House Calendar

Wednesday, May 4, 2022
121st DAY OF THE ADJOURNED SESSION

House Convenes at 1:00 P.M.

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ACTION CALENDAR

Action Postponed Until May 4, 2022

Third Reading

S. 281

An act relating to hunting coyotes with dogs

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Till of Jericho to S. 281

Representative Till of Jericho moves that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking out Sec. 4, effective dates, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 4010 is amended to read:

§ 4010. GUN SUPPRESSORS

(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Gun suppressor” means any device for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm, including any combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a gun suppressor, and any part intended only for use in such assembly or fabrication.

(2) “Sport shooting range” shall have the same meaning as used in 10 V.S.A. § 5227(a).

(b) A person shall not manufacture, make, or import a gun suppressor, except for:

(1) a licensed manufacturer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is registered as a manufacturer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802;

(2) a licensed importer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is registered as an importer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802; or

(3) a person who makes a gun suppressor in compliance with the requirements of 26 U.S.C. § 5822.

(c) A person shall not use a gun suppressor in the State, except for use by:

(1) a Level III certified law enforcement officer or Department of Fish and Wildlife employee in connection with his or her the officer’s or employee’s duties and responsibilities and in accordance with the policies and procedures of that officer’s or employee’s agency or department;
the Vermont National Guard in connection with its duties and responsibilities;

(3) a licensed manufacturer or a licensed importer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is also registered as a manufacturer or an importer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802, who in the ordinary course of his or her the manufacturer’s or importer’s business as a manufacturer or as an importer tests the operation of the gun suppressor; or

(4) a person lawfully using a sport shooting range; or

(5) a person taking game as authorized under 10 V.S.A. § 4701.

(d)(1) A person who violates subsection (b) of this section shall be fined not less than $500.00 for each offense.

(2) A person who violates subsection (c) of this section shall be fined $50.00 for each offense.

Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 4701 is amended to read:

§ 4701. USE OF GUN, BOW AND ARROW, AND CROSSBOW; LEGAL DAY; DOGS

(a) Unless otherwise provided by statute, a person shall not take game except with:

(1) a gun fired at arm’s length;

(2) a bow and arrow; or

(3) a crossbow as authorized by the rules of the Board.

(b) A person shall not take game between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise unless otherwise provided by statute or by the rules of the Board.

(c) A person may take game and fur-bearing animals during the open season therefor, with the aid of a dog, unless otherwise prohibited by statute or by the rules of the Board.

(d) A person taking game with a gun may possess, carry, or use a gun suppressor in the act of taking game.

Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 4704 is amended to read:

§ 4704. USE OF MACHINE GUNS; AND AUTOLOADING RIFLES; AND GUN SUPPRESSORS
(a) A person engaged in hunting for wild animals shall not use, carry, or have in his or her the person’s possession:

(1) a machine gun of any kind or description; or

(2) an autoloading rifle with a magazine capacity of over six cartridges, except a .22 caliber rifle using rim fire cartridges; or

(3) a gun suppressor.

(b) As used in this section, “gun suppressor” means any device for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm, including any combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a gun suppressor, and any part intended only for use in such assembly or fabrication. [Repealed.]

Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 4001 is amended to read:

§ 4001. DEFINITIONS

Words and phrases used in this part, unless otherwise provided, shall be construed to mean as follows:

* * *

(9) Game: game birds or game quadrupeds, or both.

(10) Game birds: quail, partridge, woodcock, pheasant, plover of any kind, Wilson snipe, other shore birds, rail, coot, gallinule, wild ducks, wild geese, and wild turkey.

* * *

(15) Wild animals or wildlife: all animals, including birds, fish, amphibians, and reptiles, other than domestic animals, domestic fowl, or domestic pets.

* * *

(23) Take and taking: pursuing, shooting, hunting, killing, capturing, trapping, snaring, and netting fish, birds, and quadrupeds and all lesser acts, such as disturbing, harrying, worrying, or wounding or placing, setting, drawing, or using any net or other device commonly used to take fish or wild animals, whether they result in the taking or not; and shall include every attempt to take and every act of assistance to every other person in taking or attempting to take fish or wild animals, provided that when taking is allowed by law, reference is had to taking by lawful means and in a lawful manner.

* * *

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Gun suppressor: any device for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm, including any combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a gun suppressor, and any part intended only for use in such assembly or fabrication.

Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Sec. 3 (Fish and Wildlife Board rules) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Secs. 2 (moratorium on hunting coyote with aid of dogs) and 4–7 (gun suppressors) shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

(c) Sec. 1 (permit requirement and prohibition on pursuing coyote with aid of dogs) shall take effect on the effective date of the Fish and Wildlife Board rules required under Sec. 3 of this act.

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Brennan of Colchester to S. 281

By striking out Sec. 4, effective dates, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 4010 is amended to read:

§ 4010. GUN SUPPRESSORS

(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Gun suppressor” means any device for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm, including any combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a gun suppressor, and any part intended only for use in such assembly or fabrication.

(2) “Sport shooting range” shall have the same meaning as used in 10 V.S.A. § 5227(a).

(b) A person shall not manufacture, make, or import a gun suppressor, except for:

(1) a licensed manufacturer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is registered as a manufacturer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802;

(2) a licensed importer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is registered as an importer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802; or

(3) a person who makes a gun suppressor in compliance with the requirements of 26 U.S.C. § 5822.

(c) A person shall not use a gun suppressor in the State, except for use by:
(1) a Level III certified law enforcement officer or Department of Fish and Wildlife employee in connection with his or her the officer’s or employee’s duties and responsibilities and in accordance with the policies and procedures of that officer’s or employee’s agency or department;

(2) the Vermont National Guard in connection with its duties and responsibilities;

(3) a licensed manufacturer or a licensed importer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is also registered as a manufacturer or an importer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802, who in the ordinary course of his or her the manufacturer’s or importer’s business as a manufacturer or as an importer tests the operation of the gun suppressor; or

(4) a person lawfully using a sport shooting range; or

(5) a person taking game as authorized under 10 V.S.A. § 4701.

(d)(1) A person who violates subsection (b) of this section shall be fined not less than $500.00 for each offense.

(2) A person who violates subsection (c) of this section shall be fined $50.00 for each offense.

Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 4701 is amended to read:

§ 4701. USE OF GUN, BOW AND ARROW, AND CROSSBOW; LEGAL DAY; DOGS

(a) Unless otherwise provided by statute, a person shall not take game except with:

(1) a gun fired at arm’s length;

(2) a bow and arrow; or

(3) a crossbow as authorized by the rules of the Board.

(b) A person shall not take game between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise unless otherwise provided by statute or by the rules of the Board.

(c) A person may take game and fur-bearing animals during the open season therefor, with the aid of a dog, unless otherwise prohibited by statute or by the rules of the Board.

(d) A person taking game with a gun may possess, carry, or use a gun suppressor in the act of taking game.

Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 4704 is amended to read:
§ 4704. USE OF MACHINE GUNS; AND AUTOLOADING RIFLES; AND GUN SUPPRESSORS

(a) A person engaged in hunting for wild animals shall not use, carry, or have in his or her possession:

(1) a machine gun of any kind or description; or

(2) an autoloading rifle with a magazine capacity of over six cartridges, except a .22 caliber rifle using rim fire cartridges; or

(3) a gun suppressor.

(b) As used in this section, “gun suppressor” means any device for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm, including any combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a gun suppressor, and any part intended only for use in such assembly or fabrication. [Repealed.]

Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 4001 is amended to read:

§ 4001. DEFINITIONS

Words and phrases used in this part, unless otherwise provided, shall be construed to mean as follows:

* * *

(9) Game: game birds or game quadrupeds, or both.

(10) Game birds: quail, partridge, woodcock, pheasant, plover of any kind, Wilson snipe, other shore birds, rail, coot, gallinule, wild ducks, wild geese, and wild turkey.

* * *

(15) Wild animals or wildlife: all animals, including birds, fish, amphibians, and reptiles, other than domestic animals, domestic fowl, or domestic pets.

* * *

(23) Take and taking: pursuing, shooting, hunting, killing, capturing, trapping, snaring, and netting fish, birds, and quadrupeds and all lesser acts, such as disturbing, harrying, worrying, or wounding or placing, setting, drawing, or using any net or other device commonly used to take fish or wild animals, whether they result in the taking or not; and shall include every attempt to take and every act of assistance to every other person in taking or attempting to take fish or wild animals, provided that when taking is allowed by law, reference is had to taking by lawful means and in a lawful manner.
(41) Gun suppressor: any device for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm, including any combination of parts, designed or redesigned, and intended for use in assembling or fabricating a gun suppressor, and any part intended only for use in such assembly or fabrication.

Sec. 8. 13 V.S.A. § 4010(c) is amended to read:

(c) A person shall not use a gun suppressor in the State, except for use by:

* * *

(3) a licensed manufacturer or a licensed importer, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, who is also registered as a manufacturer or an importer pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 5802, who in the ordinary course of the manufacturer’s or importer’s business as a manufacturer or as an importer tests the operation of the gun suppressor; or

(4) a person lawfully using a sport shooting range; or

(5) a person taking game as authorized under 10 V.S.A. § 4701.

Sec. 9. 10 V.S.A. § 4701(d) is amended to read:

(d) A person taking game with a gun may possess, carry, or use a gun suppressor in the act of taking game. [Repealed.]

Sec. 10. 10 V.S.A. § 4704 is amended to read:

§ 4704. USE OF MACHINE GUNS AND AUTOLOADING RIFLES, AND GUN SUPPRESSORS

(a) A person engaged in hunting for wild animals shall not use, carry, or have in the person’s possession:

(1) a machine gun of any kind or description; or

(2) an autoloading rifle with a magazine capacity of over six cartridges, except a .22 caliber rifle using rim fire cartridges; or

(3) a gun suppressor.

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Sec. 3 (Fish and Wildlife Board rules) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Secs. 2 (moratorium on hunting coyote with aid of dogs) and 4–7 (gun suppressors) shall take effect on July 1, 2022.
(c) Sec. 1 (permit requirement and prohibition on pursuing coyote with aid of dogs) shall take effect on the effective date of the Fish and Wildlife Board rules required under Sec. 3 of this act.

(d) Secs. 8–10 (repeal of authority to use gun suppressors while hunting) shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

Favorable with Amendment

S. 140

An act relating to prohibiting civil arrests at courthouses

Rep. Colburn of Burlington, for the Committee on Judiciary, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to ensure that every person in the State of Vermont retains the right to free and unfettered access to justice under the law. No person should be denied access to justice because they fear being subject to civil arrest when attending a court hearing or traveling to or from a courthouse. All persons should have the opportunity to use the court system to advocate for themselves and their interests. Prohibiting civil arrests at a courthouse prevents disruption of court proceedings, protects the proper functioning of courts, provides a safe and secure location for the resolution of disputes, and promotes public safety by ensuring that victims and witnesses are not discouraged from attending court proceedings. It is the intent of the General Assembly, consistent with long-established common law, to prohibit civil arrests of individuals at courthouses or traveling to and from a courthouse to uphold the principle set forth in Article 4 of the Vermont Constitution that provides, in part, that “every person within this state ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to our laws, for all injuries and wrongs,” and that “every person ought to obtain [that] right freely . . . completely and without denial . . . [or] delay.”

Sec. 2. 12 V.S.A. § 3577 is amended to read:

§ 3577. PRIVILEGE FROM ARREST

(a) The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, State Treasurer, Secretary of State, Auditor of Accounts, Attorney General, and members of the General Assembly and officers and witnesses whose duty it is to attend thereon, in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, shall be privileged from arrest and imprisonment during their necessary attendance on and in going to and returning from the General Assembly.
(b) A party or witness in a cause pending in any court in the State or before special masters, auditors, referees, or commissioners, and a witness in a criminal cause pending in any such court, shall not be arrested, imprisoned, or detained by virtue of civil process. Any witness summoned from outside the State in a criminal cause, pending in any court within the State, shall be privileged from the service of papers of any kind whatsoever, and from arrest for any cause while going to, attending at, or returning from such court or trial of such cause.

(c)(1) Prohibition. A person shall not be subject to civil arrest while traveling to, entering, remaining at, or returning from a court proceeding.

(2) Exceptions. Subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to:

(A) an arrest pursuant to a judicially issued warrant or a court order;

(B) an arrest for contempt of the court where the proceeding is occurring; or

(C) an arrest to maintain order or safety in the court where the proceeding is occurring.

(3) Remedies.

(A) A person who violates this subsection by knowingly and willfully executing or assisting with an arrest prohibited by subdivision (1) of this subsection (c) shall be subject to contempt proceedings and may be liable in a civil action for false imprisonment.

(B) A person who is arrested in violation of subdivision (1) of this subsection (c) may bring a civil action against the violator for damages; injunctive, equitable, or declaratory relief; punitive damages; and reasonable costs and attorney’s fees.

(C) The Office of the Attorney General may bring a civil action on behalf of the State of Vermont for appropriate injunctive, equitable, or declaratory relief if there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of subdivision (1) of this subsection (c) has occurred or will occur.

(D) No action under this subsection shall be brought against the Judiciary or any of its members or employees for actions taken to maintain order or safety in the courts.

(E) This section shall not be construed to limit or infringe upon any right, privilege, or remedy available under common law or any other provision of law or rule.
(F) Notwithstanding section 3578 of this title, the protections and remedies afforded by this subsection apply irrespective of when the privilege against civil arrest is invoked.

(4) Definition. As used in this subsection, “civil arrest” means an arrest for purposes of obtaining a person’s presence or attendance at a civil proceeding, including an immigration proceeding.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote:7-3-1)

(For text see Senate Journal March 17, 2022 )

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 548

An act relating to miscellaneous cannabis establishment procedures

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 7 V.S.A. § 861 is amended to read:

§ 861. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

(16) “Child-deterrent packaging” means tear-resistant packaging that can be sealed in a manner that would deter children under five years of age from easily accessing the contents of the package within a reasonable time and not difficult for normal adults to use properly.

(17) “Child-resistant packaging” means packaging that is designed or constructed to be significantly difficult for children under five years of age to open or obtain a toxic or harmful amount of the substance in the container within a reasonable time and not difficult for normal adults to use properly, but does not mean packaging that all children under five years of age cannot open or obtain a toxic or harmful amount of the substance in the container within a reasonable time.

(17)(18) “Controls,” “is controlled by,” and “under common control” mean the power to direct, or cause the direction or management and policies of a person, whether through the direct or beneficial ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise. A person who directly or beneficially owns 10 percent or more equity interest, or the equivalent thereof, of another
person shall be deemed to control the person.

(18)(19) “Dispensary” means a business organization licensed pursuant to chapter 37 of this title or 18 V.S.A. chapter 86.

(19)(20) “Enclosed, locked facility” means a building, room, greenhouse, outdoor fenced-in area, or other location that is enclosed on all sides and prevents cannabis from easily being viewed by the public. The facility shall be equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only by:

(A) Employees, agents, or owners of the cultivator, all of whom shall be 21 years of age or older.

(B) Government employees performing their official duties.

(C) Contractors performing labor that does not include cannabis cultivation, packaging, or processing. Contractors shall be accompanied by an employee, agent, or owner of the cultivator when they are in areas where cannabis is being grown, processed, packaged, or stored.

(D) Registered employees of other cultivators, members of the media, elected officials, and other individuals 21 years of age or older visiting the facility, provided they are accompanied by an employee, agent, or owner of the cultivator.

(20)(21) “Flavored oil cannabis product” means any oil cannabis product that contains an additive to give it a characterizing flavor.

(21)(22) “Integrated licensee” means a person licensed by the Board to engage in the activities of a cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, and testing laboratory in accordance with this chapter.

(22)(23) “Municipality” means a town, city, or incorporated village.

(23) “Owner” means a natural person who controls, or shares control of, a Cannabis Establishment.

(25)(24) “Person” shall include any natural person; corporation; municipality; the State of Vermont or any department, agency, or subdivision of the State; and any partnership, unincorporated association, or other legal entity.

(26) “Plant canopy” means the square footage dedicated to live plant production and does not include areas such as office space or areas used for the storage of fertilizers, pesticides, or other products.

(27) “Principal” means an individual vested with the authority to conduct, manage, or supervise the business affairs of a person, and may
include the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, manager, or similar executive officer of a business; a director of a corporation, nonprofit corporation, or mutual benefit enterprise; a member of a nonprofit corporation, cooperative, or member-managed limited liability company; and a partner of a partnership one of the following:

(A) the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, manager, or similar executive officer of a corporation as provided for by 11A V.S.A. § 8.40, nonprofit corporation as provided for by 11B V.S.A. § 8.40, mutual benefit enterprise as provided for by 11C V.S.A. § 822, cooperative as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 1013, or worker cooperative corporation as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 1089;

(B) a director of a corporation as provided for by 11A V.S.A. § 8.01, nonprofit corporation as provided for by 11B V.S.A. § 8.01, mutual benefit enterprise as provided for by 11C V.S.A. § 801, cooperative as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 1006, or worker cooperative corporation as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 1089;

(C) a member of a member-managed limited liability company as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 4054;

(D) manager of a manager-managed limited liability company as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 4054; or

(E) a partner of a partnership as provided for by 11 V.S.A. § 3212 or a general partner of a limited partnership as provided for by 11 V.S.A. chapter 23.

(26)(28) “Small cultivator” means a cultivator with a plant canopy or space for cultivating plants for breeding stock of not more than 1,000 square feet.

Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 862a is added to read:

§ 862a. SYNTHETIC AND HEMP-DERIVED CANNABINOIDs

The Board shall have the authority to regulate synthetic cannabinoids and hemp-derived cannabinoids, including delta-8 and delta-10 tetrahydrocannabinol.

Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 868 is amended to read:

§ 868. PROHIBITED PRODUCTS

(a) The following are prohibited products and may not be cultivated, produced, or sold pursuant to a license issued under this chapter:

(1) cannabis flower with greater than 30 percent tetrahydrocannabinol;
solid concentrate cannabis products with greater than 60 percent tetrahydrocannabinol;

oil cannabis products except for those that are sold prepackaged for use with battery-powered devices;

flavored oil cannabis products sold prepackaged for use with battery-powered devices and any cannabis flower that contains characterizing flavor that is not naturally occurring in the cannabis;

cannabis products that contain delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol and nicotine or alcoholic beverages; and

any cannabis, cannabis products, or packaging of such items that are designed to make the product more appealing to persons under 21 years of age.

Sec. 4. 7 V.S.A. § 881 is amended to read:

§ 881. RULEMAKING; CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS

(a) The Board shall adopt rules to implement and administer this chapter in accordance with subdivisions (1)–(7) of this subsection.

(1) Rules concerning any cannabis establishment shall include:

(I) regulation of additives to cannabis and cannabis products, including those cannabidiol derived from hemp and substances that are toxic or designed to make the product more addictive, more appealing to persons under 21 years of age, or to mislead consumers;

(3) Rules concerning product manufacturers shall include:

(A) requirements that a single package of a cannabis product shall not contain more than 50 milligrams of THC, except in the case of:

(i) cannabis products that are not consumable, including topical preparations; and

(ii) solid concentrates, oils, and tinctures; and

(iii) cannabis products sold to a dispensary pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 and regulations issued pursuant to that chapter;

(5) Rules concerning retailers shall include:
(C) requirements that if the retailer sells hemp or hemp products, the hemp and hemp products are clearly labeled as such and displayed separately from cannabis and cannabis products;

(D) requirements for opaque, child-resistant packaging of cannabis and cannabis products and child-deterrent packaging for cannabis at point of sale to customer; and

* * *

Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 883 is amended to read:

§ 883. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND RECORD CHECKS; APPLICANTS

(a) The Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of a license applicant’s fingerprint-based Vermont criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for each license applicant, principal of an applicant, and person who controls an applicant who is a natural person.

(b) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether an applicant should be denied a cannabis establishment license because of his or her criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.

(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the Board may accept third-party criminal background checks submitted by an applicant for a cannabis establishment license or renewal in lieu of obtaining the records from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person’s Vermont fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Any such third-party background check shall:

(1) be conducted by a third-party consumer reporting agency or background screening company that is in compliance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act; and

(2) include a multistate and multi-jurisdiction criminal record locator.

Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 884 is amended to read:

§ 884. CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENT IDENTIFICATION CARD

(a) Every owner, principal, and employee of a cannabis establishment shall obtain an identification card issued by the Board. A person may apply for an
identification card prior to obtaining employment with a licensee. An employee identification card shall authorize the person to work for any licensee.

(b)(1)(A) Prior to issuing the identification card to an owner or principal of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain from the Vermont Crime Information Center a copy of the person’s Vermont fingerprint-based criminal history records, out-of-state criminal history records, and criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(B) Prior to issuing the identification card to an employee of a cannabis establishment, the Board shall obtain a copy of a fingerprint-based identity history summary record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(2) The Board shall adopt rules that set forth standards for determining whether a person should be denied a cannabis establishment identification card because of his or her criminal history record based on factors that demonstrate whether the applicant presently poses a threat to public safety or the proper functioning of the regulated market. Nonviolent drug offenses shall not automatically disqualify an applicant.

(c) Once an identification card application has been submitted, a person may serve as an employee of a cannabis establishment pending the background check, provided the person is supervised in his or her duties by someone who is a cardholder. The Board shall issue a temporary permit to the person for this purpose, which shall expire upon the issuance of the identification card or disqualification of the person in accordance with this section.

(d) An identification card shall expire one year after its issuance or, in the case of owners and principals, upon the expiration of the cannabis establishment’s license, whichever occurs first.

Sec. 7. 7 V.S.A. § 901(d)(3) is amended to read:

(3)(A) Except as provided in subdivision subdivisions (B) and (C) of this subdivision (3), an applicant and its affiliates may obtain a maximum of one type of each type of license as provided in subdivisions (1)(A)–(E) of this subsection (d). Each license shall permit only one location of the establishment.

(B) An applicant and its affiliates that are control a dispensary registered pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 on April 1, 2022 may obtain one integrated license provided in subdivision (1)(F) of this subsection (d) or a maximum of one of each type of license provided in subdivisions (1)(A)–(E) of this subsection (d). An integrated licensee may not hold a separate cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory
license, and no applicant or its affiliates that control a dispensary shall hold more than one integrated license. An integrated license shall permit only one location for each of the types of activities permitted by the license: cultivation, wholesale operations, product manufacturing, retail sales, and testing.

(C) An applicant and its affiliates may obtain multiple testing laboratory licenses.

Sec. 8. PURPOSE; LEGISLATIVE INTENT

The purpose of the amendment to 7 V.S.A. § 901(d)(3)(B) in Sec. 7 of this act is solely to make the language consistent with the defined terms used throughout 7 V.S.A. chapter 33. The amendment should not be construed to alter the meaning of the provision as it was originally enacted in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 7.

Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 907 is amended to read:

§ 907. RETAILER LICENSE

(a) A retailer licensed under this chapter may:

(1) purchase cannabis from a licensed cultivator, wholesaler, or integrated licensee, and cannabis products from a licensed wholesaler, product manufacturer, integrated licensee, and dispensary; and

(2) transport, possess, package, and sell cannabis and cannabis products to the public for consumption off the registered premises.

* * *

(e) Internet ordering and delivery Delivery of cannabis to customers are is prohibited.

Sec. 10. 7 V.S.A. § 909(c) is added to read:

(c) An integrated licensee shall comply with the provisions of subsection 908(f) of this title and have its cannabis or cannabis products tested by an independent licensed testing laboratory.

Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 4230h is amended to read:

§ 4230h. CHEMICAL EXTRACTION VIA BUTANE OR HEXANE PROHIBITED

(a) No person shall manufacture concentrated cannabis by chemical extraction or chemical synthesis using butane or hexane unless authorized as a dispensary pursuant to a registration issued by the Department of Public Safety pursuant to chapter 86 of this title.
Sec. 12. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 8(a)(1) is amended to read:

(a)(1) The cannabis plant, cannabis product, and useable cannabis possession limits for a registered dispensary set forth in 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 shall no longer apply on and after February 1, 2022. A dispensary shall be permitted to cultivate cannabis and manufacture cannabis products for the purpose of transferring or selling such products to an integrated licensee on or after April 1, 2022 until October 1, 2022 and engaging in the activities permitted by 7 V.S.A. chapter 33.

Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE
This act shall take effect on passage.
(For text see House Journal March 16, 2022)

NEW BUSINESS
Third Reading
H. 742
An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the Town of Milton

H. 745
An act relating to the approval of the adoption of the charter of the Town of Montgomery

H. 746
An act relating to an amendment to the charter of the City of Burlington

S. 90
An act relating to establishing an amyotrophic lateral sclerosis registry

S. 122
An act relating to the required votes of presidential electors

S. 148
An act relating to environmental justice in Vermont

S. 161
An act relating to extending the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement

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S. 188
An act relating to regulating licensed small cannabis cultivation as farming

S. 234
An act relating to changes to Act 250

S. 258
An act relating to agricultural water quality, enforcement, and dairy farming

S. 261
An act relating to municipal retention of property tax collections

S. 269
An act relating to extending the Energy Savings Account Partnership Pilot Program

S. 283
An act relating to miscellaneous changes to education laws

NOTICE CALENDAR
Favorable with Amendment
S. 224
An act relating to juvenile proceedings

Rep. Donnally of Hyde Park, for the Committee on Judiciary, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Pause of Juvenile Jurisdiction Expansion ***

Sec. 1. 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 201, Sec. 21 is amended to read:

Sec. 21. EFFECTIVE DATES

***

(d) Secs. 17–19 shall take effect on July 1, 2022 July 1, 2023.

Sec. 2. 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 124, Sec. 12 is amended to read:

Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Secs. 3 (33 V.S.A. § 510(e)) (33 V.S.A. § 5103(c)) and 7 (33 V.S.A. § 5206) shall take effect on July 1, 2022 July 1, 2023.

***

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Sec. 3. 33 V.S.A. § 5119 is amended to read:

§ 5119. SEALING OF RECORDS

(i) Upon receipt of a court order to seal a record relating to an offense for which there is an identifiable victim, a State’s Attorney shall record the name and date of birth of the victim, the offense, and the date of the offense. The name and any identifying information regarding the defendant shall not be recorded. Victim information retained by a State’s Attorney pursuant to this subsection shall be available only to victims’ advocates, the Victims’ Victims Compensation Program, and the victim and shall otherwise be confidential. The Victims Compensation Program may be provided with a copy, redacted of all information identifying the youth or delinquent child, of the affidavit for the sole purpose of verifying the expenses in a victims compensation application submitted pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 5353.

Sec. 4. 33 V.S.A. § 5235 is amended to read:

§ 5235. JUVENILE RESTITUTION

(e) In the event the juvenile is unable to pay the restitution judgment order at the time of disposition, the court shall fix the amount thereof, which shall not exceed an amount the juvenile can or will be able to pay, and shall fix the manner of performance or refer to a restorative justice program that will address how loss resulting from the delinquency will be addressed, and establish a restitution payment schedule based upon the juvenile’s current and reasonably foreseeable future ability to pay, subject to modification under section 5264 of this title.

(k)(1) The Restitution Unit may bring an action to enforce a restitution order issued under this section in the Superior or Small Claims Court of the county where the offender resides or in the county where the order was issued. In an action under this subsection, a restitution order issued in a juvenile proceeding shall be enforceable in Superior or Small Claims Court in the same manner as a civil judgment. Superior and Small Claims Court filing fees shall be waived for an action under this subsection and for an action to renew a restitution judgment.
(2) An action under this subsection may be brought only after the offender reaches 18 years of age and shall not be subject to any limitations period.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, a restitution order issued in a juvenile proceeding shall not be confidential. The sealing of a juvenile record shall not affect the authority of the Restitution Unit to enforce a restitution order in the same manner as a civil judgment under subdivision (1) of this subsection.

* * * Rights of Victims in Juvenile and Youthful Offender Proceedings * * *

Sec. 5. 13 V.S.A. § 5304 is amended to read:

§ 5304. VICTIMS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

* * *

(2) Notification. Victims, other than victims of acts of delinquency, shall be notified in a timely manner when a court proceeding involving their case is scheduled to take place and when a court proceeding to which they have been summoned will not take place as scheduled. Victims shall also be notified as to the final disposition of the case, and shall be notified of their right to request notification of a person’s release or escape under section 5305 of this title. Notwithstanding this subdivision, the notification rights of victims of delinquent acts are governed by 33 V.S.A. chapters 52 and 52A.

* * *

Sec. 6. 13 V.S.A. § 5305 is amended to read:

§ 5305. INFORMATION CONCERNING RELEASE FROM CUSTODY

(a) Victims, other than victims of acts of delinquency, and affected persons shall have the right to request notification by the agency having custody of the defendant before the defendant is released, including a release on bail or conditions of release, furlough, or other community program; upon termination or discharge from probation or whenever the defendant escapes, is recaptured, dies, or receives a pardon or commutation of sentence. Notice shall be given to the victim or affected person as expeditiously as possible at the address or telephone number provided to the agency having custody of the defendant by the person requesting notice. Any address or telephone number so provided shall be kept confidential. The prosecutor’s office shall ensure that victims are made aware of their right to notification of an offender’s scheduled release date pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding this subsection, the right to information for victims of delinquent acts is governed by 33 V.S.A. chapters 52 and 52A.
Sec. 7. 33 V.S.A. § 5110 is amended to read:

§ 5110. CONDUCT OF HEARINGS

(a) Hearings under the juvenile judicial proceedings chapters shall be conducted by the court without a jury and shall be confidential.

(b) The general public shall be excluded from hearings under the juvenile judicial proceedings chapters, and only the parties, their counsel, witnesses, persons accompanying a party for his or her assistance, and such other persons as the court finds to have a proper interest in the case or in the work of the court, including a foster parent or a representative of a residential program where the child resides, may be admitted by the court. An individual without party status seeking inclusion in the hearing in accordance with this subsection may petition the court for admittance by filing a request with the clerk of the court. This subsection shall not prohibit a victim’s exercise of his or her rights under sections 5233 and 5234 of this title, and as otherwise provided by law.

(c) There shall be no publicity given by any person to any proceedings under the authority of the juvenile judicial proceedings chapters except with the consent of the child, the child’s guardian ad litem, and the child’s parent, guardian, or custodian. A person who violates this provision may be subject to contempt proceedings pursuant to Rule 16 of the Vermont Rules for Family Proceedings. This subsection shall not prohibit a victim from discussing underlying facts of the alleged offense that resulted in death or physical, emotional, or financial injury to the victim, provided that, unless otherwise provided by law or court order, a victim shall not disclose what occurs during a court proceeding or information learned through a court proceeding that is not an underlying fact of the alleged offense that resulted in death or physical, emotional, or financial injury to the victim.

(d) This section shall not prohibit a victim’s exercise of rights provided by section 5234 of this title and as otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 8. 33 V.S.A. § 5126 is added to read:

§ 5126. INFORMATION FROM LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY

(a) Information to all victims in juvenile and youthful offender proceedings. After initial contact between a victim and a law enforcement agency responsible for investigating the offense, the agency shall promptly give in writing to the victim:
(1) an explanation of the victim’s rights under this chapter and chapters 52 and 52A of this title; and

(2) information concerning the availability of:
   (A) assistance to victims, including medical, housing, counseling, and emergency services;
   (B) compensation for victims under 13 V.S.A. chapter 167 and the name, street address, and telephone number of the Center for Crime Victim Services;
   (C) protection for the victim, including protective court orders; and
   (D) access by the victim and the offender to records related to the case that are public under the provisions of 1 V.S.A. chapter 5, subchapter 3 (access to public records).

(b) Information to victims of listed crimes. As soon as practicable, the law enforcement agency shall use reasonable efforts to give to the victim of a listed crime, as relevant, all of the following:

   (1) information as to the offender’s identity unless inconsistent with law enforcement purposes;
   (2) information as to whether the offender has been taken into custody;
   (3) the file number of the case and the name, office street address, and telephone number of the law enforcement officer currently assigned to investigate the case;
   (4) the prosecutor’s name, office street address, and telephone number;
   (5) an explanation that no individual is under an obligation to respond to questions that may be asked outside a courtroom or deposition; and
   (6) information concerning any conditions of release imposed on the offender prior to an initial court appearance, unless otherwise limited by court order.

Sec. 9. 33 V.S.A. § 5127 is added to read:

§ 5127. VICTIM’S RIGHT TO PRESENCE OF VICTIM’S ADVOCATE

   When a victim in a juvenile or youthful offender proceeding is ordered by the court to attend or has a right to attend the proceeding, the victim may be accompanied at the proceeding by a victim’s advocate.

Sec. 10. 33 V.S.A. § 5234 is amended to read:

§ 5234. RIGHTS OF VICTIMS IN DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS
INvolving a Listed Crime

(a) The victim in a delinquency proceeding involving a listed crime shall have the following rights:

(1) To be notified by the prosecutor’s office in a timely manner of the following:

(A) when a delinquency petition has been filed, the name of the child and any conditions of release initially ordered for the child or modified by the court that are related to the victim or a member of the victim’s family or current household, unless otherwise limited by court order;

(B) his or her the victim’s rights as provided by law, information regarding how a case proceeds through a delinquency proceeding, the confidential nature of delinquency proceedings, and that it is unlawful to disclose confidential information concerning the proceedings to another person;

(C) when a predispositional or dispositional court proceeding is scheduled to take place and when a court proceeding of which he or she the victim has been notified will not take place as scheduled; and

(D) whether delinquency has been found and disposition has occurred, and any conditions of release or conditions of probation that are related to the victim or a member of the victim’s family or current household and any restitution, when ordered unless otherwise limited by court order.

(2) To file with the court a written or recorded statement of the impact of the delinquent act on the victim and the need for restitution.

(3) To be present during all court proceedings subject to the provisions of Rule 615 of the Vermont Rules of Evidence to attend the disposition hearing and to present a victim impact statement and to express reasonably the victim’s views concerning the offense and the youth, including testimony in support of his or her the victim’s claim for restitution pursuant to section 5235 of this title, and to be notified as to the disposition, including probation; and to submit oral or written statements to the court at such other times as the court may allow. The court shall consider the victim’s statement when ordering disposition. The victim shall not be personally present at any portion of the disposition hearing except to present a victim impact statement or to testify in support of his or her claim for restitution unless the court finds that the victim’s presence is necessary in the interest of justice.

(4) Upon request, to be notified by the agency having custody of the delinquent child before he or she the child is discharged released into the community from a secure or staff-secured residential facility. The name of the
facility shall not be disclosed. An agency’s inability to give notification shall not preclude the release. However, in such an event, the agency shall take reasonable steps to give notification of the release as soon thereafter as practicable. Notification efforts shall be deemed reasonable if the agency attempts to contact the victim at the address or telephone number provided to the agency in the request for notification.

(5) To have the court take his or her the victim’s views into consideration in the court’s disposition order. If the victim is not present, the court shall consider whether the victim has expressed, either orally or in writing, views regarding disposition and shall take those views into account when ordering disposition.

(6) [Repealed.]

(b) The prosecutor’s office shall keep the victim informed and consult with the victim through the delinquency proceedings.

Sec. 11. 33 V.S.A. § 5234a is amended to read:

§ 5234a. RIGHTS OF VICTIMS IN DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS INVOLVING A NONLISTED CRIME

(a) The victim in a delinquency proceeding involving an offense that is not a listed crime shall have the following rights:

(1) To be notified by the prosecutor’s office in a timely manner of the following:

(A) his or her the victim’s rights as provided by law, information regarding how a delinquency proceeding is adjudicated, the confidential nature of juvenile proceedings, and that it is unlawful to disclose confidential information concerning the proceedings;

(B) when a delinquency petition is filed;

(C) the child’s name and the conditions of release ordered for the child or modified by the court if the conditions relate to the victim or a member of the victim’s family or current household unless otherwise limited by court order; and

(D) when a dispositional court proceeding is scheduled to take place and when a court proceeding of which he or she the victim has been notified will not take place as scheduled.

(2) That delinquency has been found and disposition has occurred, and any conditions of release or conditions of probation that are related to the
victim or a member of the victim’s family or current household, and any restitution ordered unless otherwise limited by court order.

(3) To file with the court a written or recorded statement of the impact of the delinquent act on the victim and any need for restitution.

(4) To attend the disposition hearing for the sole purpose of presenting to the court a victim impact statement, including testimony in support of his or her the victim’s claim for restitution pursuant to section 5235 of this title. The victim shall not be personally present at any portion of the disposition hearing except to present a victim impact statement or to testify in support of his or her the victim’s claim for restitution unless the court finds that the victim’s presence is necessary in the interest of justice.

(5) To be notified by the agency having custody of the child, if agreed to by the parties, before the child is released into the community from a secure or staff-secured residential facility.

(6) To have the court take his or her the victim’s views into consideration in the court’s disposition order. If the victim is not present, the court shall consider whether the victim has expressed, either orally or in writing, views regarding disposition and shall take those views into account when ordering disposition. The court shall order that the victim be notified as to the identity of the child upon disposition if the court finds that release of the child’s identity to the victim is in the best interests of both the child and the victim and serves the interests of justice.

(b) The prosecutor’s office shall keep the victim informed and consult with the victim through the delinquency proceedings.

Sec. 12. 33 V.S.A. § 5288 is amended to read:

§ 5288. RIGHTS OF VICTIMS IN YOUTHFUL OFFENDER PROCEEDINGS

(a) The victim in a proceeding involving a youthful offender shall have the following rights:

(1) To be notified by the prosecutor in a timely manner;

(A) when a court proceeding is scheduled to take place and when a court proceeding to which he or she the victim has been notified will not take place as scheduled; and

(B) of any conditions of release or conditions of probation and of any restitution unless otherwise limited by court order.
(2) To be present during all court proceedings subject to the provisions of Rule 615 of the Vermont Rules of Evidence and to express reasonably his or her views concerning the offense and the youth; to attend the disposition hearing to present a victim impact statement and to express reasonably the victim’s views concerning the offense and the youth, including testimony in support of the victim’s claim for restitution; and to submit oral or written statements to the court at such other times as the court may allow. The court shall consider the victim’s statement when ordering disposition.

(3) To request notification by the agency having custody of the youth before the youth is released into the community from a secure or staff-secured residential facility.

(4) To be notified by the prosecutor as to the final disposition of the case; and.

(5) To be notified by the prosecutor of the victim’s rights under this section.

(b) In accordance with court rules, at a hearing on a motion for youthful offender treatment, the court shall ask if the victim is present and, if so, whether the victim would like to be heard regarding disposition. In ordering disposition, the court shall consider any views offered at the hearing by the victim. If the victim is not present, the court shall ask whether the victim has expressed, either orally or in writing, views regarding disposition and shall take those views into consideration in ordering disposition.

(c) No youthful offender proceeding shall be delayed or voided by reason of the failure to give the victim the required notice or the failure of the victim to appear.

(d) As used in this section, “victim” shall have the same meaning as in 13 V.S.A. § 5301(4).

(e) This section shall not prohibit a victim from discussing underlying facts of the alleged offense that resulted in death or physical, emotional, or financial injury to the victim, provided that, unless otherwise provided by law or court order, a victim shall not disclose what occurs during a court proceeding or information learned through a court proceeding that is not an underlying fact of the alleged offense that resulted in death or physical, emotional, or financial injury to the victim.

* * * Public Safety Requirement in Juvenile and Youthful Offender Cases * * *

Sec. 13. 33 V.S.A. § 5284 is amended to read:

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§ 5284. YOUTHFUL OFFENDER DETERMINATION AND DISPOSITION ORDER

(a)(1) In a hearing on a motion for youthful offender status, the court shall first consider whether public safety will be protected by treating the youth as a youthful offender. If the court finds that public safety will not be protected by treating the youth as a youthful offender, the court shall deny the motion and transfer the case to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court pursuant to subsection 5281(d) of this title. If the court finds that public safety will be protected by treating the youth as a youthful offender, the court shall proceed to make a determination under subsection (b) of this section.

(2) When determining whether public safety will be protected by treating the youth as a youthful offender, the court shall consider, on the basis of the evidence admitted:

(A) the nature and circumstances of the charge and whether violence was involved;
(B) the youth’s mental health treatment history and needs;
(C) the youth’s substance abuse history and needs;
(D) the youth’s residential housing status;
(E) the youth’s employment and educational situation;
(F) whether the youth has complied with conditions of release;
(G) the youth’s criminal record and whether the youth has engaged in subsequent criminal or delinquent behavior since the original charge;
(H) whether supervising the youth on youthful offender probation is appropriate considering the nature of the charged offense and the age and specialized needs of the youth;
(I) whether the youth has connections to the community; and
(J) the youth’s history of violence and history of illegal or violent conduct involving firearms or other deadly weapons.

* * *

Sec. 14. 33 V.S.A. § 5204 is amended to read:

§ 5204. TRANSFER FROM FAMILY DIVISION OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

(a) After a petition has been filed alleging delinquency, upon motion of the State’s Attorney and after hearing, the Family Division of the Superior Court
may transfer jurisdiction of the proceeding to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court, if the child had attained 16 years of age but not 19 years of age at the time the act was alleged to have occurred and the delinquent act set forth in the petition is a felony not specified in subdivisions (1)–(12) of this subsection or if the child had attained 12 years of age but not 14 years of age at the time the act was alleged to have occurred, and if the delinquent act set forth in the petition was any of the following:

(1) arson causing death as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 501;
(2) assault and robbery with a dangerous weapon as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 608(b);
(3) assault and robbery causing bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 608(c);
(4) aggravated assault as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1024;
(5) murder as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2301;
(6) manslaughter as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2304;
(7) kidnapping as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2405;
(8) unlawful restraint as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2406 or 2407;
(9) maiming as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2701;
(10) sexual assault as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 3252(a)(1) or (a)(2);
(11) aggravated sexual assault as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 3253; or
(12) burglary into an occupied dwelling as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1201(c).

(b) The State’s Attorney of the county where the juvenile petition is pending may move in the Family Division of the Superior Court for an order transferring jurisdiction under subsection (a) of this section at any time prior to adjudication on the merits. The filing of the motion to transfer jurisdiction shall automatically stay the time for the hearing provided for in section 5225 of this title, which stay shall remain in effect until such time as the Family Division of the Superior Court may deny the motion to transfer jurisdiction.

(c) Upon the filing of a motion to transfer jurisdiction under subsection (b) of this section, the Family Division of the Superior Court shall conduct a hearing in accordance with procedures specified in subchapter 2 of this chapter to determine whether:

(1) there is probable cause to believe that the child committed the charged offense; and
(2) public safety and the interests of the community would not be served by treatment of the child under the provisions of law relating to the Family Division of the Superior Court and delinquent children.

(d) In making its determination as required under subsection (c) of this section, the court may consider, among other matters:

(1) the maturity of the child as determined by consideration of the child’s age, home, and environment; emotional, psychological, and physical maturity; and relationship with and adjustment to school and the community;

(2) the extent and nature of the child’s prior record of delinquency;

(3) the nature of past treatment efforts and the nature of the child’s response to them, including the child’s mental health treatment and substance abuse treatment and needs;

(4) the nature and circumstances of the alleged offense, including whether the alleged offense was committed in an aggressive, violent, premeditated, or willful manner;

(5) the nature of any personal injuries resulting from or intended to be caused by the alleged act;

(6) the prospects for rehabilitation of the child by use of procedures, services, and facilities available through juvenile proceedings;

(7) whether the protection of the community would be better served by transferring jurisdiction from the Family Division to the Criminal Division of the Superior Court;

(8) the youth’s residential housing status;

(9) the youth’s employment and educational situation;

(10) whether the youth has complied with conditions of release;

(11) the youth’s criminal record and whether the youth has engaged in subsequent criminal or delinquent behavior since the original charge;

(12) whether the youth has connections to the community; and

(13) the youth’s history of violence and history of illegal or violent conduct involving firearms.

***

*** Youthful Offender Risk and Needs Screening ***

- 3380 -
Sec. 15. 33 V.S.A. § 5280 is amended to read:

§ 5280. COMMENCEMENT OF YOUTHFUL OFFENDER PROCEEDINGS IN THE FAMILY DIVISION

* * *

(d)(1) Within 15 days after the commencement of a youthful offender proceeding pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the court shall notify the youth that the youth is required to complete a risk and needs screening, which shall be conducted by the Department or by a community provider that has contracted with the Department to provide risk and needs screenings. The notice shall inform the youth that youthful offender status may be denied if the youth fails to participate in the risk and needs screening.

(2) The risk and needs screening shall be completed prior to the youthful offender status hearing held pursuant to section 5283 of this title. Unless the court extends the period for the risk and needs screening for good cause shown, the Family Division shall reject the case for youthful offender treatment if the youth does not complete the risk and needs screening within 15 days of after the offer for the risk and needs screening.

(1)(3) The Department or the community provider shall report the risk level result of the screening, the number and source of the collateral contacts made, and the recommendation for charging or other alternatives to the State’s Attorney.

(2)(4) Information related to the present alleged offense directly or indirectly derived from the risk and needs screening or other conversation with the Department or community-based provider shall not be used against the youth in the youth’s criminal or juvenile case for any purpose, including impeachment or cross-examination. However, the fact of participation in risk and needs screening may be used in subsequent proceedings.

* * *

* * * Psychosexual Evaluation * * *

Sec. 16. 33 V.S.A. § 5230 is amended to read:

§ 5230. DISPOSITION CASE PLAN

* * *

(d) Psychosexual evaluation. For purposes of determining appropriate conditions of probation for a disposition case plan under this section, the court
may order a psychosexual evaluation if clinically indicated for a child charged with:

(1) lewd and lascivious conduct in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2601;
(2) lewd and lascivious conduct with a child in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2602;
(3) sexual assault in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 3252;
(4) aggravated sexual assault in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 3253;
(5) aggravated sexual assault of a child in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 3253a;
(6) kidnapping with intent to commit sexual assault in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2405(a)(1)(D); or
(7) an offense involving sexual exploitation of children in violation of 13 V.S.A. chapter 64.

* * * Interests of Justice Hearing * * *

Sec. 17. 33 V.S.A. § 5294 is added to read:

§ 5294. INTERESTS OF JUSTICE HEARING

Not later than the next business day after a juvenile who is awaiting trial or other legal process and who is treated as an adult for prosecution in the Criminal Division is taken into custody, the court shall hold a hearing and determine whether to issue a written order, pursuant to 34 U.S.C. § 11133(a)(11)(B), that it is in the interests of justice to hold the juvenile in a jail or other secure facility for adults owned or operated by the Department of Corrections and, if such an order is issued, whether to allow sight or sound contact with adult inmates. Hearings held and orders issued pursuant to this section shall conform with the requirements of 34 U.S.C. § 11133(a)(11)(B), including the criteria set forth therein.

* * * Plan on Secure Placements * * *

Sec. 18. PLAN FOR SECURE PLACEMENTS

(a)(1) On or before December 1, 2022, the Department for Children and Families and the Department of Corrections shall propose a plan to the Senate Committees on Judiciary, on Health and Welfare, and on Institutions and the House Committees on Judiciary, on Corrections and Institutions, and on Human Services to ensure the availability of secure placements, treatment, and transitional housing for persons 18 years of age and older who are subject to juvenile and youthful offender proceedings. The plan shall include:
(A) data on the number and location of current secure placements and a plan for how current and future secure placements will be accomplished;

(B) provisions ensuring that placements are available for youth going forward;

(C) a description of the services to be provided; and

(D) a recommendation as to whether dual custody with the Department of Corrections should be considered.

(2) The plan required by this section shall include a progress report on the requirement of Secs. 1 and 2 of this act that the Raise the Age initiative take effect on July 1, 2023.

(b) On or before July 1, 2022, the Department for Children and Families shall file a preliminary report to the Joint Legislative Justice Oversight Committee describing the progress made toward completion of the plans required by subsections (a) and (c) of this section.

(c) The Department for Children and Families shall, on or before December 1, 2022, propose a plan to the Senate Committees on Judiciary, on Health and Welfare, and on Institutions and the House Committees on Judiciary, on Corrections and Institutions, and on Human Services to ensure the availability of secure treatment placements and aftercare planning for 12–17-year-olds who are subject to juvenile and youthful offender proceedings.

(d) The plans required by subsections (a) and (c) of this section shall be based on research-informed, evidence-based best practices in support of children and families that are trauma-responsive, culturally informed, and consider alternatives to incarceration.

*** Effective Date ***

Sec. 19. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote:10-0-1)

(For text see Senate Journal January 14, 2022)

S. 226

An act relating to expanding access to safe and affordable housing

Rep. Stevens of Waterbury, for the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
**First-Generation Homebuyers**

Sec. 1. 32 V.S.A. 5930u is amended to read:

§ 5930u. TAX CREDIT FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING

(b) Eligible tax credit allocations.

(3) Down Payment Assistance Program.

(A) The Vermont Housing Finance Agency shall have the authority to allocate affordable housing tax credits to finance down payment assistance loans that meet the following requirements:

(i) the loan is made in connection with a mortgage through an Agency program;

(ii) the borrower is a first-time home buyer of an owner-occupied primary residence; and

(iii) the borrower uses the loan for the borrower’s down payment or closing costs, or both.

(B) The Agency shall require the borrower to repay the loan upon the transfer or refinance of the residence.

(C) The Agency shall use the proceeds of loans made under the Program for future down payment assistance.

(D) The Agency may reserve funding and adopt guidelines to provide grants to first-time homebuyers who are also first-generation homebuyers.

Sec. 2. FIRST-GENERATION HOMEBUYER; IMPLEMENTATION; APPROPRIATION

(a) Guidelines. The Vermont Housing Finance Agency shall adopt guidelines and procedures for the provision of grants to first-generation homebuyers pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5930u(b)(3)(D) consistent with the criteria of the Down Payment Assistance Program implemented pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5930u(b)(3) and with this section.

(b) As used in this section and 32 V.S.A. § 5930u(b)(3)(D), a “first-generation homebuyer” means an applicant who self-attests that the applicant is an individual:
(1)(A) whose parents or legal guardians do not have any present residential ownership interest in any State; and

(B) whose spouse, or domestic partner, and each member of whose household has not, during the three-year period ending upon acquisition of the eligible home to be acquired, had any present ownership interest in a principal residence in any State; or

(2) is an individual who has at any time been placed in foster care.

(c) Outreach. Recognizing that Black, Indigenous, and Persons of Color have historically not had access to capital for homeownership purchases and have been systemically discriminated against in the housing market, the Agency shall work with Vermont chapters of the NAACP, AALV, and USCRI; the Executive Director of Racial Equity; the Vermont Commission on Native American Affairs; and local racial justice organizations to develop a plan of active outreach and implementation to ensure that down payment assistance opportunities are effectively communicated, and that funds are equitably available, to communities of Vermonters who have historically suffered housing discrimination.

(d) Of the amounts appropriated to the Department of Housing and Community Development in 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, the Department shall transfer $1,000,000.00 to the Vermont Housing Finance Agency to provide grants pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5930u(b)(3)(D) and for the costs of administration and outreach pursuant to this section.

* * * Manufactured Home Relocation Incentives * * *

Sec. 3. MANUFACTURED HOME IMPROVEMENT AND REPLACEMENT PROGRAM

Of the amounts available from federal COVID-19 relief funds, the following amounts are appropriated to the Department of Housing and Community Development for the purposes specified:

(1) $3,000,000.00 for manufactured home community small-scale capital grants, through which the Department may award not more than $20,000.00 for owners of manufactured housing communities to complete small-scale capital needs to help infill vacant lots with homes, which may include projects such as disposal of abandoned homes, lot grading/preparation, site electrical box issues/upgrades, E911 safety issues, legal fees, transporting homes out of flood zones, individual septic system, and marketing to help make it easier for home-seekers to find vacant lots around the State.
(2) $1,000,000.00 for manufactured home repair grants, through which the Department may award funding for minor rehab or accessibility projects, coordinated as possible with existing programs, for between 250 and 400 existing homes where the home is otherwise in good condition or in situations where the owner is unable to replace the home and the repair will keep them housed.

(3) $1,000,000.00 for new manufactured home foundation grants, through which the Department may award not more than $15,000.00 per grant for a homeowner to pay for a foundation or HUD-approved slab, site preparation, skirting, tie-downs, and utility connections on vacant lots within manufactured home communities.

* * * New Approaches to Creating Housing * * *

Sec. 4. VERMONT HOUSING CONSERVATION BOARD; NEW APPROACHES TO CREATING HOUSING

(a) Authorization. Of the amounts appropriated to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board in fiscal year 2023, the Board is authorized to use up to $5,000,000.00 to explore new approaches for the State to support the creation of housing through the following activities:

1. the Community Partnership for Neighborhood Development created in subsection (b) of this section;

2. matching funds, which for each unit shall not exceed the lesser of $50,000.00 or 20 percent of the employer cost, for not fewer than two large employers with 50 or more full time equivalent employees that create new housing for their employees; and

3. conversion of commercial properties to residential use by providing supplemental grants up to $50,000.00 or 20 percent of the development cost per unit for costs not covered by other funding or financing sources.

(b) Community Partnership for Neighborhood Development.

1. The Department of Housing and Community Development shall lead a cross-agency program to encourage and support local partnerships between municipalities, nonprofit and for-profit developers, employers, the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board, and local planning officials by reducing or eliminating the cost of land and infrastructure from housing development while enhancing density, walkability, inclusiveness, and smart growth development that reduces greenhouse gas emissions.

2. The Department shall lead an effort involving the Vermont Housing Finance Agency, the Agency of Natural Resources, the Agency of
Transportation, the Department of Public Service, and the Vermont Housing Conservation Board to integrate resources for housing, land, and down payment assistance that also makes available funding for critical infrastructure, including funding from the American Rescue Plan Act and the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act.

(3) Participating municipalities may bring resources to the table by planning for and permitting dense housing development in smart growth locations, thereby reducing permitting risk for developers.

(c) Program goals. The Program shall seek to achieve the following goals:

(1) development of new denser neighborhoods in five to ten communities of mixed income and mixed tenure of homeownership and rental opportunities, which, over time, will land bank and make available smart growth sites for 500–1,000 energy efficient homes and apartments;

(2) financial and planning commitment and participation of municipalities and cooperation in siting and permitting development;

(3) enhanced construction of modestly sized homes, at least half of which should be single-family homes under 1,600 sq ft. on small lots;

(4) opportunities for site development and skill-building participation by technical education centers, Youth Build, Vermont Works for Women, and community volunteers such as Habitat for Humanity;

(5) reservation of 25 percent of single family lots for permanently affordable homes, including Habitat for Humanity, Youth Build, or Tech Center programs, at no cost for acquisition or infrastructure and only modest fees for all small homes; and

(6) reservation of 35 percent of multifamily rentals for Vermonters with income below 80 percent of the median income with no cost for publicly funded infrastructure.

* * * Downtown and Village Center Tax Credit Program * * *

Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa is amended to read:

§ 5930aa. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Qualified applicant” means an owner or lessee of a qualified building involving a qualified project, but does not include a State or federal agency or a political subdivision of either; or an instrumentality of the United States.
“Qualified building” means a building built at least 30 years before the date of application, located within a designated downtown, village center, or neighborhood development area, which upon completion of the project supported by the tax credit will be an income-producing building not used solely as a single-family residence. Churches and other buildings owned by religious organization may be qualified buildings, but in no event shall tax credits be used for religious worship.

“Qualified code improvement project” means a project:

(A) to install or improve platform lifts suitable for transporting personal mobility devices, limited use or limited application elevators, elevators, sprinkler systems, and capital improvements in a qualified building, and the installations or improvements are required to bring the building into compliance with the statutory requirements and rules regarding fire prevention, life safety, and electrical, plumbing, and accessibility codes as determined by the Department of Public Safety;

(B) to abate lead paint conditions or other substances hazardous to human health or safety in a qualified building; or

(C) to redevelop a contaminated property in a designated downtown, village center, or neighborhood development area under a plan approved by the Secretary of Natural Resources pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6615a.

“Qualified expenditures” means construction-related expenses of the taxpayer directly related to the project for which the tax credit is sought but excluding any expenses related to a private residence.

“Qualified façade improvement project” means the rehabilitation of the façade of a qualified building that contributes to the integrity of the designated downtown, designated village center. Façade improvements to qualified buildings listed, or eligible for listing, in the State or National Register of Historic Places must be consistent with Secretary of the Interior Standards, as determined by the Vermont Division for Historic Preservation.

“Qualified Flood Mitigation Project” means any combination of structural and nonstructural changes to a building located within the flood hazard area as mapped by the Federal Emergency Management Agency that reduces or eliminates flood damage to the building or its contents. The project shall comply with the municipality’s adopted flood hazard bylaw, if applicable, and a certificate of completion shall be submitted by a registered engineer, architect, qualified contractor, or qualified local official to the State Board. Improvements to qualified buildings listed, or eligible for listing, in the State or National Register of Historic Places shall be consistent with...
Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for Rehabilitation, as determined by the Vermont Division for Historic Preservation.

(7) “Qualified historic rehabilitation project” means an historic rehabilitation project that has received federal certification for the rehabilitation project.

(7)(8) “Qualified project” means a qualified code improvement, qualified façade improvement, or qualified historic rehabilitation project as defined by this subchapter.

(8)(9) “State Board” means the Vermont Downtown Development Board established pursuant to 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A.

Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 5930bb is amended to read:
§ 5930bb. ELIGIBILITY AND ADMINISTRATION

* * *

(e) Sunset of Neighborhood Development Area tax credits. Effective on July 1, 2027, under this subchapter no new tax credit may be allocated by the State Board to a qualified building in a neighborhood development area.

Sec. 7. 24 V.S.A. § 2793a is amended to read:
§ 2793a. DESIGNATION OF VILLAGE CENTERS BY STATE BOARD

* * *

(c) A village center designated by the State Board pursuant to subsection (a) of this section is eligible for the following development incentives and benefits:

* * *

(4) The following State tax credits for projects located in a designated village center:

(A) A State historic rehabilitation tax credit of ten percent under 32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(a) that meets the requirements for the federal rehabilitation tax credit.

(B) A State façade improvement tax credit of 25 percent under 32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(b).

(C) A State code improvement tax credit of 50 percent under 32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(e) The Downtown and Village Center Tax Credit Program described in 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa et seq.

* * *

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Sec. 8. 24 V.S.A. § 2793e is amended to read:

§ 2793e. NEIGHBORHOOD PLANNING AREAS; DESIGNATION OF NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT AREAS

(f) Neighborhood development area incentives for developers. Once a municipality has a designated neighborhood development area or has a Vermont neighborhood designation pursuant to section 2793d of this title, any proposed development within that area shall be eligible for each of the benefits listed in this subsection. These benefits shall accrue upon approval by the district coordinator, who shall review the density requirements set forth in subdivision (c)(7) of this section to determine benefit eligibility and issue a jurisdictional opinion under 10 V.S.A. chapter 151 on whether the density requirements are met. These benefits are:

(1) The application fee limit for wastewater applications stated in 3 V.S.A. § 2822(j)(4)(D);

(2) The application fee reduction for residential development stated in 10 V.S.A. § 6083a(d);

(3) The exclusion from the land gains tax provided by 32 V.S.A. § 10002(p); and

(4) eligibility for the Downtown and Village Center Tax Credit Program described in 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa et seq.

Sec. 9. 24 V.S.A. § 2794 is amended to read:

§ 2794. INCENTIVES FOR PROGRAM DESIGNEES

(a) Upon designation by the Vermont Downtown Development Board under section 2793 of this title, a downtown development district and projects in a downtown development district shall be eligible for the following:

(1) Priority consideration by any agency of the State administering any State or federal assistance program providing funding or other aid to a municipal downtown area with consideration given to such factors as the costs and benefits provided and the immediacy of those benefits, provided the project is eligible for the assistance program.

(2) The following State tax credits:
(A) A State historic rehabilitation tax credit of 10 percent under 32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(a) that meets the requirements for the federal rehabilitation tax credit.

(B) A State façade improvement tax credit of 25 percent under 32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(b).

(C) A State code improvement tax credit of 50 percent under 32 V.S.A. § 5930cc(c) The Downtown and Village Center Tax Credit Program described in 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa et seq.

* * *

Sec. 10. 32 V.S.A. § 5930cc is amended to read:

§ 5930cc. DOWNTOWN AND VILLAGE CENTER PROGRAM TAX CREDITS

* * *

(d) Flood Mitigation Tax Credit. The qualified applicant of a qualified flood mitigation project shall be entitled, upon the approval of the State Board, to claim against the taxpayer’s State individual income tax, State corporate income tax, or bank franchise or insurance premiums tax liability a credit of 50 percent of qualified expenditures up to a maximum tax credit of $75,000.00.

* * * Missing Middle Housing * * *

Sec. 11. MISSING MIDDLE-INCOME HOMEOWNERSHIP DEVELOPMENT PILOT PROGRAM

(a) The following amounts are appropriated from the America Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) – Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Funds to the Department of Housing and Community Development to grant to the Vermont Housing Finance Agency to establish the Missing Middle-Income Homeownership Development Pilot Program:

(1) $5,000,000.00 in fiscal year 2022; and

(2) $10,000,000.00 in fiscal year 2023.

(b) As used in this section:

(1) “Affordable owner-occupied housing” means owner-occupied housing identified in 26 U.S.C. § 143(c)(1) or that qualifies under Vermont Housing Finance Agency criteria governing owner-occupied housing.
(2) “Income-eligible homebuyer” means a Vermont household with annual income that does not exceed 120 percent of area median income.

(c) The Agency shall use the funds appropriated in this section to provide subsidies for new construction or acquisition and substantial rehabilitation of affordable owner-occupied housing for purchase by income-eligible homebuyers.

(d) The total amount of subsidies for a project shall not exceed 35 percent of eligible development costs, as determined by the Agency, which the Agency may allocate consistent with the following:

(1) Developer subsidy. The Agency may provide a direct subsidy to the developer, which shall not exceed the difference between the cost of development and the market value of the home as completed.

(2) Affordability subsidy. Of any remaining amounts available for the project after the developer subsidy, the Agency may provide a subsidy for the benefit of the homebuyer to reduce the cost of purchasing the home, provided that:

(A) the Agency includes conditions in the subsidy, or uses another legal mechanism, to ensure that, to the extent the home value has risen, the amount of the subsidy remains with the home to offset the cost to future homebuyers; or

(B) the subsidy is subject to a housing subsidy covenant, as defined in 27 V.S.A. § 610, that preserves the affordability of the home for a period of 99 years or longer.

(3) The Agency shall allocate not less than 33 percent of the funds available through the Program to projects that include a housing subsidy covenant consistent with subdivision (2)(B) of this subsection.

(e) The Agency shall adopt a Program plan that establishes application and selection criteria, including:

(1) project location;

(2) geographic distribution;

(3) leveraging of other programs;

(4) housing market needs;

(5) project characteristics, including whether the project includes the use of existing housing as part of a community revitalization plan;

(6) construction standards, including considerations for size;
(7) priority for plans with deeper affordability and longer duration of affordability requirements;

(8) sponsor characteristics;

(9) energy efficiency of the development; and

(10) historic nature of the project.

(f) The Agency may assign its rights under any investment or subsidy made under this section to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board or any State agency or nonprofit organization qualifying under 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3), provided such assignee acknowledges and agrees to comply with the provisions of this section.

(g) The Agency shall ensure that initial investments made under this Program are obligated by December 31, 2024 and expended by December 31, 2026.

(h) The Department shall report to the House Committee on Housing, General, and Military Affairs and Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs on the status of the Program annually, on or before January 15, through 2027.

** * Residential Construction Contractors * **

Sec. 12. FINDINGS

The General Assembly finds that:

(1) There is currently no master list of residential construction contractors operating in the State.

(2) There is no standard process for determining or adjudicating construction contract fraud complaints either on the part of contractors or consumers.

(3) Public authorities have no mechanism to contact all contractors when necessary to provide updates to public health requirements, safe working protocols, codes and standards, available trainings and certifications, or building incentives or construction subsidies.

(4) Wide dissemination of information on codes, standards, and trainings is vital to improving construction techniques throughout the State’s construction industry. Since building thermal conditioning represents over one-quarter of the State’s greenhouse gas emissions, improving energy performance is a key strategy for meeting the requirements of the Global Warming Solutions Act, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 153.
(5) While registration is not licensure and confers no assurance of competence, consumers have no way of knowing whether a contractor is operating legally or has been subject to civil claims or disciplinary actions.

(6) A noncommercial, standardized public listing will provide contractors an opportunity to include in their record optional third-party, State-sanctioned certifications.

Sec. 13. 3 V.S.A. § 122 is amended to read:

§ 122. OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION

The Office of Professional Regulation is created within the Office of the Secretary of State. The Office shall have a director who shall be qualified by education and professional experience to perform the duties of the position. The Director of the Office of Professional Regulation shall be a classified position with the Office of the Secretary of State. The following boards or professions are attached to the Office of Professional Regulation:

* * *

(51) Residential Contractors.

Sec. 14. 26 V.S.A. chapter 106 is added to read:

CHAPTER 106. RESIDENTIAL CONTRACTORS


§ 5501. REGISTRATION REQUIRED

(a) A person shall register with the Office of Professional Regulation prior to contracting with a homeowner to perform residential construction in exchange for consideration of more than $10,000.00, including labor and materials.

(b) Unless otherwise exempt under section 5502 of this title, as used in this chapter, “residential construction” means to build, demolish, or alter a residential dwelling unit, or a building or premises with four or fewer residential dwelling units, in this State, and includes interior and exterior construction, renovation, and repair; painting; paving; roofing; weatherization; installation or repair of heating, plumbing, solar, electrical, water, or wastewater systems; and other activities the Office specifies by rule consistent with this chapter.

§ 5502. EXEMPTIONS

This chapter does not apply to:
(1) an employee acting within the scope of his or her employment for a business organization registered under this chapter;

(2)(A) a professional engineer, licensed architect, or a tradesperson licensed, registered, or certified by the Department of Public Safety acting within the scope of his or her license, registration, or certification; or

(B) a business that performs residential construction if the work is performed primarily by or under the direct supervision of one or more employees who are individually exempt from registration under subdivision (2)(A) of this section;

(3) delivery or installation of consumer appliances, audio-visual equipment, telephone equipment, or computer network equipment;

(4) landscaping;

(5) work on a structure that is not attached to a residential building; or

(6) work that would otherwise require registration that a person performs in response to an emergency, provided the person applies for registration within a reasonable time after performing the work.

§ 5503. MANDATORY REGISTRATION AND VOLUNTARY CERTIFICATION DISTINGUISHED

(a)(1) The system of mandatory registration established by this chapter is intended to protect against fraud, deception, breach of contract, and violations of law, but is not intended to establish standards for professional qualifications or workmanship that is otherwise lawful.

(2) The provisions of 3 V.S.A. § 129a, with respect to a registration, shall be construed in a manner consistent with the limitations of this subsection.

(b) The system of voluntary certification established in this chapter is intended to provide consumers and contractors with a publicly available, noncommercial venue for contractors to list optional approved certifications. The Director of Professional Regulation, in consultation with public safety officials and recognized associations or boards of builders, remodelers, architects, and engineers, may:

(1) adopt rules providing for the issuance of voluntary certifications, as defined in subdivision 3101a(1) of this title, that signify demonstrated competence in particular subfields and specialties related to residential construction:
(2) establish minimum qualifications, and standards for performance and conduct, necessary for certification; and

(3) discipline a certificant for violating adopted standards or other law, with or without affecting the underlying registration.

Subchapter 2. Administration

§ 5505. DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR

(a) The Director of Professional Regulation shall:

(1) provide information to the public concerning registration, certification, appeal procedures, and complaint procedures;

(2) administer fees established under this chapter;

(3) receive applications for registration or certification, issue registrations and certifications to applicants qualified under this chapter, deny or renew registrations or certifications, and issue, revoke, suspend, condition, and reinstate registrations and certifications as ordered by an administrative law officer;

(4) prepare and maintain a registry of registrants and certificants; and

(5) use the registry to timely communicate with registrants and certificants concerning issues of health and safety, building codes, environmental and energy issues, and State and federal incentive programs.

(b) The Director, after consultation with an advisor appointed pursuant to section 5506 of this title, may adopt rules to implement this chapter.

§ 5506. ADVISORS

(a) The Secretary of State shall appoint two persons pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 129b to serve as advisors in matters relating to residential contractors and construction.

(b) To be eligible to serve, an advisor shall:

(1) register under this chapter;

(2) have at least three years’ experience in residential construction immediately preceding appointment; and

(3) remain active in the profession during his or her service.

(c) The Director of Professional Regulation shall seek the advice of the advisors in implementing this chapter.

§ 5507. FEES
A person regulated under this chapter shall pay the following fees at initial application and biennial renewal:

(1) Registration, individual: $75.00.
(2) Registration, business organization: $250.00.
(3) State certifications: $75.00 for a first certification and $25.00 for each additional certification.

Subchapter 3. Registrations

§ 5508. ELIGIBILITY

To be eligible for registration, the Director of Professional Regulation shall find that the applicant is in compliance with the provisions of this chapter and applicable State law and has satisfied any judgment order related to the provision of professional services to a homeowner.

§ 5509. REQUIREMENTS OF REGISTRANTS

(a) Insurance. A person registered under this chapter shall maintain minimum liability insurance coverage in the amount of $1,000,000.00 per occurrence and $2,000,000.00 aggregate, evidence of which may be required as a precondition to issuance or renewal of a registration.

(b) Writing.

(1) A person registered under this chapter shall execute a written contract prior to receiving a deposit or commencing residential construction work if the estimated value of the labor and materials exceeds $10,000.00.

(2) A contract shall specify:

(A) Price. One of the following provisions for the price of the contract:

(i) a maximum price for all work and materials;
(ii) a statement that billing and payment will be made on a time and materials basis, not to exceed a maximum price; or
(iii) a statement that billing and payment will be made on a time and materials basis and that there is no maximum price.

(B) Work dates. Estimated start and completion dates.

(C) Scope of work. A description of the services to be performed and a description of the materials to be used.
(D) Change order provision. A description of how and when amendments to the contract may be approved and documented, as agreed by the parties.

(3) The parties shall document an amendment to the contract in a signed writing.

(c) Down payment.

(1) If a contract specifies a maximum price for all work and materials or a statement that billing and payment will be made on a time and materials basis, not to exceed a maximum price, the contract may require a down payment of up to one-half of the cost of labor to the consumer, or one-half of the price of materials, whichever is greater.

(2) If a contract specifies that billing and payment will be made on a time and materials basis and that there is no maximum price, the contract may require a down payment as negotiated by the parties.

§ 5510. PROHIBITIONS AND REMEDIES

(a) A person who does not register as required pursuant to this chapter may be subject to an injunction or a civil penalty, or both, for unauthorized practice as provided in 3 V.S.A. § 127(b).

(b) The Office of Professional Regulation may discipline a registrant or certificant for unprofessional conduct as provided in 3 V.S.A. § 129a, except that 3 V.S.A. § 129a(b) does not apply to a registrant.

(c) The following conduct by a registrant, certificant, applicant, or person who later becomes an applicant constitutes unprofessional conduct:

(1) failure to enter into a written contract when required by this chapter;

(2) failure to maintain liability or workers’ compensation insurance as required by law;

(3) committing a deceptive act in commerce in violation of 9 V.S.A. § 2453;

(4) falsely claiming certification under this chapter, provided that this subdivision does not prevent accurate and nonmisleading advertising or statements related to credentials that are not offered by this State; and

(5) selling or fraudulently obtaining or furnishing a certificate of registration, certification, license, or any other related document or record, or assisting another person in doing so, including by reincorporating or altering a trade name for the purpose or with the effect of evading or masking
revocation, suspension, or discipline against a registration issued under this chapter.

Sec. 15. IMPLEMENTATION

(a) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of 26 V.S.A. chapter 106:

(1) The initial biennial registration term for residential contractors pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 106 shall begin on April 1, 2023.

(2) The Secretary of State may begin receiving applications for the initial registration term on December 1, 2022.

(3)(A) The registration fee for individuals who submit complete registration requests between December 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023 is $25.00 and between April 1, 2023 and March 31, 2024, the fee is $50.00.

(B) The registration fee for business organizations that submit complete registration requests between December 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023 is $175.00 and between April 1, 2023 and March 31, 2024, the fee is $200.00.

(4) Prior to April 1, 2024, the Office of Professional Regulation shall not take any enforcement action for unauthorized practice under 26 V.S.A. § 5510(a) against a residential contractor who fails to register as required by this act.

(b) On or before July 1, 2023, the Director of Professional Regulation shall establish an initial set of voluntary certifications, to include at minimum OSHA standards on construction projects and components of energy-efficient “green” building for insulators, carpenters, and heating and ventilation installers.

Sec. 16. CREATION OF POSITIONS WITHIN THE OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION; LICENSING

(a) There are created within the Secretary of State’s Office of Professional Regulation one new position in licensing and one new position in enforcement.

(b) In fiscal year 2023, the amount of $200,000.00 in Office of Professional Regulation special funds is appropriated to the Secretary of State to fund the positions created in subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 17. ATTORNEY GENERAL; CONSUMER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM; POSITION; APPROPRIATION

(a) The Office of the Attorney General is authorized to create one classified, two-year full-time limited-service position within the Consumer Assistance Program, whose duties shall include:
(1) assisting with consumer complaints concerning residential construction projects with a value of less than $10,000.00;

(2) providing education, outreach, and mediation to contractors and consumers; and

(3) coordinating and facilitating information sharing concerning complaints with the Office of Professional Regulation.

(b) In fiscal year 2023, the amount of $200,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Office of the Attorney General to create the position and perform the duties provided in this section.

Sec. 18. SECRETARY OF STATE; STATUS REPORT

On or before January 15, 2024, the Office of Professional Regulation shall report to the House Committees on General, Housing, and Military Affairs and on Government Operations and to the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Government Operations concerning the implementation of 26 V.S.A. chapter 106, including:

(1) the number of registrations and certifications;

(2) the resources necessary to implement the chapter;

(3) the number and nature of any complaints or enforcement actions;

(4) the potential design and implementation of a one-stop portal for contractors and consumers; and

(5) any other issues the Office deems appropriate.

Sec. 19. 9 V.S.A. § 4500 is amended to read:

§ 4500. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

(a) The provisions of this chapter establishing legal standards, duties, and requirements with respect to persons with disabilities in places of public accommodation as defined in this chapter, except those provisions relating to remedies, are intended to implement and to be construed so as to be consistent with the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq. and regulations promulgated under that Act, and are not intended to impose additional or higher standards, duties, or requirements than that Act.

(b) Subsections 4502(b) and (c) of this title shall not be construed to create or impose on governmental entities additional or higher standards, duties, or requirements than that imposed by Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act.
(c) The provisions of this chapter shall be construed liberally to accomplish its remedial purposes and any exceptions and exemptions to the provisions of this chapter shall be construed narrowly in order to maximize the deterrence of discriminatory behavior.

Sec. 20. 9 V.S.A. § 4503 is amended to read:

§ 4503. UNFAIR HOUSING PRACTICES

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person:

* * *

(2) To discriminate against, or to harass any person in the terms, conditions, privileges, and protections of the sale or rental of a dwelling or other real estate, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of the race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, or disability of a person, or because a person intends to occupy a dwelling with one or more minor children, or because a person is a recipient of public assistance, or because a person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.

* * *

(d)(1) As used in this section, “harass” means to engage in unwelcome conduct that detracts from, undermines, or interferes with the person’s terms, conditions, privileges, or protections in the sale or rental of a dwelling or other real estate, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with a dwelling or other real estate, because of the person’s race, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, marital status, religious creed, color, national origin, or disability, or because the person intends to occupy a dwelling with one or more minor children, or because the person is a recipient of public assistance, or because the person is a victim of abuse, sexual assault, or stalking.

(2) Notwithstanding any judicial precedent to the contrary, harassing conduct need not be severe or pervasive to be unlawful pursuant to the provisions of this section. In determining whether conduct constitutes unlawful harassment:

(A) The determination shall be made on the basis of the record as a whole, according to the totality of the circumstances, and a single incident may constitute unlawful harassment.
(B) Incidents that may be harassment shall be considered in the aggregate with varying types of conduct and conduct based on multiple characteristics viewed in totality, rather than in isolation.

(C) Conduct may constitute unlawful harassment, regardless of whether:

(i) the complaining person is the person being harassed;

(ii) the complaining person acquiesced or otherwise submitted to or participated in the conduct;

(iii) the conduct is also experienced by others outside the protected class involved in the conduct;

(iv) the complaining person was able to enjoy the benefit of applicable terms, conditions, privileges, or protections in the sale or rental of the dwelling or other real estate, or to obtain services or facilities in connection with the dwelling or other real estate, despite the conduct;

(v) the conduct resulted in a physical or psychological injury; or

(vi) the conduct occurred outside the dwelling or other real estate.

(3) Behavior that a reasonable person with the same protected characteristic would consider to be a petty slight or trivial inconvenience shall not constitute unlawful harassment or discrimination pursuant to this section.

Sec. 21. PROHIBITION OF TAX SALE WHILE VHAP APPLICATION PENDING

(a) Not less than 60 days prior to serving a notice of sale on a delinquent taxpayer pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5252(a)(3), a town or municipality shall mail to the delinquent taxpayer’s last known address a notice in the following, or substantially similar, form:

“If this property is your primary residence, you may be able to get help with delinquent property tax and utility payments through the Vermont Homeowner Assistance Program (VHAP). VHAP can help you avoid tax sale and transfer of your property by paying delinquent property taxes, water and sewer charges, interest, and penalties.

You can apply for VHAP online at vermonthap.vhfa.org. For advice about the program and help completing the application, call Vermont Legal Aid at 1-800-889-2047.

If you apply for VHAP, you must notify your town in writing, and your property will not be sold or transferred while your application is pending.”
(b) A notice of sale to a delinquent taxpayer pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5252(a)(3) shall include the notice in subsection (a) of this section.

(c) If a town or municipality has sold a delinquent taxpayer’s property pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5254 prior to the effective date of this section, but the deed conveying title to the purchaser has not yet been executed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5261, not later than 30 days from the effective date of this section, the town or municipality shall mail to the delinquent taxpayer’s last known address the notice in subsection (a) of this section.

(d)(1) A homeowner who has applied for VHAP may request a stay of the tax sale process or extension of the redemption period while the VHAP application is pending by attesting to the municipality that the homeowner has made a good faith application for VHAP funds in connection with the homeowner’s primary residence.

(2) Upon notification that a VHAP application is pending, a municipality shall not conduct a tax sale of the property until one of the following occurs:

(A) the applicant is deemed ineligible for VHAP;
(B) the VHAP application is closed due to inaction by the applicant;
or
(C) payment is issued to the municipality on a qualifying application.

(3) If a payment is issued that satisfies the delinquency, the sale shall not proceed.

(e)(1) If a tax sale occurred prior to the delinquent taxpayer’s application for VHAP, the redemption period established in 32 V.S.A. § 5260 shall be extended by operation of law until one of the following occurs:

(A) the applicant is deemed ineligible for VHAP;
(B) the VHAP application is closed due to inaction by the applicant;
or
(C) payment is issued to the municipality on a qualifying application.

(2) If payment is issued for the redemption amount, the deed shall not be made to the purchaser, but the sums shall be paid to the purchaser pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5260.

(f)(1) This section is repealed on September 30, 2025.
(2) The notice obligations in subsections (a)–(c) of this section shall cease when the Vermont Housing Finance Agency stops accepting VHAP applications because funding is exhausted.

Sec. 22. 10 V.S.A. § 12 is added to read:

§ 12. VERMONT LAND ACCESS AND OPPORTUNITY BOARD

(a) Creation. There is created the Vermont Land Access and Opportunity Board, which for administrative purposes shall be attached to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board.

(b) Powers and duties. The Board shall promote racial and social equity in property ownership for Vermonters who have historically suffered from discrimination and who have not had equal access to public or private economic benefits.

Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022, except that Sec. 11 (Missing Middle Pilot Program) and Sec. 21 (tax sales) shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote:7-2-2)

(For text see Senate Journal March 30, 31, 2022)

Rep. Jessup of Middlesex, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs.

(Committee Vote:9-2-0)

Rep. Kornheiser of Brattleboro, for the Committee on Ways and Means, recommends the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs when the report of the committee is amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 5, 32 V.S.A. § 5930aa, in subdivision (5), by inserting , or neighborhood development area following “designated village center”

Second: By striking out Sec. 6, 32 V.S.A. § 5930bb, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 5930bb is amended to read:

§ 5930bb. ELIGIBILITY AND ADMINISTRATION

**

(e) Availability of Neighborhood Development Area tax credits. Beginning on July 1, 2025, under this subchapter no new tax credit may be
allocated by the State Board to a qualified building located in a neighborhood development area unless specific funds have been appropriated for that purpose.

(Committee Vote: 7-4-0)

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Stevens of Waterbury to the recommendation of amendment of the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs to S. 226

Representative Stevens of Waterbury moves to amend the recommendation of proposal of amendment of the committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, by striking out Sec. 4 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 4 to read as follows:

Sec. 4. COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIP FOR NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT

(a) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall lead a Community Partnership for Neighborhood Development Program, which shall be a collaborative among municipalities, nonprofit and for-profit developers, State agencies, employers, and other relevant stakeholders to develop a pilot neighborhood and demonstrate how new partnership models for targeted and coordinated investments can support the development of at least 300 homes in inclusive, smart growth neighborhoods.

(b) The Program shall be steered by a Housing Equity Council with representatives from the Vermont Department of Housing Community Development, the Vermont Housing Finance Agency, the Agency of Natural Resources, the Agency of Transportation, the Department of Public Service, the Vermont Bond Bank, the Vermont Economic Development Authority, the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board, the Vermont Association of Planning and Development Agencies, the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, and the Vermont Regional Development Corporations.

(c) The Council shall consider and recommend to the Department of Housing and Community Development at least three a pilot neighborhood development project in three separate regional planning commission regions using a competitive process to select municipalities a municipality able to demonstrate need, collaboration, preliminary planning, bylaw modernization, and budgetary commitments to support smart growth and housing development in a location within or up to one quarter of a mile from a neighborhood planning area, as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2791, or a location that otherwise represent a logical extension of an existing compact settlement pattern that is consistent with smart-growth principles.
(d) Through the Program, the Department and the Council shall coordinate with the pilot municipality through 2026 on the strategic use of public resources to create a development-ready framework for new and infill neighborhood development and construction-ready building lots through the integrated coordination of the following:

1. State, regional, and municipal planning;
2. State and municipal regulation;
3. Land acquisition and land banking;
4. Physical improvement planning, design, and scoping;
5. Capital investment in infrastructure;
6. Financing and funding, including funding from the American Rescue Plan Act and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act;
7. Lot and building development by private and nonprofit developers; and
8. The sale or leasing of homes.

(e) The Department and the Council shall seek to achieve the following goals through the Program:

1. The development of a neighborhood that:
   
   A. is compact and human-scaled, with a density of at least eight dwelling units per acre, including modestly sized dwellings on small lots;
   
   B. is characteristic of Vermont’s smart growth principles, as provided in 24 V.S.A. § 2791;
   
   C. is located in proximity to existing residential, employment, and civic uses;
   
   D. provides for a mix of housing types, styles, tenure, and sizes to accommodate diverse households of varying composition, age, and income, including not less than 25 percent of the units with perpetual affordability and 35 percent of the homes affordable at 80 percent of the area median income;
   
   E. provides for a mix of transportation modes with interconnected streets and sidewalks; and
   
   F. is designed in a manner that enhances historic resources, climate readiness, energy efficiency, environmental quality, resident health, and overall livability.
(2) A successful model for the acquisition or banking of developable- or development-ready land for new neighborhood development or infill development within an existing, developed neighborhood.

(3) A successful model for the integration of planning and implementation for water, sewer, and other public utilities and services with land use planning and transportation investments in new or upgraded streets.

(f) $1,000,000.00 is appropriated from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) recovery funds to the Department of Housing and Community Development for predevelopment grants that implement this section, which may fund municipal planning, site control, land acquisition, design, scoping, and surveying for the development of a pilot neighborhood.

(g) Of the amounts appropriated in this section, the Department may reserve not more than $100,000.00 for related administrative expenses through fiscal year 2026.

(h) The Agency of Natural Resources and the Agency of Transportation shall report back to the General Assembly on or before December 15, 2024 on financial contributions the agencies can make to the Program’s pilot neighborhood.

(i) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall report back to the General Assembly on the results of the Program on or before December 15, 2026.

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Stevens of Waterbury to the recommendation of amendment of the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs to S. 226

Representative Stevens of Waterbury moves that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking out Sec. 22, 10 V.S.A. § 12, Land Access and Opportunity Board, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof Secs. 22, 22a, 22b, and 22c to read as follows:

Sec. 22. INTENT

It is the intent of the Vermont General Assembly to acknowledge structural racism and address prevalent wealth disparities by creating new opportunities to improve access to woodlands, farmland, and land and home ownership for Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities who continue to face barriers to land and home ownership.

Sec. 22a. VERMONT LAND ACCESS AND OPPORTUNITY BOARD;

APPROPRIATION; SUPPORT
(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Board” means the Vermont Land Access and Opportunity Board.

(2) “VHCB” means the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board.

(b) The sum of $200,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to VHCB in fiscal year 2023 to administer and support the Vermont Land Access and Opportunity Board.

(c) In fiscal year 2023, and to the extent that funding is appropriated in fiscal years 2024 and 2025, VHCB shall provide general, accounting, and administrative support to the Board, including support related to the administration of Board meetings, compliance with requirements for records retention and of the Open Meeting Law, processing of per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses for Board members, contracting, and bookkeeping and financial compliance.

Sec. 22b. 10 V.S.A. chapter 15, subchapter 5 is added to read:

Subchapter 5: Land Access and Opportunity Board

§ 325t. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

(1) “Board” means the Vermont Land Access and Opportunity Board.

(2) “Historically marginalized or disadvantaged community” means a community that has historically suffered from discrimination and has not had equal access to public or private economic benefits due to the race, ethnicity, gender, geography, language preference, immigrant or citizen status, sexual orientation, gender identity, socioeconomic status, or disability status of its members.

(3) “LGBTQ” means an individual who identifies as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, or questioning.

(4) “VHCB” means the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board.

§ 325u. VERMONT LAND ACCESS AND OPPORTUNITY BOARD

(a) Creation. There is created the Vermont Land Access and Opportunity Board to promote improvements in access to woodlands, farmland, and land and home ownership for Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities who continue to face barriers to land and home ownership. The Board shall be attached to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board for administrative purposes.

(b) Organization of Board. The Board shall be composed of:
(1) the Executive Director of Racial Equity or designee;

(2) one member of Indigenous heritage, appointed by the Vermont Commission on Native American Affairs;

(3) one member, appointed by the Vermont NAACP;

(4) one member, appointed by the Vermont Racial Justice Alliance;

(5) one member, appointed by Liberation Ecosystem;

(6) one member, appointed by the Vermont Every Town project;

(7) one member, appointed by the National Association of Social Workers, Vermont Chapter, who shall be a social worker with expertise in antiracism;

(8) one member, appointed by the Pride Center of Vermont, who shall be LGBTQ;

(9) one member, appointed by the U.S. Committee for Refugees and Immigrants Vermont, who shall be a member of a refugee or immigrant community or shall have experience representing refugee or immigrant communities, or both; and

(10) one member, appointed by the Vermont Developmental Disabilities Council.

(c) Member terms; priority.

(1) A member of the Board shall serve a term of three years and until their successor has been appointed.

(2) In the event of a vacancy occurring during a member’s term, the vacancy shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.

(3)(A) When selecting members of the Board, appointing authorities shall give priority to, and shall seek to appoint, Vermonters who satisfy one or more of the following:

(i) are a member of a historically marginalized or disadvantaged community;

(ii) represent the interests of Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities; or

(iii) have expertise regarding access to housing, land, agriculture, or credit.
(4) A member may serve not more than two full terms. A member who is appointed to fill a vacancy occurring during a term may serve two full terms in addition to the unexpired portion of the term during which the member is first appointed.

(d) Compensation. Board members shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for meetings as deemed appropriate by the Board within the appropriation provided. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to VHCB for the support and administration of the Board.

(e) Meetings. The Executive Director of Racial Equity or designee shall call the first meeting of the Board to occur on or before September 1, 2022.

(f) Powers and duties of the Board. The Board may do the following:

(1) Advise VHCB regarding policy development and programs to promote racial, social, economic, and climate justice for Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities.

(2) Retain wealth, financial, and real estate advisors who are Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities and use the services of those advisors to provide education and guidance for Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities.

(3) Retain Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities with expertise in agriculture, agronomics, and natural resource and land management to provide regenerative natural resource services to Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities.

(4) Work with VHCB; the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets; the Departments of Financial Regulation and of Housing and Community Development; the Vermont Sustainable Jobs Fund; the Vermont Housing Finance Agency; the Vermont State Housing Authority; the Vermont Economic Development Agency; and other State entities to:

(A) develop metrics relevant to historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities to understand disparities and track progress in addressing disparities and improving opportunities; and

(B) develop strategies and plans to more effectively reach out and provide access to resources that can overcome structural barriers to housing and land ownership, including an examination of:

(i) debt-to-income ratios;

(ii) impacts from redlining;

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(iii) the impact of algorithmic systems of decision making, including the impact of credit scores and criminal background checks;

(iv) the impact of shared equity programs and homeownership programs on wealth disparity; and

(v) other practices that increase discrimination, disparities, and inequities in land access, property ownership, and wealth acquisition.

(5) Work with the Department of Taxes to recommend options and opportunities to provide advantageous tax treatment to properties owned by Vermonters who come from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities.

(6)(A) Review, monitor, and recommend options and opportunities to redress State policies, procedures, practices, laws, and rules related to racial and social equity in property ownership for the benefit of Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities.

(B) Collaborate with VHCB and other affordable housing stakeholders to recommend programs and related rules to provide loans, grants, and financial assistance to individuals from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities.

(7) Develop one or more programs with associated rules and procedures to distribute grants, to the extent funds are appropriated for the purpose, for:

(A) community-based groups and programs that will improve land and housing access, safety, and health for historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities; and

(B) individual and collective property and home ownership or housing improvements to support safe and sustainable residences for historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities.

(8) Identify, examine, and make recommendations to redress the limitations and problems associated with existing laws, rules, programs, and services related to property ownership for Vermonters from historically marginalized or disadvantaged communities.

§ 325v. ACCEPTANCE OF GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS

The Board may accept from any governmental department or agency, public or private body, or any other source, grants or contributions to be used in carrying out the provisions of this subchapter.

Sec. 22c. INITIAL REPORT; VERMONT LAND ACCESS AND OPPORTUNITY BOARD
On or before January 15, 2023, in consultation with the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board and any contractors hired for this purpose, the Vermont Land Access and Opportunity Board shall submit a written report to the House Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs and the Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs with initial recommendations related to the goals set forth in 10 V.S.A. § 325u. The report and recommendations shall primarily address legal, constitutional, and governance questions relevant to the functions of the Board, including grant making and how to fund, organize, and structure the Board as a permanent instrumentality of the State of Vermont.

Amendment to be offered by Reps. Jessup of Middlesex, Fagan of Rutland City, Feltus of Lyndon, Harrison of Chittenden, Helm of Fair Haven, Hooper of Montpelier, Schu of Middlebury, Squirrell of Underhill, Toleno of Brattleboro, Townsend of South Burlington and Yacovone of Morristown to the recommendation proposal of amendment of the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs to S. 226

That report be amended in Sec. 3, “Manufactured Home Improvement and Replacement Program”, by striking out “$3,000,000.00” in subdivision (1) and inserting in lieu thereof “$2,500,000.00” and by striking out “$1,000,000.00” in subdivisions (2) and (3) and inserting in lieu thereof “$750,000.00”

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 456

An act relating to establishing strategic goals and reporting requirements for the Vermont State Colleges

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Vermont State Colleges; Strategic Goals and Reporting * * *

Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. § 2171a is added to read:

§ 2171a. STRATEGIC GOALS

(a) The Corporation shall establish its priorities, budget and allocate its resources, and develop its capabilities to ensure that students successfully achieve their academic goals in a manner and in an environment that provides a high-quality education and that is:

(1) affordable;

(2) accessible;

(3) equitable; and
(4) relevant to Vermont’s needs.

(b) As used in this chapter:

(1) “Accessible” means each student, regardless of where the student’s home campus is located, has increased access to academic opportunities, majors, and courses across the Corporation’s academic system.

(2) “Affordability standard” means the extent to which affordability is being achieved for students and for the Corporation as determined jointly by the Corporation and VSAC.

(3) “Affordable” means a level of financial commitment that results from the application of the affordability standard.

(4) “Equitable” means the extent to which gaps in educational access and success are being reduced for students from economically deprived backgrounds, first-generation students, students of color, and other marginalized groups.

(5) “Relevant to Vermont’s needs” means that students graduate as informed and engaged citizens who are prepared for the world of work and for participating in a democratic society.

(6) “Total cost of attendance” has the meaning provided in 20 U.S.C. § 1087ll, as amended.

(7) “Unmet need” means the total cost of attendance minus:

(A) the Student Aid Index, as determined under 20 U.S.C. § 1087mm, as in effect on July 31, 2023; and

(B) all nonloan student financial assistance.

(8) “VSAC” means the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation.

(c) The Corporation’s Board of Trustees shall approve and maintain institutional missions that align to the strategic goals set out in subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 2. 16 V.S.A. § 2171b is added to read:

§ 2171b. VERMONT STUDENT ASSISTANCE CORPORATION AND VERMONT STATE COLLEGES; REPORTING

On or before January 15, 2024 and on or before January 15 annually thereafter, VSAC, with the assistance of and in collaboration with the Corporation, shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Education containing:

(1) the Corporation’s progress in attaining affordability for full-time
students enrolled with the Corporation for the first time;

(2) the Corporation’s progress in attaining affordability for all other students;

(3) the average and median amount of unmet need for full-time students enrolled with the Corporation for the first time and the average and median amount of unmet need for all other students;

(4) the average, median, annual, and cumulative student and parent debt by loan type (federal direct to student, federal direct to parent, state, or private) for students obtaining a two-year or four-year degree; and

(5) for students enrolled with the Corporation, their average:

(A) yearly continuation rate;

(B) academic progress, showing satisfactory and unsatisfactory progress; and

(C) graduation rate.

Sec. 3. REPORT

On or before July 1, 2023, the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation, in collaboration with the Agency of Education, shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Education on whether and how to implement a requirement that all high school students complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid as a condition of graduation.

Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 2171(c) is amended to read:

(c) The Corporation may acquire, hold, and dispose of property in fee or in trust, or any other estate, except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, shall have a common seal, and shall be an instrumentality of the State for the purposes set forth in this section. The State of Vermont shall support and maintain the Corporation. The sale, lease, demolition, or disposal of property by the Corporation shall comply with the applicable requirements of 32 V.S.A. § 962.

Sec. 5. REPEAL

16 V.S.A. § 2188 is repealed.

Sec. 6. AFFORDABILITY STANDARD; DETERMINATION

On or before July 1, 2023, the Vermont State Colleges and the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation shall jointly recommend to the Senate and House Committees on Education and the Senate and House Committees on Appropriations the definition of the affordability standard under Sec. 1 of this
Sec. 7. 16 V.S.A. § 2172 is amended to read:

§ 2172. TRUSTEES; APPOINTMENT; VACANCIES

(a) The Corporation shall be governed by a board of 17 trustees who shall be appointed or elected as follows:

(1) Biennially, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint trustees to serve for four-year terms expiring March 1 of the year of the biennial session. Five trustees may be in office at one time under this subdivision. In the event of any vacancy occurring between biennial sessions in an office under this subdivision, the Governor, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 257, shall fill the vacancy, and the term of a person so appointed shall expire on March 1 in the year of the next following biennial session.

(2)(A) Two trustees shall be student trustees:

(i) who are matriculated students at an educational institution operated by the Vermont State Colleges Corporation;

(ii) who are pursuing a degree program; and

(iii) who have reached the age of majority.

(B) The student trustees shall serve a one-year term expiring on June 1. The student trustees shall be appointed, and a vacancy may be filled, from among those eligible students applying for the position by the decision of those members of the steering committee of the Vermont State Colleges Student Association who have been elected at large to that committee by the students at their respective colleges. No student trustee may serve more than two consecutive terms.

(3) Four trustees shall be legislative trustees who are members of the General Assembly at the time of their election. Legislative trustees shall serve four-year terms expiring on March 1 of the second year of the biennial session, and they shall be elected by joint assembly of the Legislature. Vacancies for any cause shall be filled by the General Assembly at its earliest opportunity, and the term of a person so appointed shall expire on March 1 of the next even numbered year.

(4) Four trustees shall be elected by the Board of Trustees to four-year terms expiring on March 1. Vacancies for any cause shall be filled by the remaining members of the Board of Trustees, and the term of the person so appointed shall expire on the next following March 1.
(5) One trustee shall be faculty or staff employed by the Vermont State Colleges Corporation and elected by the faculty and staff to a four-year term expiring on August 1. The faculty assembly or assemblies shall oversee all trustee elections under this subdivision, which shall be open to all faculty and staff. Vacancies for any cause shall be filled through an election, and the term of the person so appointed shall expire on the next following August 1.

(b) Appointments by the Governor and elections by the General Assembly, and student appointments shall be made with consideration of the geographic distribution of members to prevent an unfair focus on any single college or campus.

(c) No trustee shall be a member of the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont.

(d)(1) The Board of Trustees, after notice and a hearing, may remove a trustee for incompetency, failure to discharge duties, malfeasance, illegal acts, or other cases inimical to the welfare of the Corporation.

(2) Gubernatorial-appointed trustees shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 2004.

(3) In the event of a vacancy occurring under this subsection, the Governor or the Board, as applicable, shall fill the vacancy pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 8. 16 V.S.A. § 2173 is amended to read:

§ 2173. BOARD OF TRUSTEES; ORGANIZATION

In addition to the 16 elected and appointed trustees, the Board of Trustees shall include as a member the Governor of Vermont. A majority of the trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Biennially, the Board shall elect one of its voting members to serve as its chair.

Sec. 9. TRANSITION

(a) On or before August 1, 2022, the new faculty or staff member of the Board of Trustees of the Vermont State Colleges Corporation shall be elected under Sec. 7 of this act.

(b) On or before September 15, 2022, the new student member shall be appointed under Sec. 7 of this act. The new student trustee shall serve a partial term, commencing on September 15, 2022 and ending on March 1, 2023.

* * * University of Vermont and State Agricultural College; Board of Trustees * * *

Sec. 10. 16 App. V.S.A. Chapter 1, § 1-2 is amended to read:
§ 1-2. BOARD OF TRUSTEES; MEMBERSHIP; TERMS OF SERVICE; PRESIDING CHAIR

The Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College shall be composed of 25 members, whose term of office shall be six years, except as to those who are members ex officio and to those who are student members. Three members shall be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate. During the legislative session of 1955, the Governor shall appoint one member for a term of two years, one member for a term of four years, and one member for a term of six years, and it shall be the duty of the Governor during the session of the Legislature prior to expiration of the term of office of any of the members to appoint for the term of six years a successor to the member whose term is expiring. The terms of office of the Trustees shall expire on the last day of February in the respective years of expiration, and the terms of office of their successors shall thereafter begin on March 1 and expire on the last day of February.

Nine members shall be those who have been heretofore elected by the Legislature as members of the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College, and whose terms have not expired, and their successors, and it shall be the duty of the Legislature at its session during which the terms of office of any class of the members expire to elect three successor members for terms of six years. The terms shall commence on March 1 in the year of election. The nine Trustees and their successors shall also constitute the Board of Trustees of the Vermont Agricultural College.

Nine members shall be those who have been heretofore elected on behalf of the University of Vermont as members of the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College and whose terms have not expired, and their successors, and it shall be the duty of said nine Trustees to elect successors to fill vacancies occurring among their number upon expiration of the terms of office of any of them or otherwise. The nine Trustees and their successors shall also constitute the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont.

Two members shall be students enrolled at the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College. Their terms of office shall be two years. Prior to February 1, 1978, the Associated Directors for the Appointment of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College Student Trustees, Incorporated shall select and appoint one student for a term of one year and one student for a term of two years, both of whom shall be enrolled as full-time undergraduate or full-time graduate students. Annually thereafter, the Directors shall meet to select and appoint one student trustee for a term of two years.
years in accordance with the provisions of this section. The Directors shall fill any vacancy occurring among the student trustee members upon the expiration of the term of office of any of them or otherwise. A student shall be eligible to serve as a Student Trustee, provided the student is a full-time undergraduate or full-time graduate student matriculating in accordance with the degree qualifications and requirements established by the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College and if the student remains in that status throughout the length of the term of office. The term of office of a Student Trustee shall begin on March 1 following the date of appointment, and the term of office shall end the last day of February in the year of expiration. Any student elected hereunder shall have reached the age of 18 years of age.

One member shall be faculty or staff employed by the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College and elected by the faculty and staff to a six-year term expiring on August 1. The Faculty Senate shall oversee all trustee elections under this subdivision, which shall be open to all faculty and staff. Vacancies for any cause shall be filled through an election, and the term of the person so elected shall expire on the next following August 1.

All Trustees so appointed and elected as hereinbefore provided, shall, together with his or her Excellency, the Governor of the State, and the President, who shall be, ex officio, a member, constitute an entire Board of Trustees of the corporation known as the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College, who shall have the entire management and control of its property and affairs, and in all things relating thereto, except in the elections to fill vacancies, as aforesaid, shall act together jointly, as one entire Board of Trustees, provided, that all future elections or appointments to the Board of Trustees shall be made with special reference to preventing any religious denominational preponderance in the Board. The Board shall annually, at its first regular meeting after the election of new trustees, elect one of its members to serve as Chair.

Sec. 11. TRANSITION

On or before August 1, 2022, new members of the Board of Trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College shall be appointed or elected under Sec. 10 of this act.

Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATES

Secs. 1 and 2 shall take effect on July 1, 2023, and Secs. 3–6, 7–11 (VSC and UVM Board of Trustees), and this section shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:
An act relating to the Vermont State Colleges and the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College.
(For text see House Journal February 22, 2022 )

H. 464

An act relating to miscellaneous changes to the Reach Up Program

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: By striking out Sec. 8, 33 V.S.A. § 1114, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 8 and a Sec. 8a to read as follows:

Sec. 8. 33 V.S.A. § 1114 is amended to read:

§ 1114. DEFERMENTS, MODIFICATIONS, AND REFERRAL

* * *

(b) The work requirements shall be either modified or deferred for:

* * *

(5) A participant who is needed in the home on a full- or part-time basis in order to care for an ill or disabled parent, spouse, or child. In granting deferments, the Department shall fully consider the participant’s preference as to the number of hours the participant is able to leave home to participate in work activities. A deferral or modification of the work requirement exceeding 60 days due to the existence of illness or disability pursuant to this subdivision shall be confirmed by the independent medical review of one or more physicians, physician assistants, advanced practice registered nurses, or other health care providers designated by the Secretary of Human Services prior to receipt of continued financial assistance under the Reach Up program.

* * *

(d) Absent an apparent condition or claimed physical, emotional, or mental condition, participants are presumed to be able-to-work. A participant shall have the burden of demonstrating the existence of the condition asserted as the basis for a deferral or modification of the work requirement. A deferral or modification of the work requirement exceeding 60 days due to the existence of conditions rendering the participant unable to work shall be confirmed by the independent medical review of one or more physicians, physician assistants, advanced practice registered nurses, or other health care providers designated by the Secretary of Human Services prior to receipt of continued financial assistance under the Reach Up program.

* * *
Sec. 8a. 33 V.S.A. § 1114 is amended to read:

§ 1114. DEFERMENTS, MODIFICATIONS, AND REFERRAL

(a) The Commissioner shall establish by rule criteria, standards, and procedures for granting deferments from or modifications to the work requirements established in section 1113 of this title, in accordance with the provisions of this section and for referring individuals with disabilities to the Office of Vocational Rehabilitation.

(b) The work requirements shall be either modified or deferred for:

1. A participant for whom no unsubsidized or subsidized job or other equivalent supervised work activity recognized by the Commissioner by rule is available.

2. A participant for whom support services that are essential to employment and other work activities and identified in the family development plan cannot be arranged. Such services shall include case management, education and job training, child care, and transportation.

3. A primary caretaker parent in a two-parent family in which one parent is able to work part-time or unable to work, a single parent, or a caretaker who is caring for a child who has not attained 24 months of age for no more than 24 months of the parent’s or caretaker’s lifetime receipt of financial assistance. To qualify for such deferment, a parent or caretaker of a child older than the age of six months but younger than 24 months shall cooperate in the development of and participate in a family development plan.

4. An individual who has exhausted the 24 months of deferment provided for in subdivision (3) of this subsection and who is caring for a child who is not yet 13 weeks of age or a primary caretaker parent in a family with two parents who are able to work if the primary caretaker is caring for a child under 13 weeks of age and is otherwise subject to a work requirement because the other parent in the family is being sanctioned in accordance with section 1116 of this title.

5. A participant who is needed in the home on a full or part-time basis in order to care for an ill or disabled parent, spouse, or child. In granting deferments, the Department shall fully consider the participant’s preference as to the number of hours the participant is able to leave home to participate in work activities.

6. A participant who is under 20 years of age, who is a single head of household or married, and who maintains satisfactory attendance at secondary school or the equivalent during the month, or participates in education directly related to employment for an average of 20 or more hours per week during the
(7) A participant who has attained 20 years of age and who is engaged in at least 15 hours per week of classes and related learning activities for the purpose of attaining a high school diploma or General Educational Development (GED) certificate or completing a literacy program approved by the Department, provided that the participant is making satisfactory progress toward the attainment of the diploma or certificate, and provided further that a deferment or modification granted for this purpose does not exceed 18 months.

(8) A participant who is enrolled in, attending, and making satisfactory progress toward the completion of a full-time vocational training program that has a normal duration of no more than two years and who is within 12 months of expected completion of such program. Such deferment or modification shall continue until he or she has completed the program, he or she is no longer attending the program, or the 12-month expected completion period has ended, whichever occurs first.

(9) A participant for whom, due to the effects of domestic violence, fulfillment of the work requirement can be reasonably anticipated to result in serious physical or emotional harm to the participant that significantly impairs his or her capacity either to fulfill the work requirement or to care for his or her child adequately, or can be reasonably anticipated to result in serious physical or emotional harm to the child.

(10) Any other participant designated by the Commissioner in accordance with criteria established by rule.

(e) A participant who is able to work part-time or is unable to work shall be referred for assessment of the individual’s skills and strengths, accommodations and support services, and vocational and other services in accordance with the provisions of his or her family development plan. The work requirement hours shall reflect the individual’s ability to work. Participants with disabilities that do not meet the standards used to determine disability under Title XVI of the Social Security Act shall participate in rehabilitation, education, or training programs as appropriate. A participant who qualifies for a deferment or modification and who is able to work part-time shall have his or her work requirement hours modified or deferred. In granting deferments, the Department shall fully consider the participant’s estimation of the number of hours the participant is able to work.

(d) Absent an apparent condition or claimed physical, emotional, or mental condition, participants are presumed to be able to work. A participant shall have the burden of demonstrating the existence of the condition asserted as the basis for a deferral or modification of the work requirement.
(e) Deferments and modifications granted pursuant to this section shall continue for as long as the grounds for the deferment or modification exist or until expiration of a related time period specified in subsection (b) of this section, whichever occurs first.

(f) As used in this section, “health care provider” means a person, partnership, or corporation, other than a facility or institution, licensed or certified or authorized by law to provide professional health care service in this State to an individual during that individual’s medical care, treatment, or confinement. The program participation requirements established in section 1113 of this chapter shall be deferred when:

1. a participating adult is 60 years of age or older;
2. a participating adult is caring for a child under six weeks of age;
3. a participating adult for whom, due to the effects of domestic violence, engaging in the program participation requirements can be reasonably anticipated to result in serious physical or emotional harm to the participating adult or participating adult’s child; or
4. any other participant designated by the Commissioner in accordance with criteria established by the Commissioner in rule pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.

Second: In Sec. 12, effective dates, after “This section”, by inserting the following:

Sec. 8 (deferments, modifications, and referral),

(For text see House Journal March 22, 2022 )

H. 523

An act relating to reducing hydrofluorocarbon emissions

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 10 V.S.A. § 586, subsection (b), by striking out subdivision (4)(G) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(G) July 1, 2022, for refrigeration systems used in ice skating rinks;

and

Second: In Sec. 3, 20 V.S.A. § 2731, by striking out subsection (m) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(m) Refrigerants. No rule adopted under this section or any other requirement of this title shall prohibit or otherwise limit the use of a refrigerant designated as acceptable for use pursuant to and in accordance with 42 U.S.C.
7671k or 10 V.S.A. § 586, provided any equipment containing such refrigerant is listed and installed in accordance with safety standards and use conditions imposed pursuant to such designation.

(For text see House Journal March 15, 16, 2022 )

**H. 729**

An act relating to miscellaneous judiciary procedures

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Cross Reference Corrections * * *

Sec. 1. 12 V.S.A. § 4853a is amended to read:

§ 4853a. PAYMENT OF RENT INTO COURT; EXPEDITED HEARING

* * *

(c) Any memorandum in opposition filed by the defendant pursuant to Rule 78(b) (7)(b)(6) of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure shall be accompanied by affidavit setting forth particular facts in support of the memorandum.

* * *

Sec. 2. 12 V.S.A. § 4853b is amended to read:

§ 4853b. UNLAWFUL OCCUPANT; EXPEDITED HEARING

* * *

(c) At any time before the hearing, the defendant may oppose the motion pursuant to Rule 78(b) (7)(b)(6) of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure by filing an affidavit, a signed written statement, or a memorandum in opposition to the motion. The affidavit, signed written statement, or memorandum shall set forth particular facts to show that a genuine dispute of fact exists in relation to the motion.

* * *

* * * Notarization of Affidavits in Relief from Abuse Proceedings * * *

Sec. 3. 15 V.S.A. § 1104 is amended to read:

§ 1104. EMERGENCY RELIEF

(a) In accordance with the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure, temporary orders under this chapter may be issued ex parte, without notice to the defendant, upon motion and findings by the court that the defendant has
abused the plaintiff or the plaintiff’s children, or both. The plaintiff shall submit an affidavit in support of the order, which may be sworn to or affirmed by administration of the oath over the telephone to the applicant by an employee of the Judiciary authorized to administer oaths and shall conclude with the following statement: “I declare under the penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of Vermont that the foregoing is true and accurate. I understand that making false statements is a crime subject to a term of imprisonment or a fine, or both, as provided by 13 V.S.A. § 2904.” The authorized person shall note on the affidavit the date and time that the oath was administered. A minor 16 years of age or older, or a minor of any age who is in a dating relationship as defined in subdivision 1101(2) of this chapter, may seek relief on his or her own behalf. Relief under this section shall be limited as follows:

* * *

Sec. 4. 15 V.S.A. § 1106 is amended to read:

§ 1106. PROCEDURE

* * *

(b)(1) The Court Administrator shall establish procedures to ensure access to relief after regular court hours, or on weekends and holidays. The Court Administrator is authorized to contract with public or private agencies to assist plaintiffs to seek relief and to gain access to Superior Courts. Law enforcement agencies shall assist in carrying out the intent of this section.

(2)(A) The court shall designate an authorized person to receive requests for ex parte temporary relief from abuse orders submitted after regular court hours pursuant to section 1104 of this title, including requests made by reliable electronic means according to the procedures in this subdivision.

* * *

(C) The affidavit shall be sworn to or affirmed by administration of the oath over the telephone to the applicant by the authorized person, and shall conclude with the following statement: “I declare under the penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of Vermont that the foregoing is true and accurate. I understand that the penalty for perjury is imprisonment of not more than 15 years or a fine of not more than $10,000.00, or both making false statements is a crime subject to a term of imprisonment or a fine, or both, as provided by 13 V.S.A. § 2904.” The authorized person shall note on the affidavit the date and time that the oath was administered.

* * *

- 3424 -
Sec. 4a. 33 V.S.A. § 6936 is amended to read:

§ 6936. EMERGENCY RELIEF; HEARINGS

(a) In accordance with the Rules for Family Proceedings, temporary orders under this subchapter may be issued ex parte, without notice to the defendant, upon motion and findings by the court that the defendant has abused, neglected, or exploited the vulnerable adult and that serious and irreparable harm to the physical health or financial interests of the vulnerable adult will result without ex parte relief.

* * *

(d)(1) The Court Administrator shall establish procedures to ensure access to relief after regular court hours, or on weekends and holidays.

(2) The procedures established pursuant to this subsection shall include:

(A) designation of an employee of the Judiciary authorized to receive requests for ex parte petitions submitted after regular court hours; and

(B) permission for the petitioner’s affidavit to be sworn to or affirmed by administration of the oath over the telephone to the petitioner by the authorized person, during or after regular court hours.

* * * Sealing Criminal History Records * * *

Sec. 5. 13 V.S.A. § 7606 is amended to read:

§ 7606. EFFECT OF EXPUNGEMENT

(a) Order and notice. Upon finding that the requirements for expungement have been met, the court shall issue an order that shall include provisions that its effect is to annul the record of the arrest, conviction, and sentence and that such person shall be treated in all respects as if he or she the person had never been arrested, convicted, or sentenced for the offense. The court shall provide notice of the expungement to the respondent, Vermont Crime Information Center (VCIC), the arresting agency, the Restitution Unit of the Vermont Center for Crime Victim Services, and any other entity that may have a record related to the order to expunge. The VCIC shall provide notice of the expungement to the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s National Crime Information Center.

* * *
Sec. 5a. 13 V.S.A. § 7607 is amended to read:

§ 7607. EFFECT OF SEALING

(a) Order and notice. Upon entry of an order to seal, the order shall be legally effective immediately and the person whose record is sealed shall be treated in all respects as if he or she had never been arrested, convicted, or sentenced for the offense and that its effect is to annul the record of arrest, conviction, and sentence. The court shall provide notice of the sealing to the respondent, Vermont Crime Information Center (VCIC), the arresting agency, the Restitution Unit of the Vermont Center for Crime Victims Services, and any other entity that may have a record related to the order to seal. The VCIC shall provide notice of the sealing to the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s National Crime Information Center.

* * *

(f) Upon request, the Victim’s Compensation Program shall be provided with a copy, redacted of all information identifying the offender, of the affidavit for the sole purpose of verifying the expenses in a victim’s compensation application submitted pursuant to section 5353 of this title.

(g) The sealing of a criminal record shall not affect the authority of the Restitution Unit to enforce a restitution order in the same manner as a civil judgment pursuant to subdivision 5362(c)(2) of this title.

Sec. 6. 13 V.S.A. § 7611 is added to read:

§ 7611. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE

A State or municipal employee or contractor or any agent of the court, including an attorney and an employee or contractor of the attorney, who knowingly accesses or discloses sealed criminal history record information without authorization shall be assessed a civil penalty of not more than $1,000.00. Each unauthorized disclosure shall constitute a separate civil violation.

Sec. 6a. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION

* * *

(b) The Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:

* * *

(30) Violations of 13 V.S.A. § 7611, relating to the unauthorized disclosure of sealed criminal history record information.
Sec. 7. 32 V.S.A. § 1431 is amended to read:

§ 1431. FEES IN SUPREME AND SUPERIOR COURTS

(e) Prior to the filing of any postjudgment motion in the Civil, Criminal, or Environmental Division of the Superior Court, including motions to reopen civil suspensions or motions to reopen existing cases in the Probate Division of the Superior Court, there shall be paid to the clerk of the court for the benefit of the State a fee of $90.00 except for small claims actions, estates, and motions to confirm the sale of property in foreclosure. A filing fee of $90.00 shall be paid to the clerk of the court for a civil petition for minor settlements. The $90.00 filing fee shall only apply for a motion to seal a criminal history record of a violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1201(a) pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7602(a)(1)(C), but shall not apply for any other motion to seal or expunge a criminal history record pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 7602, 33 V.S.A. § 5119(g), or other applicable records clearance provisions.

Sec. 7a. 13 V.S.A. § 7602 is amended to read:

§ 7602. EXPUNGEMENT AND SEALING OF RECORD, POSTCONVICTION; PROCEDURE

(a)(1) A person may file a petition with the court requesting expungement or sealing of the criminal history record related to the conviction if:

(C) pursuant to the conditions set forth in subsection (g) of this section, the person was convicted of a violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1201(a) or § 1091 related to operating under the influence of alcohol or other substance, excluding a violation of those sections resulting in serious bodily injury or death to any person other than the operator, or related to operating a school bus with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more or operating a commercial vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more; or

** correcting Title of Chief Superior Judge **

Sec. 8. 4 V.S.A. § 21a is amended to read:

§ 21a. DUTIES OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CHIEF SUPERIOR JUDGE

(a) The Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall assign and specially
assign Superior judges, including himself or herself themselves, and Environmental judges to the Superior Court. All Superior judges except Environmental judges shall be subject to the requirements of rotation as ordered by the Supreme Court. Assignments made pursuant to the rotation schedule shall be subject to the approval of the Supreme Court.

(b) In making any assignment under this section, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall give consideration to the experience, temperament, and training of a judge and the needs of the court. In making an assignment to the Environmental Division, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall give consideration to experience and expertise in environmental and land use law and shall assign or specially assign judges in a manner to provide appropriate attention to all geographic areas of the State.

(c) In making any assignments to the Environmental Division under this section, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall regularly assign two judges, at least one of whom shall be an Environmental judge. An Environmental judge may be assigned to other divisions in the Superior Court for a period of time not exceeding two years. When assigned to other divisions in the Superior Court, the Environmental judge shall have all the powers and responsibilities of a Superior judge.

Sec. 9. 4 V.S.A. § 22 is amended to read:

§ 22. DESIGNATION AND SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT OF JUDICIAL OFFICERS AND RETIRED JUDICIAL OFFICERS

(a)(1) The Chief Justice may appoint and assign a retired Justice or judge with his or her the Justice’s or judge’s consent or a Superior or Probate judge to a special assignment on the Supreme Court. The Chief Justice may appoint, and the Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall assign, an active or retired Justice or a retired judge, with his or her the Justice’s or judge’s consent, to any special assignment in the Superior Court or the Judicial Bureau.

(2) The Administrative Chief Superior Judge may appoint and assign a judge to any special assignment in the Superior Court. As used in this subdivision, a judge shall include a Superior judge, a Probate judge, a Family Division magistrate, or a judicial hearing officer.

(b) The Administrative Chief Superior Judge may appoint and assign a member of the Vermont Bar residing within the State of Vermont to serve temporarily as:

(1) an acting judge in Superior Court;

(2) an acting magistrate;
(3) an acting Probate judge; or
(4) an acting hearing officer to hear cases in the Judicial Bureau.

(f) In making an appointment under subsection (b) of this section, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall apply the criteria and standards for judicial appointments contained in section 601 of this title.

Sec. 10. 4 V.S.A. § 36 is amended to read:

§ 36. COMPOSITION OF THE COURT

(C) Use of the term “judicial officer” in subdivisions (A) and (B) of this subdivision (2) shall not be construed to expand a judicial officer’s subject matter jurisdiction or conflict with the authority of the Chief Justice or Administrative Chief Superior Judge to make special assignments pursuant to section 22 of this title.

Sec. 11. 4 V.S.A. § 38 is amended to read:

§ 38. JUDICIAL MASTERS

(a) The Administrative Chief Superior Judge may appoint a licensed Vermont lawyer who has been engaged in the practice of law in Vermont for at least the last five years to serve as a Judicial Master. The Judicial Master shall be an employee of the Judiciary and be subject to the Code of Judicial Conduct. A Judicial Master shall not engage in the active practice of law for remuneration while serving in this position. In making this appointment, the Administrative Judge shall apply the criteria and standards for judicial appointments contained in section 601 of this title. The Judicial Master may hear and decide the following matters as designated by the Administrative Judge:

Sec. 12. 4 V.S.A. § 71 is amended to read:

§ 71. APPOINTMENT AND TERM OF SUPERIOR JUDGES

(e) The Supreme Court shall designate one of the Superior judges to serve as Administrative Chief Superior Judge. The Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall serve at the pleasure of the Supreme Court.
Sec. 13. 4 V.S.A. § 73 is amended to read:

§ 73. ASSIGNMENT

(a) In accordance with the direction of the Supreme Court, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall assign the Superior judges among the units and divisions of the Superior Court. The Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall assign a presiding judge to each unit and may assign a judge to preside in more than one unit. In a case where a Superior judge is disqualified or unable to attend any term of court or part thereof to which he or she has been assigned, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge may assign another Superior judge to act as judge at that term or part thereof for that period during which the assigned judge is disqualified or unable to attend. If during a term of the Superior Court the court in a unit is unable to complete all or part of the work before it in a reasonable time, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge, with the approval of the Supreme Court, may modify judge assignments to reduce delays in that unit. The court shall publish the judicial rotation schedule in electronic format and distribute it electronically to attorneys licensed in Vermont.

(b) Pursuant to section 21a of this title, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall assign Superior judges to hear and determine Family Court matters. The Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall ensure that such hearings are held promptly. Any contested divorce case which has been pending for more than one year shall be advanced for prompt hearing upon the request of any party.

(c) As necessary to ensure the efficient operation of the Superior Court, the presiding judge of the unit may specially assign a Superior judge assigned to a division in the unit, including the presiding judge, to preside over one or more cases in a different division. As the Administrative Chief Superior Judge determines necessary for the operation of the Superior Court throughout the State, and with the approval of the Supreme Court, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge may additionally assign for a specified period of time a Superior judge to preside over a particular type of case, or over a particular type of motion or other judicial proceeding, in all or part of the units in the State.

Sec. 14. 4 V.S.A. § 111 is amended to read:

§ 111. SUPERIOR COURT SESSIONS

(a) When the business of a Superior Court cannot otherwise be disposed of with reasonable dispatch, by direction of the Administrative Chief Superior Judge, there may be held additional sessions of that Superior Court
simultaneously with the regular session consisting of a presiding judge and one or more assistant judges, if available.

(b) A Superior Court may be temporarily recessed or adjourned from the place designated for holding a regular term or session to another place having adequate facilities, when the regular facilities at the designated courthouse are not adequate.

(c) The Administrative Chief Superior Judge may assign assistant judges, with their consent, to a special assignment in a court where they have jurisdiction in another county when assistant judges of that county are unavailable or the business of the courts so requires.

Sec. 15. 4 V.S.A. § 115 is amended to read:

§ 115. STATED TERMS OF SUPERIOR COURT

The Superior Court shall operate continuously irrespective of the term in which events occur. Terms are designated for purposes of determining the rotation schedule of Superior judges and the responsibility of a Superior judge once a term has expired. When at the expiration of a term a Superior judge is no longer assigned to a specified unit, the judge shall complete any matters that have been heard or taken under advisement for that unit. The Administrative Chief Superior Judge, pursuant to rules of the Supreme Court, may specially assign a Superior judge to continue to preside over one or more cases even though the judge is no longer assigned to the unit of origin of the case or cases. In the absence of such a direction or of an assignment made pursuant to subsection 73(c) of this title, a judge who at the end of a term is no longer assigned to a unit shall have no further responsibility for cases in that unit.

Sec. 16. 4 V.S.A. § 272 is amended to read:

§ 272. PROBATE DISTRICTS; PROBATE JUDGES

(c) The Administrative Chief Superior Judge may specially assign a Probate judge to hear a case in a geographical district other than the district for which the Probate judge was elected.

Sec. 17. 4 V.S.A. § 461a is amended to read:

§ 461a. ESSEX COUNTY; POWERS OF ASSISTANT JUDGES AND MAGISTRATES IN FAMILY COURT PROCEEDINGS

(b) The Administrative Chief Superior Judge may appoint and may
specially assign a magistrate to serve as the presiding judge in the Family Division of the Superior Court in Essex County.

* * *

Sec. 18. 4 V.S.A. § 461c is amended to read:

§ 461c. POWERS OF ASSISTANT JUDGES IN DIVORCE PROCEEDINGS

* * *

(c) Prior to hearing an uncontested domestic matter, an assistant judge shall sit with a Superior judge on domestic proceedings for a minimum of 100 hours, satisfactorily complete a minimum of 30 hours of training on subjects relevant to domestic proceedings and the Code of Judicial Conduct, and conduct a minimum of three uncontested domestic hearings with a Superior judge who shall, in his or her the Superior judge’s sole discretion, certify to the Administrative Chief Superior Judge that the assistant judge is qualified to preside over matters under this section. Upon application of an assistant judge, some or all of these requirements may be waived by the Administrative Chief Superior Judge based on equivalent experience. The requirements set forth herein shall only apply to assistant judges who elect to conduct uncontested final hearings in domestic cases after July 1, 2010. An assistant judge already conducting hearings under this section as of July 1, 2010 shall be deemed to have complied with these requirements.

Sec. 19. 4 V.S.A. § 906 is amended to read:

§ 906. CONFLICTING APPOINTMENTS, EXCUSE FROM ATTENDING BY ADMINISTRATIVE CHIEF SUPERIOR JUDGE

When an attorney is required to attend more than one trial, hearing, or other proceeding before a court or commission having judicial or quasi-judicial functions, or both, at times which conflict so that he or she the attorney cannot reasonably attend each appointment, the attorney may request the Administrative Chief Superior Judge to designate which appointment he or she the attorney shall attend. The Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall designate the appointment the attorney shall attend and shall notify the presiding magistrate of each court and commission of his or her the Justice’s or judge’s decision. The attorney shall be excused from attending at that time any proceedings other than the one designated by the Administrative Chief Superior Judge, and the other proceedings shall be rescheduled.

Sec. 20. 4 V.S.A. § 1001 is amended to read:

§ 1001. ENVIRONMENTAL DIVISION
(b) Two environmental judges shall be appointed to hear matters in the Environmental Division and to hear other matters in the Superior Court when so assigned by the Chief Superior Judge pursuant to subsection 21a(c) of this title.

Sec. 21. 4 V.S.A. § 1104 is amended to read:

§ 1104. APPOINTMENT OF HEARING OFFICERS

The Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall appoint members of the Vermont Bar to serve as hearing officers to hear cases. Hearing officers shall be subject to the Code of Judicial Conduct.

Sec. 22. 4 V.S.A. § 1108 is amended to read:

§ 1108. JUDICIAL BUREAU VIOLATIONS; JURISDICTION OF ASSISTANT JUDGES

(c) The Administrative Chief Superior Judge may assign or direct assignment of an assistant judge with the assistant judge’s consent to hear matters in the Judicial Bureau within the county in which the assistant judge presides or in a county other than the county in which the assistant judge presides if the assistant judge has elected to hear and decide such matters.

Sec. 23. 12 V.S.A. § 5538 is amended to read:

§ 5538. APPEALS

Any party may appeal from a small claims judgment to Superior Court. The Administrative Chief Superior Judge shall assign the appeal to a Superior judge who shall not have participated in any way in the decision being appealed. The appeal shall be heard and decided, based on the record made in the small claims procedure. No appeal as of right exists to the Supreme Court. On motion made to the Supreme Court by a party to the action, the Supreme Court may allow an appeal from the Superior Court.

Sec. 24. 12 V.S.A. § 5540a is amended to read:

§ 5540a. JURISDICTION OVER SMALL CLAIMS; ASSISTANT JUDGES

(d) An assistant judge upon successful completion of the training under subsection (b) of this section, shall cause the Superior Court clerk to notify the Court Administrator of the assistant judge’s successful completion of training.
Upon receipt of such notification, small claims cases which require a hearing shall first be set for hearing before an assistant judge in the Superior Court in the county and shall be heard by the assistant judge. If the assistant judge is unavailable due to illness, vacation, administrative leave, disability, or disqualification, the Administrative Chief Superior Judge pursuant to 4 V.S.A. § 22 may assign a judge, or appoint and assign a member of the Vermont bar to serve temporarily as an acting judge, to hear small claims cases in the county. No action filed or pending shall be heard at or transferred to any other location unless agreed to by the parties. If both assistant judges of the county elect to successfully complete training to hear these matters, the senior assistant judge shall make the assignment of cases to be heard by each assistant judge. The assistant judges, once qualified to preside in these matters, shall work with the Court Administrator’s office and the Administrative Chief Superior Judge such that the scheduling of small claims cases before the assistant judges are at such times as to permit adequate current court personnel to be available when these cases are heard.

* * *

Sec. 25. 13 V.S.A. § 5451 is amended to read:

§ 5451. CREATION OF COMMISSION

(a) The Vermont Sentencing Commission is established for the purpose of overseeing criminal sentencing practices in the State, reducing geographical disparities in sentencing, and making recommendations regarding criminal sentencing to the General Assembly.

(b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

(1) the Chief Justice of the Vermont Supreme Court or designee;

(2) the Chief Superior Judge or designee, provided that the designee is a sitting or retired Vermont judge;

(3) a District or Superior Court Judge with substantial criminal law experience appointed by the administrative judge Chief Superior Judge;

(4) the Chair of the Senate Committee on Judiciary;

(5) the Chair of the House Committee on Judiciary;

(6) the Attorney General or designee;

(7) the Defender General or designee;

(8) the Executive Director of the Department of State’s Attorneys and Sheriffs or designee;
(9) the Appellate Defender;

(10) a State’s Attorney appointed by the Executive Director of the Department of State’s Attorneys and Sheriffs;

(11) a staff public defender with experience in juvenile defense matters appointed by the Defender General;

(12) an attorney with substantial criminal law experience appointed by the Vermont Bar Association;

(13) the Commissioner of Corrections or designee;

(14) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;

(15) the Executive Director of the Vermont Center for Crime Victim Services or designee;

(16) the Executive Director of the Vermont Crime Research Group; and

(17) one member of the public appointed by the Governor.

* * *

Sec. 26. 24 V.S.A. § 139 is amended to read:

§ 139. ASSISTANT JUDGE JUDICIAL EDUCATION

The assistant judges, either collectively or through a duly authorized committee of assistant judges established by a majority vote of the assistant judges after consultation with the administrative judge Chief Superior Judge, shall, by majority vote:

(1) identify the training needs of assistant judges, including needs which are required by law; and

(2) design, organize, and implement training for assistant judges, including training which is required by law.

Sec. 27. 24 V.S.A. § 3211 is amended to read:

§ 3211. DETERMINATION OF NECESSITY

* * *

(b) The Superior Court judge to whom the petition is presented shall fix the time for hearing, which shall not be more than 60 nor less than 40 days from the date the judge signs such order. Likewise, the judge shall fix the place for hearing, which shall be the county courthouse or any other place within the county in which the land in question is located. If the Superior Court judge to whom the petition is presented cannot hear the petition at the time set therefor, the judge shall call upon the administrative judge Chief Superior Judge to
assign another Superior Court judge to hear the cause at the time and place assigned in the order.

* * *

Sec. 28. 24 V.S.A. § 3605 is amended to read:

§ 3605. HEARING TO DETERMINE NECESSITY

The judge to whom such petition is presented shall fix the time for hearing, which shall not be more than 60 nor less than 30 days from the date he or she the judge signs such order. Likewise, he or she the judge shall fix the place for hearing, which shall be the county courthouse or any other convenient place within the county in which the land in question is located. If the Superior judge to whom such petition is presented cannot hear the petition at the time set therefore he or she, the Superior judge shall call upon the Administrative Chief Superior Judge to assign another Superior judge to hear such cause at the time and place assigned in the order.

Sec. 29. 32 V.S.A. § 8361 is amended to read:

§ 8361. GENERAL RULES FOR APPEALS

(a) A party aggrieved, including the State represented by the State Treasurer, on or before February 15 following such an appraisal, may appeal therefrom to a Superior judge designated by the administrative judge Chief Superior Judge, not excluding himself or herself themselves, who shall hear such appeal.

* * *

Sec. 30. 32 V.S.A. § 9272 is amended to read:

§ 9272. SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES; APPEAL

* * *

(b) Any operator aggrieved by such suspension, revocation, or refusal may appeal therefrom to any Superior judge within 10 days after written notice of such suspension, revocation, or refusal has been mailed or delivered to him or her the operator. Such Superior judge or another Superior judge designated by the administrative judge Chief Superior Judge shall hear such appeal forthwith.

* * *

Sec. 31. 32 V.S.A. § 9816 is amended to read:

§ 9816. SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATES; APPEAL

* * *
(b) Any person required to collect the tax aggrieved by a suspension, revocation, or refusal may appeal therefrom to any Superior judge within 10 days after written notice of the suspension, revocation, or refusal has been mailed or delivered to him or her. The Superior judge or another Superior judge designated by the administrative judge Chief Superior Judge shall hear the appeal forthwith.

***

*** Report on Collection of Racial Data in Civil Court Filings ***

Sec. 32. REPORT BY CHIEF SUPERIOR JUDGE ON COLLECTION OF RACIAL DATA IN CIVIL COURT FILINGS

On or before December 1, 2022, the Chief Superior Judge shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary on practices for the collection of racial demographic data in civil court filings. The report shall describe whether and in what manner data about the race of parties in civil court actions, including eviction and debt collection proceedings, is collected by courts in Vermont and other jurisdictions. The report may include recommendations for future practices and strategies to collect racial demographic data for civil court filings in Vermont. A copy of the report shall be sent to the Executive Director of Racial Equity.

*** Sunset Extensions ***

Sec. 33. 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 142, Sec. 5, as amended by 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 65, Sec. 4, is further amended to read:

Sec. 5. REPEAL

13 V.S.A. §§ 5451 (creation of Vermont Sentencing Commission) and 5452 (creation of Vermont Sentencing Commission) shall be repealed on July 1, 2022 2023.

Sec. 34. 2013 Acts and Resolves No. 69, Sec. 3, subsection (b), as amended by 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 32, Sec. 1, as further amended by 2016 Acts and Resolves No. 169, Sec. 6, 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 175, Sec. 1, and 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 134, Sec. 3 (July 1, 2022 repeal of Automated License Plate Recognition system standards), is further amended to read:

(b) Secs. 1–2 of this act, 23 V.S.A. §§ 1607 and 1608, shall be repealed on July 1, 2022 2024.

*** Fees for Service of Civil Process and Fingerprinting ***

Sec. 35. 32 V.S.A. § 1591 is amended to read:

§ 1591. SHERIFFS AND OTHER OFFICERS
There shall be paid to sheriffs’ departments and constables in civil causes and to sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and constables for the transportation and care of prisoners, juveniles, and patients with a mental condition or psychiatric disability the following fees:

(1) Civil process:

(A) For serving each process, the fees shall be as follows:

(i) $10.00 for each reading or copy wherein the officer is directed to make an arrest;

(ii) $50.00 $75.00 upon presentation of each return of service for the service of papers relating to divorce, annulments, separations, or support complaints;

(iii) $50.00 $75.00 upon presentation of each return of service for the service of papers relating to civil suits except as provided in subdivisions (1)(A)(ii) and (1)(A)(vii) of this section;

(iv) $50.00 $75.00 upon presentation of each return of service for the service of a subpoena and shall be limited to that one fee for each return of service;

* * *

(E) Quarterly, 15 percent of the gross civil process fees received by a sheriff’s department or constable during that quarter shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit in the State’s General Fund.

* * *

Sec. 36. 20 V.S.A. § 2062 is amended to read:

§ 2062. FINGERPRINTING FEES

State, county, and municipal law enforcement agencies may charge a fee of not more than $25.00 $35.00 for providing persons with a set of classifiable fingerprints. No fee shall be charged to retake fingerprints determined by the Vermont Crime Information Center not to be classifiable. Fees collected by the State of Vermont under this section shall be credited to the Fingerprint Fee Special Fund established and managed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, and shall be available to the Department of Public Safety to offset the costs of providing these services.

Sec. 37. 16 V.S.A. § 257 is amended to read:

§ 257. FEES FOR FINGERPRINTING; FINGERPRINT FEE SPECIAL FUND

- 3438 -
State, county, and municipal law enforcement agencies may charge a fee of up to $15.00 for providing applicants or other individuals with a set of classifiable fingerprints as required by this subchapter. No fee shall be charged to retake fingerprints determined by the Vermont Crime Information Center not to be classifiable. Fees collected by the State of Vermont under this section shall be credited to the Fingerprint Fee Special Fund established and managed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, and shall be available to the Department of Public Safety to offset the costs of providing these services.

*** Report on Unification of Animal Welfare and Related Public Safety Functions ***

Sec. 38. UNIFICATION OF ANIMAL WELFARE AND RELATED PUBLIC SAFETY FUNCTIONS; REPORT

(a) On or before January 15, 2023, the Department of Public Safety, in consultation with the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets and any other State agency, division, or department where domestic animal welfare functions reside, shall report to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations with a plan to unify the domestic animal welfare and related public safety functions across State government. The report, which shall include draft legislation to enact the plan, shall focus on the intersection of existing domestic animal welfare functions and the role of the Department of Public Safety and shall include:

(1) an inventory of all existing domestic animal welfare and related public safety functions across all agencies, including citations to existing statutes;

(2) an inventory of all personnel, with job descriptions, responsible for carrying out the functions in the inventory required by subdivision (1) of this subsection;

(3) a recommended location and position in State government with responsibility for all State domestic animal welfare and related public safety functions, including enforcement;

(4) a recommendation on whether to move all domestic animal welfare and related public safety functions to a single agency or to maintain a multiagency approach to be coordinated by the position recommended in subdivision (3) of this subsection; and

(5) a plan to ensure that domestic animals transported into the State from other jurisdictions meet health and safety standards and that the
businesses that import domestic animals into the State are registered or licensed, or both, and meet health and safety standards.

(b) The Department shall engage with the Animal Cruelty Investigation Advisory Board, the Vermont Humane Federation, and other interested stakeholders as needed to comply with this section.

* * * Statute of Limitations for Discrimination Claims * * *

Sec. 39. 12 V.S.A. § 525 is added to read:

§ 525. ACTIONS BASED ON DISCRIMINATION

An action under 9 V.S.A. § 4506(a) (discrimination in public accommodations or housing) or 21 V.S.A. § 495b (employment discrimination) shall be commenced within six years after the cause of action accrues and not after.

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 40. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(For text see House Journal March 23, 2022 )

Senate Proposal of Amendment to House Proposal of Amendment

S. 280

An act relating to miscellaneous changes to laws related to vehicles

The Senate concurs in the House proposal of amendment thereto as follows:

By striking out Secs. 12, report on increasing gross weight limits on highways; 13, distracted driving; report; 14, idling; public outreach campaign; 15, 19 V.S.A. § 10b; 16, 19 V.S.A. § 10i; and 17, effective dates, and their corresponding reader assistance headings in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * General Statement of Policy; Transportation Planning * * *

Sec. 12. 19 V.S.A. § 10b is amended to read:

§ 10b. STATEMENT OF POLICY; GENERAL

(a) The Agency shall be the responsible agency of the State for the development of transportation policy. It shall develop a mission statement to reflect:

(1) that State transportation policy shall be to encompass, coordinate,
and integrate all modes of transportation and to consider “complete streets” principles, which are principles of safety and accommodation of all transportation system users, regardless of age, ability, or modal preference; and

(2) the need for transportation projects that will improve the State’s economic infrastructure, as well as the use of resources in efficient, coordinated, integrated, cost-effective, and environmentally sound ways, and that will be consistent with the recommendations of the Comprehensive Energy Plan (CEP) issued under 30 V.S.A. § 202b, the recommendations of the Climate Action Plan (CAP) issued under 10 V.S.A. § 592, and any rules adopted in accordance with 10 V.S.A. § 593.

(b) The Agency shall coordinate planning and education efforts with those of the Vermont Climate Change Oversight Committee and those of local and regional planning entities to:

(1) to ensure that the transportation system as a whole is integrated, that access to the transportation system as a whole is integrated, and that statewide, local, and regional conservation and efficiency opportunities and practices are integrated; and

(2) to support employer-led or local or regional government-led conservation, efficiency, rideshare, and bicycle programs and other innovative transportation advances, especially employer-based incentives.

(c) In developing the State’s annual Transportation Program, the Agency shall, consistent with the planning goals listed in 24 V.S.A. § 4302 as amended by 1988 Acts and Resolves No. 200 and with appropriate consideration to local, regional, and State agency plans:

(1) Develop or incorporate designs that provide integrated, safe, and efficient transportation and that are consistent with the recommendations of the CEP and the CAP.

* * *

Sec. 13. 19 V.S.A. § 10i is amended to read:

§ 10i. TRANSPORTATION PLANNING PROCESS

(a) Long-range systems plan. The Agency shall establish and implement a planning process through the adoption of a long-range multi-modal multimodal systems plan integrating all modes of transportation. The long-range multi-modal multimodal systems plan shall be based upon Agency transportation policy developed under section 10b of this title, as well as other policies approved by the General Assembly, Agency goals, mission, and objectives, and demographic and travel forecasts, design standards, performance criteria,
and funding availability. The long-range systems plan shall be developed with participation of the public and local and regional governmental entities and pursuant to the planning goals and processes set forth in 1988 Acts and Resolves No. 200. The plan shall be consistent with the Comprehensive Energy Plan (CEP) issued under 30 V.S.A. § 202b and the Climate Action Plan (CAP) issued under 10 V.S.A. § 592.

* * *

(c) Transportation Program. The Transportation Program shall be developed in a fiscally responsible manner to accomplish the following objectives:

(1) managing, maintaining, and improving the State’s existing transportation infrastructure to provide capacity, safety, and flexibility, and resiliency in the most cost-effective and efficient manner;

(2) developing an integrated transportation system that provides Vermonters with transportation choices;

(3) strengthening the economy, protecting the quality of the natural environment, and improving Vermonters’ quality of life; and

(4) achieving the recommendations of the CEP and the CAP.

* * *

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 14. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 1 (new motor vehicle arbitration; 9 V.S.A. § 4173(d)), 3 (current Total Abstinence Program participants), 8 and 9 (abandoned vehicles; 23 V.S.A. §§ 2151 and 2153(a)), and 10 (transportation network companies regulation preemption; 23 V.S.A. § 754(b)) shall take effect on passage.

(b) Sec. 2 (Total Abstinence Program; 23 V.S.A. § 1209a) shall take effect on passage and apply to all individuals participating in or in the process of applying to participate in the Total Abstinence Program as of the effective date of this section without regard to when the individual’s license was reinstated under the Total Abstinence Program.

(c) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

(For House Proposal of Amendment see House Journal April 22, 26, 2022)
Governor's Veto

H. 708

An act relating to the approval of an amendment to the charter of the City of Burlington.

Text of Veto Message

The text of the communication from His Excellency, the Governor, whereby he vetoed and returned unsigned House Bill No. H. 708 to the House is as follows:

Dear Ms. Wrask:


Investing in housing has been and continues to be a top priority of my Administration. The lack of housing working Vermonter can afford is a significant challenge that contributes to our crisis of affordability and impairs our ability to keep and attract the families we need to revitalize our communities.

In addition to supporting investments and policies that will address Vermont’s housing affordability crisis, we must not add policies that will remove much-needed housing units from the market. By eliminating a property owner’s ability to end a lease agreement at the time of the mutually agreed upon end date within a lease, this “just cause eviction” law effectively creates the potential for perpetual tenancy, undermining private property rights and a foundational principle of choosing to rent your property.

Vermont already has some of the most progressive landlord-tenant laws in the country. By making it exceedingly difficult to remove tenants from a rental unit, even at the end of a signed lease, my fear is this bill will discourage property owners from renting to vulnerable prospective tenants, or to rent their units at all. Property owners will be less willing to take the risk of renting to individuals who are perceived to be greater risks, whether that’s based on income level, past rental history, experience with homelessness or the criminal justice system, are being resettled from countries in distress or other factors. Instead, more preference will be given to renters with high credit scores, no criminal history, and positive references from previous landlords, creating further disparity for Vermonter. This will increase both costs and inequity in the housing market.

If we want to help tenants find housing, we must build new and revitalized housing more quickly, support exemptions from permitting in designated
areas, and stop making it more and more expensive to rent, own, build and live in Vermont.

For these reasons, I am returning this legislation without my signature pursuant to Chapter II, Section 11 of the Vermont Constitution.

Sincerely,

/s/ Philip B. Scott
Governor

Action Postponed Until May 5, 2022

Favorable

S. 139

An act relating to nondiscriminatory school branding

Rep. Brown of Richmond, for the Committee on Education, recommends that the bill ought to pass in concurrence.

(Committee Vote:7-4-0)

(For text see Senate Journal March 10, 2022 )

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 517

An act relating to the Vermont National Guard Tuition Benefit Program

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

** *Vermont National Guard Tuition Benefit Program* **

Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. § 2857 is amended to read:

§ 2857. VERMONT NATIONAL GUARD TUITION BENEFIT PROGRAM

(a) Program creation. The Vermont National Guard Tuition Benefit Program (Program) is created, under which a member of the Vermont National Guard (member) who meets the eligibility requirements in subsection (c) of this section is entitled to the following tuition benefit for up to full-time attendance:

(1) For courses at either campus of the Northern Vermont University (NVU), the Vermont Technical College (VTC), the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College (UVM), or at the Community College of Vermont (CCV) any Vermont State College institution or the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College (UVM), the benefit shall be the in-state residence
tuition rate for the relevant institution.

(2) For courses at a Vermont State College, other than NVU, VTC, or CCV, or at any eligible Vermont private postsecondary institution, the benefit shall be the in-state tuition rate charged by NVU UVM.

(3) For courses at an eligible training institution offering nondegree, certificate training, or continuing education programs, the benefit shall be the lower of the institution’s standard tuition or the in-state tuition rate charged by NVU UVM.

* * *

(c) Eligibility.

(1) To be eligible for the Program, an individual, whether a resident or nonresident, shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

(A) be an active member of the Vermont National Guard;

(B) have successfully completed basic training;

(C) be enrolled at UVM, a Vermont State College, or any other college or university located in Vermont in a program that leads to an undergraduate certificate or degree or at an eligible training institution in a program that leads to a certificate or other credential recognized by VSAC;

(D) have not previously earned an undergraduate bachelor’s degree;

(E) continually demonstrate satisfactory academic progress as determined by criteria established by the Vermont National Guard and VSAC, in consultation with the educational institution at which the individual is enrolled under the Program;

(F) have used available post-September 11, 2001 tuition benefits and other federally funded military tuition assistance; provided, however, that this subdivision shall not apply to:

(1) tuition benefits and other federally funded military tuition assistance for which the individual has not yet earned the full amount of the benefit or tuition;

(ii) Montgomery GI Bill benefits;

(iii) post-September 11, 2001 educational program housing allowances;

(iv) federal educational entitlements;

(v) National Guard scholarship grants;
(F)(vi) loans under section 2856 of this title; and
(G)(vii) other nontuition benefits; and
(G)(vi) have submitted a statement of good standing to VSAC signed by
the individual’s commanding officer within 30 days prior to the beginning of
each semester.

(2) An individual may receive more than one undergraduate certificate
or other credential recognized by VSAC under the Program, provided that the
cost of all certificates and credentials received by the individual under the
Program does not exceed the full-time in-state tuition rate charged by UVM
for completion of an undergraduate baccalaureate degree.

**

Sec. 2. VERMONT NATIONAL GUARD TUITION BENEFIT
PROGRAM EXTENSION; MASTER’S DEGREE OR A SECOND
BACCALAUREATE DEGREE; PILOT

(a) The provisions of this section shall apply notwithstanding 16 V.S.A.
§ 2857.

(b) A National Guard member shall be eligible to pursue a second
undergraduate baccalaureate degree under the Vermont National Guard Tuition
Benefit Program, whether a resident or nonresident, if the individual received
a first undergraduate baccalaureate degree that was not funded under the
Program or any other State funding source designed exclusively for members
of the Vermont National Guard.

(c)(1) A National Guard member shall be eligible to pursue a graduate
degree under the Program, whether a resident or nonresident, if the individual
agrees in the promissory note under 16 V.S.A. § 2857(b) to, upon receipt of
the graduate degree and until the individual’s service commitment under 16
V.S.A. § 2857(d) is satisfied, be employed full time in Vermont or, if
unemployed, be actively seeking full-time employment in Vermont.

(2) An individual may pursue a graduate degree under the Program even
if the individual has received an undergraduate baccalaureate degree under the
Program.

(3) The Office of the Vermont Adjutant and Inspector General may
terminate the tuition benefit provided to an individual who has earned a
graduate degree under the Program for failure to satisfy the work requirement
under subdivision (1) this subsection.

Sec. 3. REPEAL
Sec. 2 of this act is repealed on July 1, 2025.

* * * Education of Military Families * * *

Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 1073 is amended to read:

§ 1073. “LEGAL PUPIL” DEFINED; ACCESS TO SCHOOL

* * *

(d) If one or both of a child’s parents or guardians are being relocated to the State under military orders, a school district shall allow registration of the student by mail, telephone, or electronically and shall not require the parent or legal guardian of the student or the student themselves to physically appear at a location within the district to register the student. Proof of required residency shall not be required at the time of the remote registration but shall be required within 10 days of the student’s attendance in the school district.

Sec. 5. 16 V.S.A. § 2185 is amended to read:

§ 2185. DETERMINATION OF RESIDENCY FOR TUITION PURPOSES

(a) The Board of Trustees shall adopt policies related to residency for tuition purposes, consistent with State and federal requirements.

(b) Any member of the U.S. Armed Forces on active duty who is transferred to Vermont for duty other than for the purpose of education shall, upon transfer and for the period of active duty served in Vermont, be considered a resident for in-state tuition purposes at the start of the next semester or academic period.

(c) The spouse and dependent child of any person who is a member of the U.S. Armed Forces and stationed in this State pursuant to military orders shall be entitled to be considered, upon taking up a residence in the State, a resident for in-state tuition purposes at the start of the next semester or academic period. The spouse or dependent child shall not lose classification as an in-state student if the spouse or dependent child continues to reside in the State and the member of the U.S. Armed Forces is transferred on military orders or retires. The spouse or dependent child shall lose this classification as an in-state student under this subsection if the spouse or dependent child no longer resides in the State and shall regain this classification upon again taking up a residency in the State only if the member of the U.S. Armed Forces is stationed in this State pursuant to military orders.

Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. § 2282a is amended to read:

§ 2282a. DETERMINATION OF RESIDENCY FOR TUITION PURPOSES

(a) Enrollment at an institution for higher learning, or presence within the
State for the purposes of attending an institution of higher learning, shall not by itself constitute residence for in-state tuition purposes or for the purpose of eligibility for assistance from the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation.

(b) Any member of the U.S. Armed Forces of the United States on active duty who is transferred to Vermont for duty other than for the purpose of education shall, upon transfer and for the period of active duty served in Vermont, be considered a resident for in-state tuition purposes at the start of the next semester or academic period.

(c) The spouse and dependent child of any person who is a member of the U.S. Armed Forces and stationed in this State pursuant to military orders shall be entitled to be considered, upon taking up a residence in the State, a resident for in-state tuition purposes at the start of the next semester or academic period. The spouse or dependent child shall not lose classification as an in-state student if the spouse or dependent child continues to reside in the State and the member of the U.S. Armed Forces is transferred on military orders or retires. The spouse or dependent child shall lose this classification as an in-state student under this subsection if the spouse or dependent child no longer resides in the State and shall regain this classification upon again taking up a residency in the State only if the member of the U.S. Armed Forces is stationed in this State pursuant to military orders.

* * * Purple Star School Programs * * *

Sec. 7. 16 V.S.A. § 568 is added to read:

§ 568. PURPLE STAR CAMPUS DESIGNATION

(a) As used in this section, “military-connected student” means a student who is a dependent of a current or former member of:

(1) the U.S. military serving in the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Space Force, or Coast Guard on active duty;

(2) the Vermont National Guard;

(3) a reserve force of the U.S. Armed Forces; or

(4) a member of a military or reserve force described in subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection who was killed in the line of duty.

(b) The Agency of Education shall designate a school district as a Purple Star Campus if the school district applies and qualifies for the designation under this section.

(c) To qualify as a Purple Star Campus, a school district shall:

(1) designate a staff member as a military liaison, whose duties include:
(A) identifying military-connected students enrolled in the district’s schools;

(B) serving as the point of contact between the school district and military-connected students and their families;

(C) determining appropriate school services available to military-connected students; and

(D) assisting in coordinating school programs relevant to military-connected students;

(2) maintain within the school district an Internet website with an easily accessible web page that includes resources for military-connected students and their families, including information regarding:

(A) relocation to, enrollment at, registration at, and transferring records to the school district;

(B) academic planning, course sequences, and advanced classes available at the school district; and

(C) counseling and other support services available for military-connected students enrolled in the school district;

(3) maintain a transition program led by students, where appropriate, that assists military-connected students in transitioning into the school district;

(4) offer professional development for staff members on issues related to military-connected students; and

(5) offer at least one of the following initiatives:

(A) a resolution showing support for military-connected students and their families;

(B) recognition of the Month of the Military Child or Military Family Month with relevant events hosted by the school district; or

(C) a partnership with a local military installation that provides opportunities for active duty military members to volunteer with the school district, speak at an assembly, or host a field trip.

(d) To comply with the requirements under subdivisions (c)(2), (4), or (5) of this section, a school district may partner with a third party to provide those services and initiatives.

* * * Eligibility for Election to Serve as Adjutant and Inspector General * * *

Sec. 8. 2 V.S.A. § 10 is amended to read:
§ 10. ELECTION OF STATE AND JUDICIAL OFFICERS

(a) At 10 o’clock and 30 minutes, forenoon, on the seventh Thursday after their biennial meeting and organization, the Senate and House of Representatives shall meet in joint assembly and proceed therein to elect the State officers, except judicial officers, whose election by the Constitution and laws devolves in the first instance upon them in joint assembly, including the Sergeant at Arms, the Adjutant and Inspector General, and legislative trustees of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College. In case election of all such officers shall not be made on that day, they shall meet in joint assembly at 10 o’clock and 30 minutes, forenoon, on each succeeding day, Saturdays and Sundays excepted, and proceed in such election, until all such officers are elected.

* * *

(c) At 10 o’clock and 30 minutes, forenoon, on the seventh Thursday of the second year of the biennial session, the Senate and House of Representatives shall meet in joint assembly and proceed therein to elect the legislative trustees of the Vermont State Colleges Corporation State Officers, whose election by the Constitution and laws devolves in the first instance upon them in joint assembly, including the legislative trustees of the Vermont State Colleges Corporation and the Adjutant and Inspector General. In case election of all such legislative trustees officers shall not be made on that day, they shall meet in joint assembly at 10 o’clock and 30 minutes, forenoon, on each succeeding day, Saturdays and Sundays excepted, and proceed in such election, until all such legislative trustees officers are elected.

Sec. 9. 20 V.S.A. § 363 is amended to read:

§ 363. OFFICERS GENERALLY

(a)(1) The General Assembly shall biennially elect an Adjutant and Inspector General for a term of two years.

* * *

(3) In order to be eligible for election to serve as Adjutant and Inspector General, an individual shall:

(A) have attained the rank of Colonel (O-6) or above;

(B) be a current member of the U.S. Army, the U.S. Air Force, the U.S. Army Reserve, the U.S. Air Force Reserve, the Army National Guard, or the Air National Guard or be eligible to return to active service in the Army National Guard or the Air National Guard;

(C) be a graduate of a Senior Service College; and

- 3450 -
(D) be eligible for federal recognition.

* * *

Sec. 10. CURRENT TERM OF ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the term of the Adjutant and Inspector General in office on the effective date of this act shall end on March 1, 2024.

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to educational benefits for members of the military and their families and eligibility for election to serve as Adjutant and Inspector General.

(For text see House Journal March 9, 10, 2022)

H. 739

An act relating to capital construction and State bonding budget adjustment

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 1 is amended to read:

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly that of the $127,378,694.00 $143,757,972.00 authorized in this act, not more than $70,074,988.00 $69,549,988.00 shall be appropriated in the first year of the biennium, and the remainder shall be appropriated in the second year.

(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that in the second year of the biennium, any amendments to the appropriations or authorities granted in this act shall take the form of the Capital Construction and State Bonding Adjustment Bill. It is the intent of the General Assembly that unless otherwise indicated, all appropriations in this act are subject to capital budget adjustment.

(c) It is also the intent of the General Assembly that in the second year of the biennium, the General Assembly address the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic by offsetting capital projects with funds appropriated to the State from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 (ARPA) to the extent these appropriations are in compliance with federal law and guidance.

Sec. 2. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 2 is amended to read:
Sec. 2. STATE BUILDINGS

* * *

(c) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2023:

(1) Statewide, major maintenance: $7,350,000.00 $7,096,521.00
(2) Statewide, BGS engineering and architectural project costs: $3,747,442.00 [Repealed.]
* * *
(12) Burlington, 32 Cherry Street, parking garage renovations planning, design, and construction: $865,000.00 $565,000.00
* * *
(15) Montpelier, State House, HVAC renovations: $2,535,000.00 $6,800,000.00
* * *
(17) Statewide, three acre parcel, stormwater planning, design and implementation: $600,000.00
(18) Statewide, correctional facilities, door control system replacements: $670,000.00
(18) Burlington, 108 Cherry Street, parking garage repairs: $2,000,000.00
(19) Springfield, Southern State Correctional Facility, door control system replacement: $750,000.00
(20) Windsor, former Southeast State Correctional Facility, necessary demolition, salvage, dismantling, and improvements to facilitate future use of the facility: $400,000.00
(21) 133 State Street, renovations for the Office of Legislative Information Technology and shared common spaces: $1,400,000.00

Appropriation – FY 2022 $19,316,774.00
Appropriation – FY 2023 $24,890,442.00 $28,714,521.00
Total Appropriation – Section 2 $44,117,216.00 $48,031,295.00

Sec. 3. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 3 is amended to read:

Sec. 3. HUMAN SERVICES

* * *

- 3452 -
(b) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Agency of Human Services for the following projects described in this subsection:

(1) Women’s correctional facilities, replacement: $1,000,000.00

(2) Statewide, correctional facility, life safety and security needs and enhancements: $200,000.00

(3) Secure Residential Recovery Facility, design and construction: $3,200,000.00

(4) Statewide, correctional facilities, accessibility improvements, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliance: $1,200,000.00

(5) Statewide, correctional facilities, HVAC, programming, schematic design, and design documents: $500,000.00

(6) Nursing school programs, capital grants, renovation or expansion of simulation laboratories: $1,000,000.00

(e)(1) For the amount appropriated in subdivision (b)(6) of this section, the Secretary of Administration shall establish a capital grant program for nursing school programs to enable them to increase student enrollment by renovating or expanding their simulation laboratories, or both. On or before August 15, 2022, the Secretary of Administration shall issue a request for information (RFI) to assess the capital needs at nursing programs in the State and develop the guidelines and eligibility criteria for the grant and determine the appropriate State entity to administer the program. The ROI process shall include a survey of nursing school programs at Vermont colleges and universities to determine what, if any, capital needs exist for the expansion of nursing school simulation laboratories. The process shall also include an assessment of capital needs relating to technology upgrades to allow for remote access.

(2) On or before January 15, 2023, the Agency or Department responsible for distributing the grant funds shall submit a report to the House Committees on Corrections and Institutions and on Health Care and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare and on Institutions with the results of the assessment described in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

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<tr>
<th>Appropriation – FY 2022</th>
<th>$12,350,000.00</th>
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<tr>
<td>Appropriation – FY 2023</td>
<td>$1,200,000.00 $7,100,000.00</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Sec. 4. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 4 is amended to read:

Sec. 4. COMMERCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

* * *

(b) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development for the following projects described in this subsection:

(1) Major maintenance at statewide historic sites: $350,000.00 $683,000.00

* * *

(d) The Division of Historic Preservation shall conduct a facilities condition assessment on all the buildings and structures of the State Historic Sites within the next five years, with a cyclical update plan. Those buildings and structures open to the public shall be prioritized for investigation.

(e) It is the intent of the General Assembly to encourage the Lake Champlain Maritime Museum to, in addition to the development of a decommissioning plan, explore all options for the ongoing use of the Schooner Lois McClure.

Appropriation – FY 2022 $473,000.00
Appropriation – FY 2023 $733,000.00
Total Appropriation – Section 4 $1,206,000.00

Sec. 5. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 8 is amended to read:

Sec. 8. VERMONT STATE COLLEGES

* * *

(b) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Vermont State Colleges for the projects described in this subsection:

(1) construction, renovation, and major maintenance at any facility owned or operated in the State by the Vermont State Colleges: $2,000,000.00

(2) infrastructure transformation planning and space modification: $100,000.00 $900,000.00

Appropriation – FY 2022 $2,000,000.00
Appropriation – FY 2023 $2,100,000.00 $2,900,000.00
Total Appropriation – Section 8 $4,100,000.00 $4,900,000.00
Sec. 6. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 9 is amended to read:

Sec. 9. NATURAL RESOURCES

* * *

(e) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Environmental Conservation for the projects described in this subsection:

* * *

(2) Dam safety and hydrology projects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Amounts</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High and Significant Hazard Dam, dam safety improvements:</td>
<td>$805,000.00 $3,115,000.00</td>
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* * *

(4) Little Hosmer Dam, rehabilitation: $190,000.00

(5) Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Drinking and Clean Water State Revolving Fund, State match: $2,833,980.00

(f) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation for the following projects:

(1) Infrastructure rehabilitation, including statewide small-scale rehabilitation, wastewater repairs, preventive improvements and upgrades of restrooms and bathhouses, and statewide small-scale road rehabilitation projects: $4,476,553.00 $4,251,553.00

(2) Rustic Cabin Construction Program: $500,000.00 $700,000.00

(g) The following amounts are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Fish and Wildlife for the projects described in this subsection:

(1) General infrastructure projects, including small-scale maintenance and rehabilitation of infrastructure: $1,083,500.00

(2) Lake Champlain Walleye Association, Inc., to upgrade and repair the Walleye rearing, restoration, and stocking infrastructure: $25,000.00 $50,000.00

(h) The following shall apply to the amounts appropriated in this section:

(1) For the amounts appropriated in subdivision (e)(5) of this section, the funds shall not be released until the federal grant has been received by the State.

(2) For the amount appropriated in subdivision (f)(2) of this section, the
Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation is authorized to use not more than $200,000.00 to work with career technical education centers for assistance with the Rustic Cabin Construction Program.

Appropriation – FY 2022 $11,455,214.00
Appropriation – FY 2023 $9,853,264.00 $15,187,244.00
Total Appropriation – Section 9 $21,308,478.00 $26,642,458.00

Sec. 7. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 10 is amended to read:

Sec. 10. CLEAN WATER INITIATIVES

* * *

(c) The sum of $500,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2022 to the Agency of Natural Resources for forestry access roads, recreation access roads, and water quality improvements. [Repealed.]

* * *

(c) The sum of $11,000,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2023 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Environmental Conservation for clean water implementation projects. The amount of $200,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2023 to the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets for water quality grants and contracts.

* * *

(i) The following amounts are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Environmental Conservation for the projects described in this subsection:

1. Water Pollution Control Fund, Clean Water State/EPA Revolving Loan Fund (CWSRF) match: $1,548,219.00

2. Municipal Pollution Control Grants, pollution control projects and planning advances for feasibility studies: $2,715,000.00

(j)(1) The following amounts are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board for the projects described in this subsection:

(A) Agricultural water quality projects: $200,000.00

(B) Land conservation and water quality projects: $2,000,000.00

(2) A grant issued under subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection:

(A) shall not be considered a State grant under 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, subchapter 3 for purposes of calculating the maximum amount of a State water quality assistance award under 6 V.S.A. § 4824 or 4826; and
B) may be used to satisfy a grant recipient’s cost share requirements.

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Sec. 8. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 11 is amended to read:

Sec. 11. MILITARY

(a) The sum of $900,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2022 to the Department of Military for maintenance, renovations, and ADA compliance at State armories.

(b) The sum of $900,000.00 are $1,100,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2023 to the Department of Military for the projects described in subsection (a) of this section.

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<th>Appropriation – FY 2022</th>
<th>Appropriation – FY 2023</th>
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<tr>
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<td>$2,000,000.00</td>
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Sec. 9. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 12 is amended to read:

Sec. 12. PUBLIC SAFETY

* * *

(b) The sum of $50,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2023 to the Department of Public Safety for a feasibility study for the Vermont Police Academy in Pittsford. The following amounts are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Department of Public Safety for the projects described in this subsection:

1. Pittsford, Vermont Police Academy, feasibility study: $50,000.00
2. Williston Public Safety Field Station, construction: $3,500,000.00

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<td>Total Appropriation – Section 12</td>
<td>$6,170,000.00</td>
<td>$9,670,000.00</td>
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Sec. 10. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 13 is amended to read:

Sec. 13. AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND MARKETS

* * *

(b) The sum of $350,000.00 $1,400,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2023 to
the Department of Buildings and General Services for the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets for the project described in subsection (a) of this section major maintenance, renovation, and modernization planning and design at the Vermont Building at the Eastern States Exhibition.

Appropriation – FY 2022 $260,000.00
Appropriation – FY 2023 $350,000.00 $1,400,000.00
Total Appropriation – Section 13 $610,000.00 $1,660,000.00

Sec. 11. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 17a is added to read:

 Sec. 17a. SERGEANT AT ARMS

The amount of $185,000.00 is appropriated in FY 2023 to the Sergeant at Arms for upgrades to 2 Governor Aiken Avenue.

Total Appropriation – Section 17a $185,000.00

Sec. 12. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 17b is added to read:

 Sec. 17b. FY 2022 AND FY 2023; AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT; STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUND; CAPITAL PROJECTS; AUTHORIZATIONS

(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds:

(1) In 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec. G.700(c), the General Assembly authorized the Commissioner of Finance and Management to use not more than $15,000,000.00 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds to offset capital funds appropriated to projects supporting water and sewer infrastructure in fiscal year 2022 to the extent feasible under federal law and guidance.

(2) The Governor’s fiscal year 2022–2023 capital budget adjustment report included recommendations for water and sewer infrastructure projects historically funded in the State’s capital construction act that could be funded in fiscal years 2022 and 2023 with ARPA funds.

(3) The General Assembly finds that in addition to the capital projects identified by the Governor’s fiscal year 2022–2023 capital budget adjustment report, there are other capital projects that can be funded in fiscal year 2023 with ARPA funds.

(b) Intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly to authorize certain projects that are eligible for ARPA funds in this act but appropriate the funds for these projects in the FY 2023 Annual Appropriations Act.

(c) Authorizations. In fiscal years 2022 and 2023, the following capital
projects are authorized to be undertaken with funds appropriated in the FY 2023 Annual Appropriations Act:

(1) In FY 2022 and FY 2023, the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation is authorized to upgrade forestry access roads, recreation access roads, and make water quality improvements to these roads.

(2) In FY 2023, in addition to the amounts appropriated in Sec. 10(e) of this act, the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets is authorized to issue water quality grants and contracts.

(3) In FY 2023, in addition to the amounts appropriated in Sec. 10(i)(2) of this act, the Department of Environmental Conservation is authorized to issue municipal pollution control grants.

(4) In FY 2023, the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation is authorized to make wastewater repairs and water and sewer infrastructure improvements and upgrades to restrooms and bathhouses at State parks.

(5) In FY 2023, in addition to the amount appropriated in Sec. 10(j)(1)(A) of this act, the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board is authorized to issue grants for water quality improvement projects.

(6) In FY 2023, the Vermont Historical Society is authorized to make upgrades and repairs to the HVAC system at the Vermont History Center in Barre.

(7) The Department of Buildings and General Services is authorized to begin design and construction for the expansion of the State House in Montpelier.

(8) The Judiciary is authorized to make HVAC improvements to county courthouses.

Sec. 13. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 18 is amended to read:

Sec. 18. REALLOCATION OF FUNDS; TRANSFER OF FUNDS

(a) The following sums are reallocated to the Department of Buildings and General Services from prior capital appropriations to defray expenditures authorized in Sec. 2 of this act:

* * *

(4) of the amount appropriated in 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 26, Sec. 2(b)(5) (major maintenance): $35,475.94

(5) of the amount appropriated in 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 26, Sec. 2(c)(11) (Southern State Correctional Facility, copper waterline
replacement): $82,851.42

(6) of the amount appropriated in 2016 Acts and Resolves No. 160, Sec. 2(c)(15) (Southern State Correctional Facility, steam line replacement): $147,068.63

(7) of the amount appropriated in 2016 Acts and Resolves No. 160, Sec. 2(c)(16) (Statewide, ADA projects, State-owned buildings and courthouses): $52,460.30

(8) of the amount appropriated in 2016 Acts and Resolves No. 160, Sec. 2(c)(19) (Waterbury State Office Complex project, true up): $11,016.00

(9) of the amount appropriated in 2016 Acts and Resolves No. 160, Sec. 13(c)(2) (Westminster, DPS Facility, project cost adjustment for unanticipated site conditions and code modifications): $4,522.99

(10) of the amount appropriated in 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 2(b)(2) (Statewide – Major Maintenance): $53,755.21

(11) of the amount appropriated in 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 2(b)(6) (Randolph, Agencies of Agriculture, Food and Markets and of Natural Resources, collaborative laboratory, construction): $156,275.91

(12) of the amount appropriated in 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 2(b)(7) (Springfield, Southern State Correctional Facility, completion of the steamline replacement): $36,382.55

(13) of the amount appropriated in 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 2(b)(9) (Newport, Northern State Correctional Facility Door Control replacement): $72,287.54

(14) of the amount appropriated in 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 2(c)(2) (Statewide, major maintenance): $26,921.21

(15) of the amount appropriated in 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 2(c)(18) (Rutland, Marble Valley Regional Correctional Facility): $2,850.00

(16) of the amount appropriated in 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 2(c)(8) (Waterbury State Office Complex, Weeks building renovation and fit-up): $224,387.21

(17) of the amount appropriated in 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 2(c)(17) (Waterbury State Office Complex, Stanley and Wasson, demolition of Stanley Hall, and programming, schematic design, and design development for Wasson Hall): $265,247.20
(18) of the amount appropriated in 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 6(a)(9) (E-911 compliance grants): $39,156.48

(19) of the amount appropriated in 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 11(e)(1)(B) (phosphorous removal equipment): $58,890.00

(20) of the amount appropriated in 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 16(c)(a) (NEK fiber network): $209,291.36

(21) of the amount appropriated in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 2(b)(6) (120 State Street): $800,000.00

(22) of the amount appropriated in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 10(b)(2) (rustic cabin construction): $775,409.25

(23) of the amount appropriated in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 17(a)(1) (stand-alone digital public address system): $147,177.00

(24) of the amount appropriated in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 17(b) (stand-alone digital public address system): $174,888.00

(25) of the amount appropriated in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 3(c)(5), as added by 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 139, Sec. 2 (Windsor and St. Johnsbury, site preparation, relocation, and rebuild of a greenhouse at the Caledonia County Workcamp from the former Southeast State Correctional Facility): $162,872.00

** Total Reallocations and Transfers – Section 18 $4,198,694.44 $7,737,808.64

Sec. 14. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 19 is amended to read:

Sec. 19. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND APPROPRIATIONS

  (a) The State Treasurer is authorized to issue general obligation bonds in the amount of $123,180,000.00 for the purpose of funding the appropriations of this act. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the Governor, shall determine the appropriate form and maturity of the bonds authorized by this section consistent with the underlying nature of the appropriation to be funded. The State Treasurer shall allocate the estimated cost of bond issuance or issuances to the entities to which funds are appropriated pursuant to this section and for which bonding is required as the source of funds, pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 954.

  (b) The State Treasurer is authorized to issue additional general obligation bonds in the amount of $12,840,163.00 that were previously appropriated but unissued under 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50 for the purpose of funding the appropriations in this act.
Total Revenues – Section 19  $123,180,000.00 $136,020,163.00

Sec. 15. 2013 Acts and Resolves No. 1, Sec. 100(c), as amended by 2014 Acts and Resolves No. 179, Sec. E.113.1, 2015 Acts and Resolves No. 58, Sec. E.113.1, 2017 Acts and Resolves No. 84, Sec. 29, 2018 Acts and Resolves No. 190, Sec. 18, 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 25, 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 139, Sec. 19, and 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 24, is further amended to read:

(c) Sec. 97 (general obligation debt financing) shall take effect on July 1, 2023 June 30, 2022.

Sec. 16. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 21a is amended to read:

Sec. 21a. 43 BALDWIN STREET; SALE OF PROPERTY PROPERTIES

(a) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services is authorized to sell the property located at 13 Baldwin Street in Montpelier, Vermont, pursuant to the requirements of 29 V.S.A. § 166. To the extent that there are sufficient proceeds from the sale shall be appropriated to future capital construction projects, the Department of Buildings and General Services is authorized to use up to $300,000.00 in FY 2023 for the project described in Sec. 2(c)(1) of this act.

(b) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services is authorized to sell the property located at 14–16 Baldwin Street in Montpelier, Vermont, pursuant to the requirements of 29 V.S.A. § 166. The proceeds of the sale of 14–16 Baldwin Street shall be appropriated to future capital construction projects.

(c) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services is authorized to sell the property located at 9 Baldwin Street in Montpelier, Vermont, contingent upon the completed relocation of the Office of Legislative Information Technology to 133 State Street. The proceeds from the sale shall be appropriated to future capital construction projects.

Sec. 17. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 50, Sec. 25b is added to read:

Sec. 25b. REDUCING CARBON INTENSITY; STATE BUILDINGS; STATE ENERGY MANAGEMENT PROGRAM; INTENT

(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the Department of Buildings and General Services implement strategies as soon as practicable to reduce carbon intensity in buildings under the jurisdiction of the Department. These strategies may include the use of:

(1) non-fossil-fuel alternatives when installing or replacing any space conditioning or water heating systems; and
(2) carbon-storing and least-embodied-carbon materials, as evidenced by appropriate documentation from contractors and suppliers, when constructing, renovating, or substantially repairing a building or facility.

(b) It is also the intent of the General Assembly that the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation and the Agency of Transportation use the technical assistance of the State Energy Management Program, created in 29 V.S.A. § 168, for eligible projects.

Sec. 18. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 42, Sec. 10 is amended to read:

Sec. 10. NATURAL RESOURCES

* * *

(b) The following sums are appropriated in FY 2020 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation for the following projects:

* * *

(2) Rustic Cabin Construction Program: $797,586.00 $22,176.75

* * *

Sec. 19. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(For text see House Journal March 25, 2022 )

Action Postponed Until May 6, 2022
Governor's Veto
H. 157

An act relating to registration of construction contractors.

For text of Veto Message, please see the House Journal of February 10, 2022

Action Postponed Until May 17, 2022
Governor's Veto
S. 30

An act relating to prohibiting possession of firearms within hospital buildings.

For text of Veto Message, please see Senate Journal of March 11, 2022

- 3463 -
Ordered to Lie

S. 247

An act relating to prohibiting discrimination based on genetic information.

Pending Question: Second Reading?

For Informational Purposes

Grants and Positions that have been submitted to the Joint Fiscal Committee by the Administration, under 32 V.S.A. §5(b)(3)(D):

JFO #3096 – Ten (10) limited-service positions to the Agency of Human Services, Department of Health to support the Public Health Emergency Response Supplemental Award for response to the Covid-19 pandemic. Funded by previously approved JFO grant #2070. Positions funded through 6/30/2023. Please see page 3 of this document for a list of positions.

[Received April 11, 2022]

JFO #3097 – Two (2) limited-service positions to the Vermont Agency of Human Services, Department of Health funded through a Substance Abuse Block grant supplement which was part of the American Recovery Act funding. Positions to help relieve the increase of substance abuse due to isolation during the Covid-19 pandemic. One (1) Substance Use Information Specialist, and one (1) Public Health Analyst funded through 9/30/2025.

[Received April 11, 2022]

JFO #3098 – One (1) limited-service position, Environmental Analyst IV, to the Agency of Natural Resources, Department of Environmental Conservation. This position will assist with coordination of the $10M Regional Partnership Program grant which supports DEC’s work on creative and innovative approaches to water quality. Position funded through previously approved grant #2762 through 12/31/2024.

[Received April 18, 2022]