tax; Retirement Income Exemptions \* \* \*

Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 5811(21) is amended to read:

(21) “Taxable income” means, in the case of an individual, federal adjusted gross income determined without regard to 26 U.S.C. § 168(k) and:

\* \* \*

(B) decreased by the following items of income (to the extent such income is included in federal adjusted gross income):

\* \* \*

(iv) the portion of certain retirement income and federally taxable benefits received under the federal Social Security Act that is required to be excluded under section 5830e of this chapter; ~~and~~

\* \* \*

(vi) U.S. military survivor benefit income received by the surviving spouse of a deceased service member; and

\* \* \*

Sec. 7. 32 V.S.A. § 5813 is amended to read:

§ 5813. STATUTORY PURPOSES

\* \* \*

(w) The statutory purpose of the partial exemption of certain retirement income and federally taxable benefits under the Social Security Act in section 5830e of this title is to lessen the tax burden on Vermonters with low to moderate income who derive part of their income from certain retirement income and Social Security benefits.

\* \* \*

(y) The statutory purpose of the exemption for U.S. military survivor benefit income in subdivision 5811(21)(B)(vi) of this title is to recognize the military service of Vermonters.

Sec. 8. 32 V.S.A. § 5830e is amended to read:

§ 5830e. RETIREMENT INCOME; SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME

(a) Social Security income. The portion of federally taxable Social Security benefits excluded from taxable income under subdivision 5811(21)(B)(iv) of this chapter shall be as follows:

\* \* \*

(b) Civil Service Retirement System income. The portion of income received from the Civil Service Retirement System excluded from taxable income under subdivision 5811(21)(B)(iv) shall be subject to the limitations under subsection (e) of this section and shall be determined as follows:

(1) For taxpayers whose filing status is single, married filing separately, head of household, or surviving spouse:

(A) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is less than or equal to \$45,000.00, the first \$10,000.00 of income received from the Civil Service Retirement System shall be excluded.

(B) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is greater than \$45,000.00 but less than \$55,000.00, the percentage of the first \$10,000.00 of income received from the Civil Service Retirement System to be excluded shall be proportional to the amount of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income over \$45,000.00, determined by:

(i) subtracting the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer from \$55,000.00;

(ii) dividing the value under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (B) by \$10,000.00; and

(iii) multiplying the value under subdivision (ii) of this subdivision (B) by the income received from the Civil Service Retirement System.

(C) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is equal to or greater than \$55,000.00, no amount of the income received from the Civil Service Retirement System shall be excluded under this section.

(2) For taxpayers whose filing status is married filing jointly:

(A) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is less than or equal to \$60,000.00, the first \$10,000.00 of income received from the Civil Service Retirement System shall be excluded.

(B) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is greater than \$60,000.00 but less than \$70,000.00, the percentage of the first \$10,000.00 of income received from the Civil Service Retirement System to be excluded shall be proportional to the amount of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income over \$60,000.00, determined by:

(i) subtracting the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer from \$70,000.00;

(ii) dividing the value under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (B) by \$10,000.00; and

(iii) multiplying the value under subdivision (ii) of this subdivision (B) by the income received from the Civil Service Retirement System.

(C) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is equal to or greater than \$70,000.00, no amount of the income received from the Civil Service Retirement System shall be excluded under this section.

(c) Other contributory retirement systems; earnings not covered by Social Security. Other retirement income, except U.S. military retirement income pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, received by a taxpayer of this State shall be excluded pursuant to subsection (b) of this section as though the income were received from the Civil Service Retirement System and shall be subject to the limitations under subsection (e) of this section, provided that:

(1) the income is received from a contributory annuity, pension, endowment, or retirement system of:

(A) the U.S. government or a political subdivision or instrumentality of the U.S. government;

(B) this State or a political subdivision or instrumentality of this State; or

(C) another state or a political subdivision or instrumentality of another state; and

(2) the contributory system from which the income is received was based on earnings that were not covered by the Social Security Act.

(d) U.S. military retirement income. U.S. military retirement income received by a taxpayer of this State shall be excluded pursuant to subsection (b) of this section as though the income were received from the Civil Service Retirement System and shall be subject to the limitations under subsection (e) of this section.

(e) A taxpayer of this State who is eligible during the taxable year for the Social Security income exclusion under subsection (a) of this section and any of the exclusions under subsections (b)–(d) of this section shall elect either one of the exclusions for which the taxpayer is eligible under subsections (b)–(d) of this section or the Social Security income exclusion under subsection (a) of this section, but not both, for the taxable year.

\* \* \* Sales and Use Tax; Exemption; Menstrual Products \* \* \*

Sec. 9. 32 V.S.A. § 9706(oo) is amended to read:

(oo) The statutory purpose of the exemption for ~~feminine hygiene~~ menstrual products in subdivision 9741(56) of this title is to limit the cost of goods that are necessary for the health and welfare of Vermonters.

Sec. 10. 32 V.S.A. § 9741(56) is amended to read:

(56) ~~Feminine hygiene~~ Menstrual products. As used in this subdivision, “~~feminine hygiene~~ menstrual products” means tampons, panty liners, menstrual cups, ~~sanitary~~ menstrual napkins, and other similar tangible personal property designed for ~~feminine hygiene~~ use in connection with the human menstrual cycle but does not include “grooming and hygiene products” as defined in this chapter.

\* \* \* Effective Dates \* \* \*

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that:

(1) Secs. 1–5 (corporate income tax) shall take effect on January 1, 2023 and shall apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023.

(2) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. 6–8 (retirement income exemptions) shall take effect retroactively on January 1, 2022 and shall apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to changes to Vermont’s corporate income tax, personal income tax, and sales and use tax.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

**Amendment to proposal of amendment of the Committee on Finance to  
be offered by Senator Cummings**

Senator Cummings moves to amend the proposal of amendment of the Committee on Finance in Sec. 4, transition from Joyce to Finnigan method, by striking out the subsection (a) designation and by striking out subsection (b) in its entirety

**NOTICE CALENDAR**

**Second Reading**

**Favorable**

**S. 90.**

An act relating to establishing an amyotrophic lateral sclerosis registry.

**Reported favorably by Senator Terenzini for the Committee on Health and Welfare.**

(Committee vote: 4-1-0)

**Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment**

**S. 127.**

An act relating to a pilot project for a Department of Corrections report to assist the court setting conditions of probation.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Sears for the Committee on Judiciary.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 28 V.S.A. § 724 is amended to read:

§ 724. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION  
FURLOUGH

\* \* \*

(c) Appeal.

(1) An offender whose community supervision furlough status is revoked or interrupted for ~~90~~ 180 days or longer for a technical violation shall have the right to appeal the Department's determination to the Civil Division of the Superior Court in accordance with Rule 74 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure. The appeal shall be based on a de novo review of the record. The appellant may offer testimony, and, in its discretion for good cause shown, the court may accept additional evidence to supplement the record. If

additional evidence is accepted by the court, the Department, through the Office of the Vermont Attorney General, shall have the opportunity to present rebuttal evidence, including testimony, for the court's consideration. The notice of appeal filed pursuant to Rule 74 shall include a certification that the court has subject matter jurisdiction. The Department shall file an objection to subject matter jurisdiction within 14 days, which shall stay the filing of the record on appeal until the court issues an order on the Department's objection. The appellant shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the Department abused its discretion in imposing a furlough revocation or interruption for 90 180 days or longer pursuant to subsection (d) of this section.

(2) An appeal filed pursuant to this subsection shall be limited to determine whether the decision to interrupt or revoke an offender's community supervision furlough status was an abuse of discretion by the Department based on the criteria set forth in subdivision (d)(2) of this section. The length of interruption or revocation may be a consideration in the abuse of discretion determination.

(3) An appeal filed pursuant to this subsection shall be brought in the unit of the Superior Court in which the offender resided at the time that the offender's furlough status was revoked or interrupted or the unit in which the offender is detained after the offender's furlough status was revoked or interrupted. If an appeal is filed pursuant to this subsection in a unit lacking proper venue, the court, on its own motion or on timely motion of a party to the appeal, may transfer the appeal to a unit having proper venue.

(d) Technical violations.

(1) As used in this section, "technical violation" means a violation of conditions of furlough that does not constitute a new crime.

(2) It shall be abuse of the Department's discretion to revoke furlough or interrupt furlough status for 90 180 days or longer for a technical violation, unless:

(A) the offender's risk to reoffend can no longer be adequately controlled in the community, and no other method to control noncompliance is suitable; or

(B) the violation or pattern of violations indicate the offender poses a danger to others ~~or to the community or poses a threat to abscond or escape from furlough;~~ or

(C) the Commissioner has issued a warrant for the arrest of an offender because the offender absconded from furlough.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

**S. 161.**

An act relating to extending the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Bray for the Committee on Finance.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 30 V.S.A. § 8009 is amended to read:

§ 8009. BASELOAD RENEWABLE POWER PORTFOLIO  
REQUIREMENT

\* \* \*

(b) Notwithstanding subsection 8004(a) and subdivision 8005(c)(1) of this title, commencing November 1, 2012, each Vermont retail electricity provider shall purchase the provider's pro rata share of the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement, which shall be based on the total Vermont retail kWh sales of all such providers for the previous calendar year. The obligation created by this subsection shall cease on November 1, ~~2024~~ 2025.

\* \* \*

Sec. 2. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 39, Sec. 2 is amended to read:

Sec. 2. PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION ORDER EXTENSION

All decisions and orders of the former Public Service Board and the Public Utility Commission in the matter Investigation into the Establishment of a Standard-Offer Price for Baseload Renewable Power under the Sustainably Priced Energy Enterprise Development (SPEED) Program, Docket No. 7782, shall remain in full force and effect through October 31, ~~2024~~ 2025. For years 2023 ~~and~~, 2024, ~~and the period from January 1, 2025 to October 31, 2025,~~ the purchase price shall be the levelized value determined in Docket No. 7782.

Sec. 3. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 39, Sec. 3 is amended to read:

Sec. 3. BASELOAD RENEWABLE POWER PORTFOLIO  
REQUIREMENT; COLOCATION REPORT

On or before January 15, ~~2023~~2024, the owner of the baseload renewable power plant subject to 30 V.S.A. § 8009(b) shall report to the General Assembly on whether a project utilizing the excess thermal energy generated by the plant has been developed and is operational, or when a project utilizing the excess thermal energy generated by the plant will be operational.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

**S. 162.**

An act relating to the collective bargaining rights of teachers.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Perchlik for the Committee on Education.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. § 1752 is amended to read:

§ 1752. GROUNDS AND PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION AND  
DISMISSAL

(a) A teacher under contract to teach in a public school who fails, without just cause, to complete the term for which the teacher contracted to teach, shall be disqualified to teach in any public school for the remainder of the school year.

(b) The provisions of subsections (c) and (d) of this section regarding the nonrenewal, suspension, and dismissal of teachers shall not apply to a teacher employed under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement under chapter 57 of this title that provides the teacher just cause rights. The decision to nonrenew, suspend without pay, or dismiss a teacher shall be made by the school board.

~~(b)(c) Unless otherwise negotiated, a~~ A teacher under contract to teach in a public school whose contract is not to be renewed for the ensuing year shall be notified in writing, setting forth the grounds therefor, ~~no~~ not later than April 15. If the teacher so notified desires a hearing, the teacher shall so request in writing to the clerk of the school board. The teacher shall have the



right to a hearing before the school directors within 15 days, may present witnesses and written evidence, and may be represented by counsel. A hearing shall be in executive session unless the teacher making the appeal requests or agrees in writing that it be open to the public. The school board shall affirm, modify, or reverse the nonrenewal and shall issue its decision in writing within five days. In the case of a probationary teacher who has received two written performance evaluations per year of probationary service, a decision of the board shall be final. The standard for nonrenewal of a contract shall be:

(1) In the case of a nonprobationary teacher, just and sufficient cause.

(2) In the case of a probationary teacher, any reason other than those prohibited by law. However, the standard for nonrenewal for a probationary teacher's contract shall be just and sufficient cause if the teacher has not received at least two written performance evaluations per year of probationary service. A probationary teacher is a person who has been employed as a teacher in Vermont public schools for less than two school years.

(e)(d) The following provisions shall apply to the suspension or dismissal of a teacher:

(1) A superintendent may suspend a teacher under contract on the grounds of incompetence, conduct unbecoming a teacher, failure to attend to duties, or failure to carry out reasonable orders and directions of the superintendent and school board.

~~(d)~~(2) The suspension shall be in writing and shall set forth the grounds therefor. Copies shall be delivered to the teacher, ~~and~~ to the chair, and to the clerk of the board of school directors. Thereafter, performance under the teacher's contract shall be suspended, but ~~he or she~~ the teacher shall be paid pro rata to the time of ~~his or her~~ dismissal by the board.

~~(e)~~(3) The teacher so suspended shall have the right to appeal to the board of school directors of the district for review of the decision. Filing a written notice of appeal with the clerk of the school board within seven days ~~of~~ after the effective date of the suspension shall initiate the appeal. The clerk of the board shall forthwith forward a copy of the notice of appeal to the superintendent and send to the teacher an acknowledgment of receipt of the appeal.

~~(f)~~(4) The school board to which the appeal is directed shall hear the appeal within 10 days ~~of~~ after receipt of notification. The teacher and the superintendent shall be advised by the clerk of the board of the time and place of hearing by written notice at least three days before the date of hearing.

~~(g)~~(5) All parties shall be entitled to counsel at every stage of the proceedings established by this section. Hearings shall be in executive session, unless the teacher making an appeal requests or agrees in writing that they be open to the public. A teacher making an appeal may waive in writing ~~his or her~~ the right to a hearing.

~~(h)~~(6) Upon hearing, or if no appeal is taken, the school board shall affirm or reverse the suspension or take such other action, including dismissal, as may appear just. If the suspension, or the dismissal, is reversed, the teacher shall not suffer any loss of pay, retirement benefits, or any other benefits to which ~~he or she~~ the teacher would otherwise have been entitled.

~~(i)~~(7) The decision of the school board shall be in writing and filed with the clerk of the school board not later than five days after the hearing or after the time for taking an appeal has expired. The clerk shall within three days notify the superintendent and the teacher in writing of the decision.

~~(j)~~(e) No court action shall lie on the part of a teacher against any school district for breach of contract by reason of suspension or dismissal unless the procedures described in this section have been followed by ~~said~~ the teacher.

~~(k)~~(f) Every teacher's contract shall be deemed to contain the provisions of this section, and any provision in the contract inconsistent with this section shall be considered of no force or effect.

Sec. 2. 16 V.S.A. § 1986 is added to read:

§ 1986. NONINTERFERENCE WITH RIGHT TO TESTIFY

(a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, no teacher, administrator, or other employee of a school district or supervisory union shall be subject to discipline by the school district or supervisory union for testifying before the General Assembly or a committee of the General Assembly or before the State Board of Education.

(b) A teacher, administrator, or other employee of a school district or supervisory union who testifies before the General Assembly or a committee of the General Assembly or before the State Board of Education shall not divulge information that is confidential to the school district or supervisory union or to its students or staff and may be disciplined by the individual's employer for divulging such confidential information.

(c) A teacher, administrator, or other employee of a school district or supervisory union who testifies before the General Assembly or a committee of the General Assembly or before the State Board of Education shall, unless authorized by the individual's employer to testify on the employer's behalf, state for the record that the individual is not testifying on behalf of the individual's employer.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 6-0-0)

**S. 197.**

An act relating to the Coordinated Mental Health Crisis Response Working Group.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Lyons for the Committee on Health and Welfare.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

\* \* \* Mental Health Crisis Response Inventory \* \* \*

Sec. 1. INVENTORY OF MENTAL HEALTH CRISIS RESPONSE PROGRAMS

On or before January 15, 2023, the Department of Mental Health, in consultation with the Agencies of Education and of Human Services and the Department of Public Safety, shall submit the Mobile Crisis Needs Assessment report required by the Department's federally-funded mobile crisis state planning grant, including the stakeholder engagement summary and the mobile crisis benefit implementation plan, to the House Committee on Health Care and to the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare.

\* \* \* Integrating Mental Health for Educators and Students \* \* \*

Sec. 2. PROVISION OF MENTAL HEALTH AND WELL-BEING SUPPORTS FOR EDUCATORS

In fiscal year 2023, the Agency of Education, in consultation with the Department of Mental Health, shall contract with one or more organizations to provide statewide COVID-19 recovery supports for educators and school staff. The supports shall be provided by mental health clinicians and focused on COVID-19 recovery, including wellness and trauma-responsive school practice supports on a statewide, regional, or supervisory union or supervisory district-specific level as needed.

Sec. 3. GRANTS TO EXPAND MENTAL HEALTH AND WELL-BEING SERVICES TO YOUTH

(a) In fiscal year 2023, the Agency of Education shall work collaboratively with the Department of Mental Health to establish and administer a two-year program utilizing a tiered-support approach to ensure continuous support to children and youth in a variety of settings, including supervisory union and district-wide, in-school, community technical education centers, and afterschool, by providing grants to:

(1) expand existing school-based counseling services in underserved districts of the State; or

(2) develop either school-based or community-based afterschool programs, operating in a variety of settings outside the school day and over the summer, including before and after school, in-service days, and school vacation week, that support the mental health and wellness needs of students, families, and staff.

(b) The Agency shall adopt policies, procedures, and guidelines necessary for implementation of the program described in subsection (a) of this section.

(c) The Agency shall issue grants to in-school counseling programs and afterschool programs in geographically diverse regions when the applicant meets all of the eligibility criteria listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection and at least one eligibility criterion listed in subdivision (2) of this subsection:

(1) Mandatory eligibility criteria.

(A) The applicant uses evidence-based strategies to address students' social, emotional, mental health, and wellness needs. As used in this subdivision, "evidence-based" means the same as in the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, 20 U.S.C. § 8101.

(B) The applicant collects data to demonstrate the effectiveness of the mental health and wellness supports and interventions utilized in the program.

(C) The applicant meets student needs by incorporating multitiered systems of supports, trauma-informed and responsive approaches, and approaches such as the Whole Child, Whole School, Whole Community model or the Strengthening Families curriculum's Youth Thrive program.

(2) Additional eligibility criterion.

(A) The applicant works in close partnership with classroom teachers and school guidance counselors to coordinate supports, communication, and strategies.

(B) The applicant uses specially trained staff to provide one-on-one and small group supports and resilience sessions for children and youth, including addressing specific needs, such as suicide prevention, social isolation, anxiety, and substance use.

(C) The applicant provides participating families with assistance in navigating behavioral health resources in their communities.

(D) The applicant provides opportunities for children and youth to participate in activities that heal and prevent social isolation, such as outdoor activities, art therapy, recreation, and time in nature.

(E) The applicant consults with local pediatricians to provide referrals for support.

(F) The applicant provides staff training on Youth Mental Health First Aid and other evidence-based techniques and approaches to crisis prevention and intervention, such as trauma-responsive practices, adolescent brain development, and how to build a culture of connection.

(d) On or before January 15, 2025, the Agency, in collaboration with the Department, shall submit a report to the House Committees on Education and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Education and on Health and Welfare summarizing the programs to which grants were awarded and recommending a model for the integration of mental health and in-school and afterschool programming that provides consistency and reliability to children and youth, is fiscally sustainable, and does not create further workforce capacity challenges for afterschool organizations, schools, community technical education centers, the Agency, or the Department.

#### Sec. 4. ALLOCATION OF UNEXPENDED ESSER III FUNDS

In fiscal year 2023, ESSER III funds appropriated pursuant to 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec. E.501.3 shall be used as follows:

(1) \$500,000.00 for statewide COVID-19 recovery supports for educators and school staff pursuant to Sec. 2 of this act; and

(2) \$2,500,000.00 for grants to expand mental health and well-being services for children and youth pursuant to Sec. 3 of this act.

\* \* \* Interagency Youth Afterschool Task Force \* \* \*

#### Sec. 5. VERMONT INTERAGENCY AFTERSCHOOL YOUTH TASK FORCE; REPORTING

The Vermont Interagency Afterschool Youth Task Force established pursuant to Executive Order No. 08-21 shall submit to the House Committees

on Education and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Education and on Health and Welfare copies of its bimonthly progress reports on achieving expanded universal afterschool and summer programming. The Task Force shall also provide advice and recommendations to the General Assembly upon request.

\* \* \* Effective Date \* \* \*

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to the provision of mental health supports.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

**S. 201.**

An act relating to the use of leghold traps.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Bray for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE; BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR TRAPPING

(a) On or before January 15, 2023, the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife shall submit to the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy, the House Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife, and the Fish and Wildlife Board recommended best management practices (BMPs) for trapping that propose criteria and equipment designed to modernize trapping and improve the welfare of animals subject to trapping programs. The BMPs shall be based on investigation and research conducted by scientists and experts at the Department of Fish and Wildlife and shall use the “Best Management Practices for Trapping in the United States” issued by the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies as the minimum standards for BMP development. The BMPs shall include recommended:

(1) trapping devices and components of trapping devices that are more humane than currently authorized devices and are designed to minimize injury to a captured animal;

(2) criteria for adjusting or maintaining trapping devices so that they operate correctly and humanely;

(3) trapping techniques, including the appropriate size and type of a trap for target animals, use of lures or other attractants, and trap safety;

(4) requirements for the location of traps, including the placing of traps for purposes other than nuisance trapping at a safe distance, from public trails, class 4 roads, playgrounds, parks, and other public locations where persons may reasonably be expected to recreate; and

(5) criteria for when live, captured animals should be released or dispatched.

(b) The report required under subsection (a) of this section shall include a recommendation from the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife for funding the replacement of currently authorized trapping devices with trapping devices that are compliant with the recommended BMPs. The Commissioner's recommendation shall include alternatives financed with public funding, private funding, or some combination of public and private funding.

(c) In developing the BMPs required under subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner shall provide an opportunity for public review and comment and shall hold at least one public hearing regarding the proposed BMPs.

(d) As used in this section, "trapping" means to take or attempt to take furbearing animals with traps including the dispatching of lawfully trapped furbearing animals.

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 4861 is amended to read:

§ 4861. FUR-BEARING ANIMALS, TAKING, POSSESSION

(a) Fur-bearing animals shall not be taken except in accordance with the provisions of this part, and of rules of the Board. The fur or skins of fur-bearing animals may be possessed at any time unless otherwise provided by this part, rules of the Board, or orders of the Commissioner.

(b) On or before January 1, 2024, the Fish and Wildlife Board shall revise the rules regulating the trapping of fur-bearing animals in the State. The revised rules shall be at least as stringent as best management practices for trapping recommended by the Department of Fish and Wildlife to the General Assembly.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to best management practices for trapping.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

**S. 204.**

An act relating to licensure of freestanding birth centers.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Hardy for the Committee on Health and Welfare.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. chapter 53 is added to read:

CHAPTER 53. BIRTH CENTER LICENSING

§ 2351. DEFINITION

As used in this chapter, "birth center" means a facility:

- (1) that is not a hospital or part of a hospital;
- (2) at which births are planned to occur away from the pregnant individual's residence following a low-risk pregnancy; and
- (3) that provides prenatal, labor and delivery, or postpartum care, or a combination of these, as well as other related services in accordance with the scopes of practice of the health care professionals practicing at the birth center.

§ 2352. LICENSE

No person shall establish, maintain, or operate a birth center in this State without first obtaining a license for the birth center in accordance with this chapter.

§ 2353. APPLICATION; FEE

(a) An application for licensure of a birth center shall be made to the Department of Health on forms provided by the Department and shall include all information required by the Department.

(b)(1) Each application for a license shall be accompanied by a licensing fee of \$300.00.

(2) Fees collected under this section shall be credited to the Hospital Licensing Fees Special Fund and shall be available to the Department of Health to offset the costs of licensing birth centers.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, for an application for renewal of a birth center's license, the Department of Health shall deem a licensed birth center that is currently accredited by the Commission for the Accreditation of Birth Centers or by another accrediting entity that complies with the national birth center standards published by the



American Association of Birth Centers as satisfying the requirements for renewal of the birth center's license, upon submission of a copy of the birth center's official accreditation certificate and payment of the application fee.

#### § 2354. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

(a) Upon receipt of an application for a license and the licensing fee, the Department of Health shall issue a license if it determines that the applicant and the birth center facilities meet the following minimum standards:

(1) The applicant shall demonstrate the capacity to operate a birth center in accordance with rules adopted by the Department.

(2) The applicant shall demonstrate that its facilities comply fully with standards for health, safety, and sanitation as required by State law, including standards set forth by the State Fire Marshal and the Department of Health, and municipal ordinance.

(3) The applicant shall have a clear process for responding to patient complaints.

(4) The applicant shall participate in the Patient Safety Surveillance and Improvement System established pursuant to chapter 43A of this title.

(5) The birth center facilities, including the buildings and grounds, shall be subject to inspection by the Department, its designees, and other authorized entities at all times.

(b) A license is not transferable or assignable and shall be issued only for the premises and persons named in the application.

#### § 2355. REVOCATION OF LICENSE; HEARING

The Department of Health, after notice and opportunity for hearing to the applicant or licensee, is authorized to deny, suspend, or revoke a license in any case in which it finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the requirements established under this chapter. Such notice shall be served by registered mail or by personal service, shall set forth the reasons for the proposed action, and shall set a date not less than 60 days from the date of the mailing or service on which the applicant or licensee shall be given opportunity for a hearing. After the hearing, or upon default of the applicant or licensee, the Department shall file its findings of fact and conclusions of law. A copy of the findings and decision shall be sent by registered mail or served personally upon the applicant or licensee. The procedure governing hearings authorized by this section shall be in accordance with the usual and customary rules provided for such hearings.

#### § 2356. APPEAL

Any applicant or licensee, or the State acting through the Attorney General, aggrieved by the decision of the Department of Health after a hearing may, within 30 days after entry of the decision as provided in section 2355 of this title, appeal to the Superior Court for the district in which the appellant is located. The court may affirm, modify, or reverse the Department's decision, and either the applicant or licensee or the Department or State may appeal to the Vermont Supreme Court for such further review as is provided by law. Pending final disposition of the matter, the status quo of the applicant or licensee shall be preserved, except as the court otherwise orders in the public interest.

#### § 2357. INSPECTIONS

The Department of Health shall make or cause to be made such inspections and investigations as it deems necessary. If the Department finds a violation as the result of an inspection or investigation, the Department shall post a report on the Department's website summarizing the violation and any corrective action required.

#### § 2358. RECORDS

(a) Information received by the Department of Health through filed reports, inspections, or as otherwise authorized by law shall:

(1) not be disclosed publicly in a manner that identifies or may lead to the identification of one or more individuals or birth centers;

(2) be exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act; and

(3) be kept confidential except as it relates to a proceeding regarding licensure of a birth center.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to the summary reports of violations required to be posted on the Department's website pursuant to section 2357 of this chapter.

#### § 2359. RULES

The Department of Health shall adopt rules in accordance with 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 as needed to carry out the purposes of this chapter. The rules shall regulate birth centers in accordance with national birth center standards published by the American Association of Birth Centers and may include provisions regarding:

(1) the scope of services that may be provided at a birth center;

(2) appropriate staffing for a birth center, including the types of licensed health care professionals who may practice at a birth center; and

(3) a requirement for written practice guidelines and policies that include procedures for transferring a patient to a hospital if circumstances warrant.

Sec. 2. 8 V.S.A. § 4099d is amended to read:

§ 4099d. MIDWIFERY COVERAGE; HOME BIRTHS

(a) A health insurance plan or health benefit plan providing maternity benefits shall also provide coverage:

(1) for services rendered by a midwife licensed pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 85 or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 28 who is certified as a nurse midwife for services within the licensed midwife's or certified nurse midwife's scope of practice and provided in a hospital, birth center, or other health care facility or at home; and

(2) for prenatal, maternity, postpartum, and newborn services provided at a birth center licensed pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 53.

\* \* \*

Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 9432 is amended to read:

§ 9432. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

\* \* \*

(15) "Freestanding birth center" has the same meaning as "birth center" in section 2351 of this title.

Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 9434 is amended to read:

§ 9434. CERTIFICATE OF NEED; GENERAL RULES

(a) A health care facility other than a hospital shall not develop or have developed on its behalf a new health care project without issuance of a certificate of need by the Board. For purposes of this subsection, a "new health care project" includes the following:

\* \* \*

(6) The construction, development, purchase, lease, or other establishment of an ambulatory surgical center or a freestanding birth center.

\* \* \*

Sec. 5. GREEN MOUNTAIN CARE BOARD; NEEDS ASSESSMENT;  
HEALTH RESOURCE ALLOCATION PLAN; REPORT

(a) In connection with its responsibility for developing and maintaining the State's Health Resource Allocation Plan pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 9405, the Green Mountain Care Board, in consultation with the Department of Health's Maternal and Child Health Division and the Blueprint for Health's Women's Health Initiative, shall conduct an assessment of the need in this State for the obstetric and midwifery services offered by freestanding birth centers. The assessment shall include evaluating the need for the services in particular regions of the State and for certain populations of Vermont residents.

(b) On or before April 1, 2023, the Board shall provide to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare its findings and recommendations regarding the need for the services of freestanding birth centers in Vermont, along with a recommendation for whether persons seeking to establish a birth center should be required to obtain a certificate of need pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 221, subchapter 5.

Sec. 6. AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES; MEDICAID; REQUEST FOR  
FEDERAL APPROVAL

The Agency of Human Services shall seek approval from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to allow Vermont Medicaid to cover prenatal, maternity, postpartum, and newborn services provided at a licensed birth center and to allow Vermont Medicaid to reimburse separately for birth center services and for professional services.

Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Secs. 1 (18 V.S.A. chapter 53) and 2 (8 V.S.A. § 4099d) shall take effect on January 1, 2024.

(b) Secs. 3 and 4 (18 V.S.A. §§ 9432 and 9434) shall take effect on July 1, 2023.

(c) Sec. 5 (Green Mountain Care Board; needs assessment; Health Resource Allocation Plan; report) and this section shall take effect on passage.

(d) Sec. 6 (Agency of Human Services; Medicaid; request for federal approval) shall take effect on January 1, 2023 for Medicaid coverage beginning on January 1, 2024.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

**S. 220.**

An act relating to State-paid deputy sheriffs.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Collamore for the Committee on Government Operations.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as follows:

First: By striking out Sec.2, 3 V.S.A. § 911, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 2 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. 3 V.S.A. § 911 is added to read:

§ 911. DESIGNATION OF DEPUTY SHERIFFS PAID BY STATE;  
STATEWIDE BARGAINING RIGHTS

Deputy sheriffs paid by the State pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 290(b) shall be part of a single, separate statewide bargaining unit for the purpose of bargaining collectively pursuant to this chapter. The bargaining unit created pursuant to this section shall be referred to as the State Paid Deputy Sheriffs Unit.

Second: By striking out Sec. 4, effective date, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof Secs. 4–5 to read as follows:

Sec. 4. 3 V.S.A. § 904 is amended to read:

§ 904. SUBJECTS FOR BARGAINING

(a) All matters relating to the relationship between the employer and employees shall be the subject of collective bargaining except those matters that are prescribed or controlled by statute. The matters appropriate for collective bargaining to the extent they are not prescribed or controlled by statute include:

\* \* \*

(8) terms of coverage and amount of employee financial participation in insurance programs, except that the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs and the deputy State's Attorneys ~~and~~, other employees of the State's Attorneys' offices, and deputy sheriffs paid by the State pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 290(b) shall not bargain in relation to terms of coverage;

\* \* \*

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

**S. 250.**

An act relating to enhanced administrative and judicial accountability of law enforcement officers.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Ram Hinsdale for the Committee on Government Operations.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 20 V.S.A. § 2366 is amended to read:

§ 2366. LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES; FAIR AND IMPARITAL POLICING POLICY; ~~RACE~~ DATA COLLECTION

\* \* \*

(e)(1) On or before September 1, ~~2014~~ 2022, every State, county, and municipal law enforcement agency shall collect all data concerning law enforcement encounters, including roadside stop data consisting of the following:

- (A) the age, gender, and race of the driver;
- (B) the grounds for the stop;
- (C) the grounds for the search and the type of search conducted, if any;
- (D) the evidence located, if any;
- (E) the outcome of the stop, including whether physical force was employed or threatened during the stop, and if so, the type of force employed and whether the force resulted in bodily injury or death, and whether:
  - (i) a written warning was issued;
  - (ii) a citation for a civil violation was issued;
  - (iii) a citation or arrest for a misdemeanor or a felony occurred; or
  - (iv) no subsequent action was taken.

(2) Law enforcement agencies shall work with the Executive Director of Racial Equity, the Criminal Justice Council, and a vendor chosen by the Council with the goals of collecting uniform data, adopting uniform storage methods and periods, and ensuring that data can be analyzed. Roadside stop data, as well as reports and analysis of roadside stop data, shall be public.

(3) On or before ~~September~~ July 1, 2016 2023 and annually thereafter, law enforcement agencies shall provide all data collected by the agency, including the data collected under this subsection, to the Executive Director of Racial Equity and the vendor chosen by the Criminal Justice Council under subdivision (2) of this subsection or, in the event the vendor is unable to continue receiving data under this section, to the Council. Law enforcement agencies shall provide the data collected under this subsection in an electronic format specified by the receiving entity.

(4) The data provided pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection shall be posted electronically in a manner that is analyzable and accessible to the public on the receiving agency's website and clear and understandable. ~~The receiving agency shall also report the data annually to the General Assembly.~~

(5) Annually, on or before July 1, all law enforcement agencies shall report the data collected pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations and Judiciary. The report shall detail how the data is collected; how the data is accessible; how the data is used by the law enforcement agency; a review of the data to determine if additional data criteria is needed; and any recommendations to improve data collection and use.

~~(5)~~(6) As used in this subsection, "physical force" shall refer to the force employed by a law enforcement officer to compel a person's compliance with the officer's instructions that constitutes a greater amount of force than handcuffing a compliant person.

\* \* \*

Sec. 3. 20 V.S.A. § 2371 is added to read:

§ 2371. LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER INFORMATION DATABASE

(a) Purpose. The purpose of this section is to create a law enforcement officer information database that catalogues potential impeachment information concerning law enforcement agency witnesses or affiants and enables a prosecutor to disclose such information consistently and appropriately under the obligations of *Giglio v. United States*, 405 U.S. 150 (1972), and its progeny.

(b) Database. The Vermont Criminal Justice Council shall maintain a database cataloging any potential impeachment information concerning a law enforcement officer. Potential impeachment information may include:

(1) any finding of misconduct that reflects upon the truthfulness or possible bias of the law enforcement officer, including a finding of a lack of candor during a criminal, civil, or administrative inquiry or proceeding;

(2) any past or pending criminal charge brought against the law enforcement officer;

(3) any allegation of misconduct bearing upon truthfulness, bias, or integrity that is the subject of a pending investigation;

(4) any prior findings by a judge that a law enforcement officer testified untruthfully, made a knowing false statement in writing, engaged in an unlawful search or seizure, illegally obtained a confession, or engaged in other misconduct;

(5) any misconduct finding or pending misconduct allegation that either casts a substantial doubt upon the accuracy of a law enforcement officer as a witness, including testimony, that a prosecutor intends to rely on to prove an element of any crime charged, or that might have a significant bearing on the admissibility of prosecution evidence;

(6) information that may be used to suggest that the law enforcement officer is biased for or against a defendant; or

(7) information that reflects that the law enforcement officer's ability to perceive and recall truth is impaired.

(c) Duty to report. A law enforcement agency's executive officer or designee shall report any information required to be cataloged under this section to the Council within 10 business days after discovering the information.

(d) Accessibility. The database shall be accessible to the State's Attorney of any county of this State or designee and the Attorney General of this State or designee for the purpose of complying with the disclosure obligations of *Giglio v. United States*, 405 U.S. 150 (1972), and its progeny. This database shall not be accessible to anyone not listed in this subsection.

(e) Confidentiality. The database, documents, materials, or other information in possession or control of the Council that are obtained by or reported to the Council under this section shall be confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action. The Council is authorized to use the database, or related documents, materials, or other information, in furtherance of the Council's official duties. Unless otherwise authorized by law, the Council shall not disclose the database or make related documents, materials, or other information public without the prior written consent of the law enforcement agency and the law enforcement officer. Neither the Council nor any person who received documents, materials, or other information shared under this section shall be required to testify in any



private civil action concerning the database or any confidential documents, materials, or information subject to this section. Nothing in the section shall exempt the Council, a State's Attorney, or the Attorney General from disclosing public records pursuant to 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 3.

Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 5585 is amended to read:

§ 5585. ELECTRONIC RECORDING OF A CUSTODIAL INTERROGATION

(a) As used in this section:

(1) "Custodial interrogation" means any interrogation:

(A) involving questioning by a law enforcement officer that is reasonably likely to elicit an incriminating response from the subject; and

(B) in which a reasonable person in the subject's position would consider ~~himself or herself~~ the person to be in custody, starting from the moment a person should have been advised of ~~his or her~~ the person's Miranda rights and ending when the questioning has concluded.

\* \* \*

(b)(1) A custodial interrogation that occurs in a place of detention concerning the investigation of a felony violation of ~~chapter 53 (homicide) or 72 (sexual assault)~~ of this title shall be electronically recorded in its entirety.

(2) In consideration of best practices, law enforcement shall strive to record simultaneously both the interrogator and the person being interrogated.

(c)(1) The following are exceptions to the recording requirement in subsection (b) of this section:

(A) exigent circumstances;

(B) a person's refusal to be electronically recorded;

(C) interrogations conducted by other jurisdictions;

(D) a reasonable belief that the person being interrogated did not commit a felony violation of ~~chapter 53 (homicide) or 72 (sexual assault)~~ of this title and, therefore, an electronic recording of the interrogation was not required;

(E) the safety of a person or protection of his or her identity; and

(F) equipment malfunction.

\* \* \*

Sec. 5. STUDY ON DECEPTIVE AND COERCIVE METHODS OF LAW ENFORCEMENT INTERROGATION; REPORT

(a) The Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee shall in its discretion, select an organization, to submit a written report studying the use of deceptive and coercive interrogation tactics employed by law enforcement in the State of Vermont. In particular, the report shall study and provide recommendations:

(1) concerning when providing false facts about evidence to a suspect during an interview conducted after the commission of a crime results in an involuntary confession or admission to the crime;

(2) regarding when confessions or admissions to crimes procured by providing a defendant with false facts should be inadmissible;

(3) concerning the appropriate age and circumstances to prohibit coercive techniques in cases involving juveniles;

(4) concerning the use of the interrogation and interviewing techniques, including the Reid Technique of Investigative Interviews and Advanced Interrogation Techniques, by law enforcement; and

(5) and legislation, initiatives, or programs for the General Assembly and law enforcement to consider to improve current practices.

(b) In preparation of the report, the Committee shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of its selected entity, the Vermont Criminal Justice Council, the Council of State Government, and any other stakeholders interested in assisting with the report.

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Sec. 3 (law enforcement database) shall take effect on January 1, 2023.

(b) The remainder of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

(Committee vote: 4-1-0)

**S. 251.**

An act relating to divestment of State pension funds from fossil fuel companies.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Clarkson for the Committee on Government Operations.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. DECARBONIZATION OF PUBLIC PENSION FUNDS; JOINT PUBLIC PENSION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE; REPORT

(a) Study. The Joint Public Pension Oversight Committee shall, in consultation with the State Treasurer, the Chair of the Vermont Pension Investment Commission, and any interested stakeholders with investment and environmental expertise, develop a strategy and timeline for the policies of the State to decarbonize the investments of the Vermont State Employees' Retirement System, the State Teachers' Retirement System, and the Municipal Employees' Retirement System. The strategy and timeline developed by the Committee shall be in accordance with sound investment criteria and consistent with the fiduciary obligations of the Retirement Board for the Vermont State Employees' Retirement System, the Board of Trustees for the Vermont Teachers' Retirement System, and the Retirement Board of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System. In developing the strategy and plan, the Committee shall consider the feasibility of different decarbonization strategies, including divestment to the fullest extent possible, and review models used in New York and in other states for decarbonization.

(b) Assistance. The Committee shall have the fiscal assistance of the Vermont Pension Investment Commission to conduct the work described in subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Report. On or before January 15, 2023, the Committee shall submit a report on the strategy and timeline described in subsection (a) of this section to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations.

Sec. 2. DECARBONIZATION STRATEGY; VERMONT PENSION INVESTMENT COMMISSION; APPROPRIATION

In FY 2023, the amount of \$75,000.00 in general funds is appropriated to the Vermont Pension Investment Commission to assist the Joint Public Pension Oversight Committee with the work described in Sec. 1 of this act.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to the study of decarbonization and phased in divestment of the State pension funds from fossil fuel companies.

(Committee vote: 4-1-0)

**S. 254.**

An act relating to creating a private right of action against law enforcement officers for violating rights established under Vermont law.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Sears for the Committee on Judiciary.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 12 V.S.A. chapter 190 is added to read:

CHAPTER 190. VIOLATIONS OF ARTICLE 11 OF THE VERMONT  
CONSTITUTION BY LAW ENFORCEMENT

§ 5607. STANDARD TO RECOVER DAMAGES

(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to codify the principle established by the Vermont Supreme Court in *Zullo v. State*, 2019 VT 1 as a burden that a plaintiff must prove to obtain damages in an action brought against any Vermont law enforcement agency for a violation of Article 11 of the Constitution of the State of Vermont.

(b) As used in this chapter, “law enforcement agency” has the same meaning as in 20 V.S.A. § 2351a.

§ 5608. RECORD OF CASE DISPOSITION

Each law enforcement agency shall maintain a record of all final judgments and settlements paid by the law enforcement agency for claims made pursuant to this chapter and attach a copy of the complaint to each record. All judgments, settlements, and their underlying complaints are subject to public disclosure unless an exemption applies pursuant to 1 V.S.A. § 317. Any record disclosed shall include the name of the law enforcement agency and the monetary amount paid pursuant to the judgment or settlement.

Sec. 2. REPORT ON ACCESS TO CIVIL JUSTICE REMEDIES AND LAW ENFORCEMENT QUALIFIED IMMUNITY IN VERMONT

(a) On or before November 15, 2022, the Office of Legislative Counsel shall submit a written report to the Senate Committee on Judiciary, the House Committee on Judiciary, and the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee concerning the impact of the doctrine of qualified immunity on access to civil justice remedies for people wrongfully harmed by bad-faith policing and violations of civil rights in the State of Vermont. In particular, the report shall identify:

(1) the origins of the doctrine of qualified immunity and its present interpretation by the State courts of Vermont;

(2) existing constitutional, statutory, and common law causes of action for redressing the alleged misconduct of Vermont law enforcement under Vermont law;

(3) existing immunities from suit concerning allegations of Vermont law enforcement misconduct under Vermont law;

(4) existing defenses to liability concerning allegations of Vermont law enforcement misconduct under Vermont law;

(5) existing statutory and common law limitations on damages concerning allegations of Vermont law enforcement misconduct under Vermont law; and

(6) the applicability of the doctrine of qualified immunity to all certified law enforcement officers.

(b) In the preparation of the report, the Office of Legislative Counsel shall have the administrative, technical, and legal assistance of the Office of the Vermont Attorney General, the Office of the Vermont Defender General, the Center for Justice Reform at Vermont Law School, and other stakeholders interested in assisting with the report.

### Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

(Committee vote: 3-2-0)

### S. 258.

An act relating to amending the Required Agricultural Practices in order to address climate resiliency.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Collamore for the Committee on Agriculture.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 6 V.S.A. § 23 is added to read:

#### § 23. GOOD STANDING FOR AGENCY GRANTS

(a) As used in this section, “good standing” means an applicant for a grant exclusively awarded by the Agency:

(1) does not have an active enforcement violation that has reached a final order with the Secretary; and

(2) is in compliance with all terms of a current grant agreement or contract with the Agency.

(b) This section shall not amend, alter, or otherwise modify the “good standing” requirements established for grant programs in chapter 215 of this title.

(c) An applicant shall not be eligible for any grant exclusively awarded by the Agency unless the applicant is in good standing with the Secretary on all grant agreements, contract awards, and enforcement proceedings at the time of the grant award.

(d) In the Secretary’s sole discretion, the Agency may waive the grant prohibition in subsection (c) of this section if the Secretary determines that:

(1) the applicant is working constructively with the Agency in good faith to resolve all issues that prevent good standing, and the applicant agrees in writing to take all necessary measures to comply with good standing requirements within a described time period;

(2) all issues that prevent an applicant’s good standing are minor and do not warrant ineligibility for the applicable grant; or

(3) the Secretary determines that waiving the good standing requirement is in the interests of justice.

(e) The good standing requirement only applies to grants exclusively awarded by the Agency. When the Agency is involved in administering other grants, the Agency may raise an applicant’s lack of good standing for the awarding entity’s consideration and review. The awarding entity may consider the applicant’s lack of compliance when determining whether to award a grant.

Sec. 2. 6 V.S.A. § 4802(8) is amended to read:

(8) “Waste” or “agricultural waste” means material originating or emanating from a farm or imported onto a farm that is determined by the Secretary or the Secretary of Natural Resources to be harmful to the waters of the State, including: sediments; minerals, including heavy metals; plant nutrients; pesticides; organic wastes, including livestock waste, animal mortalities, compost, feed, and crop debris; waste oils; pathogenic bacteria and viruses; thermal pollution; silage runoff; untreated milk house waste; and any other farm waste as the term “waste” is defined in 10 V.S.A. § 1251(12).

Sec. 3. 6 V.S.A. § 4815 is amended to read:

§ 4815. WASTE STORAGE FACILITY

(a) No person shall construct a new waste storage facility or expand or modify a waste storage facility in existence on July 1, 2006 unless the facility meets the standard established for such facilities by the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture or an equivalent standard. If an equivalent design standard is used, the design and construction shall be certified by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or a licensed professional engineer operating within the scope of ~~his or her~~ the engineer's expertise.

(b) The Secretary may require the owner or operator of a waste storage facility in existence on July 1, 2006, to modify the facility to meet the standard set forth in subsection (a) of this section if the facility poses a threat to human health or the environment as ~~established by a violation of the State groundwater protection standards~~. If the Secretary determines that a facility that meets the standard set forth in subsection (a) of this section poses a threat to human health or the environment, the Secretary may require the owner or operator of the facility to implement additional management measures.

~~(c) The~~ If the Secretary suspects that a waste storage facility may be contaminating groundwater, the Secretary shall pay the costs of any initial groundwater monitoring conducted to determine if whether a facility poses a threat to human health or the environment shall be paid by the Secretary. Within 21 days ~~of~~ after a determination under this subsection that a facility poses a threat to human health or the environment because of apparent violation of the Groundwater Protection Standards, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall notify the Department of Health and the Secretary of Natural Resources of the location of the facility and the name of its owner or operator.

~~(e)(d)~~ As used in this section, “waste storage facility” means an impoundment made for the purpose of storing agricultural waste by constructing an embankment, excavating a pit or dugout, fabricating an inground and aboveground structure, or any combination thereof.

Sec. 4. 6 V.S.A. § 4817 is amended to read:

§ 4817. MANAGEMENT OF NON-SEWAGE WASTE

(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Non-sewage waste” means any waste other than sewage that may contain organisms pathogenic to human beings but does not mean stormwater runoff.

(2) “Sewage” means waste containing human fecal coliform and other potential pathogenic organisms from sanitary waste and used water from any building, including carriage water and shower and wash water. “Sewage” shall does not mean stormwater runoff as that term is defined in 10 V.S.A. § 1264.

(b) The Secretary may require a person transporting or arranging for the transport of non-sewage waste to a farm for deposit in a manure pit or for use as an input in a methane digester to obtain approval from the Secretary prior to transporting the non-sewage waste to the farm. The Secretary may require a person to report to the Secretary at a designated time one or more of the following:

(1) the composition of the material transported to the farm, including the source of the material; and

(2) the volume of the material transported to a farm.

(c) After receipt of a report required under subsection (b) of this section, the Secretary may prohibit the import of non-sewage waste onto a farm upon a determination that the import of the material would violate the nutrient management plan for the farm or otherwise present a threat to water quality.

Sec. 5. 6 V.S.A. § 4827 is amended to read:

§ 4827. NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLANNING; INCENTIVE GRANTS

~~(a) A farm developing or implementing a nutrient management plan under chapter 215 of this title or federal regulations may apply to the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets for financial assistance. The financial assistance shall be in the form of incentive grants. Annually, after consultation with the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, natural resources conservation districts, the University of Vermont Extension Service and others, the Secretary shall determine the average cost of developing and implementing a nutrient management plan in Vermont. The dollar amount of an incentive grant awarded under this section shall be equal to the average cost of developing a nutrient management plan as determined by the Secretary or the cost of complying with the nutrient management planning requirements of chapter 215 of this title or federal regulations, whichever is less.~~

~~(b) Application for a State assistance grant shall be made in a manner prescribed by the Secretary and shall include, at a minimum:~~

~~(1) an estimated cost of developing and implementing a nutrient management plan for the applicant;~~

~~(2) the amount of incentive grant requested; and~~



~~(3) a schedule for development and implementation of the nutrient management plan.~~

~~(e) The Secretary annually shall prepare a list of farms ranked, regardless of size, in priority order that have applied for an incentive grant under this section. The priority list shall be established according to factors that the Secretary determines are relevant to protect the quality of waters of the State, including:~~

~~(1) the proximity of a farm to a water listed as impaired for agricultural runoff, pathogens, phosphorus, or sediment by the Agency of Natural Resources;~~

~~(2) the proximity of a farm to an unimpaired water of the State;~~

~~(3) the proximity of a drinking water well to land where a farm applies manure; and~~

~~(4) the risk of discharge to waters of the State from the land application of manure by a farm.~~

~~(d) Assistance in accordance with this section shall be provided from State funds appropriated to the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets for integrated crop management.~~

~~(e) If the Secretary or the applicable U.S. Department of Agriculture conservation programs lack adequate funds necessary for the financial assistance required by subsection (a) of this section, the requirement to develop and implement a nutrient management plan under State statute or State regulation shall be suspended until adequate funding becomes available. Suspension of a State-required nutrient management plan does not relieve an owner or operator of a farm permitted under section 4858 or 4851 of this title of the remaining requirements of a State permit, including discharge standards, groundwater protection, and land application of manure. This subsection does not apply to farms permitted under 10 V.S.A. § 1263.~~

~~(f) The Secretary may enter into grants with natural resources conservation districts, the University of Vermont Extension Service, and other persons and organizations to aid in the implementation of the incentive grants program under subsection (a) of this section and to assist farmers in the development and implementation of nutrient management plans. [Repealed.]~~

Sec. 6. 6 V.S.A. § 4828 is amended to read:

#### § 4828. CAPITAL EQUIPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

(a) It is the purpose of this section to provide assistance to purchase or use innovative equipment that will aid in the reduction of surface runoff of

agricultural wastes to State waters, improve water quality of State waters, reduce odors from manure application, separate phosphorus from manure, decrease greenhouse gas emissions, and reduce costs to farmers.

(b) The capital equipment assistance program is created in the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets to provide State financial assistance for the purchase of new or innovative equipment to ~~improve manure application, separation of phosphorus from manure, or nutrient management plan implementation~~ achieve the purposes of this section.

(c) Assistance under this section shall in each fiscal year be allocated according to the following priorities and as further defined by the Secretary. Priority shall be given to capital equipment to be used on multiple farms; equipment to be used for phosphorus reduction, separation, or treatment; and projects managed by nonprofit organizations that are located in descending order within the boundaries of:

- (1) the Lake Champlain Basin;
- (2) the Lake Memphremagog Basin;
- (3) the Connecticut River Basin; and
- (4) the Hudson River Basin.

(d) An applicant for a State grant under this section to purchase or implement phosphorus reduction, separation, or treatment technology or equipment shall pay 10 percent of the total eligible project cost. The dollar amount of a State grant to purchase or implement phosphorus reduction, separation, or treatment technology or equipment shall be equal to the total eligible project cost, less 10 percent of the total as paid by the applicant, and shall not exceed \$300,000.00.

Sec. 7. 6 V.S.A. § 4832 is amended to read:

#### § 4832. FARM AGRONOMIC PRACTICES PROGRAM

(a) The Farm Agronomic Practices Assistance Program is created in the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets to provide the farms of Vermont with State financial assistance for the implementation, including through education, training, or instruction, of soil-based practices that improve soil quality and nutrient retention, increase crop production, minimize erosion potential, and reduce agricultural waste discharges. The following practices may be eligible for assistance to farms under the grant program:

- (1) conservation crop rotation;
- (2) cover cropping;

- (3) strip cropping;
- (4) cross-slope tillage;
- (5) zone or no-tillage;
- (6) pre-sidedress nitrate tests; and

~~(7) annual maintenance of a nutrient management plan that is no longer receiving funding under a State or federal contract, provided the maximum assistance provided to a farmer under this subdivision shall be \$2,000.00 per year;~~

~~(8) educational and instructional activities to inform the farmers and citizens of Vermont of:~~

~~(A) the impact on Vermont waters of agricultural waste discharges; and~~

~~(B) the federal and State requirements for controlling agricultural waste discharges;~~

~~(9) implementing alternative manure application techniques; and~~

~~(10) additional soil erosion reduction practices soil-based practices that improve soil quality and nutrient retention, increase crop production, minimize erosion potential, and reduce agricultural waste discharges.~~

~~(b) Funding available under section 4827 of this title for nutrient management planning may be used to fund practices under this section.~~

Sec. 8. 6 V.S.A. § 4852 is amended to read:

§ 4852. RULES

The Secretary may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 concerning program administration, program enforcement, appeals and standards for waste management and waste storage, setbacks or siting criteria for new construction or expansion, groundwater contamination, odor, noise, traffic, insects, flies, and other pests in order to implement this subchapter. The siting criteria adopted by the Secretary by rule shall be consistent with the standards for the quality of State waters and standards for ~~acceptable~~ required agricultural practices pursuant to subchapter 2 of this chapter. The groundwater contamination rules adopted by the Secretary shall include a process under which the agency shall receive, investigate, and respond to a complaint that a farm has contaminated the drinking water or groundwater of a property owner.

Sec. 9. EXTENSION OF TASK FORCE TO REVITALIZE THE VERMONT DAIRY INDUSTRY

(a) Notwithstanding 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 129, Sec. 31(c)(6), the Task Force to Revitalize the Vermont Dairy Industry shall continue to exist and retain the authority granted to it in 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 129, Sec. 31 until February 1, 2023.

(b)(1) For attendance of a meeting of the Task Force to Revitalize the Vermont Dairy Industry during adjournment of the General Assembly between the effective date of this act and February 1, 2023, a legislative member of the Task Force shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 406 for not more than 10 meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the General Assembly.

(2) Other members of the Task Force that are not legislative members shall be entitled to both per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than 10 meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the General Assembly.

Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to agricultural water quality, enforcement, and dairy farming.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

**Reported favorably by Senator Starr for the Committee on Appropriations.**

(Committee vote: 5-0-2)

**S. 281.**

An act relating to hunting coyotes with dogs.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Bray for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. §§ 5008 and 5009 are added to read:

§ 5008. HUNTING COYOTE WITH AID OF DOGS; PERMIT

(a) No person shall pursue coyote with the aid of dogs, either for training or taking purposes, without a permit issued by the Commissioner.

(1) The Commissioner may deny any permit at the Commissioner's discretion. The Commissioner shall not issue more than 100 permits annually.

(2) The number of permits that the Commissioner issues to nonresidents in any given year shall not exceed 10 percent of the number of permits issued to residents in the preceding year. The Commissioner shall establish a process and standards for determining which nonresidents are to receive a permit, including who will receive a permit if there are more nonresident applicants than nonresident permits.

(3) A nonresident may train dogs to pursue coyote only while the training season is in effect in the nonresident's home state and subject to the requirements of this part and rules adopted under this part.

(b)(1) The Commissioner shall issue permits under this section to a resident for a fee of \$50.00.

(2) The application fee for a nonresident permit issued under this section shall be \$10.00, and the fee for a nonresident permit issued under this section shall be \$200.00 for a successful applicant.

§ 5009. PURSUING COYOTE WITH AID OF DOGS; LANDOWNER PERMISSION

(a) A person shall not release a dog onto land posted in accordance with section 5201 of this title for the purpose of pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs unless the dog owner or handler of the hunting dog has obtained a courtesy permission card from the landowner or landowner's agent allowing the pursuit of coyote with the aid of dogs on the land.

(b) A person shall not release onto land a dog for the purpose of pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs if in the previous 365 days a dog had been previously found on the land, and the dog owner, a handler of the dog, or a person participating in the hunt has been personally informed by law enforcement that hunting dogs are not permitted on the property.

(c)(1) For a first offense, a person who violates this section shall have committed a minor fish and wildlife violation and shall be assessed a five-point violation under subdivision 4502(b)(1) of this title.

(2) For a second or subsequent violation of this section, a person shall be assessed a 10-point violation under subdivision 4502(b)(2) of this title and shall be fined under section 4515 of this title.

## Sec. 2. MORATORIUM ON HUNTING COYOTE WITH AID OF DOGS

(a) A person shall not pursue coyote with the aid of dogs, either for the training of dogs or for the taking of coyote, except that a person may pursue coyote with the aid of dogs in defense of a person or property if the person pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs:

(1) is the landowner; or

(2) has obtained a courtesy permission card from the landowner or landowner's agent allowing the release of a dog onto the land for the purpose of pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs.

(b) This section shall be repealed on the effective date of the Fish and Wildlife Board rules required by Sec. 3 of this act.

## Sec. 3. FISH AND WILDLIFE BOARD RULES; PURSUING COYOTE WITH THE AID OF DOGS

(a) The General Assembly through the rules required under this section intends to reduce conflicts between landowners and persons pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs by reducing the frequency that dogs or persons pursuing coyote enter onto land that is posted against hunting or land where pursuit of coyote with dogs is not authorized. In addition, the General Assembly intends that the rules required under this section support the humane taking of coyote, the management of the population in concert with sound ecological principles, and the development of reasonable and effective means of control.

(b) The Fish and Wildlife Board shall adopt a rule regarding the pursuit of coyote with the aid of dogs, either for the training of dogs or for the taking of coyote. The rule shall include at least the following provisions:

(1) a limit on the number of dogs that may be used to pursue coyote;

(2) a prohibition on the substitution of any new dog for another dog during pursuit of a coyote;

(3) the legal method of taking coyote pursued with the aid of dogs, such as rifle, muzzle loader, crossbow, or bow and arrow;

(4) a definition of control to minimize the likelihood that dogs pursuing coyote enter onto land that is posted against hunting or onto land where pursuit of coyote with dogs is not authorized;

(5) provisions to encourage persons pursuing coyote with the aid of dogs to seek landowner permission before entering or releasing dogs onto land that is not posted in accordance with 10 V.S.A. § 5201; and

(6) required reporting of every coyote killed during pursuit with the aid of dogs.

(c) The Board shall consider whether to include within the rule required by this section provisions related to seasonal restrictions and baiting.

#### Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 2 (moratorium on pursuing coyote with aid of dogs) and 3 (Fish and Wildlife Board Rules) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Sec. 1 (permit requirement and prohibition on pursuing coyote with aid of dogs) shall take effect on the effective date of the Fish and Wildlife Board rules required under Sec. 3 of this act.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

#### **S. 284.**

An act relating to weatherization.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Bray for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 581 is amended to read:

#### § 581. BUILDING EFFICIENCY GOALS

It shall be goals of the State:

(1) ~~To improve substantially the energy fitness of at least 20 percent of the State's housing stock by 2017 (more than 60,000 housing units), and 25 percent of the State's housing stock by 2020 (approximately 80,000 housing units)~~ 120,000 housing units and reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 0.15 MMTCO<sub>2</sub>e by 2031.

\* \* \*

(4) To save Vermont families and businesses a total of \$1.5 billion on their fuel bills over the lifetimes of the improvements and measures installed between 2008 and 2017.

(5) To increase weatherization services to low-income Vermonters by expanding the number of units weatherized or the scope of services provided, or both, as revenue becomes available in the Home Weatherization Assistance Fund.

Sec. 2. 33 V.S.A. § 2502 is amended to read:

§ 2502. HOME WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

\* \* \*

(b) In addition, the Director shall supplement or supplant any federal program with the State Home Weatherization Assistance Program.

(1) The State program shall provide an enhanced weatherization assistance amount exceeding the federal per unit limit allowing amounts up to an average of \$8,500.00 per unit allocated on a cost-effective basis. The allowable average per unit may be adjusted to account for the lower cost per unit of multifamily buildings. In units where costs exceed the allowable average by more than 25 percent, prior approval of the Director of the State Economic Opportunity Office shall be required before work commences. This amount shall be adjusted annually by increasing the last year's amount by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the previous year to account for increased material and labor costs due to inflation.

\* \* \*

Sec. 3. APPROPRIATIONS; WEATHERIZATION INVESTMENTS

In fiscal year 2023, \$21,433,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund as follows:

(1) \$20,000,000.00 to the Department for Children and Families, Office of Economic Opportunity, Home Weatherization Assistance Program. Up to \$150,000 of these funds may be used for vermiculite remediation and home repair as part of home weatherization.

(2) \$500,000.00 to the Department of Labor to provide training subsidies. These subsidies shall be provided to contractors and businesses to: fund internships for lightly skilled workers; subsidize wages for new hires and interns; provide scholarships to further training; and cover additional costs for students during internships.

(3) \$333,000.00 to the Vermont Technical College for training and career path programs. These programs shall include programs to provide training for contractors, electricians, plumbers, and to train building science mentors; programs for career pathway training for students in grades 5-12; and programs to provide teacher training in green careers.



(4) \$600,000.00 to Vermont Technical College for mobile workforce training labs. These labs shall be used to reach geographically hard to reach locations and demographics.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

**S. 285.**

An act relating to expanding the Blueprint for Health and access to home- and community-based services.

**Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Lyons for the Committee on Health and Welfare.**

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

\* \* \* Payment and Delivery System Reform \* \* \*

Sec. 1. HOSPITAL VALUE-BASED PAYMENT DESIGN; DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS; APPROPRIATIONS; REPORT

(a) The sum of \$1,400,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Green Mountain Care Board in fiscal year 2023 to engage one or more consultants to assist the Board to:

(1) develop a process, consistent with 18 V.S.A. § 9375(b)(1) and including the meaningful participation of health care providers, payers, and other stakeholders in all stages of the development, for establishing and distributing value-based payments, including global payments, from all payers to Vermont hospitals that will:

(A) help move the hospitals away from a fee-for-service model;

(B) provide hospitals with predictable, sustainable funding that is aligned across multiple payers, consistent with the principles set forth in 18 V.S.A. § 9371, and sufficient to enable the hospitals to deliver high-quality, affordable health care services to patients; and

(C) take into consideration the necessary costs and operating expenses of providing services and not be based on historical charges;

(2) determine how best to incorporate value-based payments, including hospital global payments, into the Board's hospital budget review, accountable care organization certification and budget review, and other regulatory processes, including assessing the impacts of regulatory processes on the

financial sustainability of Vermont hospitals and identifying potential opportunities to use regulatory processes to improve hospitals' financial health; and

(3) recommend a methodology for determining the allowable rate of growth in Vermont hospital budgets, which may include the use of national and regional indicators of growth in the health care economy and other appropriate benchmarks, such as the Hospital Producer Price Index, Medical Consumer Price Index, bond-rating metrics, and labor cost indicators.

(b)(1) On or before November 1, 2022, the Green Mountain Care Board shall provide an update on its use of the funds appropriated in this section to the Health Reform Oversight Committee.

(2) On or before January 15, 2023, the Green Mountain Care Board shall report on its use of the funds appropriated in this section to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance.

Sec. 2. HEALTH CARE DELIVERY SYSTEM TRANSFORMATION;  
COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT; APPROPRIATIONS; REPORT

(a) The sum of \$2,500,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Green Mountain Care Board in fiscal year 2023 to engage one or more consultants with expertise in community engagement, preferably with experience in working with a diverse, rural population, and one or more consultants with expertise in health system design to assist the Board, in consultation with the Director of Health Care Reform in the Agency of Human Services, to build on successful health care delivery system reform efforts by:

(1) facilitating a patient-focused, community-inclusive plan for Vermont's health care delivery system to reduce inefficiencies, lower costs, improve population health outcomes, and increase access to essential services, including both providing the analytics to support delivery system transformation and leading the broad-based community engagement process; and

(2) providing support and technical assistance to hospitals and communities to facilitate planning for delivery system reform and transformation initiatives.

(b) The community engagement process shall:

(1) include hearing from and sharing information, trends, and insights with communities about the current state of the health care providers in their hospital service area, unmet health care needs in their community, and opportunities to address those needs; and

(2) provide opportunities at all stages of the process for meaningful participation by employers; consumers; health care professionals and health care providers, including those providing primary care services; Vermonters who have direct experience with all aspects of Vermont’s health care system; and Vermonters who are diverse with respect to race, income, age, and disability status.

(c) The Green Mountain Care Board shall use a portion of the funds appropriated in subsection (a) of this section to contract with a current or recently retired primary care provider to assist the Board in assessing and strengthening the role of primary care in its regulatory processes and to inform the Board’s efforts in payment reform and delivery system transformation from a primary care perspective.

(d)(1) In developing a plan for delivery system transformation pursuant to this section, the Green Mountain Care Board and the Director of Health Care Reform in the Agency of Human Services shall consider the capacity of Vermont’s community-based health care and social service providers to effectively implement the plan as it relates to community providers while providing the appropriate level of services to consumers.

(2) For purposes of this section, “community-based health care and social service providers” includes federally qualified health centers, designated and specialized service agencies, home health agencies, area agencies on aging, adult day providers, residential care homes, nursing homes, providers of services addressing homelessness, and community action agencies.

(e)(1) On or before November 1, 2022, the Green Mountain Care Board shall provide an update on its use of the funds appropriated in this section to the Health Reform Oversight Committee.

(2) On or before January 15, 2023, the Green Mountain Care Board shall report on its use of the funds appropriated in this section to the House Committee on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Finance.

### Sec. 3. DEVELOPMENT OF PROPOSAL FOR SUBSEQUENT ALL-PAYER MODEL AGREEMENT; APPROPRIATION

(a)(1) The Director of Health Care Reform in the Agency of Human Services, in collaboration with the Green Mountain Care Board, shall design and develop a proposal for a subsequent agreement with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation to secure Medicare’s continued participation in multi-payer alternative payment models in Vermont. The proposal shall be informed by the community- and provider-inclusive process

set forth in Sec. 2 of this act and designed to reduce inefficiencies, lower costs, improve population health outcomes, and increase access to essential services.

(2) The design and development of the proposal shall include consideration of alternative payment and delivery system approaches for hospital services and community-based providers such as primary care providers, mental health providers, substance use disorder treatment providers, skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies, and providers of long-term services and supports.

(3)(A) The alternative payment models to be explored shall include, at a minimum:

(i) global payments for hospitals;

(ii) geographically or regionally based global budgets for health care services;

(iii) existing federal value-based payment models; and

(iv) broader total cost of care and risk-sharing models to address patient migration patterns across systems of care.

(B) The alternative payment models shall:

(i) include appropriate mechanisms to convert fee-for-service reimbursements to predictable payments for multiple provider types, including those described in subdivision (2) of this subsection (a);

(ii) include a process to ensure reasonable and adequate rates of payment and a reasonable and predictable schedule for rate updates; and

(iii) meaningfully impact health equity and address inequities in terms of access, quality, and health outcomes.

(b) To support the design and development of a proposed agreement with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation for Medicare's participation in multi-payer initiatives, which may include engaging consulting and analytic support, the following sums are appropriated from the General Fund in fiscal year 2023:

(1) \$550,000.00 to the Agency of Human Services; and

(2) \$550,000.00 to the Green Mountain Care Board.

Sec. 4. HEALTH INFORMATION EXCHANGE STEERING  
COMMITTEE; DATA STRATEGY

The Health Information Exchange (HIE) Steering Committee shall continue its work to create one health record for each person that integrates data types to include health care claims data; clinical, mental health, and substance use disorder services data; and social determinants of health data. In furtherance of these goals, the HIE Steering Committee shall include a data integration strategy in its 2023 HIE Strategic Plan to merge and consolidate claims data in the Vermont Health Care Uniform Reporting and Evaluation System (VHCURES) with the clinical data in the HIE.

Sec. 5. 18 V.S.A. § 9410 is amended to read:

§ 9410. HEALTH CARE DATABASE

(a)(1) The Board shall establish and maintain a unified health care database to enable the Board to carry out its duties under this chapter, chapter 220 of this title, and Title 8, including:

- (A) determining the capacity and distribution of existing resources;
- (B) identifying health care needs and informing health care policy;
- (C) evaluating the effectiveness of intervention programs on improving patient outcomes;
- (D) comparing costs between various treatment settings and approaches;
- (E) providing information to consumers and purchasers of health care; and
- (F) improving the quality and affordability of patient health care and health care coverage.

(2) [Repealed.]

(b) The database shall contain unique patient and provider identifiers and a uniform coding system, and shall reflect all health care utilization, costs, and resources in this State, and health care utilization and costs for services provided to Vermont residents in another state.

\* \* \*

~~(e) Records or information protected by the provisions of the physician-patient privilege under 12 V.S.A. § 1612(a), or otherwise required by law to be held confidential, shall be filed in a manner that does not disclose the identity of the protected person. [Repealed.]~~

(f) The Board shall adopt a confidentiality code to ensure that information obtained under this section is handled in an ethical manner.

\* \* \*

(h)(1) All health insurers shall electronically provide to the Board in accordance with standards and procedures adopted by the Board by rule:

(A) their health insurance claims data, provided that the Board may exempt from all or a portion of the filing requirements of this subsection data reflecting utilization and costs for services provided in this State to residents of other states;

(B) cross-matched claims data on requested members, subscribers, or policyholders; and

(C) member, subscriber, or policyholder information necessary to determine ~~third-party~~ third-party liability for benefits provided.

(2) The collection, storage, and release of health care data and statistical information that are subject to the federal requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) shall be governed exclusively by the regulations adopted thereunder in 45 C.F.R. Parts 160 and 164.

\* \* \*

(3)(A) The Board shall collaborate with the Agency of Human Services and participants in the Agency's initiatives in the development of a comprehensive health care information system. The collaboration is intended to address the formulation of a description of the data sets that will be included in the comprehensive health care information system, the criteria and procedures for the development of limited-use data sets, the criteria and procedures to ensure that HIPAA compliant limited-use data sets are accessible, and a proposed time frame for the creation of a comprehensive health care information system.

(B) To the extent allowed by HIPAA, the data shall be available as a resource for insurers, employers, providers, purchasers of health care, and State agencies to continuously review health care utilization, expenditures, and performance in Vermont. In presenting data for public access, comparative considerations shall be made regarding geography, demographics, general economic factors, and institutional size.

(C) Consistent with the dictates of HIPAA, and subject to such terms and conditions as the Board may prescribe by rule, the Vermont Program for Quality in Health Care shall have access to the unified health care database for use in improving the quality of health care services in Vermont. In using the

database, the Vermont Program for Quality in Health Care shall agree to abide by the rules and procedures established by the Board for access to the data. The Board's rules may limit access to the database to limited-use sets of data as necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

(D) Notwithstanding HIPAA or any other provision of law, the comprehensive health care information system shall not publicly disclose any data that contain direct personal identifiers. For the purposes of this section, "direct personal identifiers" include information relating to an individual that contains primary or obvious identifiers, such as the individual's name, street address, e-mail address, telephone number, and Social Security number.

\* \* \*

\* \* \* Blueprint for Health \* \* \*

Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. § 702(d) is amended to read:

(d) The Blueprint for Health shall include the following initiatives:

\* \* \*

(8) The use of quality improvement facilitators and other means to support quality improvement activities, including using clinical and claims data to evaluate patient outcomes and promoting best practices regarding patient referrals and care distribution between primary and specialty care.

Sec. 7. BLUEPRINT FOR HEALTH; COMMUNITY HEALTH TEAMS;  
QUALITY IMPROVEMENT FACILITATORS; REPORT

On or before September 1, 2022, the Director of Health Care Reform in the Agency of Human Services shall recommend to the Health Reform Oversight Committee the amounts by which health insurers and Vermont Medicaid should increase the amount of the per-person, per month payments they make toward the shared costs of operating the Blueprint for Health community health teams and quality improvement facilitators in furtherance of the goal of providing additional resources necessary for delivery of comprehensive primary care services to Vermonters and to sustain access to primary care services in Vermont. Such increases shall be reflected in health insurers' plan year 2024 rate filings if the increases cannot be implemented in a rate-neutral manner. The Agency shall also provide an estimate of the State funding that would be needed to support the increase for Medicaid, both with and without federal financial participation.

\* \* \* Options for Extending Moderate Needs Supports \* \* \*

Sec. 8. OPTIONS FOR EXTENDING MODERATE NEEDS SUPPORTS;  
WORKING GROUP; GLOBAL COMMITMENT WAIVER;  
REPORT

(a) The Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living shall convene a working group comprising representatives of older Vermonters, home- and community-based service providers, the Office of the Long-Term Care Ombudsman, the Agency of Human Services, and other interested stakeholders to consider extending access to long-term home- and community-based services and supports to a broader cohort of Vermonters who would benefit from them, and their family caregivers, including:

(1) the types of services, such as those addressing activities of daily living, falls prevention, social isolation, medication management, and case management that many older Vermonters need but for which many older Vermonters may not be financially eligible or that are not covered under many standard health insurance plans;

(2) the most promising opportunities to extend supports to additional Vermonters, such as expanding the use of flexible funding options that enable beneficiaries and their families to manage their own services and caregivers within a defined budget and allowing case management to be provided to beneficiaries who do not require other services;

(3) how to set clinical and financial eligibility criteria for the extended supports, including ways to avoid requiring applicants to spend down their assets in order to qualify;

(4) how to fund the extended supports, including identifying the options with the greatest potential for federal financial participation;

(5) how to proactively identify Vermonters across all payers who have the greatest need for extended supports;

(6) how best to support family caregivers, such as through training, respite, home modifications, payments for services, and other methods; and

(7) the feasibility of extending access to long-term home- and community-based services and supports and the impact on existing services.

(b) The working group shall also make recommendations regarding changes to service delivery for persons who are dually eligible for Medicaid and Medicare in order to improve care, expand options, and reduce unnecessary cost shifting and duplication.



(c) The Department shall collaborate with others in the Agency of Human Services as needed in order to incorporate the working group's recommendations on extending access to long-term home- and community-based services and supports into the Agency's proposals to and negotiations with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for the iteration of Vermont's Global Commitment to Health Section 1115 demonstration that will take effect following the expiration of the demonstration currently under negotiation.

(d) On or before January 15, 2023, the Department shall report to the House Committees on Human Services, on Health Care, and on Appropriations and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Appropriations regarding the working group's findings and recommendations, including its recommendations regarding service delivery for dually eligible individuals, and an estimate of any funding that would be needed to implement the working group's recommendations.

\* \* \* Summaries of Green Mountain Care Board Reports \* \* \*

Sec. 9. 18 V.S.A. § 9375 is amended to read:

§ 9375. DUTIES

\* \* \*

(e) The Board shall summarize and synthesize the key findings and recommendations from reports prepared by and for the Board, including its expenditure analyses and focused studies. All reports and summaries prepared by the Board shall be available to and understandable by the public and shall be posted on the Board's website.

\* \* \* Effective Date \* \* \*

Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to health care reform initiatives, data collection, and access to home- and community-based services.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

## CONFIRMATIONS

The following appointments will be considered by the Senate, as a group, under suspension of the Rules, as moved by the President *pro tempore*, for confirmation together and without debate, by consent thereby given by the Senate. However, upon request of any senator, any appointment may be singled out and acted upon separately by the Senate, with consideration given to the report of the Committee to which the appointment was referred, and with full debate; and further, all appointments for the positions of Secretaries of Agencies, Commissioners of Departments, Judges, Magistrates, and members of the Public Utility Commission shall be fully and separately acted upon.

Justin Patrick Jiron of Underhill – Superior Court Judge – By Sen. Baruth for the Committee on Judiciary. (2/25/22)

## JFO NOTICE

Grants and Positions that have been submitted to the Joint Fiscal Committee by the Administration, under 32 V.S.A. §5(b)(3):

**JFO #3087** – \$663,538 to the VT Department of Financial Regulation from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Funds will be used to analyze Vermont’s current health insurance options to ensure coverage is accessible to all Vermonters, and to develop an action plan if necessary. Includes one (1) limited-service position, Grant Manager and Health Policy Analyst, funded through 9/14/2023.

***[NOTE: The Department of Financial Regulation signed an RFP with an actuarial firm to start looking at the benchmark in September 2021. The work being performed now is planned on being paid for with grant funds.]***

*[Received February 10, 2022]*

**JFO #3088** – \$896,945 to the VT Judiciary from the U.S. Office of Justice Programs. Funds will be used to support The Chittenden County Family Treatment Docket which opened for referrals in March 2021. The initial limited launch was intended to capture what areas require additional technical assistance from our national best practice standards partner, Children and Family Futures. Funding is needed to sustain operation and expand service to a larger number of at-risk families. Includes one (1) limited-service position, Treatment Court Coordinator, funded through 09/2024.

*[Received February 10, 2022]*

**JFO #3089** - \$6,589,481 to the VT Agency of Human Services, Dept of Disabilities, Aging and Independent Living from U.S. Dept of Education. Funds to establish a system and to provide support for 500 Vermonters with disabilities to achieve credentials leading to high-wage employment. Includes eight (8) limited-service positions: one (1) Project Director; six (6) VR Counselor/Career Navigator; one (1) Assistive Technology Specialist funded through 9/30/2026.

*[Received February 17, 2022, expedited review requested February 17, 2022]*

**JFO #3090** –Three (3) limited-service positions: Military Project Manager. Positions needed to replace Federal personnel reductions in project management and program management staffing levels. VT Military confirms the positions are fully funded through the Master Cooperative Agreement through 9/30/24.

*[Received February 17, 2022]*

**JFO #3091** - \$60,528 to the VT Department of Public Safety from the National Governor’s Association to fund the Agency of Digital Services staff to assist the Department of Public Safety with IT concerns specific to improving multi-agency information sharing and governance.

*[Received February 17, 2022]*

#### **FOR INFORMATION ONLY**

#### **CROSSOVER DATES**

The Joint Rules Committee established the following Crossover deadlines:

(1) All **Senate/House** bills must be reported out of the last committee of reference (including the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means, except as provided below in (2) and the exceptions listed below) on or before **Friday, March 11, 2022**, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day – Committee bills must be voted out of Committee by Friday March 11, 2022.

(2) All **Senate/House** bills referred pursuant to Senate Rule 31 or House Rule 35(a) to the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means must be reported out by the last of those committees on or before **Friday, March 18, 2022**, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day.

**Note:** The Senate will not act on bills that do not meet these crossover deadlines, without the consent of the Senate Rules Committee.

**Exceptions to the foregoing deadlines include the major money bills (the general Appropriations bill (“The Big Bill”), the Transportation Capital bill, the Capital Construction bill and the Fee/Revenue bills).**