Senate Calendar

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 2021
SENEATE CONVENES AT: 10:00 A.M.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page No.

ACTION CALENDAR

NEW BUSINESS

Third Reading

S. 142 An act relating to designating August 31 as Overdose Awareness Day........................................................................................................................................1621
H. 177 An act relating to approval of an amendment to the charter of the City of Montpelier.................................................................................................................. 1621
H. 428 An act relating to hate-motivated crimes and misconduct........1621

Second Reading

Favorable with Proposal of Amendment

H. 426 An act relating to addressing the needs and conditions of public school facilities in the State
   Education Report - Sen. Perchlik ................................................................. 1621
   Appropriations Report - Sen. Baruth ........................................................... 1627
H. 433 An act relating to the Transportation Program and miscellaneous changes to laws related to transportation
   Transportation Report - Sen. Mazza .......................................................... 1629
   Finance Report - Sen. Bray ........................................................................ 1655
   Appropriations Report - Sen. Kitchel .......................................................... 1655

House Proposals of Amendment

S. 42 An act relating to establishing the Emergency Service Provider Wellness Commission......................................................................................... 1657
S. 66 An act relating to electric bicycles....................................................... 1662
NOTICE CALENDAR
Second Reading
Favorable with Proposal of Amendment

H. 420 An act relating to miscellaneous agricultural subjects
   Agriculture Report - Sen. Pearson ......................................................... 1663

H. 449 An act relating to the membership and duties of the Vermont
   Pension Investment Commission and the creation of the Pension Benefits,
   Design, and Funding Task Force

House Proposal of Amendment

S. 1 An act relating to extending the baseload renewable power
   portfolio requirement............................................................................. 1678

S. 86 An act relating to miscellaneous changes to laws related to
   vehicles and vessels................................................................................ 1678

S. 102 An act relating to the regulation of agricultural inputs for
   farming..................................................................................................... 1703

S. 107 An act relating to confidential information concerning the
   initial arrest and charge of a juvenile.................................................. 1734
ORDERS OF THE DAY

ACTION CALENDAR

NEW BUSINESS

Third Reading

S. 142.

An act relating to designating August 31 as Overdose Awareness Day.

H. 177.

An act relating to approval of an amendment to the charter of the City of Montpelier.

H. 428.

An act relating to hate-motivated crimes and misconduct.

Second Reading

Favorable with Proposal of Amendment

H. 426.

An act relating to addressing the needs and conditions of public school facilities in the State.

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Perchlik for the Committee on Education.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, findings; intent, in the section heading, by inserting Purpose after “Intent” and by adding a subsection (e) to read as follows:

(e) The purpose of the funding appropriated in this act is to enable supervisory unions and supervisory districts to utilize their Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund allocations to improve the conditions for health and safety of students and staff, to address other eligible facilities needs, and to position the State in addressing the backlog of school facilities needs in an efficient and equitable manner.

Second: In Sec. 2, school construction; facilities standards; Capital Outlay Financing Formula; Agency of Education; State Board of Education; update, in subsection (c), by striking out “State Board” and inserting in lieu thereof Agency of Education and by inserting to the State Board after “technical assistance”
Third: By striking out Sec. 3, school facilities conditions assessment; Agency of Education; Department of Buildings and General Services, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 3. SCHOOL FACILITIES INVENTORY AND CONDITIONS ASSESSMENT; AGENCY OF EDUCATION; DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS AND GENERAL SERVICES; REPORT

(a) On or before September 1, 2021, the Secretary of Education, in coordination with the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, shall issue a request for proposal for a school facilities inventory and conditions assessment to ascertain the extent of need for additional support to school districts as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and to inform the Agency of Education of the statewide school facilities needs and costs.

(b) The Secretary of Education shall contract with an independent third party to conduct the inventory and assessment described in subsection (a) of this section. The inventory shall be completed on or before January 15, 2022, and the assessment shall be completed on or before October 1, 2022.

(c) The independent third party hired pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall conduct the inventory and assessment in two phases.

(1) the inventory phase of the contract shall include collecting information about the current state of school facilities and immediate plans to invest in school facilities, including:

(A) general information about facilities, age of buildings, and major mechanical systems;

(B) a review of school facility conditions, space utilization, and suitability of the facility and its spaces to deliver educational and support services; and

(C) building systems’ condition and performance to address the health and safety of students and employees, including energy efficiency improvements and indoor air quality, accessibility to and within buildings, and condition of technology systems.

(2) the assessment phase of the contract shall include:

(A) A planning phase that utilizes the expertise of the consultant and other stakeholders to finalize the evaluation criteria and methodology for the collection of data.

(B) Sufficient information to assist the General Assembly to establish a ranking system based on categories to prioritize schools with the highest needs for future school construction funding. The categories shall include:
(i) capacity and utilization;
(ii) safety and security infrastructure;
(iii) accessibility;
(iv) technology infrastructure;
(v) capacity to deliver STEAM (science, technology, engineering, arts, and math) programming; and
(vi) building systems’ condition and performance, including energy efficiency improvements and indoor air quality to address the health and safety of students and employees.

(d) The Secretary is authorized to use not more than $2,500,000.00 from the amount allocated to the Agency of Education from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund pursuant to Section 2001(c) of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 to conduct the inventory and assessment described in this section.

(e) The Agency of Education shall create a database to enter the information from the assessment described in subsection (a) of this section. This information shall include a school’s physical address and GIS coordinates.

(f) On or before January 15, 2022, the Secretary of Education shall submit a report to the House and Senate Committees on Education presenting the findings of the inventory described in subsection (a) of this section and a progress update on the assessment phase.

(g) As used in this section, “school” means a public school as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 11.

Fourth: By striking out Sec. 8, effective dates, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 8. 16 V.S.A. § 559 is amended to read:

§ 559. PUBLIC BIDS

(a) Cost threshold. When the cost exceeds $15,000.00 $40,000.00, a school board or supervisory union board shall publicly advertise or invite three or more bids from persons deemed capable of providing items or services if costs are in excess of $15,000.00 $40,000.00 for any of the following:

(1) the construction, purchase, lease, or improvement of any school building;
(2) the purchase or lease of any item or items required for supply, equipment, maintenance, repair, or transportation of students; or

(3) a contract for transportation, maintenance, or repair services.

* * *

Sec. 9. SCHOOL FACILITIES; HEALTH AND SAFETY PROJECTS; COVID-19

(a) On or before September 30, 2023, the Agency of Education shall contract with an independent third party to assist any school district using funds allocated to it from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund pursuant to Section 2001(d) of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 and any other federal sources, to improve the overall health and safety of any of the district’s school facilities as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The contractor’s responsibilities shall include:

(1) project coordination;

(2) serving as a liaison:

(A) between the school district, the Agency of Education, the Department of Health, and any other relevant entities in the State that may be leveraged to support the work, including to coordinate the use of federal funding programs and maximize funding, labor, and equipment resources;

(B) between the school district and the Agency of Education to:

(i) facilitate the district prioritization of school safety and health issues;

(ii) support a school district, in coordination with the Agency of Education, in defining their investment strategies for the improvement of school facilities in a manner consistent with the intent and purpose of any funding source; and

(iii) develop communications to support the prioritization of projects; and

(iv) provide status updates and a final report on project work to the school district and the Agency of Education, including recommendations on how to maintain the facility after the performance period of the grant funds.

(b)(1) The Agency of Education is authorized to allocate not more than $500,000.00 of the amount allocated to the Agency of Education from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund pursuant to Section 2001(c) of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 for the purpose described in subsection (a) of this section.
(2) The Agency of Education shall reserve not more than $1,000,000.00 from the amount allocated to the Agency of Education from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund pursuant to Section 2001(c) of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 if a school district has used all of the funds allocated to it from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund pursuant to Section 2001(d) of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 and needs additional funding to plan and implement improvements to its facilities pursuant to this section.

Sec. 10. MUNICIPAL ENERGY LOAN PILOT PROGRAM; FINANCING FOR SCHOOLS

On or before January 15, 2023, the Agency of Education, in coordination with the Department of Buildings and General Services, shall submit a report to the House Committees on Corrections and Institutions and on Education and the Senate Committees on Education and on Institutions to determine how the State Energy Management Program, established in 29 V.S.A. § 168, shall support schools to implement needed energy efficiency and conservation measures, including those identified in the inventory and assessment required by Sec. 3 of this act.

Sec. 11. SCHOOL INDOOR AIR QUALITY GRANT PROGRAM; GRANTS FOR RENEWABLE AND EFFICIENT HEATING SYSTEMS IN SCHOOLS; APPROPRIATION

(a) Appropriation. In fiscal year 2022, $6,000,000.00 is appropriated from the amount provided to the State by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 in the State and Local Coronavirus Fiscal Recovery Fund to expand the School Indoor Air Quality Grant Program established in 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 120, Sec. A.51 to award grants for renewable and efficient heating systems in schools. Renewable and efficient heating systems grants shall be used to make necessary improvements to address building systems in covered schools to improve health, safety, and efficiency in response to the COVID-19 emergency.

(b) Definition. As used in this section, “covered school” means public schools and approved independent schools as defined under 16 V.S.A. § 11.

(c) Grant awards established. There is created within the School Indoor Air Quality Grant Program, established in 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 120, Sec. A.51, the Renewable and Efficiency Heating Systems Grant Program (the Program) to make necessary improvements to address thermal enclosure and building systems in covered schools.

(d) Administration; implementation.
(1) Efficiency Vermont shall administer the Program and is authorized to use the amount appropriated in subsection (a) of this section for the following:

(A) provide consulting services to covered schools;

(B) award grant funds to covered schools of not more than 50 percent of the total cost for the improvement or repair of existing heating systems, with a focus on energy efficiency and providing appropriate space conditioning; and

(C) award grant funds to covered schools for the installation of renewable or efficiency electric space heating and conditioning systems.

(2) Grant program design. Efficiency Vermont, in consultation with the Agency of Education, the Vermont Superintendents Association, and experts in the field of thermal enclosure, energy efficiency, and renewable building space systems, shall design the Program. The Program design shall establish:

(A) an outreach and education plan, including specific tactics to reach and support all covered schools;

(B) an equitable system for distributing grants statewide based on geographic location, school size, grant dollar amount, and assessed need, with an emphasis on schools that may not have administrative support to apply for grants; and

(C) guidelines for thermal enclosure and renewable and energy efficiency buildings systems resilience, durability, health, and efficiency measures and costs that will be eligible for grant funding.

(e) Costs and fees.

(1) Efficiency Vermont is authorized to use up to $150,000.00 of the amount appropriated in subsection (a) of this section for direct labor costs.

(2) As the entity appointed to serve as Efficiency Vermont, the Vermont Energy Investment Corp. (VEIC) is also authorized to collect their federal approved indirect rate of 9.3 percent on the funds expended in this section.

(3) Nothing shall prohibit Efficiency Vermont from supplementing total project costs completed under this section with a portion of its Public Utility Commission-approved budget for the purpose of achieving higher levels of efficiency and claiming efficiency savings toward completing of performance targets pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 209(d).
(f) Coordination. Efficiency Vermont shall coordinate with the Agency of Education and any other State entities and agencies working with covered schools to provide grants for the Program.

(g) Reporting. On or before January 15, 2022, the Agency of Education shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations on the specific uses of the funds appropriated in subsection (a) of this section, the costs of any projects funded through the Program, and a description of the projects.

(h) Disclosures. Efficiency Vermont shall require that any school that receives a grant through the Program shall authorize Efficiency Vermont to release the school name and grant amount in any report requested by the General Assembly.

(i) Use of funds. The amount appropriated in this section shall only be used for the Program and shall not be used to carry out the duties of the School Indoor Air Quality Grant Program as described in 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 120, Sec. A.51 and 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 9, Sec. 15.

Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATE
This act shall take effect on passage.
(Committee vote: 6-0-0)
(For House amendments, see House Journal for March 18, 2021, page 392.)

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Baruth for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as recommended by the Committee on Education with the following amendments thereto:

First: In Sec. 3, school facilities inventory and conditions assessment; Agency of Education; Department of Buildings and General Services; report, in subsection (c), in subdivision (1), in subdivision (B), after “;”, by striking out “and”; in subdivision (C), at the end of the sentence, by striking out “;” and inserting in lieu thereof ; and; and by adding a subdivision (D) to read as follows:

(D) a review of any information collected by Efficiency Vermont about school building systems as part of the School Indoor Air Quality Program, as established in 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 120, Sec. A.51.
Second: In Sec. 10, in the Sec. title, by striking out “Municipal Energy Loan Pilot Program” and inserting in lieu thereof State Energy Management Program

Third: By striking out Sec. 11, School Indoor Air Quality Grant Program; grants for renewable efficient heating systems in schools; appropriation, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 11. RENEWABLE AND EFFICIENT HEATING SYSTEMS IN SCHOOLS; GRANT PROGRAM; EFFICIENCY VERMONT

(a) Program established. In fiscal year 2022, there is established the Renewable and Efficiency Heating Systems Grant Program (Program) to award grants for renewable and efficient heating systems in schools. Renewable and efficient heating systems grants shall be used to make necessary improvements to address building systems in covered schools to improve health, safety, and efficiency in response to the COVID-19 emergency.

(b) Definition. As used in this section, “covered school” means public schools and approved independent schools as defined under 16 V.S.A. § 11.

(c) Administration; implementation.

(1) Efficiency Vermont shall administer the Program, which shall:

(A) provide consulting services to covered schools;

(B) award grant funds to covered schools of not more than 50 percent of the total cost for the improvement or repair of existing heating systems, with a focus on renewable energy systems, energy efficiency, and providing appropriate space conditioning; and

(C) award grant funds to covered schools for the installation of renewable or efficiency electric space heating and conditioning systems.

(2) Grant program design. Efficiency Vermont, in consultation with the Agency of Education; the Vermont Superintendents Association; and experts in the field of thermal enclosure, energy efficiency, and renewable building space systems, shall design the Program. The Program design shall establish:

(A) an outreach and education plan, including specific tactics to reach and support all covered schools;

(B) an equitable system for distributing grants statewide based on geographic location, school size, grant dollar amount, and assessed need, with an emphasis on schools that may not have administrative support to apply for grants; and

- 1628 -
(C) guidelines for thermal enclosure and renewable and energy efficiency buildings systems resilience, durability, health, and efficiency measures and costs that will be eligible for grant funding.

(d) Costs and fees.

(1) Efficiency Vermont is authorized to use up to $150,000.00 of the amounts appropriated to the Program for direct labor costs.

(2) As the entity appointed to serve as Efficiency Vermont, the Vermont Energy Investment Corp. (VEIC) is also authorized to collect their federal-approved indirect rate of 9.3 percent on the funds expended in this section.

(3) Nothing shall prohibit Efficiency Vermont from supplementing total project costs completed under this section with a portion of its Public Utility Commission-approved budget for the purpose of achieving higher levels of efficiency and claiming efficiency savings toward the completing of performance targets pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 209(d).

(e) Coordination. Efficiency Vermont shall coordinate with the Agency of Education and any other State entities and agencies working with covered schools to provide grants for the Program.

(f) Disclosures. Efficiency Vermont shall require that any school that receives a grant through the Program shall authorize Efficiency Vermont to release the school name and grant amount in any report requested by the General Assembly.

(g) Funding. During the 2022 legislative session, the General Assembly shall determine the source of funding for the Program and the necessary reporting requirements.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

H. 433.

An act relating to the Transportation Program and miscellaneous changes to laws related to transportation.

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Mazza for the Committee on Transportation.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
**Transportation Program Adopted as Amended; Definitions**

Sec. 1. TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM ADOPTED; DEFINITIONS

(a) The Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program appended to the Agency of Transportation’s proposed fiscal year 2022 budget, as amended by this act, is adopted to the extent federal, State, and local funds are available.

(b) As used in this act, unless otherwise indicated:

(1) “Agency” means the Agency of Transportation.

(2) “Electric bicycle” means a bicycle equipped with fully operable pedals, a saddle or seat for the rider, and an electric motor of less than 750 watts.

(3) “Electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE)” has the same meaning as in 30 V.S.A. § 201.

(4) “Plug-in electric vehicle (PEV),” “plug-in hybrid electric vehicle (PHEV),” and “battery electric vehicle (BEV)” have the same meanings as in 23 V.S.A. § 4(85).

(5) “Secretary” means the Secretary of Transportation.

(6) “TIB funds” means monies deposited in the Transportation Infrastructure Bond Fund in accordance with 19 V.S.A. § 11f.

(7) The table heading “As Proposed” means the Proposed Transportation Program referenced in subsection (a) of this section; the table heading “As Amended” means the amendments as made by this act; the table heading “Change” means the difference obtained by subtracting the “As Proposed” figure from the “As Amended” figure; and the terms “change” or “changes” in the text refer to the project- and program-specific amendments, the aggregate sum of which equals the net “Change” in the applicable table heading.

(c) In the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program for Town Highway Aid, the value “$26,017,744” is struck and “$27,105,769” is inserted in lieu thereof to correct a typographic error.
** Summary of Transportation Investments **

Sec. 2. FISCAL YEAR 2022 TRANSPORTATION INVESTMENTS
INTENDED TO REDUCE TRANSPORTATION-RELATED
GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS, REDUCE FOSSIL FUEL
USE, AND SAVE VERMONT HOUSEHOLDS MONEY

This act includes the State’s fiscal year 2022 transportation investments intended to reduce transportation-related greenhouse gas emissions, reduce fossil fuel use, and save Vermont households money in furtherance of the policies articulated in 19 V.S.A. § 10b and the goals of the Comprehensive Energy Plan and to satisfy the Executive and Legislative Branches’ commitments to the Paris Agreement climate goals. In fiscal year 2022, these efforts will include the following:

(1) Park and Ride Program. This act provides for a fiscal year expenditure of $5,220,233.00, which will fund three park and ride construction projects, including the creation of two new park and ride facilities; the design of two additional park and ride facilities scheduled for construction in future fiscal years; and paving projects for existing park and ride facilities. This year’s Park and Ride Program will create 226 new State-owned spaces. Specific additions and improvements include:

(A) Berlin (Exit 6)—Design for 62 spaces;
(B) Berlin (Exit 7)—Construction of 34 new spaces;
(C) Manchester—Design for 50 spaces;
(D) Williamstown-Northfield (Exit 5)—Construction of 50 new spaces; and
(E) Williston—Construction of 142 new spaces.

(2) Bike and Pedestrian Facilities Program. This act, in concert with 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 139, Sec. 12(b)(1), provides for a fiscal year expenditure, including local match, of $21,180,936.00, which will fund 27 bike and pedestrian construction projects; two new pedestrian bridge installations; and 12 bike and pedestrian design, right-of-way, or design and right-of-way projects for construction in future fiscal years. The construction projects include the creation, improvement, or rehabilitation of walkways, sidewalks, shared-use paths, bike paths, and cycling lanes. In addition to the Lamoille Valley Rail Trail, which will run from Swanton to St. Johnsbury, projects are funded in Arlington, Bennington, Brattleboro, Chester, Colchester-Essex, Dover, East Montpelier, Enosburg Falls, Hartford, Hartland, Hinesburg, Jericho, Johnson, Lincoln, Middlebury, Moretown, Plainfield, Poultney, Proctor, Richford, Rutland City, Shelburne, South Burlington, Springfield, St.
Albans City, Swanton, Underhill, Vergennes, Waitsfield, Waterbury, Williston, Wilmington, and Winooski. This act also provides State funding for some of Local Motion’s operation costs to run the Bike Ferry on the Colchester Causeway, which is part of the Island Line Trail; funding for the small-scale municipal bicycle and pedestrian grant program for projects to be selected during the fiscal year; and funding for bicycle and pedestrian education activities being conducted through a grant to Local Motion.

(3) Transportation Alternatives Program. This act provides for a fiscal year expenditure of $5,567,868.00, including local funds, which will fund 22 transportation alternatives construction projects and 20 transportation alternatives design, right-of-way, or design and right-of-way projects. Of these 42 projects, seven involve environmental mitigation related to clean water, stormwater, or both clean water and stormwater concerns, and nine involve bicycle and pedestrian facilities. Projects are funded in Bennington, Bridgewater, Bridport, Burlington, Castleton, Chester, Colchester, Derby, Duxbury, East Montpelier, Enosburg, Essex, Essex Junction, Fair Haven, Fairfax, Franklin, Granville, Hartford, Hyde Park, Jericho, Montgomery, Newfane, Norwich, Pittsford, Proctor, Rutland Town, South Burlington, St. Albans City, St. Johnsbury, Vergennes, Warren, Wilmington, and Winooski.

(4) Public Transit Program.

(A) Sec. 24 of this act expresses the General Assembly’s intent that all public transit, both rural and urban, be operated on a zero-fare basis in fiscal year 2022, as practicable and, in the case of urban routes, as approved by the governing body of the transit agency, with monies for public transit from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, Pub. L. No. 116-136 (CARES Act); the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, Pub. L. No. 116-260; and the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 (ARPA).

(B) Sec. 25 of this act requires the Agency to review and implement coordinated intermodal connections, to the extent practicable, to ensure efficient and accessible intermodal transportation opportunities in Vermont and support the cross promotion of intermodal connections.

(C) Sec. 27 of this act requires the Agency to prepare a long-range plan that outlines the costs, timeline, training, maintenance, and operational actions required to move to a fully electric public transportation fleet.

(D) This act also authorizes $45,821,522.00 in funding for public transit uses throughout the State, which is an 11.1 percent increase over fiscal year 2021 levels and a 24.4 percent increase over fiscal year 2020 levels. Included in the authorization are:
(i) Go! Vermont, with an authorization of $793,400.00. This authorization supports the promotion and use of carpool and vanpool.

(ii) Vermont Kidney Association Grant, with an authorization of $50,000.00. This authorization supports the transit needs of Vermonters in need of dialysis services.

(iii) Opioid Treatment Pilot, with an authorization of $84,064.00. This authorization supports the transit needs of Vermonters in need of opioid treatment services.

(5) Rail Program. This act authorizes $36,780,019.00, including local funds, for intercity passenger rail service and rail infrastructure throughout the State, including modifications to the Burlington Vermont Rail Systems railyard to accommodate overnight servicing to facilitate New York City–Burlington rail service.

(6) Transformation of the State Vehicle Fleet. The Department of Buildings and General Services, which manages the State Vehicle Fleet, currently has 25 PHEVs and two BEVs in the State Vehicle Fleet. In fiscal year 2022, the Department of Buildings and General Services expects to add 12 additional PHEVs and eight additional BEVs to the fleet.

(7) Electric vehicle supply equipment. In furtherance of the State’s goal to increase the presence of EVSE in Vermont:

(A) Sec. 22 of this act authorizes up to $1,000,000.00 to the Interagency EVSE Grant Program for a pilot program for EVSE at multi-unit affordable housing and multi-unit dwellings owned by a nonprofit; and

(B) Sec. 23 of this act sets a State goal to have a level 3 EVSE charging port available to the public within five miles of every exit of the Dwight D. Eisenhower National System of Interstate and Defense Highways within the State and 50 miles of another level 3 EVSE charging port available to the public along a State highway and requires the annual filing of an up-to-date map showing the locations of all level 3 EVSE available to the public within the State with the House and Senate Committees on Transportation until this goal is met.

(8) Vehicle incentive programs and expansion of the PEV market.

(A) Incentive Program for New PEVs and partnership with Drive Electric Vermont. Sec. 10 of this act authorizes:

(i) up to an additional $250,000.00 for the Agency to continue and expand the Agency’s public-private partnership with Drive Electric Vermont to support the expansion of the PEV market in the State; and

- 1633 -
(ii) at least $3,000,000.00 for PEV purchase and lease incentives under the Incentive Program for New PEVs, which is the State’s program to incentivize the purchase and lease of new PEVs, and capped administrative costs.

(B) MileageSmart. Sec. 13 of this act authorizes up to $750,000.00 for purchase incentives under MileageSmart, which is the State’s used high-fuel-efficiency vehicle incentive program, and capped administrative costs.

(C) Emissions repairs. Sec. 18 of this act authorizes up to $375,000.00 for emissions repair vouchers and capped startup and administrative costs.

(D) Replace Your Ride Program. Sec. 20 of this act creates a new program to be known as the Replace Your Ride Program, which will be the State’s program to incentivize Vermonters to remove older low-efficiency vehicles from operation and switch to modes of transportation that produce fewer greenhouse gas emissions, and authorizes up to $1,500,000.00 for incentives under the Program and capped startup and administrative costs.

(E) Electric bicycle incentives. Sec. 21 of this act authorizes up to $50,000.00 for $200.00 incentives for the purchase of an electric bicycle.

(9) PEV rate design. Sec. 26 of this act requires the State’s electric distribution utilities to implement PEV rates for public and private EVSE not later than June 30, 2024.

(10) Transportation equity framework. Sec. 35 of this act requires the Agency, in consultation with the State’s 11 Regional Planning Commissions (PRCs), to complete and report back on a comprehensive analysis of the State’s existing transportation programs and develop a recommendation on a transportation equity framework that can be used to advance mobility equity, which is a transportation system that increases access to mobility options, reduces air pollution, and enhances economic opportunity for Vermonters in communities that have been underserved by the State’s transportation system. As part of this analysis, the RPCs are required to engage in a targeted public outreach process.

*** Highway Maintenance ***

Sec. 3. HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE

Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program for Maintenance, spending is amended as follows:
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Sources of funds

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* * * Bridge 61; Program Development; Town Highway Bridges * * *

Sec. 4. BRIDGE 61 IN SPRINGFIELD, VT

(a) Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program, the following project is moved from Program Development to Town Highway Bridges: Springfield BF 1034(49).

(b) Authorized spending for Springfield BF 1034(49) is not modified in any way.

* * * Repeal of U.S. Route 4 Permit * * *

Sec. 5. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly not to repeal 23 V.S.A. § 1432(c), pursuant to Secs. 6 and 36(b) of this act, until the Agency of Transportation:

1. works with the Town of Woodstock to identify safety concerns related to tractor trailers traveling through the Town on U.S. Route 4; and

2. incorporates improvements it determines, in its sole authority, are feasible within the town highway right-of-way and scope of work for Woodstock NH PC21(5) within the Agency’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program for Program Development—Paving.

(b) The project identified as Woodstock NH PC21(5) is expected to be completed during the summer 2021 construction season and there is no projected fiscal year 2023 funding for the project included in the Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program, so having the repeal of 23 V.S.A.
§ 1432(c) be effective on January 1, 2022 should provide sufficient time for the Agency to work with the Town to design and complete the project identified as Woodstock NH PC21(5) and the Town to make any additional improvements that it deems necessary.

Sec. 6. 23 V.S.A. § 1432(c) is amended to read:

(c) Operation on U.S. Route 4. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, vehicles with a trailer or semitrailer that are longer than 68 feet but not longer than 75 feet may be operated with a single or multiple trip overlength permit issued at no cost by the Department of Motor Vehicles or, for a fee, by an entity authorized in subsection 1400(d) of this title on U.S. Route 4 from the New Hampshire state line to the junction of VT Route 100 south, provided the distance from the kingpin of the semitrailer to the center of the rearmost axle group is not greater than 41 feet. [Repealed.]

* * * Federal Infrastructure Funding * * *

Sec. 7. FEDERAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING

(a) Notwithstanding Sec. 1 of this act; 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 1; 19 V.S.A. § 10g(n); and 32 V.S.A. § 706, if a federal infrastructure bill or other federal legislation that provides for infrastructure funding is enacted that provides Vermont with additional federal funding for transportation-related projects, the Secretary, with approval from the Joint Transportation Oversight Committee pursuant to subdivision (c)(2) of this section, is authorized to exceed federal monies spending authority in the Fiscal Year 2021 and Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Programs and to obligate and expend federal monies and up to $2,000,000.00 in State Transportation Fund monies on development and evaluation for additional projects that meet federal eligibility and readiness criteria and have been evaluated through the Agency’s prioritization process but are not in the Fiscal Year 2021 or Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program.

(b) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall be construed to authorize the Secretary to obligate or expend:

1. State TIB funds above amounts authorized in the Fiscal Year 2021 or Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program; or

2. State Transportation Fund monies if the Agency does not:

   A) expect to accept and obligate federal monies pursuant to subsection (a) of this section in an amount sufficient to cover the additional expenditure of State Transportation Fund monies; and
(B) expect the projects for which State Transportation Fund monies are used to eventually be eligible for funding entirely through federal monies.

(c)(1) The Agency shall promptly report the obligation or expenditure of monies under the authority of this section to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation and to the Joint Fiscal Office while the General Assembly is in session.

(2)(A) Consistent with 19 V.S.A. § 12b(c), the Agency shall promptly report any changes in the availability of federal funds and the anticipated obligation or expenditure of monies under the authority of this section to the Joint Fiscal Office, the Joint Fiscal Committee, and the Joint Transportation Oversight Committee.

(B) If the Joint Transportation Oversight Committee disapproves of the anticipated obligation or expenditure of monies under the authority of this section, it shall provide notice of that disapproval, and an explanation of the basis for the disapproval, to the Agency within 30 calendar days following receipt of the report of the anticipated expenditure.

(C) If the Joint Transportation Oversight Committee disapproves of an anticipated obligation or expenditure of monies under subdivision (B) of this subdivision (2), the Agency may revise and resubmit for further consideration.

(D) If the Joint Transportation Oversight Committee does not disapprove of the anticipated obligation or expenditure of monies under the authority of this section within 30 calendar days of receipt of the report of the anticipated obligation or expenditure or receipt of a revised submittal, then the anticipated obligation or expenditure is deemed approved.

(d) Subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall continue in effect until February 1, 2022.

Sec. 8. TOWN HIGHWAY STRUCTURES AND CLASS 2 TOWN HIGHWAY ROADWAY PROGRAMS IN FISCAL YEAR 2022

Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program for Town Highway Structures and Town Highway Class 2 Roadway, collective spending between the two programs is amended by increasing the total authorization for the two programs combined by $3,000,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies. The Agency shall determine, based on municipal need, how to distribute the increased authorization between the two programs.
* * * Fiscal Year 2021 * * *

Sec. 9. TOWN HIGHWAY STRUCTURES AND CLASS 2 TOWN HIGHWAY ROADWAY PROGRAMS IN FISCAL YEAR 2021

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in fiscal year 2022, the Agency is authorized to reimburse, subsequent to performance of the work, municipalities for projects awarded a grant under the Town Highway Structures and Class 2 Town Highway Roadway Programs for costs incurred during fiscal year 2021.

* * * One-Time Transportation Fund Monies Authorizations for Electrification of the Transportation Sector * * *

* * * Incentive Program for New PEVs; Partnership with Drive Electric * * *

Sec. 10. INCENTIVE PROGRAM FOR NEW PEVS; PARTNERSHIP WITH DRIVE ELECTRIC VERMONT

(a) The Agency is authorized to spend up to $3,250,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies in fiscal years 2021 and 2022 combined on the Incentive Program for New PEVs established in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34, as amended, and its partnership with Drive Electric Vermont with:

(1) Up to $250,000.00 of that $3,250,000.00 available in fiscal year 2022 to continue and expand the Agency’s public-private partnership with Drive Electric Vermont to support the expansion of the PEV market in the State.

(2) At least $3,000,000.00 of that $3,250,000.00 for PEV purchase and lease incentives and administrative costs as allowed under subsection (b) of this section. If less than $250,000.00 is expended on the public-private partnership with Drive Electric Vermont under subdivision (1) of this subsection, then the balance of that $250,000.00 shall only be authorized for additional PEV purchase and lease incentives and administrative costs as allowed under subsection (b) of this section.

(b) The Agency shall use not more than 10 percent of the authorization under subdivision (a)(2) of this section for costs associated with the administration of the Program.

Sec. 11. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34(a)(4), as amended by 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 14, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 154, Sec. G.112, and 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 56, is further amended to read:

(4) The Agency shall administer the program described in subsection (b) of this section through no-cost contracts with the State’s electric distribution utilities. [Repealed.]
Sec. 12. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34(b), as amended by 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 14, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 154, Sec. G.112, and 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 56, is further amended to read:

(b) Electric vehicle incentive program. A new PEV purchase and lease An incentive program for Vermont residents to purchase and lease new PEVs shall structure PEV purchase and lease incentive payments by income to help Vermonters benefit from electric driving, including Vermont’s most vulnerable. The program shall be known as the New PEV Incentive Program for New PEVs. Specifically, the New PEV Incentive Program for New PEVs shall:

* * *

(2) provide not more than one incentive of $1,500.00 for a PHEV or $2,500.00 for a BEV, per individual per year, to:

(A) an individual domiciled in the State whose federal income tax filing status is single or head of household with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States greater than $50,000.00 and at or below $100,000.00;

(B) an individual domiciled in the State whose federal income tax filing status is surviving spouse with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States greater than $50,000.00 $75,000.00 and at or below $125,000.00;

(C) an individual who is part of a married couple with at least one spouse domiciled in the State whose federal income tax filing status is married filing jointly with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States greater than $50,000.00 $75,000.00 and at or below $125,000.00; or

(D) an individual who is part of a married couple with at least one spouse domiciled in the State and at least one spouse whose federal income tax filing status is married filing separately with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States greater than $50,000.00 and at or below $100,000.00;

(3) provide not more than one incentive of $3,000.00 for a PHEV or $4,000.00 for a BEV, per individual per year, to:

(A) an individual domiciled in the State whose federal income tax filing status is single, or head of household, or surviving spouse with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States at or below $50,000.00;
(B) an individual domiciled in the State whose federal income tax filing status is surviving spouse with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States at or below $75,000.00;

(B)(C) an individual who is part of a married couple with at least one spouse domiciled in the State whose federal income tax filing status is married filing jointly with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States at or below $50,000.00; or

(C)(D) an individual who is part of a married couple with at least one spouse domiciled in the State and at least one spouse whose federal income tax filing status is married filing separately with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States at or below $50,000.00;

(4) provide not more than five incentives of either $3,000.00 for a PHEV or $4,000.00 for a BEV, or a combination thereof, to a tax-exempt organization incorporated in the State for the purpose of providing Vermonters with transportation alternatives to personal vehicle ownership; and

(4)(5) apply to manufactured PEVs with a Base Manufacturer’s Suggested Retail Price (MSRP) of $40,000.00 or less; and

(5) provide not less than $1,100,000.00, of the initial $2,000,000.00 authorization, and up to an additional $2,050,000.00 in fiscal year 2021 in PEV purchase and lease incentives.

*** MileageSmart ***

Sec. 13. MILEAGESMART

In fiscal years 2021 and 2022 combined, the Agency is authorized to spend up to $750,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies on MileageSmart, which was established in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34, as amended, with up to 10 percent of the total amount that is distributed in incentives in fiscal year 2022, including incentive funding authorized by this section and incentive funding carried over from prior fiscal years pursuant to 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34, as amended, available for costs associated with administering MileageSmart.

Sec. 14. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34(c)(1), as amended by 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 14, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 154, Sec. G.112, and 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 56, is further amended to read:

(1) The high fuel efficiency vehicle incentive program shall be known as MileageSmart and shall:

*** **
(B) provide point-of-sale vouchers through the State’s network of community action agencies and base set income eligibility for the voucher on the same criteria used for income qualification for weatherization services through the Weatherization Program at 80 percent of the State median income; and

***

*** Emissions Repair Program ***

Sec. 15. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34(a)(3), as amended by 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 14, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 154, Sec. G.112, and 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 56, is further amended to read:

(3) Subject to State procurement requirements, the Agency may retain a contractor or contractors to assist with marketing, program development, and administration of the programs. Up to $150,000.00 of program funding may be set aside for this purpose for the programs program described in subsection (c) of this section in fiscal year 2020 and $50,000.00 of program funding shall be set aside for this purpose for the programs program described in subdivision subsection (c)(4) of this section in fiscal year 2021.

Sec. 16. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34(a)(5), as amended by 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 14, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 154, Sec. G.112, and 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 56, is further amended to read:

(5) The Agency shall annually evaluate the programs to gauge effectiveness and submit a written report on the effectiveness of the programs to the House and Senate Committees on Transportation, the House Committee on Energy and Technology, and the Senate Committee on Finance on or before the 31st day of January in each year following a year that an incentive or repair voucher was provided through one of the programs. Notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), the annual report required under this section shall continue to be required if an incentive or repair voucher is provided through one of the programs unless the General Assembly takes specific action to repeal the report requirement.

Sec. 17. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34(c), as amended by 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 121, Sec. 14, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 154, Sec. G.112, and 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 3, Sec. 56, is further amended to read:
(c) High fuel efficiency vehicle incentive and emissions repair programs. Used high fuel efficiency vehicle purchase incentive and emissions repair programs program for Vermont residents shall structure high fuel efficiency purchase incentive payments and emissions repair vouchers by income to help Vermonters benefit from more efficient driving, including Vermont’s most vulnerable. Not less than $750,000.00 shall be provided in point-of-sale and point-of-repair vouchers.

* * *

(2) The emissions repair program shall:

(A) apply to repairs of certain vehicles that failed the on board diagnostic (OBD) systems inspection;

(B) provide point of repair vouchers through the State’s network of community action agencies and base eligibility for voucher on the same criteria used for income qualification for Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) through the State’s Economic Services Division within the Department for Children and Families; and

(C) provide a point of repair voucher to repair a motor vehicle that was ready for testing, failed the OBD systems inspection, requires repairs that are not under warranty, and will be able to pass the State’s vehicle inspection once the repairs are made provided that the point of repair voucher is commensurate with the fair market value of the vehicle to be repaired and does not exceed $2,500.00, with $2,500.00 vouchers only being available to repair vehicles with a fair market value of at least $5,000.00. [Repealed.]

Sec. 18. EMISSIONS REPAIR PROGRAM

(a) Program creation. The Department of Environmental Conservation, in consultation with the Agency of Transportation, shall establish and administer an emissions repair program that shall:

(1) apply to repairs of certain vehicles that failed the on board diagnostic (OBD) systems inspection;

(2) provide point-of-repair vouchers and base eligibility for vouchers on the same criteria used for income qualification for the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) through the State’s Economic Services Division within the Department for Children and Families; and

(3) provide a point-of-repair voucher to repair a motor vehicle that was ready for testing, failed the OBD systems inspection, requires repairs that are not under warranty, and will be able to pass the State’s vehicle inspection once the repairs are made provided that the point-of-repair voucher is commensurate
with the fair market value of the vehicle to be repaired and does not exceed $2,500.00, with $2,500.00 vouchers only being available to repair vehicles with a fair market value of at least $5,000.00.

(b) Authorization and transfer. In fiscal year 2022, the Agency of Transportation is authorized to transfer $375,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies to the Department of Environmental Conservation for the emissions repair program established under this section, with up to $50,000.00 of that $375,000.00 transfer available for start-up costs and outreach education and up to $125,000.00 of that $375,000.00 transfer available for costs associated with developing and administering the emissions repair program.

*** Repeal of Emissions Inspections Waiver ***

Sec. 19. REPEALS

(a) 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 206, Sec. 23(e) (establishment of emissions inspections waiver) is repealed on December 31, 2022.

(b) 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 158, Sec. 42(e) (establishment of emissions inspections waiver) is repealed on December 31, 2022.

*** Replace Your Ride Program ***

Sec. 20. REPLACE YOUR RIDE PROGRAM

(a) Program creation. The Agency of Transportation, in consultation with the Departments of Environmental Conservation and of Public Service, shall expand upon the vehicle incentive programs established under 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34, as amended, to provide additional incentives for Vermonters with low income through a program to be known as the Replace Your Ride Program.

(b) Incentive amount. The Replace Your Ride Program shall provide up to a $3,000.00 incentive, which may be in addition to any other available incentives, including through a program funded by the State, to individuals who qualify based on both income and the removal of an internal combustion vehicle. Only one incentive per individual is available under the Replace Your Ride Program and incentives shall be provided on a first-come, first-served basis once the Replace Your Ride Program is operational.

(c) Eligibility. Applicants must qualify through both income and the removal of an eligible vehicle with an internal combustion engine.

(1) Income eligibility. The following applicants meet the income eligibility requirement:
(A) an individual domiciled in the State whose federal income tax filing status is single or head of household, with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States at or below $50,000.00;

(B) an individual domiciled in the State whose federal income tax filing status is surviving spouse with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States at or below $75,000.00;

(C) an individual who is part of a married couple with at least one spouse domiciled in the State whose federal income tax filing status is married filing jointly with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States at or below $75,000.00;

(D) an individual who is part of a married couple with at least one spouse domiciled in the State and at least one spouse whose federal income tax filing status is married filing separately with an adjusted gross income under the laws of the United States at or below $50,000.00; or

(E) an individual who qualifies for an incentive under MileageSmart, which is set at 80 percent of the State median income.

(2) Vehicle removal.

(A) In order for an individual to qualify for an incentive under the Replace Your Ride Program, the individual must remove an older low-efficiency vehicle from operation and switch to a mode of transportation that produces fewer greenhouse gas emissions. The entity that administers the Replace Your Ride Program, in conjunction with the Agency of Transportation, shall establish Program guidelines that specifically provide for how someone can show that the vehicle removal eligibility requirement has been, or will be, met.

(B) For purposes of the Replace Your Ride Program:

(i) An “older low-efficiency vehicle”:

(I) is currently registered, and has been for two years prior to the date of application, with the Vermont Department of Motor Vehicles;

(II) is currently titled in the name of the applicant and has been for at least one year prior to the date of application;

(III) has a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less;

(IV) is at least 10 model years old;

(V) has an internal combustion engine; and

(VI) passed the annual inspection required under 23 V.S.A.
§ 1222 within the prior year.

(ii) Removing the older low-efficiency vehicle from operation must be done by disabling the vehicle’s engine from further use and fully dismantling the vehicle for either donation to a nonprofit organization to be used for parts or destruction.

(iii) The following qualify as a switch to a mode of transportation that produces fewer greenhouse gas emissions:

(I) purchasing or leasing a new or used PEV;

(II) purchasing a new or used bicycle, electric bicycle, or motorcycle that is fully electric, and the necessary safety equipment; and

(III) utilizing shared-mobility services or privately operated vehicles for hire.

(d) Authorization. In fiscal year 2022, the Agency is authorized to spend up to $1,500,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies on the Replace Your Ride Program established under this section, with up to $300,000.00 of that $1,500,000.00 available for startup costs, outreach education, and costs associated with developing and administering the Replace Your Ride Program.

*** Electric Bicycle Incentives ***

Sec. 21. ELECTRIC BICYCLE INCENTIVES

(a) Implementation. The Agency of Transportation, in consultation with Vermont electric distribution utilities, shall expand upon the vehicle incentive programs established under 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34, as amended, to provide a $200.00 incentive to 250 individuals who purchase a new electric bicycle. Specifically, the Program shall:

(1) distribute $200.00 incentives on a first-come, first-served basis after the Agency announces that incentives are available;

(2) apply to new electric bicycles with any Manufacturer’s Suggested Retail Price (MSRP); and

(3) be available to all Vermonters who self-certify as to meeting any incentive tier under the income eligibility criteria for the Incentive Program for New PEVs.

(b) Authorization. In fiscal year 2022, the Agency is authorized to spend up to $50,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies on the electric bicycle incentives.
Sec. 22. GRANT PROGRAMS FOR LEVEL 2 CHARGERS IN MULTI-UNIT DWELLINGS; REPORT

(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Area median income” means the county or Metropolitan Statistical Area median income published by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(2) “Multi-unit affordable housing” means a housing project, such as cooperatives, condominiums, dwellings, or mobile home parks, with 10 or more units constructed or maintained on a tract or tracts of land where:

(A) at least 50 percent of the units are or will be occupied by households whose income does not exceed 100 percent of the greater of the State or area median income; or

(B) all units are affordable to households earning between 60 and 120 percent of area median income.

(3) “Multi-unit dwellings owned by a nonprofit” means a housing project, such as cooperatives, condominiums, dwellings, or mobile home parks, with 10 or more units constructed or maintained on a tract or tracts of land owned by a person that has nonprofit status under Section 501(c)(3) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and is registered as a nonprofit corporation with the Office of the Secretary of State.

(b) The Agency of Transportation shall establish and administer, through a memorandum of understanding with the Department of Housing and Community Development, a pilot program to support the continued buildout of electric vehicle supply equipment at multi-unit affordable housing and multi-unit dwellings owned by a nonprofit and build upon the existing VW EVSE Grant Program that the Department of Housing and Community Development has been administering on behalf of the Department of Environmental Conservation.

(c) In fiscal year 2022, the Agency is authorized to spend up to $1,000,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies on the pilot program established in this section.

(d) Pilot program funding shall be awarded with consideration of broad geographic distribution as well as service models ranging from restricted private parking to publicly accessible parking so as to examine multiple strategies to increase access to EVSE.
(e) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall consult with an interagency team consisting of the Commissioner of Housing and Community Development or designee; the Commissioner of Environmental Conservation or designee; the Commissioner of Public Service or designee; and the Agency’s Division Director of Policy, Planning, and Intermodal Development or designee regarding the design, award of funding, and administration of this pilot program.

(f) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall file a written report on the outcomes of the pilot program with the House and Senate Committees on Transportation not later than January 15, 2022.

* * * EVSE Network in Vermont * * *

Sec. 23. EVSE NETWORK IN VERMONT; REPORT OF ANNUAL MAP

(a) It shall be the goal of the State to have, as practicable, a level 3 EVSE charging port available to the public within:

(1) five miles of every exit of the Dwight D. Eisenhower National System of Interstate and Defense Highways within the State; and

(2) 50 miles of another level 3 EVSE charging port available to the public along a State highway, as defined in 19 V.S.A. § 1(20).

(b) Notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), the Agency of Transportation shall file an up-to-date map showing the locations of all level 3 EVSE available to the public within the State with the House and Senate Committees on Transportation not later than January 15 each year until the goal identified in subsection (a) of this section is met.

* * * Zero-Fare Public Transit in Fiscal Year 2022 * * *

Sec. 24. ZERO-FARE PUBLIC TRANSIT IN FISCAL YEAR 2022

(a) Urban public transit. It is the intent of the General Assembly that public transit operated by transit agencies that are eligible to receive grant funds pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 5307 in the State shall be operated on a zero-fare basis with monies for public transit from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, Pub. L. No. 116-136 (CARES Act); the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, Pub. L. No. 116-260; and the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2, as practicable and provided that such use is first approved by the governing body of the transit agency, during fiscal year 2022.
(b) Rural public transit. It is the intent of the General Assembly that public transit operated by transit agencies that are eligible to receive grant funds pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 5311 in the State shall be operated on a zero-fare basis with monies for public transit from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, Pub. L. No. 116-136 (CARES Act) and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, Pub. L. No. 116-260, as practicable, during fiscal year 2022.

*** Coordinated Intermodal Connections Review ***

Sec. 25. COORDINATED INTERMODAL CONNECTIONS REVIEW

The Agency, in coordination with public transit, passenger rail, and other transportation service providers, shall review and implement coordinated intermodal connections, to the extent practicable, to ensure efficient and accessible intermodal transportation opportunities in Vermont. The Agency shall also work with transportation service providers to support the cross promotion of intermodal connections.

*** PEV Electric Distribution Utility Rate Design ***

Sec. 26. PEV ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION UTILITY RATE DESIGN

(a) This section serves to encourage efficient integration of PEVs and EVSE into the electric system and the timely adoption of PEVs and public charging through managed loads or time-differentiated price signals.

(b) Unless an extension is granted pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, all State electric distribution utilities shall offer PEV rates, which may include rates for electricity sales to an entire customer premises, for public and private EVSE not later than June 30, 2024. These rates shall, pursuant to 30 V.S.A. § 225, be filed for review and approval by the Public Utility Commission and encourage:

(1) efficient use of PEV loads consistent with objectives of least-cost integrated planning, set out in 30 V.S.A. § 218c, and 30 V.S.A. § 202(b) and (c);

(2) participation in the PEV rates;

(3) travel by PEV relative to available alternatives; and

(4) greater adoption of PEVs.

(c) PEV rates approved by the Public Utility Commission under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection comply with subsection (b) of this section.
(1) The Public Utility Commission shall approve PEV rates that it finds, at a minimum:

(A) support greater adoption of PEVs;

(B) adequately compensate PEV operators and owners of EVSE available to the public for the value of grid-related services, including costs avoided through peak management;

(C) adequately compensate the electric distribution utility and its customers for the additional costs that are directly attributable to the delivery of electricity through a PEV rate;

(D) include a reasonable contribution to historic or embedded costs required to meet the overall cost of service;

(E) do not discourage EVSE available to the public; and

(F) do not have an adverse impact to ratepayers not utilizing the PEV rate.

(2) The Public Utility Commission may approve PEV rates that utilize direct load control, third-party managed load control, static or dynamic time-varying rates, or other innovative practices that accomplish the goals set forth in subsection (a) of this section.

(d) Electric distribution utilities with PEV rates approved by the Public Utility Commission prior to July 1, 2021 currently implemented as tariffs by those electric distribution utilities are exempt from subsection (b) of this section for the relevant rate classes, market segments, or customer segments in which the PEV rates are offered.

(e) The Public Utility Commission may grant a petitioning electric distribution utility an extension of the June 30, 2024 implementation deadline. An extension may only be granted in response to a petition if the Public Utility Commission finds that the electric distribution utility’s inability to meet the June 30, 2024 implementation deadline is due to a technical inability to implement a PEV rate, adverse economic impacts to ratepayers that would result from the implementation of a PEV rate, or other good cause demonstrated. The length of the extension shall be directly related to the demonstrated need for the extension.

(f) The Public Utility Commission, in consultation with the Department of Public Service and State electric distribution utilities, shall file written reports with the House Committees on Energy and Technology and on Transportation and the Senate Committees on Finance, on Natural Resources and Energy, and on Transportation that address the goals delineated in subdivisions (c)(1)(A)–
(F) of this section, as applicable, and any progress barriers towards the goals contained in subsections (a) and (b) of this section not later than January 15, 2022, January 15, 2023, January 15, 2024, and January 15, 2025.

*** Public Transportation Electrification Plan ***

Sec. 27. PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION ELECTRIFICATION PLAN

(a) The Agency of Transportation, in consultation with the State’s public transit providers, shall prepare a long-range plan that outlines the costs, timeline, training, maintenance, and operational actions required to move to a fully electrified public transportation fleet.

(b) The Agency shall file the long-range plan required under subsection (a) of this section with the House and Senate Committees on Transportation not later than January 15, 2022.

*** Airport and Rail Signs; Banners ***

Sec. 28. 10 V.S.A. § 494 is amended to read:

§ 494. EXEMPT SIGNS

The following signs are exempt from the requirements of this chapter except as indicated in section 495 of this title:

***

(6)(A) Official traffic control signs, including signs on limited access highways, consistent with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) adopted under 23 V.S.A. § 1025, directing people persons to:

(i) other towns;
(ii) international airports;
(iii) postsecondary educational institutions;
(iv) cultural and recreational destination areas;
(v) nonprofit diploma-granting educational institutions for people persons with disabilities; and
(vi) official State visitor information centers.

(B) After having considered the six priority categories in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (6), the Travel Information Council may approve installation of a sign for any of the following provided the location is open a minimum of 120 days each year and is located within 15 miles of an interstate highway exit:

(i) nonprofit museums;
(ii) cultural and recreational attractions owned by the State or federal government;
(iii) officially designated scenic byways;
(iv) park and ride or multimodal centers; and
(v) fairgrounds or exposition sites.

(C) The Agency of Transportation may approve and erect signs, including signs on limited access highways, consistent with the MUTCD, directing persons to State-owned airports and intercity passenger rail stations located within 25 miles of a limited access highway exit.

(D) Notwithstanding the limitations of this subdivision (6), supplemental guide signs consistent with the MUTCD for the President Calvin Coolidge State Historic Site may be installed at the following highway interchanges:

* * *

(D)(E) Signs erected under this subdivision (6) shall not exceed a maximum allowable size of 80 square feet.

* * *

(18)(A) A sign that is a banner erected over a highway right-of-way for not more than 21 days if the bottom of the banner is not less than 16 feet 6 inches above the surface of the highway and is securely fastened with breakaway fasteners and the proposed banner has been authorized by the legislative body of the municipality in which it is located.

(B) As used in this subdivision (18), “banner” means a sign that is constructed of soft cloth or fabric or flexible material such as vinyl or plastic cardboard.

* * * Municipal Development Review; Section 1111 Permit Fees * * *

Sec. 29. 24 V.S.A. § 4416 is amended to read:

§ 4416. SITE PLAN REVIEW

* * *

(b) Whenever a proposed site plan involves access to a State highway or other work in the State highway right-of-way such as excavation, grading, paving, or utility installation, the application for site plan approval shall include a letter of intent from the Agency of Transportation confirming that the Agency has reviewed the proposed site plan and is prepared to issue an access permit under 19 V.S.A. § 1111, and setting determined whether a permit
is required under 19 V.S.A. § 1111. If the Agency determines that a permit for the proposed site plan is required under 19 V.S.A. § 1111, then the letter from the Agency shall set out any conditions that the Agency proposes to attach to the section 1111 permit required under 19 V.S.A. § 1111.

Sec. 30. 24 V.S.A. § 4463(e) is added to read:

(e) Whenever a proposed subdivision is adjacent to a State highway, the application for subdivision approval shall include a letter from the Agency of Transportation confirming that the Agency has reviewed the proposed subdivision and determined whether a permit is required under 19 V.S.A. § 1111. If the Agency determines that a permit for the proposed subdivision is required under 19 V.S.A. § 1111, then the letter from the Agency shall set out any conditions that the Agency proposes to attach to the permit required under 19 V.S.A. § 1111.

Sec. 31. 19 V.S.A. § 1112(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Secretary shall collect the following fees for each application for the following types of permits or permit amendments issued pursuant to section 1111 of this title:

* * *

(6) permit amendments: $0.00.

* * * Work Zone Highway Safety Automated Traffic Law Enforcement Study and Report * * *

Sec. 32. WORK ZONE HIGHWAY SAFETY AUTOMATED TRAFFIC LAW ENFORCEMENT STUDY AND REPORT

(a) Definitions. As used in this section:

(1) “Automated traffic law enforcement system” means a device with one or more sensors working in conjunction with a speed measuring device to produce recorded images of motor vehicles traveling at more than 10 miles above the speed limit or traveling in violation of another traffic control device, or both.

(2) “Recorded image” means a photograph, microphotograph, electronic image, or electronic video that shows the front or rear of the motor vehicle clearly enough to identify the registration number plate of the motor vehicle or that shows the front of the motor vehicle clearly enough to identify the registration number plate of the motor vehicle and shows the operator of the motor vehicle.
(3) “Traffic control device” means any sign, signal, marking, channelizing, or other device that conforms with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, which is the standards for all traffic control signs, signals, and markings within the State pursuant to 23 V.S.A. § 1025, and is used to regulate, warn, or guide traffic and placed on, over, or adjacent to a highway, pedestrian facility, or bicycle path by authority of the State or the municipality with jurisdiction over the highway, pedestrian facility, or bicycle path.

(b) Study. The Agency of Transportation shall, in consultation with at least the Department of Public Safety and the Associated General Contractors of Vermont, study the feasibility of implementing automated traffic law enforcement systems in work zones in Vermont and make specific recommendations on whether to pursue a program that utilizes automated traffic law enforcement systems within work zones in Vermont, with a specific focus on affecting driver behavior. At a minimum, the Agency shall:

(1) research the cost to procure equipment and services to assist in the implementation of a program that utilizes automated traffic law enforcement systems within work zones in Vermont;

(2) research how images are collected, stored, accessed, used, and disposed of; by whom; and under what timeline or timelines when automated traffic law enforcement systems are used to collect a recorded image of a motor vehicle in violation of a traffic control device in a work zone;

(3) make recommendations on how images should be collected, stored, accessed, used, and disposed of; by whom; and under what timeline or timelines if a program that utilizes automated traffic law enforcement systems within work zones in Vermont is implemented; and

(4) define the system components needed to implement a program that utilizes automated traffic law enforcement systems within work zones in Vermont.

(c) Report. On or before January 15, 2022, the Agency shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary and on Transportation with its findings and any proposals for implementation.

* * * Transportation Equity Framework * * *

Sec. 33. TRANSPORTATION EQUITY FRAMEWORK; REPORT

(a) The Agency of Transportation, in consultation with the State’s 11 Regional Planning Commissions (RPCs), shall undertake a comprehensive analysis of the State’s existing transportation programs and develop a recommendation on a transportation equity framework through which the
annual Transportation Program, and the Agency’s Annual Project Prioritization Process, can be evaluated so as to advance mobility equity, which is a transportation system that increases access to mobility options, reduces air pollution, and enhances economic opportunity for Vermonters in communities that have been underserved by the State’s transportation system.

(b) In conducting the analysis required under subsection (a) of this section, the Agency, in coordination with the State’s 11 RPCs, shall seek input from individuals who are underserved by the State’s current transportation system or who may not have previously been consulted as part of the Agency’s planning processes.

(c) In order to aid the Agency in conducting the analysis required under subsection (a) of this section, the State’s 11 RPCs shall convene regional meetings focused on achieving equity and inclusion in the transportation planning process. Meeting facilitation shall include identification of and outreach to underrepresented local communities and solicitation of input on the transportation planning process pursuant to the transportation planning efforts required under 19 V.S.A. § 101.

(d) The Agency shall file a written report with its analysis and a recommendation on a transportation equity framework as required under subsection (a) of this section with the House and Senate Committees on Transportation not later than January 15, 2022.

* * * New Haven Train Depot * * *

Sec. 34. NEW HAVEN TRAIN DEPOT

In fiscal year 2022, the Agency is authorized to spend up to $400,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies to provide a grant to the Town of New Haven to cover a portion of the costs associated with relocating the New Haven Train Depot currently located at the junction of Routes 7 and 17.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 35. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 7 (federal infrastructure funding), 10 (authorization for the Incentive Program for New PEVs), and 13 (authorization for MileageSmart) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Sec. 6 (repeal of 23 V.S.A. § 1432(c)) shall take effect on January 1, 2022.

(c) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(No House amendments.)
Reported favorably with by Senator Bray for the Committee on Finance.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as recommended by the Committee on Transportation and when so amended ought to pass.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Kitchel for the Committee on Appropriations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended as recommended by the Committee on Transportation with the following amendments thereto:

First: In Sec. 2, in subdivision (8)(B), fiscal year 2022 transportation investments intended to reduce transportation-related greenhouse gas emissions, reduce fossil fuel use, and save Vermont households money, by striking out the number “$750,000.00” and replacing it with the number $1,250,000.00

Second: In Sec. 4, Bridge 61 in Springfield, VT, by striking out the number “1034” and replacing it with the number 0134 in two places

Third: By adding three new sections to be Secs. 4a, 4b, and 4c and their reader assistance headings to read as follows:

**DMV IT System Replacement**

Sec. 4a. DMV IT SYSTEM REPLACEMENT

(a) The following project is added to the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program for the Department of Motor Vehicles: DMV IT System Replacement.

(b) Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program for the Department of Motor Vehicles, spending authority for the DMV IT System Replacement Project is authorized as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>As Amended</th>
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<tr>
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Sources of funds

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<tbody>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
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<td>24,500,000</td>
<td>24,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the approval of the Secretary of Administration, any amount of the appropriation for the DMV IT System Replacement Project remaining unexpended on June 30, 2022 shall be carried forward and designated for expenditure on the DMV IT System Replacement Project in the subsequent fiscal year.

*** Roadway Projects; Phosphorus Control Planning ***

Sec. 4b. ROADWAY PROJECTS; STATEWIDE PHOSPHORUS CONTROL PLANNING

(a) The following project is added to the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program for Roadway: Statewide PCP( ).

(b) Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program for Roadway, spending authority for the Statewide PCP( ) Project is authorized as follows:

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<tr>
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Sources of funds

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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3,000,000</td>
<td>3,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the approval of the Secretary of Administration, any amount of the appropriation for the Statewide PCP( ) Project remaining unexpended on June 30, 2022 shall be carried forward and designated for expenditure on the Statewide PCP( ) Project in the subsequent fiscal year.

*** Municipal Mitigation Assistance Program ***

Sec. 4c. MUNICIPAL MITIGATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Within the Agency of Transportation’s Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Transportation Program for Municipal Mitigation Assistance Program, spending is amended as follows:
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**Sources of funds**

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<tr>
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<td>6,110,000</td>
<td>6,610,000</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fourth:** By striking out Sec. 13, MileageSmart, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 13 to read as follows:

Sec. 13. MILEAGESMART

The Agency is authorized to spend up to $750,000.00 in one-time Transportation Fund monies in fiscal years 2021 and 2022 combined and up to $500,000.00 in one-time ARPA - Coronavirus State Fiscal Relief Funds in fiscal year 2022 on MileageSmart, which was established in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34, as amended, with up to 10 percent of the total amount that is distributed in incentives in fiscal year 2022, including incentive funding authorized by this section and incentive funding carried over from prior fiscal years pursuant to 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 59, Sec. 34, as amended, available for costs associated with administering MileageSmart.

(Committee vote: 7-0-0)

**House Proposals of Amendment**

**S. 42**

An act relating to establishing the Emergency Service Provider Wellness Commission.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 7257b is added to read:

§ 7257b. EMERGENCY SERVICE PROVIDER WELLNESS COMMISSION

(a) As used in this section:
(1) “Chief executive of an emergency service provider organization” means a person in charge of an organization that employs or supervises emergency service providers in their official capacity.

(2) “Emergency service provider” means a person:

(A) currently or formerly recognized by a Vermont Fire Department as a firefighter;

(B) currently or formerly licensed by the Department of Health as an emergency medical technician, emergency medical responder, advanced emergency medical technician, or paramedic;

(C) currently or formerly certified as a law enforcement officer by the Vermont Criminal Justice Council, including constables and sheriffs;

(D) currently or formerly employed by the Department of Corrections as a probation, parole, or correctional facility officer; or

(E) currently or formerly certified by the Vermont Enhanced 911 Board as a 911 call taker or employed as an emergency communications dispatcher providing service for an emergency service provider organization.

(3) “Licensing entity” means a State entity that licenses or certifies an emergency service provider.

(b) There is created the Emergency Service Provider Wellness Commission within the Agency of Human Services that, in addition to the purposes listed below, shall consider the diversity of emergency service providers on the basis of gender, race, age, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability status, and the unique needs that emergency service providers who have experienced trauma may have as a result of their identity status:

(1) to identify where increased or alternative supports or strategic investments within the emergency service provider community, designated or specialized service agencies, or other community service systems could improve the physical and mental health outcomes and overall wellness of emergency service providers;

(2) to identify how Vermont can increase capacity of qualified clinicians in the treatment of emergency service providers to ensure that the services of qualified clinicians are available throughout the State without undue delay;

(3) to create materials and information, in consultation with the Department of Health, including a list of qualified clinicians, for the purpose of populating an electronic emergency service provider wellness resource center on the Department of Health’s website;
(4) to educate the public, emergency service providers, State and local governments, employee assistance programs, and policymakers about best practices, tools, personnel, resources, and strategies for the prevention and intervention of the effects of trauma experienced by emergency service providers;

(5) to identify gaps and strengths in Vermont’s system of care for both emergency service providers who have experienced trauma and their immediate family members to ensure access to support and resources that address the impacts of primary and secondary trauma;

(6) to recommend how peer support services and qualified clinician services can be delivered regionally or statewide;

(7) to recommend how to support emergency service providers in communities that are resource challenged, remote, small, or rural;

(8) to recommend policies, practices, training, legislation, rules, and services that will increase successful interventions and support for emergency service providers to improve health outcomes, job performance, and personal well-being and reduce health risks, violations of employment, and violence associated with the impact of untreated trauma, including whether to amend Vermont’s employment medical leave laws to assist volunteer emergency service providers in recovering from the effects of trauma experienced while on duty; and

(9) to consult with federal, State, and municipal agencies, organizations, entities, and individuals in order to make any other recommendations the Commission deems appropriate.

(c)(1) The Commission shall comprise the following members and, to the extent feasible, include representation among members that reflects the gender, gender identity, racial, age, ethnic, sexual orientation, social, and disability status of emergency service providers in the State:

(A) the Chief of Training of the Vermont Fire Academy or designee;
(B) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Criminal Justice Council;
(C) the Commissioner of Health or designee;
(D) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;
(E) the Commissioner of the Department of Corrections or designee;
(F) the Commissioner of Mental Health or designee;
(G) the Commissioner of Human Resources or designee;

- 1659 -
(H) a law enforcement officer who is not a chief or sheriff, appointed by the President of the Vermont Police Association;

(I) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Association of Chiefs of Police;

(J) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Sheriffs’ Association;

(K) a volunteer firefighter, appointed by the Vermont State Firefighters’ Association;

(L) a representative of the designated and specialized service agencies, appointed by Vermont Care Partners;

(M) a representative, appointed by the Vermont State Employees Association;

(N) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Troopers’ Association;

(O) a professional firefighter, appointed by the Professional Firefighters of Vermont;

(P) a clinician associated with a peer support program who has experience in treating workplace trauma, appointed by the Department of Mental Health;

(Q) a professional emergency medical technician or paramedic, appointed by the Vermont State Ambulance Association;

(R) a volunteer emergency medical technician or paramedic, appointed by the Vermont State Ambulance Association;

(S) a person who serves or served on a peer support team, appointed by the Department of Mental Health;

(T) a representative, appointed by the Vermont League of Cities and Towns;

(U) a Chief, appointed by the Vermont Career Fire Chiefs Association;

(V) a Chief, appointed by the Vermont Fire Chiefs Association;

(W) a representative, appointed by the Vermont Association for Hospitals and Health Systems; and

(X) the Executive Director of the Enhanced 911 Board or designee.
(2) The term of office of each member shall be three years. Of the members first appointed, ten shall be appointed for a term of one year, ten shall be appointed for a term of two years, and the remainder shall be appointed for a term of three years. Members shall hold office for the term of their appointments and until their successors have been appointed. All vacancies shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. Members are eligible for reappointment.

(3) Commission members shall recuse themselves from any discussion of an event or circumstance that the member believes may involve an emergency service provider known by the member and shall not access any information related to it. The Commission may appoint an interim replacement member to fill the category represented by the recused member for review of that interaction.

(d)(1) The Commissioner of Health or designee shall call the first meeting of the Commission to occur on or before September 30, 2021.

(2) The Commission shall select a chair and vice chair from among its members at the first meeting and annually thereafter.

(3) The Commission shall meet at such times as may reasonably be necessary to carry out its duties but at least once in each calendar quarter.

(4) The Department of Health shall provide technical, legal, and administrative assistance to the Commission.

(e) The Commission’s meetings shall be open to the public in accordance with 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 2. Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 313, the Commission may go into executive session in the event a circumstance or an event involving a specific emergency service provider is described, regardless of whether the emergency service provider is identified by name.

(f) Commission records describing a circumstance or an event involving a specific emergency service provider, regardless of whether the emergency service provider is identified by name, are exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act and shall be kept confidential.

(g) To the extent permitted under federal law, the Commission may enter into agreements with agencies, organizations, and individuals to obtain otherwise confidential information.

(h) Notwithstanding 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), the Commission shall report its conclusions and recommendations to the Governor and General Assembly as the Commission deems necessary but not less frequently than once per calendar year. The report shall disclose individually identifiable health information only to the extent necessary to convey the Commission’s
conclusions and recommendations, and any such disclosures shall be limited to
information already known to the public. The report shall be available to the
public through the Department of Health.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

S. 66

An act relating to electric bicycles.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 23 V.S.A. § 4(18)(A), by inserting motor-assisted bicycles,
preceding the words “electric bicycles”

Second: In Sec. 2, 23 V.S.A. § 4(21), by inserting motor-assisted bicycles,
preceding the words “electric bicycles”

Third: In Sec. 5, 23 V.S.A. § 4(81), by inserting a motor-assisted
bicycle or preceding the words “an electric bicycle”

Fourth: In Sec. 8, 23 V.S.A. § 3501(1), in the last sentence, by striking out
the words “or electric bicycle” and inserting in lieu thereof, a motor-assisted
bicycle, or an electric bicycle

Fifth: In Sec. 9, 23 V.S.A. § 3801(1), by inserting, motor-assisted bicycles,
preceding the words “or electric bicycles”

Sixth: By striking out Sec. 3, 23 V.S.A. § 4(45), in its entirety and inserting
a new Sec. 3 to read as follows:

Sec. 3. 23 V.S.A. § 4(45) is amended to read:

(45)(A) “Motor-driven cycle” means any vehicle equipped with two or
three wheels, a power source providing up to a maximum of two brake
horsepower and having a maximum piston or rotor displacement of 50 cubic
centimeters if a combustion engine is used, which will propel the vehicle,
unassisted, at a speed not to exceed 30 miles per hour on a level road surface,
and which is equipped with a power drive system that functions directly or
automatically only, not requiring clutching or shifting by the operator after the
drive system is engaged. As motor vehicles, motor-driven cycles shall be
subject to the purchase and use tax imposed under 32 V.S.A. chapter 219 rather
than to a general sales tax. Neither an electric Electric personal assistive
mobility device nor a devices, motor-assisted bicycle is a bicycles, and electric
bicycles are not motor-driven cycle cycles.
(B)(i) “Motor-assisted bicycle” means any bicycle or tricycle with fully operable pedals and equipped with a motor that in itself is capable of producing a top speed of not more than 20 miles per hour on a paved level surface when ridden by an operator who weighs 170 pounds and either:

(I) has an internal combustion motor with a power output of not more than 1,000 watts or 1.3 horsepower; and or

(II) in itself is capable of producing a top speed of no more than 20 miles per hour on a paved level surface when ridden by an operator who weighs 170 pounds has an electric motor with a power output of not more than 1,000 watts and does not meet the requirements of one of the three classes in subdivisions (46)(A)(i)–(iii) of this section.

(ii) Motor-assisted bicycles shall be regulated in accordance with section 1136 of this title.

(iii) Electric bicycles, as defined in subdivision (46) of this section, are not motor-assisted bicycles, as defined in subdivision (45) of this section.

NOTICE CALENDAR
Second Reading
Favorable with Proposal of Amendment
H. 420.

An act relating to miscellaneous agricultural subjects.

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator Pearson for the Committee on Agriculture.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill by adding under the reader assistance for Personal and Itinerant Slaughter Secs. 1a and 1b to read:

Sec. 1a. 6 V.S.A. § 3311a(c) is amended to read:

(c) The requirement for a license under section 3306 of this title or for inspection under this chapter shall not apply to the slaughter of livestock that occurs in a manner that meets all of the following requirements:

(1) A person or persons purchases livestock from a farmer who raised the livestock.

(2) The farmer is registered with the Secretary, on a form provided by the Secretary, as selling livestock for slaughter under this subsection.
(3) The individual or individuals who purchased the livestock performs the act of slaughtering the livestock, as the owner of the livestock.

(4) The act of slaughter occurs, after approval from the farmer who sold the livestock, on a site on the farm where the livestock was purchased.

(5) The slaughter is conducted under sanitary conditions.

(6) The farmer who sold the livestock to the individual or individuals does not assist in the slaughter of the livestock.

(7) Not more than the following number of livestock per year are slaughtered under this subsection:

   (A) 45 30 swine;
   (B) five 10 cattle;
   (C) 40 80 sheep or goats; or
   (D) any combination of swine, cattle, sheep, or goats, provided that not more than 6,000 12,000 pounds of the live weight of livestock are slaughtered per year.

(8) The farmer who sold the livestock to the individual or individuals maintains a record of each slaughter conducted under this subsection and reports quarterly to the Secretary, on a form provided by the Secretary, on or before April 15 for the calendar quarter ending March 31, on or before July 15 for the calendar quarter ending June 30, on or before October 15 for the calendar quarter ending September 30, and on or before January 15 for the calendar quarter ending December 31. If a farmer fails to report slaughter activity conducted under this subsection, the Secretary, in addition to any enforcement action available under this chapter or chapter 1 of this title, may suspend the authority of the farmer to sell animals to an individual or individuals for slaughter under this subsection.

(9) The slaughtered livestock may be halved or quartered by the individual or individuals who purchased the livestock but solely for the purpose of transport from the farm.

(10) The livestock is slaughtered according to a humane method, as that term is defined in subdivision 3131(6) of this title.
Sec. 1b. OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL REPORT ON LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER UNDER ANIMAL SHARE CONTRACTS

The Office of Legislative Counsel, in consultation with the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets and other interested parties, shall review federal and State law regarding whether the State may exempt the slaughter of livestock and provision of meat under an animal share contract from the license and inspection requirements of 6 V.S.A. chapter 204. On or before December 1, 2021, the Office of Legislative Counsel shall submit its findings to the Senate Committee on Agriculture and the House Committee on Agriculture and Forestry. The findings shall include proposed draft legislation.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)
(No House amendments)

H. 449.

An act relating to the membership and duties of the Vermont Pension Investment Commission and the creation of the Pension Benefits, Design, and Funding Task Force.

Reported favorably with recommendation of proposal of amendment by Senator White for the Committee on Government Operations.

The Committee recommends that the Senate propose to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: By striking out Sec. 1, 3 V.S.A. chapter 17, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

CHAPTER 17. VERMONT STATE POLICE AND MOTOR VEHICLE INSPECTORS’ RETIREMENT SYSTEM VERMONT PENSION INVESTMENT COMMISSION

§ 521. DEFINITIONS
As used in this chapter:

(1) “Committee” “Commission” means the Vermont Pension Investment Committee Commission.

(2) “Financial expert” means an individual with material expertise and experience in institutional fund management, or other significant pension or other relevant financial expertise.
(3) “Independent” means an individual who does not have a direct or indirect material interest in the Plans.

(A) An individual has a direct or indirect material interest in the Plans if:

(i) the individual is a beneficiary of any of the Plans; or

(ii) the individual or the individual’s spouse, parent, child, sibling, or in-law is or has been within the past five years an employee, director, officer, owner of a publicly traded company, consultant, manager, or had another material role with an entity servicing the Plans.

(B) An individual is considered an owner of a publicly traded company if the individual owns, directly or indirectly, five percent or more of a class of the company’s equity securities registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. § 78 et seq.), as amended.

(4) “Plans” means the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System, the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System, and the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement System pursuant to section 472 of this title, 16 V.S.A. § 1943, and 24 V.S.A. § 5063.

§ 522. VERMONT PENSION INVESTMENT COMMITTEE COMMISSION

(a) Members. There is created the Vermont Pension Investment Committee Commission, an independent commission, to comprise seven nine members as follows:

(1) one member and one alternate, who may or may not be trustees of the Board of the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System, elected by the employee and retiree members of that board the Board of the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System;

(2) one member and one alternate, who may or may not be trustees of the Board of the State Teachers’ Retirement System of Vermont, elected by the employee and retiree members of that the Board of the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System;

(3) one member and one alternate, who may or may not be trustees of the Board of the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement System, elected by the municipal employee and municipal official members of that the Board of the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement System;

(4) two members and one alternate, who shall each be a financial expert and independent, appointed by the Governor;
(5) the State Treasurer or designee, an ex-officio voting member; and

(6) one member, appointed by the other six voting eight members of the Committee Commission, who shall serve as Chair of the Committee Commission and at the pleasure of the Committee Commission;

(7) one member representing a municipal employer, appointed by the Executive Director of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns; and

(8) one member representing a school employer, appointed by the Vermont School Boards Association.

(b) Training. An authority responsible for electing or appointing a member or alternate shall consider the experience and knowledge of potential members and alternates consistent with the purposes of the Committee, and shall inform potential members and alternates that they shall participate in Members and alternates of the Commission shall be required to participate in onboarding and ongoing periodic training in investments, securities, and fiduciary responsibilities as directed by the Committee Commission. The Commission shall provide an annual report to the respective authorities responsible for electing and appointing members and alternates regarding attendance at Commission meetings and relevant educational programs attended.

(c) Initially, one appointee and the alternate appointee of the Governor shall serve a two-year term, and the second appointee shall serve for a four-year term. Thereafter, the Governor’s appointees and alternate appointee shall serve for four-year terms. Initially, the member and alternate chosen by the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement Board shall serve for a two-year term, the member and alternate chosen by the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement Board shall serve for a three-year term, and the member and alternate chosen by the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement Board shall serve for a four-year term. Thereafter, all members and alternates shall serve for four-year terms.

(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this section and for the ex-officio members of the Commission, all members and alternates of the Commission shall serve staggered four-year terms. A vacancy created before the expiration of a term shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the unexpired portion of the term. A member or alternate appointed to fill a vacancy created before the expiration of a term shall not be deemed to have served a term for the purpose of this subsection. Members and alternates of the Commission shall be eligible for reappointment and shall serve not more than three terms; provided, however, that a single term served as an alternate shall not be used to calculate a member’s total term limit. Members and alternates of the Commission may be removed only for cause.
The Commission shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 25 of this title to define the basis and process for removal.

(2) If the Chair is unable to perform his or her duties, the Commission shall elect an interim chair who shall be a financial expert and independent.

(3) Terms shall end on June 30 with new terms beginning on July 1.

(4) Notwithstanding subdivision (3) of this subsection, members and alternates shall serve until their successors are appointed subject to the term limits provided in this subsection.

(d) Chair and vice chair.

(1)(A) The Chair of the Vermont Pension Investment Committee Commission shall have the financial, investment, leadership, and governance expertise as required by policies adopted by the Commission.

(B) The Chair shall be a nonvoting member, except in the case of a tie vote.

(2) The Vermont Pension Investment Commission shall elect a vice chair from among its members.

(e) The Vermont Pension Investment Committee shall elect a vice chair from among its members Eligibility. No legislator who is currently serving in the General Assembly shall serve on the Commission.

(f) Four Meetings.

(1) Five members of the Committee Commission shall constitute a quorum.

(2) If a member is not in attendance, the alternate of that member shall be eligible to act as a member of the Committee Commission during the absence of the member.

(3) Four Five concurring votes shall be necessary for a decision of the Committee Commission at any meeting of the Committee Commission, except that any decision of the Commission relating to setting actuarial assumptions pursuant to subdivision 523(b)(1) of this title shall require six concurring votes. The Committee shall be attached to the Office of the State Treasurer for administrative support, and the expenses of the Committee and the Treasurer’s office in support of the Committee shall be paid proportionately from the funds of the three retirement systems and any individual municipalities that have been allowed to invest their retirement funds pursuant to subsection 523(a) of this title.
(g) **Leave time.** Public employee members and alternates shall be granted reasonable leave time by their employers to attend Committee Commission meetings and Committee-related Commission-related educational programs.

(h) The Committee shall provide an annual report to the respective authorities responsible for electing and appointing members and alternates regarding attendance at Committee meetings and relevant educational programs attended Compensation and reimbursements. Members and alternates of the Commission who are not public employees shall be entitled to compensation as set forth in 32 V.S.A. § 1010 and reimbursement for all necessary expenses that they may incur through service on the Commission from the funds of the retirement systems. The Chair of the Commission may be compensated from the funds at a level not to exceed one-third of the salary of the State Treasurer, as determined by the other members of the Commission.

(i) A vacancy of an elected or appointed member or alternate shall be filled for the remainder of the term by the authority responsible for electing or appointing that member or alternate Assistance and expenses.

(1) The Commission shall have the administrative and technical support of the Office of the State Treasurer.

(2) The Commission may collect proportionally from the funds of the three retirement systems and any individual municipalities that have been allowed to invest their retirement funds pursuant to subsection 523(a) of this title, any expenses incurred that are associated with carrying out its duties, and any expenses incurred by the Treasurer’s office in support of the Commission.

(3) The Attorney General shall serve as legal advisor to the Commission.

§ 523. VERMONT PENSION INVESTMENT COMMITTEE COMMISSION; DUTIES

(a) **General.** The Vermont Pension Investment Committee Commission shall be responsible for the investment of the assets of the State Teachers’ Retirement System of Vermont, Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System, the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System, and the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement System pursuant to section 472 of this title, 16 V.S.A. § 1943, and 24 V.S.A. § 5063. The Committee Commission shall strive to maximize total return on investment, within acceptable levels of risk for public retirement systems, in accordance with the standards of care established by the prudent investor rule under 14A V.S.A. § 902. The Committee Commission may, in its discretion, subject to approval by the Attorney General, also enter
into agreements with municipalities administering their own retirement systems to invest retirement funds for those municipal pension plans. The State Treasurer shall serve as the custodian of the funds of all three retirement systems. The Committee Commission may, in its discretion, also enter into agreements with the State Treasurer to invest the State Employees’ Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund, established in 3 V.S.A. § section 479a of this title, and the Retired Teachers’ Health and Medical Benefits Fund, established in 16 V.S.A. § 1944b.

(b) Members and alternates of the Committee who are not public employees shall be entitled to compensation as set forth in 32 V.S.A. § 1010 and reimbursement for all necessary expenses that they may incur through service on the committee from the funds of the retirement systems. The Chair of the Committee may be compensated from the funds at a level not to exceed one third of the salary of the State Treasurer, as determined by the other members of the Committee. Powers and duties. The Commission shall have the following duties:

(1) Set the following actuarial assumptions:

(A) the investment rate of return;

(B) the inflation rate; and

(C) the smoothing rate method used for the actuarial valuation of assets and returns.

(2) Not more than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year, conduct an asset allocation study that reviews the expected return of each fund, including a risk analysis using best practices methodologies to estimate potential risks to the fund’s asset values over a five-, 10-, and 20-year period, and the remainder of the statutory amortization period. The study shall be submitted to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations and the Office of the Governor and made publicly available within 10 days of completion.

(c) Recordkeeping. The Committee Commission shall keep a record of all its proceedings, which shall be open for public inspection.

(d) Policies. The Committee Commission shall formulate policies and procedures deemed necessary and appropriate to carry out its functions, including a written statement of the responsibilities of and expectations for the Chair of the Committee Commission and standards of conduct for members and employees of the Commission in order to maintain and promote public confidence in the integrity of the Commission. The standard of conduct policies shall prohibit members and employees from receiving or soliciting any gift, including meals, alcoholic beverages, travel fare, room and board, or any
other thing of value, tangible or intangible, from any vendor or potential vendor of investment services, management services, brokerage services, and other services to the Commission.

(e) The Attorney General shall serve as legal advisor to the Committee Contracts.

(f) Contracts approved by the Committee Commission and related documents may be executed by the Chair, or in the Chair’s absence, the Vice Chair.

(f) Asset and liability study. Beginning on July 1, 2022, and every three years thereafter, based on the most recent actuarial valuations of each Plan, the Commission shall study the assets and liabilities of each Plan over a 20-year period. The study shall:

1. project the expected path of the key indicators of each Plan’s financial health based on all current actuarial and investment assumptions; current contribution and benefit policies, including the Plans’ mark-to-market funded ratio; actuarially required contributions by source; payout ratio; and related liquidity obligations; and

2. project the effect on each Plan’s financial health resulting from:

   (A) possible material deviations from Plan assumptions in investment assumptions, including returns versus those expected and embedded in the actuary’s estimate of actuarially required contributions and any material changes in capital markets volatility; and

   (B) possible material deviations from key plan actuarial assumptions, including retiree longevity, potential benefit increases, and inflation.

(g) Changes to actuarial rate of return. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any changes to the actuarial rate of return shall be made at a joint meeting of the Committee Commission and the appropriate Retirement Board. The Board and Committee shall review the recommendations of the actuary and the investment consultant. A change to an actuarial rate of return shall be by joint resolution of the Board and Committee. Each body shall vote according to its own procedures. In the event that the Board and Committee are unable to agree on an actuarial rate of return, the existing assumed rate of return shall remain in effect.

(h) Annual reports.

(1) Beginning on January 15, 2022, and every year thereafter, the Commission shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations:
(A) a report on the performance of each Plan versus its demographic investment and other actuarial assumptions over a three-, five-, seven-, and 10-year period, and the funding ratio of each Plan to each Plan beneficiary at the end of each fiscal year; and

(B) a report on the status of the funding and investment performance of each Plan and any relevant information from the asset liability and scenario testing completed during the prior fiscal year.

(2) The Commission shall send to each participant or beneficiary of each Plan a written or electronic copy of the report described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, in the format authorized by the participant or beneficiary. The report shall be consolidated with any other reports required to be sent by the Commission to the participants or beneficiaries of each Plan.

Second: In Sec. 2, Vermont Pension Investment Commission; transition of member terms, by striking out subdivision (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(1) Beginning on July 1, 2021, members shall be appointed to fill the new member seats established in 3 V.S.A. § 522(a)(7) and (8) in Sec. 1 of this act. The member appointed pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 522(a)(7) in Sec. 1 of this act shall serve an initial term of one year, and the member appointed pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 522(a)(8) in Sec. 1 of this act shall serve an initial term of two years.

Third: In Sec. 3, Vermont Pension Investment Commission; fiscal year 2022 reports, in subsection (b), in the first sentence, by striking out “stand-alone entity” and inserting in lieu thereof an independent entity.

Fourth: By striking out Secs. 10–12 in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 10. PENSION BENEFITS, DESIGN, AND FUNDING TASK FORCE; STATE EMPLOYEES’ RETIREMENT SYSTEM; STATE TEACHERS’ RETIREMENT SYSTEM; REPORT

(a) Creation. There is created the Pension Benefits, Design, and Funding Task Force to review and report on the benefits, design, and funding of retirement and retiree health benefit plans for the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System and the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System.

(b) Membership.

(1) The Task Force shall be composed of the following members:

(A) two current members of the House of Representatives, not from the same political party, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House;
(B) two current members of the Senate, not from the same political party, who shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees;

(C) the Secretary of Administration or designee;

(D) the State Treasurer or designee;

(E) three members, who shall be appointed by the President of the Vermont-NEA;

(F) two members, who shall be appointed by the President of the Vermont State Employees’ Association; and

(G) one member of the Vermont Troopers’ Association, who shall be appointed by the President of the Vermont Troopers’ Association.

(2)(A) The members appointed pursuant to subdivisions (1)(A) and (B) of this subsection (b) shall not be direct or indirect beneficiaries of the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System or the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System.

(B) The members appointed pursuant to subdivisions (1)(E)–(G) of this subsection (b) shall not be currently serving as a legislator or the spouse or partner of an individual currently serving as a legislator.

(c) Powers and duties.

(1) The Task Force shall make recommendations about benefit provisions and appropriate funding sources along with other recommendations it deems appropriate for consideration, consistent with actuarial and governmental accounting standards, as well as demographic and workforce trends and the long-term sustainability of the benefit programs, including the following:

(A) developing and evaluating a range of strategies to lower the actuarially determined employer contributions and unfunded actuarially accrued liability based on actuarial value of assets in the State Employees’ Retirement System and the Teachers’ Retirement System by between 25 and 100 percent of the size of the increases from fiscal year 2021 to fiscal year 2022, as reported in the respective Actuarial Valuation and Review for each retirement system, dated June 30, 2020, while maintaining the 2038 amortization date;

(B) a five-year review of benefit expenditure levels as well as employer and employee contribution levels and growth rates and a three-, five-, and 10-year projection of these levels and rates;
identifying potential options for limiting the growth in the actuarially determined employer contributions to not more than inflation;

(D) assessing the impacts associated with any modifications to the current amortization schedule;

(E) based on benefit and funding benchmarks:

(i) proposed benefit structures with the objective of adequate benefits, including an evaluation of a shared-risk model for employer and employee contributions and cost-of-living adjustments, with a focus on reducing any future increases to the unfunded actuarially accrued liability;

(ii) an estimate of the cost of current and any proposed benefit structures on a budgetary and full actuarial accrual basis;

(iii) the State’s pension contributions as a percentage of direct general spending and a comparison of other states’ pension contributions; and

(iv) how proposed benefit changes for new members may reduce the impact of future actuarial assumption losses;

(F) evaluating any cross-subsidization between all groups within the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System and adjusting contribution amounts to eliminate any cross-subsidization;

(G) examining permanent and temporary revenue streams to fund the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System and the State Teachers’ Retirement System;

(H) a plan for prefunding other postemployment benefits, with an evaluation of using federal funds to the extent permissible, including identifying long-term impacts of pay-as-you-go funding;

(I) evaluating the intermediate and long-term impacts to the State and local economies because of any proposed changes to current benefit structures and contribution characteristics and their potential effects on retiree spending power, including retirees who identify as female and retirees who are persons with disabilities; and

(J) an examination of the effects of current benefit structures and contribution characteristics on the recruitment and retention of public school educators and State employees and an evaluation of any proposed changes to current benefit structures and contribution characteristics on the recruitment and retention of public school educators and State employees in the future.

(2) The Task Force shall not make recommendations on adjusting the assumed rates of return.
(d) Stakeholder input. During the course of its deliberations, and prior to any final recommendations being made, the Task Force shall:

(1) solicit input, including through public hearings, from affected stakeholders, including those impacted by issues of inequities; and

(2) consult with representatives designated by the Supreme Court acting in its constitutional role as the administrator of the Judicial Branch, Group D members of the State Employees’ Retirement System, and members of the State Employees’ Retirement System who are employees of the Department of Corrections.

(e) Assistance.

(1) The Task Force shall have:

(A) fiscal assistance from the Joint Fiscal Office and Office of the State Treasurer; and

(B) committee support services from the Office of Legislative Operations.

(2) The Office of Legislative Counsel and Joint Fiscal Office are authorized to contract for advisory services for the Task Force from an independent actuary, benefits expert, and legal expert, as necessary.

(f) Leave time. Public employee members of the Task Force shall be granted reasonable leave time by their employers to attend Task Force meetings.

(g) Report. On or before October 15, 2021, the Task Force shall submit an interim written report to the Governor and to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations with an update on the work of the Task Force. The Task Force shall submit a final report with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action on or before December 2, 2021. The Task Force shall also provide the report to the Board of Trustees of the State Employees’ and Teachers’ Retirement Systems for their consideration and comment to the General Assembly.

(h) Meetings.

(1) The members appointed pursuant to subdivisions (b)(1)(A) and (B) of this section shall appoint a House and Senate member as co-chairs, who shall call the first meeting of the Task Force to occur on or before June 15, 2021.

(2) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(3) The Task Force shall cease to exist on June 30, 2022.
(i) Compensation and reimbursement.

(1) For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, a legislative member of the Task Force serving in his or her capacity as a legislator shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 23 for not more than 15 meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the General Assembly.

(2) Other members of the Task Force who are not State employees shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than 15 meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the State Treasurer.

Sec. 11. 2 V.S.A. chapter 31 is added to read:

Chapter 31. JOINT LEGISLATIVE PENSION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

§ 1001. CREATION OF COMMITTEE

(a) Creation. There is created a Joint Legislative Pension Oversight Committee for the purpose of working with and providing assistance to other legislative committees on matters related to State’s retirement system other postemployment benefits.

(b) Members. The Committee shall be composed of the following members, who shall be appointed each biennial session of the General Assembly:

(1) three members of the House, who shall not be from the same party, appointed by the Speaker of the House; and

(2) three members of the Senate, who shall not be from the same party, appointed by the Committee on Committees.

(c) Powers and duties. The Committee shall evaluate and make recommendations on the following:

(1) issues of public policy related to the provision of retirement benefits to the State’s public sector workforce;

(2) changes to statutory provisions regarding the provision, design, and administration of retirement benefits and the retirement systems;

(3) issues of public policy relating to health benefit design innovations, State regulatory measures, and alternative methods of providing pooled health care benefits to both active and retired school employees to lower health care costs for employees, retirees, school boards, and the State; and
(4) the appropriate annual appropriation to fund the State’s retirement obligations in accordance with actuarial recommendations, statutory amortization schedules, and funding policies.

(d) Policies. The Committee shall elect a chair, vice chair, and clerk from among its members and shall adopt rules of procedures. The Chair shall rotate biennially between the House and Senate members. The Committee shall keep minutes of its meetings.

(e) Meetings.

(1) When the General Assembly is in session, the Committee shall meet at the call of the Chair.

(2) The Committee may meet six times during adjournment and may meet more often subject to approval of the Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

(3) A quorum shall consist of four members.

(f) Assistance. The Committee shall have assistance from the Office of Legislative Counsel, the Office of Legislative Operations, and the Joint Fiscal Office.

(g) Compensation and reimbursement. For attendance at a meeting when the General Assembly is not in session, members of the Committee shall be entitled to compensations for services and reimbursement of expenses as provided under subsection 23(a) of this title.

(h) Reports. Annually, on or before December 1 each year, the Vermont Investment Pension Commission and the Boards of Trustees for the State Employees’ Retirement System, Teachers’ Retirement System, and Municipal Employees’ Retirement, shall report to the Committee.

Sec. 12. CONFORMING REVISIONS

When preparing the Vermont Statutes Annotated for publication, the Office of Legislative Counsel shall replace “Vermont Pension Investment Committee” with “Vermont Pension Investment Commission” throughout the statutes as needed for consistency with Secs. 1–9 of this act, provided the revisions have no other effect on the meaning of the affected statutes.

Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that Sec. 11 shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

(For House amendments, see House Journal for April 22, 2021, pages 708-710 and April 23, 2021, page 728.)
House Proposals of Amendment

S. 1

An act relating to extending the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 30 V.S.A. § 8009(b), following “Vermont retail electricity” by striking out the word “provider” and inserting in lieu thereof the word provider.

Second: In Sec. 4, plant closure contingency plan, by striking it out in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 4 to read:

Sec. 4. PLANT CLOSURE CONTINGENCY PLAN

On or before March 1, 2022, the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development in consultation with the Commissioner of Forests, Parks, and Recreation shall report to the Senate Committees on Agriculture, Economic Development, Housing, and General Affairs, and Finance and the House Committees on Agriculture and Forestry, Commerce and Economic Development, and Energy and Technology a contingency plan to address how to reduce the economic impacts that may occur if the baseload renewable power plant closes. The plan shall address how to remediate harm to the workforce impacted by the closure of the plant, the forestry industry, and forest health. The contingency plan shall be developed in consultation with the Northern Vermont Development Association, a Vermont resident selected by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation who works in the forestry industry from the Ryegate lumber catchment area, and the owners of the Ryegate Plant. On or before July 1, 2021, the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation shall render to the owners of the Ryegate Plant a statement for $10,000.00 to be used on the creation of the contingency plan, which the owners of the Ryegate Plant shall pay within 30 days. The group of stakeholders developing the plan shall hold at least one evening public hearing on the plan in the lumber catchment area.

House Proposal of Amendment

S. 86

An act relating to miscellaneous changes to laws related to vehicles and vessels.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. § 511 is amended to read:

§ 511. MANNER OF DISPLAY

(a) **Number plates.** A motor vehicle operated on any highway shall have displayed in a conspicuous place either one or two number plates as the Commissioner may require. Such number plates shall be furnished by the Commissioner and shall show the number assigned to such vehicle by the Commissioner. If only one number plate is furnished, the same shall be securely attached to the rear of the vehicle. If two are furnished, one shall be securely attached to the rear and one to the front of the vehicle. The number plates shall be kept entirely unobscured, and the numerals and letters thereon shall be plainly legible at all times. They shall be kept horizontal, shall be so fastened as not to swing, excepting however, there may be installed on a motor truck or truck tractor a device that would, upon contact with a substantial object, permit the rear number plate to swing toward the front of the vehicle, provided such device automatically returns the number plate to its original rigid position after contact is released, and the ground clearance of the lower edges thereof shall be established by the Commissioner pursuant to the provisions of 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.

(b) **Validation sticker.** A registration validation sticker shall be unobstructed and shall be affixed as follows:

(1) for vehicles issued registration plates with dimensions of approximately 12 x 6 inches, in the lower right corner of the rear registration plate; and

(2) for vehicles issued a registration plate with a dimension of approximately 7 x 4 inches, in the upper right corner of the rear registration plate.

(c) **Violation.** A person shall not operate a motor vehicle unless number plates and a validation sticker are displayed as provided in this section.

(d) **Failure to display a validation sticker.** An operator cited for violating subsection (c) of this section with respect to failure to display a validation sticker on a pleasure car, motorcycle, or truck that could be registered for less than 26,001 pounds shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than $5.00, which penalty shall be exempt from surcharges under 13 V.S.A. § 7282(a), if he or she is cited within the 14 days following the expiration of the motor vehicle’s registration.
(e) Temporary and in-transit registration plates. A motor vehicle issued a temporary or in-transit registration plate under sections 312, 458, 463, and 516–518 of this title operated on any highway shall have the temporary or in-transit registration plate displayed horizontally in a conspicuous place on the rear of the vehicle, including in the rear window. The temporary or in-transit registration plate shall be kept entirely unobscured, and the numerals and letters thereon shall be plainly legible at all times.

Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 518 is amended to read:

§ 518. ELECTRONIC IN-TRANSIT PERMIT ELECTRONIC ISSUANCE OF TEMPORARY PLATE AND TEMPORARY REGISTRATION

(a) Issuance of permit plate and registration; length. The Commissioner is authorized to electronically issue electronic in-transit registration permits to motor vehicles otherwise required to be registered when the vehicles are sold by a person, other than a registered motor vehicle dealer, to a resident to be transported to or within and registered in this State. The electronic in-transit temporary plate and temporary registration permit issued pursuant to this section shall be valid for a period of 60 days from issuance and shall be in the form and design prescribed by the Commissioner.

(b) Form of application; fee. The temporary plate and temporary registration may be obtained by submitting an application under oath on a form prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner, which shall require the applicant to attest to compliance with the provisions of section 800 of this title and provide any other proof of the identity of the vehicle the Commissioner reasonably requires. The Commissioner is authorized to charge a fee of $6.00 for the processing of the application and the issuance of the electronic permit temporary plate and temporary registration.

(c) Proof to be carried by operator. It shall be unlawful for any individual to drive a vehicle registered pursuant to this section unless the operator has in his or her possession a valid bill of sale for the vehicle and proof of compliance with the provisions of section 800 of this title. Notwithstanding section 511 of this title, a motor vehicle may be operated without having displayed one or two number plates if the operator has an electronic in-transit registration permit. An operator may prove that he or she is in possession of an electronic in-transit registration permit for the vehicle he or she is operating using a portable electronic device; however, use of a device for this purpose does not in itself constitute consent for an enforcement officer to access other contents of the device. [Repealed.]
**Duty to Report Blood Tests; Health Care Education**

Sec. 3. 23 V.S.A. § 1203b is amended to read:

§ 1203b. **DUTY TO REPORT BLOOD TEST RESULTS**

(a) Notwithstanding any law or court rule to the contrary, if a health care provider who is providing health services to a person in the emergency room of a health care facility as a result of a motor vehicle accident becomes aware as a result of any blood test performed in the health care facility that the person’s blood alcohol level meets or exceeds the level prohibited by law, the health care provider shall report that fact, as soon as is reasonably possible, to a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the location where the accident occurred.

(g) Health care facilities have a responsibility to ensure that all health care providers who work in the health care facility and may provide health care to a person injured as a result of a motor vehicle accident are aware of their responsibilities under this section. Every health care facility that provides health care to persons injured as a result of motor vehicle accidents shall:

1. adopt a policy that implements this section;
2. provide a copy of the policy to all health care providers who work in the health care facility who may provide health care to a person as a result of a motor vehicle accident; and
3. conduct an educational and training program within one month of July 1, 1998 employment for all such health care providers currently working who work at the health care facility and, for all such health care providers hired thereafter, within one month of their employment who may provide health care to an individual as a result of a motor vehicle crash.

**Powers of Enforcement Officers; Investigation of Accidents**

Sec. 4. 23 V.S.A. § 1603 is amended to read:

§ 1603. **INVESTIGATION OF ACCIDENTS CRASHES**

The Commissioner of Public Safety shall forthwith immediately after receiving notice of an accident where a personal injury occurs, and, in case of notice of an accident where an injury occurs to property, may cause such accident to be investigated by an enforcement officer, and where such investigation reveals facts tending to show culpability on the part of any motor vehicle owner or operator, he or she shall cause such facts to be
reported to the State’s Attorney of the county where the accident crash occurred. The State’s Attorney shall further investigate the accident crash and may hold an inquest as provided by 13 V.S.A. §§ 5131–5137. After such investigation or inquest, he or she shall immediately report forthwith to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles the result thereof together with his or her recommendation as to the suspension of the license of the operator of any motor vehicle involved in the accident crash.

*** Certificate of Title ***

Sec. 5. 23 V.S.A. § 2015(c) is amended to read:

(c) If the application refers to a vehicle last previously registered in another state or country, the application shall contain or be accompanied by:

***

(3) the certificate of a person authorized by the Commissioner that the identification number of the vehicle has been inspected and found to conform to the description given in the application, or any other proof of the identity of the vehicle the Commissioner reasonably requires.

*** Gasoline Tax ***

** * * * Calibration of Tank Vehicles * * *

Sec. 6. 23 V.S.A. § 3104 is amended to read:

§ 3104. CALIBRATION OF TANK VEHICLES

A distributor shall cause all tank vehicles used by him or her in the delivery of motor fuel to be calibrated under the supervision of the director of weights and measures Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets and under rules as he or she may prescribe, so as to show the number of gallons of motor fuel contained in these vehicles. The distributor shall make application in writing to the director Secretary for calibration stating the number of tank vehicles to be calibrated.

*** Lien Filing Fees ***

Sec. 7. 23 V.S.A. § 3121 is amended to read:

§ 3121. LIEN FILING FEES

Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 502, the Commissioner may charge against any collection of liability any related lien filing fees specified in subdivision 32 V.S.A. § 1671(a)(6) or subsection 1671(c) of this title paid by the Commissioner. Fees collected under this section shall be credited to a special fund established and managed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, and shall be available as payment for the fees of the clerk of the municipality.
**Snowmobiles; Exhaust Systems**

Sec. 8. 23 V.S.A. § 3205 is amended to read:

§ 3205. **SNOWMOBILE EQUIPMENT; WINDSHIELD; USE OF HEADLIGHT; ILLEGAL NOISE LEVEL; EXEMPTION FROM EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENT**

(a) Snowmobile; required equipment. All snowmobiles shall be equipped with one or more operational:

* * *

(5) such other equipment and devices as may be required to meet the noise level specifications of subsection (d) of this section.

* * *

(d) **Muffler devices, Exhaust system; noise levels emissions.** Any snowmobile manufactured on or after the following dates shall be equipped with a muffler system and such other equipment or devices that reduce maximum machine operating noise to a noise level of not more than: An individual shall not operate the following on the State Snowmobile Trail System:

(1) as of September 1, 1972, 82 decibels on the A scale at 50 feet, in a normal operating environment; a snowmobile manufactured after February 1, 2007 that does not display a visible and unaltered marking of “SSCC Certified” issued by the Snowmobile Safety and Certification Committee (SSCC) on all critical components of the exhaust system; or

(2) as of September 1, 1973, at such level as established by the Commissioner by rule except that the level may not exceed the level established in subdivision (1) of this subsection; a snowmobile, regardless of the date of manufacture, with an exhaust system that has been modified in a manner that amplifies or otherwise increases total noise emission above that of the snowmobile as originally constructed.

(e) **Prohibited sale; illegal noise level; notice to consumer.**

(1) No person shall sell for operation, or offer to sell for operation, within the State of Vermont:

(1) A snowmobile manufactured after the dates specified in subsection (d) of this section unless it complies that does not comply with the sound exhaust system requirements specified in subsection (d) of this section.

(2) No snowmobile shall be equipped in any manner that permits the operator to bypass the muffler system.
(3) Replacement exhaust muffler. No person shall sell or offer to sell a replacement exhaust muffler system or component of an exhaust system that will not meet or exceed the exhaust noise reduction capabilities of the snowmobile manufacturer’s original equipment specifications for the snowmobile.

(4) Consumer information on noise levels. Any person selling or offering to sell a snowmobile or replacement muffler exhaust system shall include in the specifications thereof precise information concerning the designed maximum sound levels of the snowmobile or replacement muffler exhaust system as outlined by the SSCC.

***

* * * Vessels * * *

Sec. 9. 23 V.S.A. chapter 29 is redesignated to read:

CHAPTER 29. SNOWMOBILES, MOTORBOATS VESSELS, AND WATER SPORTS

Sec. 10. 23 V.S.A. chapter 29, subchapter 2 is redesignated to read:

Subchapter 2. Motorboats Vessels

Sec. 11. 23 V.S.A. § 3302 is amended to read:

§ 3302. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:

(1) “All-round light” means a light showing an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 360 degrees.

(2) “Holding tank” means a container or device designed to provide for the retention of wastes on board a vessel and to prevent the discharge of wastes into the waters of this State.

(2)(3) “Law enforcement officer” shall mean a person designated in subdivision 4(11) of this title and shall include deputy State game wardens and auxiliary State Police officers.

(3)(4) “Marine toilet” means any toilet on or within any vessel except those that have been permanently sealed and made inoperative.
“Masthead light” means a white light placed over the fore and aft centerline of the vessel showing an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 225 degrees and so fixed as to show the light from right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on either side of the vessel, except that on a vessel of less than 12 meters in length, the masthead light shall be placed as nearly as practicable to the fore and aft centerline of the vessel.

“Motorboat” means any vessel propelled by machinery capable of propelling the vessel, whether or not such machinery is the principal source of propulsion, but shall not include a vessel that has a valid marine document issued by U.S. Customs and Border Protection or any successor federal agency.

“Operate” means to navigate or otherwise use a motorboat or vessel.

“Owner” means a person, other than a lienholder, having the property in or title to a motorboat vessel. The term includes a person entitled to the use or possession of a motorboat vessel subject to an interest in another person, reserved or created by agreement and securing payment or performance of an obligation, but the term excludes a lessee under a lease not intended as security.

“Person” means an individual, partnership, firm, corporation, association, or other entity.

“Personal watercraft” means a class A vessel that uses an inboard engine powering a water jet pump as its primary source of motive power and that is designed to be operated by a person or persons an individual or individuals sitting, standing, or kneeling on, or being towed behind the vessel motorboat rather than in the conventional manner of sitting or standing inside the vessel.

“Public waters of the State” means navigable waters as defined in 10 V.S.A. chapter 49, excepting those waters in private ponds and private preserves as set forth in 10 V.S.A. §§ 5204, 5205, 5206, and 5210.

“Racing shell or rowing scull” means a manually propelled vessel that is recognized by national or international racing associations for use in competitive racing, and one in which all occupants row or scull, with the exception of a coxswain, if one is provided, and is not designed to carry and does not carry any equipment not solely for competitive racing.

“Sailboard” means a sailboat whose unsupported mast is attached to a surfboard-like hull by a flexible joint.
(14) “Sailing vessel” means any vessel under sail provided that propelling machinery, if fitted, is not being used.

(15) “Sidelights” mean a green light on the starboard side and a red light on the port side, each showing an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 112.5 degrees and so fixed as to show the light from right ahead to 22.5 degrees abaft the beam on its respective side. On a vessel of less than 20 meters in length the side lights may be combined in one lantern carried on the fore and aft centerline of the vessel, except that on a vessel of less than 12 meter in length the sidelights, when combined in one lantern, shall be placed as nearly as practicable to the fore and aft centerline of the vessel.

(16) “Sternlight” means a white light placed as nearly as practicable at the stern, showing an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 135 degrees and so fixed as to show the light 67.5 degrees from right aft on each side of the vessel.

(17) “Vessel” means every description of watercraft, other than a seaplane on the water or a racing shell or rowing scull occupied exclusively by persons over 12 years of age, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on water.

(18) “Waste” means effluent, sewage, or any substance or material, liquid, gaseous, solid, or radioactive, including heated liquids, whether or not harmful or deleterious to waters of this State.

(19) “Waters of this State” means any waters within the territorial limits of this State.

Sec. 12. 23 V.S.A. § 3303 is amended to read:

§ 3303. OPERATION OF UNNUMBERED MOTORBOATS PROHIBITED

Except for motorboats exempt from numbering under subdivisions 3307(a)(2)–(4) 3307(a)(2)–(6) of this title, every motorboat on the waters of this State shall be numbered. A person shall not operate or give permission for the operation of any motorboat on such waters unless the motorboat is numbered in accordance with this subchapter, or in accordance with applicable federal law, or in accordance with a federally approved numbering system of another state, and unless:

* * *

- 1686 -
Sec. 13. 23 V.S.A. §§ 3305, 3305a, 3305b, and 3306 are amended to read:

§ 3305. FEES

(a) **A person** An individual shall not operate a motorboat on the public waters of this State unless the motorboat has a valid marine document issued by U.S. Customs and Border Protection or any successor federal agency or is registered in accordance with this chapter.

(b) Annually or biennially, the owner of each motorboat required to be registered by this State shall file an application for a number with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles on forms approved by him or her. The application shall be signed by the owner of the motorboat and shall be accompanied by an annual fee of $31.00, or a biennial fee of $57.00, for a motorboat in class A; by an annual fee of $49.00, or a biennial fee of $93.00, for a motorboat in class 1; by an annual fee of $80.00, or a biennial fee of $155.00, for a motorboat in class 2; by an annual fee of $153.00, or a biennial fee of $303.00, for a motorboat in class 3. Upon receipt of the application in approved form, the Commissioner shall enter the application upon the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles and issue to the applicant a registration certificate stating the number awarded to the motorboat and the name and address of the owner. The owner shall paint on or attach to each side of the bow of the motorboat the identification number in such manner as may be prescribed by rules of the Commissioner in order that it may be clearly visible. The registration shall be void one year from the first day of the month following the month of issue in the case of annual registrations; or void two years from the first day of the month following the month of issue in the case of biennial registrations. A vessel motorboat of less than 10 horsepower used as a tender to a registered vessel motorboat shall be deemed registered, at no additional cost, and shall have painted or attached to both sides of the bow the same registration number as the registered vessel motorboat with the number “1” after the number. The number shall be maintained in legible condition. The registration certificate shall be pocket size and shall be available at all times for inspection on the motorboat for which issued, whenever the motorboat is in operation. A duplicate registration may be obtained upon payment of a fee of $3.00 to the Commissioner. Registration fees shall be allocated in accordance with section 3319 of this title.

(c) A person engaged in the business of selling or exchanging motorboats, as defined in subdivision 4(8) of this title, of a type otherwise required to be registered by this subchapter shall register and obtain registration certificates for use as described under subdivision (1) of this subsection, subject to the requirements of chapter 7 of this title. A manufacturer of motorboats may register and obtain registration certificates under this section.
(4) The Commissioner shall issue a registration certificate of number for each identifying number awarded to the dealer in the manner described in subsection (a) of this section, except that a boat motorboat shall not be described in the certificate. A dealer’s registration certificate expires one year from the first day of the month of issuance.

§ 3305a. PRIVILEGE TO OPERATE A VESSEL; SUSPENSION OF PRIVILEGE; MINIMUM AGE FOR OPERATION OF A MOTORBOAT

(a) An individual who meets the applicable requirements of this subchapter shall have the privilege to operate a vessel on the public waters of this State, as those waters are defined in 10 V.S.A. § 1422.

(b) An individual whose privilege to operate a vessel has been suspended shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical control of a vessel on the public waters of this State until the privilege to operate a vessel has been reinstated by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles.

(c) An individual under the age of 12 years of age shall not operate a motorboat powered by more than six horsepower on the public waters of this State.

§ 3305b. BOATING SAFETY EDUCATION; RULES

(a) When required. An individual born after January 1, 1974 shall not operate a motorboat on the public waters of this State without first obtaining a certificate of boating education.

(b) Possession of certificate. An individual who is required to have a certificate of boating education shall:

(1) Possess the certificate when operating a motorboat on the public waters of the State.

(2) Show the certificate on the demand of an enforcement officer wearing insignia identifying him or her as such or operating a law enforcement motorboat or vessel. However, no person an individual charged with violating this subsection shall not be convicted if the person individual produces a certificate that was valid at the time the violation occurred in court, to the officer, or to a State’s Attorney a certificate that was valid at the time the violation occurred.
(c) Exemptions. The following persons are exempt from the requirements of this section:

(1) a person who is licensed by the U.S. Coast Guard to operate a vessel for commercial purposes;

(2) a person operating a vessel on a body of water located on private property; and

(3) any other person exempted by rules of the Department of Public Safety.

* * *

(f) Persons offering courses. The following persons may offer the course of instruction in boating safety education if approved by the Department of Public Safety:

(1) the Department of Public Safety;
(2) the U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary;
(3) the U.S. Power Squadrons;
(4) a political subdivision;
(5) a municipal corporation;
(6) a State agency;
(7) a public or nonpublic school; and
(8) any group, firm, association, or person.

(g) Issuance of certificate. The Department of Public Safety or its designee shall issue a certificate of boating safety education to a person who:

* * *

(h) Education materials. Upon request, the Department of Public Safety shall provide, without charge, boating safety education materials to persons who plan to take the boating safety equivalency examination.

(i) Lifetime issuance. Once issued, the certificate of boating safety education is valid for the lifetime of the person to whom it was issued and may not be revoked by the Department of Public Safety or a court of law.

* * *

- 1689 -
§ 3306. LIGHTS AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Every vessel shall carry and show the following lights, in the intensity prescribed under 33 C.F.R. § 83.22, as amended, when underway between sunset and sunrise and during other periods of restricted visibility:

(1) manually propelled boats, a lantern capable of showing a white light which shall be temporarily displayed in sufficient time to prevent collision;

(2) motorboats less than 26 feet in length, a white light aft showing all around, visible for at least two miles, a light in the forepart of the boat, lower than the white light aft, showing green to starboard and red to port, visible for at least one mile;

(3) motorboats 26 feet or longer, a white light aft showing all around, visible for at least two miles, and a light in the forepart of the boat showing red to port and green to starboard, visible at least one mile;

(4) boats propelled by sail, a white light showing all around visible for at least two miles, and a white light in the forepart of the boat, lower than the white light aft, showing red to port and green to starboard;

(5) any Unpowered vessels.

(A) A sailing vessel shall exhibit:

(i) sidelights; and

(ii) a sternlight.

(B) A sailing vessel may, in addition to the lights prescribed in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1), exhibit at or near the top of the mast, where they can best be seen, two all-round lights in a vertical line, the upper being red and the lower being green.

(C) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1), on a sailing vessel of less than 20 meters in length, the lights prescribed in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1) may be combined in a single light and exhibited at or near the top of the mast, where it can best be seen, but may not also have exhibited two all-round lights in a vertical line, as permitted in subdivision (B) of this subdivision (1).

(D) Notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1), a sailing vessel of less than seven meters in length shall, if practicable, exhibit the lights prescribed in subdivision (1) of this subsection (a) but, if not practicable, shall exhibit or have onboard an all-round white light that shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.
(E) A vessel under oars or one or more paddles may exhibit the lights prescribed in subdivision (1) of this subsection (a), but, if such lights are not exhibited, the vessel shall exhibit or have onboard an all-round white light that shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.

(2) Motorboats.

(A) A motorboat, including one that is also proceeding under sail, shall exhibit:

(i) a masthead light forward;

(ii) a second masthead light abaft of and higher than the light required under subdivision (i) of this subdivision (A) if the vessel is 50 meters or more in length;

(iii) sidelights; and

(iv) a sternlight.

(B) A motorboat that is also proceeding under sail shall exhibit forward, where it can best be seen, a conical shape, apex downward.

(3) Lights approved by the U.S. Coast Guard. Any light or combination of lights approved by the U.S. Coast Guard for inland waters shall be considered legal for Vermont waters.

(b)(1) Personal flotation devices. Each vessel, except sailboards, shall, consistent with federal regulations, carry for each individual aboard at least one wearable U.S. Coast Guard-approved personal flotation device consistent with federal regulations that is in good and serviceable condition for each individual aboard and capable of being used in accordance with the U.S. Coast Guard approval label.

(2) Vessels; individuals less than 12 years of age. In addition to the provisions of this subsection, a person an individual under 12 years of age aboard a vessel, while under way and the individual is on an open deck, shall wear a Type I, II, or III properly secured wearable U.S. Coast Guard-approved personal flotation device as intended by the manufacturer.

(3) Sailboards; individuals less than 16 years of age. An individual under 16 years of age aboard a sailboard shall wear a Type I, II, or III properly secured wearable U.S. Coast Guard-approved personal flotation device as intended by the manufacturer.

(4) Inspected commercial vessels. U.S. Coast Guard-inspected commercial vessels shall be exempt from the provisions of this subsection.
(c) Every motorboat and auxiliary-powered sailboats, except a motorboat that is less than 26 feet in length, that has an outboard motorboat less than 26 feet in length motor and of an open construction, and is not carrying passengers for hire shall carry on board, fully charged and in good condition, U.S. Coast Guard-approved hand portable fire extinguishers as follows:

1. Motorboats and auxiliary-powered sailboats with no fixed fire extinguisher system in the machinery space and that are:
   - less than 26 feet in length, one extinguisher;
   - 26 feet or longer, but less than 40 feet, two extinguishers;
   - 40 feet or longer, three extinguishers.

2. Motorboats and auxiliary-powered sailboats with a fixed fire extinguisher system in the machinery space and that are:
   - 26 feet or longer but less than 40 feet, one extinguisher;
   - 40 feet or longer, two extinguishers.

(d) The extinguishers referred to by this section are class B-I or 5-B extinguishers described in 46 C.F.R. § 25.30, but one class B-II or 20-B extinguisher described in that regulation may be substituted for two class B-I or 5-B extinguishers.

(e) Every marine toilet on board any vessel operated on the waters of the State shall also incorporate or be equipped with a holding tank. Any holding tank or marine toilet designed so as to provide for an optional means of discharge to the waters on which the vessel is operating shall have the discharge openings sealed shut and any discharge lines, pipes, or hoses shall be disconnected and stored while the vessel is in the waters of this State.

Sec. 14. 23 V.S.A. § 3307(a) is amended to read:

(a) A motorboat is not required to have a Vermont number under this chapter if it is:

3. A motorboat owned by the United States, a state or subdivision of the United States, or a state and not rented, leased, or used by any person other than an employee of the government used principally for governmental purposes and that is clearly identifiable as such, provided that the state or subdivision has jurisdiction over the motorboat and follows the guidance of 33 C.F.R. § 173.19. However, the boat shall have the name of the government or department of the government owning it printed on each side of the bow.
(4) A ship’s vessel’s lifeboat.

* * *

(6) A motorboat that has a valid marine document issued by U.S. Customs and Border Protection or any successor federal agency.

Sec. 15. 23 V.S.A. § 3307a is amended to read:

§ 3307a. DOCUMENTED BOAT MOTORBOAT VALIDATION STICKER

(a) Annual validation required.

(1) An owner of a vessel, as defined in subdivision 3302(6) of this title, motorboat that has been registered in another state under a federally approved numbering system, or that has a valid document issued by the U.S. Coast Guard, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, or any other federal agency, and that is used in the waters of the State for at least 30 days in any calendar year shall apply annually to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles for validation of the out-of-state or federal registration of that vessel motorboat.

(2) The Commissioner shall issue a validation sticker to any person owner who submits an application and pays a fee as required by subsection (b) of this section provided that the out-of-state or federal registration is valid and that the requirements of section 3322 of this title are met.

(3) A validation sticker issued under this section shall be valid through December 31 of the year in which it is issued.

(b) Application; fee. The owner of the vessel motorboat shall:

(1) submit an application, on a form that the Commissioner requires, signed by every owner of the motorboat to the Commissioner on the form that the Commissioner requires and be signed by every owner of the vessel; and

(2) pay to the Commissioner an application fee in the same amount as would be paid if the vessel motorboat was being registered under subsection 3305(b) of this title.

(c) Sale of vessel motorboat. Within 30 days after the sale or other transfer of a vessel motorboat that is or should be validated under this section:

(1) the transferor shall give notice of the transfer to the Commissioner on a form that the Commissioner requires; and

(2) if the transferee intends to continue to use the vessel motorboat on the waters of the State for at least 30 days in any calendar year, he or she shall submit an application for validation and pay the fee as required by subsection (b) of this section.
(d) Display of sticker. The validation sticker shall be displayed on or about the forward half of the vessel motorboat.

(e) Operation without sticker prohibited. Unless the vessel motorboat that is subject to the validation requirement of this section displays a current validation sticker:

1. a person an individual may not operate the vessel motorboat on the waters of the State; and

2. the owner may not knowingly permit the vessel motorboat to be operated on the waters of the State.

Sec. 16. 23 V.S.A. § 3310(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation or a municipality in administering a swimming beach or waterfront program may designate a swimming area in front of the beach or land that the State or a municipality owns or controls and may make rules pertaining to the area. The rules may provide that no person individual, except a lifeguard on duty and other authorized personnel, may operate any boat, canoe, or water vehicle a vessel, seaplane, racing shell, or rowing scull of any sort within the designated swimming area.

Sec. 17. 23 V.S.A. § 3311(c) is amended to read:

(c) Distance requirements.

1. An individual shall not operate any vessel, seaplane, racing shell, or rowing scull, except a sailboard or a police or emergency vessel, within 200 feet of the shoreline, a person an individual in the water, a canoe, rowboat, or other vessel, an anchored or moored vessel containing any individual, or anchorages or docks, except at a speed of less than five miles per hour that does not create a wake.

2. An individual shall not operate any vessel, seaplane, racing shell, or rowing scull, except a nonmotorized canoe, a nonmotorized rowboat, or a police or emergency vessel, within 200 feet of a divers-down flag.

3. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit rendering assistance to another person individual, picking up a person an individual in the water, necessary mooring or landing, or leaving shore, or operating in any other place where obstruction, other than the shoreline, would prevent abiding by this statute.

4. An individual shall not operate a vessel, except at speeds of less than five miles per hour, within 200 feet of a designated swimming area.
Sec. 18. 23 V.S.A. § 3311(h) is amended to read:

(h) Power of law enforcement officers; authority to stop and board. A law enforcement officer may stop and board any motorized vessel motorboat afloat on public waters of the State at any time to:

(1) inspect its documents;

(2) inspect the licenses and permits of the operator of the vessel motorboat; or

(3) conduct a safety inspection for required equipment.

Sec. 19. 23 V.S.A. §§ 3312, 3312a, and 3313 are amended to read:

§ 3312. OPERATIONS RULES AS BETWEEN VESSELS

(a) When two boats motorboats are approaching each other “head on” or in a manner so as to involve risk of collision, each boat motorboat shall bear to the right and pass the other boat motorboat on its left side.

(b) When boats two vessels approach each other obliquely or at right angles, the boat vessel approaching on the right side has the right of way should maintain its course and speed.

(c) One boat A vessel may overtake another vessel on either side but shall grant the right of way to the overtaken boat must be prepared to take early and substantial action to avoid collision. The vessel being overtaken should maintain its course and speed.

* * *

§ 3312a. OPERATION OF PERSONAL WATERCRAFT

(a) A person under the age of 16 An individual less than 16 years of age shall not operate a personal watercraft.

(b) All persons individuals operating or riding on a personal watercraft shall wear a Type I, II, or III properly secured wearable U.S. Coast Guard-approved personal flotation device as intended by the manufacturer.

(c) Personal watercraft shall not be operated at any time between sunset and sunrise.

(d) Every person individual operating a personal watercraft equipped by the manufacturer with a lanyard type engine cut-off switch shall attach the lanyard to his or her wrist, clothing, or personal flotation device as appropriate for the specific craft.

- 1695 -
§ 3313. COLLISIONS, ACCIDENTS CRASHES, AND CASUALTIES

(a) The operator of a vessel involved in a collision, accident crash, or other casualty, so far as he or she can do so without serious danger to his or her own vessel, crew, and passengers, shall render to other persons individuals affected by the collision, accident crash, or other casualty such assistance as may be practicable and as may be necessary in order to save them from or minimize any danger caused by the collision, accident crash, or other casualty. Also, he or she shall give his or her name, address, and identification of his or her vessel in writing to any person individual injured and to the owner of any property damaged in the collision, accident crash, or other casualty.

(b) If a collision, accident crash, or other casualty involving a vessel results in death or injury to a person individual or damage to property in excess of $100.00 $2,000.00, the operator shall file with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles within 36 hours a full description of the collision, accident crash, or other casualty, including such information as the Commissioner may, by rule, require.

Sec. 20. 23 V.S.A. § 3316(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Commissioner of Public Safety may authorize the holding of public regattas, motorboat or other boat vessel races, marine parades, tournaments, water skiing events, exhibitions, or triathlons on any waters of this State and any associated public roads. He or she shall adopt and may, from time to time, amend rules concerning the safety of motorboats and other vessels and persons individuals on these vessels, either observers or participants, and of persons individuals swimming, cycling, or running in or observing an event. Whenever a public regatta, motorboat or other boat vessel race, marine parade, tournament, water skiing event, exhibition, or triathlon is proposed to be held, the person in charge shall, at least 15 days prior to the event, file an application with the Department of Public Safety for permission to hold the regatta, motorboat or other boat vessel race, marine parade, tournament, water skiing event, exhibition, or triathlon. A copy of such application shall be sent to the municipality and organized lake association where the event is to be held 15 days in advance of the event to allow for comment. The application shall set forth the date, time, and location where it is proposed to hold the regatta, motorboat or other boat vessel race, marine parade, tournament, water skiing event, exhibition, or triathlon and it shall not be conducted without authorization of the Department of Public Safety in writing, except that this provision shall not apply to unscheduled boat vessel races to which the public has not been invited.
Sec. 21. 23 V.S.A. §§ 3320 and 3321 are amended to read:

§ 3320. MOTOR PROPELLED BOATS MOTORBOATS ON DUFRESNE DAM WATERS PROHIBITED

(a) The use and operation of motor-propelled boats motorboats on the waters impounded by the Dufresne Dam, so-called, on the Battenkill River in the town of Manchester is prohibited.

* * *

§ 3321. MOTOR PROPELLED BOATS MOTORBOATS IN SOUTH POND PROHIBITED

(a) The use and operation of motor-propelled boats motorboats on the waters of South Pond in the town of Marlboro is prohibited.

* * *

Sec. 22. 23 V.S.A. § 3801 is amended to read:

§ 3801. DEFINITIONS

* * *

(8) “Motorboat” means any vessel propelled by machinery, whether or not the machinery is the principal source of propulsion, but shall not include a vessel that has a valid marine document issued by U.S. Customs and Border Protection or any successor federal agency. [Repealed.]

* * *

(11) “Owner” means a person, other than a lienholder, having property in or title to a vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle. The term includes a person entitled to use or possess a vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle subject to an interest in another person, which is reserved or created by agreement and securing payment of performance of an obligation, but it does not include a lessee under a lease not intended as security.

* * *

(19) “Vessel” means every description of motorboat watercraft capable of being used as a means of transportation on water that is equipped with machinery capable of propelling the watercraft, whether or not such machinery is the principal source of propulsion, but shall not include a watercraft that has a valid marine document issued by U.S. Customs and Border Protection or any successor federal agency.

* * *
Sec. 23. REPLACEMENTS

When preparing the Vermont Statutes Annotated for publication in 2021, the Office of Legislative Counsel shall replace the words “accident” with “crash” and “accidents” with “crashes” and the phrase “an accident” with “a crash” in the following statutory sections: 23 V.S.A. §§ 102(a)(3) and (4), 108, 326, 364(a)(b), 454(a)(4), 603(a)(2), 607(a)(a), 704(3), 731(a), 750(b)(8) and (d)(8), 802(c) and (i), 804(d)(1), 809(a), 810, 843, 921, 941(f) and (g), 1001(a)(4), 1046(b)(2), 1128(b) and (c), 1201(c), 1202(d)(6)(B) and (f), 1203(g), 1603a, 1603b, 2502(a)(5)(D) and (b), 3206(b)(19), 3207(f), 3211, 3305(c)(1)(D), 3317(c), 3506(b)(13), 3511, 4102, and 4103(16)(E).

Sec. 24. 23 V.S.A. § 114(a)(7) and (8) are amended to read:

(7) Certified copy individual accident crash report $12.00

(8) Certified copy police accident crash report $18.00

Sec. 25. 23 V.S.A. § 4108(d)(1)(E) is amended to read:

(E) has not had any conviction for a violation, other than a parking violation, of military, state, or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control arising in connection with any traffic accident crash, and has no record of an accident a crash in which he or she was at fault; and

Sec. 26. 23 V.S.A. § 4121(b)(2)(E) and (F) are amended to read:

(E) has not had any conviction for a violation of state or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, arising in connection with any traffic accident crash;

(F) has not been convicted of any motor vehicle traffic violation that resulted in an accident a crash; and

** Incorrect Capitalization **

Sec. 27. 23 V.S.A. § 4103(16)(E) is amended to read:

(E) A violation of any State state law or local ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, arising in connection with an accident or collision resulting in death to any individual.

Sec. 28. 23 V.S.A. § 4116(a)(3) is amended to read:

(3) using a motor vehicle in the commission of any offense under State state or federal law that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;
Sec. 29. 23 V.S.A. § 4116(c)(2) is amended to read:

(2) any offense under State or federal law that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a regulated drug, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a regulated drug where the person used a motor vehicle in the commission of the offense; or

Sec. 30. 23 V.S.A. § 4116a(e) is amended to read:

(e) An individual’s privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle in the State of Vermont shall be suspended for life if the individual uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any offense under State or federal law that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a regulated drug, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a regulated drug, and for which the individual was convicted.

* * * Commercial Driver’s Licenses * * *

Sec. 31. 23 V.S.A. § 4108(b) is amended to read:

(b) The Commissioner shall not issue a commercial driver’s license or commercial learner’s permit to any individual:

* * *

(3) Unless Vermont is the state of domicile of the individual and the individual has passed a knowledge and skills test for driving a commercial motor vehicle that complies with minimum federal standards established by federal regulation enumerated in 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts F, G, and H, as may be amended, and has satisfied all other requirements of 49 C.F.R. Part 380 and 49 U.S.C. ch. Chapter 313, as may be amended, and the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1986, Title XII of Pub. L. No. 99-570, Title XII (Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986), as may be amended, in addition to other requirements imposed by state law or federal regulation. The tests shall be prescribed and conducted by the Commissioner.

* * * Records Inspection * * *

Sec. 32. 23 V.S.A. § 3836(a) is amended to read:

(a) Each person who purchases or in any manner acquires a vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle as salvage shall keep and maintain for a period of not less than five years such records as may be prescribed by the Commissioner that are reasonably necessary to substantiate the information contained in the application required by sections 3840 3833 and 3842 3835 of
this title. These records shall include parts and accessories obtained and used for the repair or rebuilding, or both, of a vessel, snowmobile, or all-terrain vehicle, and such financial records that will allow the Commissioner to determine if the person qualifies to become or remain licensed as a “salvage dealer.”

* * * Enforcement in 1998 * * *

Sec. 33. REPEAL

23 V.S.A. § 1220 (drunken driving enforcement in fiscal year 1998) is repealed.

* * * Signal Lamps * * *

Sec. 34. 23 V.S.A. § 1252 is amended to read:

§ 1252. ISSUANCE OF PERMITS FOR SIRENS OR COLORED LAMPS, OR BOTH; USE OF AMBER LAMPS

(a) When satisfied as to the condition and use of the vehicle, the Commissioner shall issue and may revoke, for cause, permits for sirens or and colored signal lamps in the following manner:

(1)(A) Sirens or blue signal lamps, or blue and white signal lamps, or a combination of these thereof, may be authorized for all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a law enforcement agency, a certified law enforcement officer, or the Vermont Criminal Justice Council.

(B) A red signal lamp or an amber signal lamp, or a combination thereof, may be authorized for all law enforcement vehicles owned or leased by a law enforcement agency, a certified law enforcement officer, or the Vermont Criminal Justice Council, provided that the Commissioner shall require the lamp or lamps be mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.

(C) If the applicant is a constable, the application shall be accompanied by a certification by the town clerk that the applicant is the duly elected or appointed constable and attesting that the town has not voted to limit the constable’s authority to engage in enforcement activities under 24 V.S.A. § 1936a.

(2)(A) Sirens and red or red and white signal lamps may be authorized for all ambulances, fire apparatus, and other emergency medical service (EMS) vehicles, vehicles owned or leased by a fire department, vehicles used solely in rescue operations, or vehicles owned or leased by, or provided to, volunteer firefighters and voluntary rescue squad members, including a vehicle owned by a volunteer’s employer when the volunteer has the written authorization of
the employer to use the vehicle for emergency fire or rescue activities.

(B) A blue signal lamp or an amber signal lamp, or a combination thereof, may be authorized for all EMS vehicles or vehicles owned or leased by a fire department, provided that the Commissioner shall require the lamp or lamps be mounted so as to be visible primarily from the rear of the vehicle.

(3) No vehicle may be authorized a permit for more than one of the combinations described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. [Repealed.]

(4) No motor vehicle, other than one owned by the applicant, shall be issued a permit until the Commissioner has recorded the information regarding both the owner of the vehicle and the applicant for the permit.

(5) Upon application to the Commissioner, the Commissioner may issue a single permit for all the vehicles owned or leased by the applicant.

(6) Sirens and red or red and white signal lamps, or sirens and blue or blue and white signal lamps, may be authorized for restored emergency or enforcement vehicles used for exhibition purposes. Sirens and lamps authorized under this subdivision may only be activated during an exhibition, such as a car show or parade.

(b) Amber signal lamps shall be used on road maintenance vehicles, service vehicles, and wreckers and shall be used on all registered snow removal equipment when in use removing snow on public highways, and the amber lamps shall be mounted so as to be visible from all sides of the motor vehicle. A vehicle equipped with an amber signal lamp may not be issued a permit for the installation and use of a siren.

Sec. 35. 23 V.S.A. § 1255 is amended to read:

§ 1255. EXCEPTIONS

(a) The provisions of section 1251 of this title shall not apply to directional signal lamps of a type approved by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles.

(b) All persons with motor vehicles equipped as provided in subdivisions 1252(a)(1) and (2) of this title shall use the sirens or colored signal lamps, or both, only in the direct performance of their official duties. When any person other than a law enforcement officer is operating a motor vehicle equipped as provided in subdivision 1252(a)(1) of this title, the colored signal lamp lamps shall be either removed, covered, or hooded. When any person other than an authorized ambulance emergency medical service vehicle operator, firefighter, or authorized operator of vehicles used in rescue operation operations is operating a motor vehicle equipped as provided in subdivision 1252(a)(2) of
this title, the colored signal lamps shall be either removed, covered, or hooded unless the operator holds a senior operator license.

* * * All-Terrain Vehicles * * *

Sec. 36. 23 V.S.A. § 3502(a) is amended to read:

(a)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an individual shall not operate an ATV on the VASA Trail System, on State land designated by the Secretary pursuant to subdivision 3506(b)(4) of this title, or along any highway that is not adjacent to the property of the operator unless the ATV:

(A) is registered pursuant to this title or in accordance with subsection (e) of this section; and

(B) displays a valid VASA Trail Access Decal (TAD).

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, neither registration nor display of a TAD is required to operate an ATV:

* * *

(E) On frozen bodies of water as designated by the Agency of Natural Resources under the provisions of 10 V.S.A. § 2607. Notwithstanding subdivision 3506(b)(16) of this title, protective headgear is not required when an ATV is operated on a frozen body of water pursuant to this subdivision. [Repealed.]

* * *

(4) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection and subdivision 3506(b)(16) of this title, neither the display of a TAD nor the use of protective headgear is required to operate an ATV on frozen bodies of water as designated by the Agency of Natural Resources under the provisions of 10 V.S.A. § 2607.

Sec. 37. 23 V.S.A. § 3506(b) is amended to read:

(b) An ATV shall not be operated:

* * *

(16) Unless At locations where the ATV must be registered in order to be lawfully operated under section 3502 of this title unless the operator and all passengers wear:

(A) properly secured protective headgear, of a type approved by the Commissioner and as intended by the manufacturer, if the ATV is operated at locations where the ATV must be registered in order to be lawfully operated under section 3502 of this title that is used as intended by the manufacturer of
the headgear and conforms to the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards contained in 49 C.F.R. § 571.218, as amended, and any applicable regulations promulgated by the U.S. Secretary of Transportation; or

(B) properly secured protective headgear that is used as intended by the manufacturer of the headgear and conforms to ASTM International or National Operating Committee on Standards for Athletic Equipment safety standards, provided that the ATV is equipped with manufacturer-installed rollover protection and safety belts that have not been removed or modified in a way that reduces their effectiveness.

** Effective Dates **

Sec. 38. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section (effective dates) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Sec. 5 (certificate of title; 23 V.S.A. § 2015(c)) shall take effective retroactively on April 1, 2020.

(c) Notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214, Secs. 1 (display of number plates; 23 V.S.A. § 511) and 2 (temporary plate; 23 V.S.A. § 518) shall take effect retroactively on September 8, 2020.

(d) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

S. 102

An act relating to the regulation of agricultural inputs for farming.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

** Compost Foraging; Farming **

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 6001 is amended to read:

§ 6001. DEFINITIONS

In As used in this chapter:

**

(3)(A) “Development” means each of the following:

**

(D) The word “development” does not include:

(i) The construction of improvements for farming, logging, or forestry purposes below the elevation of 2,500 feet.
(vii) The construction of improvements below the elevation of 2,500 feet for the on-site storage, preparation, and sale of compost, provided that one of the following applies:

***

(III) The compost is principally used on the farm where it was produced.

***

(22) “Farming” means:

(A) the cultivation or other use of land for growing food, fiber, Christmas trees, maple sap, or horticultural and orchard crops; or

(B) the raising, feeding, or management of livestock, poultry, fish, or bees; or

(C) the operation of greenhouses; or

(D) the production of maple syrup; or

(E) the on-site storage, preparation, and sale of agricultural products principally produced on the farm; or

(F) the on-site storage, preparation, production, and sale of fuel or power from agricultural products or wastes principally produced on the farm; or

(G) the raising, feeding, or management of four or more equines owned or boarded by the farmer, including training, showing, and providing instruction and lessons in riding, training, and the management of equines; or

(H) the importation of 2,000 cubic yards per year or less of food residuals or food processing residuals onto a farm for the production of compost, provided that:

(i) the compost is principally used on the farm where it is produced; or

(ii) the compost is produced on a small farm that raises or manages poultry.

***

(38) “Farm” means, for the purposes of subdivision (22)(H) of this section, a parcel or parcels of land owned, leased, or managed by a person and devoted primarily to farming that meets the threshold criteria as established under the Required Agricultural Practices.
(39) “Food processing residuals” means the remaining organic material from a food processing plant and may include whey and other dairy, cheese making, and ice cream residuals or residuals from any food manufacturing process excluding livestock or poultry slaughtering and rendering operations. “Food processing residuals” does not include food residuals from markets, groceries, or restaurants.

(40) “Food residuals” has the same meaning as in section 6602 of this title.

(41) “Principally used” means, for the purposes of subdivision (3)(D)(vii)(III) and (22)(H) of this section, that more than 50 percent, either by volume or weight, of the compost produced on the farm is physically and permanently incorporated into the native soils on the farm as a soil enhancement and is not removed or sold at any time thereafter.

(42) “Small farm” has the same meaning as in 6 V.S.A. § 4871.

Sec. 2. Section 2 of the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, Vermont Required Agricultural Practices Rule for the Agricultural Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Program is amended to read:

Section 2. Definitions

* * *

2.16 Farming means:

(a) the cultivation or other use of land for growing food, fiber, Christmas trees, maple sap, or horticultural, viticultural, and orchard crops; or

(b) the raising, feeding, or management of livestock, poultry, fish, or bees; or

(c) the operation of greenhouses; or

(d) the production of maple syrup; or

(e) the on-site storage, preparation, and sale of agricultural products principally produced on the farm; or

(f) the on-site storage, preparation, production, and sale of fuel or power from agricultural products or wastes principally produced on the farm; or

(g) the raising, feeding, or management of four or more equines owned or boarded by the farmer, including training, showing, and providing instruction and lessons in riding, training, and the management of equines; or
(h) the importation of 2,000 cubic yards per year or less of food residuals or food processing residuals onto a farm for the production of compost, provided that:

(1) the compost is principally used on the farm where it is produced; or

(2) the compost is produced on a small farm that raises or manages poultry.

* * *

2.44 “Food residual” means source separated and uncontaminated material that is derived from processing or discarding of food and that is recyclable, in a manner consistent with 10 V.S.A. § 6605k. Food residual may include preconsumer and postconsumer food scraps. “Food residual” does not mean meat and meat-related products when the food residuals are composted by a resident on site.

2.45 “Principally used” means that more than 50 percent, either by volume or weight, of the compost produced on the farm is physically and permanently incorporated into the native soils on the farm as a soil enhancement and is not removed or sold at any time thereafter.

Sec. 3. 6 V.S.A. chapter 218 is added to read:

CHAPTER 218. AGRICULTURAL RESIDUALS MANAGEMENT

§ 5131. PURPOSE

The purpose of this chapter is to establish a program for the management of residual wastes generated, imported to, or managed on a farm for farming in Vermont.

§ 5132. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Agency” means the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets.

(2) “Compost” means a stable humus-like material produced by the controlled biological decomposition of organic matter through active management but shall not mean sewage, septage, or materials derived from sewage or septage.

(3) “Farm” means a parcel or parcels of land owned, leased, or managed by a person and devoted primarily to farming that meets the threshold criteria for regulation under the Required Agricultural Practices.

(4) “Farming” has the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22).
(5) “Food processing residuals” means the remaining organic material from a food processing plant and may include whey and other dairy, cheese making, and ice cream residuals or residuals from any food manufacturing process excluding livestock or poultry slaughtering and rendering operations. “Food processing residuals” do not include food residuals from markets, groceries, or restaurants.

(6) “Food residuals” means source separated and uncontaminated material that is derived from processing or discarding of food and that is recyclable or compostable. “Food residuals” may include preconsumer and postconsumer food scraps. “Food residuals” include meat and meat-related products when the disposition of the products is managed on a farm.

(7) “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets.

(8) “Source separation” has the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 6602.

§ 5133. FOOD RESIDUALS; RULEMAKING

(a) The Secretary shall regulate the importation of food residuals or food processing residuals onto a farm.

(b)(1) The Secretary shall adopt by rule requirements for the management of food residuals and food processing residuals on a farm. The rules may include requirements regarding:

(A) the proper composting of food residuals or food processing residuals;
(B) destruction of pathogens in food residuals, food processing residuals, or compost;
(C) prevention of public health threat from food residuals, food processing residuals, or compost;
(D) protection of natural resources or the environment; and
(E) prevention of objectionable odors, noise, vectors, or other nuisance conditions.

(2) The Secretary may adopt the rules required by this section as part of the Required Agricultural Practices or as independent rules under this chapter.

(3) The rules shall prohibit a farm from initiating the production of compost from food residuals or food processing residuals imported onto the farm on or after July 1, 2021 within a downtown, village center, new town center, neighborhood development area, or growth center designated under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76a, unless the municipality has expressly allowed composting in the designated area under the municipal zoning or subdivision bylaws or in an approved municipal plan.
(4) The rules adopted under this section shall be designed to reduce odor, noise, vectors, and other nuisance conditions on farms and to protect the public health and the environment in a manner that is equal to or better than the rules for compost facilities in the Agency of Natural Resources’ Vermont Solid Waste Management Rules, as amended.

(c) A farm producing compost under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H) shall be regulated under this chapter and shall not require a certification or other approval from the Agency of Natural Resources under 10 V.S.A. chapter 159.

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 6605 is amended to read:

§ 6605. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY CERTIFICATION

(a)(1) No person shall construct, substantially alter, or operate any solid waste management facility without first obtaining certification from the Secretary for such facility, site, or activity, except for sludge or septage treatment or storage facilities located within the fenced area of a domestic wastewater treatment plant permitted under chapter 47 of this title. This exemption for sludge or septage treatment or storage facilities shall exist only if:

    * * *

(2) Certification shall be valid for a period not to exceed 10 years.

    * * *

    (n) A farm producing compost under subdivision 6001(22)(H) is exempt from the requirements of this section.

Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 6605h is amended to read:

§ 6605h. COMPOSTING REGISTRATION

Notwithstanding sections 6605, 6605f, and 6611 of this title, the Secretary may, by rule, authorize a person engaged in the production or management of compost at a small scale composting facility to register with the Secretary instead of obtaining a facility certification under section 6605 or 6605c of this title. This section shall not apply to a farm producing compost under subdivision 6001(22)(H) of this title.
Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 6605j is amended to read:

§ 6605j. ACCEPTED COMPOSTING PRACTICES

(a) The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, shall adopt by rule, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, and shall implement and enforce accepted composting practices for the management of composting in the State. These accepted composting practices shall address:

(1) standards for the construction, alteration, or operation of a composting facility;

(2) standards for facility operation, including acceptable quantities of product or inputs, vector management, odors, noise, traffic, litter control, contaminant management, operator training and qualifications, recordkeeping, and reporting;

(3) standards for siting of composting facilities, including siting and operation of compost storage areas, compost bagging areas, and roads and parking areas;

(4) standards for the composting process, including rotation, management of compost piles, compost pile size, and monitoring of compost operations;

(5) standards for management of runoff from compost facilities, including liquids management from the feedstock area, active composting areas, curing area, and compost storage area; the use of swales or stormwater management around or within a compost facility; vegetative buffer requirements; and run-off management from tipping areas;

(6) specified areas of the State unsuitable for the siting of commercial composting that utilizes post-consumer food residuals or animal mortalities, such as designated downtowns, village centers, village growth areas, or areas of existing residential density; and

(7) definitions of “small-scale composting facility,” “medium-scale composting facility,” and “de minimis composting exempt from regulation.”

(b) A person operating a small scale composting facility or operating a composting facility on a farm who follows the accepted composting practices shall not be required to obtain a discharge permit under section 1263 or 1264 of this title, a solid waste facility certification under chapter 159 of this title, or an air emissions permit under chapter 23 of this title unless a permit is required by federal law or the Secretary of Natural Resources determines that a permit is necessary to protect public health or the environment.
(c) The Secretary of Natural Resources shall coordinate with the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets in implementing and enforcing the accepted composting practices. The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets and the Secretary of Natural Resources may, after opportunity for public review and comment, develop a memorandum of understanding for implementation and enforcement of the accepted composting practices. [Repealed.]

(d) The Secretary shall not regulate under this section a farm producing compost under subdivision 6001(22)(H) of this title.

Sec. 7. APPLICATION OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT RULES

Prior to adoption of rules under 6 V.S.A. § 5133, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall require a person producing compost on a farm under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H) to comply with Sections 6–1101 through 6–1111 of the Agency of Natural Resources’ Vermont Solid Waste Management Rules. After adoption of rules under 6 V.S.A. § 5133, Sections 6-1101 through 6-1111 of the Agency of Natural Resources’ Vermont Solid Waste Management Rules shall not apply to a person producing compost on a farm under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H).

Sec. 8. REPORT ON IMPORTATION OF FOOD RESIDUALS FOR FARMING

On or before January 15, 2022 and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall submit to the Senate Committees on Agriculture and on Natural Resources and Energy and the House Committees on Agriculture and Forestry and on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife a report regarding importation of food residuals for composting under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H). The report shall include:

1. an inventory of the operators of farms that are producing compost under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H), including the estimated volume of food residuals imported onto farms;

2. a status report on the rulemaking required under 6 V.S.A. § 5133 and any subsequent amendment to those rules;

3. an accounting of any complaints regarding or enforcement actions brought against a farm producing compost under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H); and

4. any additional information that the Secretary determines is relevant to the administration of compost production under 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22)(H).
Sec. 8a. RULEMAKING; IMPLEMENTATION

The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall initiate the rulemaking required under 6 V.S.A. § 5133 on or before January 1, 2022. The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall file under 3 V.S.A. § 841 a final proposal of the rules required under 6 V.S.A. § 5133 on or before January 1, 2023.

* * * Dosage Form Animal Health Products; Feed Supplements * * *

Sec. 9. 6 V.S.A. chapter 26 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 26. COMMERCIAL FEEDS

§ 323. DEFINITIONS

When As used in this chapter:

(1) “Dosage form animal health product” means any product intended to affect the structure or function of the animal’s body or enhance or support the health or well-being of livestock, poultry, dogs, cats, or other domestic animals that does not provide nutritional benefit, does not require a prescription from a licensed veterinarian, is not intended for cosmetic purposes, or is exempted by the Secretary by rule. “Dosage form animal health product” shall not include a product regulated by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration as a drug.

(2) “Brand name” means any word, name, symbol, or device, or any combination thereof, identifying the commercial feed, feed supplement, dosage form animal health product, or a distributor or registrant and distinguishing it from that of others.

(3) “Commercial feed” means all materials except whole seeds unmixed or physically altered entire unmixed seeds, when not adulterated within the meaning of subsection 327(a) of this title, which are distributed for use as feed or for mixing in feed. The Secretary by regulation may exempt from this definition, or from specific provisions of this chapter, commodities such as hay, straw, stover, silage, cobs, husks, hulls, and individual chemical compounds or substances when such commodities, compounds, or substances are not intermixed or mixed with other materials, and are not adulterated within the meaning of subsection 327(a) of this title.

(4) “Customer-formula feed” means commercial feed that consists of a mixture of commercial feeds or feed ingredients each batch of which is manufactured according to the specific instructions of the final purchaser.
“(4)(5) “Distribute” means to offer for sale, sell, exchange, or barter commercial feed, feed supplements, or dosage form animal health products or to supply, furnish, or otherwise provide commercial feed, feed supplements, or dosage form animal health products through any means, including sales outlets, catalogues, the telephone, the Internet, or any electronic means.

(5)(6) “Distributor” means any person who distributes commercial feeds, feed supplements, or dosage form animal health products.

(6)(7) “Drug” means any substance intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in domestic animals other than humans and substances other than feed intended to affect the structure or any function of the animal body.

(7)(8) “Feed ingredient” means each of the constituent materials making up a commercial feed.

(8)(9) “Feed supplement” means a material used with another to improve the nutritive balance or performance of the total and intended to be fed undiluted as a supplement to other feeds or offered free choice with other parts of the ration separately available or further diluted and mixed to produce a complete feed.

(9)(10) “Label” means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon or affixed to the container in which a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product is distributed, or on the invoice or delivery slip with which a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product is distributed.

(10)(11) “Labeling” means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter upon a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product or any of its containers, or the wrapper accompanying the commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product or advertisements, brochures, posters, electronic media, the Internet, and television and radio announcements used in promoting the sale of the commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product.

(11)(12) “Manufacture” means to produce, grind, mix, or blend, or further process a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product for distribution.

(12)(13) “Mineral feed” means a commercial feed intended to supply primarily mineral elements or inorganic nutrients.

(13)(14) “Official sample” means a sample of feed taken by the Secretary in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 330(3) of this title.
(13)(15) “Percent” or “percentages” means percentages by weights.

(14)(16) “Permitted analytical variances” means those allowances for the inherent variability in sampling and laboratory analysis.

(15)(17) “Pet” means any domesticated animal normally maintained in or near the household of the owner.

(16)(18) “Pet food” means any commercial feed prepared and distributed for consumption by pets.

(17)(19) “Product” means the name of the commercial feed which, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product that identifies it as to kind, class, or specific use.

(18)(20) “Specialty pet” means any domesticated animal pet normally maintained in a cage or tank.

(19)(21) “Specialty pet food” means any commercial feed prepared and distributed for consumption by specialty pets.

(20)(22) “Ton” means a net weight of 2,000 pounds avoirdupois.

§ 324. REGISTRATION AND FEES

(a) No person shall manufacture or distribute a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product in this State unless that person has first filed with the Vermont Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, in a form and manner to be prescribed by rules by the Secretary:

(1) the name of the manufacturer or distributor;

(2) the manufacturer’s or distributor’s place of business;

(3) the location of each manufacturing or distribution facility; and

(4) any other information that the Secretary considers to be necessary.

(b) A person shall not distribute in this State a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product that has not been registered pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. Application shall be in a form and manner to be prescribed by rule of the Secretary. The Secretary shall have the authority to determine whether a product subject to an application shall be registered as a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product.

(c)(1) The application for registration of a commercial feed or feed supplement shall be accompanied by a registration fee of $105.00 per product. The registration fees, along with any surcharges collected under subsection (c)(d) of this section, shall be deposited in the special fund created by
subsection 364(e)(f) of this title. Funds deposited in this account shall be restricted to implementing and administering the provisions of this title and any other provisions of the law relating to fertilizer, lime, or seeds. If the Secretary so requests, the application for registration shall be accompanied by a label or other printed matter describing the product.

(2) The application for registration of a dosage form animal health product shall be accompanied by a registration fee of $35.00 per product. The registration fees, along with any surcharges collected under subsection (d) of this section, shall be deposited in the special fund created by subsection 364(f) of this title. Funds deposited in this account shall be restricted to implementing and administering the provisions of this title and any other provisions of the law relating to items registered under this chapter. If the Secretary so requests, the application for registration shall be accompanied by a label or other printed matter describing the product.

(e)(d) No person shall distribute in this State any commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product required to be registered under this chapter upon which the Secretary has placed a withdrawal from distribution order because of nonregistration. A surcharge of $10.00, in addition to the registration fee required by subsection (d)(c) of this section, shall accompany the application for registration of each product upon which a withdrawal from distribution order has been placed for reason of nonregistration, and must be received before removal of the withdrawal from distribution order.

(d)(e) No person shall distribute a commercial feed product in the State that is labeled as bait or feed for white-tailed deer.

§ 325. LABELING

(a) A commercial feed or feed supplement, except a customer-formula feed, shall be accompanied by a label bearing the following information:

(1) the net weight;

(2) the product name and the brand name, if any, under which the commercial feed or feed supplement is distributed;

(3) the guaranteed analysis as required by rule in section 329 of this title;

(4) the common, usual name or collective term of each ingredient used in the manufacture of the commercial feed or feed supplement in descending order;
(5) the name and principal mailing address of the manufacturer or the person responsible for distributing the commercial feed or feed supplement;

(6) adequate directions for use for all commercial feeds or feed supplements containing drugs and for such other feeds as the Secretary may require by rule as necessary for their safe and effective use; and

(7) precautionary statements required to assure the safe and effective use of the commercial feed or feed supplement.

(b) A dosage form animal health product shall be accompanied by a label bearing the following information:

(1) the net weight or count;

(2) the product name and the brand name, if any, under which the dosage form animal health product is distributed;

(3) the established name of each active ingredient and the amount of active ingredient per serving in descending order;

(4) the established name of each inactive ingredient in alphabetical order or in descending order by predominance of the ingredient;

(5) the name, city, and town of the manufacturer or the person responsible for distributing the dosage form animal health product or an e-mail address for the manufacturer or distributor;

(6) adequate directions for use of the dosage form animal health product;

(7) precautionary statements and warnings required to ensure the safe and effective use of the dosage form animal health product; and

(8) structure-function claim stating the intended use of the dosage form animal health product.

c) Customer-formula feed shall be accompanied by a label, invoice, delivery slip, or other shipping document, bearing the following information:

(1) name and address of the manufacturer;

(2) name and address of the purchaser;

(3) date of delivery;

(4) the name of each commercial feed and each other ingredient used in the mixture;
(5) adequate directions for use for all customer-formula feeds containing drugs and for such other feeds as the Secretary may require by rule to ensure their safe and effective use;

(6) the direction for use and precautionary statements;

(7) when a drug-containing product is used:

(A) the purpose of the medication or a claim statement; and

(B) the established name of each active drug ingredient and the level of each drug used in the final mixture; and

(8) the guaranteed analysis as required by rule pursuant to section 329 of this title.

d) For purposes of labeling customer-formula feeds, the guaranteed analysis is not required when:

(1) one or more of the ingredients are provided to the manufacturer by the final purchaser; or

(2) the manufacturer uses a guaranteed analysis provided by the final purchaser as part of the specific instructions for blending a customer-formula feed.

§ 326. MISBRANDING

A commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product shall be deemed to be misbranded if:

(1) its labeling is false or misleading in any particular;

(2) it is distributed under the name of another commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product;

(3) it is not labeled as required in section 325 of this title;

(4) it purports to be or is represented as a commercial feed, or if it purports to contain or is represented as containing a commercial feed ingredient, unless the commercial feed or feed ingredient conforms to the definition, if any, prescribed by rule of the Commissioner; or

(5) information required to appear on the label in a conspicuous manner cannot be easily identified or understood under customary conditions of purchase and use.
§ 327. ADULTERATION

(a) A commercial feed including whole seeds shall be deemed to be adulterated if it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to human or animal health, but in case the substance is not an added substance, the commercial feed shall not be considered adulterated under this subsection if the quantity of the substance in the commercial feed does not ordinarily render it injurious to health.

(b) Any other commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product shall be deemed to be adulterated if:

(1) any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted therefrom or any less valuable substance substituted therefor;

(2) its composition or quality falls below or differs from that which it is purported or is represented to possess by its labeling;

(3) if use of the product may result in contamination of a raw agricultural product;

(4) it contains a drug and the methods used in or the facilities or controls used for its manufacture, processing, or packaging do not conform to current good manufacturing practice and rules promulgated by the Secretary to assure that the drug meets the requirement of this chapter as to safety and has the identity and strength and meets the quality and purity characteristics which that it purports or is represented to possess; or

(4)(5) it contains viable weed seeds in amounts exceeding the limits that the Secretary shall establish by rule.

§ 328. TONNAGE REPORTING

(a) Every person who registers a commercial feed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall report to the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets annually the total amount of combined feed is distributed within the State and which is intended for use within the State. The report shall be made on forms and in a manner to be prescribed by the Secretary for calendar years 2016 and 2017.

(b) This reporting requirement shall not apply to pet foods, within the meaning of subdivisions 323(16) and (19) of this title, and shall not apply to feeds intended for use outside the State. [Repealed.]
§ 329. RULES

(a) The Secretary is authorized to adopt rules establishing procedures or standards, or both, for product registration, labeling, adulteration, reporting, inspection, sampling, guarantees, product analysis, or other conditions necessary for the implementation and enforcement of this chapter. Where appropriate, the rules shall be consistent with the model rules developed by the Association of American Feed Control Officials and regulations adopted by the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 301 et seq.

(b) The official definitions of feed ingredients and official feed terms adopted by the Association of American Feed Control Officials and published in the official publication of that organization, together with any regulation promulgated pursuant to the authority of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 301 et seq., relevant to the subject matter of this chapter, are hereby adopted as rules under this chapter, together with all subsequent amendments. The Secretary may, by rule, amend or repeal any rule adopted under this subsection.

(c) A person shall not manufacture or distribute raw milk as a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product in the State for any species unless all of the following conditions are satisfied:

1. the raw milk shall be decharacterized using a sufficient method to render it distinguishable from products packaged for human consumption;

2. raw animal feed, feed supplements, dosage form animal health products, or pet food products shall be packaged in containers that are labeled “not for human consumption”;

3. raw animal feed, feed supplements, dosage form animal health products, or pet food products shall not be stored or placed for retail sale with, or in the vicinity of, milk or milk products intended for human consumption; and

4. notwithstanding any rule adopted under subsection (b) of this section to the contrary of the provisions of this subsection, the manufacture and distribution of raw animal feed, feed supplements, dosage form animal health products, or pet food products shall comply with the requirements of this chapter.

§ 330. INSPECTION; SAMPLING; ANALYSIS

(a) For the purpose of enforcing this chapter and determining whether or not an operation may be subject to these provisions, the Secretary upon presenting appropriate credentials is authorized:
(1) to enter any premises during normal business hours where commercial feeds, feed supplements, or dosage form animal health products are manufactured, processed, packed, or held for distribution and to stop and enter any vehicle being used to transport or hold feeds;

(2) to inspect factories, warehouses, establishments, vehicles, equipment, finished and unfinished materials, containers, and labeling;

(3) to sample commercial feed and feed ingredients, feed supplements, or dosage form animal health products.

(b) Sampling and analysis shall be conducted in accordance with methods published by the Association of Official Analytical Chemists or in accordance with other generally recognized methods. The results of all analyses of official samples shall be forwarded by the Secretary to the correspondent named in the registration form and to the purchaser. When the inspection and analysis of an official sample indicates that a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product has been adulterated or misbranded and upon request within 30 days following receipt of the analysis, the Secretary shall furnish to the registrant a portion of the sample concerned.

§ 331. PRODUCT DEFICIENCY; SHORT WEIGHT

(a) No registrant may produce, package, distribute, or possess any commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product that is short weight or deficient in either guaranteed ingredients or guaranteed analysis. The Secretary by rule shall establish permitted analytical variances that shall be used to determine whether a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product is deficient.

(b) The Secretary is authorized to assess administrative penalties for any product found to be short weight or deficient in guaranteed analysis. In assessing these penalties, the Secretary shall give consideration to the appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of the business being assessed, the gravity of the violation, the good faith of the registrant, and the overall history of prior violations. Administrative penalties shall be paid to the Secretary for deposit and use in the revolving account established by subsection 364(e)(f) of this title. Penalties shall be assessed in the following manner:

(1) any registrant who is found to have violated this section for a particular product for the first time during any calendar year shall receive an administrative penalty of not more than $150.00;

(2) any registrant who is found to have violated this section with regard to the same product for the second time during the same calendar year shall receive an administrative penalty of not more than $300.00; and
(3) any registrant who is found to have violated this section with regard to the same product on three or more occasions during the same calendar year shall receive an administrative penalty of not more than $500.00.

(c) In assessing a penalty under this section, the Secretary shall issue a written notice of penalty to the registrant setting forth in a short and plain statement the alleged violation and the proposed fine. The notice shall state that the penalty will become final 14 days from the date the notice of penalty is issued unless the registrant requests a hearing before the Secretary.

(d) Any registrant aggrieved by a decision of the Secretary may appeal questions of law to a Superior Court within 30 days of the final decision of the Secretary. The Secretary may enforce a final administrative penalty by filing an action in any District or Superior Court.

§ 332. DETAINED COMMERCIAL FEEDS, FEED SUPPLEMENTS, OR DOSAGE FORM ANIMAL HEALTH PRODUCTS

(a) “Withdrawal from distribution.” Withdrawal from distribution orders. When the Secretary has reasonable cause to believe any lot of commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product is being distributed in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or any of the rules under this chapter, he or she may issue and enforce a written or printed “withdrawal from distribution” order, warning the distributor not to dispose of the lot of commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product in any manner until written permission is given by the Secretary or the court. The Secretary shall release the lot of commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product withdrawn when this chapter and rules have been complied with. If compliance is not obtained within 30 days, the Secretary may begin, or upon request of the distributor or registrant shall begin, proceedings for condemnation.

(b) “Condemnation and confiscation.” Any lot of commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product not in compliance with this chapter and rules shall be subject to seizure on complaint of the Secretary to a court of competent jurisdiction in the area in which the commercial feed is located. In the event the court finds the commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product to be in violation of this chapter and orders the condemnation of the commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product, it shall be disposed of in any manner consistent with the quality of the commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product and the laws of the State, provided that in no instance shall the disposition of the commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product be ordered by the court without first giving the claimant an
opportunity to apply to the court for release of the commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product or for permission to process or relabel the commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product to bring it into compliance with this chapter.

§ 336. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY

Consistent with chapter 1 of this title, the Secretary may assess an administrative penalty upon determining that a person has violated a rule issued under this chapter or has violated this chapter in the following manner:

(1) Distributed a feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product without first obtaining the appropriate product registration.

(2) Distributed a commercial feed, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product without appropriate labeling.

(3) Violated a cease and desist order.

(4) Failed to meet the product guarantee on the label or for the custom formula feed.

(5) Distributed a commercial feed which, feed supplement, or dosage form animal health product that is adulterated as defined in section 327 of this chapter.

* * * Plant Amendments; Plant Biostimulants; Soil Amendments * * *

Sec. 10. 6 V.S.A. chapter 28 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 28. FERTILIZER AND LIME

§ 361. TITLE

This chapter shall be known as the “Fertilizer and Lime Law of 1986.”

§ 362. ENFORCING OFFICIAL

This chapter shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, or his or her designee, hereafter referred to as the Secretary.

§ 363. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Agricultural lime” or “agricultural liming material” or “lime” means and includes:
(A) all products whose calcium and magnesium compounds are capable of neutralizing soil acidity and which are intended, sold, or offered for sale for agricultural or plant propagation purposes;

(B) limestone consisting essentially of calcium carbonate or a combination of calcium carbonate with magnesium carbonate capable of neutralizing soil acidity; or

(C) industrial waste or industrial by-products which contain calcium, calcium and magnesium, or calcium, magnesium, and potassium in forms that are capable of neutralizing soil acidity and which are intended, sold, or offered for sale for agricultural purposes. For the purposes of this chapter, the terms “agricultural lime,” “lime,” and “agricultural liming material” shall have the same meaning.

(2) “Brand” means a term, design, or trademark used in connection with one or more grades or formulas of fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime.

(3) “Distribute” means to import, consign, manufacture, produce, compound, mix, or blend fertilizer or to offer for sale, sell, barter, or otherwise supply or apply a fertilizer, a plant amendment, a plant biostimulant, a soil amendment, or lime in this State. “Distribute” shall include online sales.

(4) “Distributor” means any person who distributes fertilizer, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, soil amendments, or lime.

(5) “Exceptional quality biosolid” means a product derived in whole or in part from domestic wastes that have been subjected to and meet the requirements of the following:

(A) a pathogen reduction process established in 40 C.F.R. § 503.32(a)(3), (4), (7), or (8);

(B) one of the vector attraction reduction standards established in 40 C.F.R. part 503.33;

(C) the contaminant concentration limits in Vermont Solid Waste Rules § 6-1303(a)(1); and

(D) if derived from a composting process, Vermont Solid Waste Rules § 6-1303(a)(4).

(6) “Fertilizer” means any substance containing one or more recognized plant nutrients that is used for its plant nutrient content and that is designed for use or claimed to have value in promoting plant growth or health, except unprocessed animal or vegetable manures and other products exempted by the Secretary.
(A) A fertilizer material is a substance that either:

(i) contains important quantities of at least one of the primary plant nutrients: nitrogen, phosphorus, or potassium;

(ii) has 85 percent or more of its plant nutrient content present in the form of a single chemical compound; or

(iii) is derived from a plant or chemical residue or by-product or natural material deposit which has been processed in such a way that its content of plant nutrients has not been materially changed except by purification and concentration.

(B) A mixed fertilizer is a fertilizer containing any combination or mixture of fertilizer materials.

(C) A specialty fertilizer is a fertilizer distributed for nonfarm use.

(D) A bulk fertilizer is a fertilizer distributed in a nonpackaged form.

(7) “Formulation” means a material or mixture of materials prepared according to a particular formula.

(6)(8) “Grade” means the percentage of total nitrogen, available phosphorus or phosphoric acid, and soluble potassium or potash stated in whole numbers in the same terms, order, or percentages as in the guaranteed analysis. Specialty fertilizers and fertilizer materials may be guaranteed in fractional terms. Any grade expressed in fractional terms which is not preceded by a whole number shall be preceded by zero.

(7)(9) “Guaranteed analysis” means:

(A) in reference to fertilizer, the minimum percentages of plant nutrients claimed by the manufacturer or producer of the product in the following order and form: nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash; and

(B) in reference to agricultural lime or agricultural liming material, the minimum percentages of calcium oxide and magnesium oxide or calcium carbonate and the calcium carbonate equivalent, or both, as claimed by the manufacturer or producer of the product.

(8)(10) “Label” means the display of all written, printed, or graphic matter upon the immediate container, or a statement accompanying a fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime.

(9)(11) “Labeling” means all written, printed, or graphic material upon or accompanying any lime or fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime including advertisements, brochures, posters, and television and radio announcements used in promoting the sale of the lime or fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime.
(12) “Official sample” means any sample of fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime taken by the Secretary.

(13) “Plant amendment” means any substance applied to plants or seeds that is intended to improve growth, yield, product quality, reproduction, flavor or other favorable characteristics of plants, except for fertilizer, soil amendments, agricultural liming materials, animal and vegetable manures, pesticides, plant regulators, and other materials exempted by rule adopted under this chapter.

(14) “Plant biostimulant” means a substance or microorganism that, when applied to seeds, plants, or the rhizosphere, stimulates natural processes to enhance or benefit nutrient uptake, nutrient efficiency, tolerance to abiotic stress, or crop quality and yield except for fertilizers, soil amendments, plant amendments, or pesticides. The Secretary may modify the definition of “plant biostimulant” by rule or procedure in order to maintain consistency with U.S. Department of Agriculture requirements.

(15) “Percent” or “percentage” means the percentage by weight.

(16) “Primary nutrient” includes nitrogen, available phosphoric acid or phosphorus, and soluble potash or potassium.

(17) “Product” means the name of the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime which that identifies it as to kind, class, or specific use.

(18) “Registrant” means the person who registers fertilizers, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, soil amendments, or lime under the provisions of this chapter.

(19) “Soil amendment” means a substance or mixture of substance that is intended to improve the physical, chemical, biological, or other characteristics of the soil, except fertilizers, agricultural liming materials, unprocessed animal manures, unprocessed vegetable manures, pesticides, plant biostimulants, and other materials exempted by rule. A compost product from a facility under the jurisdiction of the Agency of Natural Resources’ Solid Waste Management Rules or exceptional quality biosolids shall not be regulated as a soil amendment under this chapter, unless marketed and distributed for the use in the production of an agricultural commodity.

(20) “Ton” means a net weight of 2,000 pounds avoirdupois.

(21) “Use” includes all purposes for which a fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime is applied.
"Weight" means the weight of undried material as offered for sale.

§ 364. REGISTRATION

(a) Each brand or grade or formula of fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment shall be registered in the name of the person whose name appears upon the label before being distributed in this State. The application for registration shall be submitted to the Secretary on a form furnished by the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets and shall be accompanied by a fee of $20.00 per nutrient or recognized plant food element to a maximum of $140.00 per brand or grade $85.00 per grade or formulation registered. Upon approval by the Secretary, a copy of the registration shall be furnished to the applicant. All registrations expire on December 31 of each year. The application shall include the following information:

(1) the brand and grade or formulation;

(2) the guaranteed analysis if applicable; and

(3) the name and address of the registrant.

(b) A distributor shall not be required to register any fertilizer which, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment that is already registered under this chapter by another person, provided there is no change in the label for the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment.

(c) A distributor shall not be required to register each grade of fertilizer formulated or each formulation of soil amendment according to specifications which that are furnished by a consumer prior to mixing, but shall be required to label the fertilizer or soil amendment as provided in subsection 365(b) of this title.

(d) The Secretary may request additional proof of testing of products prior to registration for guaranteed analyses or adulterants.

(e) Each separately identified agricultural lime product shall be registered before being distributed in this State. Registration shall be performed in the same manner as fertilizer registration except that each application shall be accompanied by a fee of $50.00 per product.

(f) The registration and tonnage fees, along with any deficiency penalties collected pursuant to sections 331 and 372 of this title, shall be deposited in a special fund. Funds deposited in this fund shall be restricted to implementing and administering the provisions of this title and any other provisions of law relating to feeds and seeds.
§ 365. LABELS

(a)(1) Any fertilizer or agricultural lime distributed in this State in containers shall have placed on or affixed to the container a label setting forth in clearly legible and conspicuous form the following information:

(A) net weight;
(B) brand and grade, provided that grade shall not be required when no primary nutrients are claimed;
(C) guaranteed analysis; and
(D) name and address of the registrant.

(2) For bulk shipments, this information in written or printed form shall accompany delivery and be supplied to the purchaser at the time of delivery.

(b) A fertilizer or lime formulated according to specifications furnished by a consumer prior to mixing shall be labeled to show: the net weight, the guaranteed analysis or name, analysis and weight of each ingredient used in the mixture, and the name and address of the distributor and purchaser.

(c)(1) If the Secretary finds that a requirement for expressing calcium and magnesium in elemental form would not impose an economic hardship on distributors and users of agricultural liming materials by reason of conflicting label requirements among states, he or she may require by rule that the minimum percent of calcium oxide and magnesium oxide or calcium carbonate and magnesium carbonate, or both, shall be expressed in the following terms:

Total Calcium (Ca) .................................................... percent
Total Magnesium (Mg) ............................................. percent

(2) Under this rule, an affected person shall be given a reasonable time to come into compliance.

(d)(1) Any plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment distributed in this State in containers shall have placed on or affixed to the container a label setting forth in clearly legible and conspicuous form the following information:

(A) net weight or volume;
(B) brand name;
(C) purpose of product;
(D) directions for application;
(E) guaranteed analysis; and
(F) name and address of the registrant.

(2) For bulk shipments of fertilizer, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, soil amendments, or lime, the information required under this subsection shall accompany delivery in written or printed form and shall be supplied to the purchaser at the time of delivery.

(3) Under this rule adopted under this subsection, an affected person shall be given a reasonable time to come into compliance.

§ 366. TONNAGE FEES

(a) A person distributing fertilizer to a nonregistrant consumer in the State annually shall pay the following fees to the Secretary:

(1) a $150.00 minimum tonnage fee;

(2) $0.50 per ton of agricultural fertilizer distributed; and

(3) $30.00 per ton of nonagricultural fertilizer distributed.

(b) Persons distributing fertilizer shall report annually on or before January 15 for the previous year ending December 31 to the Secretary revealing the amounts of each grade of fertilizer and the form in which the fertilizer was distributed within this State. Each report shall be accompanied with payment and written permission allowing the Secretary to examine the person’s books for the purpose of verifying tonnage reports.

(c) No information concerning tonnage sales furnished to the Secretary under this section shall be disclosed in such a way as to divulge the details of the business operation to any person unless it is necessary for the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter.

(d) Persons distributing a plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment in the State shall report annually on or before January 15 for the previous year ending December 31 to the Secretary revealing the amounts of each formulation of plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment and the form in which the plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment was distributed within this State. Each report shall include a written authorization allowing the Secretary to examine the person’s books for the purpose of verifying tonnage reports. Plant amendments, plant biostimulants, and soil amendments are exempt from tonnage fees.

(e) Agricultural limes, including agricultural lime mixed with wood ash, are exempt from the tonnage fees required in this section.
(f) Lime and wood ash mixtures may be registered as agricultural liming materials and guaranteed for potassium or potash, provided that the wood ash totals less than 50 percent of the mixture.

(g)(1) All fees collected under subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section shall be deposited in the special fund created by subsection 364(e)(f) of this title and used in accordance with its provisions.

(2) All fees collected under subdivision (a)(3) of this section shall be deposited in the Agricultural Water Quality Special Fund created under section 4803 of this title.

(h) [Repealed.]

§ 367. INSPECTION; SAMPLING; ANALYSIS

For the purpose of enforcing this chapter and determining whether or not fertilizers, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, soil amendments, and limes lime distributed in this State endanger the health and safety of Vermont citizens, the Secretary upon presenting appropriate credentials is authorized:

(1) To enter any public or private premises except domiciles during regular business hours and stop and enter any vehicle being used to transport or hold fertilizer, a plant amendment, a plant biostimulant, a soil amendment, or lime.

(2) To inspect blending plants, warehouses, establishments, vehicles, equipment, finished or unfinished materials, containers, labeling, and records relating to distribution, storage, or use.

(3) To sample and analyze any fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime. The methods of sampling and analysis shall be those adopted by the Association of Official Analytical Chemists. In cases not covered by this method or in cases where methods are available in which improved applicability has been demonstrated, the Secretary may authorize and adopt methods which reflect sound analytical procedures.

(4) To develop any reasonable means necessary to monitor and adopt rules for the use of fertilizers and agricultural limes, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, soil amendments, and lime on Vermont soils where monitoring indicates environmental or health problems. In addition, the Secretary may develop and adopt rules for the proper storage of fertilizers and limes, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, soil amendments, and lime held for distribution or sale.
§ 368. MISBRANDING

(a) No person shall distribute a misbranded fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or agricultural lime. A fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment shall be deemed to be misbranded if:

(1) its labeling is false or misleading in any particular;

(2) it is distributed under the name of another fertilizer product, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment;

(3) it contains unsubstantiated claims;

(4) it is not labeled as required in section 365 of this title and in accordance with rules adopted under this chapter; or

(4)(5) it is labeled, or represented, to contain a plant nutrient which does not conform to the standard of identity established by rule. In adopting these rules under this chapter, the Secretary shall give consideration to definitions recommended by the Association of American Plant Food Control Officials.

(b) An agricultural lime shall be deemed to be misbranded if:

(1) its labeling is false or misleading in any particular; or

(2) it is not labeled as required by section 365 of this title and in accordance with rules adopted under this chapter.

§ 369. ADULTERATION

No person shall distribute an adulterated lime, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or fertilizer product. A fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime shall be deemed to be adulterated if:

(1) it contains any deleterious or harmful ingredient in an amount sufficient to render it injurious to beneficial plant life when applied in accordance with directions for use on the label, or if uses of the product may result in contamination or condemnation of a raw agricultural commodity by use, or if adequate warning statements or directions for use which may be necessary to protect plant life are not shown on the label;

(2) its composition falls below or differs from that which it is purported to possess by its labeling;

(3) it contains crop seed or weed seed; or
(4) it contains heavy metals, radioactive substances, or synthetic organics in amounts sufficient to render it injurious to livestock or human health when applied in accordance with directions for use on the label, or if adequate warning statements or directions for use which may be necessary to protect livestock or human health are not shown on the label.

§ 370. PUBLICATION; CONSUMER INFORMATION REGARDING FERTILIZER USE ON NONAGRICULTURAL TURF OF FERTILIZER, PLANT AMENDMENTS, PLANT BIOSTIMULANTS, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

(a) The Secretary shall publish on an annual basis:

(1) information concerning the distribution of fertilizers, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, soil amendments, and limes; and

(2) results of analyses based on official samples of fertilizers, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, soil amendments, and lime distributed within the State as compared with guaranteed analyses required pursuant to the terms of this chapter.

(b)(1) The Secretary, in consultation with the University of Vermont Extension, fertilizer industry representatives, lake groups, and other interested or affected parties, shall produce information for distribution to the general public with respect to the following:

(A) problems faced by the waters of the State because of discharges of phosphorus;

(B) an explanation of the extent to which phosphorus exists naturally in the soil;

(C) voluntary best management practices for the use of fertilizers containing phosphorus on nonagricultural turf; and

(D) best management practices for residential sources of phosphorus.

(2) The Secretary shall develop the information required under this subsection and make it available to the general public in the manner deemed most effective, which may include:

(A) conspicuous posting at the point of retail sale of fertilizer containing phosphorus, according to recommendations for how that conspicuous posting may best take place;

(B) public service announcements by means of electronic media;

(C) other methods deemed by the Secretary to be likely to be effective.
(3) The Secretary shall develop proposed criteria for evaluating the effectiveness of the information program and shall present them to legislative committees on natural resources and energy and on agriculture by no later than January 1, 2007. By no later than July 1, 2007, the Secretary shall hold one or more public information meetings to obtain the input of the public on a draft assessment of the effectiveness of this section in increasing the use of best management practices in the use of fertilizers on nonagricultural turf. By no later than December 1, 2008, the Secretary shall provide those legislative committees with a final assessment of the effectiveness of this subsection, which shall include an analysis of the extent to which the information developed under this subsection has been effectively provided to and relied upon by retail customers who purchase fertilizers containing phosphorus and shall include any recommendations for making the program more effective. [Repealed.]

§ 371. RULES; ENFORCEMENT

The Secretary is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 as may be necessary to implement the intent of this chapter and to enforce those rules.

* * *

§ 374. SHORT WEIGHT

(a) If any fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or agricultural liming material is found to be short in net weight, the registrant of the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime shall pay a penalty of three times the value of the actual shortage to the affected party.

(b) Each registrant shall be offered an opportunity for a hearing before the Secretary. Penalty payments shall be made within 30 days after notice of the Secretary’s decision to assess a penalty. Proof of payment to the consumer shall be promptly forwarded to the Secretary by the registrant.

(c) If the consumer cannot be found, the amount of the penalty payments shall be paid to the Secretary who shall deposit the payment into the revolving account established by subsection 364(e)(f) of this title.

(d) This section is not an exclusive cause of action and persons affected may utilize any other right of action available under law.
§ 375. CANCELLATION OF REGISTRATION

The Secretary is authorized to cancel or suspend the registration of any fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime or refuse a registration application if he or she finds that the provisions of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter have been violated, provided that no registration shall be revoked or refused without a hearing before the Secretary.

§ 376. DETAINED FERTILIZER AND LIME

(a) “Withdrawal from distribution” orders. When the Secretary has reasonable cause to believe any lot of fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime is being distributed in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or any of the rules under this chapter, he or she may issue and enforce a written or printed “withdrawal from distribution” order, warning the distributor not to dispose of the lot of fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime in any manner until written permission is given by the Secretary or the court. The Secretary shall release the lot of fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime withdrawn when this chapter and rules have been complied with. If compliance is not obtained within 30 days, the Secretary may begin, or upon request of the distributor or registrant shall begin, proceedings for condemnation.

(b) “Condemnation and confiscation.” Any lot of fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime not in compliance with this chapter and rules shall be subject to seizure on complaint of the Secretary to a court of competent jurisdiction in the area in which the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime is located. In the event the court finds the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime to be in violation of this chapter and orders the condemnation of the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime, it shall be disposed of in any manner consistent with the quality of the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime and the laws of the State, provided that in no instance shall disposition of the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime be ordered by the court without first giving the claimant an opportunity to apply to the court for release of the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime or for permission to process or relabel the fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime to bring it into compliance with this chapter.

* * *

- 1732 -
§ 379. EXCHANGES BETWEEN MANUFACTURERS

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to restrict or impair sales or exchanges of fertilizers, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, or soil amendments to each other by importers, manufacturers, or manipulators who mix fertilizer materials, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, or soil amendments for sale, or to prevent the free and unrestricted shipments of fertilizer, plant amendments, plant biostimulants, or soil amendments to manufacturers or manipulators who have registered their brands as required by provisions of this chapter.

§ 380. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY

Consistent with chapter 1 of this title, the Secretary may assess an administrative penalty upon determining that a person has violated a rule issued under this chapter or has violated this chapter in the following manner:

(1) distributed a specialty fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime without first obtaining the appropriate product registration;

(2) distributed a fertilizer, plant amendment, plant biostimulant, soil amendment, or lime without appropriate labeling;

(3) failed to report or to accurately report the amount and form of each grade of fertilizer distributed in Vermont on an annual basis;

(4) failed to report or to accurately report the amount and form of each formulation of plant amendment, plant biostimulant, or soil amendment;

(5) failed to pay the appropriate tonnage fee; or

(6) violated a cease and desist order.

§ 381. GOLF COURSES; NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLAN

Beginning July 1, 2012, as a condition of the permit issued to golf courses under chapter 87 of this title and regulations rules adopted thereunder, a golf course shall be required to submit to the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets a nutrient management plan for the use and application of fertilizer to grasses or other lands owned or controlled by the golf course. The nutrient management plan shall ensure that the golf course applies fertilizer according to the agronomic rates for the site-specific conditions of the golf course.
Sec. 10a. 6 V.S.A. § 372(d) is amended to read:

(d) If the consumer cannot be found, the amount of the penalty payments shall be paid to the Secretary who shall deposit the payment into the revolving account established by subsection 364(e)(f) of this title.

Sec. 10b. 6 V.S.A. § 570(c) is amended to read:

(c) The registration fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the special fund created by subsection 364(e)(f) of this title and shall be used for the administration of the requirements of this chapter.

Sec. 10c. 6 V.S.A. § 648(e) is amended to read:

(e) All fees shall be deposited in the special fund created by subsection 364(e)(f) of this title and used in accordance with its provisions.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 1–8a (compost foraging; farming) shall take effect on passage.

(b) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

S. 107

An act relating to confidential information concerning the initial arrest and charge of a juvenile.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill as follows:

In Sec. 2, 1 V.S.A. § 317, in subsection (c), in subdivision (5)(B), by striking out subdivision (ii) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (ii) to read:

(ii) A public agency shall not release any information within a record reflecting the initial arrest or charge of a person under 19 20 years of age that would reveal the identity of the person. However, a public agency may disclose identifying information relating to the initial arrest of a person under 19 20 years of age in order to protect the health and safety of any person.
CONFIRMATIONS

The following appointments will be considered by the Senate, as a group, under suspension of the Rules, as moved by the President pro tempore, for confirmation together and without debate, by consent thereby given by the Senate. However, upon request of any senator, any appointment may be singled out and acted upon separately by the Senate, with consideration given to the report of the Committee to which the appointment was referred, and with full debate; and further, all appointments for the positions of Secretaries of Agencies, Commissioners of Departments, Judges, Magistrates, and members of the Public Utility Commission shall be fully and separately acted upon.

Cory G. Gustafson of Montpelier – Commissioner, Department of Vermont Health Access – By Sen. Cummings for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (4/6/21)

Dr. Jessica Holmes of Cornwall – Member, Green Mountain Care Board – By Sen. Hardy for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (4/7/21)

Mark A. Levine, MD of Shelburne – Commissioner, Department of Health – By Sen. Hardy for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (4/7/21)

John J. Quinn III of Berlin – Secretary, Agency of Digital Services – By Sen. Ram for the Committee on Government Operations. (4/14/21)

June Tierney of Randolph – Commissioner, Department of Public Service – By Sen. Cummings for the Committee on Finance. (4/14/21)

Craig Bolio of Essex Junction – Commissioner, Department of Taxes – By Sen. MacDonald for the Committee on Finance. (4/20/21)

Julia S. Moore of Middlesex – Secretary, Agency of Natural Resources – By Sen. Bray for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (4/21/21)

Julie Hulburd of Colchester – Member, Cannabis Control Board – By Sen. Ram for the Committee on Government Operations. (4/22/21)

James Pepper of Montpelier – Chair, Cannabis Control Board – By Sen. White for the Committee on Government Operations. (4/22/21)

Kyle Harris of Montpelier – Member, Cannabis Control Board – By Sen. Collamore for the Committee on Government Operations. (4/27/21)

Louis Porter of Adamant – Commissioner, Department of Fish and Wildlife – By Sen. Westman for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (4/27/21)
Diane Snelling of Hinesburg – Chair, Natural Resources Board – By Sen. McCormack for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (4/27/21)

Michael C. Snyder of Stowe – Commissioner, Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation – By Sen. Westman for the Committee on natural Resources and Energy. (4/27/21)

David Coen of Shelburne – Chair, Transportation Board – By Sen. Ingalls for the Committee on Transportation. (4/27/21)

Tim Hayward of Middlesex – Member, Transportation Board – By Sen. Mazza for the Committee on Transportation. (4/27/21)

Dawn Ellis of Burlington – Member, Human Rights Commission – By Sen. Baruth for the Committee on Judiciary. (5/5/21)

Lyle Jepson of Rutland – Member, State Board of Education – By Sen. Campion for the Committee on Education. (5/5/21)

Kathy Lavoie of Swanton – Member, State Board of Education – By Sen. Campion for the Committee on Education. (5/5/21)

Thomas Lovett of Waterford – Member, State Board of Education – By Sen. Campion for the Committee on Education. (5/5/21)

Angelita Peña of Bristol – Member, State Board of Education – By Sen. Campion for the Committee on Education. (5/5/21)

Jennifer Deck Samuelson of Manchester Center – Member, State Board of Education – By Sen. Campion for the Committee on Education. (5/5/21)

**JFO NOTICE**

Grants and Positions that have been submitted to the Joint Fiscal Committee by the Administration, under 32 V.S.A. §5(b)(3):

**JFO #3043** - $4,284,369 from the US Dept of Education to the VT Agency of Education for assistance to VT’s approved and recognized non-profit independent schools to address educational disruptions caused by COVID-19. Funds will be managed by the VT Agency of Education. [*NOTE: Funds will be used with the GEER EANS program: Governor’s Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Emergency Assistance to Non-public Schools (EANS). This program is replacing Equitable Services in ESSER II and III. Please see this overview of how the funds will be used by the AOE to support independent schools.*]

*[JFO received 4/5/2021]*

- 1736 -
JFO #3044 – One (1) limited service position to the VT Dept. of Disabilities, Aging and Independent Living to develop a Northeast Network of mental health counselors familiar with farmer related stressors. Total first year amount of $146,766 from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Position has been approved for 1 year and is expected to be approved for 2 additional years.

[JFO received 4/5/2021]

JFO #3045 - 48 (forty-eight) limited-service positions to carry out the ongoing work for an effective public health response to COVID-19. [NOTE: Positions to be funded through ongoing CDC grants #2254 (Immunization) and #2478 (Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity) previously approved in 2006 and 2010, respectively.]

[JFO received 4/13/2021]

JFO #3046 – One (1) limited service position, Grants Program Manager, to the VT Dept. of Economic Development to provide management, oversight and technical assistance to grantees. This position is funded through the Northern Border Regional Commission Capacity Grants through previously approved JFO Grant #2971. Position is for one year with expected approval for a second year.

[JFO received 4/21/2021]

JFO #3047 – $1,000,000 to the VT Department of Public Service from the Northern Border Regional Commission. Funds will be used to build out infrastructure and expand broadband throughout Vermont. This grant includes a $1.75M match as follows: $1.5M from Act 154 (2020), $60,000K from Act 79 (2019) and the rest from an existing position – Rural Broadband Technical Assistant.

[JFO received 4/21/2021]

FOR INFORMATION ONLY

CROSSOVER DATES

The Joint Rules Committee established the following Crossover deadlines:

(1) All Senate/House bills must be reported out of the last committee of reference (including the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means, except as provided below in (2) and the exceptions listed below) on or before Friday, March 12, 2021, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day – Committee bills must be voted out of Committee by Friday March 12, 2021.
(2) All Senate/House bills referred pursuant to Senate Rule 31 or House Rule 35(a) to the Committees on Appropriations and Finance/Ways and Means must be reported out by the last of those committees on or before Friday, March 19, 2021, and filed with the Secretary/Clerk so they may be placed on the Calendar for Notice the next legislative day.

Note: The Senate will not act on bills that do not meet these crossover deadlines, without the consent of the Senate Rules Committee.

Exceptions to the foregoing deadlines include the major money bills (the general Appropriations bill (“The Big Bill”), the Transportation Capital bill, the Capital Construction bill and the Fee/Revenue bills).