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1	H.241
2	Introduced by Representatives Smith of New Haven, Norris of Shoreham, and
3	Strong of Albany
4	Referred to Committee on
5	Date:
6	Subject: Taxation; ecosystems services; tax credit
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to establish an
8	ecosystems services tax credit for activities on working agricultural land and
9	managed forestlands that sequester carbon or improve water quality.
10	An act relating to establishing an ecosystems services tax credit
11	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
12	Sec. 1. FINDINGS
13	The General assembly finds that:
14	(1) Vermont farmers implement agronomic and conservation practices
15	that result in ecosystem services, such as carbon sequestration and water
16	quality improvement.
17	(2) The agronomic and conservation practices implemented by Vermon
18	farmers improve soil health, strengthen and improve soil carbon cycling and

storage, and reduce runoff of agricultural waste to surface waters.

1	(3) Nationally, agricultural cropland provides annual net carbon remova
2	of 16.6 million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.
3	(4) Vermont has not yet quantified the net carbon benefit of its
4	agricultural cropland usage, but Vermont farmers can further influence soil
5	carbon levels by implementing additional agronomic and conservation
6	practices that result in net carbon removal of carbon dioxide equivalents.
7	(5) Agricultural cropland and agronomic and conservation practices,
8	such as increased cover cropping, reduce agricultural runoff, increase water
9	retained in soil by acre, and retain and conserve floodplains and wetlands and
10	their vital functions.
11	(6) However, since 1987, Vermont has lost 32 percent or 228,290 acres
12	of its agricultural cropland, with 3,600 acres of that cropland converted to
13	developed use between 2001 and 2016 and an additional 17,800 acres
14	threatened by further development.
15	(7) Vermont should provide financial incentives to farmers to initiate or
16	continue to implement agronomic and conservation practices in order to help
17	keep land in agricultural use and to promote enhanced environmental
18	stewardship practices that can provide carbon sequestration, water quality
19	benefits, flood resilience, and climate change mitigation and resilience.
20	Sec. 2. 32 V.S.A. § 5830f is added to read:
21	§ 5830f. ECOSYSTEMS SERVICES TAX CREDIT

1	(a) Definitions. As used in this section:
2	(1) "Acceptable management practices" means the water quality
3	practices for logging jobs adopted by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and
4	Recreation under 10 V.S.A. § 2622.
5	(2) "Best management practices" means site-specific on-farm
6	conservation practices implemented under 6 V.S.A. chapter 215 in order to
7	address the potential for agricultural pollutants to enter the waters of the State.
8	(3) "Carbon" or "carbon stock" means the carbon equivalent of carbon
9	oxide, nitrous oxide, or methane.
10	(4) "Carbon equivalent" means, with respect to any gas described in
11	subdivision (3) of this section, the quantity of the gas as determined pursuant
12	to 40 C.F.R. Part 98, subpart A, table A-1 in effect on January 1, 2021.
13	(5) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Taxes.
14	(6) "Eligible costs" mean the costs of:
15	(A) design, engineering, and associated planning;
16	(B) contracting, document preparation, and preparation of
17	applications;
18	(C) construction, including equipment, materials, or other necessary
19	components;
20	(D) postconstruction maintenance and inspection; or

1	(E) labor allocable to any of the activities set forth in subdivisions
2	(A)–(D) of this subdivision (6).
3	(7) "Farm" means a parcel or parcels of land that is owned, leased, or
4	managed by a person and devoted primarily to farming and that is subject to
5	regulation under the Required Agricultural Practices.
6	(8) "Farming" has the same meaning as in 10 V.S.A. § 6001(22).
7	(9) "Production area" means those areas of a farm where animals,
8	agricultural inputs, or raw agricultural products are confined, housed, stored, or
9	prepared whether within or without structures, including barnyards, raw
10	materials storage areas, heavy use areas, fertilizer and pesticide storage areas,
11	and waste storage and containment areas.
12	(10) "Qualified carbon sequestration" means the amount, not less than
13	zero, equal to:
14	(A) the total quantity of carbon stock expressed in tons of carbon
15	equivalent within working lands owned by a qualified entity during the
16	previous three taxable years; minus
17	(B) the total amount of carbon stock expressed in tons of carbon
18	equivalent within working lands owned by a qualified entity during the
19	immediately preceding taxable year.

1	(11) "Qualified entity" means a person generating \$50,000.00 in annual
2	gross income from working lands during one or more of the previous three
3	taxable years.
4	(12) "Qualified expenditures" means eligible costs expended by a
5	qualified entity to:
6	(A) assess baseline carbon levels, determine the opportunity for
7	further sequestration of carbon, or quantify carbon sequestered;
8	(B) implement qualified carbon sequestration;
9	(C) implement a nutrient management plan required under 6 V.S.A.
10	chapter 215;
11	(D) implement best management practices to prevent and abate
12	discharges in a production area of a farm;
13	(E) implement best management practices to restrict livestock access
14	to waters of the State;
15	(F) implement cover cropping;
16	(G) implement acceptable management practices on logging jobs; or
17	(H) establish a riparian forest buffer with a minimum width of
18	<u>50 feet.</u>
19	(13) "Riparian forest buffer" means an area of trees, shrubs, or other
20	vegetation that is adjacent to and upgrade from a water of the State and that
21	meets standards established by the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets,

1	the Agency of Natural Resources, or the Natural Resources Conservation
2	Service.
3	(14) "Working lands" means agricultural land or managed forestland as
4	those terms are defined in section 3752 of this title.
5	(b) Tax credit.
6	(1) A taxpayer of this State shall be eligible for the ecosystems services
7	credit against the tax imposed under section 5822 or 5832 of this title in an
8	amount equal to:
9	(A) \$20.00 per metric ton of carbon or carbon equivalent captured by
10	qualified carbon sequestration that was implemented on or after January 1,
11	2021; and
12	(B) 30 percent of any qualified expenditures made by the taxpayer
13	during the taxable year.
14	(2) Any unused ecosystems services tax credit claimed under this
15	section may be carried forward for not more than five years following the first
16	year in which the credit is claimed.
17	(c) Verification of sequestration and qualified expenditures.
18	(1) The Commissioner, in consultation with the Secretary of
19	Agriculture, Food and Markets and the Commissioner of Forests, Parks, and
20	Recreation, shall develop a process for verifying:

1	(A) tons of carbon or carbon equivalent claimed as sequestered under
2	subsection (b) of this section; and
3	(B) qualified expenditures claimed under subsection (b) of this
4	section.
5	(2) For purposes of ensuring proper sequestration of carbon, a qualified
6	entity may employ any practice that has been determined to have a reasonable
7	probability of success, including:
8	(A) a qualified conservation practice for soil carbon issued by the
9	Natural Resources Conservation Service relating to the sequestration of
10	carbon;
11	(B) a practice approved by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and
12	Markets or the University of Vermont Extension; or
13	(C) for purposes of any managed forestland, any method that is
14	approved by the Commissioner of Forests, Parks and Recreation that provides
15	measurable increases in carbon sequestration above business-as-usual
16	practices while promoting forest health.
17	(d) Timing; location; exclusion.
18	(1) A qualified expenditure claimed under subdivision (b)(2) of this
19	section shall be deemed to have been placed in service or implemented.

1	(2) The credit under this section shall apply only with respect to carbon
2	sequestered within the State of Vermont or qualified expenditures within the
3	State of Vermont.
4	(3) The credit under this section shall not be applied to those eligible
5	costs of a qualified expenditure that were paid for with State, federal, or other
6	public monies.
7	(e) Review. On or before January 15, 2026, the Commissioner, in
8	consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets and the
9	Commissioner of Forests, Parks, and Recreation, shall review implementation
10	of the ecosystems services tax credit under this section and shall recommend to
11	the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on
12	Finance any necessary changes to improve implementation of the tax credit.
13	(f) Guidance. On or before July 1, 2021, the Commissioner shall issue
14	guidance as may be necessary or appropriate for qualified entities to claim the
15	tax credit under this section.
16	Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATES
17	This act shall take effect on passage, except notwithstanding 1 V.S.A.
18	§ 214, Sec. 2 (ecosystems services tax credit) shall take effect retroactively on
19	January 1, 2021 and apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1,
20	<u>2021.</u>