Senate Calendar

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 2022

SENATE CONVENES AT: 1:00 P.M.

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ACTION CALENDAR

CONSIDERATION POSTPONED UNTIL MARCH 22, 2022 GOVERNOR'S VETO

S. 79.

An act relating to improving rental housing health and safety.

Pending question (to be voted by call of the roll): Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the Governor's refusal to approve the bill? (Two-thirds of the members present required to override the Governor's veto.)

(For text of the Governor's Veto Message, see Senate Journal for June 24, 2021, page 1454)

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF JANUARY 4, 2022

GOVERNOR'S VETO

S. 107.

An act relating to confidential information concerning the initial arrest and charge of a juvenile.

Pending question (to be voted by call of the roll): Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the Governor's refusal to approve the bill? (Two-thirds of the members present required to override the Governor's veto.)

The text of the Communication from His Excellency, The Governor, whereby he *vetoed* and returned unsigned **Senate Bill No. S. 107** to the Senate is as follows:

Text of Communication from Governor

"May 20, 2021

The Honorable John Bloomer, Jr. Secretary of the Senate 115 State House Montpelier, VT 05633-5401

Dear Mr. Bloomer:

Pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution, I am returning S.107, An act relating to confidential information concerning the initial arrest and charge of a juvenile, without my signature, because of concerns with the policy to automatically raise the age of accountability for

crimes, and afford young adults protections meant for juveniles, without adequate tools or systems in place.

Three years ago, I signed legislation intended to give young adults who had become involved in the criminal justice system certain protections meant for juveniles. At the time, I was assured that, prior to the automatic increases in age prescribed in the bill, plans would be in place to provide access to the rehabilitation, services, housing and other supports needed to both hold these young adults accountable and help them stay out of the criminal justice system in the future.

This has not yet been the case. In addition to ongoing housing challenges, programs designed and implemented for children under 18 are often not appropriate for those over 18. Disturbingly, there are also reports of some young adults being used – and actively recruited – by older criminals, like drug traffickers, to commit crimes because of reduced risk of incarceration, potentially putting the young people we are trying to protect deeper into the criminal culture and at greater risk.

I want to be clear: I'm not blaming the Legislature or the Judiciary for these gaps. All three branches of government need to bring more focus to this issue if we are going to provide the combination of accountability, tools and services needed to ensure justice and give young offenders a second chance.

For these reasons, I believe we need to take a step back and assess Vermont's "raise the age" policy, the gaps that exist in our systems and the unintended consequences of a piecemeal approach on the health and safety of our communities, victims and the offenders we are attempting to help. I see S.107 as deepening this piecemeal approach.

I also remain concerned with the lack of clarity in S.107 regarding the disparity in the public records law between the Department of Public Safety and the Department of Motor Vehicles.

Based on the objections outlined above, I am returning this legislation without my signature pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution. I believe this presents an opportunity to start a much-needed conversation about the status of our juvenile justice initiatives and make course corrections where necessary, in the interest of public safety and the young Vermonters we all agree need an opportunity to get back on the right path.

Sincerely,
/s/Philip B. Scott
Governor

PBS/kp"

Text of bill as passed by Senate and House

The text of the bill as passed by the Senate and House of Representatives is as follows:

S.107 An act relating to confidential information concerning the initial arrest and charge of a juvenile

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

- * * * Exemption; records of arrest or charge of a juvenile * * *
- Sec. 1. 1 V.S.A. § 317 is amended to read:
- § 317. DEFINITIONS; PUBLIC AGENCY; PUBLIC RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS; EXEMPTIONS

* * *

(c) The following public records are exempt from public inspection and copying:

* * *

(5)(A) Records dealing with the detection and investigation of crime, but only to the extent that the production of such records:

* * *

- (B)(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (5), records relating to management and direction of a law enforcement agency; records reflecting the initial arrest of a person, including any ticket, citation, or complaint issued for a traffic violation, as that term is defined in 23 V.S.A. § 2302; and records reflecting the charge of a person shall be public.
- (ii) A public agency shall not release any information within a record reflecting the initial arrest or charge of a person under 19 years of age that would reveal the identity of the person. However, a public agency may disclose identifying information relating to the initial arrest of a person under 19 years of age in order to protect the health and safety of any person.

* * *

- * * * Effective July 1, 2022 * * *
- Sec. 2. 1 V.S.A. § 317 is amended to read:
- § 317. DEFINITIONS; PUBLIC AGENCY; PUBLIC RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS; EXEMPTIONS

* * *

(c) The following public records are exempt from public inspection and copying:

* * *

(5)(A) Records dealing with the detection and investigation of crime, but only to the extent that the production of such records:

* * *

- (B)(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (5), records relating to management and direction of a law enforcement agency; records reflecting the initial arrest of a person, including any ticket, citation, or complaint issued for a traffic violation, as that term is defined in 23 V.S.A. § 2302; and records reflecting the charge of a person shall be public.
- (ii) A public agency shall not release any information within a record reflecting the initial arrest or charge of a person under 19 20 years of age that would reveal the identity of the person. However, a public agency may disclose identifying information relating to the initial arrest of a person under 19 20 years of age in order to protect the health and safety of any person.

* * *

Sec. 3. APPLICATION OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT EXEMPTION REVIEW

Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 317(e), the Public Records Act exemption amended in Sec. 1 shall continue in effect and shall not be reviewed for repeal.

* * * Custodian of records relating to a person under court jurisdiction * * *

Sec. 4. 33 V.S.A. § 5117 is amended to read:

§ 5117. RECORDS OF JUVENILE JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS

(a)(1) Except as otherwise provided, court and law enforcement reports and files concerning a person subject to the jurisdiction of the court shall be maintained separate from the records and files of other persons. Unless a charge of delinquency is transferred for criminal prosecution under chapter 52 of this title or the court otherwise orders in the interests of the child, such records and files shall not be open to public inspection nor their contents disclosed to the public by any person. However, upon a finding that a child is a delinquent child by reason of commission of a delinquent act which that would have been a felony if committed by an adult, the court, upon request of the victim, shall make the child's name available to the victim of the

delinquent act. If the victim is incompetent or deceased, the child's name shall be released, upon request, to the victim's guardian or next of kin.

- (2) When a person is subject to the jurisdiction of the court, the court shall become the sole records custodian for purposes of responding to any request for court or law enforcement records concerning the person. A public agency shall direct any request for these records to the courts for response.
- (3) When a person is subject to the jurisdiction of the Criminal Division of the Superior Court pursuant to chapter 52 or 52A of this title, the Criminal Division of the Superior Court shall become the sole records custodian for purposes of responding to any request for court or law enforcement records concerning the person. A public agency shall direct any request for these records to the courts for response.

* * *

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2021, except that Sec. 2 (2022 amendment to 1 V.S.A. § 317(c)(5)(B)(ii) (public records; exemptions; records relating to the initial arrest and charge of a person)) shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

NEW BUSINESS

Second Reading

Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

S. 175.

An act relating to confidential information concerning the initial arrest and charge of a child.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator White for the Committee on Government Operations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as follows:

By striking out Sec. 1, 1 V.S.A. § 317, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 1 to read as follows:

Sec. 1. 1 V.S.A. § 317 is amended to read:

§ 317. DEFINITIONS; PUBLIC AGENCY; PUBLIC RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS; EXEMPTIONS

* * *

(c) The following public records are exempt from public inspection and copying:

* * *

(5)(A) Records dealing with the detection and investigation of crime, but only to the extent that the production of such records:

* * *

- (B)(i) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (5), records relating to management and direction of a law enforcement agency; records reflecting the initial arrest of a person, including any ticket, citation, or complaint issued for a traffic violation, as that term is defined in 23 V.S.A. § 2302; and records reflecting the charge of a person shall be public.
- (ii) A public agency shall not release any information within a record reflecting the initial arrest or charge of a person who is younger than the age identified in 33 V.S.A. § 5201(d) that would reveal the identity of the person. However, a public agency may disclose information that would reveal the identity of the person in order to protect the health and safety of any person.

* * *

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

S. 265.

An act relating to expanding criminal threatening to include threats to third persons.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Sears for the Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 1702 is amended to read:

§ 1702. CRIMINAL THREATENING

- (a) A person shall not by words or conduct knowingly:
 - (1) threaten another person or a group of particular persons; and
- (2) as a result of the threat, place the other person in reasonable apprehension of death or serious bodily injury to the other person, a person in the group of particular persons, or any other person.

- (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section shall be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both.
- (c) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section with the intent to prevent another person from reporting to the Department for Children and Families the suspected abuse or neglect of a child shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$1,000.00 \$2,000.00, or both.
- (d) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section by making a threat that places any person in reasonable apprehension that death or serious bodily injury will occur at a public or private school; postsecondary education institution; place of worship; polling place during election activities; the Vermont State House; or any federal, State, or municipal building shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.
- (e) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section with the intent to terrify, intimidate, or unlawfully influence a person to prevent that person from complying with State laws or rules, State court or administrative orders, or State executive orders shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.
 - (f) As used in this section:
- (1) "Serious bodily injury" shall have <u>has</u> the same meaning as in section 1021 of this title.
- (2) "Threat" and "threaten" shall do not include constitutionally protected activity.
 - (3) "Candidate" has the same meaning as in 17 V.S.A. § 2103.
 - (4) "Election official" has the same meaning as in 17 V.S.A. § 2455.
- (5) "Public employee" means a classified employee within the Legislative, Executive, or Judicial Branch of the State and any of its political subdivisions and any employee within a county or local government and any of the county's or local government's political subdivisions.
 - (6) "Public servant" has the same meaning as in 17 V.S.A. § 2103.
- (7) "Polling place" has the same meaning as in 17 V.S.A. chapter 51, subchapter 4.
- (e)(g) Any person charged under this section who is under 18 years of age meets the definition of "child" pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 5102(2)(C) and is an age enumerated in 33 V.S.A. § 5103(c)(2) shall be adjudicated as a juvenile delinquent subject to a juvenile proceeding.

(f)(h) It shall be an affirmative defense to a charge under this section that the person did not have the ability to carry out the threat. The burden shall be on the defendant to prove the affirmative defense by a preponderance of the evidence. A person who violates subsection (a) of this section with the intent to terrify, intimidate, or unlawfully influence the conduct of a candidate for public office, public servant, election official, or public employee in any decision, opinion, recommendation, vote, or other exercise of discretion taken in capacity as a candidate for public office, public servant, election official, or public employee, or with the intent to retaliate against a candidate for public office, public servant, election official, or public employee for any previous action taken in capacity as a candidate for public office, public servant, election official, or public employee, shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 4-1-0)

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR NOTICE

Concurrent Resolutions For Notice Under Joint Rule 16

The following joint concurrent resolutions have been introduced for approval by the Senate and House. They will be adopted by the Senate unless a Senator requests floor consideration before the end of the session of the next legislative day. Requests for floor consideration should be communicated to the Secretary's Office.

S.C.R. 15 - 16 (For text of Resolutions, see Addendum to Senate Calendar for February 17, 2022)

H.C.R. 104 - 105 (For text of Resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar for February 17, 2022)

PUBLIC HEARINGS

February 24, 2022 - 6:30 p.m. - Testimony via Zoom - Re: Judicial Retention of Superior Court Judges: Thomas Durkin, David Fenster, Kerry Ann McDonald-Cady, Robert Mello, John Pacht and Helen Toor - Members of the public who would like to testify regarding any of these judges may sign up by emailing pdelaney@leg.state.vt.us - Joint Committee on Judicial Retention.

NOTICE OF JOINT ASSEMBLY

Thursday, February 17, 2022 - 10:30 A.M. - Election of two (2) trustees for the Vermont State Colleges Corporation.

The following rules shall apply to the conduct of these elections:

<u>First</u>: All nominations for these offices will be presented in alphabetical order prior to voting.

<u>Second</u>: There will be only one nominating speech of not more than three (3) minutes and not more than two seconding speeches of not more than one (1) minute each for each nominee.

JFO NOTICE

Grants and Positions that have been submitted to the Joint Fiscal Committee by the Administration, under 32 V.S.A. §5(b)(3):

JFO #3086 – \$925,840 to the VT Agency of Education from the U.S. Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Services. The grant will be used to fund two projects: Phase II of a current IT systems upgrade to improve interconnectivity and data transfer functionalities of the system; and a pilot of the Ed-Fi data model to explore improvements for data transfers between local education agencies, child nutrition programs and other state agencies. Edfi is a national data standard in education. Please see this link for more information on the data system: https://www.ed-fi.org/.

[Received January 4, 2022]

JFO #3087 – \$663,538 to the VT Department of Financial Regulation from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Funds will be used to analyze Vermont's current health insurance options to ensure coverage is accessible to all Vermonters, and to develop an action plan if necessary. Includes one (1) limited-service position, Grant Manager and Health Policy Analyst, funded through 9/14/2023.

[NOTE: The Department of Financial Regulation signed an RFP with an actuarial firm to start looking at the benchmark in September 2021. The work being performed now is planned on being paid for with grant funds.]

[Received February 10, 2022]

FOR INFORMATION ONLY CROSSOVER DATES

The Joint Rules Committee established the following Crossover deadlines:

- (1) All **Senate/House** bills must be reported out of the last committee of reference (including the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means, except as provided below in (2) and the exceptions listed below) on or before **Friday, March 11, 2022**, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day Committee bills must be voted out of Committee by Friday March 11, 2022.
- (2) All **Senate/House** bills referred pursuant to Senate Rule 31 or House Rule 35(a) to the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means must be reported out by the last of those committees on or before **Friday**, **March 18**, **2022**, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day.

Note: The Senate will not act on bills that do not meet these crossover deadlines, without the consent of the Senate Rules Committee.

Exceptions to the foregoing deadlines include the major money bills (the general Appropriations bill ("The Big Bill"), the Transportation Capital bill, the Capital Construction bill and the Fee/Revenue bills).