House Calendar

Friday, May 7, 2021
122nd DAY OF THE BIENNIAL SESSION
House Convenes at 9:30 A.M.

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ACTION CALENDAR
Action Postponed Until May 7, 2021
Senate Proposal of Amendment
H. 171

An act relating to the governance and financing of Vermont’s child care system

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the
enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Legislative Intent * * *

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly:

(1) that immediate investments are necessary to support Vermont’s economy, ensure that all families with young children have affordable access to high-quality child care and early education, and that Vermont’s early childhood educators are fairly compensated and well supported; and

(2) to continue and build upon the five-year redesign of the Child Care Financial Assistance Program that began in fiscal year 2020.

* * * Child Care Financial Assistance Program * * *

Sec. 2. 33 V.S.A. § 3512 is amended to read:

§ 3512. CHILD CARE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM;
ELIGIBILITY

(a)(1) The Child Care Financial Assistance Program is established to subsidize, to the extent that funds permit, the costs of child care for families that need child care services in order to obtain employment, to retain employment, or to obtain training leading to employment. Families seeking employment shall be entitled to participate in the Program for up to three months and the Commissioner may further extend that period.

(2) The subsidy authorized by this subsection shall be on a sliding scale basis. The scale shall be established by the Commissioner, by rule, and shall bear a reasonable relationship to income and family size. The lower limit of the fee scale shall include families whose gross income is up to and including 100 percent of the current federal poverty guidelines. The upper income limit of the fee scale shall be neither less than 200 percent of the current federal poverty guidelines nor more than 100 percent of the State median income,
adjusted for the size of the family. Families shall be found eligible using an income eligibility scale based on the current federal poverty level and adjusted for the size of the family. Co-payments shall be assigned to the whole family and shall not increase if more than one eligible child is enrolled in child care. Families with an annual gross income of less than or equal to 150 percent of the current federal poverty guidelines shall not have a family co-payment. Families with an annual gross income up to and including 350 percent of current federal poverty guidelines, adjusted for family size, shall be eligible for a subsidy authorized by the subsection. The scale shall be structured so that it encourages employment. If the federal poverty guidelines decrease in a given year, the Division shall maintain the previous year’s federal poverty guidelines for the purpose of determining eligibility and benefit amount under this subsection.

* * *

Sec. 3. 33 V.S.A. § 3514 is amended to read:

§ 3514. PAYMENT TO PROVIDERS

* * *

(c)(1) The payment schedule established by the Commissioner may reimburse providers in accordance with the results of the most recent Vermont Child Care Market Rate Survey.

(2) The payment schedule shall include reimbursement rate caps tiered in relation to provider ratings in the Vermont STARS program. The lower limit of the reimbursement rate caps shall be not less than the 50th percentile of all reported rates for the same provider setting in each rate category.

Sec. 4. LEGISLATIVE INTENT; CHILD CARE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

It is the intent of the General Assembly that:

(1) consideration be made in fiscal years 2023 through 2026 to progressively adjust the upper income limit of the Child Care Financial Assistance Program fee scale each year; and

(2) the co-payment at the upper limit of the income eligibility scale for a family participating in the Child Care Financial Assistance Program shall not exceed 10 percent of a family’s annual gross income.

* * * Bright Futures Information System * * *

Sec. 5. BRIGHT FUTURES INFORMATION SYSTEM; MODERNIZATION PLAN

- 2036 -
(a) To the extent funds exist in fiscal year 2022, the Department for Children and Families shall modernize the Bright Futures Information System.

(b)(1) On or before October 1, 2021, the Department for Children and Families’ Child Development Division shall make every reasonable effort to achieve full functionality of the first module of the modernized Bright Futures Information System.

(2) On or before August 1, 2021, the Department for Children and Families’ Child Development Division shall convene and consult with a Bright Futures Information System end-user group, composed of child care providers, eligibility specialists from community child care support agencies, families participating in the Child Care Financial Assistance Program, and any other relevant stakeholders. The Division shall provide periodic updates to the end-user group regarding the Division’s progress in completing the modernization project and any successes or challenges identified once the modernized Bright Futures Information System is operational. The Division shall actively seek advice and feedback from the end-user group regarding the modernized Bright Futures Information System. The end-user group shall be dissolved following full functionality of all components of the modernized Bright Futures Information System.

* * * Workforce Supports * * *

Sec. 6. 33 V.S.A. chapter 35, subchapter 5 is added to read:

Subchapter 5. Workforce

§ 3541. SCHOLARSHIPS FOR CURRENT EARLY CHILDHOOD PROVIDERS

(a) There is established a need-based scholarship program for individuals employed by a regulated, privately operated center-based child care program or family child care home while acquiring credits in early childhood development or that are related directly to working with children from birth through eight years of age.

(b) The Department for Children and Families may contract for the administration of the program set forth in subsection (a) of this section and adopt policies, procedures, and guidelines necessary for its implementation.

(c) Scholarships distributed pursuant to this section shall be available on a first-come, first-served basis until any appropriated funds are depleted.

(d) An individual shall not simultaneously participate in the scholarship program set forth in this section and the student loan repayment assistance program set forth in section 3543 of this title.
§ 3542. SCHOLARSHIPS FOR PROSPECTIVE EARLY CHILDHOOD PROVIDERS

(a)(1) There is established a need-based scholarship program for individuals pursuing a college degree in early childhood education or early childhood special education. The scholarship program shall provide financial assistance up to the full cost of tuition for an eligible individual.

(2) An eligible individual shall:
   (A) attend a Vermont college or university at least part-time;
   (B) be pursuing an associates or bachelor’s degree in early childhood education or early childhood special education; and
   (C) commit to working in a regulated, privately operated center-based child care program or family child care home in Vermont for years equal to those in which scholarship monies are sought under this section.

(b)(1) The Department for Children and Families shall adopt policies, procedures, and guidelines necessary for implementation of the program described in subsection (a) of this section.

(2) The Department may contract for the administration of the program. Administration costs shall not be more than 10 percent of the total appropriation received to implement this section.

(c)(1) Scholarships distributed pursuant to this section shall be available on a first-come, first-served basis until any appropriated funds are depleted.

(2) An eligible individual who does not work the required number of years in a regulated, privately operated center-based child care program or family child care home in Vermont after completion of the individual’s degree program shall repay scholarship monies received under this section commensurate with the balance of the eligible individual’s time commitment.

(d) An individual shall not simultaneously participate in the scholarship program set forth in this section and the student loan repayment assistance program set forth in section 3543 of this title.

§ 3543. STUDENT LOAN REPAYMENT ASSISTANCE

(a)(1) There is established a need-based student loan repayment assistance program for the purpose of providing student loan repayment assistance to any individual employed by a regulated, privately operated center-based child care program or family child care home.

(2) An eligible individual shall:
(A) work in a privately operated center-based child care program or in a family child care home that is regulated by the Division for at least an average of 30 hours per week for 48 weeks of the year;

(B) receive an annual salary of not more than $50,000.00; and

(C) have earned an associates or bachelor’s degree with a major concentration in early childhood, child and human development, elementary education, special education with a birth to age eight focus, or child and family services within the preceding five years.

(3) To participate in the program set forth in this section, an eligible individual shall submit to the Department for Children and Families documentation expressing the individual’s intent to work in a regulated, privately operated center-based child care program or family child care home for at least the 12 months following the annual loan repayment award notification. A participant may receive up to $4,000.00 annually in student loan repayment assistance, which shall be distributed by the Department in four allotments. The Department shall distribute at least one-quarter of the individual’s total annual benefit after the individual has completed three months of employment in accordance with the program. The remainder of an individual’s total annual benefit shall be distributed by the Department every three months after the initial payment.

(b)(1) The Department shall adopt policies, procedures, and guidelines necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

(2) Student loan repayments shall be available pursuant to this section on a first-come, first-served basis until appropriated funds are depleted.

(3) The Department may contract for the administration of the program. Administration costs shall not be more than 10 percent of the total appropriation received to implement this section.

(c) An individual shall not simultaneously participate in the student loan repayment assistance program set forth in this section and either of the scholarship programs set forth in section 3541 or 3542 of this title.

Sec. 7. EVALUATION; EARLY CHILDHOOD WORKFORCE PROGRAMS

On or before October 1, 2025, the Department for Children and Families’ Child Development Division, in consultation with stakeholders, shall submit a report to the House Committees on Commerce and Economic Development and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs and on Health and Welfare:
(1) evaluating the effectiveness of the scholarship and student loan repayment programs established in 33 V.S.A. chapter 35, subchapter 5 at recruiting and retaining providers in Vermont’s child care and early learning system; and

(2) recommending whether the scholarship and student loan repayment programs established in 33 V.S.A. chapter 35, subchapter 5 shall be repealed in accordance with Sec. 8 of this act, retained and funded in their current states, or retained with amendment.

Sec. 8. REPEALS

(a) 33 V.S.A. § 3541(d) (reference to student loan repayment assistance program) is repealed on July 1, 2026.

(b) 33 V.S.A. § 3542 (scholarships for prospective early childhood providers) is repealed on July 1, 2026.

(c) 33 V.S.A. § 3543 (student loan repayment assistance program) is repealed on July 1, 2026.

* * * Building Bright Futures’ Powers and Duties * * *

Sec. 9. 33 V.S.A. § 4603 is amended to read:

§ 4603. POWERS AND DUTIES

The Council established by section 4602 of this title shall have the following powers and duties necessary and appropriate to effectuating the purposes of this chapter:

(1) Advise the Administration and General Assembly on:

(A) the status and needs of the early care, health, and education system by conducting a review of the status of young children in Vermont and the care, health, and education services and systems that support them; and

(B) planning related to and the administration and operation of Vermont’s child care system.

* * *

(3) Develop an early care, health, and education system plan for Vermont to serve as the basis for policy and funding recommendations, which shall reflect the growing diversity of Vermont’s children and families.

* * *

(12) Convene members of the child care community, medical community, education community, business community, and other organizations, as well as State agencies serving young children, to ensure that
families receive quality services in the most efficient and cost-effective manner.

***

*** Recommendations on the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 ***

Sec. 10. RECOMMENDATIONS; AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN OF 2021; CHILD CARE DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

On or before January 15, 2022, the Department for Children and Families shall submit a report to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare summarizing its use of the Child Care Development Block Grant funding received by the State pursuant to the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2.

Sec. 11. [Deleted.]

*** Studies and Reports ***

Sec. 12. REPORT; CHILD CARE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM; ENROLLMENT MODEL

On or before July 1, 2022, the Department for Children and Families’ Child Development Division shall submit to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Human Services and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare analyses addressing the costs and policy implications associated with moving from an attendance-based model to an enrollment-based model in the Child Care Financial Assistance Program.

Sec. 13. CHILD CARE AND EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION SYSTEMS ANALYSIS STUDY

(a)(1) On or before September 1, 2021, Building Bright Futures shall develop and issue a request for proposals to select an independent consulting entity with expertise in the field of child care and early childhood education to provide an analysis and recommendations on Vermont’s child care and early education systems for children from birth through five years of age. The development of the request for proposals and selection of an independent consulting entity shall be done in consultation with the Chairs of the House Committee on Human Services and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare or their designees.

(2) On or before July 1, 2022, the independent consulting entity shall submit the analysis and recommendations to the House Committee on Human Services and to the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare regarding the following:
(A) existing child care and early childhood education systems and administrative stakeholders and structures, including functions that are currently not staffed or understaffed;

(B) emerging system needs;

(C) stakeholder engagement in decision-making processes and State plan development;

(D) mechanisms to strengthen system oversight and leverage current system strengths;

(E) identification of existing needs and challenges;

(F) ensuring data driven accountability for improvement of the current well-being and future outcomes of children and families; and

(G) ensuring that an antiracist approach is utilized in modifying existing policies and procedures and creating new policies and procedures.

(b) All findings and recommendations provided pursuant to this section shall:

(1) be divided by birth through five years of age and six years of age through 12 years of age; and

(2) rely on the work and advice provided pursuant to Sec. 10 of this act.

(c) As used in this section, “child care and early childhood education” means programming provided at a center-based child care program or family child care home regulated by the Department for Children and Families’ Child Development Division that serves children from birth through 12 years of age.
income on child care;

(2) that child care providers receive compensation that is commensurate with peers in other fields; and

(3) the utilization of a cost of care model versus a market rate model in the Child Care Financial Assistance Program.

(b)(1) On or before December 1, 2022, the consultant shall submit preliminary results to the Joint Fiscal Office and to the Chairs of the House Committees on Appropriations, on Human Services, and on Ways and Means and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations, on Finance, and on Health and Welfare.

(2) On or before January 15, 2023, the consultant shall submit to the House Committees on Appropriations, on Human Services, and on Ways and Means and to the Senate Committees on Appropriations, on Finance, and on Health and Welfare multiple financing options for public and private funding sources, including a final report that:

(A) projects the costs of expanding the State’s child care benefit to more families in accordance with this section, requiring commensurate pay for providers, and utilizing cost of care in the Child Care Financial Assistance Program and the feasibility of implementing each policy in Vermont, both separately and jointly; and

(B) identifies and determines the feasibility of implementing stable, long-term funding sources to finance an affordable, high-quality early child care system for children from birth through five years of age.

Sec. 15. [Deleted.]

*** Effective Dates ***

Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and Secs. 10 (recommendations; American Rescue Plan Act of 2021; Child Care Development Block Grant) and 11 (recommendations; American Rescue Plan Act of 2021; Child Care Stabilization Grants) shall take effect on passage.

(b) All other sections shall take effect on July 1, 2021, except that Secs. 2 (Child Care Financial Assistance Program; eligibility) and 3 (payment to providers) shall take effect on October 1, 2021.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to child care systems and financing.
(For text see House Journal March 24, 2021)

Amendment to be offered by Reps. Brumsted of Shelburne, Gregoire of Fairfield, McFaun of Barre Town, Noyes of Winooski, Pajala of Londonderry, Pugh of South Burlington, Redmond of Essex, Rosenquist of Georgia, Small of Winooski and Whitman of Bennington to H. 171

That the House concur with the Senate proposal of amendment with further amendment thereto as follows:

First: By striking out Sec. 10 (recommendations; American Rescue Plan Act of 2021; Child Care Development Block Grant) in its entirety and inserting a new Sec. 10 to read as follows:

Sec. 10. RECOMMENDATIONS; AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021; CHILD CARE DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT; CHILD CARE STABILIZATION GRANTS

On or before September 1, 2021, the Department for Children and Families, in consultation with stakeholders, that include individuals who are Black, Indigenous, and Persons of Color, shall submit a plan on the proposed use of the Child Care Development Block Grant and the Child Care Stabilization Grants funding received by the State pursuant to the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2, for review and acceptance by the Joint Fiscal Committee at their September 2021 meeting. The plan shall concurrently be provided to the Chairs of the House Committee on Human Services and of the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare for input prior to action by the Joint Fiscal Committee. To the extent permissible, the plan shall consider the following priorities but need not be limited to consideration of the listed priorities:

1. funding necessary to ensure that the co-payment for a family participating in the Child Care Financial Assistance Program shall not exceed 10 percent of a family’s annual gross income;

2. expansion of the Child Care Financial Assistance Program to families whose incomes are up to 400 percent of the current federal poverty level;

3. increased access to high-quality infant care;

4. access to high-quality, affordable child care for culturally and racially diverse families;
(5) support and assistance to stabilize regulated, privately operated center-based child care programs and family child care homes; and

(6) the identification of any statutory or regulatory barriers to using the ARPA funds to address the immediate and future child care needs of Vermonters.

Second: In Sec. 16 (effective dates), by striking out subsection (a) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (a) to read as follows:

(a) This section and Sec. 10 (recommendations; American Rescue Plan Act of 2021; Child Care Development Block Grant; Child Care Stabilization Grants) shall take effect on passage.

NEW BUSINESS

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 421

An act relating to animal cruelty investigation response and training

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: In Sec. 1, 13 V.S.A. §351, in subdivision (5), by striking out the word “agency” and inserting in lieu thereof the word facility

Second: By striking out Sec. 4, effective date, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 365 is amended to read:

§ 365. SHELTER OF ANIMALS

(a) Adequate shelter. All livestock and animals that are to be predominantly maintained in an outdoor area shall be provided with adequate natural shelter or adequate constructed shelter to prevent direct exposure to the elements. Pursuant to section 351b of this title, this section shall not apply to livestock and poultry husbandry practices for raising, management, and use of animals.

(b) Shelter for livestock.

(1) Livestock animals confined in enclosed areas shall be provided with adequate ventilation and shall have access to adequate exercise. Equines housed within a designated space continually, without access to a paddock, turn out, or other exercise area, shall be provided the opportunity for periodic exercise, either through free choice or through a forced work program, to maintain normal muscle tone and mass for the age, size, and condition of the animal or in accordance with accepted agricultural or veterinary practices.

- 2045 -
Nothing in this section shall control dairy herd housing facilities, either loose housing, comfort tie-stall, or stanchion lockups, or other housing under control of the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets. This subdivision shall not apply to any accepted housing or grazing practices for any livestock industry.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

(For text see House Journal March 11, 2021)

H. 430

An act relating to expanding eligibility for Dr. Dynasaur to all income-eligible children and pregnant individuals regardless of immigration status

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 33 V.S.A. chapter 19, subchapter 9 is added to read:

 Subchapter 9. Coverage for Additional Populations

§ 2091. DR. DYNASAUR-LIKE COVERAGE; LEGISLATIVE INTENT

In establishing Dr. Dynasaur-like coverage for children and pregnant individuals who are not eligible for the Dr. Dynasaur program because of their immigration status, it is the intent of the General Assembly that the hospital, medical, dental, and prescription drug benefits and eligibility criteria for the coverage set forth in section 2092 of this chapter should align to the greatest extent practicable with the benefits and eligibility criteria of the Dr. Dynasaur program.

§ 2092. DR. DYNASAUR-LIKE COVERAGE FOR CERTAIN VERMONT RESIDENTS

(a) As used in this section, the term “Vermont residents who have an immigration status for which Medicaid coverage is not available” includes migrant workers who are employed in seasonal occupations in this State.

(b) The Agency of Human Services shall provide hospital, medical, dental, and prescription drug coverage equivalent to coverage in the Vermont Medicaid State Plan to the following categories of Vermont residents who have an immigration status for which Medicaid coverage is not available and who are otherwise uninsured:
(1) children under 19 years of age whose household income does not exceed the income threshold for eligibility under the Vermont Medicaid State Plan; and

(2) pregnant individuals whose household income does not exceed the income threshold for eligibility under the Vermont Medicaid State Plan, for coverage during their pregnancy and for postpartum coverage equivalent to that available under the Vermont Medicaid State Plan.

c The confidentiality provisions set forth in section 1902a of this chapter shall apply to all applications submitted and records created pursuant to this section, except that the Agency of Human Services shall not make any information regarding applicants or enrollees available to the United States government.

d The Agency of Human Services may adopt rules in accordance with 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to carry out the purposes of this section.

Sec. 2. AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES; OUTREACH AND PROVIDER GRANTS; IMPLEMENTATION; APPROPRIATION

To the extent that applicable funds are appropriated in the fiscal year 2022 budget, the Agency of Human Services shall use them for the following purposes:

(1) Grants or reimbursements, or both, to health care providers for delivering health care services during fiscal year 2022 to children and pregnant individuals who have an immigration status for which Medicaid coverage is not available.

(2) Grants to Vermont organizations that work with members of Vermont’s undocumented immigrant community or with members of the health care provider community to provide culturally and linguistically appropriate outreach and information regarding opportunities for children and pregnant individuals in Vermont who have an immigration status for which Medicaid coverage is not available to access health care services at low or no cost in fiscal year 2022 and thereafter. The outreach and information shall include information on the confidentiality of records pertaining to applicants and enrollees.

(3) Implementing the technological and operational processes necessary for the Department of Vermont Health Access to administer the coverage for Vermont residents who have an immigration status for which Medicaid coverage is not available as set forth in 33 V.S.A. § 2092 beginning on July 1, 2022.

Sec. 3. AGENCY OF HUMAN SERVICES; DR. DYNASAUR-LIKE
COVERAGE; FISCAL YEAR 2023 ESTIMATE

The Agency of Human Services shall provide information on the estimated fiscal year 2023 costs of providing coverage to Vermont residents who have an immigration status for which Medicaid coverage is not available pursuant to 33 V.S.A. § 2092 beginning on July 1, 2022 as part of the Agency’s fiscal year 2023 budget presentation to the House Committees on Appropriations and on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Appropriations and on Health and Welfare.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Sec. 2 (Agency of Human Services; outreach and provider grants; implementation; appropriation) shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

(b) The remaining sections shall take effect on passage, with the Agency of Human Services making coverage available to Vermont residents who have an immigration status for which Medicaid coverage is not available in accordance with Sec. 1 (33 V.S.A. § 2092) beginning on July 1, 2022, subject to fiscal year 2023 appropriations for this purpose.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

An act relating to eligibility for Dr. Dynasaur-like coverage for all income-eligible children and pregnant individuals regardless of immigration status.

(For text see House Journal March 23, 2021 )

H. 434

An act relating to establishing the Agricultural Innovation Board

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, subchapter 7A is amended to read:

Subchapter 7A. Regenerative Farming Regenerative and Innovative Agriculture

§ 4964. AGRICULTURAL INNOVATION BOARD

(a) Creation. There is created the Agricultural Innovation Board that shall:

(1) Review historic recommendations for pesticide reduction in the State and coordinate with existing work groups to avoid submitting to the General Assembly conflicting policy recommendations on the regulation of pesticides and farming.

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(2) Recommend practices that reduce the use of and exposure to pesticides and synthetic fertilizers in order to protect soil biology, human health, and environmental health, including recommended targets to achieve the State goal of an overall reduction in the use of pesticides consistent with sound pest or vegetative management practices.

(3) Advise the Executive Branch and the General Assembly with respect to legislation concerning the use of agricultural pest control measures and integrated pest management.

(4) Recommend to the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets policies, proposed rules, or legislation for the regulation of the use of treated articles when the Board determines that use of a treated article will have a hazardous or long-term deleterious effect on the environment in Vermont, presents a likely risk to human health, or is dangerous.

(5) Recommend practices to reduce the use and generation of waste associated with plastic in farming.

(6) Incentivize farming practices that are looking to reduce the use and dependence on pesticides in their practices.

(7) Advise the Agency with regard to the regulation of plant biostimulants.

(8) Recommend studies necessary for the performance of its functions as established under this section.

(9) Explore methods and standards for transitioning farmers to practices that reduce pesticide usage.

(10) Explore methods and standards for farmers to engage in carbon sequestration or mitigation.

(11) Review the seed traits of a new genetically engineered seed proposed for sale, distribution, or use in the State.

(12) Study and issue recommendations regarding the feasibility of the use of biodegradable plastics in agriculture and the promotion of the use of and production of biodegradable plastics and similar products in Vermont.

(b) Organization of the Board.

(1) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall convene the Agricultural Innovation Board. Members of the Board who are not serving in an ex officio capacity shall be appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, and the Secretary shall designate a chair from among the members of the Board. The Agricultural Innovation Board shall consist of the
following 13 members:

(A) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee;

(B) an active farmer who is a member of an organization representing the organic farming community;

(C) a member from the University of Vermont Center for Sustainable Agriculture;

(D) the Director of the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, Agrichemical Program or designee;

(E) the Director of the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets, Water Quality Program or designee;

(F) the Commissioner of Health or a designee with expertise in the effects of pesticides on human health;

(G) the Secretary of Natural Resources or designee;

(H) a certified crop consultant;

(I) an active farmer who is a member of an organization representing the conventional dairy industry in Vermont;

(J) an active farmer who is a member of an organization representing fruit or vegetable farmers in Vermont;

(K) an active farmer who is a member of an organization representing grass-based, non-dairy livestock farming in Vermont;

(L) a soil biologist; and

(M) a member of an environmental organization that advocates for policy regarding the management or reduction of toxic substances in the State.

2) Members of the Agricultural Innovation Board shall be appointed for terms of three years, except initially, appointments shall be made such that one member shall serve for a term of one year and one for a term of two years. Members other than ex officio members shall be allowed to serve not more than three consecutive terms.

3) Members of the Agricultural Innovation Board other than ex officio members and those compensated for their participation on the Board shall be entitled to per diem compensation authorized under 32 V.S.A. § 1010(b) for each day spent in the performance of their duties, and each member shall be reimbursed for his or her actual and necessary expenses incurred in carrying out his or her duties. These payments shall be made from the Pesticide Monitoring Revolving Fund under 6 V.S.A. § 929.
(4) The Board shall meet no fewer than four times a year.

(c) Powers and Duties of the Board. The Agricultural Innovation Board shall:

(1) issue a report annually to the General Assembly on or before January 15 that recommends policy solutions to assist farmers in:
   (A) reducing the use of and exposure to pesticides; and
   (B) the use of innovative or alternative practices;

(2) propose an annual budget report that provides ideas for funding sources for any new programs recommended in the annual report; and

(3) survey farmers from every county in the State to help better understand how agricultural inputs, such as pesticides, synthetic fertilizers, and plastics, are currently used, as well as current challenges farmers face in reducing these inputs in order to better inform recommendations to be provided in the annual report required under subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(d) Seed Review. Prior to sale, distribution, or use in the State of a new genetically engineered seed, a majority of the Agricultural Innovation Board shall approve of the sale, distribution, or use of the seed. In order to ensure the appropriate use of traits of a new genetically engineered seed in the State, the Agricultural Innovation Board may propose to the Secretary limits or conditions on the sale, distribution, or use of a seed or recommend a limited period of time for sale of the seed.

Sec. 2. REPEAL; PESTICIDE ADVISORY COUNCIL

6 V.S.A. § 1102 (Pesticide Advisory Council) is repealed.

Sec. 3. 6 V.S.A. § 1083(a)(5) is amended to read:

(5) Issue or deny permits to any person for the use of larvicides or pupacides for mosquito control in the waters of the State pursuant to procedures adopted under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25. Such procedures shall include provisions regarding an opportunity for public review and comment on permit applications. Persons applying for a permit shall apply on a form provided by the Agency. The Secretary shall seek the advice of the Vermont Pesticide Advisory Council, when designating acceptable control products and methods for their use, and when adopting or amending procedures for implementing this subsection. Before issuing a permit under this subsection, the Secretary shall find, after consultation with the Secretary of the Agency of Natural Resources, that there is acceptable risk to the nontarget environment and that there is negligible risk to public health.
Sec. 4. 6 V.S.A. § 1103(a) is amended to read:

(a) General authority. The Secretary shall have responsibility for regulating and controlling the sale, use, storage, treatment, and disposal of pesticides and pesticide wastes, in order to promote the public health, safety, and welfare and protect agricultural and natural resources. In the performance of such duties the Secretary shall act upon the advice of the Pesticide Advisory Council Agricultural Innovation Board, and subject to the approval of the Governor.

Sec. 5. 6 V.S.A. § 1104 is amended to read:

§ 1104. POWERS OF SECRETARY

The Secretary in furtherance of the purposes of this chapter may:

* * *

(6) Require pesticide dealers and applicators to keep records of the sale and use of pesticides deemed particularly toxic or hazardous by the Pesticide Advisory Council Agricultural Innovation Board and to have such records available for examination by the Secretary or his or her agents at his or her request; the accounting for kinds and amounts of such economic poisons, to whom sold, and where and when used, and the reporting of incidents resulting from accidental contamination or misapplication of pesticides which present a hazard to humans, animals, or the environment, may be required.

* * *

(9) Make, adopt, revise, and amend reasonable rules as he or she deems necessary with the advice of the Pesticide Advisory Council Agricultural Innovation Board in order to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

* * *

Sec. 6. 6 V.S.A. § 1105a is amended to read:

§ 1105a. TREATED ARTICLES; POWERS OF SECRETARY; BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

(a) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, upon the recommendation of the Pesticide Advisory Council Agricultural Innovation Board, may adopt by rule:

(1) best management practices, standards, procedures, and requirements relating to the sale, use, storage, or disposal of treated articles the use of which the Pesticide Advisory Council Agricultural Innovation Board has determined will have a hazardous or long-term deleterious effect on the environment, presents a likely risk to human health, or is dangerous;
(3) requirements for the examination or inspection of treated articles the use of which the Pesticide Advisory Council Agricultural Innovation Board has determined will have a hazardous or long-term deleterious effect on the environment, presents a likely risk to human health, or is dangerous;

(4) requirements for persons selling treated articles to keep or make available to the Secretary records of sale of treated articles the use of which the Pesticide Advisory Council Agricultural Innovation Board has determined will have a hazardous or long-term deleterious effect on the environment, presents a likely risk to human health, or is dangerous; or

(5) requirements for reporting of incidents resulting from accidental contamination from or misuse of treated articles the use of which the Pesticide Advisory Council Agricultural Innovation Board has determined will have a hazardous or long-term deleterious effect on the environment, presents a likely risk to human health, or is dangerous.

(b) At least 30 days prior to prefiling a rule authorized under subsection (a) of this section with the Interagency Committee on Administrative Rules under 3 V.S.A. § 837, the Secretary shall submit a copy of the draft rule to the Senate Committee on Agriculture and the House Committee on Agriculture and Forestry for review.

Sec. 7. 6 V.S.A. § 642 is amended to read:

§ 642. DUTIES AND AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY

(a) The Secretary shall enforce and carry out the provisions of this subchapter, including:

(1) Sampling, inspecting, making analysis of, and testing seeds subject to the provisions of this subchapter that are transported, sold, or offered or exposed for sale within the State for sowing purposes. The Secretary shall notify promptly a person who sells, offers, or exposes seeds for sale and, if appropriate, the person who labels or transports seeds, of any violation and seizure of the seeds, or order to cease sale of the seeds under section 643 of this title.

(2) Making or providing for purity and germination tests of seed for farmers and dealers on request and to fix and collect charges for the tests made.

(3) Cooperating with the U.S. Department of Agriculture and other agencies in seed law enforcement.

(4) Prior to sale, distribution, or use of a new genetically engineered
seed in the State and after consultation with a seed review committee convened under subsection (c) of this section, the Agricultural Innovation Board under section 4964 of this title, review the traits of the new genetically engineered seed. The Secretary may prohibit, restrict, condition, or limit the sale, distribution, or use of the seed in the State when determined necessary to prevent an adverse effect on agriculture in the State.

(b) The Secretary shall establish rules to carry out the provisions of this subchapter, including those governing the methods of sampling, inspecting, analyzing, testing, and examining seeds and reasonable standards for seed.

(c)(1) The Secretary shall convene a seed review committee to review the seed traits of a new genetically engineered seed proposed for sale, distribution, or use in the State.

(2) A seed review committee convened under this subsection shall be composed of the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee and the following members appointed by the Secretary:

(A) a certified commercial agricultural pesticide applicator;

(B) an agronomist or relevant crop specialist from the University of Vermont or Vermont Technical College;

(C) a licensed seed dealer; and

(D) a member of a farming sector affected by the new genetically engineered seed.

(3) A majority of the seed review committee must approve of the sale, distribution, or use of a new genetically engineered seed prior to sale, distribution, or use in the State. In order to ensure the appropriate use or traits of a new genetically engineered seed in the State, a seed review committee may propose to the Secretary limits or conditions on the sale, distribution, or use of a seed or recommend a limited period of time for sale of the seed. [Repealed.]

Sec. 8. IMPLEMENTATION; TRANSITION

The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets shall appoint those members of the Agricultural Innovation Board under 6 V.S.A. § 4964 on or before January 1, 2022 so that the Agricultural Innovation Board can fulfill its functions and duties.

Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on January 1, 2022, except that the authority of the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets to appoint members of the
Agricultural Innovation Board under 6 V.S.A. § 4964(b)(1) shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

(For text see House Journal March 18, 19, 2021)

**Amendment to be offered by Rep. Norris of Shoreham to H. 434**

That the House concur in the Senate proposal of amendment with a further proposal of amendment in Sec. 1, 6 V.S.A. chapter 215, subchapter 7A, in section 4964, by striking out subsection (d) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(d) Seed review. The Agricultural Innovation Board shall advise the Secretary regarding the sale, distribution, or use of genetically engineered seed in the State and may recommend to the Secretary limits or conditions on the sale, distribution, or use of a genetically engineered seed or seeds or recommend a limited period of time for sale of a genetically engineered seed or seeds.

**NOTICE CALENDAR**

**Favorable with Amendment**

**S. 15**

An act relating to correcting defective ballots

**Rep. Copeland Hanzas of Bradford**, for the Committee on Government Operations, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

***Candidate Nicknames***

Sec. 1. 17 V.S.A. § 2361 is amended to read:

§ 2361. CONSENT OF CANDIDATE

(a) A candidate for whom petitions containing sufficient valid signatures have been filed shall file with the official with whom the petitions were filed a consent to the printing of the candidate’s name on the ballot. The Secretary of State shall prepare and furnish forms for this purpose.

(b)(1) The consent shall set forth the name of the candidate, as the candidate wishes to have it printed on the ballot, the candidate’s town of residence, and correct mailing address.

(2) If a candidate wishes to use a nickname, the format on the ballot shall be the candidate’s first name, the nickname set off in quotations, and the candidate’s last name.
(A) A nickname of one or two words by which the candidate has been commonly known for at least three years preceding the election may be used in combination with a candidate’s name. A nickname that constitutes a slogan or otherwise indicates a political, economic, social, or religious view or affiliation may not be used.

(B) A nickname may not be used unless the candidate executes and files with the application for a place on the ballot an affidavit indicating that the nickname complies with this subsection.

(3) Professional titles such as “Dr.,” “Esq.,” or “CPA” shall not be used as part of a candidate’s name on the ballot.

(c) The consent shall be filed on or before the day petitions are due. Unless a consent is filed, the candidate’s name shall not be printed on the primary ballot.

* * * Outdoor and Drive-up Polling Places * * *

Sec. 2. 17 V.S.A. § 2502 is amended to read:

§ 2502. LOCATION OF POLLING PLACES; OUTDOOR POLLING PLACES

(a) Each polling place shall be located in a public place within the town.

(b) Outdoor polling places. A polling place may be located outdoors if it can be operated in a manner consistent with the provisions of this chapter.

(1) The board of civil authority shall designate the outdoor area that comprises the “polling place” for purposes of restrictions and requirements for polling places imposed pursuant to this chapter, including the restrictions on campaigning and other activities within the building containing the polling place described in subdivisions 2508(a)(1)(A) and (B) of this subchapter.

(2) An indoor polling place alternative shall be available at or near the same physical location as the outdoor polling place in case of inclement weather. If conditions require use of the indoor alternative, the Secretary of State’s office shall be notified immediately of the change.

(3) Candidates and members of the public who would otherwise be allowed to campaign outside an indoor polling place shall be kept a reasonable distance from the outdoor polling place such that any campaigning does not disrupt or interfere in any way with the voting process.

(c) Drive-up voting. Voting may be conducted by a drive-through or drive-up voting method at a polling place if the voting process can be operated in a manner consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
(1) Drive-up voting procedures shall enable voters to complete the voting process without leaving their vehicle, allowing the voters to deposit their ballots directly into a tabulator or secure ballot box that may be brought to the window of the vehicle or located in such a manner that it can be accessed from the vehicle or providing voters an envelope or folder in which to place their voted ballots before handing it to an election official for processing.

(2) Polling places conducting drive-up voting shall also accommodate walk-in voters and those using other forms of transport.

(d) Ballot transfer. If a polling place is outside or if voting is conducted by a drive-up method, ballots may be periodically transferred from a secure outdoor or drive-up ballot box to another secure container for counting after the close of the polls or to election officials who are processing ballots through the tabulator. Any such transfer shall be done in the presence of two election officials, if possible officials of different parties.

(b)(e) The Access. The accessible voting system shall be available for those who request it. Additionally, the board of civil authority shall take such measures as are necessary to ensure that voters who are elders or have a disability may conveniently and secretly cast their votes. Measures that may be taken shall include: location of polling places on the ground floor of a building; providing ramps, elevators, or other facilities for access to the polling place; providing a stencil overlay for ballots; providing a separate polling place with direct communication to the main polling place; and permitting election officials to carry a ballot to an elder or to a person who has a disability in order to permit that person to mark the ballot while in a motor vehicle adjacent to the polling place. For purposes of this subsection, the board of civil authority shall have full jurisdiction on the day of an election over the premises at which a polling place is located.

(e)(f) Polling place designation.

(1) Thirty days prior to a local, primary, or general election, the town clerk shall submit to the Secretary of State a list of polling places within the municipality that will be used in that election. The list shall include the name of the polling location, its physical address, and the time the polling place will open.

(2)(A) A municipality may change the location of a polling place less than 30 days prior to an election only in cases of emergency. If a municipality changes the location of a polling place less than 30 days prior to the election, the town clerk shall notify the Secretary of State within 24 hours of the change and provide the new polling place information.
(B) The Secretary of State shall assist any municipality that needs to change the location of a polling place on the day of an election due to an emergency, including assisting in finding a new location and informing the public of that new location.

(C) The Secretary of State shall inform the State chairs of Vermont’s major political parties of any changes made to polling places that he or she is aware of made less than 30 days prior to an election.

(3) The Secretary of State shall provide on his or her official website a list of polling places that will be used in any local, primary, or general election within the State, and shall specifically provide notice on that website of any change in the location of a municipality’s polling place.

* * * Ballot Mailing for Local Elections * * *

Sec. 3. 17 V.S.A. § 2680 is amended to read:

§ 2680. AUSTRALIAN BALLOT SYSTEM; GENERAL

(a) Application. Unless specifically required by statute, the provisions of the Australian ballot system shall not apply to the annual or special meeting of a municipality unless that municipality, at its annual meeting or at a special meeting called for that purpose, votes to have them apply.

* * *

(f) Presiding officer. The presiding officer for any election or part of an election using the Australian ballot system shall be the town clerk or as otherwise provided in section 2452 of this title.

(g) Early and absentee voting. At the time the Australian ballots are available, which shall be not less than 20 days before the election, early and absentee voting shall be permitted in accordance with chapter 51, subchapter 6 of this title.

(1) The legislative body of a town, city, or village may vote to mail a ballot to all active registered voters in the town, city, or village.

(2) A school board may, after receiving the approval of the legislative body of each member town in the district, vote to mail its annual meeting ballot to all active registered voters in the district. In such case, the town clerk and election officials in the member towns shall be responsible for the mailing of the ballots but all costs associated with the mailing of ballots shall be borne by the school district.

(3) Ballots shall be mailed not less than 20 days before the election, or as soon as they are available.
(4) The mailing of ballots shall be conducted to the extent practicable in accordance with chapter 51, subchapter 6 of this title.

(h) Hearing.

(1) Whenever a municipality has voted to adopt the Australian ballot system of voting on any public question or budget, except the budget revote as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the legislative body shall hold a public informational hearing on the question by posting warnings at least 10 days in advance of the hearing in at least two public places within the municipality and in the town clerk’s office.

***

* * * Ballot Mailing for Statewide Elections * * *

Sec. 4. 17 V.S.A. § 2532 is amended to read:

§ 2532. AUTHORIZED APPLICANTS; APPLICATION FORM; DUPLICATES

* * *

(e) Duplicate early voter absentee ballots.

(1)(A) The town clerk may, upon application, issue a duplicate early voter absentee ballot if the original ballot is lost or not received by the voter within a reasonable period of time after mailing it is mailed to the voter by the town clerk or by the Secretary of State’s office pursuant to section 2537a of this subchapter.

(B) The application may be made by a person entitled to apply for an early voter absentee ballot under subsection (a) of this section and shall be accompanied by a sworn statement affirming that the voter has not received the original ballot.

(2) If a duplicate early voter absentee ballot is issued and both the duplicate and original early voter absentee ballots are received before the close of the polls on election day, the ballot with the earlier postmark that is received first by the town clerk shall be counted and the Elections Division of the Secretary of State’s office shall be notified.

* * *

Sec. 5. 17 V.S.A. § 2536 is amended to read:

§ 2536. FURNISHING EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOT ENVELOPES

- 2059 -
Upon request, for any statewide primary, presidential primary, or general election, the Secretary of State shall furnish the envelopes prescribed in sections 2535 and 2542 of this title to town clerks in such numbers as they request. The cost of absentee ballot envelopes for local elections shall be borne by the municipality.

Sec. 6. 17 V.S.A. § 2537 is amended to read:

§ 2537. EARLY OR ABSENTEE VOTING IN THE TOWN CLERK’S OFFICE

(a)(1) A voter may, if he or she chooses, apply in person to the town clerk for the early voter absentee ballots and envelopes.

(2) In this case, the clerk shall furnish the early voter absentee ballots and envelopes when a valid application has been made, or at such time as the clerk receives the ballots, whichever comes first.

(3) The voter may:

(A) mark his or her ballots, place them in the envelope, sign the certificate, and return the ballots in the envelope containing the certificate to the town clerk or an assistant town clerk without leaving the office of the town clerk; or

(B) take the ballots and return them to the town clerk in the same manner as if the ballots had been received by mail; or

(C) if the board of civil authority has voted to allow it pursuant to section 2546b of this subchapter, mark the ballots and deposit them directly into the vote tabulator or ballot box in accordance with section 2546b of this subchapter.

(b) Except for justices of the peace as provided in section 2538 of this subchapter, a person shall not take any ballot from the town clerk on behalf of any other person.

Sec. 7. 17 V.S.A. § 2537a is added to read:

§ 2537a. MAILING OF GENERAL ELECTION BALLOTS

(a) For every general election, the Secretary of State’s office shall mail a general election ballot to all active voters on the statewide voter checklist described in section 2154 of this title.

(1) The mailing of the ballots shall commence not later than 43 days before the election and shall be completed not later than October 1.
(2) A postage-paid return envelope, pre-addressed to the town or city clerk of the town or city where the voter is registered to vote, shall be included with the ballot sent to every voter in which the ballot may be mailed back to the clerk. All postage cost shall be paid by the Secretary of State’s office.

(3) The address file to be used for the mailing shall be generated from the statewide voter checklist as close as practicable to the date of the mailing and in no case earlier than September 1.

(4) The Secretary of State’s office shall include in the mailing to each voter instructions for return of the voted ballot.

(b) General election ballots mailed by the Secretary of State’s office under this section shall be returned by the voter to the town or city clerk in the town or city where that voter is registered in accordance with the procedures for return of ballots described in this subchapter.

Sec. 8. 17 V.S.A. § 2539 is amended to read:

§ 2539. DELIVERY OF EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOTS

(a) Default; town office or mail.

(1) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, unless the early or absentee voter votes in the town clerk’s office as set forth in section 2537 of this subchapter title, the town clerk shall provide to the early or absentee voter who comes to the town clerk’s office a complete set of early voter absentee ballots or mail a complete set of early voter absentee ballots to each early or absentee voter for whom a valid application has been filed.

(2) Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, the early voter absentee ballots shall be mailed forthwith upon the filing of a valid application, or upon the town clerk’s receipt of the necessary ballots, whichever is later.

(3)(A) For any general election, if a voter transfers his or her registration from another town or city in the state following the mailing of ballots to all active voters by the Secretary of State’s office pursuant to section 2537a of this subchapter, before issuing an absentee ballot the clerk shall confirm the status of the ballot that was previously mailed to that voter by the Secretary of State and proceed as follows:

(i) If the voter has voted and returned the ballot issued to the voter by the Secretary of State to the town in which the voter was previously registered, the voter shall not be issued a ballot nor be allowed to cast another ballot in the same general election and shall be registered following the election.
(ii) If the voter did not receive or did not return the ballot that was previously sent to the voter by the Secretary of State, the voter may be issued another ballot for the general election if:

(aa) the voter returned the unvoted ballot that was previously issued to the voter; or

(bb) the voter signs an affidavit stating that the voter has not previously cast a ballot in that general election.

(B) If a voter registers to vote for the first time in Vermont following the time when the Secretary of State’s office generated the address file to be used for the mailing of ballots to all active voters by the Secretary of State’s office, the clerk shall either issue a ballot to the voter in person at the time of registration or mail a ballot to the voter within three business days, provided the voter’s registration does not occur within five days of the election. If the clerk does not have ballots available at the time of registration, the clerk shall mail a ballot to the voter within three business days after obtaining ballots.

* * *

Sec. 9. 17 V.S.A. § 2540 is amended to read:

§ 2540. INSTRUCTIONS TO BE SENT WITH BALLOTS

(a) The town clerk shall send with all early voter absentee ballots and envelopes printed instructions, which may be included on the envelope, in substantially the following form: a form prescribed by the Secretary of State’s office.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR EARLY OR ABSENTEE VOTERS

1. Mark the ballots.

2. Place them in this envelope.

3. Fill out and sign the certificate on the envelope.

4. Mail or deliver the envelope containing the ballots to the town clerk of the town where you are a registered voter in time to arrive not later than election day.

Note: If these ballots have been brought to you personally by two justices of the peace because of your illness, injury, or disability, just return them to the justices after you have signed the envelope. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO MARK YOUR BALLOTS IN PRIVATE— but if you ask for help in filling out the ballots, they will give it to you.
BE SURE TO FILL OUT AND SIGN THE CERTIFICATE ON THIS ENVELOPE OR YOUR VOTE WILL NOT COUNT!

(b) In the case of early absentee voting in a primary, the instructions shall also include appropriate instructions prepared by the Secretary of State for separating and depositing unvoted ballots in a separate envelope provided and clearly marked for that purpose.

* * * Ballot Curing; Secure Drop Boxes * * *

Sec. 10. 17 V.S.A. § 2543 is amended to read:

§ 2543. RETURN OF BALLOTS

(a) After marking the ballots and signing the certificate on the envelope, the early or absentee voter to whom the same are addressed shall return the ballots to the clerk of the town in which he or she is the voter is registered, in the manner prescribed, except that in the case of a voter to whom ballots are delivered by justices, the ballots shall be returned to the justices calling upon him or her that voter, and they shall deliver them to the town clerk.

(b) Once an early voter absentee ballot has been returned to the clerk in the envelope with the signed certificate, it shall be stored in a secure place and shall not be returned to the voter for any reason unless the ballot is deemed defective under subdivision 2546(a)(2) of this subchapter and the voter chooses to cure the defect and cast the ballot pursuant to subsection 2547(d) of this subchapter.

(c) If a ballot includes more than one page, the early or absentee voter need only return the page upon which the voter has marked his or her vote.

(d)(1) All early voter absentee ballots returned as follows shall be counted:

(A) by any means, to the town clerk’s office before the close of business on the day preceding the election;

(B) to any secure ballot drop box provided by the town or city in which the voter is registered pursuant to section 2543a of this subchapter before the close of business on the day before the election;

(B)(C) by mail, to the town clerk’s office before the close of the polls on the day of the election; and

(C)(D) by hand delivery to the presiding officer at the voter’s polling place before the closing of the polls at 7:00 p.m.

(2) An early voter absentee ballot returned in a manner other than those set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be counted.
(e) A candidate whose name appears on the ballot for that election, or a paid campaign staff member of any such candidate, may not return a ballot to the town clerk or to a secure ballot drop box, unless that candidate or paid campaign staff member:

(1) is returning the candidate’s or paid campaign staff member’s own ballot;

(2) is returning the ballot of an immediate family member, as defined in section 2532 of this title, including a person’s spouse, children, brothers, sisters, parents, spouse’s parents, grandparents, and spouse’s grandparents, who has requested the candidate’s or paid campaign staff member’s assistance with the return of that ballot;

(3) is returning the ballot of a voter for whom the candidate or paid campaign staff member is a caretaker, and who has requested the candidate or paid campaign staff member’s assistance with the return of that ballot; or

(4) is a justice of the peace performing his or her official duties pursuant to section 2538 of this title.

(f) No individual may return more than 25 ballots to the town clerk or to a secure ballot drop box unless the individual is a justice of the peace performing his or her official duties pursuant to section 2538 of this title.

(g) The clerk or other local election official accepting the return of ballots shall not be required to enforce the provisions of subsections (e) and (f) of this section but shall report any suspected violations to the Secretary of State’s office, who shall refer them to the Attorney General’s office for investigation. Individuals violating this section may be subject to penalties pursuant to section 2017 of this title.

Sec. 11. 17 V.S.A. § 2543a is added to read:

§ 2543a. PROVISION OF SECURE BALLOT DROP BOXES

(a) A board of civil authority may vote to install one or more secure outdoor ballot drop boxes (drop boxes) for the return of voted ballots.

(b) Drop boxes shall be located on municipal property. If a town has only one drop box, it shall be located on the property of the municipal clerk’s office.

(c) Drop boxes shall allow for the return of ballots by voters at any time of day and must be available for the return of ballots not later than 43 days before the election.
(d) Drop boxes shall be installed and maintained in accordance with guidance issued by the Secretary of State’s office. At a minimum, drop boxes shall:

1. be affixed to a foundation or other immovable object such that they cannot be removed without being tampered with;
2. be under 24-hour video surveillance or in the alternative be within sight of the municipal building;
3. be constructed in such a manner that it is impossible to remove the ballots without the ballot box being tampered with; and
4. be able to be closed such that ballots may not be deposited once the deadline for deposit has passed.

(e) Ballots may be deposited in the drop boxes until the close of business on the day before the election. At that time, the drop box shall be closed and instructions affixed to the drop box instructing the voter to return the voter’s voted ballot to the polling place on the day of the election.

(f) The Secretary of State’s office shall provide drop boxes to a town or city upon request following a vote of the board of civil authority. The maximum number of drop boxes that the Secretary of State’s office shall provide in any town or city shall be as follows:

1. up to 5,000 registered voters, one;
2. between 5,000 and 10,000 registered voters, two;
3. between 10,000 and 15,000 registered voters, three;
4. between 15,000 and 20,000 registered voters, four; and
5. over 20,000 registered voters, five.

6. A town or city may have a number of secure drop boxes equal to the number of representative districts in that town or city, with one drop box located in each district, if that number is greater than the number allowed based on that town or city’s number of registered voters in subdivisions (1)–(5) of this subsection. If there is not suitable municipal property for the location of a secure drop box in the area covered by a certain district in the town or city, an alternative location may be used with the approval of the Secretary of State’s office.

Sec. 12. REPEALS

17 V.S.A. § 2545 (receipt of marked ballots by town clerk; delivery to election officers) is repealed.
Sec. 13. 17 V.S.A. § 2546 is amended to read:

§ 2546. DEPOSIT OF EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOTS IN BALLOT BOX OR VOTE-TABULATOR RECEIPT OF BALLOTS BY CLERK; VOTER STATUS; OPPORTUNITY TO CURE; PROCESSING ABSENTEE BALLOTS

(a) Not earlier than Beginning 30 days before the opening of the polls on election day, upon receipt of a mailing envelope containing ballots returned by a voter, the town clerk may shall, within three business days or on the next day the office is open for business, whichever is later, direct two election officials working together to do all of the following:

(1) open the outside mailing envelope and sort early voter absentee ballots by ward and district, if necessary; and

(2) determine that the certificate has been properly completed and signed, the voted ballot was placed in the certificate envelope, and the ballot is not defective for any other reason pursuant to section 2547 of this subchapter.

(A) If the ballot is not deemed defective, the clerk shall check the name of the early voter off the entrance checklist and record the ballot as received and accepted in the online election management system, and:

(i) place the certificate envelopes into a secure container marked “checked in early voter absentee ballots” to be transported to the polling places on election day; or

(ii) open the certificate envelope and place the voted ballot in the ballot box or tabulator in accordance with the procedures contained in section 2546a of this subchapter.

(B) If the ballot is deemed defective, the clerk shall:

(i) Check the name of the early voter off the entrance checklist and record the ballot as received and defective in the online election management system.

(ii) Place the ballot in the defective ballot envelope in accordance with the procedures of subdivisions 2547(b)(1)–(3) of this subchapter.

(iii) Not later than the next business day transmit a notice, with information required by the Secretary of State’s office, to the voter informing the voter that the voter’s ballot was deemed defective and rejected, the reason
it was deemed defective, and the voter’s opportunity to correct the error pursuant to subsection 2547(d) of this subchapter. If the ballot was deemed defective because the voter failed to sign the return certificate, to place the voted ballot in the certificate envelope, or did not return their unvoted primary ballots in the unvoted ballot envelope, the clerk shall include a returnable affidavit, designed and provided by the Secretary of State’s office, with the notice so the voter may cure the deficiency in accordance with subdivision 2547(d)(1)(C) of this subchapter.

(b) Beginning five business days preceding the election, the clerk is not required to send a notice to those voters whose ballots have been deemed defective. In these cases, the clerk shall make a reasonable effort to provide notice to the voter as soon as possible using any other contact information that the clerk has on file and shall record the ballot as defective in the online election management system not later than 24 hours after the ballot is deemed defective.

(3) check the name of the early voter off the entrance checklist; and

(4) place the certificate envelopes into a secure container marked “checked in early voter absentee ballots” to be transported to the polling places on election day.

(b)(c) The Processing absentee ballots on election day. If the certificate envelopes have not been opened and the voted ballots placed in the ballot box or tabulator, the town clerk or presiding officer shall deliver the unopened early voter absentee ballots to the election officials at the place where the entrance checklist is located. Upon the opening of the polls During the polling hours on election day:

(1) If the ballots are in a container, at the direction of the presiding officer, at least two election officials shall open the container marked “checked in early voter absentee ballots,” one election official shall open the certificate envelopes, turn the certificate side face down, and hand the envelope face down to a second election official, if possible from a different political party, who shall remove the ballots from the envelopes and deposit them in the ballot box or vote tabulator. If the early voter is a first-time voter who registered by mail or online, and if the proper identification has not been submitted before the closing of the polls, the ballot shall be treated as a provisional ballot, as provided in subchapter 6A of this chapter.

(2) If the ballots have not been previously checked off the entrance checklist and if two election officials, from different political parties, determine that the certificate on the envelope is properly completed and signed by the early voter, the name of the early voter appears on the checklist, and the
early voter is not a first-time voter in the municipality who registered by mail and is marked on the checklist as requiring additional documentation, the election officials shall mark the checklist, open the certificate envelope, turn the certificate side face down, and hand the envelope face down to a third election official who shall remove the ballots from the envelopes and deposit the ballots in the ballot box or vote tabulator.

(3)(A) If the early voter is a first time voter who registered by mail or online, two election officials from different political parties shall determine whether the identification required under subdivision 2563(1) of this title has been submitted by the voter. Upon ascertaining that the proper identification has been submitted by the voter, the election officials shall mark the checklist, open the certificate envelope, turn the certificate side face down, and hand the envelope face down to a third election official who shall remove the ballots from the envelopes and deposit the ballot in the ballot box or vote tabulator.

(B) If the proper identification has not been submitted, the ballot shall be treated as a provisional ballot, as provided in subchapter 6A of this chapter.

e)(d) All early voter absentee ballots shall be commingled with the ballots of voters who have voted in person.

Sec. 14. 17 V.S.A. § 2546a is amended to read:

§ 2546a. DAY PRECEDING ELECTION; DEPOSIT OF EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOTS IN VOTE TABULATOR

(a) Generally. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if a town will be using a vote tabulator for the registering and counting of votes in the upcoming election and will check in early voter absentee ballots in accordance with subsection 2546(a) of this chapter for that election, the board of civil authority may vote to permit elections officials to deposit those early voter absentee ballots that have been processed in accordance with subsection 2546(a) of this subchapter and have not been deemed defective into the vote tabulator or ballot box in accordance with the provisions of this section and any guidance issued by the Secretary of State. This Any such depositing of these ballots shall take place at the town clerk’s office on the day during the 30 days preceding the election.

(b) Notice.

(1) If a board of civil authority votes to deposit ballots as described in subsection (a) of this section, the town clerk shall post notice that ballots will be so deposited in at least two public places in the municipality and in or near the town clerk’s office not less than 30 nor more than 40 days before the
election. If a municipality has more than one polling place and the polling places are not all in the same building, the notice shall be posted in at least two public places within each voting district and in or near the town clerk’s office. The process shall be conducted during normal business hours if practicable or, if conducting the process at a time other than normal business hours, notice of the date(s), time(s), and location of the processing shall be posted at the clerk’s office and two other public places at least three days in advance.

(2) In addition, at least five days before the day preceding the election, the notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality and on the municipality’s website, if the municipality actively updates its website on a regular basis.

(3) The notice shall include the date and time for the count, inspection, and depositing of the ballots and the location of the town clerk’s office.

(c) Officials. The town clerk and at least two other election officials, from different political parties to the extent practicable, shall be present for the inspection of the sealed certificate envelopes and the processing of the ballots described in this section.

(d) Count and inspection.

(1) On the day preceding the election, at least one hour prior to depositing the ballots in the vote tabulator, the town clerk and the election officials shall:

   (A) first open the secure container marked “checked in early voter absentee ballots,” count the certificate envelopes containing those ballots, and record the number counted; and

   (B) permit these certificate envelopes to be inspected by members of the public.

(2) Any early voter absentee ballot that is returned after the expiration of the period for the count and inspection shall be processed on the day of the election in accordance with section 2546 of this subchapter.

(e) Processing.

(1) Immediately after the expiration of the period for the count and inspection described in subsection (d) of this section, the town clerk and election officials shall open each certificate envelope containing an early voter absentee ballot that was counted under subdivision (d)(1) of this section and deposit each ballot into a vote tabulator.

(2) The town clerk and the election officials shall ensure that all procedures for handling ballots are followed to the fullest extent practicable.
(3) At the end of the processing, the town clerk shall verify that the vote tabulator’s memory card is locked in place and shall sign a statement verifying how many early voter absentee ballots were counted by the vote tabulator and that the memory card is so locked. The town clerk shall compare the vote tabulator’s number of counted ballots to the original count of those ballots described in subdivision (d)(1) of this section.

(f) Security. The town clerk shall otherwise comply with all provisions of this title relating to the security of the vote tabulator.

(g) Election day. On the day of the election, when the vote tabulator is turned on at the polling place, the town clerk shall verify that the number of ballots that the vote tabulator displays as having been counted matches the number that the town clerk verified the tabulator counted on the preceding day.

(d) Processing. The Secretary of State’s office shall issue detailed procedures for conducting the processing of early ballots into the vote tabulator or ballot box pursuant to this section. A town or city shall follow the procedures issued by the Secretary of State’s office for this purpose.

(h)(e) Rules. The Secretary of State may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section.

Sec. 15. 17 V.S.A. § 2546b is amended to read:

§ 2546b. EARLY VOTING IN TOWN CLERK’S OFFICE; DEPOSIT INTO VOTE TABULATOR

(a)(1) A board of civil authority may vote to permit its town’s registered early or absentee voters to vote in the town clerk’s office in the same manner as those voting on election day by marking their early voter absentee ballots and depositing them into a vote tabulator or secure ballot box.

(2) If a board of civil authority votes to permit early voting as described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the town’s process for conducting this early voting shall conform to the provisions of this section and to procedures that the Secretary of State shall adopt for this purpose.

(b)(1) During business hours in the town clerk’s office, the secure ballot box or vote tabulator and ballot bin shall be in a secured area accessible only to election officials and voters. The vote tabulator unit shall be secured with an identifiable seal and the ballot box containing voted ballots shall remain locked at all times and secured with an identifiable seal. Neither seal shall be broken prior to the time of closing the polls on election day.
(2) Once early voting has commenced in the town clerk’s office, the
town clerk or designee shall certify each day in a record prepared for this
purpose that the seals on the vote tabulator and secure ballot box are intact.

(3) When an election official is not present or at times other than
business hours, the secure ballot box or sealed vote tabulator and ballot box
bin shall be secured in the town clerk’s office vault.

(4) The town clerk shall maintain a record of each early or absentee
voter who voted in person in accordance with this section and shall mark these
voters as having voted early in the clerk’s office in the online election
management system.

(c) On the day of the election:

(1) The secure ballot box or sealed vote tabulator and sealed ballot
boxes ballot bin shall be transferred to the polling place on election day by two
election officials and shall not be opened until the polls have closed on election
day.

(2) When the vote tabulator is turned on at the polling place, the town
clerk shall verify that the number of ballots that the vote tabulator displays as
having been counted matches the number of voters who deposited their early
voter absentee ballots in the vote tabulator in accordance with this section and
any early voter absentee ballots that were processed and deposited in the vote
tabulator under section 2546a of this subchapter.

(3) All early voter absentee ballots shall be commingled with those
voted at the polls on election day prior to being examined for the purpose of
identifying write-in votes.

Sec. 16. 17 V.S.A. § 2547 is amended to read:

§ 2547. DEFECTIVE BALLOTS

(a) If upon examination by the election officials it shall appear that any of
the following defects is present, either the ballot or the unopened certificate
envelope shall be marked “defective” and the ballot shall not be counted:

(1) the identity of the early or absentee voter cannot be determined;
(2) the early or absentee voter is not legally qualified to vote;
(3) the early or absentee voter has voted in person or previously
returned a ballot in the same election;
(4) the certificate is not signed;
(5) the voted ballot is not in the certificate envelope; or
(6) in the case of a primary vote, the early or absentee voter has failed to return the unvoted primary ballots.

(b) Each defective ballot or unopened certificate envelope shall be:

(1) affixed with a note from the presiding officer indicating the reason it was determined to be defective; and

(2) placed with other such defective ballots in an envelope marked “Defective Ballots - Voter Checked Off Checklist - Do Not Count”; and

(3) returned in that envelope to the town clerk in the manner prescribed by section 2590 of this chapter.

(c) The provisions of this section shall be indicated prominently in the early or absentee voter material prepared by the Secretary of State.

(d)(1) If a ballot is deemed defective, the voter shall be notified of the defect in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 2546(a)(2)(B) of this subchapter. Upon notification, the voter may cure the defect until the closing of the polls on election day, by:

(A) correcting the defect or submitting a new absentee ballot in person at the clerk’s office or at the polling place on election day;

(B) requesting a new ballot be mailed to them by the clerk along with materials for submission of the new ballot, provided the new ballot is received by the presiding officer or other sworn election official prior to the closing of the polls; or

(C) for a voter who failed to sign the certificate envelope, failed to place the voted ballot in the certificate envelope, or did not return their unvoted primary ballots in the unvoted ballot envelope, returning the signed affidavit included in the notice under subdivision 2546(a)(2)(B)(iii) of this subchapter either by mail, in person, or electronically, provided the affidavit is received by the presiding officer or other sworn election official prior to the closing of the polls.

(2)(A) If a voter corrects the defect in accordance with subdivision (1)(A) or (1)(C) of this subsection (d), the clerk shall update the status of the ballot to “received – accepted” in the online election management system.

(B) If a voter corrects the defect by requesting a new ballot be mailed to them under subdivision (1)(B) of this subsection (d), the clerk shall enter a second absentee ballot request and issue date for that voter in the online election management system.
(3) The same voter may cure a ballot deemed defective not more than twice for any single election.

* * * Voting Early at Clerk’s Office * * *

Sec. 17. 17 V.S.A. § 2548 is amended to read:

§ 2548. VOTING IN PERSON

(a) Prior to the opening of the polls, the municipal clerk shall provide the election officials of each polling place with a list of the names of all persons who have voted early in the clerk’s office or marked and returned early voter absentee ballots, and these persons shall not thereafter vote in person in the same election.

(b)(1) A person who in good faith has received early voter absentee ballots for his or her use but has not yet marked them, if he or she is able to vote in person, may cast the early voter absentee ballots as provided above, or may vote in person after returning the complete set of unmarked ballots, together with the envelope intended for their return, to the presiding officer at the time the voter appears to vote in person.

(2) If a person does not have his or her absentee ballots to return, the person shall be checked off the checklist and permitted to vote only after completing a sworn affidavit that he or she does not have his or her absentee ballots to return.

(3) The presiding officer shall return the unused early voter absentee ballots and envelope to the town clerk, who shall make a record of their return on the list of early or absentee voters and treat them as replaced ballots, pursuant to section 2568 of this title. A voter who has been issued an early ballot, either by the Secretary of State’s office pursuant to section 2537a of this subchapter, or otherwise by the town clerk, but who has not returned the voter’s voted ballot to the clerk, may vote in person at the polling place on election day.

(2) If the voter brings the voter’s marked ballot enclosed in the signed certificate envelope, the voter may submit that certificate envelope containing the voted ballot to the entrance checklist official for processing along with any other early or absentee ballots. The voter shall be marked off the checklist and the clerk shall record the voter as having returned the absentee ballot on election day in the online election management system.

(3) If the voter brings the marked ballot, but it is not enclosed in the certificate envelope, the voter shall be marked off the checklist and be allowed to cast that ballot into the secure ballot box or tabulator in the same manner as other voters who are voting in the polling place. The clerk shall record any
such voter as having voted in person on election day in the online election management system.

(4) If the voter brings the unmarked ballot, the voter shall be marked off the checklist and allowed to proceed to a voting booth to mark that ballot and cast it into the ballot box or tabulator in the same manner as other voters who are voting in the polling place. The presiding officer may choose to provide any such voter with a new ballot in exchange for the unvoted ballot that the voter brought to the polls. The clerk shall record any such voter as having voted in person on election day in the online election management system.

(5) If the voter does not bring a marked or an unmarked ballot with them to the polls, the voter shall be required to sign an affidavit that the voter has not previously cast a ballot in the election, and only then shall they be checked off the checklist and allowed to vote in the same manner as all other voters who are voting at the polling place. The clerk shall record any such voter as having voted in person on election day in the online election management system. Any affidavits signed by voters at the polling place pursuant to this section shall be retained for a period of 90 days following the election.

Sec. 18. 17 V.S.A. § 2565 is amended to read:

§ 2565. DELIVERY OF BALLOTS

As Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2548(b) of this title, as each voter passes through the entrance of the guardrail, an election official or officials shall hand him or her one of each kind of ballot. The election officials shall also answer any questions a voter may ask concerning the process of voting. The presiding officer shall keep the election officials in charge of furnishing ballots to voters supplied with a sufficient number of blank ballots, keeping the remainder of the blank ballots safely secured until needed.

Sec. 19. 17 V.S.A. § 2566 is amended to read:

§ 2566. MARKING BALLOTS

On Except as provided in subdivision 2548(b)(2) of this title, on receiving his or her ballots, the voter shall forthwith, and without leaving the polling place or going outside the guardrail, proceed to one of the booths not occupied by any other person and vote by filling in the appropriate square or oval opposite the name of the candidate of his or her choice for each office, or by writing in the name of the candidate of his or her choice in the blank space provided and filling in the square or oval to the right of that blank space.
Sec. 20. LANGUAGE ACCESS; REPORT

The Secretary of State’s office shall consult with municipalities and interested stakeholders on best practices for increasing access to voting for non-English-speaking Vermonters and Vermonters with limited English proficiency and provide recommendations to the Senate and House Committees on Government Operations on or before January 15, 2022.

Sec. 21. [Deleted.]

Sec. 21a. VOTING ACCESS AND VERIFICATION; REPORT

On or before January 30, 2023, the Secretary of State’s office shall submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations with its findings and any recommendations for legislative action on:

(1) issues related to implementing universal vote by mail for municipal and primary elections; and

(2) the impact expanding vote by mail would have on:

(A) access to voting among those who have historically been disenfranchised and populations that have historically had low voter turnout;

(B) public satisfaction with the voting process;

(C) the administration of elections; and

(3) implementing a voter verification system in Vermont that will not disenfranchise voters and that will verify that ballots have been voted by registered voters, including a report back on the time, training and cost involved in implementing the system or systems.

Sec. 22. 17 V.S.A. § 2154 is amended to read:

§ 2154. STATEWIDE VOTER CHECKLIST

(a) The Secretary of State shall maintain a uniform and nondiscriminatory statewide voter checklist. This checklist shall serve as the official voter registration list for all elections in the State. In maintaining the statewide voter checklist, the Secretary shall:

(1) limit a town clerk to adding, modifying, or deleting applicant and voter information on the portion of the checklist for that clerk’s municipality;
(2) limit access to the statewide voter checklist for a local elections official to verifying whether the applicant is registered in another municipality in the State by a search for the individual voter;

(3) notify a local elections official when a voter registered in that official’s district registers in another voting district so that the voter may be removed from that official’s district checklist;

(4) provide adequate security to prevent unauthorized access to the checklist; and

(5) ensure the compatibility and comparability of information on the checklist with information contained in the Department of Motor Vehicles’ computer systems; and

(6) make reasonable efforts on an ongoing basis to compare the information on the checklist with data or information contained in any State agency's database, a database administered by the federal government, or any database of another state or consortium of states, where possible, in an effort to maintain the accuracy and currency of the checklist.

***

*** Effective Date ***

Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: “An act relating to mailing out ballots, correcting defective ballots, and miscellaneous changes to State election laws”

(Committee vote: 11-0-0 )

(For text see Senate Journal March 16, 18, 2021 )

Rep. Townsend of South Burlington, for the Committee on Appropriations, recommends the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on Government Operations and when the report of the Committee on Government Operations is amended as follows:

By adding a new section to be Sec. 22a and its reader assistance heading to read as follows:

*** Fiscal Year 2022 Funding ***

Sec. 22a. APPROPRIATIONS; FISCAL YEAR 2022; FUNDING SOURCE
The amount of $800,000.00 is appropriated to the Secretary of State’s office for one-time elections-related expenses in fiscal year 2022. This appropriation shall be funded as follows:

(1) The amount of $400,000.00 in general funds is appropriated to the Secretary of State’s office for one-time elections-related expenses in fiscal year 2022.

(2) The remaining $400,000.00 appropriation shall be funded by the Secretary of State Service Fund or by Help America Vote Act (HAVA) funds, to the extent those funds are able to absorb the costs, or from other federal funds made available to the Secretary of State’s office.

(3) To the extent the one-time elections-related costs cannot be funded or absorbed as outlined in subdivisions (1)–(2) of this section, the Secretary of State’s office shall include any remaining costs in its fiscal year 2022 budget adjustment proposal.

(Committee Vote: 8-3-0)

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Toof of St. Albans Town to S. 15

Representative Toof of St. Albans Town moves to amend the report of the Committee on Government Operations by striking out Sec. 3, 17 V.S.A. § 2680, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 3 to read as follows:

Sec. 3. 17 V.S.A. § 2680 is amended to read:

§ 2680. AUSTRALIAN BALLOT SYSTEM; GENERAL

(a) Application. Unless specifically required by statute, the provisions of the Australian ballot system shall not apply to the annual or special meeting of a municipality unless that municipality, at its annual meeting or at a special meeting called for that purpose, votes to have them apply.

* * *

(f) Presiding officer. The presiding officer for any election or part of an election using the Australian ballot system shall be the town clerk or as otherwise provided in section 2452 of this title.

(g) Early and absentee voting. At the time the Australian ballots are available, which shall be not less than 20 days before the election, early and absentee voting shall be permitted in accordance with chapter 51, subchapter 6 of this title.
(1) The municipal legislative body shall require the municipal clerk to mail to all of the active registered voters in the municipality the Australian ballot to be used at the annual municipal or special municipal meeting.

(2) Ballots shall be mailed not less than 20 days before the election or as soon as they are available.

(3) The mailing of ballots shall be conducted to the extent practicable in accordance with chapter 51, subchapter 6 of this title.

(g)(h) Hearing.

(1) Whenever a municipality has voted to adopt the Australian ballot system of voting on any public question or budget, except the budget revote as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the legislative body shall hold a public informational hearing on the question by posting warnings at least 10 days in advance of the hearing in at least two public places within the municipality and in the town clerk’s office.

* * *

S. 25

An act relating to miscellaneous cannabis regulation procedures

Rep. Gannon of Wilmington, for the Committee on Government Operations, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Town Vote on Retail Sales * * *

Sec. 1. 7 V.S.A. § 863 is amended to read:

§ 863. REGULATION BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT

(a)(1) Prior to a cannabis retailer or the retail portion of an integrated licensee operating within a municipality, the municipality shall affirmatively permit the operation of such cannabis establishments by majority vote of those present and voting by Australian ballot at an annual or special meeting warned for that purpose. A municipality may place retailers or integrated licensees, or both, on the ballot for approval.

* * *
* * * Cannabis Control Board Advisory Committee * * *

Sec. 2. 7 V.S.A. § 843 is amended to read:

§ 843. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; DUTIES; MEMBERS

(c) Membership.

(4) A member may be removed only for cause by the remaining members of the Commission in accordance with the Vermont Administrative Procedure Act. The Board shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to define the basis and process for removal.

(h) Advisory committee.

(1) There is an advisory committee established within the Board that shall be composed of members with expertise and knowledge relevant to the Board’s mission. The Board shall collaborate with the advisory committee on recommendations to the General Assembly. The advisory committee shall be composed of the following 12 14 members:

(A) one member with an expertise in public health appointed by the Governor;

(B) the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or designee;

(C) one member with an expertise in laboratory science or toxicology appointed by the Governor;

(D) one member with an expertise in systemic social justice and equity issues appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(E) one member with an expertise in women- and minority-owned business ownership appointed by the Speaker of the House;

(F) one member with an expertise in substance misuse prevention appointed by the Senate Committee on Committees;

(G) one member with an expertise in the cannabis industry appointed by the Senate Committee on Committees;

(H) one member with an expertise in business management or regulatory compliance appointed by the Treasurer;
(I) one member with an expertise in municipal issues, appointed by the Senate Committee on Committees;

(J) one member with an expertise in public safety, appointed by the Attorney General;

(K) one member with an expertise in criminal justice reform, appointed by the Attorney General; and

(L) the Secretary of Natural Resources or designee;

(M) the Chair of the Cannabis for Symptom Relief Oversight Committee or designee; and

(N) one member appointed by the Vermont Cannabis Trade Association.

(2) Initial appointments to the advisory committee as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection (h) shall be made on or before May 1, 2021.

** * * * Cannabis Control Board ** * * *

Sec. 3. 7 V.S.A. § 845 is amended to read:

§ 845. CANNABIS REGULATION FUND

** * * *

(b) The Fund shall be composed of:

(1) all State application fees, annual license fees, renewal fees, advertising review fees, and civil penalties collected by the Board pursuant to chapters 33 (cannabis establishments) and 37 (medical cannabis dispensaries) of this title; and

(2) all annual and renewal fees collected by the Board pursuant to chapter 35 (medical cannabis registry) of this title.

** * * *

Sec. 4. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 5 is amended to read:

Sec. 5. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY; PROPOSAL FOR POSITIONS, FEES, AND APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2022 AND 2023; LAND USE, ENVIRONMENTAL, ENERGY, AND
EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS OR STANDARDS;
ADVERTISING; OUTREACH, TRAINING, AND
EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS; ONLINE ORDERING AND
DELIVERY; ADDITIONAL TYPES OF LICENSES

(a) On or before April 1, 2021, the Executive Director of the Cannabis Control Board shall provide recommendations to the General Assembly on the following:

(1) Resources necessary for implementation of this act for fiscal years 2022 and 2023, including positions and funding. The Board shall consider utilization of current expertise and resources within State government and cooperation with other State departments and agencies where there may be an overlap in duties.

(2) State fees to be charged and collected in accordance with the Board’s authority pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 846. The recommendations shall be accompanied by information justifying the recommended rate as required by 32 V.S.A. § 605(d). The State fees submitted in accordance with this subdivision shall be projected to be sufficient to fund the duties of the Cannabis Control Board as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 843. To the extent possible, the recommend fees shall include an amount to repay over a period, not greater than 10 years, to the General Fund any application of excise taxes to the Cannabis Regulation Fund made pursuant to Sec. 6c of this act.

(A) Application fees, initial annual license fees, and annual license renewal fees for each type of cannabis establishment license as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 846: cultivator, product manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, testing laboratory, and integrated. If the Board establishes tiers within a licensing category, it shall provide a fee recommendation for each tier.

(B) Fee for a cannabis establishment identification card as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 884.

(3) Whether monies expected to be generated by State fees identified in subdivision (2) of this subsection are sufficient to support the statutory duties of the Board and whether any portion of the tax established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 7902 should be allocated to the Cannabis Regulation Fund to ensure these duties are met.

(4) Local fees to be charged and collected in accordance with the Board’s authority pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 846. The recommendations shall be accompanied by information justifying the recommended rate as required by 32 V.S.A. § 605(d). The Board shall recommend local fees that are designed
to help defray the costs incurred by municipalities in which cannabis establishments are located.

***

Sec. 4a. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD REPORT TO THE JOINT FISCAL COMMITTEE; FEES

(a) On or before September 1, 2021, the Cannabis Control Board shall provide draft recommendations to the Joint Fiscal Committee for its approval on the following:

(1) State fees to be charged and collected in accordance with the Board’s authority pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 846. The recommendations shall be accompanied by information justifying the recommended rate as required by 32 V.S.A. § 605(d). The State fees submitted in accordance with this subdivision shall be projected to be sufficient to fund the duties of the Cannabis Control Board as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 843. To the extent possible, the recommend fees shall include an amount to repay over a period, not greater than 10 years, to the General Fund any application of excise taxes to the Cannabis Regulation Fund made pursuant to Sec. 6c of the 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164.

(A) Application fees, initial annual license fees, and annual license renewal fees for each type of cannabis establishment license as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 846: cultivator, product manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, testing laboratory, and integrated. If the Board establishes tiers within a licensing category, it shall provide a fee recommendation for each tier.

(B) Fee for a cannabis establishment identification card as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 884.

(C) Fee for advertisement review for a cannabis establishment licensee as provided in 7 V.S.A. § 865.

(2) Whether monies expected to be generated by State fees identified in subdivision (1) of this subsection are sufficient to support the statutory duties of the Board and whether any portion of the tax established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 7902 should be allocated to the Cannabis Regulation Fund to ensure these duties are met.

(3) Local fees to be charged and collected in accordance with the Board’s authority pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 846. The recommendations shall be accompanied by information justifying the recommended rate as required by 32 V.S.A. § 605(d). The Board shall recommend local fees that are designed
to help defray the costs incurred by municipalities in which cannabis establishments are located.

(b) Upon receiving the proposal, the Joint Fiscal Committee shall review the recommendations and provide feedback to the Board for any suggested changes.

(c) The Board shall revise the proposal, if necessary, to incorporate the Committee’s recommendations and present a revised draft for approval to the Committee.

(d) Notwithstanding 32 V.S.A. § 603, the fees shall take effect upon approval of the Committee.

(e) Beginning on July 1, 2022 and every three years thereafter, all cannabis regulation fees shall be included in the annual consolidated Executive Branch fee report pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 605.

Sec. 4b. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD REPORTING REQUIREMENTS;

THC

On or before November 1, 2021, the Cannabis Control Board shall report to the General Assembly on the following:

(1) recommendations as to whether integrated licensees and product manufacturers licensees should be permitted to produce solid concentrate products with greater than 60 percent THC for purposes of incorporation into other cannabis products that otherwise comply with restrictions in 7 V.S.A. § 868 (prohibited products) and rules promulgated by the Board pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 881(a)(3); and

(2) recommendations developed in consultation with the Agency of Agriculture as to whether the Board should permit hemp or CBD to be converted to Delta-9 THC and, if so, how it should be regulated.

Sec. 4c. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD; POSITIONS

The following new permanent positions are created in the Cannabis Control Board:

(1) one full-time, exempt General Counsel; and

(2) one full-time, classified Administrative Assistant.

*** Advertising ***

Sec. 5. 7 V.S.A. § 861 is amended to read:

§ 861. DEFINITIONS
As used in this chapter:

(1) “Advertise” means the publication or dissemination of an advertisement.

(2) “Advertisement” means any written or verbal statement, illustration, or depiction that is calculated to induce sales of cannabis or cannabis products, including any written, printed, graphic, or other material, billboard, sign, or other outdoor display, other periodical literature, publication, or in a radio or television broadcast, the Internet, or in any other media. The term does not include:

(A) any label affixed to any cannabis or cannabis product, or any individual covering, carton, or other wrapper of that container that constitutes a part of the labeling under provisions of these standards;

(B) any editorial or other reading material, such as a news release, in any periodical or publication or newspaper for the publication of which no money or valuable consideration is paid or promised, directly or indirectly, by any cannabis establishment, and that is not written by or at the direction of the licensee;

(C) any educational, instructional, or otherwise noncommercial material that is not intended to induce sales and that does not propose an economic transaction, but that merely provides information to the public in an unbiased manner; or

(D) a sign attached to the premises of a cannabis establishment that merely identifies the location of the cannabis establishment.

(3) “Affiliate” means a person that directly or indirectly owns or controls, is owned or controlled by, or is under common ownership or control with another person.

(4) “Applicant” means a person that applies for a license to operate a cannabis establishment pursuant to this chapter.

(5) “Board” means the Cannabis Control Board.

(6) “Cannabis” shall have the same meaning as provided in section 831 of this title.

(7) “Cannabis cultivator” or “cultivator” means a person licensed by the Board to engage in the cultivation of cannabis in accordance with this chapter.

(8) “Cannabis establishment” means a cannabis cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, or testing laboratory licensed by the
Board to engage in commercial cannabis activity in accordance with this chapter.

(7) (9) “Cannabis product” shall have the same meaning as provided in section 831 of this title.

(8) (10) “Cannabis product manufacturer” or “product manufacturer” means a person licensed by the Board to manufacture cannabis products in accordance with this chapter.

(9) (11) “Cannabis retailer” or “retailer” means a person licensed by the Board to sell cannabis and cannabis products to adults 21 years of age and older for off-site consumption in accordance with this chapter.

(10) (12) “Cannabis testing laboratory” or “testing laboratory” means a person licensed by the Board to test cannabis and cannabis products in accordance with this chapter.

(11) (13) “Cannabis wholesaler” or “wholesaler” means a person licensed by the Board to purchase, process, transport, and sell cannabis and cannabis products in accordance with this chapter.

(12) (14) “Chair” means the Chair of the Cannabis Control Board.

(13) (15) “Characterizing flavor” means a taste or aroma, other than the taste or aroma of cannabis, imparted either prior to or during consumption of a cannabis product. The term includes tastes or aromas relating to any fruit, chocolate, vanilla, honey, maple, candy, cocoa, dessert, alcoholic beverage, mint, menthol, wintergreen, herb or spice, or other food or drink or to any conceptual flavor that imparts a taste or aroma that is distinguishable from cannabis flavor but may not relate to any particular known flavor.

(14) (16) “Child-resistant packaging” means packaging that is designed or constructed to be significantly difficult for children under five years of age to open or obtain a toxic or harmful amount of the substance in the container within a reasonable time and not difficult for normal adults to use properly, but does not mean packaging that all children under five years of age cannot open or obtain a toxic or harmful amount of the substance in the container within a reasonable time.

(15) (17) “Controls,” “is controlled by,” and “under common control” mean the power to direct, or cause the direction or management and policies of a person, whether through the direct or beneficial ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise. A person who directly or beneficially owns 10 percent or more equity interest, or the equivalent thereof, of another person shall be deemed to control the person.
“Dispensary” means a business organization licensed pursuant to chapter 37 of this title or 18 V.S.A. chapter 86.

“Enclosed, locked facility” means a building, room, greenhouse, outdoor fenced-in area, or other location that is enclosed on all sides and prevents cannabis from easily being viewed by the public. The facility shall be equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only by:

(A) Employees, agents, or owners of the cultivator, all of whom shall be 21 years of age or older.

(B) Government employees performing their official duties.

(C) Contractors performing labor that does not include cannabis cultivation, packaging, or processing. Contractors shall be accompanied by an employee, agent, or owner of the cultivator when they are in areas where cannabis is being grown, processed, packaged, or stored.

(D) Registered employees of other cultivators, members of the media, elected officials, and other individuals 21 years of age or older visiting the facility, provided they are accompanied by an employee, agent, or owner of the cultivator.

“Flavored oil cannabis product” means any oil cannabis product that contains an additive to give it a characterizing flavor.

“Integrated licensee” means a person licensed by the Board to engage in the activities of a cultivator, wholesaler, product manufacturer, retailer, and testing laboratory in accordance with this chapter.

“Municipality” means a town, city, or incorporated village.

“Person” shall include any natural person; corporation; municipality; the State of Vermont or any department, agency, or subdivision of the State; and any partnership, unincorporated association, or other legal entity.

“Plant canopy” means the square footage dedicated to live plant production and does not include areas such as office space or areas used for the storage of fertilizers, pesticides, or other products.

“Principal” means an individual vested with the authority to conduct, manage, or supervise the business affairs of a person, and may include the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, manager, or similar executive officer of a business; a director of a corporation, nonprofit corporation, or mutual benefit enterprise; a member of a nonprofit corporation,
cooperative, or member-managed limited liability company; and a partner of a partnership.

(24)(26) “Small cultivator” means a cultivator with a plant canopy or space for cultivating plants for breeding stock of not more than 1,000 square feet.

Sec. 6. 7 V.S.A. § 864 is added to read:

§ 864. ADVERTISING

(a) “Advertise” and “advertisement” have the same meaning as in section 861 of this title.

(b) A cannabis establishment advertisement shall not contain any statement or illustration that:

(1) is deceptive, false, or misleading;

(2) promotes overconsumption;

(3) represents that the use of cannabis has curative effects;

(4) offers a prize, award, or inducement for purchasing cannabis or a cannabis product, except that price discounts are allowed;

(5) offers free samples of cannabis or cannabis products;

(6) depicts a person under 21 years of age consuming cannabis or cannabis products; or

(7) is designed to be or has the effect of being particularly appealing to persons under 21 years of age.

(c) Cannabis establishments shall not advertise their products via any medium unless the licensee can show that not more than 15 percent of the audience is reasonably expected to be under 21 years of age.

(d) All advertisements shall contain health warnings adopted by rule by the Board in consultation with the Department of Health.

(e) All advertisements shall be submitted to the Board on a form or in a format prescribed by the Board, prior to the dissemination of the advertisement. The Board may:

(1) require a specific disclosure be made in the advertisement in a clear and conspicuous manner if the Board determines that the advertisement would be false or misleading without such a disclosure; or
(2) require changes that are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare or consistent with dispensing information for the product under review.

(f) The Board may charge and collect fees for review of advertisements.

Sec. 7. 7 V.S.A. § 866(d) is added to read:

(d) In accordance with section 864 of this title, advertising by a cannabis establishment shall not depict a person under 21 years of age consuming cannabis or cannabis products or be designed to be or have the effect of being particularly appealing to persons under 21 years of age. Cannabis establishments shall not advertise their products via any medium unless the licensee can show that not more than 15 percent of the audience is reasonably expected to be under 21 years of age.

Sec. 8. 7 V.S.A. § 881 is amended to read:

§ 881. RULEMAKING; CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS

(a) The Board shall adopt rules to implement and administer this chapter in accordance with subdivisions (1)–(7) of this subsection.

(1) Rules concerning any cannabis establishment shall include:

* * *

(P) disclosure or eligibility requirements for a financier, its owners and principals, and its affiliates, which may include:

(i) requirements to disclose information to a licensed establishment, the Board, or the Department of Financial Regulation;

(ii) a minimum age requirement and a requirement to conduct a background check for natural persons;

(iii) requirements to ensure that a financier complies with applicable State and federal laws governing financial institutions, licensed lenders, and other financial service providers; and

(iv) any other requirements, conditions, or limitations on the type or amount of loans or capital investments made by a financier or its affiliates, which the Board, in consultation with the Department of Financial Regulation, determines is necessary to protect the public health, safety, and general welfare; and

(Q) policies and procedures for conducting outreach and promoting participation in the regulated cannabis market by diverse groups of individuals,
including those who have been disproportionately harmed by cannabis prohibition; and

(R) advertising and marketing.

Sec. 9. 7 V.S.A. § 978 is added to read:

§ 978. ADVERTISING

(a) “Advertise” and “advertisement” have the same meaning as in section 861 of this title.

(b) A dispensary advertisement shall not contain any statement or illustration that:

1. is deceptive, false, or misleading;
2. promotes overconsumption;
3. represents that the use of cannabis has curative effects;
4. offers a prize, award, or inducement for purchasing cannabis or a cannabis product, except that price discounts are allowed;
5. offers free samples of cannabis or cannabis products;
6. depicts a person under 21 years of age consuming cannabis or cannabis products; or
7. is designed to be or has the effect of being particularly appealing to persons under 21 years of age.

(c) Dispensaries shall not advertise their products via any medium unless the licensee can show that not more than 15 percent of the audience is reasonably expected to be under 21 years of age.

(d) All advertisements shall contain health warnings adopted by rule by the Board in consultation with the Department of Health.

(e) All advertisements shall be submitted to the Board on a form or in a format prescribed by the Board, prior to the dissemination of the advertisement. The Board may:

1. require a specific disclosure be made in the advertisement in a clear and conspicuous manner if the Board determines that the advertisement would be false or misleading without such a disclosure; or
2. require changes that are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare or consistent with dispensing information for the product under review.

(f) The Board may charge and collect fees for review of advertisements.
Sec. 10. 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 8 is amended to read:

Sec. 8. IMPLEMENTATION OF LICENSING CANNABIS ESTABLISHMENTS

(a)(1) The cannabis plant, cannabis product, and useable cannabis possession limits for a registered dispensary set forth in 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 shall no longer apply on and after February 1, 2022. A dispensary shall be permitted to cultivate cannabis and manufacture cannabis products for the purpose of transferring or selling such products to an integrated licensee on or after April 1, 2022 and engaging in the activities permitted by 7 V.S.A. chapter 33.

(2) On or before April 1, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting applications for integrated licenses.

(3) On or before May 1, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing integrated licenses to qualified applicants. An integrated licensee may begin selling cannabis and cannabis products transferred or purchased from a dispensary immediately. Between August 1, 2022 and October 1, 2022, 25 percent of cannabis flower sold by an integrated licensee shall be obtained from a licensed small cultivator, if available.

(b)(1) On or before April 1, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting applications for small cultivator licenses and testing laboratories. The initial application period shall remain open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the application process for any period of time at its discretion.

(2) On or before May 1, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing small cultivator and testing laboratories licenses to qualified applicants. Upon licensing, small cultivators shall be permitted to sell cannabis legally grown pursuant to the license to an integrated licensee and a dispensary licensed pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 prior to other types of cannabis establishment licensees beginning operations.

(c)(1) On or before May 1, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting applications for all cultivator licenses. The initial application period shall remain open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the application process for any period of time at its discretion.

(2) On or before June 1, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing all cultivator licenses to qualified applicants.

(d)(1) On or before July 1, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting applications for product manufacturer licenses and wholesaler licenses. The
(2) On or before August 1, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing product manufacturer and wholesaler licenses to qualified applicants.

(e)(1) On or before September 1, 2022, the Board shall begin accepting applications for retailer licenses. The initial application period shall remain open for 30 days. The Board may reopen the application process for any period of time at its discretion.

(2) On or before October 1, 2022, the Board shall begin issuing retailer licenses to qualified applicants and sales of cannabis and cannabis products by licensed retailers to the public shall be allowed immediately.

*** Social Equity ***

Sec. 11. FEES; SOCIAL EQUITY

When reporting to the General Assembly regarding recommended fees for licensing cannabis establishments pursuant to Sec. 4a of this act, the Cannabis Control Board shall propose a plan for reducing or eliminating licensing fees for individuals from communities that historically have been disproportionately impacted by cannabis prohibition or individuals directly and personally impacted by cannabis prohibition.

Sec. 12. 7 V.S.A. chapter 39 is added to read:

CHAPTER 39. CANNABIS SOCIAL EQUITY PROGRAMS

§ 986. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Agency” means the Agency of Commerce and Community Development.

(2) “Board” means the Cannabis Control Board.

§ 987. CANNABIS BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT FUND

(a) There is established the Cannabis Business Development Fund, which shall be managed in accordance with 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5.

(b) The Fund shall comprise:

(1) three percent of gross sales made by integrated licensees prior to October 15, 2022, with a maximum contribution of $50,000.00 per integrated licensee; and

(2) monies allocated to the fund by the General Assembly.
(c) The Fund shall be used for the following purposes:

1. to provide low-interest rate loans and grants to social equity applicants to pay for ordinary and necessary expenses to start and operate a licensed cannabis establishment;
2. to pay for outreach that may be provided or targeted to attract and support social equity applicants;
3. to assist with job training and technical assistance for social equity applicants; and
4. to pay for necessary costs incurred in administering the Fund.

(d) Amounts from loans that are repaid shall provide additional funding through the Fund.

§ 988. SOCIAL EQUITY LOANS AND GRANTS

The Agency of Commerce and Community Development shall establish a program using funds from the Cannabis Business Development Fund for the purpose of providing financial assistance, loans, grants, and outreach to social equity applicants. The Agency may procure by contract all or part of the necessary underwriting, execution, and administration services required for loans and grants to be made from the Cannabis Business Development Fund to eligible social equity applicants as allowed under this chapter. Should the Agency be unable to do so, the program shall not move forward until the General Assembly appropriates the operational resources necessary for the Agency to make loans and provide financial assistance to social equity applicants.

§ 989. REPORTING

The Cannabis Control Board, in consultation with the Advisory Committee, the Agency of Commerce and Community Development, and the Executive Director of Racial Equity, shall report to the General Assembly on or before January 15, 2023 and biennially thereafter regarding the implementation and application of this chapter, including data on the number of applicants, the number of recipients, the number and amounts of loans and grants, and the identification of continuing barriers to accessing the cannabis market for social equity applicants. This information shall be presented in a manner that can be quantified and tracked over time.

Sec. 13. SOCIAL EQUITY APPLICANTS; CRITERIA

The Cannabis Control Board, in consultation with the Advisory Committee, the Agency of Commerce and Community Development, and the Executive Director of Racial Equity, shall develop criteria for social equity applicants for
the purpose of obtaining social equity loans and grants from the Cannabis Business Development Fund pursuant to 7 V.S.A. chapter 39. The Board shall provide the criteria to the General Assembly not later than October 15, 2021.

Sec. 14. TRANSFER AND APPROPRIATION

(a) In fiscal year 2022, $500,000.00 is transferred from General Fund to the Cannabis Business Development Fund established pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 987.

(b) In fiscal year 2022, $500,000.00 is appropriated from the Cannabis Business Development Fund to the Agency of Commerce and Community Development to make loans and grants pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 987.

*** Medical Cannabis Program ***

Sec. 15. IMPLEMENTATION OF MEDICAL CANNABIS REGISTRY

(a) On January 1, 2022, the following shall transfer from the Department of Public Safety to the Cannabis Control Board:

(1) the authority to administer the Medical Cannabis Registry and the regulation of cannabis dispensaries pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86;

(2) the cannabis registration fee fund established pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 86; and

(3) the positions dedicated to administering 18 V.S.A. chapter 86.

(b) The Registry shall continue to be governed by 18 V.S.A. chapter 86 and the rules adopted pursuant to that chapter until 7 V.S.A. chapters 35 and 37 and the rules adopted by the Board pursuant to those chapters take effect on March 1, 2022 as provided in 2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164.

Sec. 16. REPEAL

2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Secs. 10 (implementation of Medical Cannabis Registry) and 13 (implementation of medical cannabis dispensaries) are repealed.

Sec. 16a. MEDICAL CANNABIS OVERSIGHT ADVISORY PANEL

2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164 repeals the Cannabis for Symptom Relief Oversight Committee on March 1, 2022. The General Assembly recognizes the value of continuing to employ an advisory entity focused on medical cannabis and the patients and caregivers on Vermont’s Medical Cannabis Registry. However, the General Assembly finds that the structure and mission of such an entity should be updated to reflect the changing approach to cannabis since the establishment of the current Oversight Committee in 2011.
Therefore, in the 2022 legislative session, the General Assembly intends to establish the Medical Cannabis Oversight Advisory Panel and requests that the Cannabis Control Board submit its recommendations for the membership and duties of this panel to the General Assembly on or before November 1, 2021.

** ** Highway Safety ** **

Sec. 17. 20 V.S.A. § 2358 is amended to read:

§ 2358. MINIMUM TRAINING STANDARDS; DEFINITIONS

** **

(f) The criteria for all minimum training standards under this section shall include Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement training as approved by the Vermont Criminal Justice Council. On or before December 31, 2021, law enforcement officers shall receive a minimum of 16 hours of training as required by this subsection. December 31, 2026, law enforcement officers shall receive the training required by this section.

** ** Substance Misuse Prevention Funding ** **

Sec. 18. 32 V.S.A. § 7909 is added to read:

§ 7909. SUBSTANCE MISUSE PREVENTION FUNDING

(a) Thirty percent of the revenues raised by the cannabis excise tax imposed by section 7902 of this title, not to exceed $10,000,000.00 per fiscal year, shall be used to fund substance misuse prevention programming.

(b) If any General Fund appropriations for substance misuse prevention programming remain unexpended at the end of a fiscal year, that balance shall be carried forward and shall only be used for the purpose of funding substance misuse prevention programming in the subsequent fiscal year.

(c) Any appropriation balance carried forward pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be in addition to revenues allocated for substance misuse prevention programming pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 19. REPEAL

2019 Acts and Resolves No. 164, Sec. 19 (substance misuse prevention funding) is repealed.

** ** Effective Dates ** **

Sec. 20. EFFECTIVE DATE

(a) Sec. 18 (substance misuse prevention) shall take effect on March 1, 2022.
(b) The remaining sections shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 9-2-0 )

(For text see Senate Journal March 24, 2021 )

S. 48

An act relating to Vermont’s adoption of the interstate Nurse Licensure Compact

Rep. Mrowicki of Putney, for the Committee on Government Operations, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended as follows:

By adding a new section to be Sec. 1a to read as follows:

Sec. 1a. SECRETARY OF STATE; OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL REGULATION; REPORT

On or before January 15, 2024, the Office of Professional Regulation shall report to the House Committees on Health Care and on Government Operations and to the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Government Operations concerning the implementation of 26 V.S.A. chapter 28, subchapter 5, including:

(1) the number of compact licensees and single state licenses issued annually following the adoption of the Nurse Licensure Compact;

(2) the resources necessary to implement the Nurse Licensure Compact;

(3) the fiscal impact on the Vermont State Board of Nursing’s special fund; and

(4) any recommendations related to the nurse licensure fees prescribed in 26 V.S.A. § 1577, including:

(A) the policy implications of adjusting fees for all nursing licenses or only the Compact multistate license fees; and

(B) potential alternatives for financial support of the Vermont State Board of Nursing if there is a recommendation to increase nursing license fees.

(Committee vote: 11-0-0 )

(For text see Senate Journal March 25, 2021 )

Rep. Durfee of Shaftsbury, for the Committee on Ways and Means, recommends the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on Government Operations and with further proposal of amendment as follows:

- 2095 -
First: In Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. chapter 28, subchapter 5, in section 1648, in subsection (a), in subdivision (2), following “taken against that nurse;” by inserting “and” and by striking out subdivision (a)(3) in its entirety and redesignating subdivision (a)(4) to be subdivision (a)(3)

Second: In Sec. 1a, Secretary of State; Office of Professional Regulation; report, in subdivision (1), following “Nurse Licensure Compact”, by inserting “and noting how many of those license fees were paid by a licensee and how many were paid by an employer or other entity on behalf of a licensee”

Third: In Sec. 1a, Secretary of State; Office of Professional Regulation; report, by striking out subdivision (4) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(4) if the Office of Professional Regulation determines that implementation of the Nurse Licensure Compact has resulted in a reduction of revenue available to the Vermont Board of Nursing, the Office shall include in its report:

(A) a proposal to manage the reduction through administrative efficiencies; and

(B) if the Office is not able to manage the reduction in revenue through administrative efficiencies, a proposal to address the reduction through an increase in the license fee for a compact multistate license only.

(Committee Vote: 10-1-0)

S. 79

An act relating to improving rental housing health and safety

Rep. Stevens of Waterbury, for the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Department of Public Safety; Authority for Rental Housing Health and Safety ***

Sec. 1. 20 V.S.A. chapter 173 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 173. PREVENTION AND INVESTIGATION OF FIRES; PUBLIC BUILDINGS; HEALTH AND SAFETY; ENERGY STANDARDS

***

Subchapter 2. Division of Fire Safety; Public Buildings; Building Codes; Rental Housing Health and Safety; Building Energy Standards
§ 2729. GENERAL PROVISIONS; FIRE SAFETY; CARBON MONOXIDE

(a) A person shall not build or cause to be built any structure that is unsafe or likely to be unsafe to other persons or property in case of fire or generation and leakage of carbon monoxide.

(b) A person shall not maintain, keep or operate any premises or any part thereof, or cause or permit to be maintained, kept, or operated, any premises or part thereof, under his or her control or ownership in a manner that causes or is likely to cause harm to other persons or property in case of fire or generation and leakage of carbon monoxide.

(c) On premises under a person’s control, excluding single family owner-occupied houses and premises, that person shall observe rules adopted under this subchapter for the prevention of fires and carbon monoxide leakage that may cause harm to other persons or property.

(d) Any condominium or multiple unit dwelling using a common roof, or row houses so-called, or other residential buildings in which people sleep, including hotels, motels, and tourist homes, excluding single family owner-occupied houses and premises, whether the units are owned or leased or rented, shall be subject to the rules adopted under this subchapter and shall be provided with one or more carbon monoxide detectors, as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 2881(3), properly installed according to the manufacturer’s requirements.

§ 2730. DEFINITIONS

(a) As used in this subchapter, “public building” means:

   * * *

(D) a building in which people rent accommodations, whether overnight or for a longer term, including “rental housing” as defined in subsection (f) of this section;

   * * *

(2) Use of any portion of a building in a manner described in this subsection shall make the entire building a “public building” for purposes of this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, a “person” does not include an individual who is directly related to the employer and who resides in the employment-related building.

(b) The term “public building” does not include:

(1) An owner-occupied single family residence, unless used for a purpose described in subsection (a) of this section.
A single-family residence with an accessory dwelling unit as permitted under 24 V.S.A. § 4406(4)(D). [Repealed.]

“Rental housing” means housing that is leased or offered for lease and includes a “dwelling unit” as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4451 and a “short-term rental” as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 4301.

§ 2731. RULES; INSPECTIONS; VARIANCES

(a) Rules.

(1) The Commissioner is authorized to adopt rules regarding the construction, health, safety, sanitation, and fitness for habitation of buildings, maintenance and operation of premises, and prevention of fires and removal of fire hazards, and to prescribe standards necessary to protect the public, employees, and property against harm arising out of or likely to arise out of fire.

(b) Inspections.

(1) The Commissioner shall conduct inspections of premises to ensure that the rules adopted under this subchapter are being observed and may establish priorities for enforcing these rules and standards based on the relative risks to persons and property from fire of particular types of premises.

(2) The Commissioner may also conduct inspections to ensure that buildings are constructed in accordance with approved plans and drawings.

(3) When conducting an inspection of rental housing, the Commissioner shall:

(A) issue a written inspection report on the unit or building that:

(i) contains findings of fact that serve as the basis of one or more violations;

(ii) specifies the requirements and timelines necessary to correct a violation;

(iii) provides notice that the landlord is prohibited from renting the affected unit to a new tenant until the violation is corrected; and

(iv) provides notice in plain language that the landlord or agents of the landlord must have access to the rental unit to make repairs as ordered by the Commissioner consistent with the access provisions in 9 V.S.A. § 4460;
(B) provide a copy of the inspection report to the landlord, to the person who requested the inspection, and to any tenants who are affected by a violation:

(i) electronically, if the Department has an electronic mailing address for the person; or

(ii) by first-class mail, if the Department does not have an electronic mailing address for the person;

(C) if an entire building is affected by a violation, provide a notice of inspection directly to the individual tenants, and may also post the notice in a common area, that specifies:

(i) the date of the inspection;

(ii) that violations were found and must be corrected by a certain date;

(iii) how to obtain a copy of the inspection electronically or by first-class mail; and

(iv) if the notice is posted in a common area, that the notice shall not be removed until authorized by the Commissioner;

(D) make the inspection report available as a public record.

§ 2733. ORDERS TO REPAIR, REHABILITATE, OR REMOVE STRUCTURE

(a)(1) Whenever the commissioner Commissioner finds that premises or any part of them does not meet the standards adopted under this subchapter, the commissioner Commissioner may order it repaired or rehabilitated.

(2) If the premises is not repaired or rehabilitated within a reasonable time as specified by the commissioner Commissioner in his or her order, the commissioner Commissioner may order the premises or part of them closed, if by doing so the public safety will not be imperiled; otherwise he or she shall order demolition and removal of the structure, or fencing of the premises.

(3) Whenever a violation of the rules is deemed to be imminently hazardous to persons or property, the commissioner Commissioner shall order the violation corrected immediately.

(4) If the violation is not corrected, the commissioner Commissioner may then order the premises or part of them immediately closed and to remain closed until the violation is corrected.
(b) Whenever a structure, by reason of age, neglect, want of repair, action of the elements, destruction, either partial or total by fire or other casualty or other cause, is so dilapidated, ruinous, decayed, filthy, unstable, or dangerous as to constitute a material menace or damage in any way to adjacent property, or to the public, and has so remained for a period of not less than one week, the commissioner Commissioner may order such structure demolished and removed.

(c) Orders issued under this section shall be served by certified mail with return receipt requested or in the discretion of the commissioner Commissioner, shall be served in the same manner as summonses are served under the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure promulgated by the supreme court Supreme Court, to all persons who have a recorded interest in the property recorded in the place where land records for the property are recorded, and to all persons who will be temporarily or permanently displaced by the order, including owners, tenants, mortgagees, attaching creditors, lien holders, and public utilities or water companies serving the premises.

§ 2734. PENALTIES

(a)(1) A person who violates any provision of this subchapter or any order or rule issued pursuant thereto shall be fined not more than $10,000.00.

(2) The state’s attorney State’s Attorney of the county in which such violation occurs shall prosecute the violation and may commence a proceeding in the superior court Superior Court to compel compliance with such order or rule, and such court may make orders and decrees therein by way of writ of injunction or otherwise.

(b)(1) A person who fails to comply with a lawful order issued under authority of this subchapter in case of sudden emergency shall be fined not more than $20,000.00.

(2) A person who fails to comply with an order requiring notice shall be fined $200.00 for each day’s neglect commencing with the effective date of such order or the date such order is finally determined if an appeal has been filed.

(c)(1) The commissioner Commissioner may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, assess an administrative penalty of not more than $1,000.00 for each violation of this subchapter or any rule adopted under this subchapter.

(2) Penalties assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be based on the severity of the violation.
An election by the commissioner to proceed under this subsection shall not limit or restrict the commissioner’s authority under subsection (a) of this section.

(d) Violation of any rule adopted under this subchapter shall be prima facie evidence of negligence in any civil action for damage or injury which is the result of the violation.

§ 2736. MUNICIPAL ENFORCEMENT

(a)(1) The legislative body of a municipality may appoint one or more trained and qualified officials and may establish procedures to enforce rules and standards adopted under subsection 2731(a) of this title.

(2) After considering the type of buildings within the municipality, if the commissioner determines that the training, qualifications, and procedures are sufficient, he or she may assign responsibility to the municipality for enforcement of some or all of these rules and standards.

(3) The commissioner may also assign responsibility for enforcement of the rules of the access board adopted under section 2902 of this title.

(4) The commissioner shall provide continuing review, consultation, and assistance as may be necessary.

(5) The assignment of responsibility may be revoked by the commissioner after notice and an opportunity for hearing if the commissioner determines that the training, qualifications, or procedures are insufficient.

(6) The assignment of responsibility shall not affect the commissioner’s authority under this subchapter.

(b) If a municipality assumes responsibility under subsection (a) of this section for performing any functions that would be subject to a fee established under subsection 2731(a) of this title, the municipality may establish and collect reasonable fees for its own use, and no fee shall be charged for the benefit of the state.

(c)(1) Subject to rules adopted under section 2731 of this title, municipal officials appointed under this section may enter any premises in order to carry out the responsibilities of this section.
(2) The officials may order the repair, rehabilitation, closing, demolition, or removal of any premises to the same extent as the commissioner may under section 2732 of this title.

(d) Upon a determination by the commissioner that a municipality has established sufficient procedures for granting variances and exemptions, such variances and exemptions may be granted to the same extent authorized under subsection 2731(b) of this title.

(e) The results of all activities conducted by municipal officials under this section shall be reported to the commissioner periodically upon request.

(f) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to decrease the authority of municipal officials under other laws, including laws concerning building codes and laws concerning housing codes.

* * *

§ 2738. FIRE PREVENTION AND BUILDING INSPECTION SPECIAL FUND

(a) The fire prevention and building inspection special fund revenues shall be from the following sources:

(1) fees relating to construction and inspection of public building and fire prevention inspections under section 2731 of this title;

(2) fees relating to boilers and pressure vessels under section 2883 of this title;

(3) fees relating to electrical installations and inspections and the licensing of electricians under 26 V.S.A. §§ 891-915;

(4) fees relating to cigarette certification under section 2757 of this title; and

(5) fees relating to plumbing installations and inspections and the licensing of plumbers under 26 V.S.A. §§ 2171-2199.

(b) Fees collected under subsection (a) of this section shall be available to the department of public safety to offset the costs of the division of fire safety.

(c) The commissioner of finance and management may anticipate receipts to this fund and issue warrants based thereon.

* * *

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**State Rental Housing Registry; Registration Requirement**

Sec. 2. 3 V.S.A. § 2478 is added to read:

§ 2478. STATE RENTAL HOUSING REGISTRY; HOUSING DATA

(a) The Department of Housing and Community Development, in coordination with the Division of Fire Safety, the Department of Health, the Enhanced 911 Board, and the Department of Taxes, shall create and maintain a registry of the rental housing in this State, which includes a “dwelling unit” as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4451 and a “short-term rental” as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 4301.

(b) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall require for each unit that is registered the following data:

(1) the name and mailing address of the owner, landlord, and property manager of the unit, as applicable;

(2) the phone number and electronic mail address of the owner, landlord, and property manager of the unit, as available;

(3) location of the unit;

(4) year built;

(5) type of rental unit;

(6) number of units in the building;

(7) school property account number;

(8) accessibility of the unit; and

(9) any other information the Department deems appropriate.

(c) Upon request of the Department of Housing and Community Development, and at least annually, a municipal, district, or other local government entity that operates a rental housing health and safety program that requires registration of a rental housing unit and a fee for inclusion on the registry shall provide to the Department the data for each unit that is required pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(d)(1) The data the Department collects pursuant to this section is exempt from public inspection and copying pursuant to 1 V.S.A. § 317(c)(1), and the Department shall not disclose such data except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.

(2) The Department:
(A) may disclose data it collects pursuant to this section to other State, municipal, or regional government entities; to nonprofit organizations; or to other persons for the purposes of protecting public health and safety;

(B) shall not disclose data it collects pursuant to this section for a commercial purpose; and

(C) shall require, as a condition of receiving data collected pursuant to this section, that a person to whom the Department discloses the data takes necessary steps to protect the privacy of persons whom the data concerns, to protect the data from further disclosure and to comply with subdivision (B) of this subsection (d).

Sec. 3. 3 V.S.A. § 2479 is added to read:

§ 2479. RENTAL HOUSING REGISTRATION

(a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the owner of a dwelling unit, as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4501, that is leased or offered for lease shall:

(1) file with the Department of Taxes the landlord certificate required for the renter’s rebate or the renter credit program; and

(2) within 30 days of filing the certificate, register, provide the information required by subsection 2478(b) of this title, and pay to the Department of Housing and Community Development an annual registration fee of $35.00 per rental unit, unless the owner has within the preceding 12 months:

(A) registered the unit pursuant to subsection (b) of this section; or

(B) registered the unit with a municipal, district, or other local government entity that operates a rental housing health and safety program with a rental registry that complies with subsection 2478(b) of this title.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, an owner of a short-term rental, as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 4301, shall, annually, within 30 days of renting a unit, register, provide the information required by subsection 2478(b) of this title, and pay to the Department of Housing and Community Development an annual registration fee of $35.00 per rental unit, unless the owner has within the preceding 12 months:

(1) registered the unit pursuant to subsection (a) of this section; or

(2) registered the unit with a municipal, district, or other local government entity that operates a rental housing health and safety program with a rental registry that complies with subsection 2478(b) of this title.
(c)(1)(A) An owner of a mobile home lot within a mobile home park who has registered the lot with the Department of Housing and Community Development and who does not own a mobile home on the lot is exempt from registering the lot pursuant to this section.

(B) An owner of a mobile home lot within a mobile home park who has registered the lot with the Department and who owns a mobile home on the lot that is available for rent or rented shall register the property with the Department and pay a fee equal to the fee required by subdivision (a)(2) of this section less any fee paid within the previous 12 months pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6254(c).

(C) An owner of a mobile home who rents the mobile home, whether or not located in a mobile home park, shall register pursuant to this section.

(2) The registration requirements of this section do not apply to housing that an owner provides to another person, whether or not for consideration, if, and only to the extent that, the owner does not otherwise make such housing available for lease to the general public, and includes:

(A) housing provided to a member of the owner’s family or personal acquaintances;

(B) housing provided to a person who is not related to a member of the owner’s household and who occupies the housing as part of a nonprofit homesharing program; and

(C) housing provided to a person who provides personal care to the owner or a member of the owner’s household.

(3) An owner of housing that is provided as a benefit of farm employment, as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4469a(a)(3), is exempt from the registration requirements imposed in this section.

(d) An owner who fails to register pursuant to this section shall pay a late registration fee of $100.00 per unit if the registration is more than 15 days late and may be subject to an administrative penalty not to exceed $5,000.00 for each violation.

(e) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall maintain the registration fees collected pursuant to this section in a special fund entitled the Rental Housing Safety Special Fund, the proceeds of which the Department shall use:

(1) to hire authorized staff to administer the registry and registration requirements imposed in this section and in section 2478 of this title; and
(2) to provide funding to the Department of Public Safety to hire authorized staff to conduct inspections and regulate rental housing pursuant to 20 V.S.A. chapter 173, subchapter 2.

*** Registration; Prospective Repeal ***

Sec. 3a. REPEAL

3 V.S.A. § 2479(c)(3) is repealed.

*** Positions Authorized ***

Sec. 4. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; POSITIONS

(a) The Department of Public Safety is authorized to create five full-time, classified Inspector positions in order to conduct rental housing health and safety inspections and enforcement pursuant to 20 V.S.A. chapter 173, subchapter 2.

(b) In fiscal year 2022, the amount of $100,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Public Safety as one-time startup funding to hire one or more Inspector positions authorized pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

(c) The Department may hire additional Inspectors authorized by this section to the extent funds become available from the Rental Housing Safety Special Fund created and maintained pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 2479.

Sec. 5. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT; POSITIONS

(a) The Department of Housing and Community Development is authorized to create one full-time classified position and one half-time classified position to administer and enforce the registry requirements created in 3 V.S.A. § 2478.

(b) In fiscal year 2022, the amount of $300,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Housing and Community Development as one-time startup funding to hire one or more of the positions authorized pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

(c) The Department may hire additional staff authorized by this section to the extent funds become available from the Rental Housing Safety Special Fund created and maintained pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 2479.
Conforming Changes to Current Law Governing the Department of Health, State Board of Health, and Local Health Officials

Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. chapter 11 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 11. LOCAL HEALTH OFFICIALS

§ 602a. DUTIES OF LOCAL HEALTH OFFICERS

(a) A local health officer, within his or her jurisdiction, shall:

(1) upon request of a landlord or tenant, or upon receipt of information regarding a condition that may be a public health hazard, conduct an investigation;

(2) enforce the provisions of this title, the rules promulgated, and permits issued thereunder;

(3) prevent, remove, or destroy any public health hazard; or mitigate any significant public health risk in accordance with the provisions of this title;

(4) in consultation with the Department, take the steps necessary to enforce all orders issued pursuant to chapter 3 of this title; and

(5) have the authority to assist the Division of Fire Safety in inspecting rental housing pursuant to 20 V.S.A. chapter 173, subchapter 2, provided that if the local health officer inspects a rental property without an inspector from the Division, the officer shall issue an inspection report in compliance with 20 V.S.A § 2731(b).

(b) Upon discovery of violation or a public health hazard or public health risk that involves a public water system, a food or lodging establishment, or any other matter regulated by Department rule, the local health officer shall immediately notify the Division of Environmental Health. Upon discovery of any other violation, public health hazard, or public health risk, the local health officer shall notify the Division of Environmental Health within 48 hours of discovery of such violation or hazard and of any action taken by the officer.

§ 603. RENTAL HOUSING SAFETY; INSPECTION REPORTS

(a)(1) When conducting an investigation of rental housing, a local health officer shall issue a written inspection report on the rental property using the protocols for implementing the Rental Housing Health Code of the Department or the municipality, in the case of a municipality that has established a code enforcement office.

(2) A written inspection report shall:
(A) contain findings of fact that serve as the basis of one or more violations;

(B) specify the requirements and timelines necessary to correct a violation;

(C) provide notice that the landlord is prohibited from renting the affected unit to a new tenant until the violation is corrected; and

(D) provide notice in plain language that the landlord and agents of the landlord must have access to the rental unit to make repairs as ordered by the health officer consistent with the access provisions in 9 V.S.A. § 4460.

(3) A local health officer shall:

(A) provide a copy of the inspection report to the landlord and any tenants affected by a violation by delivering the report electronically, in person, by first class mail, or by leaving a copy at each unit affected by the deficiency; and

(B)(i) if a municipality has established a code enforcement office, provide information on each inspection according to a schedule and in a format adopted by the Department in consultation with municipalities that have established code enforcement offices; or

(ii) if a municipality has not established a code enforcement office, provide information on each inspection to the Department within seven days of issuing the report using an electronic system designed for that purpose, or within 14 days by mail if the municipality is unable to utilize the electronic system.

(4) If an entire property is affected by a violation, the local health officer shall post a copy of the inspection report in a common area of the property and include a prominent notice that the report shall not be removed until authorized by the local health officer.

(5) A municipality shall make an inspection report available as a public record.

(b)(1) A local health officer may impose a civil penalty of not more than $200.00 per day for each violation that is not corrected by the date provided in the written inspection report, or when a unit is re-rented to a new tenant prior to the correction of a violation.

(2)(A) If the cumulative amount of penalties imposed pursuant to this subsection is $800.00 or less, the local health officer, Department of Health, or State’s Attorney may bring a civil enforcement action in the Judicial Bureau pursuant to 4 V.S.A. chapter 29.
(B) The waiver penalty for a violation in an action brought pursuant to this subsection is 50 percent of the full penalty amount.

(3) If the cumulative amount of penalties imposed pursuant to this subsection is more than $800.00, or if injunctive relief is sought, the local health officer, Department of Health, or State’s Attorney may commence an action in the Civil Division of the Superior Court for the county in which a violation occurred.

(c) If a local health officer fails to conduct an investigation pursuant to section 602a of this title or fails to issue an inspection report pursuant to this section, a landlord or tenant may request that the Department, at its discretion, conduct an investigation or contact the local board of health to take action.

[Repealed.]

***

*** Transition Provisions ***

Sec. 7. RENTAL HOUSING HEALTH AND SAFETY; TRANSITION PROVISIONS

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary:

(1) Until the Commissioner of Public Safety adopts rules governing rental housing health and safety pursuant to 20 V.S.A. § 2731, the Department of Health, local officials authorized by law, and the Department of Public Safety have concurrent authority to enforce the Vermont Rental Housing Health Code adopted by the Department of Health pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 102, 3 V.S.A. § 3003(a), and 3 V.S.A. § 801(b)(11).

(2) The Commissioner of Public Safety may immediately adopt a rule incorporating the Rental Housing Health Code without following the procedures otherwise required for general rulemaking in 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.

(3) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the Commissioner of Public Safety shall comply with the requirements for general rulemaking in 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 when adopting rules governing rental housing health and safety.

(b) Upon the adoption of rules governing rental housing health and safety pursuant to the authority in 20 V.S.A. § 2731:

(1) the Department of Public Safety is the State government entity with primary authority to enforce State laws governing rental housing health and safety:
(2) the Department of Public Safety and local officials have concurrent authority to enforce State and local laws governing rental housing health and safety pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 11; 20 V.S.A. chapter 173, subchapter 2; 24 V.S.A. chapters 83 and 123; and applicable municipal law; and

(3) the Department of Health, the State Board of Health, and local health officials have concurrent authority to enforce State and local laws governing public health hazards and public health risks, as those terms are defined in 18 V.S.A. § 2, pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapters 1, 3, and 11.

* * * Vermont Housing Investments * * *

Sec. 8. VERMONT RENTAL HOUSING INVESTMENT PROGRAM;
PURPOSE

(a) Recognizing that Vermont’s rental housing stock is some of the oldest in the country and that much of it needs to be updated to meet code requirements and other standards, the Vermont Rental Housing Investment Program is intended to incentivize private apartment owners to make significant improvements to both housing quality and weatherization by providing grants and forgivable loans that are matched in part by the property owner.

(b) The Program seeks to take the lessons learned from the successful Re-housing Recovery Program established with funds provided by the Federal CARES Act and implement them in a State-funded program.

Sec. 9. 10 V.S.A. chapter 29, subchapter 3 is added to read:

Subchapter 3. Housing; Investments

§ 699. VERMONT RENTAL HOUSING INVESTMENT PROGRAM

(a) Creation of program.

(1) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall design and implement the Vermont Rental Housing Investment Program through which the Department shall award funding to statewide or regional nonprofit housing organizations, or both, to provide competitive grants and forgivable loans to private landlords for the rehabilitation, including weatherization, of eligible rental housing units.

(2) The Department shall develop statewide standards for the Program, including factors that partner organizations shall use to evaluate applications and award grants and forgivable loans.

(b) Eligible rental housing units. The following units are eligible for a grant or forgivable loan through the Program:
(1) Non-code compliant. The unit does not comply with the requirements of applicable building, housing, or health laws.

(2) New accessory dwelling. The unit will be a newly created accessory dwelling unit that meets the requirements of 24 V.S.A. § 4412(1)(E).

(c) Administration. The Department shall require a housing organization that receives funding under the Program to adopt:

(1) a standard application form that describes the application process and includes instructions and examples to help landlords apply;

(2) an award process that ensures equitable selection of landlords, subject to a housing organization’s exercise of discretion based on the factors adopted by the Department pursuant to subsection (a) of this section; and

(3) a grant and loan management system that ensures accountability for funds awarded.

(d) Program requirements applicable to grants and forgivable loans.

(1) A grant or loan shall not exceed $30,000.00 per unit.

(2) A landlord shall contribute matching funds or in-kind services that equal or exceed 20 percent of the value of the grant or loan.

(3) A project may include a weatherization component.

(4) A project shall comply with applicable building, housing, and health laws.

(5) The terms and conditions of a grant or loan agreement apply to the original recipient and to a successor in interest for the period the grant or loan agreement is in effect.

(6) The identity of a recipient and the amount of a grant or forgivable loan are public records that shall be available for public copying and inspection and the Department shall publish this information at least monthly on its website.

(e) Program requirements applicable to grants. For a grant awarded under the Program, the following requirements apply for a minimum period of five years:

(1) A landlord shall coordinate with nonprofit housing partners and local coordinated entry organizations to identify potential tenants.

(2)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(B) of this subsection (e), a landlord shall lease the unit to a household that is exiting homelessness.

(B) If, upon petition of the landlord, the Department or the housing organization that issued the grant determines that a household exiting homelessness is not available to lease the unit, then the landlord shall lease the unit:

(i) to a household with an income equal to or less than 80 percent of area median income; or
(ii) if such a household is unavailable, to another household with the approval of the Department or housing organization.

(3)(A) A landlord shall accept any housing vouchers that are available to pay all, or a portion of, the tenant’s rent and utilities.

(B) If no housing voucher or federal or State subsidy is available, the total cost of rent for the unit, including utilities not covered by rent payments, shall not exceed the applicable fair market rent established by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(4)(A) A landlord may convert a grant to a forgivable loan upon approval of the Department and the housing organization that approved the grant.

(B) A landlord who converts a grant to a forgivable loan shall receive a 10 percent credit for loan forgiveness for each year in which the landlord participates in the grant program.

(f) Requirements applicable to forgivable loans. For a forgivable loan awarded under the Program, the following requirements apply for a minimum period of 10 years:

(1)(A) A landlord shall accept any housing vouchers that are available to pay all, or a portion of, the tenant’s rent and utilities.

(B) If no housing voucher or federal or State subsidy is available, the cost of rent for the unit, including utilities not covered by rent payments, shall not exceed the applicable fair market rent established by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(2) The Department shall forgive 10 percent of the amount of a forgivable loan for each year a landlord participates in the loan program.

(g) Lien priority. A lien for a grant converted to a loan or for a forgivable loan issued pursuant to this section is subordinate to:

(1) a lien on the property in existence at the time the lien for rehabilitation and weatherization of the rental housing unit is filed in the land records; and

(2) a first mortgage on the property that is refinanced and recorded after the lien for rehabilitation and weatherization of the rental housing unit is filed in the land records.

Sec. 10. REPORT

On or before February 15, 2022, the Department of Housing and Community Development shall report to the General Assembly concerning the design, implementation, and outcomes of the Vermont Housing Investment Program, including findings and any recommendations related to the amount of grant awards.
Sec. 11. VERMONT HOMEOWNERSHIP REVOLVING LOAN FUND;

PURPOSE

(a) The purpose of the Vermont Homeownership Revolving Loan Fund created in Sec. 12 of this act is to provide no-interest loans to increase access to homeownership.

(b) The Program is intended to assist Vermonters who otherwise may be unable to purchase a home or who may be unable to afford the costs to rehabilitate, weatherize, or otherwise make necessary improvements to a home they purchase.

(c) The Program is also intended to place a special focus on increasing the homeownership rates of households identifying as Black, Indigenous, or Persons of Color, who are systematically disenfranchised from financing real estate through traditional banking and have therefore been generationally dispossessed of the ability to develop lasting wealth.

Sec. 12. 10 V.S.A. § 699a is added to read:

§ 699a. VERMONT HOMEOWNERSHIP REVOLVING LOAN FUND

(a) Creation of Program. The Department of Housing and Community Development shall design and implement the Vermont Homeownership Revolving Loan Fund, through which the Department shall provide funding to statewide or regional nonprofit housing organizations, or both, to issue no-interest loans to first-time homebuyers.

(b) Eligible housing units. The following units are eligible for a loan through the Program:

1. Existing structure. The unit is an existing single-family dwelling, a multifamily dwelling with not more than four units, a mobile home, or a condominium.

2. Accessory dwelling. The unit is an accessory dwelling unit that meets the requirements of 24 V.S.A. § 4412(1)(E).

(c) Eligible applicants; priorities.

1. To be eligible for a loan through the Program, an applicant shall:

   (A) be a first-time homebuyer in Vermont;

   (B) have a household income of not more than 120 percent of the area median income; and

   (C) occupy the dwelling, or a unit within the dwelling, as his or her full-time residence.

2. A housing organization may give priority to an applicant whose employer provides down payment assistance or funding for rehabilitation costs.
(d) Administration. The Department shall require a housing organization that receives funding under the Program to adopt:

(1) a standard application form that describes the application process and includes instructions and examples to help homebuyers apply;

(2) an award process that ensures equitable selection of homebuyers; and

(3) a loan management system that ensures accountability for funds awarded.

(e) Outreach. Recognizing that Black, Indigenous, and Persons of Color have historically not had access to capital for homeownership purchases and have been systemically discriminated against in the housing market, the Department, working with Vermont chapters of the NAACP, AALV, USCRI, the Executive Director of Racial Equity, the Vermont Commission on Native American Affairs, local racial justice organizations, the Vermont Housing Finance Agency, and the nonprofit homeownership centers, shall develop a plan of active outreach and implementation to ensure that program opportunities are effectively communicated, and that funds are equitably awarded, to communities of Vermonters who have historically suffered housing discrimination.

(f) Program requirements.

(1) A loan issued through the Program:

   (A) shall not exceed a standard limit set by the Department, which shall not exceed $50,000.00;

   (B) shall be zero interest, and payments shall be suspended while the homebuyer occupies the home; and

   (C) shall become due in full upon the sale or transfer of the home or upon refinancing with approval by the Department and the housing organization that issued the loan.

(2) A rehabilitation project that is funded by a loan through the Program may include a weatherization component and shall comply with applicable building, housing, and health laws.

(3) A homebuyer may use not more than 25 percent of a loan for down payment and closing costs and fees.

(4) A homebuyer shall repay a loan.

(g) Revolving loan fund. The Department shall use the amounts from loans that are repaid to provide additional funding through the Program.

(h) Lien priority. A lien for a loan issued pursuant to this section is subordinate to:

   (1) a lien on the property in existence at the time the lien for the loan is filed in the land records; and
(2) a first mortgage on the property that is refinanced and recorded after the lien for the loan is filed in the land records.

Sec. 13. DUTIES CONTINGENT ON FUNDING

The duties of the Department of Housing and Community Development specified in Secs. 10 and 12 of this act are contingent upon available funding.

Sec. 14. REPORT

On or before February 15, 2022, the Department of Housing and Community Development shall report to the General Assembly concerning the design, implementation, and outcomes of the Vermont Homeownership Revolving Loan Fund created in Sec. 12 of this act, including findings and any recommendations related to the amount of loans.

*** Appropriations ***

Sec. 15. APPROPRIATIONS

The amount of $4,000,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Housing and Community Development to provide grants and loans as follows:

(1) $3,000,000.00 for grants and loans through the Vermont Rental Housing Investment Program created in 10 V.S.A. § 699; and

(2) $1,000,000.00 for loans through the Vermont Homeownership Revolving Loan Fund created in 10 V.S.A. § 699a.

*** Eviction Moratorium ***

Sec. 16. 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 101, Sec. 1(b)(4) is amended to read:

(4) limit a court’s ability to act in an emergency pursuant to Administrative Order 49, issued by the Vermont Supreme Court, as amended, which may include an action that involves criminal activity, illegal drug activity, or acts of violence, or other circumstances that seriously threaten the health or safety of other residents including in response to an action for ejectment on an emergency basis pursuant to subsection (i) of this section.

Sec. 17. 2020 Acts and Resolves No. 101, Sec. 1(i) is added to read:

(i) Action for ejectment on an emergency basis.

(1) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, a court may allow an ejectment action to proceed on an emergency basis pursuant to Vermont Rule of Civil Procedure 65, which may include an action that involves the following circumstances:

- 2115 -
(A) criminal activity, illegal drug activity, acts of violence, or other circumstances that seriously threaten the health or safety of other residents, including a tenant tampering with, disabling, or removing smoke or carbon monoxide detectors;

(B) the landlord needs to occupy the rental premises;

(C) the tenant is not participating or does not qualify for the Vermont Emergency Rental Assistance Program; or

(D) continuation of the tenancy would cause other immediate or irreparable injury, loss, or damage to the property, the landlord, or other residents.

(2) Upon a plaintiff’s motion to proceed under this subsection (i) supported by an affidavit, the court shall determine whether the plaintiff has alleged sufficient facts to warrant a hearing concerning emergency circumstances as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection (i), and if so, the court shall:

(A) issue any necessary preliminary orders;

(B) schedule a hearing;

(C) allow the plaintiff to serve the defendant with the motion, affidavit, complaint, any preliminary orders, and a notice of hearing; and

(D) after hearing, issue any necessary orders, which may include issuance of a writ of possession.

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 18. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and the following sections shall take effect on passage:

(1) Sec. 1 (DPS authority for rental housing health and safety).

(2) Sec. 2 (rental housing registry).

(3) Sec. 6 (conforming changes to Department of Health statutes).

(4) Sec. 7 (DPS rulemaking authority and transition provisions).

(5) Secs. 16–17 (amendment to eviction moratorium).

(b) The following sections take effect on July 1, 2021:

(1) Sec. 4 (DPS positions).

(2) Sec. 5 (DHCD positions).

(3) Secs. 8–10 (Vermont Housing Investment Program).
(4) Secs. 11–14 (Vermont Homeownership Revolving Loan Fund).

(5) Sec. 15 (appropriations).

(c) Sec. 3 (rental housing registration) shall take effect on January 1, 2022.

(d) Sec. 3a (repeal of registration exemption for housing provided as a benefit of farm employment) shall take effect on January 1, 2024.

(Committee vote: 8-3-0)

(For text see Senate Journal March 25, 26, 2021)

S. 101

An act relating to promoting housing choice and opportunity in smart growth areas

Rep. Bongartz of Manchester, for the Committee on Natural Resources, Fish, and Wildlife, recommends that the House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 2, 24 V.S.A. § 4307, by striking it out in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 2. 24 V.S.A. § 4307 is added to read:

§ 4307. MUNICIPAL BYLAW MODERNIZATION GRANTS

(a) There is created Municipal Bylaw Modernization Grants to assist municipalities in updating their land use and development bylaws to support a development pattern that is pedestrian oriented and consistent with the smart growth principles established in section 2791 of this title. The Grants shall be funded by monies allocated from the municipality allocation of the Municipal and Regional Planning Funds established in subdivision 4306 (a)(3)(C) of this title and any other monies appropriated for this purpose.

(b) A municipality that receives a grant shall use the funds for the adoption of bylaws that increase housing choice, affordability, and opportunity in smart growth areas. These smart growth areas shall be areas that reflect the smart growth principles established in section 2791 of this title, that are located outside important natural resource areas, and are located outside identified flood hazard areas and river corridors or are acceptable for infill development as defined in § 29–201 of the Vermont Flood Hazard Area and River Corridor Rule.

(c) Disbursement to municipalities shall be administered by the Department of Housing and Community Development through a competitive process providing the opportunity for all regions and any eligible municipality
to compete regardless of size. The Department shall, to the extent reasonably possible, ensure that grants are awarded with the intent of achieving geographic distribution across the State.

(d) Funds may be disbursed by the Department in installments to ensure the municipal bylaw updates meet the goals of this section.

(e) Funding may be used for mapping, the cost of regional planning commission staff or consultant time, carrying out the provisions of subchapters 5 through 10 of this chapter, and any other purpose approved by the Department.

(f) To receive a grant, the municipality shall:

(1) identify any municipal water supply and wastewater disposal capacity, opportunities, and constraints within mapped service areas in both traditional water and wastewater systems and smaller scale municipal systems, including soil-based wastewater treatment and decentralized water and wastewater systems;

(2) allow, at a minimum, duplexes within smart growth areas to the same extent that single-family dwellings are allowed;

(3) require parking waiver provisions in appropriate smart growth areas and situations;

(4) review and modify street standards that implement the complete streets principles as described in 19 V.S.A. § 309d and that are oriented to pedestrians;

(5) adopt dimensional, use, parking, and other standards that allow compact neighborhood form and support walkable lot and unit density, which may be achieved with a standard allowing at least four units per acre with site and building design standards or by other means established in guidelines issued by the Department; and

(6) demonstrate how the bylaws support implementation of the housing element of its municipal plan as provided in 24 V.S.A. § 4382(a)(10) related to addressing lower and moderate-income housing needs.

(g) On or before September 1, 2021, the Department shall adopt guidelines to assist municipalities applying for grants under this section.

Second: By striking out Secs. 7 (10 V.S.A. § 1974) and 8 (10 V.S.A. § 1983) and their reader assistance heading in their entirety.

and by renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct.

(Committee vote: 8-2-1 )
(For text see Senate Journal March 26, 2021)

Rep. Kornheiser of Brattleboro, for the Committee on Ways and Means, recommends the bill ought to pass in concurrence with proposal of amendment as recommended by the Committee on General, Housing, and Military Affairs and with further proposals of amendment as follows:

By striking out Secs. 3–6, tax credits, and their reader assistance heading in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

*** Property Transfer Tax Surcharge ***

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 9602 is amended to read:

§ 9602. TAX ON TRANSFER OF TITLE TO PROPERTY

A tax is hereby imposed upon the transfer by deed of title to property located in this State, or a transfer or acquisition of a controlling interest in any person with title to property in this State. The amount of the tax equals one and one-quarter percent of the value of the property transferred, or $1.00, whichever is greater, except as follows:

***

(4) With respect to all transfers by deed of title to property located in this State, a surcharge shall be imposed at the rate of one half of a percent of the value of the property transferred in excess of $1,000,000.00.

(5) The Commissioner shall annually estimate the amount of revenue raised by the surcharge imposed pursuant to subdivision (4) of this section and transfer that same amount to the General Fund established under section 435 of this title.

*** Allocation of Property Transfer Tax Surcharge Revenue ***

Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § 435(b) is amended to read:

(b) The General Fund shall be composed of revenues from the following sources:

***

(10)(A) 33 percent of the revenue from the property transfer taxes levied pursuant to chapter 231 of this title and the revenue from the gains taxes levied each year pursuant to chapter 236 of this title; and

(B) notwithstanding subdivision (A) of this subdivision (b)(10), the revenue raised by the surcharge imposed pursuant to subdivision 9602(4) of this title;

***

- 2119 -
Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. § 9610 is amended to read:

§ 9610. REMITTANCE OF RETURN AND TAX; INSPECTION OF RETURNS

**

(c) Prior to distributions of property transfer tax revenues under 10 V.S.A. § 312, 24 V.S.A. § 4306(a), and subdivision 435(b)(10) of this title, two percent of the revenues received from the property transfer tax shall be deposited in a special fund in the Department of Taxes for Property Valuation and Review administration costs.

(d)(1) Prior to any distribution of property transfer tax revenue under 10 V.S.A. § 312, 24 V.S.A. § 4306(a), subdivision 435(b)(10) of this title, and subsection (c) of this section, $2,500,000.00 of the revenue received from the property transfer tax shall be transferred to the Vermont Housing Finance Agency to pay the principal of and interest due on the bonds, notes, and other obligations authorized to be issued by the Agency pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 621(22), the proceeds of which the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board shall use to create affordable housing pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 314.

**

(e) Notwithstanding subsections (c) and (d) of this section and any other provision of law to the contrary, the Commissioner of Taxes shall annually estimate the revenue raised by the surcharge imposed pursuant to subdivision 9602(4) of this chapter and transfer that same amount to the General Fund established under section 435 of this title.

** ** Affordable Housing Tax Credit; Manufactured Homes ** **

Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A. § 5930u(g) is amended to read:

(g)(1) In any fiscal year, the allocating agency may award up to:

(A) $400,000.00 in total first-year credit allocations to all applicants for rental housing projects, for an aggregate limit of $2,000,000.00 over any given five-year period that credits are available under this subdivision (A);

(B) $425,000.00 $675,000.00 in total first-year credit allocations for loans or grants for owner-occupied unit financing or down payment loans as provided in subdivision (b)(2) of this section consistent with the allocation plan, including for new construction and manufactured housing, for an aggregate limit of $2,125,000.00 $3,375,000.00 over any given five-year period that credits are available under this subdivision (B). Of the total first-
year credit allocations made under this subdivision (B), $250,000.00 shall be used each fiscal year for manufactured home purchase and replacement.

(2) If the full amount of first-year credits authorized by an award are not allocated to a taxpayer, the Agency may reclaim the amount not allocated and re-award such allocations to other applicants, and such re-awards shall not be subject to the limits set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(Committee Vote: 8-3-0)

Favorable

J.R.H. 6

Joint resolution relating to racism as a public health emergency.

Rep. Small of Winooski, for the Committee on Human Services, recommends the resolution ought to be adopted.

(Committee Vote: 9-2-0)

(For Text of Resolution see House Journal: March 16, 2021)

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 177

An act relating to approval of an amendment to the charter of the City of Montpelier

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill in Sec. 2, 24 App. V.S.A. chapter 5, § 1501(a), immediately following the words “who on election day is” by inserting the words a citizen of the United States or before “legal resident of the United States”

(For text see House Journal March 10, 2021)

H. 428

An act relating to hate-motivated crimes and misconduct

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 1455 is amended to read:

§ 1455. HATE-MOTIVATED CRIMES

(a) A person who commits, causes to be committed, or attempts to commit any crime and whose conduct is maliciously motivated, in whole or in part, by the victim’s actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age, service in the U.S. Armed Forces, disability as defined by 21
V.S.A. § 495d(5), sexual orientation, or gender identity protected category shall be subject to the following penalties:

* * *

(b) The victim’s actual or perceived protected category or categories need not be the predominant reason or the sole reason for the defendant’s conduct.

(c) As used in this section, “protected category” includes race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age, service in the U.S. Armed Forces or the National Guard, disability as defined by 21 V.S.A. § 495d(5), sexual orientation, gender identity, and perceived membership in any such group.

Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 1456 is amended to read:

§ 1456. BURNING OF CROSS OR OTHER RELIGIOUS SYMBOL

Any person who intentionally and maliciously sets fire to, or burns, causes to be burned, or aids or procures the burning of a cross or a religious symbol, with the intention of terrorizing or harassing a particular person or persons, shall be subject to a term of imprisonment of not more than two years or a fine of not more than $5,000.00, or both.

Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 1458(6) is amended to read:

(6) “Protected category” includes race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age, service in the U.S. Armed Forces or the National Guard, disability as defined by 21 V.S.A. § 495d(5), sexual orientation, gender identity, and perceived membership in any such group.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(For text see House Journal May 4, 2021)

H. 449

An act relating to the membership and duties of the Vermont Pension Investment Commission and the creation of the Pension Benefits, Design, and Funding Task Force

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

First: By striking out Sec. 1, 3 V.S.A. chapter 17, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

CHAPTER 17. VERMONT STATE POLICE AND MOTOR VEHICLE INSPECTORS’ RETIREMENT SYSTEM VERMONT PENSION INVESTMENT COMMISSION

- 2122 -
§ 521. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

(1) “Committee” “Commission” means the Vermont Pension Investment Committee Commission.

(2) “Financial expert” means an individual with material expertise and experience in institutional fund management, or other significant pension or other relevant financial expertise.

(3) “Independent” means an individual who does not have a direct or indirect material interest in the Plans.

(A) An individual has a direct or indirect material interest in the Plans if:

(i) the individual is a beneficiary of any of the Plans; or
(ii) the individual or the individual’s spouse, parent, child, sibling, or in-law is or has been within the past five years an employee, director, officer, owner of a publicly traded company, consultant, manager, or had another material role with an entity servicing the Plans.

(B) An individual is considered an owner of a publicly traded company if the individual owns, directly or indirectly, five percent or more of a class of the company’s equity securities registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. § 78 et seq.), as amended.

(4) “Plans” means the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System, the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System, and the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement System pursuant to section 472 of this title, 16 V.S.A. § 1943, and 24 V.S.A. § 5063.

§ 522. VERMONT PENSION INVESTMENT COMMITTEE COMMISSION

(a) Members. There is created the Vermont Pension Investment Committee Commission, an independent commission, to comprise seven nine members as follows:

(1) one member and one alternate, who may or may not be trustees of the Board of the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System, elected by the employee and retiree members of that board the Board of the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System;

(2) one member and one alternate, who may or may not be trustees of the Board of the State Teachers’ Retirement System of Vermont, elected by the employee and retiree members of that the Board of the Vermont State
Teachers’ Retirement System;

(3) one member and one alternate, who may or may not be trustees of the Board of the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement System, elected by the municipal employee and municipal official members of that Board of the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement System;

(4) two members and one alternate, who shall each be a financial expert and independent, appointed by the Governor;

(5) the State Treasurer or designee, an ex-officio voting member; and

(6) one member, appointed by the other six voting eight members of the Committee Commission, who shall serve as Chair of the Committee Commission and at the pleasure of the Committee Commission;

(7) one member representing a municipal employer, appointed by the Executive Director of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns; and

(8) one member representing a school employer, appointed by the Vermont School Boards Association.

(b) Training. An authority responsible for electing or appointing a member or alternate shall consider the experience and knowledge of potential members and alternates consistent with the purposes of the Committee, and shall inform potential members and alternates that they shall participate in Members and alternates of the Committee Commission shall be required to participate in onboarding and ongoing periodic training in investments, securities, and fiduciary responsibilities as directed by the Committee Commission. The Commission shall provide an annual report to the respective authorities responsible for electing and appointing members and alternates regarding attendance at Commission meetings and relevant educational programs attended.

(c) Initially, one appointee and the alternate appointee of the Governor shall serve a two year term, and the second appointee shall serve for a four-year term. Thereafter, the Governor’s appointees and alternate appointee shall serve for four-year terms. Initially, the member and alternate chosen by the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement Board shall serve for a two year term, the member and alternate chosen by the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement Board shall serve for a three year term and the member and alternate chosen by the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement Board shall serve for a four year term. Thereafter, all members and alternates shall serve for four year terms. Member terms.

(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this section and for the ex-officio members of the Commission, all members and alternates of the Commission shall serve staggered four-year terms. A vacancy created before
the expiration of a term shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the unexpired portion of the term. A member or alternate appointed to fill a vacancy created before the expiration of a term shall not be deemed to have served a term for the purpose of this subsection. Members and alternates of the Commission shall be eligible for reappointment and shall serve not more than three terms; provided, however, that a single term served as an alternate shall not be used to calculate a member’s total term limit. Members and alternates of the Commission may be removed only for cause. The Commission shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 25 of this title to define the basis and process for removal.

(2) If the Chair is unable to perform his or her duties, the Commission shall elect an interim chair who shall be a financial expert and independent.

(3) Terms shall end on June 30 with new terms beginning on July 1.

(4) Notwithstanding subdivision (3) of this subsection, members and alternates shall serve until their successors are appointed subject to the term limits provided in this subsection.

(d) Chair and vice chair.

(1)(A) The Chair of the Vermont Pension Investment Commission shall be a financial expert and independent, and shall have the financial, investment, leadership, and governance expertise as required by policies adopted by the Commission.

(B) The Chair shall be a nonvoting member, except in the case of a tie vote.

(2) The Vermont Pension Investment Commission shall elect a vice chair from among its members.

(e) The Vermont Pension Investment Committee shall elect a vice chair from among its members. Eligibility. No legislator who is currently serving in the General Assembly shall serve on the Commission.

(f) Four Meetings.

(1) Five members of the Committee Commission shall constitute a quorum.

(2) If a member is not in attendance, the alternate of that member shall be eligible to act as a member of the Committee Commission during the absence of the member.

(3) Four Five concurring votes shall be necessary for a decision of the Committee Commission at any meeting of the Committee Commission, except
that any decision of the Commission relating to setting actuarial assumptions pursuant to subdivision 523(b)(1) of this title shall require six concurring votes. The Committee shall be attached to the Office of the State Treasurer for administrative support, and the expenses of the Committee and the Treasurer’s office in support of the Committee shall be paid proportionately from the funds of the three retirement systems and any individual municipalities that have been allowed to invest their retirement funds pursuant to subsection 523(a) of this title.

(g) Leave time. Public employee members and alternates shall be granted reasonable leave time by their employers to attend Committee Commission meetings and Committee-related Commission-related educational programs.

(h) The Committee shall provide an annual report to the respective authorities responsible for electing and appointing members and alternates regarding attendance at Committee meetings and relevant educational programs attended Compensation and reimbursements. Members and alternates of the Commission who are not public employees shall be entitled to compensation as set forth in 32 V.S.A. § 1010 and reimbursement for all necessary expenses that they may incur through service on the Commission from the funds of the retirement systems. The Chair of the Commission may be compensated from the funds at a level not to exceed one-third of the salary of the State Treasurer, as determined by the other members of the Commission.

(i) A vacancy of an elected or appointed member or alternate shall be filled for the remainder of the term by the authority responsible for electing or appointing that member or alternate Assistance and expenses.

(1) The Commission shall have the administrative and technical support of the Office of the State Treasurer.

(2) The Commission may collect proportionally from the funds of the three retirement systems and any individual municipalities that have been allowed to invest their retirement funds pursuant to subsection 523(a) of this title, any expenses incurred that are associated with carrying out its duties, and any expenses incurred by the Treasurer’s office in support of the Commission.

(3) The Attorney General shall serve as legal advisor to the Commission.

§ 523. VERMONT PENSION INVESTMENT COMMITTEE COMMISSION; DUTIES

(a) General. The Vermont Pension Investment Committee Commission shall be responsible for the investment of the assets of the State Teachers’
Retirement System of Vermont, Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System, the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System, and the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement System pursuant to section 472 of this title, 16 V.S.A. § 1943, and 24 V.S.A. § 5063. The Committee Commission shall strive to maximize total return on investment, within acceptable levels of risk for public retirement systems, in accordance with the standards of care established by the prudent investor rule under 14A V.S.A. § 902. The Committee Commission may, in its discretion, subject to approval by the Attorney General, also enter into agreements with municipalities administering their own retirement systems to invest retirement funds for those municipal pension plans. The State Treasurer shall serve as the custodian of the funds of all three retirement systems. The Committee Commission may, in its discretion, also enter into agreements with the State Treasurer to invest the State Employees’ Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund, established in 3 V.S.A. § section 479a of this title, and the Retired Teachers’ Health and Medical Benefits Fund, established in 16 V.S.A. § 1944b.

(b) Members and alternates of the Committee who are not public employees shall be entitled to compensation as set forth in 32 V.S.A. § 1010 and reimbursement for all necessary expenses that they may incur through service on the committee from the funds of the retirement systems. The Chair of the Committee may be compensated from the funds at a level not to exceed one-third of the salary of the State Treasurer, as determined by the other members of the Committee.

Powers and duties. The Commission shall have the following duties:

(1) Set the following actuarial assumptions:

(A) the investment rate of return;

(B) the inflation rate; and

(C) the smoothing rate method used for the actuarial valuation of assets and returns.

(2) Not more than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year, conduct an asset allocation study that reviews the expected return of each fund, including a risk analysis using best practices methodologies to estimate potential risks to the fund’s asset values over a five-, 10-, and 20-year period, and the remainder of the statutory amortization period. The study shall be submitted to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations and the Office of the Governor and made publicly available within 10 days of completion.

(c) Recordkeeping. The Committee Commission shall keep a record of all its proceedings, which shall be open for public inspection.
(d) **Policies.** The Committee Commission shall formulate policies and procedures deemed necessary and appropriate to carry out its functions, including a written statement of the responsibilities of and expectations for the Chair of the Committee Commission and standards of conduct for members and employees of the Commission in order to maintain and promote public confidence in the integrity of the Commission. The standard of conduct policies shall prohibit members and employees from receiving or soliciting any gift, including meals, alcoholic beverages, travel fare, room and board, or any other thing of value, tangible or intangible, from any vendor or potential vendor of investment services, management services, brokerage services, and other services to the Commission.

(e) The Attorney General shall serve as legal advisor to the Committee Contracts.

(f) Contracts approved by the Committee Commission and related documents may be executed by the Chair, or, in the Chair’s absence, the Vice Chair.

(f) Asset and liability study. Beginning on July 1, 2022, and every three years thereafter, based on the most recent actuarial valuations of each Plan, the Commission shall study the assets and liabilities of each Plan over a 20-year period. The study shall:

1. project the expected path of the key indicators of each Plan’s financial health based on all current actuarial and investment assumptions; current contribution and benefit policies, including the Plans’ mark-to-market funded ratio; actuarially required contributions by source; payout ratio; and related liquidity obligations; and

2. project the effect on each Plan’s financial health resulting from:

   (A) possible material deviations from Plan assumptions in investment assumptions, including returns versus those expected and embedded in the actuary’s estimate of actuarially required contributions and any material changes in capital markets volatility; and

   (B) possible material deviations from key plan actuarial assumptions, including retiree longevity, potential benefit increases, and inflation.

(g) Changes to actuarial rate of return. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, Any changes to the actuarial rate of return shall be made at a joint meeting of the Committee Commission and the appropriate Retirement Board. The Board and Committee shall review the recommendations of the actuary and the investment consultant. A change to an actuarial rate of return shall be by joint resolution of the Board and
Committee. Each body shall vote according to its own procedures. In the event that the Board and Committee are unable to agree on an actuarial rate of return, the existing assumed rate of return shall remain in effect.

(h) Annual reports.

(1) Beginning on January 15, 2022, and every year thereafter, the Commission shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Government Operations:

(A) a report on the performance of each Plan versus its demographic investment and other actuarial assumptions over a three-, five-, seven-, and 10-year period, and the funding ratio of each Plan to each Plan beneficiary at the end of each fiscal year; and

(B) a report on the status of the funding and investment performance of each Plan and any relevant information from the asset liability and scenario testing completed during the prior fiscal year.

(2) The Commission shall send to each participant or beneficiary of each Plan a written or electronic copy of the report described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, in the format authorized by the participant or beneficiary. The report shall be consolidated with any other reports required to be sent by the Commission to the participants or beneficiaries of each Plan.

Second: In Sec. 2, Vermont Pension Investment Commission; transition of member terms, by striking out subdivision (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(1) Beginning on July 1, 2021, members shall be appointed to fill the new member seats established in 3 V.S.A. § 522(a)(7) and (8) in Sec. 1 of this act. The member appointed pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 522(a)(7) in Sec. 1 of this act shall serve an initial term of one year, and the member appointed pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 522(a)(8) in Sec. 1 of this act shall serve an initial term of two years.

Third: In Sec. 3, Vermont Pension Investment Commission; fiscal year 2022 reports, in subsection (b), in the first sentence, by striking out “stand-alone entity” and inserting in lieu thereof an independent entity

Fourth: By striking out Secs. 10–12 in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 10. PENSION BENEFITS, DESIGN, AND FUNDING TASK FORCE; STATE EMPLOYEES’ RETIREMENT SYSTEM; STATE TEACHERS’ RETIREMENT SYSTEM; REPORT

(a) Creation. There is created the Pension Benefits, Design, and Funding
Task Force to review and report on the benefits, design, and funding of retirement and retiree health benefit plans for the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System and the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System.

(b) Membership.

(1) The Task Force shall be composed of the following members:

(A) two current members of the House of Representatives, not from the same political party, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House;
(B) two current members of the Senate, not from the same political party, who shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees;
(C) the Secretary of Administration or designee;
(D) the State Treasurer or designee;
(E) three members, who shall be appointed by the President of the Vermont-NEA;
(F) two members, who shall be appointed by the President of the Vermont State Employees’ Association; and
(G) one member of the Vermont Troopers’ Association, who shall be appointed by the President of the Vermont Troopers’ Association.

(2) (A) The members appointed pursuant to subdivisions (1)(A) and (B) of this subsection (b) shall not be direct or indirect beneficiaries of the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System or the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System.

(B) The members appointed pursuant to subdivisions (1)(E)–(G) of this subsection (b) shall not be currently serving as a legislator or the spouse or partner of an individual currently serving as a legislator.

c) Powers and duties.

(1) The Task Force shall make recommendations about benefit provisions and appropriate funding sources along with other recommendations it deems appropriate for consideration, consistent with actuarial and governmental accounting standards, as well as demographic and workforce trends and the long-term sustainability of the benefit programs, including the following:

(A) developing and evaluating a range of strategies to lower the actuarially determined employer contributions and unfunded actuarially accrued liability based on actuarial value of assets in the State Employees’ Retirement System and the Teachers’ Retirement System by between 25 and
100 percent of the size of the increases from fiscal year 2021 to fiscal year 2022, as reported in the respective Actuarial Valuation and Review for each retirement system, dated June 30, 2020, while maintaining the 2038 amortization date:

(B) a five-year review of benefit expenditure levels as well as employer and employee contribution levels and growth rates and a three-, five-, and 10-year projection of these levels and rates;

(C) identifying potential options for limiting the growth in the actuarially determined employer contributions to not more than inflation;

(D) assessing the impacts associated with any modifications to the current amortization schedule;

(E) based on benefit and funding benchmarks:

(i) proposed benefit structures with the objective of adequate benefits, including an evaluation of a shared-risk model for employer and employee contributions and cost-of-living adjustments, with a focus on reducing any future increases to the unfunded actuarially accrued liability;

(ii) an estimate of the cost of current and any proposed benefit structures on a budgetary and full actuarial accrual basis;

(iii) the State’s pension contributions as a percentage of direct general spending and a comparison of other states’ pension contributions; and

(iv) how proposed benefit changes for new members may reduce the impact of future actuarial assumption losses;

(F) evaluating any cross-subsidization between all groups within the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System and adjusting contribution amounts to eliminate any cross-subsidization;

(G) examining permanent and temporary revenue streams to fund the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System and the State Teachers’ Retirement System;

(H) a plan for prefunding other postemployment benefits, with an evaluation of using federal funds to the extent permissible, including identifying long-term impacts of pay-as-you-go funding;

(I) evaluating the intermediate and long-term impacts to the State and local economies because of any proposed changes to current benefit structures and contribution characteristics and their potential effects on retiree spending power, including retirees who identify as female and retirees who are persons with disabilities; and
(J) an examination of the effects of current benefit structures and
collection characteristics on the recruitment and retention of public school
educators and State employees and an evaluation of any proposed changes to
current benefit structures and collection characteristics on the recruitment
and retention of public school educators and State employees in the future.

(2) The Task Force shall not make recommendations on adjusting the
assumed rates of return.

(d) Stakeholder input. During the course of its deliberations, and prior to
any final recommendations being made, the Task Force shall:

(1) solicit input, including through public hearings, from affected
stakeholders, including those impacted by issues of inequities; and

(2) consult with representatives designated by the Supreme Court acting
in its constitutional role as the administrator of the Judicial Branch, Group D
members of the State Employees’ Retirement System, and members of the
State Employees’ Retirement System who are employees of the Department of
Corrections.

(e) Assistance.

(1) The Task Force shall have:

(A) fiscal assistance from the Joint Fiscal Office and Office of the
State Treasurer; and

(B) committee support services from the Office of Legislative
Operations.

(2) The Office of Legislative Counsel and Joint Fiscal Office are
authorized to contract for advisory services for the Task Force from an
independent actuary, benefits expert, and legal expert, as necessary.

(f) Leave time. Public employee members of the Task Force shall be
granted reasonable leave time by their employers to attend Task Force
meetings.

(g) Report. On or before October 15, 2021, the Task Force shall submit an
interim written report to the Governor and to the House and Senate
Committees on Government Operations with an update on the work of the
Task Force. The Task Force shall submit a final report with its findings and
any recommendations for legislative action on or before December 2, 2021.
The Task Force shall also provide the report to the Board of Trustees of the
State Employees’ and Teachers’ Retirement Systems for their consideration
and comment to the General Assembly.
(h) Meetings.

(1) The members appointed pursuant to subdivisions (b)(1)(A) and (B) of this section shall appoint a House and Senate member as co-chairs, who shall call the first meeting of the Task Force to occur on or before June 15, 2021.

(2) A majority of the membership shall constitute a quorum.

(3) The Task Force shall cease to exist on June 30, 2022.

(i) Compensation and reimbursement.

(1) For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, a legislative member of the Task Force serving in his or her capacity as a legislator shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses pursuant to 2 V.S.A. § 23 for not more than 15 meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the General Assembly.

(2) Other members of the Task Force who are not State employees shall be entitled to per diem compensation and reimbursement of expenses as permitted under 32 V.S.A. § 1010 for not more than 15 meetings. These payments shall be made from monies appropriated to the State Treasurer.

Sec. 11. 2 V.S.A. chapter 31 is added to read:

Chapter 31. JOINT LEGISLATIVE PENSION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

§ 1001. CREATION OF COMMITTEE

(a) Creation. There is created a Joint Legislative Pension Oversight Committee for the purpose of working with and providing assistance to other legislative committees on matters related to State’s retirement system other postemployment benefits.

(b) Members. The Committee shall be composed of the following members, who shall be appointed each biennial session of the General Assembly:

(1) three members of the House, who shall not be from the same party, appointed by the Speaker of the House; and

(2) three members of the Senate, who shall not be from the same party, appointed by the Committee on Committees.

(c) Powers and duties. The Committee shall evaluate and make recommendations on the following:
(1) issues of public policy related to the provision of retirement benefits to the State’s public sector workforce;

(2) changes to statutory provisions regarding the provision, design, and administration of retirement benefits and the retirement systems;

(3) issues of public policy relating to health benefit design innovations, State regulatory measures, and alternative methods of providing pooled health care benefits to both active and retired school employees to lower health care costs for employees, retirees, school boards, and the State; and

(4) the appropriate annual appropriation to fund the State’s retirement obligations in accordance with actuarial recommendations, statutory amortization schedules, and funding policies.

(d) Policies. The Committee shall elect a chair, vice chair, and clerk from among its members and shall adopt rules of procedures. The Chair shall rotate biennially between the House and Senate members. The Committee shall keep minutes of its meetings.

(e) Meetings.

(1) When the General Assembly is in session, the Committee shall meet at the call of the Chair.

(2) The Committee may meet six times during adjournment and may meet more often subject to approval of the Speaker of the House and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

(3) A quorum shall consist of four members.

(f) Assistance. The Committee shall have assistance from the Office of Legislative Counsel, the Office of Legislative Operations, and the Joint Fiscal Office.

(g) Compensation and reimbursement. For attendance at a meeting when the General Assembly is not in session, members of the Committee shall be entitled to compensations for services and reimbursement of expenses as provided under subsection 23(a) of this title.

(h) Reports. Annually, on or before December 1 each year, the Vermont Investment Pension Commission and the Boards of Trustees for the State Employees’ Retirement System, Teachers’ Retirement System, and Municipal Employees’ Retirement, shall report to the Committee.

Sec. 12. CONFORMING REVISIONS

When preparing the Vermont Statutes Annotated for publication, the Office of Legislative Counsel shall replace “Vermont Pension Investment Committee”
with “Vermont Pension Investment Commission” throughout the statutes as needed for consistency with Secs. 1–9 of this act, provided the revisions have no other effect on the meaning of the affected statutes.

Sec. 13. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except that Sec. 11 shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

(For text see House Journal May 6, 2021 )

**Action Postponed Until May 11, 2021**

**H. 438**

An act relating to capital construction and State bonding

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

**First:** In Sec. 2, State Buildings, in subdivision (b)(10), by striking out “$2,800,000.00” and inserting in lieu thereof $2,750,000.00, and by striking out all after subdivision (c)(18) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation – FY 2022</th>
<th>$19,316,774.00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation – FY 2023</td>
<td>$24,800,442.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Appropriation – Section 2</td>
<td>$44,117,216.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Second:** In Sec. 4, Commerce and Community Development, by striking out subsection (c) in its entirety and by relettering the remaining subsection to be alphabetically correct.

**Third:** In Sec. 9, Natural Resources, by striking out subsection (c) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(c) The following amounts are appropriated in FY 2022 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the Department of Fish and Wildlife for the projects described in this subsection:

1. General infrastructure projects, including small-scale maintenance and rehabilitation of infrastructure: $1,264,500.00

2. Lake Champlain Walleye Association, Inc., to upgrade and repair the Walleye rearing, restoration, and stocking infrastructure: $25,000.00

And by striking out all after subdivision (f)(2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(g) The following amounts are appropriated in FY 2023 to the Agency of Natural Resources for the projects described in this subsection:
(1) General infrastructure projects, including small-scale maintenance and rehabilitation of infrastructure: $1,083,500.00

(2) Lake Champlain Walleye Association, Inc., to upgrade and repair the Walleye rearing, restoration, and stocking infrastructure: $25,000.00

Appropriation – FY 2022 $11,455,214.00
Appropriation – FY 2023 $9,853,264.00
Total Appropriation – Section 9 $21,308,478.00

Fourth: By striking out Sec. 26, Federal Funds; Capital Projects, in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 26. FEDERAL FUNDS; CAPITAL PROJECTS

(a) Intent. It is the intent of the General Assembly, to the extent permitted by federal law and guidance, to use federal funds provided to the State by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. 117-2, in the Coronavirus Capital Projects Fund to carry out critical capital projects for the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Branches to directly enable work, education, and health monitoring, including remote options, in response to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19).

(b) Prioritized uses. The federal funds provided to the State by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Pub. L. 117-2, in the Coronavirus Capital Projects Fund shall be prioritized for critical capital projects proposed by the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Branches in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and the entire amount provided to the State shall not be for the exclusive use of any single branch of State government.

(c) Recommendation.

(1) On or before December 15, 2021, the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall recommend a list of priority projects for the use of federal funds by the Executive Branch from the Coronavirus Capital Projects Fund for FY 2023 to the Governor for the FY 2022–2023 capital budget adjustment report. Consistent with federal guidance as it becomes available, Executive Branch recommendations may include infrastructure that provides the greatest economic benefit in and among our communities. Any recommendations shall take into consideration the capital needs of all three branches.

(2) On or before December 15, 2021, the Joint Legislative Management Committee shall recommend a list of priority projects for the use of federal funds from the Coronavirus Capital Projects Fund for capital projects in the Legislative Branch and the Court Administrator shall submit a list of priority projects for the use of federal funds from the Coronavirus Capital Projects
Fund for capital projects in the Judicial Branch to the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Institutions for allocation in the FY 2022–2023 Capital Budget Adjustment Act. Any recommendations shall take into consideration the capital needs of all three branches.

Fifth: By striking out Sec. 31, effective date, and its reader assistance heading in their entireties and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 31. 29 V.S.A. § 410 is amended to read:

§ 410. RULEMAKING; ENCROACHMENTS ON PUBLIC WATERS

(a) The Department may adopt rules to implement the requirements of this chapter.

(b) The Department shall adopt rules establishing criteria for issuing an encroachment permit under this chapter for the creation of artificial reefs or sinking of vessels within the waters under the jurisdiction of the Department, including the requirement that any creation of an artificial reef or sinking of a vessel complies with federal rules or guidance for such activities.

Sec. 32. ANR ENCROACHMENT RULES; IMPLEMENTATION

(a) On or before January 1, 2022, the Department of Environmental Conservation shall initiate the rulemaking required under 29 V.S.A. § 410.

(b) On or before July 1, 2022, the Department of Environmental Conservation shall file a final proposal of the rules required under 29 V.S.A. § 410 with the Secretary of State under 3 V.S.A. § 841.

* * * Public Safety * * *

Sec. 33. WILLISTON PUBLIC SAFETY BARRACKS; SALE

The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services is authorized to sell the property known as the Williston Public Safety Barracks (State Office Building) located at 2777 St. George Road in Williston, Vermont pursuant to the requirements of 29 V.S.A. § 166. The proceeds from the sale shall be appropriated to future capital construction projects.

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 34. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

Sixth: By striking out Sec. 25, process for use of federal funds; FY 2022 and FY 2023; water and sewer infrastructure, in its entirety and by renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct.
(For text see House Journal March 25, 2021)

Consent Calendar

Concurrent Resolutions for Adoption Under Joint Rule 16a

The following concurrent resolutions have been introduced for approval by the Senate and House and will be adopted automatically unless a Senator or Representative requests floor consideration before today’s adjournment. Requests for floor consideration in either chamber should be communicated to the Secretary’s office and/or the House Clerk’s office, respectively. For text of resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar of May 6, 2021.

H.C.R. 58

House concurrent resolution honoring Timothy Noonan for his leadership at the Vermont Labor Relations Board and in the Montpelier community

H.C.R. 59

House concurrent resolution congratulating the Southwestern Vermont Medical Center in Bennington on earning its fifth consecutive Magnet recognition despite the COVID-19 pandemic

H.C.R. 60

House concurrent resolution honoring the exemplary teaching and leadership of David Estes at the School of Sacred Heart Saint Francis de Sales

H.C.R. 61

House concurrent resolution recognizing the week of May 9–15, 2021 as National Skilled Nursing Care Week in Vermont

H.C.R. 62

House concurrent resolution honoring Robert J. Gray for his outstanding contributions to American agricultural and dairy policies

H.C.R. 63

House concurrent resolution honoring former Vermont Natural Resources Board Vice Chair Martha Illick and her husband, Terrence Dinnan, of Charlotte

Information Notice

Grants and Positions that have been submitted to the Joint Fiscal Committee by the Administration, under 32 V.S.A. §5(b)(3)

JFO #3045 - 48 (forty-eight) limited-service positions to carry out the ongoing work for an effective public health response to COVID-19. [NOTE: Positions
to be funded through ongoing CDC grants #2254 (Immunization) and #2478 (Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity) previously approved in 2006 and 2010, respectively.] [JFO received 4/13/2021]

JFO #3046 – One (1) limited service position, Grants Program Manager, to the VT Dept. of Economic Development to provide management, oversight and technical assistance to grantees. This position is funded through the Norther Border Regional Commission Capacity Grants through previously approved JFO Grant #2971. Position is for one year with expected approval for a second year. [JFO received 4/21/2021]

JFO #3047 – $1,000,000 to the VT Department of Public Service from the Norther Border Regional Commission. Funds will be used to build out infrastructure and expand broadband throughout Vermont. This grant includes a $1.75M match as follows: $1.5M from Act 154 (2020), $60,000K from Act 79 (2019) and the rest from an existing position – Rural Broadband Technical Assistant. [JFO received 4/21/2021]