Introduced by Representatives Stevens of Waterbury, Anthony of Barre City, Austin of Colchester, Bluemle of Burlington, Colston of Winooski, Dolan of Essex, Houghton of Essex, Killacky of South Burlington, Kitzmiller of Montpelier, Masland of Thetford, Mulvaney-Stanak of Burlington, Nicoll of Ludlow, Ode of Burlington, Squirrell of Underhill, Sullivan of Dorset, Townsend of South Burlington, Troiano of Stannard, and Walz of Barre City

Referred to Committee on Date:

Subject: Housing

Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to improve rental housing health and safety.

An act relating to improving rental housing health and safety
It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

* * * Department of Public Safety;

Authority for Rental Housing Health and Safety * * *

Sec. 1. 20 V.S.A. chapter 173 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 173. PREVENTION AND INVESTIGATION OF FIRES;

PUBLIC BUILDINGS; HEALTH AND SAFETY; ENERGY STANDARDS

* * *

Subchapter 2. Division of Fire Safety; Public Buildings; Building Codes;

Rental Housing Health and Safety; Building Energy Standards

* * *

§ 2730. DEFINITIONS

(a) As used in this subchapter, “public building” means:

* * *

(D) a building in which people rent accommodations, whether

overnight or for a longer term, including “rental housing” as defined in

subsection (f) of this section;

* * *

(2) Use of any portion of a building in a manner described in this

subsection shall make the entire building a “public building” for purposes of

this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, a “person” does not include
an individual who is directly related to the employer and who resides in the employment-related building.

(b) The term “public building” does not include:

(1) An owner-occupied single family residence, unless used for a purpose described in subsection (a) of this section.

(f) “Rental housing” means a “dwelling unit” as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4451 and a “short-term rental” as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 4301.

RULES; INSPECTIONS; VARIANCES

(a) Rules.

(1) The Commissioner is authorized to adopt rules regarding the construction, health, safety, sanitation, and fitness for habitation of buildings, maintenance and operation of premises, and prevention of fires and removal of fire hazards, and to prescribe standards necessary to protect the public, employees, and property against harm arising out of or likely to arise out of fire.
(b) Inspections.

(1) The Commissioner shall conduct inspections of premises to ensure that the rules adopted under this subchapter are being observed and may establish priorities for enforcing these rules and standards based on the relative risks to persons and property from fire of particular types of premises.

(2) The Commissioner may also conduct inspections to ensure that buildings are constructed in accordance with approved plans and drawings.

(3) When conducting an investigation of rental housing, the Commissioner shall:

(A) issue a written inspection report on the unit or building that:

(i) contains findings of fact that serve as the basis of one or more violations;

(ii) specifies the requirements and timelines necessary to correct a violation;

(iii) provides notice that the landlord is prohibited from renting the affected unit to a new tenant until the violation is corrected; and

(iv) provides notice in plain language that the landlord or agents of the landlord must have access to the rental unit to make repairs as ordered by the Commissioner consistent with the access provisions in 9 V.S.A. § 4460;
(B) provide a copy of the inspection report to the landlord, to the person who requested the inspection, and to any tenants who are affected by a violation:

(i) electronically, if the Department has an electronic mailing address for the person; or

(ii) by first-class mail, if the Department does not have an electronic mailing address for the person.

(C) if an entire building is affected by a violation, provide a notice of inspection, either directly to the individual tenants or posted in a common area, that specifies:

(i) the date of the inspection;

(ii) that violations were found and must be corrected by a certain date;

(iii) how to obtain a copy of the inspection electronically or by first-class mail; and

(iv) if the notice is posted in a common area, that the notice shall not be removed until authorized by the Commissioner.

(D) make the inspection report available as a public record.

(c) Fees. The following fire prevention and building code fees are established:
(1) The permit application fee for a construction plan approval shall be based on $8.00 per each $1,000.00 of the total valuation of the construction work proposed to be done for all buildings, but in no event shall the permit application fee exceed $185,000.00 nor be less than $50.00.

(2) When an inspection is required due to the change in use or ownership of a public building, the fee shall be $125.00.

(3) The proof of inspection fee for fire suppression, alarm, detection, and any other fire protection systems shall be $30.00.

(4) Three-year initial certificate of fitness and renewal fees for individuals performing activities related to fire or life safety established under subsection (a) of this section shall be:

   (A) Water-based fire protection system design:
       (i) Initial certification: $150.00.
       (ii) Renewal: $50.00.
   (B) Water-based fire protection system installation, maintenance, repair, and testing:
       (i) Initial certification: $115.00.
       (ii) Renewal: $50.00.
   (C) Gas appliance installation, inspection, and service: $60.00.
   (D) Oil burning equipment installation, inspection, and service: $60.00.
(E) Fire alarm system inspection and testing: $90.00.

(F) Limited oil burning equipment installation, inspection, and service: $60.00.

(G) Domestic water-based fire protection system installation, maintenance, repair, and testing:

   (i) Initial certification: $60.00.

   (ii) Renewal: $20.00.

(H) Fixed fire extinguishing system design, installation, inspection, servicing, and recharging:

   (i) Initial certification: $60.00.

   (ii) Renewal: $20.00.

(I) Emergency generator installation, maintenance, repair, and testing: $30.00;

(J) Chimney and solid fuel burning appliance cleaning, maintenance, and evaluation: $30.00.

(d) Permit processing. The Commissioner shall make all practical efforts to process permits in a prompt manner. The Commissioner shall establish time limits for permit processing as well as procedures and time periods within which to notify applicants whether an application is complete.

(e) Variances; exemptions. Except for any rules requiring the education module regarding the State’s energy goals described in subdivision (a)(2) of
this section, the Commissioner may grant variances or exemptions from rules
adopted under this subchapter where strict compliance would entail practical
difficulty, unnecessary hardship, or is otherwise found unwarranted, provided
that:

(1) any such variance or exemption secures the public safety and health;

(2) any petitioner for such a variance or exemption can demonstrate that
the methods, means, or practices proposed to be taken in lieu of compliance
with the rule or rules provide, in the opinion of the Commissioner, equal
protection of the public safety and health as provided by the rule or rules;

(3) the rule or rules from which the variance or exemption is sought has
not also been adopted as a rule or standard under 21 V.S.A. chapter 3,
subchapters 4 and 5; and

(4) any such variance or exemption does not violate any of the
provisions of 26 V.S.A. chapters 3 and 20 or any rules adopted thereunder.

* * *

§ 2733. ORDERS TO REPAIR, REHABILITATE, OR REMOVE
STRUCTURE

(a)(1) Whenever the commissioner Commissioner finds that premises or
any part of them does not meet the standards adopted under this subchapter,
the commissioner Commissioner may order it repaired or rehabilitated.
(2) If the premises is not repaired or rehabilitated within a reasonable time as specified by the commissioner Commissioner in his or her order, the commissioner Commissioner may order the premises or part of them closed, if by doing so the public safety will not be imperiled; otherwise he or she shall order demolition and removal of the structure, or fencing of the premises.

(3) Whenever a violation of the rules is deemed to be imminently hazardous to persons or property, the commissioner Commissioner shall order the violation corrected immediately.

(4) If the violation is not corrected, the commissioner Commissioner may then order the premises or part of them immediately closed and to remain closed until the violation is corrected.

(b) Whenever a structure, by reason of age, neglect, want of repair, action of the elements, destruction, either partial or total by fire or other casualty or other cause, is so dilapidated, ruinous, decayed, filthy, unstable, or dangerous as to constitute a material menace or damage in any way to adjacent property, or to the public, and has so remained for a period of not less than one week, the commissioner Commissioner may order such structure demolished and removed.

(c) Orders issued under this section shall be served by certified mail with return receipt requested or in the discretion of the commissioner Commissioner, shall be served in the same manner as summonses are served.
under the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure promulgated by the Supreme Court, to all persons who have a recorded interest in the property recorded in the place where land records for the property are recorded, or who will be temporarily or permanently displaced by the order, including owners, tenants, mortgagees, attaching creditors, lien holders, and public utilities or water companies serving the premises.

§ 2734. PENALTIES

(a)(1) A person who violates any provision of this subchapter or any order or rule issued pursuant thereto shall be fined not more than $10,000.00.

(2) The state’s attorney of the county in which such violation occurs shall prosecute the violation and may commence a proceeding in the Superior Court to compel compliance with such order or rule, and such court may make orders and decrees therein by way of writ of injunction or otherwise.

(b)(1) A person who fails to comply with a lawful order issued under authority of this subchapter in case of sudden emergency shall be fined not more than $20,000.00.

(2) A person who fails to comply with an order requiring notice shall be fined $200.00 for each day’s neglect commencing with the effective date of such order or the date such order is finally determined if an appeal has been filed.
(c)(1) The commissioner may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, assess an administrative penalty of not more than $1,000.00 for each violation of this subchapter or any rule adopted under this subchapter.

(2) Penalties assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be based on the severity of the violation.

(3) An election by the commissioner to proceed under this subsection shall not limit or restrict the commissioner’s authority under subsection (a) of this section.

(d) Violation of any rule adopted under this subchapter shall be prima facie evidence of negligence in any civil action for damage or injury which is the result of the violation.

§ 2736. MUNICIPAL ENFORCEMENT

(a)(1) The legislative body of a municipality may appoint one or more trained and qualified officials and may establish procedures to enforce rules and standards adopted under subsection 2731(a) of this title.

(2) After considering the type of buildings within the municipality, if the commissioner determines that the training, qualifications, and procedures are sufficient, he or she may assign responsibility to the municipality for enforcement of some or all of these rules and standards.
The commissioner may also assign responsibility for enforcement of the rules of the access board adopted under section 2902 of this title.

The commissioner shall provide continuing review, consultation, and assistance as may be necessary.

The assignment of responsibility may be revoked by the commissioner after notice and an opportunity for hearing if the commissioner determines that the training, qualifications, or procedures are insufficient.

The assignment of responsibility shall not affect the commissioner’s authority under this subchapter.

If a municipality assumes responsibility under subsection (a) of this section for performing any functions that would be subject to a fee established under subsection 2731(a) of this title, the municipality may establish and collect reasonable fees for its own use, and no fee shall be charged for the benefit of the state.

Subject to rules adopted under section 2731 of this title, municipal officials appointed under this section may enter any premises in order to carry out the responsibilities of this section.
(2) The officials may order the repair, rehabilitation, closing, demolition, or removal of any premises to the same extent as the commissioner may under section 2732 of this title.

(d) Upon a determination by the commissioner that a municipality has established sufficient procedures for granting variances and exemptions, such variances and exemptions may be granted to the same extent authorized under subsection 2731(b) of this title.

(e) The results of all activities conducted by municipal officials under this section shall be reported to the commissioner periodically upon request.

(f) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to decrease the authority of municipal officials under other laws, including laws concerning building codes and laws concerning housing codes.

* * *

§ 2738. FIRE PREVENTION AND BUILDING INSPECTION SPECIAL FUND

(a) The fire prevention and building inspection special fund revenues shall be from the following sources:

(1) fees relating to construction and inspection of public building and fire prevention inspections under section 2731 of this title;
(2) fees relating to boilers and pressure vessels under section 2883 of this title;

(3) fees relating to electrical installations and inspections and the licensing of electricians under 26 V.S.A. §§ 891-915;

(4) fees relating to cigarette certification under section 2757 of this title;

and

(5) fees relating to plumbing installations and inspections and the licensing of plumbers under 26 V.S.A. §§ 2171-2199.

(b) Fees collected under subsection (a) of this section shall be available to the Department of Public Safety to offset the costs of the Division of Fire Safety.

(c) The commissioner of finance and management may anticipate receipts to this fund and issue warrants based thereon.

* * *

* * * State Rental Housing Registry; Registration Requirement * * *

Sec. 2. 3 V.S.A. § 2478 is added to read:

§ 2478. STATE RENTAL HOUSING REGISTRY; HOUSING DATA

(a) The Department of Housing and Community Development, in coordination with the Division of Fire Safety, the Department of Health, the Enhanced 911 Board, and the Department of Taxes, shall create and maintain a
registries of the rental housing in this State, which includes a “dwelling unit” as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4451 and a “short-term rental” as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 4301.

(b) The Department of Housing and Community Development shall require for each unit that is registered the following data:

   (1) the name of the owner or landlord;

   (2) phone number, electronic mail, and mailing address of the landlord, as available;

   (3) location of the unit;

   (4) year built;

   (5) type of rental unit;

   (6) number of units in the building;

   (7) school property account number;

   (8) accessibility of the unit; and

   (9) any other information the Department deems appropriate.

(c) Upon request of the Department of Housing and Community Development, and at least annually, a municipal, district, or other local government entity that operates a rental housing health and safety program that requires registration of a rental housing unit and a fee for inclusion on the registry shall provide to the Department the data for each unit that is required pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
Sec. 3. 3 V.S.A. § 2479 is added to read:

§ 2479. RENTAL HOUSING REGISTRATION

(a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, an owner of long-term rental housing that is subject to 9 V.S.A. chapter 137 shall:

(1) file with the Department of Taxes the landlord certificate required for the renter’s rebate or the renter credit program; and

(2) within 30 days of filing the certificate, register with and pay to the Department of Housing and Community Development an annual registration fee of $35.00 per rental unit, unless the owner has within the preceding 12 months:

(A) registered the unit pursuant to subsection (b) of this section; or

(B) registered the unit with a municipal, district, or other local government entity that operates a rental housing health and safety program.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, an owner of a short-term rental, as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 4301, shall, annually, within 30 days of renting a unit, register with and pay to the Department of Housing and Community Development an annual registration fee of $35.00 per rental unit, unless the owner has within the preceding 12 months:

(1) registered the unit pursuant to subsection (a) of this section; or

(2) registered the unit with a municipal, district, or other local government entity that operates a rental housing health and safety program.
(c)(1) An owner of a mobile home lot within a mobile home park who has registered the lot with the Department of Housing and Community Development and who does not own a mobile home on the lot is exempt from registering the lot pursuant to this section.

(2) An owner of a mobile home lot within a mobile home park who has registered the lot with the Department and who owns a mobile home on the lot that is available for rent or rented shall register the property with the Department and pay a fee equal to the fee required by subdivision (a)(2) of this section less any fee paid within the previous 12 months pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 6254(c).

(3) An owner of a mobile home who rents the mobile home, whether located in a mobile home park, shall register pursuant to this section.

(d) An owner of rental housing who fails to register pursuant to this section shall pay a late registration fee of $150.00 and may be subject to administrative penalties not to exceed $5,000.00 for each violation.

*** Positions Authorized ***

Sec. 4. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; POSITIONS

The Department of Public Safety is authorized to create five full-time, classified Inspector positions in order to conduct rental housing health and safety inspections and enforcement pursuant to 20 V.S.A. chapter 173, subchapter 2.
Sec. 5. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT; POSITIONS

(a) The Department of Housing and Community Development is authorized to create one-and-a-half full-time classified positions to administer and enforce the registry requirements created in 3 V.S.A. § 2478 and one full-time classified position to enforce compliance with registry requirements.

(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to fund the implementation of the provisions in this act from the registration fees collected by the Department of Housing and Community Development pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 2479.

* * * Conforming Changes to Current Law Governing the Department of Health, State Board of Health, and Local Health Officials * * *

Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. chapter 11 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 11. LOCAL HEALTH OFFICIALS

* * *

§ 602a. DUTIES OF LOCAL HEALTH OFFICERS

(a) A local health officer, within his or her jurisdiction, shall:

(1) upon request of a landlord or tenant, or upon receipt of information regarding a condition that may be a public health hazard, conduct an investigation;

(2) enforce the provisions of this title, the rules promulgated, and permits issued thereunder;
(3) prevent, remove, or destroy any public health hazard, or mitigate any significant public health risk in accordance with the provisions of this title;

(4) in consultation with the Department, take the steps necessary to enforce all orders issued pursuant to chapter 3 of this title; and

(5) have the authority to assist the Division of Fire Safety in inspecting rental housing pursuant to 20 V.S.A. chapter 173, subchapter 2.

(b) Upon discovery of violation or a public health hazard or public health risk that involves a public water system, a food or lodging establishment, or any other matter regulated by Department rule, the local health officer shall immediately notify the Division of Environmental Health. Upon discovery of any other violation, public health hazard, or public health risk, the local health officer shall notify the Division of Environmental Health within 48 hours of discovery of such violation or hazard and of any action taken by the officer.

§ 603. RENTAL HOUSING SAFETY; INSPECTION REPORTS

(a)(1) When conducting an investigation of rental housing, a local health officer shall issue a written inspection report on the rental property using the protocols for implementing the Rental Housing Health Code of the Department or the municipality, in the case of a municipality that has established a code enforcement office.

(2) A written inspection report shall:
(A) contain findings of fact that serve as the basis of one or more violations;

(B) specify the requirements and timelines necessary to correct a violation;

(C) provide notice that the landlord is prohibited from renting the affected unit to a new tenant until the violation is corrected; and

(D) provide notice in plain language that the landlord and agents of the landlord must have access to the rental unit to make repairs as ordered by the health officer consistent with the access provisions in 9 V.S.A. § 4460.

(3) A local health officer shall:

(A) provide a copy of the inspection report to the landlord and any tenants affected by a violation by delivering the report electronically, in person, by first-class mail, or by leaving a copy at each unit affected by the deficiency; and

(B)(i) if a municipality has established a code enforcement office, provide information on each inspection according to a schedule and in a format adopted by the Department in consultation with municipalities that have established code enforcement offices; or

(ii) if a municipality has not established a code enforcement office, provide information on each inspection to the Department within seven days of issuing the report using an electronic system designed for that purpose,
or within 14 days by mail if the municipality is unable to utilize the electronic
system.

(4) If an entire property is affected by a violation, the local health officer
shall post a copy of the inspection report in a common area of the property and
include a prominent notice that the report shall not be removed until authorized
by the local health officer.

(5) A municipality shall make an inspection report available as a public
record.

(b)(1) A local health officer may impose a civil penalty of not more than
$200.00 per day for each violation that is not corrected by the date provided in
the written inspection report, or when a unit is re-rented to a new tenant prior
to the correction of a violation:

(2)(A) If the cumulative amount of penalties imposed pursuant to this
subsection is $800.00 or less, the local health officer, Department of Health, or
State’s Attorney may bring a civil enforcement action in the Judicial Bureau
pursuant to 4 V.S.A. chapter 29.

(B) The waiver penalty for a violation in an action brought pursuant
to this subsection is 50 percent of the full penalty amount.

(3) If the cumulative amount of penalties imposed pursuant to this
subsection is more than $800.00, or if injunctive relief is sought, the local
health officer, Department of Health, or State’s Attorney may commence an
action in the Civil Division of the Superior Court for the county in which a violation occurred.

(e) If a local health officer fails to conduct an investigation pursuant to section 602a of this title or fails to issue an inspection report pursuant to this section, a landlord or tenant may request that the Department, at its discretion, conduct an investigation or contact the local board of health to take action.

[Repealed.]

* * *

* * * Transition Provisions * * *

Sec. 7. RENTAL HOUSING HEALTH AND SAFETY; TRANSITION PROVISIONS

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary:

(1) Until the Commissioner of Public Safety adopts rules governing rental housing health and safety pursuant to 20 V.S.A. § 2731, the Department of Health, local officials authorized by law, and the Department of Public Safety have concurrent authority to enforce the Vermont Rental Housing Health Code adopted by the Department of Health pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 102, 3 V.S.A. § 3003(a), and 3 V.S.A. § 801(b)(11).

(2) The Commissioner of Public Safety may immediately adopt a rule incorporating the Rental Housing Health Code without following the procedures otherwise required for general rulemaking in 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.
(3) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the Commissioner of Public Safety shall comply with the requirements for general rulemaking in 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 when adopting rules governing rental housing health and safety.

(b) Upon the adoption of rules governing rental housing health and safety pursuant to the authority in 20 V.S.A. § 2731:

(1) the Department of Public Safety is the State government entity with primary authority to enforce State laws governing rental housing health and safety;

(2) the Department of Public Safety and local officials have concurrent authority to enforce State and local laws governing rental housing health and safety pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 11; 20 V.S.A. chapter 173, subchapter 2; 24 V.S.A. chapters 83 and 123; and applicable municipal law; and

(3) the Department of Health, the State Board of Health, and local health officials have concurrent authority to enforce State and local laws governing public health hazards and public health risks, as those terms are defined in 18 V.S.A. § 2, pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapters 1, 3, and 11.

* * * Study; Penalties for Vacant Property * * *

Sec. 8. PENALTIES FOR VACANT PROPERTY; STUDY

(a) On or before December 15, 2021, the Secretary of Commerce and Community Development, in consultation with the Executive Director of the
Vermont League of Cities and Towns, shall study and write a report on
approaches to imposing penalties on property owners who leave property
vacant for one year or more, including what protections should be in place to
not penalize owners in the armed services or with disabilities, medical
conditions, or lack of income, which prevent them from maintaining the
property. The report shall include recommendations for any necessary
legislative action.

(b) The Secretary shall submit a copy of the report described in
subsection (a) of this section to the House Committees on Commerce and
Economic Development and on General, Housing, and Military Affairs and the
Senate Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

* * * Vermont Housing Investments * * *

Sec. 9. VERMONT RENTAL HOUSING INVESTMENT PROGRAM;
PURPOSE

(a) Recognizing that Vermont’s rental housing stock is some of the oldest
in the country and that much of it needs to be updated to meet code
requirements and other standards, the Vermont Rental Housing Investment
Program created in Sec. 10 of this act is intended to incentivize private
apartment owners to make significant improvements to both housing quality
and weatherization by providing grants and forgivable loans that are matched
in part by the property owner.

(b) The Program seeks to take the lessons learned from the successful Re-
housing Recovery Program established with funds provided by the Federal
CARES Act and implement them in a State-funded program.

Sec. 10. 10 V.S.A. chapter 29, subchapter 3 is added to read:

Subchapter 3. Housing; Investments

§ 699. VERMONT RENTAL HOUSING INVESTMENT PROGRAM

(a) Creation of program. The Department of Housing and Community
Development shall design and implement a Vermont Rental Housing
Investment Program, through which the Department shall award funding to
statewide or regional non-profit housing organizations, or both, to provide
grants and forgivable loans to private landlords for the rehabilitation and
weatherization of eligible rental housing units.

(b) Eligible rental housing units. The following units are eligible for a
grant or forgivable loan through the Program:

(1) Non-code compliant. The unit does not comply with the
requirements of applicable building, housing, or health laws.

(2) Vacant. The unit has not been leased or occupied for at least 90 days
prior to the date of application and remains unoccupied on the date of the
award.
(3) Accessory dwelling. The unit is an accessory dwelling unit that meets the requirements of 24 V.S.A. § 4412(1)(E).

(c) Administration. The Department shall require a housing organization that receives funding under the Program to adopt:

(1) a standard application form that describes the application process and includes instructions and examples to help landlords apply;

(2) an award process that ensures equitable selection of landlords; and

(3) a grants and loan management system that ensures accountability for funds awarded.

(d) Program requirements applicable to grants and forgivable loans.

(1) A grant or loan shall not exceed $30,000 per unit.

(2) A landlord shall contribute matching funds or in-kind services that equal or exceed 20 percent of the value of the grant or loan.

(3) A project shall include a weatherization component.

(4) A project shall comply with applicable building, housing, and health laws.

(5) The terms and conditions of a grant or loan agreement apply to the original recipient and to a successor in interest for the period the grant or loan agreement is in effect.
(e) Program requirements applicable to grants. For a grant awarded under
the Program, the following requirements apply for a minimum period of five
years:

(1) A landlord shall coordinate with nonprofit housing partners and local
coordinated entry organizations to identify potential tenants.

(2)(A) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(B) of this subsection, a
landlord shall lease the unit to a household that is exiting homelessness.

(B) If, upon petition of the landlord, the Department or the housing
organization that issued the grant determines that a household exiting
homelessness is not available to lease the unit, then the landlord shall lease the
unit:

(i) to a household with an income equal to or less than 80 percent
of area median income; or

(ii) if such a household is unavailable, to another household with
the approval of the Department or housing organization.

(3)(A) A landlord shall accept any housing vouchers that are available to
pay all, or a portion of, the tenant’s rent and utilities.

(B) If no housing voucher or federal or State subsidy is available, the
total cost of rent for the unit, including utilities not covered by rent payments,
shall not exceed the applicable fair market rent established by the Department
of Housing and Urban Development.
(4)(A) A landlord may convert a grant to a forgivable loan upon
approval of the Department and the housing organization that approved the
grant.

(B) A landlord who converts a grant to a forgivable loan shall receive
a 10 percent credit for loan forgiveness for each in which the landlord
participates in the grant program.

(f) Requirements applicable to forgivable loans. For a forgivable loan
awarded under the Program, the following requirements apply for a minimum
period of 10 years:

(1)(A) A landlord shall accept any housing vouchers that are available to
pay all, or a portion of, the tenant’s rent and utilities.

(B) If no housing voucher or federal or State subsidy is available, the
cost of rent for the unit, including utilities not covered by rent payments, shall
not exceed the applicable fair market rent established by the Department of
Housing and Urban Development.

(2) The Department shall forgive 10 percent of the amount of a
forgivable loan for each year a landlord participates in the loan program.
Sec. 11. VERMONT HOMEOWNERSHIP REVOLVOING LOAN FUND;

PURPOSE

(a) The purpose of the Vermont Homeownership Revolving Loan Fund created in Sec. 12 of this act is to provide no-interest loans to increase access to homeownership.

(b) The Program is intended to assist Vermonters who otherwise may be unable to purchase a home or who may be unable to afford the costs to rehabilitate, weatherize, or otherwise make necessary improvements to a home they purchase.

(c) The Program is also intended to place a special focus on increasing the homeownership rates of households identifying as Black, Indigenous, or People of Color, who are systematically disenfranchised from financing real estate through traditional banking and have therefore been generationally dispossessed of the ability to develop lasting wealth.

Sec. 12. 10 V.S.A. § 699a is added to read:

§ 699a. VERMONT HOMEOWNERSHIP REVOLVING LOAN FUND

(a) Creation of Program. The Department of Housing and Community Development shall design and implement the Vermont Homeownership Revolving Loan Fund, through which the Department shall provide funding to statewide or regional nonprofit housing organizations, or both, to issue no-interest loans to first-time homebuyers.
(b) Eligible housing units. The following units are eligible for a loan through the Program:

(1) Existing structure. The unit is an existing single-family dwelling, multifamily dwelling with not more than four units, mobile home, or condominium.

(2) Accessory dwelling. The unit is an accessory dwelling unit that meets the requirements of 24 V.S.A. § 4412(1)(E).

(c) Eligible applicants; priorities.

(1) To be eligible for a loan through the Program, an applicant shall:

(A) be a first-time homebuyer in Vermont;

(B) have a household income of not more than 120 percent of the area median income; and

(C) occupy the home as his or her full time residence.

(2) A housing organization shall give priority to an applicant whose employer provides down payment assistance or funding for rehabilitation costs.

(d) Administration. The Department shall require a housing organization that receives funding under the Program to adopt:

(1) a standard application form that describes the application process and includes instructions and examples to help homebuyers apply:
(2) an award process that ensures equitable selection of homebuyers;

and

(3) a loan management system that ensures accountability for funds awarded.

(e) Set-aside for Black, Indigenous, or People of Color. A minimum of 25 percent of Program funds shall be awarded to applicants identifying as Black, Indigenous, or People of Color. The Department and its nonprofit partners shall work to ensure appropriate utilization of these funds.

(f) Program requirements.

(1) A loan issued through the Program:

(A) shall not exceed a standard limit set by the Department, which shall not exceed $50,000;

(B) shall be zero interest and payments shall be suspended while the homebuyer occupies the home;

(C) shall become due in full upon the sale or transfer of the home or upon refinancing with approval by the Department and the housing organization that issued the loan.

(2) A rehabilitation project that is funded by a loan through the Program shall include a weatherization component and shall comply with applicable building, housing, and health laws.
(3) A homebuyer may use not more than 25 percent of a loan for down payment and closing costs and fees.

(4) A homebuyer shall repay a loan.

(g) Revolving loan fund. The Department shall use the amounts from loans that are repaid to provide additional funding through the Program.

Sec. 13. DUTIES CONTINGENT ON FUNDING

The duties of the Department of Housing and Community Development specified in Secs. 10 and 12 of this act are contingent upon available funding.

* * * Appropriations * * *

Sec. 14. Appropriations

(a) The amount of $4,000,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Housing and Community Development to provide grants and loans as follows:

(1) $3,000,000 for grants and loans through the Vermont Rental Housing Investment Program created in 10 V.S.A. § 699; and

(2) $1,000,000 for loans through the Vermont Homeownership Revolving Loan Fund created in 10 V.S.A. § 699a.

(b) The amount of $200,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Housing and Community Development as one-time start-up funding to assist in creating the rental housing registry created in 3 V.S.A. § 2478 and to fund the positions authorized in Sec. 5 of this act.
(c) The amount of $200,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the Division of Fire Safety as one-time start-up funding for the positions authorized in Sec. 4 of this act.

(d) From the amounts collected from rental housing registration fees pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 2479, the Commissioner of Finance and Management shall allocate:

1. $200,000.00 to the Department of Housing and Community Development to assist in creating the rental housing registry created in 3 V.S.A. § 2478 and to fund the positions authorized in Sec. 5 of this act; and

2. $345,691.00 to the Division of Fire Safety to assist in funding the positions authorized in Sec. 4 of this act.

** Effective Dates **

Sec. 15. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) This section and the following sections shall take effect on passage:

1. Sec. 2 (rental housing registry); and

2. Sec. 7 (DPS rulemaking authority and transition provisions).

(b) The following sections shall take effect on July 1, 2021:

1. Sec. 5 (DHCD positions);

2. Sec. 8 (vacant property study);

3. Secs. 9–13 (Vermont housing investment programs); and

4. Sec. 14 (appropriations).
(c) Sec. 4 (DPS positions) shall take effect on October 1, 2021.

(d) The following sections shall take effect on January 1, 2022:

(1) Sec. 1 (DPS authority for rental housing health and safety);

(2) Sec. 3 (rental housing registration); and

(3) Sec. 6 (conforming changes to Department of Health statutes).